



APPENDIX TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 1875.

FIRST QUARTER.

BENGAL LIBRARY CATALOGUE OF BOOKS

FOR THE

Quarter ending 31st March 1875.

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title page is not in that language).	Language in which book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name of firm or publisher.
ARABIC						
5	Duwaí-Tasmyátul Kirám-má Asná-ul-Izám; or, Prayers invoking the titles and the great name of God.	Arabic.	Muhammad Abdul Ahad.	Religion, M	Printed at the Basíri Press, Táltalá, and published at Misrigunge, Calcutta.	Printed by Muhammad Dáyamullá and published by Muhammad Abdul Ahad.
6	Duwaí-Shuffá-ul-imráz; or, Prayers for Prevention and Cure of Diseases.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
BENGALI						
604	Sáhitya Sangraha; or, a Collection of Literature; Haribangsha, Vol. I, No. 17.	Bengali.	Not stated	Religion, H	Printed at the Sáhitya Sangraha Press, Hugokuria, Calcutta, and published at No. 54, Durgá-charan Mitra's Street.	Printed by Annadúprasad Ráya and published by Gopál Chandra Ráya.
605	Bijaya Singha; Oitihásik Nabanyás; a Historical Tale.	ditto	Prasannakumár Chowdhry.	Fiction	Printed at the Scáldah Datta Press.	Printed by Gopálchandra Ghoshál and published by the Author.
606	Palli-Bikáshini-Náta; or, the Village Publisher; a Drama.	ditto	Aghorenáth Ghosh.	Drama	Printed and published at the Sáhitya Sangraha Press, No. 47, Páthariá-ghátá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Isháanchandra Bishwás and published by Tarínicharan Chakrabartí.
607	Nutan Shabdártha Prákáshiká; or, a New Publication of Words with their Meanings.	ditto	Compiled by Benimádhav Dé and Co.	Language.	Printed and published at the Bidyaratna Press, No. 285, Shobhá Bazar, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Arunodaya Ghosh.
608	Jubak Sámyási; or, the Young Hermit.	ditto	B. C. Chakrabartí.	Fiction	Printed and published at the Scáldah Datta Press.	Printed by Gopálchandra Ghoshál and published by the Author.
609	Prabandháhalí; or, a String of Discourses.	ditto	Translated by Dharmmadás Adhikári.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Sáptálik Sanghád Press, No. 1, Pipalpatí Lane, Bhowanipore, and published at Colcotolá, Calcutta.	Printed by Brajamohan Basu and published by the Author.
610	Sharat Sarojini; Náta; the Names of the Hero and Heroine; a Drama.	ditto	The late Durgá-dás Dás.	Drama	Printed and published at the New Indian Press, No. 3, Ramánáth Majumdar's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Rámkrishna Banerji and published by Upendranáth Dás of No. 17, Nimu Khánsimá's Lane, Pataldāngá, Calcutta.
611	Amar Singha; Name of the Hero.	ditto	Pramathanáth Basu.	ditto	Printed and published at the Bidyaratna Press, No. 285, Shobhá Bazar, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Arunodaya Ghosh and published by the Author.
612	Shishupáth Bāngalār Itibās; or the History of Bengal for the instruction of Children.	ditto	Khetranáth Banerji.	History, E	Printed and published at the Beadon Press, No. 66, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Haráanchandra Dás and published by the Author.
613	Bangabijétá; or, the Conqueror of Bengal.	ditto	Rameshchandra Datta.	Romance	Printed at the Sáptálik Sanghád Press, No. 1, Pipalpatí Lane, Bhowanipore, and published at the Standhope Press, Calcutta.	Printed by Brajamohan Basu and published by the Author.
614	Ritubarnan; or, a Description of the Seasons.	ditto	Gangácharan Sarkár.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Sádharani Press, Chinsurah.	Printed and published by Pānchkarí Ráya.

LIBRARY.

Quarter ending 31st March 1875.

Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copy-right, or any portion of copy-right.	REMARKS
PAMPHLETS.								
1874.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Dec. 25th.	1 sheet	4to	First	2,000	Lithographed.	0 1 3	Muhammad Abdul Ahad of Misrigunge.	Charms to be used for the realization of one's wishes as well as for prosperity.
5th.	ditto.	ditto	First	2,000	ditto	0 1 3	ditto	Charms to be used for preservation from and cure of disease.

BOOKS.

1874.

Sept. 25th.	40	Dy. 4to.	First	1,440	Printed.	0 12 0	Harishchandra Rāya of 54, Durgacharan Mitra's Street.	The race of Hari.
Nov. 20th.	162	Dy. 8vo.	First	600	ditto	0 14 0	Prasanna Kumār Chowdhry, of Bharenga, Pubna.	A tale of the time of Humāyun Shāh, setting forth the evils resulting from marriages between parties of unequal rank and position.
	140	8vo.	First	700	ditto	1 0 0	Aghorenāth Ghosh of No. 12, Sashitalā Road.	Depicting the ignorance of village females, and their misunderstanding and misconstruing things by reason of this. It also brings to light the bad parts of those men who pass for respectable in a village, whereby they keep the poorer classes under their control and spoil them as well as impede progress.
28th.	671	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	2 0 0	Bénimādhav Dé and Co., Nos. 90 and 91, Ahiritolā Street.	A dictionary, including many Sanskrit and foreign words, with meanings in Bengali.
2nd.	107	Dy. 8vo.	First	500	ditto	0 8 0	Bāmācharan Chakrabarti of Tāltālā.	The tale is designed to deprecate the treatment of marriage as a traffic for money.
5th.	212	Dy. 8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	1 2 0	Dharmadās Adhikārī of Colocotolā, Calcutta.	A translation of the essays by Lord Bacon.
10th.	134	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	1 2 0		The hero is an affluent, well educated and benevolent zemindar, and despises the Government officials for their harsh conduct. He marries the heroine, a brave, well-informed orphan girl. The oppression and tyranny of Matilāl, another zemindar, are likewise depicted, as contrasting with the mildness and benevolence of Sharat.
12th.	110	12mo.	First	500	ditto	0 8 0	Pramathanāth Basu of Bag Bazar.	An adaptation from Shakespear's Tragedy of Hamlet.
24th.	109	12mo.	Second	3,000	ditto	0 6 0	Khetranāth Banerji of Baraset.	From the inroad of the Maharattas to the government of Lord Northbrook, with a short account of the mutiny. Adapted for the use of girls, and written in the form of a narrative.
16th.	318	Dy. 12mo.	First	1,000	ditto	1 4 0	Bāmācharan Datta, c.s., Bongong, Nuddea.	A historical tale of the time of Akbar.
17th.	104	RL. 12mo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 10 0	Akhayachandra Sarkār of Kadamtalā, Chinsurah.	A description of the seasons, in verse.

BENGAL

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the

Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title page is not in that language).	Language in which book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
BENGALI						
615	Kusumé-ki; Naták; or, Worn in the Flower; a Drama.	Bengali.	Pramathanáth Mukerji.	Drama	Printed at the New Indian Press, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Rám Nrisinha Banerji.
616	Ráma Banabás; or, the Residence of Rám in the Forest.	ditto	Shrímantha Bidyá-bhushan.	Roman	Printed at the I. G. Chatterji & Co.'s Press, No. 115, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository, No. 30, Béchú Chatterji's Street.	Printed by Bihárilál Banerji and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
617	Bángalá Byákaran; or, the Bengali Grammar.	ditto	ditto	Grammar. E.	ditto	ditto
618	Akshi Tattwa or, the Nature of the Eye. Part I.	ditto	Lálmádhav Mukerji.	Medical	Printed and published at the Adaitwa Press, No. 53, Rattan Sarkar's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Sidheshwar Ghosh and published by the Author.
619	Sushruta; the Medical Science of the Ancient Indians. Parts XI and XII in one Book.	ditto	Translated and edited by Ambiká-charan Banerji.	ditto	Printed and published at the Victoria Press, No. 13, Rádhánáth Mallik's Lane, Patalá-dánga, Calcutta.	Printed by Ashutosh Ghoshál and published by the Author.
620	Bháratbarshér Itihás; or, History of India, Part I.	ditto	Jadugopál Chatterji.	History	Printed and published at I. G. Chatterji & Co.'s Press, No. 115, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Bihárilál Banerji.
621	Bidyá, Bidyá, Brirodhiní; or, Science opposed to Science. Part VI.	ditto	Ráya Kálpada Ghoshál.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Sangbád Gyáranatnákar Press and published at Bág Bazár.	Printed by Bhubanchandra Basák and published by the Author.
622	Bhúgol Biharan; or, a Description of the Earth.	ditto	Táriní Charan Chatterji.	Geography. E.	Printed at the Girish Bidyáratna Press, No. 24, Bye-lane Upper Circular Road, Mirzapore, Calcutta, and published at No. 30, Béchú Chatterji's Street.	Printed by Girishchandra Bidyáratna and published by Chandicharan Chatterji.
623	Padártha Bidyá; or, Natural Philosophy.	ditto	Mahendranáth Bhattachárjya, M.A.	Science, E.	Printed and published at the Beadon Press, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Harachandra Dás and published by the Author.
624	Sáhitya Sangraha; or, a Collection of Literature. Part I.	ditto	Compiled by the above.	Poetry	ditto	ditto
625	Bháratbarshér Samastá Itihás; or, Outlines of the Entire History of India, down to the year 1874.	ditto	Compiled by Rámáti Nyáyaratna.	History, E.	Printed and published at the Bodhodaya Press, Hooghly.	Printed by Káshináth Bhattachárjya.
626	Durgábatí Náták; the Name of the Heroine, a Drama.	ditto	Akhaya Kumár Chowdhry.	Drama	Printed and published at the Calcutta Press, No. 80, Bentinck Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Mahendranath Ghoshál.
627	The Principles and Practice of Medicine. Vol I.	ditto	Gangáprasád Mukerji.	Medicine	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, and published at Bhowánpore.	Printed by Revd. C. B. Lewis and published by the Author.

LIBRARY.

Quarter ending 31st March 1875.—(Continued.)

9		10									
Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	second, or other edition.	copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copy-right, or any portion of copy-right	REMARKS.			
BOOKS.—(Continued.)											
1874.	Pages.		Rs. A. P.								
Dec. 18th...	102	8vo. ...	First ...	500	Printed..	1 0 0	.....	Intended to depict the high-handed dealings and oppression of the zemindars. Nalini, a pretty woman, was about to be married; the zemindar, with the aid of <i>lattiāls</i> , tried to secure her for himself; but was unsuccessful in the end.			
ditto ...	136	8vo. ...	Third ...	1,000	ditto	1 0 0	Shrīmanta Bidyābhusan of Maheshpur, Nuddea.	The well known story of the exile of Rāma by his father Dasarath, who had promised to grant any wish expressed by his wife.			
Dec. 22nd ...	168	12mo. ...	Third ...	1,000	ditto	0 8 0	ditto	For the use of the Government model school; compiled with a view to facilitate the study of Sanskrit.			
.. 24th ..	364	8vo. ...	Second...	1,000	ditto	3 0 0	Lālmādhav Mukerji of Jorāsānko.	In two parts, with several illustrations, dedicated to Dr. Macnamara, from whose work on "Diseases on the Eye," for the most part translated.			
1875.											
Jan. 1st...	82	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto	0 10 0	Ambikā Charan Banerji, of No. 13, Rādhānāth Mallik's Lane.				
	164	12mo. ...	Sixth ...	3,000	ditto	0 8 0	Jadugopal Chatterji, of No. 115, Amherst Street.	An elementary history of India, brought down to the period of the destruction of the Mogul Empire.			
.. 4th...	4	8vo. ...	First ...	150	ditto	Nil.	Rāja Kālīpada Ghoshāl of Calcutta.	Advice to learn one's own language first. The English is considered a very unsettled tongue.			
ditto ...	•300	12mo. ...	Twenty-fourth	3,000	ditto	0 12 0	Tārinī Charan Chatterji of Calcutta.	Corrected from various English works			
Jan. 5th	148	12mo. ...	Second...	1,000	ditto	0 10 0	Mahendramāth Bhat-tācharjya, M.A., of Māniktalā Street.	The elementary facts of Natural Philosophy, intended to aid students in passing the examination for physical sciences, with illustrations.			
ditto	173	12mo	Second...	1,000	ditto	0 10 0	ditto	A collection of poems from the Rāmāyana and Mahābhārata, as also from the works of Raṅghai Banerji, M. M. S. Datta, and others; with biographical and critical notices of the authors.			
Jan. 10th	205	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto	0 12 6	Rāmagati Nyayaratna of Ilchobā.	With a lithographed map of Hindoostan.			
Jan. 13th	106	8vo. ...	First	500	ditto	1 0 0	Akhaya Kumār Chowdhry of No. 7, Nūmtalā Ghat Street.	Depicting the heroism and prowess of Bijaya, the General of Durgā Bati, who eventually married her daughter			
1874.											
Dec. 18th...	796	8vo. ...	Second.	500	ditto	Not given					

Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which book is written	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
BENGALI						
628	Subjects of examination in the Bengali Language appointed by the Senate of the Calcutta University for the Entrance Examination of 1876.	Bengali.	The Senate of the Calcutta	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Bâlmiki Press, Calcutta, and published at Thacker Spink & Co.'s premises.	Printed by Kâlikinkar Chakrabarti and published by Thacker, Spink & Co.
629	Sapatnî Saro; or, Saro, ditto the Co-wife.		Parachandra Ghosh.	Fiction	Printed at the New Bengal Press, No. 30, Râjê Kâli Krishna's Lane, Shohhâ Bâzâr, Calcutta, and published at Hooghly.	Printed by Sâradâprasad Chatterji, and published by the author.
630	Biharta Bilâs; or Plen-sures of a Crowd or Meeting.	ditto	Kishorilâl Moindrér.	Religion.	Printed and published at the Roy Press, No. 11, College Square, Calcutta.	Printed by Bâburâm, and published by the author.
631	Shashikalâ Oitôkôik Nâ-tak; or, Shashikalâ; a Historical Drama.	ditto	Râdhâmôhab Hâldâr.	Drama	Printed at the Purân Prâkâsh Press, and published at Ahirintolâ.	Printed by Gopâl Chandra Dîc, and published by the author.
632	Bânglâ Byâkaran; or Bengali Grammar.	ditto	Kâlprasanna Bidyârâtna.	Grammar, E.	Printed at the Bâlmiki Press, No. 55, Fakir Chând Mitra's Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 30, Bêchu Chatterji's Street.	Printed by Kâlikinkar Chakrabarti, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.
633	Prâchîn Kâvyâ Sangraha; or, a Collection of Ancient (Classic) Poems Part I, No. 2.	ditto	Akhayachandra Sarkâr and Sâradâ Chârân Mitra.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Kadamtâlâ Sâdhârâni Press, Chinsurah.	Printed and published by Nandalâl Basu.
634	Bânglâ Itihâs; or, History of Bengal. Part II.	ditto	Iskwar Chandra Bidyâsâgar.	History, E.	Printed at the Sanskrit Press, No. 62, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.	Printed by Pûshimbar Banerji, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
635	Charitâbali; or, a String of Biographies.	ditto	ditto	Biography, E.	ditto	ditto
636	Introduction to Physical Geography	ditto	Râdhikâprasanna Mukerji	Science, E.	Printed at J. G. Chatterji's Press, and published at No. 30 Bêchu Chatterji's Street.	Printed by Bihariâl Banerji, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.
637	Sushruta Part XIII	ditto	Translated and edited from the Sanskrit by Ambikâ Charan Banerji.	Medicine	Printed and published at the Victoria Press, Patidâingâ No. 13 Râdhânâth Mallik's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Ashutosh Ghoshâl
638	Maichhakatika Nâtak	ditto	Translated from the Sanskrit by Râmanâya Sharmâ.	Drama	Printed and published at the B. P. M.'s Press, No. 22, Jhânâpukur Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Kirtibâs Dîa, and published by Baradâ Prasâd Majumdar
639	Nutan Pârijâtâ; or, New Almanac for the year 1282 B. S.	ditto	Mâdhava Chârâda Sârjya Sâdhânâ.	Miscellaneous	Printed and published at the Chandrakanya Press, Serampore.	Printed and published by Gangâdhar Karmakâr.

LIBRARY.

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Quarter ending 31st March 1875.—(Continued.)

		12	13							
Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of copyright.	REMARKS.		
BOOKS.—(Continued.)										
1874.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.				
Dec. 30th.	161	8vo.	First	750	Printed.	1 4 0				
1875.										
Jan. 20th.	142	8vo.	First	500	ditto	1 0 0	Hara Chandra Ghosh of Hooghly.	Intended to depict the jealousies and quarrels between co-wives		
Jan. 23rd.	111	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	1 0 0	Kishorilal Maudrér, at No. 11, College Square.	Religious services of the Boishtabs, the followers of Vishnu.		
24th.	110	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	1 0 0	Rādhāmādhavilāldār.	The scene of this drama is laid in Oodeypore. The heroine was the daughter of the second		
prime minister of the Rānā, and her hand was sought in marriage by Jaswant Singha, the son of the former but rebellious Vizier. In this he was opposed by an officer of the army, who likewise wished to marry the heroine. In an attack on the Rānā's palace by the rebels, the females tried to defend it, but in this noble defence Sushikalā was slain.										
14th.	324	12mo.	Third	2,000	ditto	0 10 0	Kālīprasanna Bidyāratna, of Cutna.	For the use of the Vernacular and Anglo-Vernacular Schools.		
15th.	32	Dy. 8vo.	First	500	ditto	0 4 0	Akhayachandra Sar-kār, of Kadamtalā, and Sārādā Charan Mitter, of No. 37, Rajā Naba Krishna's Street.	Lyric songs of the poet Bidyā-pati, with notes.		
18th.	159	12mo.	Twentieth	5,000	ditto	0 10 0	Shwar Chandra Bidyāsāgara.	From the accession of Surāj-ud-Dowlā to the close of the administration of Lord William Bentinck.		
26th.	117	12mo.	Twenty-first.	5,000	ditto	0 4 0	ditto	Short biographies of 29 eminent persons, intended for the perusal of children.		
18th.	148	12mo.	Sixth	2,000	ditto	0 8 0	Rādhāprasanna Mukerji.	Compiled from the works of Lyell, Herschel, Johnston, Ansted, and many others, and illustrated.		
Feb. 3rd.	32	8vo.	First	500	ditto	0 6 0	Ambikācharan Ranerjū.	Containing summarily the construction of the body in the womb, its organs and functions. Also the rules for preserving the health of women during pregnancy, and before and after delivery.		
7th.	181	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	1 0 0	Baradāprasād Majum-dār.	This is translated from a very ancient Sanskrit poem, said to have been written by Bhadrak Rājā prior to the time of		
Vikramāditya. The hero, Chārudatta, a respectable man, marries Basantasēnā, the daughter of a prostitute, though a virtuous girl. His son by another wife once wished for a golden cart which he saw; this his father could not afford but instead made him one of earth; hence the name of the drama										
5th.	284	Dy. 8vo.	First	2,000	ditto	0 4 0	Mādhavachandra Sēthi.	Illustrated. dhātū, of Kuncobākul, Kasi-pore, zillah Bankoorā.		

Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title page is not in that language).	Language in which book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
BENGALI						
640	Bidhababibáha Nishedh or, Prohibition of Widow Marriage.	Bengali.	Shyamápada Bhattachárjya.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Alfred Press, Serampore.	Printed and published by Judunáth Banerji.
641	Nágáshramér Abhinaya Prahasan; or, the Serpent's Retreat; a Comedy.	ditto	Kencóchandra Dhákendra.	Drama	Printed and published at the Madhyastha Press, No. 30, Cornwallis Street, Simla, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Adwoityacharan Ghosh.
642	Práchin Kávyasangraha; or, a Collection of Ancient (Classic) Poems. Part I, No. 3.	ditto	Akhaychandra Sarkár and Sáradsácharan Mitra.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Kadamalá Sádharan Press, Chinsurah.	Printed and published by Nandalál Basu
643	Parábritta Sár; or, Principles of Ancient History.	ditto	Bhadréva Mukerji.	History, E.	Printed and published at the Bodhodaya Press, Hooghly.	Printed and published by Káshináth Bhattachárjya.
644	Mahábhárat Shánti Parvab. Part 59.	ditto	Translated by Mahendranáth Bhattachárjya.	Religion	Printed and published at the Bhárat Press, No. 367, Jorásánko, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Dharmadhar Mukerji and published by Pratápechandra Ráya.
645	Shrimad Bhághat. Part 32.	ditto	Translated by Rohinínandan Sarkár.	ditto	Printed and published at the New Sarkár's Press, No. 35, Mukhtáram Bábó's Street, Chorbágán, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Rohinínandan Sarkár
646	Ditto. Part 33.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
647	Ditto. Part 34.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
648	Rámáyana-Aranya Kánda. Canto 3, No. 3, Part 15.	ditto	Translated and corrected by Gangágobinda Bhattachárjya.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Sealdah Datta Press.	Printed by Gopál Chandra Ghoshál, and published by the Translator.
649	Ditto ditto. No. 4, Part 16.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
650	Ditto, Kishkinda Kánda. Canto 4, No. 1, Part 17.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
651	Ditto ditto, No. 2, Part 18.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
652	Ditto Lanka Kánda. Canto 6, No. 5	ditto	Translated by Binod Bihári Goswámi.	ditto	Printed and published at the Saraswata Press, No. 3, Brajamalá's Street, Páthariagháta Calcutta.	Printed by Krishnaprasád Majumdar, and published by Joygopál Mukerji
653	Jogbáshishita Ramáyana. Part 18.	ditto	Translated by Ganósh Chandra Bhattachárjya.	ditto	Printed and published at the Bhárat Press, No. 367, Chitpore Road Calcutta.	Printed by Dharamidhar Mukerji, and published by the Translator.
654	Padma Purán. Part 5	ditto	Translated by Rohinínandan Sarkár.	Religion	Printed and published at the New Sarkár's Press, No. 35, Mukhtáram Bábó's Street Calcutta.	Printed and published by Rohinínandan Sarkár.
655	Ditto ditto. Part 6	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
656	Ditto ditto. Part 7	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
657	Kaliká Purán. Part 1	ditto	Translated and corrected by Durgácharan Banerji.	History	Printed and published at the Bendon Press, No. 66, Bendon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Hara Chandra Dás, and published by Dayáchánd Salmi.
658	Mahábhághat Purán. Part III.	ditto	Translated by Shyamápada Nyayaratna.	.....	ditto	Printed by Hara Chandra Dás and published by Rámótárák Ráya.
659	Dhári Shikhsá-chang Praári Shikhsá, or, Instruction for Midwives and Women in Child-bearing. In two Parts.	ditto	Jadunáth Mukerji	Medical	Printed and published at the Chinsurah Chikitsá Prakash Press	Printed and published by Grish Chandra Bhattachárjya.

LIBRARY.

Quarter ending 31st March 1875.—(Continued.)

8	10	12	13	14				
Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of copyright.	REMARKS.
BOOKS.—(Concluded.)								
1875.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Feb. 20th..	105	Dy. 8vo.	First	250	Printed..	1 0 0	Shyámápada Bhattá- chárjya of Autpore, zillah Hooghly.	Several <i>Shlokas</i> are given from the Puráns in order to prove that widow marriage is prohibited.
Jan. 28th..	126	12mo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 8 0		A drama written against the "Bháratáshram," or the "Retreat of the Bráhmós," wherein this establishment is likened to a serpent spreading its venomous and baneful influence amongst all.
Feb. 15th..	48	Dy. 8vo.	First	500	ditto	0 6 0	Akhayachandra Sar- kár of Kadamtalá, and Sáradácharan Mitra, of No. 37, Rájá Naba Krish- na's Street.	Lyric songs of the poet Bidyá- pati, with Notes.
Mar. 10th..	218	12mo.	Fourth.	2,000	ditto	0 12 0	Bhudéva Mukerji, of Chinsurah.	Compiled mainly from English authors.
1874. Dec. 18th..	96	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 12 0	Pratápechandra Ráya, of Jorásánko, Cal- cutta.	
" 17th..	38	8vo.	First	600	ditto	0 4 0	Rohinínandan Sarkár, of Jáugráam.	
" 17th..	38	8vo.	First	600	ditto	0 4 0	ditto.	
" 17th..	38	8vo.	First	600	ditto	0 4 0	ditto.	
Nov. 15th..	80	Dy. 8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 12 0	Gangágobinda Bhattá- chárjya of Sealdah.	
" 27th..	58	Dy. 8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 12 0	ditto.	
Dec. 4th..	80	Dy. 8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 12 0	ditto.	
1875. Jan. 4th..	80	Dy. 8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 12 0	ditto.	
1874. Dec. 20th..	32	Dy. 8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 3 0	Joygopál Mukerji, of No. 3, Brajadulál's Street.	
" 16th..	46	Dy. 8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 4 0	Ganés'h Chandra Bhattáchárjya, of Jorásánko.	
" 3rd..	44	Dy. 8vo.	First	600	ditto	0 6 0	Rohinínandan Sarkár of Jáugráam.	
3rd	48	Dy. 8vo.	First	600	ditto	0 6 0	ditto.	
3rd..	48	Dy. 8vo.	First	600	ditto	0 6 0	ditto.	
28th..	96	Dy. 8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 12 0	Durgácharan Banerji and Dnyálehand Sábul of Calcutta.	
" 29th..	128	Dy. 8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 12 0	Rámtárak Ráya of Anurbáti.	
1875. Mar. 17th.	316	8vo.	Third	500	ditto	2 0 0	Jadunáth Mukerji, of Chin- surah.	Written in the form of dialogue.

Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language.)	Language in which book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
BENGALI						
876	Shishu Shikshá; or, Infant Teacher. Part I.	Bengali.	The late Ma- danmohan Tarkálankár.	Miscella- neous, E.	Printed at the Sanskrit Press, No. 62, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 30, Bēchu Chatterji's Street.	Printed by Pítámbar Banerji and published by Chandí Charan Chatterji.
877	Tritiya Páthártha; or, Meanings of Words in the Third Number Reader.	ditto	Bipin Shíl. Bihári.	Miscella- neous, E.	Printed and published at the Sudhárna Press, No. 117, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Jaharílál Shíl and published by the author.
878	Byákarán Prabēsh; or, Entrance to Grammar.	ditto	Compiled by Jagach-han- dra Chakra- barti.	Grammar, E.	Printed at the Girish Bidyáratna Press, No. 24, Bye-lane, Upper Circular Road, and published at No. 30, Bēchu Chatterji's Street.	Printed by Girishchandra Bidyáratna and published by Pránnáth Sáhá.
879	Polér Káhini; or, a Tale of the Bridge.	ditto	Rev'd. S. C. Ghosh.	Poetry, E.	Printed at the Sáptábhik Sam- bád Press, Bhowánipore, and published at No. 10, Hare Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Brajamohan Basu and published by the Tract Society.
880	Blárat Adhún; or, India Subjugated.	ditto	Kunjabilákar. Basu.	Drama	Printed and published at the New Sanskrit Press, No. 14, Goábágun, Calcutta.	Printed by Mathuránáth Chatterji and published by Bihárilál Mitra.
881	Akshar Parichaya; or, a Knowledge of Letters.	ditto	Dinabandhu Nyáyaratna.	Miscella- neous, E.	Printed and published at the B. P. M.'s Press, No. 22, Jhámápur Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Kirtibás Dás and published by the author.
882	Kusumánjali; or, a Hand- full of Flowers.	ditto	Nagendra Chandra Mit- ra.	Poetry, E.	Printed and published at the Indian Mirror Press, No. 15, College Square, Calcutta.	Printed by Gopálchandra Dás and published by the author.
883	Níti Shikshá; or, Moral Instruction.	ditto	Ishán Chandra Ráya.	Poetry, E.	ditto	ditto
884	Artha Byabahárér Prash- nottar; or, Questions and Answers as to the use of Wealth.	ditto	Compiled by Káli Prasanna Sén Gupta.	Miscella- neous.	Printed and published at the Ganesha Press, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Nanda Krishna Sarkár.
885	Padya Kaláp; or, a Col- lection of Poetry. Part	ditto	Mahendranáth Láhari.	Poetry	Printed at the Union Press, No. 33, Ezra Street, and published at Serampore.	Printed by Lalitmohan Chatterji and published by the author.
886	Satyanáráyanér Páñcháli; or, Verses on Satyaná- rayan.	ditto	Dwija Rám Krishna.	Religion, H.	Printed and published at the Press, No. 285, Chit- pore Road, Shobhá Ba- zár, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Arunodaya Ghosh.
887	Kabitá Páth; or, Poetical Reader No. I.	ditto	Dwárákánáth Ráya.	Poetry, E.	Printed and published at the B. P. M.'s Press, No. 22, Jhámápur Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Kirtibás Dá- the B. P. M.'s Press, No. 22, Jhámápur Lane, Calcutta.
888	Ditto ditto No. II.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
889	Byákarán Manjarí; or, Blossoms of Grammar.	ditto	Kálíkumár Dás of the Noá- kháli Nor- mal School.	Grammar, E.	Printed at the New Bengal Press, No. 30, Rájá Káli Krishna's Lane, Shobhá Bazár, Calcutta, and published at Noákháli.	Printed by Sárádáprasád Chatterji and published by the author.
890	Drénér Páñcháli; or, Verses on the Drainage.	ditto	Aghore Chan- dra Ghosh.	Poetry	Printed at the Gyándi- páká Press, No. 333, Chitpore Road, and published at No. 33, Bar- talá.	Printed by Umeshechandra Dás and published by Bábulál Náth.
891	Samáj Samálochan; or, a Review of Society. Part I.	ditto	Akhaya Chan- dra Sarkár.	Miscella- neous.	Printed and published at the Sádharáni Press, Chinsurah.	Printed and published by Páñchkari Ráya.

Quarter ending 31st March 1875.—(Continued.)

				13	14					
Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copy-right, or any portion of copyright.	REMARKS.		
PAMPHLETS.										
1874.	Pages.	Rs. A. P.								
Nov. 2nd..	28	12mo. .	Sixty-fifth. (65th.)	10,000	Printed..	0 1 0	Ishwar Chandra Bidyāsagara.	Containing the alphabet, easy words, and short sentences.		
„ 3rd..	28	Dy.12mo	First	1,000	ditto	0 2 0	Bipin Bihārī Shū, No. 118, Chitpore Road.			
„ 26th..	52	12mo. .	Fifteenth.	5,000	ditto	0 2 6	Prānnāth Sāhā, of Goa-lundo			
„ 27th..	16	Dy.32mo	First	5,000	ditto	0 0 1½	Tract Society	On the Howrah bridge.		
Dec. 1st..	15	Dy.12mo	First	1,000	ditto	0 2 0	Kunjābihārī Basu	A short drama depicting the fourth invasion and conquest of India by Sultān Mahmud.		
15th..	38	12mo. .	First	2,000	ditto	0 1 0	Dinabandhu Nyāya-ratna.	Containing the alphabet, easy words, and short reading lessons.		
17th..	46	12mo. .	First	1,000	ditto	0 4 0	Nagendrachandra Mitra, of Calcutta.	Various short poems on prayer, morning, evening, rivers, &c.		
17th..	45	12mo. .	First	1,000	ditto	0 4 0	Ishānchandra Rāya, of Mymensingh.	Short moral pieces of poetry.		
18th..	32	12mo. .	First	1,000	ditto	0 2 0	Kālīprasanna Sēn, of Dē's Lane.	A small treatise on political economy.		
„ 20th..	35	12mo. .	First	500	ditto	0 4 0	Mahendranāth Lāhiri, of Howrah.	Various short poems.		
20th..	22	Long8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 2 0	Bēnīmādhava Dē and Co.	Setting forth the advantages to be derived from the worship of Satyanārāyan.		
nd.	32	12mo. .	First	1,000	ditto	0 1 6	Annadāprasād Majum-dār and Dwārkānāth Rāya.	Short poems intended for the use of schools.		
24th..	56	12mo. .	First	1,000	ditto	0 3 0	ditto	ditto.		
24th..	55	12mo. .	Seventh.	2,000	ditto	0 3 0	Kālīkumār Dās, of N ākhālī.	Intended for children of tender years.		
25th..	12	12mo. .	First	4,100	ditto	0 0 6	Aghorechandra Dās, of Lāl Bazār.	On the drainage of Calcutta.		
26th..	49	RL. 8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 8 0	Akhayachandra Sar-kār, of Kadamtalā, Chinsurah.	Two articles republished from the “Banga Darshan;” one on “Emulation” or “Advancement,” opposing the present desire of change in social customs and manners; the other is entitled <i>Griha</i> (a game of cards), showing that the events in life are all a chance.		

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the

Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
BENGALI						
892	History of Bengal, for beginners.	Bengali.	Rājkrishna Mukerji, M.A. and B.L.	History, E.	Printed at J. G. Chatterji and Company's Press, No. 115, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository, No. 30, Bēchu Chatterji's Street.	Printed by Bihārīlāl Banerji and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
893	Shishu Shikshā; or, Infant Teacher. Part I.	ditto	The late Ma-danmohan Tarkālankār.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed at the Sanskrit Press, No. 62, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 30, Bēchu Chatterji's Street.	Printed by Pītāmbhar Banerji and published by Ishwar Chandra Bidyāsāgara.
894	Ditto ditto. Part II.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
895	Bodhodaya; or, the Rise of Knowledge.	ditto	Compiled by Ishwar Chandra Bidyāsāgara.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed at the Sanskrit Press, No. 62, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 30, Bēchu Chatterji's Street.	Printed by Pītāmbhar Banerji and published by the manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
896	Barna Parichaya; or, a ditto Knowledge of Letters. Part II.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
897	Bhāshābodh Byākaran; or, a Grammar to learn the Language.	ditto	Shashibhushan Mukerji.	Grammar, E.	Printed and published at the Ganesha Press, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Nanda Krishna Sarkār.
898	Padya Pāth; or, the Poetical Reader No. 1.	ditto	Compiled by Jadugopāl Chatterji.	Poetry, E.	Printed and published at J. G. Chatterji and Co.'s Press, No. 115, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Bihārīlāl Banerji.
899	Chākar Darpan Nātak; or, the Mirror of a Tea Planter; a drama.	ditto	Dakshinā-charan Chatterji.	Drama	Printed and published at the Samāchar Chandrikā Press, No. 53, Sitārān-Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadunāth Mandal and published by the author.
900	Madālasā (the name of the heroine).	ditto	Binod Bihārī Goswāmī.	Fiction	Printed and published at the Sāraswata Press No. 3, Brajadulāl's Street, Pāthuriāghattā, Calcutta.	Printed by Krishnaprasād Majumdar and published by the author.
901	Hirak Anguriak Praha-sa; or, the Diamond Ring; a comedy.	ditto	Khetra Pāl Chakrabartī.	Drama	Printed and published at the New Bengal Press No. 3, Rājā Kālīkrishna's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Sāradāprasād Chatterji and published by the author at Shyā-nāpukur.
902	Pratham Pāth Banglā Byākaran; or, Bengali Grammar for Beginners.	ditto	Jadab Chandra Goswāmī.	Grammar, E.	Printed and published at the People's Friend Press, No. 43, Chunan Gully, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Purna Chandra Basu.
903	Gītādhār; or, a Receptacle of Songs.	ditto	Bipin Bihārī Shīl.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Tamohar Press, Serampore.	Printed and published by Brajamohan Sēn.
904	Saraswatī Pūjā Rupak; or, the Goddess of Learning; an allegory.	ditto	Birājmohan Chowdhry.	Drama	Printed at the Satya Ratna Press, Berhampore.	Printed by Nabīn Chandra Chowdhry.
905	Banga Bidhabā Rupak; or, the Widow of Bengal; an allegory.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto

LIBRARY.

Quarter ending 31st March 1875.—(Continued.)

10		12		13		14		15		16	
Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of copyright.	REMARKS.			
PAMPHLETS.—(Continued.)											
1874.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.					
Dec. 28th.	92	12mo.	First	1,000	Printed	0 4 0	Rájkrishna Mukerji, M.A. and B.L., of Sítarám Ghosh's Street.	A brief history of Bengal from the advent of the Muhammadans to the administration of Lord Canning.			
„ 28th.	28	12mo.	Sixty-sixth (66th).	10,000	ditto	0 1 0	Ishwarchandra Bidyáságara.	Containing the alphabet, easy words, and short sentences.			
„ 28th.	29	12mo.	Forty-sixth (46th).	10,000	ditto	0 1 0	ditto	Containing compound letters and simple reading lessons.			
Dec. 30th.	80	12mo.	Forty-sixth (46th).	10,000	ditto	0 3 0	Ishwar Chandra Bidyáságara, of No. 63, Amherst Street.	Easy subjects, compiled from English works, and intended for the instruction of children of tender years.			
1875											
Jan. 4th.	38	12mo.	Fifty-third (53rd).	10,000	ditto	0 1 3	ditto	Containing easy words and reading lessons.			
„ 1st.	60	12mo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 3 0	Shashibhushan Mukerji, of Tallygunge.	Intended for advanced students.			
4th.	44	12mo.	Eighteenth (18th).	6,000	ditto	0 2 0	Jadugopál Chatterji, of No. 115, Amherst Street.	Short poems for children at school.			
4th.	68	8vo.	First	500	ditto	0 6 0	Dakshiná Charan Chatterji, of No. 53, Sítarám Ghosh's Street.	With a full-paged lithograph, picturing the ill-treatment of a native woman by a European. This drama sets forth the dreadful oppressions and cruelties of the tea-planters and their amlahs, and taunts the British Government with efforts to do away with slavery in other lands, whilst in their own possessions such heart-rending scenes are practised.			
12th.	68	8vo.	Second	600	ditto	0 6 0	Binod Bihári Goswámi, of No. 3, Brajadulál's Street.	A tale from the Puráns, and republished from the Bengali periodical "Purna Shashi." It relates how the heroine was inveigled away by demons and then rescued and married by a prince; who was himself deceived by another demon into giving up a precious necklace which was worn by him. This was shown to his wife, Madálasá, as proof of her husband's death, whereupon she herself died with the shock of this sad news. The prince, on learning this on his return home, resolved to become an ascetic, and in the course of his wanderings he fell in with the divine race of serpents, and through their interposition with Mahádeva, had his wife eventually restored to him.			
18th.	35	12mo.	First	500	ditto	0 4 0	Khetrapál Chakrabarti, of Shyámápur.	Depicting how the progeny of bad men, with the evil example of their parents before them, adopt their practices. The comedy takes its name from the fact of a lascivious son having, in the house of a prostitute, lost the diamond ring which his father gave him.			
18th.	43	12mo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 2 0	Jádab Chandra Goswámi, of Pubna.	For boys and girls of tender years.			
29th.	16	12mo.	First	500	ditto	0 2 0	Bipinbihári Shil, of Serampore.	A number of Bengali songs set to various tunes.			
Feb. 9th.	45	12mo.	First	500	ditto	0 5 0		Intended to show how the Bengalis have given up the study of their own language and now devote themselves exclusively to the study of English.			
9th.	44	12mo.	First	500	ditto	0 5 0		Intended to depict the evil state of Hindu widows, towards whose emancipation evil-minded, lascivious and wicked men offer obstacles.			

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Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title page is not in that language).	Language in which book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
BENGALI						
906	Tārā Charita; or, the Biography of Tārā (Bāi.)	Bengali.	Shrimatī Surangini.	Biography.	Printed at the Roy Press, No. 11, College Square, Calcutta, and published at the Canning Library.	Printed by Bāburām Sār-kār, and published by Jageshchandra Banerji.
907	Dhrubajogākhyān Nātak; or, a Narration of the Worship of Dhruba.	ditto	Bholānāth Mukerji.	Drama	Printed at the Kabitarānākar Press, No. 17, Brindāban Basāk's Street, Chitpore Road, Calcutta, and published at No. 115, Chitpore Road.	Printed by Ambikāchārān Chatterji, and published by Bishwambhar Lāhā.
908	Sītānēshwan Nātak; or, the Search for Sītā. (A drama.)	ditto	Rasikelāndra Rāya.	ditto	ditto	ditto
909	Ariya Charita; or, Lives of the Aryans. (Part I.)	ditto	Birēshwar Pānrc.	Biography.	Printed and published at the New Sanskrit Press, No. 11, Goābāgān Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mathurānāth Chatterji, and published by Harimohan Mukerji.
910	Shishu Bigyān; or, Child's Science. (Part I.)	ditto	ditto	Science N. E.	ditto	ditto
911	Ushā Haran Nātak; or, the Abduction by Ushā.	ditto	Annaprasād Banerji	Drama	Printed and published at the Sāhitya Press, No. 47, Pathuriāghātā Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ishānchandra Bishwās, and published by the author.
912	Padya Prabēsh; or, Entrance to Poetry. (Part I.)	ditto	Dīnanāth Chowdhri.	Poetry	Printed at the Purān Prākāsh Press, Calcutta, and published at Santipore.	Printed by Gopālchandra Dē, and published by the author.
913	The World's History; Thacker, Spink & Co.'s School Series. (No. 1.)	ditto	Compiled under the direction of E. Lethbridge, M.A.	History	Printed and published at Thacker, Spink and Co.'s Press.	Printed and published by Thacker, Spink and Co.
914	Chāru Pāthēr. Artha Pustak; or, Meaning-Book of Words in the Chāru Pāth. (Part I.)	ditto	Kālīchārān Adhikāri.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed at the Tamohar Press, Serampore, and published at Calcutta.	Printed by Brajamohar Sen, and published by Padmachandra Nāth.
915	Ditto ditto. (Part II.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
916	Rākhāl Rājā; or, the Shepherd Rājā (name applied to Krishna.)	ditto	Rev. S. C. Ghosh	Religion, C.	Printed at the Sāptāhik Sambād Press, No. 1, Pipalpati Lane, Bhowānipore, and published by the Calcutta Tract Society.	Printed by Brajamādhav Basu, and published by the Calcutta Tract Society.
917	Abādhyā Bālak; or, the Disobedient Boy.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
918	The Spiritual Wants of Man.	ditto	Rev. Alexander Stern.	ditto	ditto	ditto
919	Kusumānjali; or, a Handful of Flowers.	ditto	Prasanna Chandra Chakrabarti.	Poetry, E.	Printed at the Girish Bidyāratna Press, No. 24, Bye-lane, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta, and published at No. 30, Bēchu Chatterji's Street.	Printed by Girishchandra Bidyāratna, and published by Chandīchārān Chatterji.
920	Barna Parichaya; or, a Knowledge of Letters. (Part First, simple letters.)	ditto	Ishwar Chandra Bidyāsāgara.	Language, E.	Printed at the Sanskrit Press, No. 62, Anherst Street, Calcutta, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.	Printed by Pītāmbar Banerji, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
921	Shishu Pāth; or, the Child's Instructor.	ditto	Rāmgati Nyāyaratna.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed and published at the Bodhodaya Press, Hooghly.	Printed and published by Kāshināth Battāchārjya.
922	Barna Bodh; or, a Knowledge of Letters. (Part I.) simple letters.	ditto	Sharachchandra Chatterji.	Language, E.	ditto	ditto

Quarter ending 31st March 1875.—(Continued.)

9		13						
Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copy-right, or any portion of copy-right.	REMARKS
PAMPHLETS.—(Continued.)								
1875	Pages.	Rs. A. P.						
Jan. 1st..	59	12mo.	First	1,000	Printed..	0 8 0	Prasanna Kumar Sarbādhikārī, of Calcutta.	The life of Tara Bāl taken from the History of Rājpoṭānā.
.. 2nd..	83	8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 1 3	Bishwanubhar Lohā.	Remarks on this appear at full length in the Third Quarter's Catalogue for 1873, No. 129. An almost similar work appears in No. 592 of the First Quarter's Catalogue for 1871.
.. 8th..	60	8vo.	First	2,000	ditto	0 1 0	ditto	The tale of the cutting off the nose of Surpanakhā by Lakshman, the brother of Rām; the abduction of Sītā by the giant Rāvan; and the search made after her through Hunamān, and her final release.
.. 4th..	45	12mo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 3 0	Birēshwar Pānṛī, of Kyāba, Bongong.	The lives of Balmīkī, Vyās, Kālidās, Shākya Singha, and Bijaya Singha.
.. 5th..	28	12mo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 2 0	ditto *	Elements of Physics.
.. 18th..	95	12mo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 8 0	Anandāprasad Banerji, of Balāgar.	A drama founded on Hindu mythology, wherein Ushā, the daughter of Bāl Rājā, a devout worshipper of Shīb, saw in a vision one Aniruddha, grandson of Kṛishna, with whom she was taken up and enchanted, searched for and abducted him, and was eventually married to him.
.. 24th..	30	12mo.	First	500	ditto	0 2 6	Dinanāth Chowdhri, of Santipore.	Short poems on morn, eve, love to a mother, mountains, rivers, education; intended for boys and girls of tender years.
.. 25th..	86	8vo.	First	2,000	ditto	0 8 0	E. Lethbridge, M.A., of Krishnagar.	
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Dec. 10th	31	12mo.	First	2,000	ditto	0 1 0	Jibānanda gara, B.A.	Bidyāsā. Alphabet and simple reading lessons.
" 10th	24	12mo.	First	200	ditto	0 2 0	.....	With reference to the recent visit of Lord Northbrook to the famine district of Darbhanga.

PAMPHLET.

1874.								
Dec. 29th	21	Rl. 12mo.	First	500	ditto	Not given	.....	A primer of the Santālī language.

BENGAL

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the

Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
URDU						
49	Guldistan Bazam Ará; or, Nosegay beautifying the social gathering.	Urdu	Farzand Ali	Poetry	Printed and published at the Nurulanwár Press, Arrah.	Printed and published by Muhammad Háshim.
50	Dewán-i-alam; or, the Poetry of Alam.	ditto	Nawáb Muhammad Hássan Khán.	ditto	ditto	ditto
URIYA						
22	Rámabilás; or, the Sports of Ráma.	Uriya	Kapileshwar Bidyábhushana.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Cuttack Printing Company's Press.	Printed and published by the Cuttack Printing Company.
23	New Almanac for 1875-76	ditto	Sadáshib Khudratna.	ditto	ditto	ditto
URIYA						
78	Dása Poi	ditto	Kapileshwar Bidyábhushana.	Poetry	ditto	ditto
79	Gunaságara; or, Ocean of Abilities.	ditto	Dínakrishna Dás.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Balasore Utkal Press.	Printed by B. N. Dé, and published by Jadabánanda Sen.
80	Shloka Manjarí; or, Buds of Verses.	ditto	Gopálballabh Nanda.	ditto	ditto	ditto
81	Bhaktitattwa Sár; or, Principles of Devotion.	ditto	Not given	Religion, H.	Printed and published at the Pooree Bhábháti Bhaktipradáyini Press	Printed and published by Khrodnáth Mitra.
82	An address to the Native Residents of Jellalore, Balasore, &c.	ditto	J. Phillips	Religion, C.	Printed and published at the Mission Press, Madras.	Printed and published by O. R. Bachelor.
BENGALI AND						
24	Elementary Lessons on English Composition.	Bengali and English.	Gangádhár Banerji.	Language, E.	Printed at the Roy Press, No. 11, College Square, Calcutta, and published at the Canning Library, No. 55, College Street.	Printed by Báboorám Sarkár, and published by Jagósh Chandra Banerji.
25	P. N. Sháhá's Key to Báboo P. C. Sarkár's First Book of Reading.	ditto	Pránnáth Sháhá.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed and published at the Girish Bidyáratna Press, No. 24, bye-lane, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Girish Chandra Bidyáratna.

Quarter ending 31st March 1875.—(Continued.)

		11	12	13			15		
Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copy-right, or any portion of copy-right.	REMARKS	
PAMPHLETS.									
1874.	Page:					Rs. A. P.			
Dec. 20th ..	8vo. ...	First ...	250	Litho-graphed.	0 1 0		Poems and verses read at the meeting of poets at Arrah on the 22nd November 1874.		
„ 28th ..	88 8vo. ...	First ...	250	ditto ...	0 8 0		Miscellaneous poems.		
BOOKS.									
1875.									
Jan. 10th ..	113 Dy. 8vo.	First ...	1,000	Printed..	0 12 0	Not registered	The life of Rāma and his deeds		
„ 18th ..	218 Dy. 8vo.	Tenth ...	1,500	ditto ...	0 10 0	ditto.			
PAMPHLETS.									
1875.									
Jan. 18th ..	10 Rl. 12mo.	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 3	ditto	Describing a scene between Krishna and Rādha at Brindāban.		
Feb. 8th ..	67 Rl. 12mo.	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 6 0	ditto	On devotion to Hari (or Krishna) and his deeds.		
„ 8th ..	24 8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 3 6	ditto			
No slip ...	34 8vo. ...	No slip.	...	ditto ...	Not given.	ditto	The worship of Vishnu by the Vaishnabs.		
Mar. 18th	24 16mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	Nil	J. Phillips, of Santipore.	A religious tract.		
ENGLISH PAMPHLETS.									
1875.									
Jan. 12th ..	88 12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Gangādhar Banerji, of Anherst Street.	Prepared, on Dr. Arnold's plan, for the junior classes of schools.		
Jan. 25th ..	28 12mo. ...	Second revised	3,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Prānnāth Shāhā, of Pubna.			

Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
BENGALI AND						
192	Chandra Kosh. Sanskrit Dictionary. (Part IV.)	Bengali and Sanskrit.	Kalibar Bedán-tabághish.	Language.	Printed and published at the Alfred Press, Serampore.	Printed and published by Jadunáth Banerji.
193	Ditto ditto. (Part V.)	ditto ...	ditto	ditto ...	ditto	ditto
194	Mahábárat Ban Parbba. (Part 10. No. 43.)	ditto	ditto	Religion ..	ditto	ditto
195	Ditto ditto. (Part II. No. 44.)	ditto	ditto	ditto ...	ditto	ditto
196	Ditto ditto. (Part 12. No. 45.)	ditto	ditto		ditto	ditto
197	Krishna Bhaktirasárnabha or, the Ocean of Devotion to Krishna. (No. 5.)	ditto	Rup Goswámí, with the commentary of Shíb Goswámí.	ditto	Printed and published at the Dhan Sindhu Press, Berhampore.	Printed and published by Jadunáth Banerji.
198	Ditto ditto. No. 6	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
199	Bhágbat Tattwabodhiká of Maharshi Bedbyás.	ditto	Translated by Rámnáráyan Bidyaratna, with a commentary of Shridhar-swámi.	Poetry	ditto	Ditto, and published by the translator.
200	Sámabeda Sanghitá. (Vol. I, Part I.)	ditto	Translated by Brahmabrata Sámádhyaí, with the commentary of Sayaná-chárjya.	Religion	Printed and published at the New Sanskrit Press, No. 14, Goabágán Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mathuránáth Chatterji, and published by Harimohan Mukerji.
201	Sarbártha Sankalan. (Vol. I, No. 18.)	ditto	Revised and translated by Káli Prasanna Banerji.	Literature	Printed and published at the Purán Prákásh Press, Múniktalá Street.	Printed by Gopál Chandra Dē, and published by Haridás Bhattachárjya.
202	Rámáyana of Maharshi Balmiki. Kishkinda Kánda. (Canto 4. No. 3.)	ditto	Ditto by Hem Chandra Bhattachárjya.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Balmiki Press, No. 55, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Káli Kinkar Chakrabarti, and published by the translator.
BENGALI AND						
73	Chaitanya Chandrodaya or, the Rise of the Moon of Chaitanya.	ditto	Brajanáth Bidyaratna.	Religion	Printed and published at the Satya Press, No. 10, Goabágán Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahendranáth Sarkar, and published by the author.
	Shanoischer Máhátnya or, the Greatness of Sakti.	Bengali and Sanskrit.	Bhoirab Chandra Dē.	ditto	Printed at the New Sanskrit Press, No. 14, Goabágán Street, Calcutta, and published at Chittagong.	Printed by Mathuránáth Chatterji, and published by the author.

Quarter ending 31st March 1875.—(Continued.)

	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of copyright.
							REMARKS.

SANSKRIT BOOKS.

1875.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.	
Feb. 4th...	20	Dy. 4to	First	600	Printed..	0 4 0	Harishchandra Dé, of Serampore.
Feb. 28th...	20	ditto	... First	600	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto.
1874.							
Dec. 16th...	40	Rl. 8vo.	First	700	ditto ...	0 8 0	ditto.
1875.							
Jan. 8th...	40	ditto	... First	700	ditto ...	0 8 0	ditto.
Feb. 22nd..	40	ditto	... First ..	700	ditto ..	0 8 0	ditto.
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Jan. 15th...	32	8vo.	... First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 5 0	Káli Prasanna Banerji, of Bág Bazar.
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Jan. 20th	20	Long 8vo.	First	500	ditto ..	0 4 0	Brájanáth Bidyáratna, of Nabadwip. About the incarnation of Chaitanya according to the Boishnabs during the Kaliyuga (or iron age).
„ 20th	24	16mo.	... First	1,500	ditto ..	0 3 0	Bhoirabchandra Dé, of Chittagong. Describes how the worship of Saturn is to be performed.

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Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language.)	Language in which book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name of firm or publisher.
ENGLISH AND						
12	Il-Guiremento. The Oath	English and Italian.	Calcutta Opera Company.	Drama	Printed and published at the Calcutta Central Press.	Printed by the Calcutta Central Press Company, and published by the Calcutta Opera Company.
13	Don Pasquale	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
14	Lucrezia Borgia	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
15	Il Barbiere Di Siviglia; or, the Barber of Seville.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
16	Un Ballo in Maschera; or, the Masked Ball.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
ENGLISH AND						
24	A Dictionary in Sanskrit and English; by H. H. Wilson. (Part X.)	English and Sanskrit.	Edited by Jagamohan Tarkalankár and Khetramohan Mukerji.	Language	Printed and published at the Kábya Prakásh Press, No. 7, Haripál's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Khetramohan Mukerji, and published by Gyanendra Chandra Ráya Chowdhry.
25	The Raghu Bansa (or Race of Raghu); by Kálidása. (No. 2, IV—IX Cantos.)	ditto	Rev. K. M. Banerji.	Poetry	Printed at the Balmiki Press, Calcutta, and published at Thacker, Spink and Co.'s premises.	Printed by Káli Kinkar Chakrabarti, and published by Thacker, Spink and Co.
ENGLISH AND						
	Catalogue of Sanskrit MSS. existing in Oudh.	ditto	Edited by Baboo Rájendralál Mitra.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Ganesha Press, Calcutta.	Printed by Nanda Krishna Sarkár, and published by J. C. Nesfield.
ENGLISH AND						
	Uriyá Meanings of Words, in Piyári Charan Sarkár's Second Book of Reading.	English and Uriyá.	Gopiballabha Ráya.	ditto	Printed and published at the Balasore Utkal Press.	Printed by Baikunthanath Dey, and published by the author.
FRENCH AND HINDUSTANI						
1	Petit Manuel Français Hindoostani Avec Vocabulaire et Dialogues; or, Small French and Hindustani Manual with a Vocabulary and Dialogues.	French and Urdu.	Dr. H. Aurillac, Marine Emigration Doctor.	ditto	Printed and published at T. Black and Co.'s Press, Calcutta.	Printed by T. Black and Co., and published by the author.
PERSIAN AND						
3	Aziz-ut-tárbiyat-mukhtasir-ul-Masádir; or, Loving Instruction. Abbreviated Roots of the Infinitive.	Persian and Urdu.	Abdul Azíz	Language, E.	Printed and published at the Nurulanwár Press, Arrah.	Printed and published by Muhammad Hashim.
TRI						
BENGALI, ENGLISH,						
4	Bákyárnaba; or, Sea of Phrases. (No. 7.)	Bengali, English, and Urdu.	Ananda Chandra Mukerji.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Victoria Press, No. 13, Radhánáth Mallik's Lane, Pataldángá, Calcutta.	Printed by Banerji and Friends and published by the author.
5	Ditto ditto. (No. 8.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
6	Ditto ditto. (No. 9.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto

Quarter ending 31st March 1875.

		10		12	13	14	15	16
Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copy right, or any portion of copy right.	REMARKS.
ITALIAN PAMPHLETS.								
1874.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Dec. 29th	49	8vo. ...	First	600	Printed..	1 0 0	Calcutta Opera Com-pany.	An opera in 3 acts. Music by Mercadante.
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SANSKRIT BOOKS.

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Dec. 30th	264	8vo. ...	First	500	ditto	2 8 0	Rev. K. M. Banerji, of Bálígunge.	

SANSKRIT PAMPHLETS.

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Jan. 10th	24	8vo. ...	First	150	ditto	Not given	J. C. Nesfield, of Oudh.	Prepared by John C. Nesfield, M.A., Director of Public Instruction, assisted by Pandita Deviprasáda.

URIYA PAMPHLET.

1875.								
Feb. 1st	32	Rl. 8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 4 0	Gopiballabha Ráya, of Balasore.	

(URDU) BOOK.

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Dec. 24th	119	12mo. ...	First	Not given	ditto	1 0 0		

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1875.								
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1874.								
Oct. 9th	12	4to	First	1,000	ditto	0 4 6		Containing phrases in general use and in conversation.
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CATALOGUE OF PERIODICALS for the

Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
BENGALI						
1	Chikitsā Darpana (The Bengali Bengal Medical Journal); or, Mirror of Medicine. A Monthly Journal. For Ashwin and Kārtik 1281 B. S. (Vol. IV, No. 7.)	Bengali.	Jadunāth Mukerji.	Medicine.	Printed and published at the Chinsura Chikitsā-prakāśh Press.	Printed and published by Girish Chandra Bhattachārjya.
2	Chikitsā Tattwa; or, ditto Principles of Medicine. A Monthly Journal. For Agrāhayana 1796 B. S. (Part I, No. 3.)	ditto	Ambikāchārān Rakṣit.	ditto	Printed and published at the Gupta Press, No. 24, Mir Jāfir's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Mātīlāl Dās, and published by Jogen-drānāth Rakṣhit.
3	Ditto ditto. For Pous. (Part I, No. 4.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
4	Ditto ditto. For Māgh. (Part I, No. 5.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
5	Arjya Darshana; or, ditto Science of the Aryans. A Monthly Magazine and Review. For Agrāhayana 1281 B. S. (Vol. I, No. 8.)	ditto	Jogendrānāth Banerji, M.A.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the New Indian Press, No. 3, Ramānāth Majum-dār's Street, Patalāṅgā, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Rāmrisintha Banerji.
	Bāṅgā Darshana. A ditto Monthly Magazine and Review. For Poush 1281 B. S. (Vol. III, No. 9.)	ditto	Bankimchandra Chatterji.	ditto	Printed and published at the Bāṅgā Darshan Press, Kāntālpārā.	Printed and published by Hārānchandra Banerji.
	Ditto ditto. (Vol. III, No. 10.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
8	Brahmarā; or, The Bee. ditto A Monthly Journal. For Poush 1281 B. S. (Vol. I, No. 9.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
9	Darshak; or, The Spectator. A Monthly Literary Magazine and Review. For Agrāhayana. (Part I.)	ditto	Not given	ditto	Printed at the Satya Press, No. 10, Goā Bāgān Street, and published at the Gyāndipikā Library.	Printed by Mahendrānāth Sārkar, and published by Abināshchandra Neogi.
10	Gyānānkura; or, Germs of Knowledge. A Monthly Magazine and Review. For Ashwin 1281 B. S. (Vol. II, No. 11.)	ditto	Srikishna Dās	ditto	Printed and published at the Sāptāhik Sangbād Press, No. 1, Pipalpatī Lane, Bhowānīpore.	Printed and published by Brajamohan Basu.
11	Ditto ditto. (No. 12)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
12	Ditto. (Vol. III, No. 1.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
13	Ditto ditto. (No. 2)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
14	Ditto ditto. (No. 3)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
15	Ditto ditto. (No. 4)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
16	Purnā Shashī; or, Full Moon. A Monthly Magazine. (No. 12)	ditto	Binod Bihārī Goswāmī.	ditto	Printed and published at the Sārāswatā Press, No. 3, Brajadulā's Street, Pāthariāghātā, Calcutta.	Printed by Krishnaprasād Majumdar, and published by the editor.
17	Sarojinī; or, The Water Lily. A Monthly Magazine and Review. For Agrāhayana 1281 B. S. (Vol. I, No. 5.)	ditto	Bihārīlāl Goswāmī.	ditto	ditto	ditto
18	Sahodara; or, Brother. A ditto Monthly Magazine. For Poush 1281 B. S. (Vol. I, No. 4.)	ditto	Anukulchandra Chatterji.	ditto	Printed and published at the Gupta Press, No. 24, Mir Jāfir's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Mātīlāl Dās, and published by the editor.
19	Hindu Bilāsi; or, Hindu Entertainment. A ditto Monthly Magazine. For Poush 1281 B. S. (Vol. I, No. 6.)	ditto	Prasannachandra Chatterji.	ditto	Printed and published at the Chinsura Chikitsā-prakāśh Press.	Printed by Abināshchandra Mukerji, and published by Girishchandra Bhattachārjya.
20	Prāchin Kāvya Sangraha; or, a Collection of Ancient Poems. For Agrāhayana. (Vol. I, No. 1.)	ditto	Akhayachandra Sarkār.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Sādharaṇī Press, Kādāmīlā, Chinsurah.	Printed and published by Pānchkarī Rāya.

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Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copy-right, or any portion of copyright.	REMARKS.		
PERIODICALS.										
1875. Pages.						Rs. A. P.				
Jan. 8th...	66	Dy. 8vo.	First	300	Printed	1 2 0	Jadunáth Mukerji, of Chinsura.	A monthly record of the medical and collateral sciences.		
1874.										
Dec. 9th...	20	12mo.	First	4,000	ditto	0 3 0	Jogendranáth Rakhshit, of No. 3, Batalá Street.			
1875.										
Jan. 3rd...	20	12mo.	First	400	ditto	0 3 0	ditto.			
Feb. 5th...	24	12mo.	First	400	ditto	0 3 0	ditto.			
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Dec. 20th	48	Rl. 8vo.	First	1,000	ditto	0 6 0	Containing pieces on literature, science, history, modern and ancient, biography, poetry, &c.			
1875.										
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Feb. 19th	48	Rl. 8vo.	First	2,000	ditto	0 8 0	ditto	ditto.		
Feb. 1st	30	12mo.	First	1,500	ditto	0 3 0	Sanjib Chandra Chatterji, resident as above.			
1874.										
Dec. 12th	40	8vo.	First	350	ditto	0 2 6	Abináschandra Neogi, of No. 35, Bág Bazar Street.			
Sept. 19th	48	Rl. 8vo.	First	800	ditto	0 6 0	Shib Krishna Dás, of Beaulah, and Brajamohan Dás, of Bhowánpore.	Containing literature, science, history, &c.		
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Dec. 18th	48	Rl. 8vo.	First	800	ditto	0 6 0	ditto.			
1875.										
Jan. 13th	48	Rl. 8vo.	First	800	ditto	0 6 0	ditto.			
Feb. 16th	48	Rl. 8vo.	First	800	ditto	0 6 0	ditto.			
Jan. 7th	48	8vo.	First	500	ditto	0 6 0	Binod Bihári Goswámi, of No. 3, Brajadulal's Street.			
1874.										
Dec. 18th	24	12mo.	First	500	ditto	0 2 6	Bihárilál Goswámi, of Santipore.	Containing mainly short tales.		
1875.										
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„ 11th	24	Rl. 12mo.	First	200	ditto	0 2 0	Prasanna Chandra Chatterji, of Kántálpára.			
1874.										
Dec. 16th	32	Dy. 8vo.	First	500	ditto	0 4 0	Akhaya Chandra Sárkár, of Chinsura, and Sáradá Charan Mitra, of Calcutta.	Lyric Poems of Bidyápati.		

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BENGALI						
21	Bāngālī Khristiān; or, Bengali the Bengali Christian. (Vol. I, No. 5.)	Bengali.	Rajanikānta Bishwās.	Religion, C.	Printed at the Purān Prākāśh Press, Mānik-talā Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 82, Amherst Street.	Printed by Gopālchandra Dē, and published by the editor.
22	Ditto ditto. (Vol. I, No. 6.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
23	Ditto ditto. (Vol. I, No. 7.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
24	Ditto ditto. (Vol. I, No. 8.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
25	Jyotirīngan; or, the Fire-fly. For September. (Vol. VI, No. 3.)	ditto	Rev. S. C. Ghosh.	Religion.	Printed at the Sāptāhik Sangbād Press, No. 1, Pipalpati Lane, Bhowānpore, and published at No. 10, Hare Street.	Printed by Brajamohan Basu, and published by the Tract Society, Calcutta.
26	Ditto ditto. (No. 4.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
27	Ditto ditto. (No. 5.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
28	Ditto ditto. (No. 6.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
29	Ditto ditto. (No. 7.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
30	Ditto ditto. (No. 8.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
ENGLISH						
1	The Legal Companion. English. For November and December 1874. (Vol. II, Nos. 11 & 12.)	English.	Prasannakumār Law Sen.	Law	Printed and published at the Tanmohar Press, No. 20, Popham Street, Serampore.	Printed by Brajamohan Sen, and published by the editor.
2	Ditto ditto. For January 1875. (Vol. III, No. 1.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
3	The Calcutta Journal of Medicine. For August and September 1874. (Nos. 8 & 9.)	ditto	Mahendralāl Sarkār, M.D.	Medicine.	Printed and published at the Anglo-Sanskrit Press, No. 73, Sankarītālā Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Ishwar Chandra Ghosh.
4	The Indian Annals of Medical Science. For January 1874. (No. 33.)	ditto	Joseph Ewart, M.D.	ditto	Printed and published at Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, No. 1-1, Fancy Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Thacker, Spink & Co.
5	The Calcutta Magazine. For November 1874.	ditto	Owen Aratoon.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Baptist Mission Press, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis, and published by the editor.
6	Ditto ditto. For December 1874.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
7	The Calcutta Review. Quarterly.	ditto	E. Lethbridge, M.A.	ditto	Printed and published at the City Press, No. 12, Bentinck Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Thomas S. Smith.
9	The Indian Spectator. A Monthly Magazine. For October 1874. (No. 2.)	ditto	Chāruchandra Mukerji.	ditto	Printed and published at the Ganesha Press, No. 6, Bow Bazar Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Nanda Krishna Sarkār.
10	Ditto ditto. For November 1874. (No. 3.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
11	Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal. New Series. (Vol. XLIII, No. 191, Part I, No. 3, of 1874.	ditto	The Honorary Secretaries.	ditto	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis, and published by the Asiatic Society.
12	Ditto ditto. (No. 192, Part II, No. 3 of 1874.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
13	The Masonic Herald; for January 1875.	ditto	W. Burroughs.	ditto	Printed at the Stanhope Press, No. 249, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 12, Wood Street.	Printed by I. C. Bose and Co., and published by the editor.

Quarter ending 31st March 1875.—(Continued.)

8	9	10	11	12				
Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copy-right, or any portion of copy-right.	REMARKS.

PERIODICALS.—(Continued.)

1875.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.	
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ENGLISH						
14	Mookerjee's Magazine. New Series. For December 1874. (Nos. 24 & 25.)	English.	Saṁbluchandra Mukerji.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Presidency Press, No. 75, Bentinck Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 12, Lal Bazar Street.	Printed by J. N. Ghosh and Bishwās, and published by Berigny & Co.
15	Oriental Sporting Magazine. New Series. For December 1874. (Vol. VII, No. 84.)	ditto	Lord H. U. Browne.	ditto	Printed at the City Press, Nos. 12 & 72, Bentinck Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by T. S. Smith.
16	Ditto ditto. For January 1875. (Vol. VIII, No. 85.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
17	The Calcutta Christian Messenger. No. 1.	ditto	M. LeBlanc.	Religion.	Printed and published at the Calcutta Central Press.	Printed by the Calcutta Central Press, and published by the editor.
18	The Christian Spectator. For December 1874. (Vol. IV, No. 12.)	ditto	Rev. G. H. Rouse.	ditto	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis, and published at the Baptist Mission.
19	Ditto ditto. For January 1875. (Vol. IV, No. 13.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
20	Ditto ditto. For February 1875. (Vol. IV, No. 14.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
21	Stray Feathers. (Vol. II, Nos. 1, 2, and 3.)	ditto	A. O. Hume.	Science.	Printed and published at the Calcutta Central Press.	Printed and published by the Calcutta Central Press Company.
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1	Bidyodaya; or, the Dawn of Knowledge. (Part III, No. 2.)	Sanskrit	Hariśhikāśh Shāstri.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Satya Press, No. 10, Golebagan Street, Calcutta, and published at Lahore.	Printed by Mahendranāth Sarkār, and published by Mahendranāth Pandit.
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1	Sanātān Dharmuopadēśhinī; or, the Preacher of the Ancient Religion of India. A Monthly Magazine. For Shrāvan, Bhādra, and Ashwin. (Vol. V, Nos. 4, 5, & 6.)	Bengali	Rām Bidyōratna.	Sōbak	Printed at the Sanātān Press, No. 17, Pāchurāgnāta Street, Calcutta, and published at the premises of the Sanātān Dharmasā Sabhā.	Printed by Islāchandra Bishwās, and published by the Sanātān Dharmasā Sabhā.
HINDI AND						
1	Śrī Harishandra Candra-drikā. A Monthly Journal. For August 1874. (Vol. I, No. 11.)	Hindi & Sanskrit.	Harishchandra	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Satya Press, No. 10, Golebagan Street, Calcutta, and published at Benares.	Printed by Mahendranāth Sarkār, and published by the author.

Quarter ending 31st March 1875.—(Continued.)

		10			12	13	14		
Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphical.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of copyright.	REMARKS.	
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243	7th Jan. 1875 ...	Tasmiyatul Kirám, As-mál-izám.	Muhammad Abdul Ahad, at the Basiri Press, Toltollá, Misrigunge.	Muhammad Abdul Ahad, of Misrigunge, Calcutta.	25th Dec. 1874.
244	ditto ...	Shafá-ul-Amráz ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto.
245	29th Jan. 1875 ...	Declaratory Decrees ...	Calcutta Central Press Company, Limited.	L. P. Delves Broughton, of Calcutta.	27th Jan. 1875.
246	8th Feb. 1875 ...	Native Child's Arithmetical Tables.	Pyáricharan Sarkár, at the School Book Press, No. 32-1, Bendon Street.	Pyáricharan Sarkár, of No. 32-1, Bendon Street.	27th Oct. 1874.
247	Ditto ...	Companion to the Atlas	ditto ...	ditto ...	23rd Dec. 1874.
248	16th Feb. 1875 ...	Hindu Music, from various authors. Part I.	Pancháman Mukerji, at Páthuriághátá, Bow Bazar.	Sourindramohan Tagore, of Páthuriághátá, Calcutta.	1st Feb. 1875.
249	17th Feb. 1875 ...	Pratham Shikshár Bāngálár Itihās.	Manager, Sanskrit Press Depository, at No. 30, Bēchu Chatterji's Street.	Rājkrishna Mukerji, M.A., of No. 4, Shitáram Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	8th Feb. 1875.
250	8th Mar. 1875 ...	The Náná. A Military Drama. Mukerji's Magazine. (No. XXVII, Part II.)	Berigny and Co., at No. 12, Lál Bazar, Calcutta.	Berigny and Co., of No. 12, Lál Bazar Street, Calcutta.	23rd Feb. 1875.
251	19th Mar. 1875 ...	Bayán Rizál ...	Assáruddín of Pheripará, Toltollá.	Assáruddín, Toltollá ...	28th Feb. 1875.

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Bengali	56	52	108
English	11	20	31
Hindi	1	1	2
Persian	1	1
Sanskrit	11	2	13
Santâli	1	1
Urdu	2	2
Uriyâ	2	5	7
Total Books and Pamphlets	82	85	167
BI-LINGUALS.			
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Bengali and Sanskrit	11	2	13
English and Italian	5	5
.. and Sanskrit	2	1	3
.. and Uriyâ	1	1
French and Urdu	1	.....	1
Persian and Urdu	.....	1	1
Total Bi-Linguals	14	12	26
TRI-LINGUALS.			
Bengali, English, and Urdu	3	.....	3
Total Tri-Linguals	3	.....	3
PERIODICALS.			
Bengali	.....	.....	39
English	.....	.....	24
Sanskrit	.....	.....	5
Bengali and English	.....	.....	2
.. and Sanskrit	.....	.....	1
Hindi and Sanskrit	.....	.....	1
Total Periodicals	.....	.....	62
Grand Total of Books, &c.	.....	.....	255

J. ROBINSON,

*Librarian of the Bengal Library, and Keeper
of the Catalogue of Books.*



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 1875.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Saturday, the 1st May 1875.

Present:

The Hon'ble V. H. SCHALCH, *presiding*.
 The Hon'ble G. C. PAUL, *Acting Advocate-General*.
 The Hon'ble H. L. DAMPIER,
 The Hon'ble STUART HOGG,
 The Hon'ble H. J. REYNOLDS,
 The Hon'ble BABOO JUGGADANUND MOOKERJEE, *Rai Bahadur*.
 The Hon'ble T. W. BROOKES,
 The Hon'ble BABOO DOORGA CHURN LAW,
 The Hon'ble BABOO KRISTODAS PAL,
 and
 The Hon'ble NAWAB SYUD ASHGHAH ALI DILER JUNG, *C.S.I.*

MOFUSSIL MUNICIPALITIES.

The Hon'ble MR. DAMPIER said, when asking for leave to introduce a Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to municipalities, he said that we should take the Bill of 1872 as the general model, throwing out such provisions of it as had not met with the approval of the Governor-General, and against which general opposition was expressed. He said that it would not be the object of the present Bill to increase taxation, and he thought hon'ble members would find that the Bill fulfilled those conditions.

6. No tract of country which does not contain at least one thousand inhabitants, and which does not contain the average number of five hundred inhabitants to the square mile of the area of such tract, shall be declared to be a second class Municipality.

Definition of second class Municipality.

7. No tract of country shall be declared a municipality under this Act unless a majority of the adult population of such tract of country is chiefly employed in pursuits other than agricultural.

Class of persons of which a municipality must consist.

8. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, announce that there shall be united with any tract of country as aforesaid (for the purpose of forming a first or second class Municipality, as the case may be), any number of specified places, provided that no place shall be included within any such union, unless some part of such place be situated within the distance of half a mile from some other place included in such union.

Formation of unions.

9. Whenever the Lieutenant-Governor shall have declared two or more places to be united for the purpose of forming a first or a second class Municipality as aforesaid, all tracts of country lying within a supposed ring-fence drawn round the exterior limits of all such united places shall be deemed to be within the Municipality.

Limits of union.

CHAPTER III.

OF THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES.

PART I.—Of the Constitution of the Municipality.

10. THE Lieutenant-Governor shall from time to time appoint, in every first class Municipality, not less than eight, and in every second class Municipality not less than four, persons to be Commissioners for carrying out in such Municipality the purposes of this Act.

Appointment of Commissioners.

11. The Lieutenant-Governor may delegate to any officer the power of appointing Commissioners in any second class Municipality.

Delegation of power to appoint Commissioners.

12. The Lieutenant-Governor may at any time direct that the whole or any number, not being less than two-thirds, of the Commissioners to be appointed under the last preceding section shall be elected by the rate-payers, subject to such rules in regard to qualification and election as he may think fit.

Election of Commissioners.

In any such election every person shall be entitled to vote who has paid the tax on persons, or the tax on holdings, hereinafter mentioned, that has become payable by him :

Provided that if such election take place before the said taxes have been levied in any Municipality, it shall be made by the householders therein.

The Lieutenant-Governor may appoint any persons to be *ad interim* Vice-Chairman and Commissioners pending the election of Commissioners under this section.

13. No person shall be appointed or elected a Commissioner, or a Member of a Ward Committee, under this Act in any Municipality who does not either reside or hold land therein, or within five miles from some part of the limits thereof :

Qualification of Commissioner and Member of Ward Committee.

Provided that when the imposition of any tax has been determined on in any Municipality, no person shall be appointed or elected therein a Commissioner, or Member of a Ward Committee, who does not pay, or is not liable to, municipal taxes therein.

14. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time accept the resignation of any Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee, appointed or elected under this Act, and may remove any such Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee for corruption or continued neglect to attend the meetings of the Commissioners, or otherwise to discharge his duty as Commissioner, or Member of a Ward Committee.

Removal of Commissioner.

15. The Lieutenant-Governor may at any time withdraw any direction given by him under section 12 for the election of Commissioners in any Municipality.

Withdrawal of power of election.

16. In addition to the Commissioners appointed or elected as hereinbefore provided, the Magistrate of the district and the Magistrate of the division shall be *ex-officio* Commissioners of every Municipality situated within their respective jurisdictions, and the Lieutenant-Governor may direct, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, that the persons for the time being exercising the functions of the offices to be named in such notification shall be *ex-officio* Commissioners for any or every Municipality to which the official functions of the offices held by the persons so appointed may extend ;

Ex-officio Commissioners.

and the Lieutenant-Governor may appoint as a Commissioner of any Municipality any officer in the service of Government holding a salaried office (the salary of which is not less than one hundred rupees a month) in the district in which the Municipality is situate :

Provided that not more than one-third of the whole number of Commissioners shall be persons, holding in the Judicial, Police, or Revenue Departments of the Government service, salaried offices of which the functions are exercised within the district in which the Municipality is situated, unless such persons be elected Commissioners otherwise than by appointment by the Lieutenant-Governor, or by any officer to whom the power of appointing Commissioners has been delegated under section 11.

Tenure of office of Commissioners.

17. Except as herein after provided, every Commissioner shall vacate his office at the end of three years.

18. When Commissioners are for the first time appointed or elected in any place, one-third of the whole number of which the body may consist on the first day of the municipal year next following the date of the appointment or election of such Commissioners, shall retire at the end of one year, and another third at the end of two

Rotation of Commissioners.

years, and the rest at the end of three years, to be computed from the first day of the year next following the date of the appointment or election such Commissioners.

In case such whole number is not evenly divisible by three, the one-third shall be ascertained by taking the number next below it, which is evenly divisible by three, as the number to be divided.

The Commissioners who shall retire at the end of the first and second years respectively shall be decided by lot.

19. When any Commissioners have been elected under section 12, the rule of rotation in section 18 shall be applied separately to the Commissioners who have been appointed, and separately to the Commissioners who have been elected.

Application of rule of rotation separately to appointed and elected Commissioners.

20. In calculating the whole number of Commissioners for the purposes of section 18, all *ex-officio* Commissioners shall be excluded; and such *ex-officio* Commissioners shall remain Commissioners so long as they continue to hold the respective offices in virtue of which they are respectively Commissioners.

Calculation of number of the Commissioners.

21. Any person who vacates his office under the provisions of Section 17, or who retires under the provisions of Section 18, may be at any time re-appointed or re-elected.

Retiring Commissioner may be re-appointed or re-elected.

22. The Magistrate of the district, if the Municipality be at the sudder station, or the Magistrate in charge of a division of the district, if the Municipality be situated within such division, shall be *ex-officio* Chairman of the Commissioners of such Municipality.

Chairman of Commissioners.

The Magistrate of the district may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, delegate to any Magistrate subordinate to him at a sudder station any of the powers vested by this Act in the Chairman of the Commissioners, and may withdraw such powers.

In the absence of the Magistrate of a division of the district, the Magistrate of the district may appoint any Magistrate subordinate to him to officiate as Chairman of the Commissioners within such division.

23. The Commissioners shall elect their own Vice-Chairman, subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor; he shall hold office for one year from the date of his election, and shall be eligible for re-election at the end of each year.

Election of Vice-Chairman.

Such Vice-Chairman may at any time be removed from the office of Vice-Chairman by a resolution of the Commissioners, in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners shall have voted:

Provided that the Lieutenant-Governor may sanction the election permanently, or for a term of years, of a salaried Vice-Chairman if proposed by the Commissioners.

24. The Commissioners shall, in the name of their Chairman, by the description of "The Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners of _____," be a body corporate,

Commissioners incorporated.

and have perpetual succession, and a common seal, and in such name shall sue and be sued.

Such common seal shall have the name of the Municipality engraved thereon in legible characters in the English language, and also in the vernacular of the district.

PART II.—Of the Property and Contracts of the Commissioners.

25. All property, moveable and immoveable, of any kind whatsoever, derived under any of the enactments specified in the fifth or sixth schedule, or otherwise, and vested in, or held in trust for the late Commissioners, Committee, or Panchayet (being the Commissioners or Committee or Panchayet appointed under any of the said enactments), for the tract of country which has been declared to be included in a Municipality, shall become vested in the Commissioners of such Municipality and their successors.

All property and rights of action of Municipal Commissioners or Panchayet vested in Commissioners appointed under this Act.

26. All roads, bridges, embankments, and drains in any Municipality (not being private property), now existing, or which shall afterwards be made, and the pavements, stones, and other materials thereof, and also all erections, materials, implements, and other things provided therefor, shall vest in and belong to the Commissioners of such Municipality.

Public roads, &c., vested in the Commissioners.

But the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time, by notification, exclude any road, bridge, embankment, or drain from the operation of this Act, unless the cost of the original construction of the same shall have been paid from the Municipal Fund, and may cancel such notification wholly or in part.

27. The Commissioners may at a meeting agree with the person, in whom the property in any road is vested, to take over the property therein, and after such agreement may declare, by notice in writing put up in any part of such road, that the same has become a municipal road.

Thereupon such road shall vest in the Commissioners and shall thenceforth be repaired and kept up out of the Municipal Fund.

28. Every hospital, dispensary, school, rest-house, market, tank, and well, not being private property, or the property of a religious institution or society, and all medicines, furniture, and other articles appurtenant thereto, not being private property, which at and after the commencement of this Act shall be found within any Municipality may, by order of the Lieutenant-Governor, duly published, be vested in the Commissioners of such Municipality, and thereupon all endowments or funds belonging thereto shall be transferred to, and vested in, such Commissioners as trustees for the purposes to which such endowments and funds were lawfully applicable at the time of such transfer:

Provided that no such order shall be published until one month after notice of the intention to transfer such property shall have been published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and within the Municipality in the vernacular language of the district.

Existing hospitals, schools, rest-houses, &c., may be vested in the Commissioners.

29. If the Commissioners at a meeting shall, after publication of a notice in the last preceding section mentioned, object to the transfer to themselves of any hospital, dispensary, or school, on the ground that their funds cannot bear the charge, then such transfer shall not be made save under such conditions as the Commissioners at a meeting may agree to accept.

30. The Commissioners at a meeting may purchase or take on lease any land for the purposes of this Act, and may sell any land not required for such purposes.

31. When any land within the limits of any Municipality is required for the purposes of this Act, if the Commissioners cannot agree with the owner for the purchase thereof, the Lieutenant-Governor, on the recommendation of the Commissioners, may notify that such land is required under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870; and, on payment by the Commissioners of the compensation awarded under such Act, the land shall vest in them for the purposes of this Act.

32. The Commissioners may enter into and perform any contract necessary for the purposes of this Act.

Every contract made on behalf of the Commissioners in respect of any sum exceeding twenty rupees, or in respect of any property exceeding twenty rupees in value, shall be in writing, and signed by at least two of the Commissioners, one of whom shall be the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, and shall be sealed with the common seal of the Commissioners.

Unless so executed, it shall not be binding on the Commissioners.

PART III.—Of the Mode of transacting the Business of the Municipality.

33. The Commissioners shall have an office, where they shall meet for the transaction of business at least once in every month, and as often as a meeting shall be called by the Chairman or, in his absence, by the Vice-Chairman, and all questions which may come before them at any meeting shall be decided by a majority.

The Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall call a meeting on a requisition signed by three of the Commissioners.

34. The Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall preside at every such meeting, and, in the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the Commissioners shall choose some one of their number to preside.

In cases of equality of votes, the President shall have a casting vote.

35. No business shall be transacted at a meeting unless it has been called by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, and unless, at least, in the case of a first class Municipality, five, and in the case of a second class Municipality, three, Commissioners be present.

36. Minutes of the proceedings of all meetings of the Commissioners shall be entered in a book to be kept for the purpose, and shall be signed by the President of the meeting, and such book shall be open to the inspection of the tax-payers.

37. The Chairman shall, for the transaction of the business connected with, or for the purpose of making any order authorized by this Act, exercise all the powers vested by this Act in the Commissioners; Provided that the Chairman shall not act in opposition to or in contravention of, any order of the Commissioners at a meeting, or exercise any power which is directed to be exercised by the Commissioners at a meeting.

38. The Chairman may, by a written order, delegate to the Vice-Chairman all or any of the duties or powers of a Chairman as defined in this Act, subject to such restrictions as may seem fit to him, and may at any time by a written order withdraw the same.

39. The Commissioners at a meeting shall from time to time decide what number of overseers, clerks, registrars, subordinate officers, servants, and collectors of taxes or tolls, may be necessary for the Municipality, and shall from time to time fix the salaries to be paid to such persons respectively out of the Municipal Fund, and the allowances to be granted to such persons during absence on leave.

Subject to such decision, the Chairman shall have power to appoint such persons as he may think fit, and from time to time to remove such persons and appoint others in their places:

Provided that no person shall be appointed to, or removed from, any office, the monthly salary of which exceeds fifty rupees without the sanction of the Commissioners at a meeting; and no salary amounting to more than one hundred rupees a month in a second class Municipality, or to more than one hundred and fifty rupees a month in a first class Municipality, shall be assigned to any clerk or other servant without the previous sanction of the Magistrate of the district.

40. The Commissioners shall take from every collector of municipal taxes or tolls, such security for the sums collected by him as they may think proper.

PART IV.—Of Ward Committees.

41. The Commissioners may at a meeting divide any Municipality into wards, and thereupon appoint, or cause to be elected, in the manner provided by Section 12, for each ward, not less than three qualified persons, whether such persons be or be not Commissioners for the time being, to be Members of the Ward Committee, and the said Commissioners at a meeting may define the limits of the ward for which any Ward Committee may be appointed or elected.

All questions regarding the removal, resignation, and filling up vacancies among the Members of Ward Committees shall be settled by the Commissioners at a meeting.

42. Each Ward Committee may, for each year if they see fit, elect their own Chairman from among their own number.

43. A Ward Committee, within the limits of their ward, as defined by the Commissioners at a meeting, shall exercise all the powers, and shall be bound to perform all such duties, of Commissioners as defined in this Act, as the Commissioners at a meeting shall have delegated to them.

All acts done, orders issued, and assessments made by Ward Committees, shall be subject to the control and revision of the Commissioners, who may at any time withdraw all or any of such powers and duties.

PART V.—*Liability of Commissioners and Ward Committees.*

44. No Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee shall be personally liable for any contract made, or expense incurred, by or on behalf of the Commissioners.

Every Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee shall be personally liable for any wilful misapplication of money entrusted to the Commissioners to which he shall have been a party, and he shall be liable to be sued for the same.

45. No Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee, or officer, or servant of the Commissioners or Committee, shall be interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract made with the Commissioners.

And if any such person be so interested, he shall thereby become incapable of continuing in office or employment, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees:

Provided that no person shall, by reason of being a shareholder in, or a member of, any incorporated or registered company, be deemed interested in any contract entered into between such company and the Commissioners.

But no such shareholder or member shall act as a Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee in a matter relating to any contract entered into between the Commissioners and such company.

46. No Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee shall vote on any question which regards exclusively the assessment of himself or the valuation of his property, or his liability to any tax.

CHAPTER IV.

OF THE MUNICIPAL FUND AND ITS APPLICATION.

47. All sums received by the Commissioners, and all fines paid or levied under this Act, and all other sums which, under the sanction of Government, may be transferred to such Commissioners, shall constitute a fund which shall be called the Municipal Fund, and shall, together with all property of every nature or kind whatsoever, which may become vested in the Commissioners, be under their control, and shall be held by them in trust for the purposes of this Act.

The Municipal Fund shall be deemed to be the fund applicable to police purposes mentioned in sections 11 and 48 of Bengal Act No. II of 1866 (to provide for the better regulation of the Police within the Suburbs of the Town of Calcutta).

48. The Commissioners shall set apart and apply annually out of the Municipal Fund such sum as they are by this Act required to provide for the maintenance of the Municipal police force, and a sum sufficient for payment of their own establishment and the expenses of their office.

49. The Municipal Fund, after the sums mentioned have been set apart under the last preceding section, may, subject to such rules and restrictions as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time prescribe, be applied by the Commissioners to any of the following purposes within the Municipality in which such Municipal Fund is raised, that is to say—

- (1) The construction, repair, and maintenance of roads, wharves, embankments, channels, drains, bridges, and tanks;
- (2) The supply of water and lighting of roads;
- (3) Other works of public utility calculated to promote the health, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants:

Provided that for every thousand inhabitants of any Municipality not more than two hundred rupees a year shall be expended on such objects, unless the Lieutenant-Governor shall, at the request of the Commissioners at a meeting, extend such limit for a special object;

(4) The diffusion of education, and with this view the construction and repair of school-houses, and the establishment and maintenance of schools either wholly or by means of grants-in-aid;

(5) The establishment and maintenance of hospitals and dispensaries;

(6) The promotion of vaccination;

(7) And for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

Provided that no portion of the Municipal Fund shall be applied to the establishment and maintenance of schools, or hospitals, or dispensaries, or to the promotion of vaccination, unless such application be sanctioned by the consent of a majority of the Commissioners, or of the Members of the Ward Committee respectively, at a meeting specially convened for considering the question of such application.

50. The Commissioners at a meeting may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, contribute a portion of the Municipal Fund towards the expenses incurred in any other Municipality, or in any district or sub-division, where such expenses are incurred for any of the purposes described in clauses (1) and (2) of the last preceding section, and also towards the expenses of making, maintaining, and repairing any work for the improvement of a river or harbour (by whomsoever such work may be done):

but no contribution shall be made under this section to any work except such as is calculated to benefit the inhabitants of the contributing Municipality.

51. The account books of the Municipality shall be open to the inspection of any tax-payer at the office of the Commissioners on a day to be fixed in each week.

An account showing the receipts and expenditure during the quarter, arranged under the proper heads and duly balanced, shall be prepared immediately after the close of each quarter, and shall, with the account books, be open to the inspection of any tax-payer, and a copy of such account shall be forwarded to the Magistrate of the district for submission to the Commissioner of the division.

52. The Commissioners, at a meeting three months before the close of the municipal year, shall prepare in detail estimates showing the probable receipts and expenditure during the ensuing Municipal year, and the objects in respect of which it is proposed to incur such expenditure.

53. Copies of the estimates and translations thereof in the vernacular of the district shall be lodged in the office of the Magistrate and in the Municipal office or offices.

During fourteen days after the estimates shall have been so lodged in the said offices, of which due notice shall be published, the estimates and translations in the vernacular of the district shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by any tax-payer of such Municipality who may desire to inspect the same.

Any written suggestion which may be deposited in the office of the Commissioners shall be recorded and laid before them for consideration at the next meeting.

54. After the expiration of the said fourteen days, and after such revision as may appear requisite, the Chairman shall transmit the estimates to the Magistrate of the district with any remarks or objections thereupon which may have been recorded by himself or by the Commissioners at a meeting; and the Magistrate of the district shall forward them to the Commissioner of the division together with such remarks or objections, and his own opinion thereon.

55. The Commissioner of the division shall sanction any estimate forwarded under the last preceding section which may appear to him to be unobjectionable.

If he sees any objections to an estimate, he shall record and forward the same, together with the estimate, for reconsideration by the Commissioners.

A meeting shall be called specially for the purpose of such reconsideration; and the decision of the majority of the Commissioners attending at such meeting shall, subject to the provisions of section 56, be final.

56. The Commissioners at a meeting may at any time revise any estimate of expenditure with the view of providing for any modifications which they may deem it advisable to make in the appropriation of the amount at their disposal; and such revised estimate shall be published and forwarded for sanction to the Commissioner of the division through the Magistrate of the district, as pro-

vided in section 54, and the Commissioner of the division may return such revised estimate for reconsideration by the Commissioners in manner provided by section 55.

57. The Commissioners shall, at such time and in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, furnish an annual report of their proceedings and statements in detail of all the works executed by them, and of all sums received and expended by them.

Every such report shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

58. The municipal accounts shall be audited by such person and in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, and the expense of such audit shall be paid from the Municipal Fund.

59. The Lieutenant-Governor may direct that the cost of maintaining clerks or other establishments in the offices of the Magistrate of the district and of the Commissioner of the division, for the audit of accounts and the requisite correspondence connected with the purposes of this Act, shall be paid in rateable proportion from the funds of the several Municipalities which may be constituted under this Act in such district or division.

And the Commissioners of every Municipality shall pay to the Magistrate of the district the sum which they may be required to pay for the purposes of this section and the last preceding section.

60. All sums belonging to the Municipal Fund shall be paid into a Government treasury, or, with the sanction of the Commissioner of the division, into any bank or branch bank, in or near to the Municipality, and shall be credited to an account to be called the Account of the Municipality to which they belong:

Provided that the Commissioners may invest any moneys not required for immediate use either in the Government Savings' Bank or in Government securities, or in any other form of security which may be approved of by the Lieutenant-Governor.

61. All orders for payment of money from the Municipal Fund shall be signed by the Chairman, or by the Vice-Chairman and one of the Commissioners.

CHAPTER V.

OF MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

PART I.—Of the Power to impose Taxes and Tolls.

62. The Commissioners of any Municipality at a meeting may from time to time with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor impose within the limits of such Municipality one or other, but not both, of the following taxes:—

- (a) A tax upon persons occupying holdings within the Municipality according to their circumstances and property within the Municipality: provided that the total sum to be raised by such tax in any year shall not exceed the sum which would be produced by an average rate of two rupees and

four annas per annum for each holding, and that the amount assessed in respect of the occupation of any one holding shall not be more than eighty-four rupees per annum; or

- (b) A tax on the annual value of all holdings situated within the Municipality: provided that such tax shall not exceed seven and a half per cent. on the annual value of such holdings, unless the said tax was levied at a higher rate before the commencement of this Act; and provided also that no tax shall be imposed on any holding of which the annual value is less than six rupees.

63. Subject to the provisions of the section next succeeding, the Commissioners of any Municipality at a meeting may, from time to time, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, impose within the limit of such Municipality all or any of the following taxes and tolls, in addition to either of the taxes mentioned in the last preceding section:—

- (a) A tax on carriages, horses, and other animals.
(b) A fee on the registration of carts.
(c) Tolls on ferries and roads.

PART II.—Of the Tax on Persons.

64. When it has been determined that a tax on persons occupying holdings within the Municipality, according to their circumstances and property shall be imposed, the Commissioners shall, from time to time, prepare an assessment list, which shall be in the form in the first schedule.

The Commissioners may omit from the list prepared under this section any person who may by them be deemed too poor to pay such tax.

65. The Commissioners may, at any time after the publication of the assessment list, assess any person who was without authority omitted therefrom, or whose liability to assessment has accrued thereafter.

Notice of such assessment shall be given to the person assessed, who may apply to the Commissioners to review the same.

66. Any person mentioned in the assessment list, who shall at any time after the publication thereof have ceased to occupy any holding in respect of which he has been assessed, or whose means and property in respect of which he has been so assessed shall have been reduced, may apply to the Commissioners to revise his assessment.

Such application may be made at any time, and shall be dealt with in the manner provided by section 81 in respect of an application for review.

67. The Commissioners may at any time substitute for any name mentioned in the assessment list the name of any fresh occupant of the property assessed, and shall give notice to the person whose name is so substituted.

Such person shall be liable to pay the amount in respect of such occupation from the first day of the quarter of the municipal year next after the date of the change of occupation.

The Commissioners may raise, or decrease, the assessment made on account of the occupation of the holding, as they may see fit, having reference to the circumstances and property within the municipality of the new occupant.

PART III.—Of the Tax on Holdings.

68. When it has been determined that a tax shall be imposed on the annual value of holdings, any such tax shall be paid by the owners of the holdings by quarterly instalments.

Houses used exclusively as places of public worship, or applied solely to charitable purposes, shall not be liable to such tax.

69. The gross annual rent at which any holding may be reasonably expected to be let, shall be deemed to be the annual value thereof, and such value shall accordingly be fixed by the Commissioners:

Provided that the annual value of any arable land shall be deemed to be one-half of the annual rent at which such land may be reasonably expected to be let.

70. If any house belongs to one owner, and the land on which it stands, and the adjacent land which is usually occupied therewith, belong to another, the Commissioners may value such house and land together at one consolidated rate.

The total amount of the valuation shall be payable by the owner of the house, who shall thereafter be entitled to deduct from the rent which he pays for the land such proportion of the tax so paid by him as is equal to the proportion which his rent bears to the annual value of the whole property.

If the owner of the house and the owner of the land do not agree in respect of the proportion of the tax so deducted by the owner of the house, the Commissioners at a meeting shall, on the application of either party, make an award declaring the amount payable by each, and such award shall be final.

71. If the sum due from the owner of any holding remains unpaid after notice of demand has been duly served, and such owner be not resident within the Municipality, or the place of abode of such owner be unknown, the same may be recovered from the occupier for the time being of such holding, who may deduct, from the next and following payments of his rent, the amount which may be so paid by or recovered from him:

Provided that no arrear of tax, which has remained due from the owner of any holding for more than one year, shall be so recovered from the occupier thereof.

72. The Commissioners, in order to prepare a valuation list, may, whenever they think fit, by notice, require the respective owners or occupiers of all holdings to furnish them with returns of the rent or annual value thereof, and they, or any

person authorized by them in that behalf, at any time between sunrise and sunset, may enter, inspect, and measure, any such holding after having given forty-eight hours' previous notice of their intention to the occupier thereof.

73. When the valuation of the holdings has been completed, the Chairman shall prepare a valuation list in the form in the second schedule (of which the last column will remain blank).

74. The Commissioners may at any time after the publication of the said valuation list value any holding, which was without authority omitted therefrom, or which has become liable to valuation after the publication thereof.

Notice of the amount of the valuation shall be given to the person affected thereby, who may apply to the Commissioners to review the same.

75. The Commissioners may at any time substitute for any name mentioned in the said valuation list the name of any person to whom any holding mentioned therein shall have been transferred, and shall give notice thereof to the person whose name is so substituted.

Such person shall be liable to pay the amount payable on such holding from the first day of the quarter of the municipal year next after the date of the transfer.

76. When any house has been vacant for sixty or more consecutive days during any municipal year, the Commissioners shall remit one-half of so much of the tax of that year as may be proportionate to the number of days the said house has remained unoccupied; provided that the owner of such house, or his agent, has given to the Commissioners notice in writing of the vacancy thereof, and that the amount of tax to be remitted shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice.

No notice of vacancy given under this section shall have effect beyond the end of the quarter in which it has been given, unless a similar notice of continued vacancy be given within the first fifteen days of the following quarter.

When such notice of vacancy has been given, the owner shall give immediate notice of any re-occupation.

PART IV.—Of general provisions relating to the taxes on persons and holdings.

77. The Commissioners at a meeting shall determine the rate at which the tax on persons and the tax on holdings shall be imposed; and at a meeting to be held not less than fifteen days before the expiration of each municipal year shall determine the rate at which such taxes shall be imposed for the ensuing year.

78. The assessment list and valuation list respectively, shall be signed by the Chairman and shall be published.

On the publication of the assessment list or valuation list respectively, the Chairman shall serve a notice in the vernacular of the district,

on each person liable to assessment,

or on the owner of each holding,

containing an extract from such list of the entries affecting him.

79. Save as herein otherwise provided, every assessment and valuation, when published, shall be valid for three years and until the beginning of the municipal year next after the date on which a new assessment or valuation may be made.

80. Any person who is dissatisfied with the assessment, or with the valuation of any holding, or who disputes his occupation of any holding, or his liability to be assessed, may apply to the Commissioners to review the same.

81. Every application to review any order of assessment, any list, or other proceeding in respect of the amount of the assessment or demand, or of the liability of the person assessed or required to pay such amount, shall be heard and determined by not less than three Commissioners, one of whom shall be the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, who, after making such inquiries as they may deem necessary, may confirm or amend the same.

If such Commissioners confirm the same, they may order that the applicant shall pay such reasonable costs as may have been incurred in respect of his application.

The decision of such Commissioners or of a majority thereof, in such cases shall be final.

No such application shall be received after the expiration of two months from the time when publication under section 78 has been made unless good grounds be shown to the satisfaction of such Commissioners; and in no case shall such application be received after the expiration of ten days from the service under section 111 of the first bill or other demand for payment.

82. No objection shall be taken to any assessment, nor shall the liability of any person to be assessed be questioned, in any other manner or by any other authority than in this Act is provided.

PART V.—Of the Tax on Carriages and Animals.

83. When it has been determined that a tax on carriages and animals kept within the Municipality shall be imposed, the Commissioners at a meeting shall make and publish an order, stating at what rates, not exceeding the rates given in the third schedule, such tax shall be imposed, but such tax shall not be imposed on:—

- (a) animals belonging to officers doing regimental duty at the rate of one animal for each officer;
- (b) animals exempt from any municipal tax under section 25 of the Indian Volunteers Act, 1869;
- (c) carriages or animals belonging to Government, or to the Commissioners;
- (d) animals used by, or in, any cavalry regiment, or by the police;
- (e) carriages or animals kept for sale by any *long life* dealer in such carriages or animals, and not used for any other purpose.

Such order shall continue in force until rescinded, and the Commissioners at a meeting, not less than fifteen days from the expiry of any municipal year, may make, and in that case shall publish, an order, stating the rates of such tax for the ensuing year.

84. The owner of every carriage and animal mentioned in the third schedule shall, within a month after the publication of an order under the last preceding section and in like manner within the first month of each municipal half-year, forward to the Commissioners a statement in writing, signed by him, containing a description of the carriages and animals liable to the tax for which he desires to take out a license.

Such owner shall at the same time pay to the Commissioners such sum as shall be payable by him for the current municipal half-year at the date of such publication for the carriages and animals specified in such statement, according to the rates stated in any order in force at the time made under section 83.

If any person becomes possessed, at any time after the commencement of the municipal half-year, of any carriage or animal mentioned in the third schedule, in respect of which no license has been given for such half-year, he shall forward a statement as above required within one month of the date on which he may have acquired possession thereof, and shall pay the tax for the unexpired portion of the half-year calculated from such date.

85. On receiving the amount of the tax under this Part, the Commissioners, or some person authorised by them in that behalf, shall give to the person paying the same a license for the several carriages and animals for the period in respect of which the amount is received.

Such license shall be for the current municipal half-year and no longer.

86. Whenever the owner of any carriage or animal is not resident within the limits of the Municipality wherein the same is kept, the person occupying the premises where it is for the time being kept shall take out a license under this Part.

87. The Commissioners at their discretion may compound, for any period not exceeding one year, with livery stable-keepers and other persons keeping carriages and animals for hire, for a certain sum to be paid for the carriages and animals so kept by such person, in lieu of the rates stated in any order made by the Commissioners under section 83.

88. The Commissioners shall from time to time cause to be prepared and entered in distinct columns in a book, to be kept by them, and to be open to the inspection of any person interested therein, a list of the persons to whom, during the then current municipal half-year, a license has been given under this Part, and of the carriages and animals in respect of which they have paid.

89. The Commissioners, or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may at any time between sunrise and sunset, enter and inspect any stable or coach-house, or any place wherein they may have reason to believe that there is any carriage or animal liable to taxation for which a license has not been duly taken out.

And the Commissioners may summon any person whom they have reason to believe to be liable to the payment of any such tax, or any servant of such person, and may examine such person or servant as to the number and description of the carriages and animals in respect of which such person is liable to be taxed.

PART VI.—Of the Registration of Carts.

90. The Commissioners at a meeting may make and publish an order that every cart, kept and used within, or let for hire within or without the municipality and used within it, shall be registered by the Commissioners with the name and residence of the owner, and shall bear the number of registration in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct:

This section shall not apply to carts:—

- (a) which are the property of the Government, or of the Commissioners;
- (b) which are kept at more than two miles' distance from the Municipality, and are only temporarily and casually used within it.

91. The registration of carts, under the last preceding section shall be made, and the numbers assigned, half-yearly upon such days as the Commissioners shall notify, and such fee as they shall fix, not exceeding one rupee, shall be paid for each registration.

Any person becoming possessed of any cart, which has not been registered for the then current municipal half-year, shall register the same within one month of the date on which he may have become possessed thereof, and the Commissioners shall grant registration in any such case on payment of a proportional fee for the unexpired portion of the current half-year calculated from such date.

92. When the ownership of any registered cart is transferred within any half-year, it shall be registered anew within one month of the transfer in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred, and a fee not exceeding four annas shall be paid for every such last-mentioned registration.

93. If any person owns or keeps any cart hereinbefore required to be registered without having caused the same to be registered, the Commissioners, or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may seize and detain such cart (provided the same be not employed at the time of seizure in the conveyance of any passengers or goods), together with the animals drawing the same; and all police officers are required, on the application of the Commissioners, or of any servant of the Commissioners duly authorized in that behalf, to assist in the said seizure.

If the vehicle seized be not claimed, and the fine be not paid within ten days, such vehicle, together with the animals seized with it (if any), may be sold by auction by order of the Commissioners, and the proceeds applied to the payment of the fine and to the costs and charges incurred on account of the seizure, detention, and sale;

And the surplus (if any), if not claimed by the owner or the person keeping such cart within a further period of twelve months, shall become vested in the Commissioners and be transferred to the Municipal Fund.

Provided that if at any time before the sale is concluded the person whose cart has been seized shall tender to the Commissioners, or the person authorized by them to sell the cart, the amount of all the expenses incurred, and the registration fee payable by him, the Commissioners shall forthwith release the cart so seized.

PART VII.—Of Tolls on Ferries.

94. The Lieutenant-Governor may make over to the Commissioners any existing public ferry within or adjacent to the limits of the Municipality; such ferry shall thenceforward be deemed to be a municipal ferry, and the profits derivable therefrom shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

95. The Commissioners may also, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, declare that any other ferry within or adjacent to the limits of the Municipality is a municipal ferry; and the profits derivable therefrom shall thenceforward be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund:

Provided that due compensation shall be made to any person for the loss which he may have sustained in consequence of such ferry being declared to be a municipal ferry.

The amount of compensation due in such cases shall be ascertained and awarded by the Magistrate under the provisions of section 4 of Bengal Act No. I of 1866 (*to amend certain provisions of Regulation VI of 1819*) or other law for the time being in force.

96. Every municipal ferry shall be maintained by the Commissioners, and they shall do all things necessary to provide for the safety and convenience of travellers, and the safety of property to be conveyed in such ferry.

97. When it has been determined to impose tolls on municipal ferries, the Commissioners at a meeting shall make and publish an order specifying the rates, and, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, the rates at which such tolls shall be levied.

Such rates may from time to time be varied with the like sanction.

98. Any collector or lessee of tolls, or his assistant, may refuse to convey any person or goods across a municipal ferry until the proper toll has been paid, and may require any person who refuses to pay the toll to leave the boat and to remove his goods from it.

99. No person shall keep a ferry-boat for the purpose of plying for hire within a distance of two miles above or below any municipal ferry without the previous sanction

of the Commissioners if he plies within the limits of the Municipality,

or of the Magistrate of the district if without such limits,

or of the Magistrate of the district and the Commissioners if one of the two banks between which he plies is within, and the other bank is without, such limits.

PART VIII.—Of Tolls on Roads.

100. The Lieutenant-Governor may make over to the Commissioners any existing toll-bar within the limits of the Municipality; and the profits derivable from it shall thenceforward be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

101. The Commissioners may also, under the authority of the Lieutenant-Governor, establish toll-bars upon any road or bridge within the limits of the Municipality for the purpose of levying tolls on vehicles and animals entering such limits; and the profits derivable therefrom shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

102. When it has been determined that tolls shall be levied on any road or bridge, the Commissioners at a meeting shall make and publish an order, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, specifying the rates at which such tolls shall be levied.

Such rates may from time to time be varied with the like sanction.

103. Any Collector or lessee of tolls may refuse to allow any person to pass through any municipal toll-bar, until the proper toll has been paid.

104. In case of non-payment of any toll on demand, the person authorized to collect the same may seize any carriage or animal, or any part of its burden, on which toll is chargeable, of sufficient value to defray the toll.

After such seizure the Commissioners shall forthwith issue a notice in writing that after the expiration of ten days they will sell the property by auction at such place as they may state in the notice; and if any toll, together with the cost arising from such seizure and custody, remains undischarged for ten days after the issue of such notice, the Commissioners may sell the property seized for discharge of the toll, and of all expenses occasioned by such non-payment, seizure, custody, and sale.

Any balance that may remain out of the proceeds of the sale shall be returned, on demand, if made within twelve months, to the owner of the property, and if unclaimed after such period shall be credited to the Municipal Fund.

Provided that if, at any time before the sale has been concluded, the person whose property has been seized shall tender to the Commissioners, or the officer appointed by them to sell the property, the amount of all the expenses incurred and of the toll payable by him, the Commissioners shall forthwith release the property seized.

PART IX.—Of general provisions relating to tolls.

105. The Commissioners may grant a lease of any municipal ferry or toll-bar for any period not exceeding three years.

106. A table of tolls legibly written in English and in the vernacular of the district shall be hung up

in some conspicuous position at either end of every municipal ferry, and in some conspicuous position near every municipal toll-bar, so as to be easily read by all persons required to pay the toll.

107. The Commissioners, or the lessee of any municipal ferry or toll-bar, may compound with any person for a certain sum to be paid by such person for himself, or for any vehicles or animal kept by him, in lieu of the ordinary toll payable.

108. No tolls shall be paid for the passage of troops on the march, or of animals or vehicles employed in the transport of such troops.

or of Military or Government stores, or the persons in charge of them,

or of military or police officers, or of any public or municipal officer on duty, or of any person in their custody, or of any property belonging to them or in their custody, or any vehicle or animal employed by such persons for the transport of such property,

or of conservancy carts or other vehicles, or animals, belonging to the Commissioners, or of the persons in charge of them.

109. In all cases of resistance to the person authorized to collect tolls, police officers shall assist when required, and for that purpose shall have the same powers as they have in the exercise of their ordinary police duties.

PART X.—Of Tolls on Navigable Channels.

110. If the Lieutenant-Governor has declared that the provisions of the Canals' Act, 1864, or other similar law for the time being in force, are applicable to any navigable channel which passes through the limits of a Municipality, he may appoint the Commissioners to collect tolls as provided in section 8 of such Act, and the profits derivable therefrom shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

In such case the Commissioners shall exercise all the powers vested by such Act in the Collector.

CHAPTER VI.**OF THE RECOVERY OF MUNICIPAL TAXES.**

111. By notification to be affixed in their office, the Commissioners shall declare at what hours of each day (not being Sunday or other recognized holiday) the office shall be open for the receipt of money.

Every person is required to pay the sum due by him during the first month of each quarter.

Such payment may be made at the office of the Commissioners or to any tax-collector appointed in that behalf.

The amount due by any person on account of the tax on persons, or the tax on holdings, shall be deemed to be the amount entered in the notice served upon him under section 78.

112. For all sums collected on account of any tax under this Act, a receipt stating the amount and the tax to which it is appropriated shall be given, signed by the tax-collector or by some other officer authorized by the Commissioners to grant such receipts.

113. Every instalment of the tax upon persons and of the tax on holdings described in section 62 shall be payable in advance on the first day of the quarter or other period in respect of which such instalment is payable.

114. At any time within six months and not less than one month after any sum has become due on account of any tax, the Chairman shall cause to be served upon the person liable to the payment thereof a bill for the said sum, which shall also contain a statement of the period and of the tax on account of which the charge is made.

Appended to such bill shall be a notice of demand in the form (A) in the fourth schedule.

Such notice of demand shall be signed by the Chairman or an officer authorized in that behalf, and shall be served by a person authorized to receive payment.

115. If any person, after service upon him of such bill and notice, shall not, within ten days thereafter or from the date of any order of review thereafter made, pay the sum due, and a fee of two annas as costs of service, or show to the Commissioners sufficient cause for non-payment of the same, the amount of the arrear due, with costs on the scale in the form (B) in the fourth schedule may at any time within three months after the date of service of the said bill, or of the order of review made thereafter, be levied by distress and sale of any moveable property belonging to the defaulter which may be found within the Municipality, or of any moveable property, except ploughs, plough-cattle, or implements of trade or agriculture, which may be found within the holding in respect of the occupation of which such defaulter is liable to such tax.

If the same belong to any person other than the defaulter, the defaulter shall be liable to indemnify the owner thereof for any damage he may sustain by reason of such distress, or by reason of any payment he may make to avoid such distress or any sale under the same.

116. Every warrant of distress and sale under the last preceding section shall be issued by the Commissioners, and shall be in the form (C) in the fourth schedule.

Distress shall be made by actual seizure of moveable property, and the officer charged with the execution of the warrant shall be responsible for the due custody thereof.

Such officer shall make an inventory of all moveable property seized under the warrant, and shall give not less than ten days' previous notice of the sale, and of the time and place thereof, by beat of drum, in the Municipality or

Ward in which the property is situated, and by serving on the defaulter a notice in the form (D) in the fourth schedule :

Provided that if the property is of a perishable nature, it may be sold, with the consent of the defaulter, at any time after the expiry of twenty-four hours from the seizure.

117. The officer charged with the execution of the warrant may, under the special order of the Commissioners, between sunrise and sunset, break open any outer or inner door or window of a house, in order to make the distress, if he has reasonable ground for believing that it contains any moveable property belonging to the defaulter, and if, after notification of his authority and purpose and demand of admittance duly made, he cannot otherwise obtain admittance.

Provided that he shall not enter or break open the door of any room appropriated for the *zanáná* or residence of women, which by the usage of the country is considered private.

118. If the sum due be not paid with costs before the sale is concluded, or the warrant be not discharged or suspended by the Commissioners, the moveable property seized shall be sold by auction, at the time and place specified, in the most public manner possible ; and the proceeds shall be applied in discharge of the arrears and costs, and the surplus, if any, shall be returned on demand to the person in possession of the moveable property at the time of the seizure ; or if unclaimed for a period of twelve months, shall become vested in the Commissioners and transferred to the Municipal Fund.

The tax-collector or other officer authorized in that behalf shall make a return of all such sales to the Commissioners in the form (E) in the fourth schedule ; and the costs upon every such proceeding shall be such as are mentioned in the form (B) in the fourth schedule.

119. The Commissioners shall cause a regular account to be kept of all distresses levied and sales made for the recovery of taxes under this Act.

120. No distress or sale made under this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser on account of any defect or want of form in the bill, notice, summons, warrant of distress, inventory, or other proceeding relating thereto.

121. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize thereby the whole or any part of any tax, the Commissioners may sue the person liable to pay the same in any court of competent jurisdiction.

CHAPTER VII.

OF THE MUNICIPAL POLICE.

122. All police officers appointed or employed in any Municipality shall be appointed under the provisions of Act No. V of 1861 (*for the Regulation of Police*)

or of any other Act for the time being in force for the regulation of the police in the police district within which the said Municipality may be situated, and shall be deemed to be a portion of the police establishments under the Government of Bengal, and shall be subject to the provisions of any such Act, except as hereinafter provided.

123. No police officer, who forms part of the strength of the Municipal police for which the estimate mentioned in the next succeeding section may have been calculated, shall be liable to serve beyond the limits of the Municipality save in execution of duties imposed on him by his employment as a police officer of such Municipality.

124. From the commencement of this Act, every District Superintendent of police shall prepare, in such form as may be directed by the Lieutenant-Governor, an estimate of the income and expense of the police force in every Municipality within his district for the Municipal year next following the preparation of such estimate, and shall present the same to the Commissioners of such Municipality at least four months before the beginning of the Municipal year to which the estimate relates.

125. The police estimate shall show the number, constitution, and salaries of the police force to be maintained in any such Municipality, and shall state whether the whole or some and what part of such expense is to be borne by rates to be levied in the Municipality to which the same refers :

Provided that the expense so to be borne in any second class Municipality shall not exceed the average rate of one rupee and eight annas in the year on each holding, and that the expense so to be borne in any first class Municipality shall not exceed the average rate of two rupees and four annas on each holding within the local limits of such Municipality ; except in the suburbs of Calcutta and in Howrah, in which the cost of the police force, including the contingent expenses thereof, to be borne by the Municipality shall not exceed the average rate of four hundred rupees for every thousand inhabitants of the Municipality as shown in the last census return.

126. After the receipt of the police estimate, the Commissioners shall cause the same to be translated into the language usually spoken in such Municipality, and shall cause the same or the translation thereof, to be laid before the Commissioners at their next meeting.

127. After such meeting, the Commissioners shall transmit the police estimate, together with any remarks or objections which the Commissioners at the meeting may desire to record, to the Magistrate of the district for transmission to the Commissioner of the division and by him to the Lieutenant-Governor.

128. The Lieutenant-Governor may consider the police estimate so transmitted to him, and approve, reject, or modify and approve as modified, the same or any part thereof.

129. So much of the police estimate as may thereby be directed to be borne by the taxes to be levied in any Municipality shall, for the purposes of this Act, be the expense of the police to be borne by such Municipality for the year for which the police estimate shall have been presented.

The amount which may be finally settled shall be entered in the estimates of the Municipality as prepared under section 52.

130. At the close of each month, the District Superintendent of Police shall cause to be prepared and laid before the Commissioners a bill showing the actual expenses incurred during the month in the payment of the police force, and the contingent expenses thereof; and, so far as the same is in accordance with the police estimate, the Commissioners shall cause the amount or the share thereof which is payable by them under the last preceding section to be paid from the Municipal Fund.

131. Nothing in this Act shall deprive the Commissioner of Police for the town of Calcutta of any power or authority over the police in the Suburbs of Calcutta vested in him by Bengal Act No. II of 1866 (*for the better regulation of the police within the suburbs of the town of Calcutta*).

And the Inspector-General of Police is hereby precluded from exercising over the police within the said suburbs any of the powers and authorities vested in him by the said Act No V of 1861.

132. The Deputy Commissioner of Police for the suburbs of Calcutta shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be the District Superintendent of the said suburbs.

CHAPTER VIII.

OF THE REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

133. Every first class Municipality shall, and every second class Municipality may,

provide for the registration of births and deaths within the limits of their jurisdiction in accordance with the provisions of Bengal Act No. IV of 1873 (*for registering births and deaths*).

CHAPTER IX.

OF MUNICIPAL REGULATIONS.

134. No owner of any holding shall be deemed to be relieved from the discharge of the duties and liabilities described in this Chapter by the circumstance of his not residing within the Municipality unless he has let such holding to a resident occupier.

135. Whenever it is directed in this Chapter that any expenses incurred or fee chargeable by the Commissioners shall be paid by the owner of any land or by the occupier thereof, or by either of them, the same may be recovered under Chapter VI as an arrear of tax.

The notice of demand for such expenses or fee shall be made within one month from the date

on which the amount thereof shall have been ascertained.

PART I.—Of Offensive Matter, Rubbish, Privies, and Drains.

136. The Commissioners may provide all establishments, cattle, carts, and implements required for the removal of offensive matter, and shall from time to time provide places convenient for the deposit thereof.

137. The Commissioners at a meeting shall from time to time appoint the hours within which it shall be lawful to remove offensive matter and the manner in which the same shall be removed, and may remove the same at the expense of the occupier from any house if the occupier thereof fails to do so in accordance with this Act.

The Commissioners shall make and publish an order notifying the places and hours appointed under this and the last preceding section.

138. The Commissioners at a meeting may order that an establishment shall be maintained for the purpose of daily removing offensive matter from houses in their Municipality.

Any occupier in that case may apply to the Commissioners to effect such removal, and shall be chargeable with such fee as may be fixed by a bye-law duly published.

But no occupier shall be compelled to pay such fee if he does not wish to employ such establishment, and the Commissioners shall not be bound to maintain such an establishment.

139. All drains, privies, and cesspools shall be under the survey and control of the Commissioners, and shall be repaired and made efficient at the cost of the owners or occupiers of the holdings to which the same belong.

If any such owner or occupier neglect, during fifteen days after notice in writing, to repair and make the same efficient, the Commissioners shall cause such drain, privy, or cesspool to be made efficient, or, if necessary, shall remove the same, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

140. The Commissioners, or any officer authorized by them in that behalf, may inspect all privies, drains, and cesspools at any time between sunrise and sunset, after six hours' notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any premises in which such privies, drains, or cesspools are situated, and may, if necessary, cause the ground to be opened where they or he think fit for the purpose of preventing or removing any nuisance arising from such privies, drains, or cesspools, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

141. The Commissioners at a meeting shall from time to time appoint the hours and the manner in which rubbish shall be temporarily deposited until removed and carried away, and shall make and publish an order notifying the same.

142. The Commissioners may provide and maintain, in sufficient numbers and in proper situations, common privies and urinals for the separate use of either sex, and shall cause the same to be kept in proper order and to be daily cleansed.

In any Municipality in which such privies are not maintained, the expense of removing offensive matter shall not be recovered from the occupier under section 137, and he shall not be liable to any fine for not removing such offensive matter.

143. Whenever any land being private property or within any private enclosure, appears to the Commissioners by reason of thick or noxious vegetation or jungle, to afford facilities for the commission of a nuisance, or by want of drainage, to be in a state injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood, the Commissioners may require the owner or occupier of such land, by notice addressed to him in writing, or if there be any doubt as to the ownership, by notification published on the spot, to clear and remove such vegetation or drain such land,

and if he do not within one week after such notice begin to cut, clear, and remove such vegetation, or to drain such land, and do not complete such work with due diligence, the Commissioners or any persons authorized by them in that behalf may, after forty-eight hours' notice, enter on such land, and do all necessary acts for the purposes aforesaid as they shall think fit, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

144. All rubbish and offensive matter collected by the Commissioners from roads, houses, privies, sewers, cesspools, and other places, shall be the property of the Commissioners, who shall have power to sell or otherwise dispose of the same; and the money arising from the sale thereof shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

145. All existing public sewers, drains, and other conservancy works, shall be under the direction and control of the Commissioners, who shall have power to construct any further works of that nature which they may consider necessary.

PART II.—Of Bathing and Washing Places, Tanks and Excavations.

146. All streams, channels, water-courses, tanks, reservoirs, springs, and wells, not being private property, shall, for the purposes of this Act, be under the direction and control of the Commissioners.

147. The Commissioners may set apart a sufficient number of convenient tanks, or parts of rivers, streams, or channels, not being private property, for the inhabitants to bathe in, and similarly set apart a sufficient number of the same for washing animals or clothes, or for any other purpose connected with the health, cleanliness, or comfort of the inhabitants.

The Commissioners shall make and publish an order notifying the same.

148. The Commissioners at a meeting may require the owner of any land, by notice addressed to him in writing, or if there be any doubt as to the ownership, by notification published on the spot, to cleanse any private tank or pool therein, and to drain off and remove any waste or stagnant water which may appear to be injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood;

and, if such owner refuse or neglect to comply with such requisition within eight days from the service thereof, the Commissioners, or any persons authorized by them in that behalf, may enter on such land and do all such necessary acts for all or any of the purposes aforesaid as they shall think fit, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

149. The Commissioners may from time to time, as they think fit, drain off and cleanse or fill up, or otherwise abate, any stagnant pool, ditch, or tank, (the same not being private property) which shall appear to them to be useless or unnecessary, or likely to prove injurious to the health of the inhabitants.

150. The Commissioners may cause to be filled up any excavation which is likely in their opinion to be injurious to the health of the neighbourhood. If such excavation is made in any place within any private property without the consent of the Commissioners, the cost of refilling it may be recovered from the owner or occupier of the property.

PART III.—Of Obstructions and Encroachments on Roads.

151. The Commissioners may grant permission to any person to deposit any moveable property, on any road, or to make an excavation in any road, or to enclose the whole or any part of any road, provided that such person undertakes to erect sufficient fences to protect the public from injury, danger, or annoyance, and to light such fences from sunset to sunrise sufficiently for such purpose.

152. The Commissioners may close temporarily any road or part of a road for the purpose of repairing such road, or for the purpose of constructing any sewer, drain, culvert, or bridge, or for any other public purpose:

Provided that notice of the intention to close such road or part of the same shall be published not less than three days previously by a notification affixed in some conspicuous position at the place where it is intended to close the same:

and that sufficient barriers or fences shall be erected for the security of life and property, and that such barriers or fences shall be sufficiently lighted from sunset to sunrise.

153. If any person builds any wall, or erects, or sets up any fence, rail, post, or other obstruction or encroachment, in or on any road or open drain, sewer, or aqueduct, along the side of any road, the magistrate may order that such obstruction or encroachment be removed within a specified time by the person who erected it; and if such person fails to comply with such

order, the Commissioners may remove any such obstruction or encroachment; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person who erected the same.

154. The Commissioners may give notice in writing to, or the magistrate may order, the owner or occupier of any house to remove or alter any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, erected or placed against or in front of such house, if the same overhangs the road at a height of less than twelve feet above the level of the ground; or juts into, or in any way projects or encroaches upon, or is an obstruction to the safe and convenient passage along any road;

or obstructs or projects or encroaches into or upon any uncovered aqueduct, drain, or sewer in such road;

and such owner or occupier shall, within fourteen days after the service of such notice upon him, or within fourteen days of the receipt of such order, remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, or alter the same in such manner as shall have been directed by the Commissioners, and if he fail so to do, the Commissioners may remove or alter such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier so making default.

No person shall be entitled to compensation in respect of the removal of any projection, obstruction, or encroachment under this section.

155. An order made by the Magistrate under either of the two last preceding sections shall be deemed to be an order made by him in the discharge of his judicial duty, and the Commissioners shall be deemed to be persons bound to execute lawful orders of a Magistrate within the meaning of Act No. XVIII of 1850 (*for the protection of Judicial Officers*).

156. The Commissioners may cause any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, which may, before the commencement of this Act, have been erected or placed against or in front of any house on any road within the limits of such Commissioners' municipality to be removed or altered as they shall think fit:

Provided that thirty days' previous notice of such intended removal or alteration be given to the owner or occupier of such house, and that the Commissioners shall make reasonable compensation to every person who suffers damage by such removal or alteration.

In determining the amount of compensation the value of the land shall not be included.

157. Whenever any house, part of which projects beyond the regular line of a road, or beyond the front of the house on either side thereof, shall be burnt down or otherwise destroyed, or shall be under repair, the Commissioners may require the same to be set back to, or beyond the line of the road, or the line of the adjoining house, and shall make reasonable compensation to the owner of such house for any damage he may thereby sustain.

158. The Commissioners may give notice to the owner or occupier of any land to trim or prune the hedges bordering on any road, and to cut and trim any trees overhanging any road and obstructing the same or causing damage thereto;

Power to trim hedges and trees bordering roads.

and if such notice is not complied with within eight days from the date of service thereof, the Commissioners may cause the said hedges or trees to be trimmed or reduced in the manner required;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

PART IV.—Of General Conservancy and Improvement.

159. The Commissioners at a meeting may direct that within certain limits, to be fixed by them, the external roofs and walls of huts or other buildings which are about to be erected, or the roofs or walls of which are about to be wholly renewed in or near any road, shall not be made of grass, leaves, mats, or other inflammable materials.

Roofs and external walls not to be made of inflammable materials.

160. If any well, tank, or other excavation, whether on public or private ground, be, for want of sufficient repairs or protection, dangerous, the Commissioners shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner or occupier, requiring him forthwith to secure or protect such well;

Wells, tanks, &c., to be secured.

and if he do not, within three days after such notice, begin to comply with the requisition, and do not carry on the work to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, they may cause the well, tank, or excavation, to be secured or protected so as to prevent danger therefrom:

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

161. If in any road, any house, wall, structure, or anything affixed thereto, be deemed by the Commissioners to be in a ruinous state, or in any way dangerous, they shall forthwith give notice in writing to the owner or occupier thereof, requiring him to secure or to take down the same within a fixed time:

House, &c., in a ruinous or dangerous state.

and in default the Commissioners, by an order passed at a meeting, shall cause such repairs to be made to such house, wall, or structure as they may consider necessary for the public safety; or may order such house, wall, structure, or thing affixed thereto to be removed; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

162. The materials of any thing which shall have been pulled down or removed under the provisions of the last preceding section, may be sold by the Commissioners, and the proceeds of such sale may be applied, so far as the same will extend, to the payment of the expenses incurred.

Sale of materials of houses, &c., pulled down.

Any surplus of such sale proceeds shall, on demand, be restored to the owner of such house, wall, structure, or thing affixed thereto, and if unclaimed shall, after the lapse of one year, be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

163. No person shall manufacture gunpowder, or shall, without a license under section 164, have in his possession, at any house at any time, a greater quantity of gunpowder than five seers.

164. The Commissioners may grant to any person a license to keep in deposit any quantity of gunpowder not exceeding twenty-five seers, on such conditions, and for such term, not exceeding one year, as shall be specified in the license.

165. The Commissioners by published order may appoint from time to time certain periods within which any dogs found straying in the roads or beyond the enclosures of the houses of the owners of such dogs may be destroyed.

166. On the complaint of three or more householders that a house in their immediate neighbourhood is used as a common brothel or lodging-house for prostitutes or disorderly persons of any description, to the annoyance of the respectable inhabitants of the vicinity, the Magistrate may summon the owner or occupier of the house to answer the complaint;

and, on being satisfied that the house is so used and is therefore a source of annoyance and offence to the neighbours, may order the owner or occupier to discontinue such use of it.

167. The Commissioners at a meeting may cause a name to be given to any road and to be affixed in such place as they may think fit, and may also cause a number to be affixed to every house; and in like manner may cause such names and numbers to be altered.

PART V.—Of certain Offensive or Dangerous Trades and of Burial and Burning-grounds.

168. Within such local limits as may be fixed by the Commissioners at a meeting, no land shall be used, without a license from the Commissioners, for any of the following

purposes, namely,
melting tallow;
boiling offal or blood;
as a soap-house, oil-boiling-house, dyeing-house, tannery, sheep pen, piggery, slaughter-house, brick-kiln, or lime-kiln;
as a manufactory of nitric acid, sulphuric acid, sulphurate of mercury, or other manufactory in which offensive or unwholesome smells may be so;
as a yard or dépôt for trade in hay, straw, coal, charcoal, golpatta, bamboos, thatching reeds, or other inflammable material;
or as a store-house for kerosine, petroleum, oil, or any inflammable oil, spirit, or explosive substance.

This section shall not be applicable, until the expiration of two years from the commencement of this Act, to any land which may have been used for any such purpose before the commencement of this Act.

Such license shall not be withheld unless the Commissioners have reason to believe that the business which it is intended to establish or maintain would be offensive or dangerous to persons residing in the immediate neighbourhood.

169. The Commissioners may charge fees to be paid in accordance with a bye-law to be made as hereinafter mentioned for every license which they may grant for the use of land for any of the purposes mentioned in the last preceding section.

170. No burial or burning-ground, whether public or private, shall be made or formed without the consent in writing of the Commissioners, or under the authority of the Lieutenant-Governor.

171. If it shall appear to the Commissioners at a meeting that any public or private burial or burning-ground is dangerous to health or offensive to the tax-payers, and also that a suitable place for interment or burning, as the case may be, exists within a convenient distance and is open and available to the inhabitants of the Municipality, the Commissioners with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor previously obtained, may, by notification to be affixed on some conspicuous part of the ground, appoint a time, not being less than two months, for the closing of such burial or burning-ground.

Provided that the execution of the order for the closing of any such burning or burial ground shall be suspended, if ten or more tax-payers shall demand by a written requisition addressed to the Commissioners that the expediency of closing it be referred to the tax-payers;

and in such case the Commissioners shall fix the place and time for recording the votes of all the tax-payers within the Municipality, and shall record the votes of all such tax-payers who may present themselves for such purpose; and the ground shall not be closed unless a majority of the votes so taken be in favor of closing it.

If any building is attached and belongs to a burning-ground closed under this section, the Commissioners at a meeting may devote a portion of the Municipal Fund towards the construction of any new building which may be required in lieu thereof.

CHAPTER X.

OF MUNICIPAL MARKETS.

172. This Chapter shall not apply to any Municipality until it has been expressly extended thereto by the Lieutenant-Governor by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

173. The Commissioners at a meeting may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, provide land for the purpose of being used as municipal markets;

and may, with such sanction, charge rent, tolls, and fees for the right to expose goods for sale in such markets, and for the use of shops, stalls, and standings therein.

All such rents, tolls, and fees may be recovered under Chapter VI as arrears of tax.

174. The Commissioners at a meeting may grant a license for the use of any land as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruits, and vegetables within the Municipality.

Power to grant licenses for markets.

175. Every license granted under this Chapter shall be granted without fee, and shall be in force until the end of the municipal year, and the Commissioners may grant such license year by year on the certificate in writing under the hand of the Chairman, annually renewed, that the land is fit to be used as a market.

Duration of license and terms on which granted.

176. The Chairman, upon the application in writing of the owner of any land, shall grant such certificate unless the land be defective for the purposes of a market in drainage, ventilation, water-supply, or proper width of paths and ways.

Chairman bound to certify fit places.

177. The owners or lessees of all land used as markets at the time of the extension of this Chapter to the Municipality shall be entitled to receive a license for the current municipal year without the certificate required by section 175, but in subsequent years the license shall not be renewed without such certificate.

Existing markets.

178. Every license under this Chapter shall be registered in a book to be kept for that purpose by the Commissioners in their office, in which shall be stated,

Licenses to be registered.

- (a) the name of the owner of the land and market,
- (b) the name of the lessee thereof, if any,
- (c) the extent and boundary of the market,
- (d) and the description of articles sold therein.

179. Every transfer of interest in any such market shall be registered within two months after the date of transfer.

Transfers to be registered.

180. Any market which, or the transfer of which, shall not have been duly registered under the preceding sections shall be deemed to be land used as a market without a license.

Unregistered markets to be deemed unlicensed.

181. Whoever, being the owner or occupier of any land, wilfully or negligently permits the same to be used as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables without a license under section 174, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine not exceeding fifty rupees for each day during which the offence is continued after conviction for such offence.

Penalty for using unlicensed market.

182. The Magistrate, on the application of the Commissioners, may order any land, in respect of which a conviction shall have been obtained under the last preceding section, to be closed as a market place, and thereupon may appoint persons, or otherwise take order, to prevent such land being so used; and every person who shall sell or expose for sale meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables on any land which shall have been so closed, shall be liable, for every such offence, to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

Power to close unlicensed places.

CHAPTER XI.

OF BYE-LAWS, PENALTIES, AND PROSECUTIONS.

183. The Commissioners may from time to time at a meeting, at which at least two-thirds of the whole number of the Commissioners shall be present, make bye-laws, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, for—

Commissioners may make bye-laws.

- (a) the regulation and disposal of offensive matter and rubbish;
- (b) keeping holdings in such a state as not to be injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood;
- (c) the proper preservation of tanks, and water-courses, and public bathing-places;
- (d) the regulation and management of privies;
- (e) preventing nuisances by the sides of roads;
- (f) the regulation and conduct of public assemblies or processions;
- (g) the keeping of order in places of public resort;
- (h) preserving order and quiet in the neighbourhood of places of worship during the times of public worship;
- (i) the regulation or prohibition of fire-balloons fireworks, fire-arms, or other missiles in the vicinity of public roads;
- (j) regulating and restricting the sounding of drums, tom-toms, horns, trumpets, or any metal instruments;
- (k) the regulation of traffic on roads and thoroughfares, and keeping the same free from obstruction;
- (l) the regulation and inspection of markets licensed under Chapter X;
- (m) regulating the fees to be paid for a license under section 168;
- (n) and generally for the purposes of this Act.

The Commissioners may from time to time, at a meeting as aforesaid, repeal, alter, or add to such bye-laws.

184. No bye-law and no repeal, alteration of, Confirmation of bye- or addition to any bye-law laws. shall have effect until the same has been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor, and until the expiration of one month after the same has been published in the manner directed in section 185.

185. Every bye-law, order, list, or other Publication of bye-laws, document directed by this orders, &c. Act to be published, shall be written in the vernacular of the district and deposited in the Municipal office, and a copy shall be put up in a conspicuous position at each police station or out-post in the Municipality, or in the Ward to which it relates.

And a public proclamation shall be read throughout such Municipality or Ward by beat of drum, notifying that such copy has been so put up, and that the original is open to inspection.

186. Whoever without lawful authority—

Fine of three times the amount payable.

- (a) keeps any carriage or animal without the license required by section 84;
- (b) having compounded for the payment of a certain sum under section 87, refuses to pay such sum;
- (c) keeps a cart not duly registered as required by section 91;

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount payable by him in respect of such license, composition, or registration (as the case may be), exclusive of the amount so payable.

Fine of twenty-five rupees. 187. Whoever without lawful authority

- (a) disobeys an order of the Magistrate under section 166;
- (b) uses any place as mentioned in section 168 for the purposes therein mentioned;
- (c) refuses to leave a municipal ferry boat; or to remove his goods therefrom when required to do so under section 98;

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty-five rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine not exceeding ten rupees for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

Fine of fifty rupees.

188. Whoever without lawful authority—

- (a) keeps a ferry-boat contrary to the provisions of section 99;
- (b) being a toll-keeper or lessee of a toll-bar, or gate, or ferry, neglects to hang up a table of tolls as required by section 106;
- (c) fails to remove any such obstruction, encroachment, or obstruction as is mentioned in section 154, or alter the same in the manner directed after a notice as mentioned in the said section within the period therein specified;
- (d) infringes any bye-law made under this Act;
- (e) being authorized under this Act to collect tolls demands or takes any higher tolls than the tolls authorized under this Act;
- (f) having driven any vehicle or animal (not exempted from toll) through a toll gate, refuses to pay the toll, or with intent to avoid payment thereof, fraudulently passes such toll-gate without paying the proper toll;
- (g) builds any wall, or erects or sets up any fence, rail, post, or other obstruction or encroachment in or on any road or open drain, sewer or aqueduct, along the side of any road;

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every such offence and to a further fine not exceeding twenty rupees for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

Fine of one hundred rupees.

189. Whoever without lawful authority—

- (a) contravenes the provisions of section 163;
- (b) buries or burns, or causes or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse in any burning or burying-ground closed under the provisions of section 171;
- (c) fails to produce his license when required to do so by any person authorized by the Commissioners under section 198;

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for every such offence.

190. Whoever, being the owner of any house, fails to give notice of the re-occupation of such house within ten days of such re-occupation, shall be liable

Penalty for not giving notice of re-occupation of house.

to a fine not exceeding three times the amount of tax payable quarterly on such house.

191. Every offence under this Act shall be tried by any Magistrate having jurisdiction, and the Lieutenant-Governor may confer on any Commissioner the powers of a Magistrate of the 1st, 2nd, or 3rd class under section 42 of the Code of Criminal Procedure for the trial of such offences within the Municipality.

192. Fines under this Act may be levied under the provisions of section 307 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

193. The Commissioners may direct any prosecution for any public nuisance, and may order proceedings to be taken for the recovery of any penalties

under this Act and for the punishment of any persons offending against the same, and may order the expenses of such prosecution or other proceedings to be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

194. No prosecution for an offence under this Act, or any bye law made in pursuance thereof, shall be instituted without the order or consent of the Commissioners, and no such prosecution shall be instituted except within three months next after the commission of such offence.

No charge of offence created by this Act to be instituted without consent of Commissioners.

CHAPTER XII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

195. Every notice, bill, form, summons, or notice of demand under this Act may be served personally on or presented to the person to whom the same is addressed,

or be left at his usual place of abode, with some adult male member or servant of his family; or, if it cannot be so served or presented, may be put on some conspicuous part of his place of abode;

or of the land in respect of which the notice, bill, form, summons, or notice of demand is intended to be served.

196. Where any notice is required to be given to the owner or occupier of any land, such notice, addressed to the owner or occupier, as the case may require, may be served on the occupier of such land, or otherwise in the manner in the last preceding section mentioned.

Provided that when the owner and his place of abode are known to the Commissioners, they shall, if such place of abode be within the limits of their authority, cause every notice required to be given to the owner of any land to be served on such owner, or left with some adult male member or servant of his family;

and if the place of abode of the owner be not within such limits, they shall send every such notice by post addressed to his place of abode, and such service shall be deemed to be good service of the notice.

When the name of the owner or occupier is not known, it shall be sufficient to designate him as "the owner" or "the occupier" of the land in respect of which the notice is served.

197. No tax on property shall be invalid for defect of form, and it shall be enough in such tax, or any

Tax not invalid for want of form.

assessment or valuation for the purpose of making such tax, if the property so assessed or valued is so described as to be generally known, and it shall not be necessary to name the owner or occupier thereof.

198. Every person to whom a license has been granted under this Act shall at all reasonable times while such license shall remain in force, if thereunto required by the Commissioners, or by any person authorized by them in that behalf, produce such license to the Commissioners or to the person so authorized.

199. Whenever, under this Act, any work is required by the Commissioners to be executed, or any alterations or improvements to be made in any holding, and such work, alterations, or improvements, are executed by the occupier, or by the Commissioners at his expense, the cost thereof may be deducted by such occupier from the next and following payments of his rent due or becoming due to such owner, or may be recovered by him in any court of competent jurisdiction, if the Commissioners shall certify that such cost ought to be borne by the owner.

If the occupier has a beneficial interest in such holding, he shall deduct or recover such sum only as will bear the same proportion to the entire cost of such work, alteration, or improvement, as the value of the owner's interest bears to the value of the holding.

If the rents issuing out of any such holding belong to more persons than one, who are entitled to the same either as being joint proprietors of such holding, or as having intermediate and other interests therein, the cost of any work, alteration, or improvement, as aforesaid, payable by the owner, shall be borne by such persons in proportion to their respective interests; and any one or more of such persons, who may have been compelled to pay more than a just proportion in the first instance, shall be entitled to recover from the others his excess payment.

200. No occupier of any holding shall be liable to pay more money, in respect of any expenses charged by this Act on the owner thereof, than the amount of rent which is due from him at the time of the demand made, or which at any time thereafter shall have become due, unless he neglect or refuse, upon application made to him for that purpose by the Commissioners, truly to disclose the amount of his rent and the name and address of the person to whom such rent is payable:

Provided that nothing herein contained shall be taken to affect any special contract made between any such owner and occupier respecting the payment of any expenses as aforesaid.

201. If money be due to the Commissioners in respect of any holding, the owner of which is unknown or the ownership of which is disputed, on account of any tax, expenses, or charges, recoverable under this Act, the Commissioners may publish twice, at an interval of three months, a notification of sale of such holding, and after the expiry of not less than three months from the date of the last publication, unless the amount recoverable be paid, may sell such holding to the

highest bidder, who shall at the time of sale deposit the full amount of the purchase-money.

Any person may pay the amount due at any time before the completion of the sale, and may recover such amount by a suit in a court of competent jurisdiction from any person beneficially interested in such property.

After payment of the amount recoverable by the Commissioners, the surplus, if any, shall be paid on demand to any person who establishes his right to the satisfaction of the Commissioners or in a court of competent jurisdiction, or, if unclaimed for a period of one year, shall become vested in the Commissioners and be transferred to the Municipal Fund.

202. The Commissioners may make compensation out of the Municipal Fund to any person sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers conferred by this Act.

203. No suit shall be brought against the Commissioners or any of their officers, or any person acting under their direction, for anything done under this Act, until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing has been delivered or left at the office of the Commissioners or at the place of abode of the person against whom such suit is threatened to be brought, stating the cause of suit and the name and place of abode of the intended plaintiff;

And unless such notice be proved, the Court shall find for the defendant.

Every such action shall be commenced within three months next after the accrual of the cause of action, and not afterwards.

If any such person to whom any such notice is given shall, before suit is brought, tender sufficient amends to the plaintiff, such plaintiff shall not recover.

204. All the proceedings, other than judicial proceedings, of the Commissioners, or of the Magistrate of the district, except as herein specially provided, shall be subject to the control of the Commissioner of the division.

And all the proceedings of the Commissioner of the division shall be subject to the control of the Lieutenant-Governor.

205. If the Commissioners of any Municipality fail to maintain, within the limits thereof, any road which without such limits is maintained by a District Committee under the Road Cess Act, 1871, or to pay for the municipal police,

the Commissioner of the division in which such Municipality is situated may convene a committee consisting of

- (a) the Magistrate of the district,
- (b) the Magistrate of the division of the district,
- (c) the Executive Engineer of the division,
- (d) the Civil Surgeon of the district,
- (e) and two members, one of whom shall be nominated by the Commissioner of the division, and the other by the Commissioners at a meeting,

and such Committee shall inquire into and report on the state of the Municipality.

The Lieutenant-Governor may, on the report of such Committee, call upon the Commissioners by a requisition in writing forwarded to the Chairman, and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, to raise the necessary funds and carry out the purposes of this Act.

And if the Commissioners neglect, for the period of three months from the date of such publication, to comply with such requisition, the Lieutenant-Governor may direct the Magistrate of the district to raise the necessary funds under the provisions of this Act, and carry out in respect of roads and police the purposes thereof; and for such purposes the Magistrate of the district shall have all the powers and rights conferred on the Commissioners by this Act.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

(See section 61.)

BENGAL MUNICIPALITIES' ACT, 187 .

MUNICIPALITY OF

Assessment List.

Name of town.	No. of holding.	Name of persons assessed.	Description of property and of profession, or business.	Amount of annual assessment.
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Whereas the above assessment has been duly made pursuant to the Bengal Municipalities' Act, 187 , the several persons whose names are included in the said assessment are hereby required to pay the quarterly instalments set opposite to their names with regularity at the office appointed by the Commissioners for the receipt of the same, or to the tax collector or other officer authorized to receive payment, the first payment to be made on the first day of () and every subsequent payment on or before the first day of (), the first day of (), and the first day of (), or in default thereof any arrear that may be due will be realized by distress and sale of the moveable property belonging to the defaulter, or which may be found on the holding in respect of which such defaulter is assessed, and by such other proceedings as are allowed by law.

Dated this day of
A. B.

Chairman of Commissioners.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

(See section 73.)

BENGAL MUNICIPALITIES' ACT, 187 .

MUNICIPALITY OF

Valuation List.

Name of land.	Number of holding.	Annual value of holding.	Name of owner.	Name of occupant other than owner.	Name of agent of owner (if any).	Amount payable by owners for the year 18 .
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Whereas the above valuation has been duly made pursuant to the Bengal Municipalities' Act, 187 , the several persons whose names are included above, are hereby required to pay the quarterly instalments set opposite to their names with regularity at the office appointed by Commissioners for the receipt of the same, or to the tax collector or other officer authorized to receive payment, the first payment to be made on the first day of () and every subsequent payment on or before the first day of (), the first day of (), and the first day of (), or in default thereof, any arrear that may be due will be realized by distress and sale of the moveable property belonging to the defaulter, or which may be found on the holding in respect of which the valuation is made and by such other proceedings as are allowed by law.

Dated this

day of

A. B.

Chairman of Commissioners.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

(See sections 83 and 84.)

TAX ON CARRIAGES AND ANIMALS.

Per quarter
Rs.

For every 4-wheeled carriage drawn by two horses	4 8
For every 4-wheeled carriage drawn by one horse or a pair of ponies under thirteen hands	3 6
For every 2-wheeled carriage	2 8
For every horse	2 0
For every pony under thirteen hands, or mule or donkey	0 12
For every elephant	6 0
For every camel	2 0

Ponies under eleven hands, and children's carriages, the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter, are exempted.

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

FORM A.—(See section 114.)

NOTICE OF DEMAND.

To of
Municipality of

Take notice that the sum of Rs. , being the amount due from you as shown in the accompanying bill, is hereby demanded from you, and that if you do not within ten days pay the same with two annas as the cost of this notice to an officer authorized to receive payment, or into the office of , the same with costs will be levied by distress and sale of your goods and chattels.

A. B.

Chairman of

Note.—If within the said ten days you apply to the Commissioners to review the assessment or valuation, the amount due by you, with such further costs (if any) as the Commissioners may direct, will be levied after ten days from the date of the order made thereon, unless previously paid. But if you have already paid a tax under this assessment or valuation, except under constraint, you will not be allowed to apply for review.

FORM B.—(See sections 115 and 118.)

TABLE OF FEES PAYABLE UPON DISTRAINTS UNDER
THIS ACT.

Sums distrained for	Fee.
	Rs. A.
Under 1 Rupee	0 4
1 and under 5 Rupees	0 8
5 " 10 "	1 0
10 " 15 "	1 8
15 " 20 "	2 0
20 " 25 "	2 5
25 " 30 "	3 0
30 " 35 "	3 8
35 " 40 "	4 0
40 " 45 "	4 8
45 " 50 "	5 0
50 " 60 "	6 0
60 " 80 "	7 8
80 " 100 "	9 0
Above 100 "	10 0

The above charge includes all expenses including the service of notice of demand, except when persons are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case three annas must be paid daily for each man.

FORM C.—(See section 116.)

DISTRESS WARRANT.

To (here insert the name of the officer charged with the execution of the warrant)

Whereas of
has not paid or shown sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum of rupees due for taxes mentioned in the margin, although the said sum has been duly demanded in writing from the said , and ten days have elapsed since the service of the notice of demand: This is to command you to distrain the moveable property of the said to the amount of the said sum of rupees, and the further sum of rupees to defray the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such property; and if within ten days next after such distress the said sum of rupees shall not be paid, to sell the said property, and having paid and deducted out of the proceeds of the sale the said sum of rupees and the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such property, to return the surplus (if any) on demand to the person whom you shall have found in possession of the said property, and if no demand be made, to pay the same to the Commissioner. If distress cannot be made of sufficient property of the said you are to certify the same to us, together with this warrant

A. B.

Chairman of

FORM D.—(See section 116.)

FORM OF INVENTORY AND NOTICE.

(State particulars of goods seized.)

Take notice that I have this day seized the property specified in the above inventory for the sum of rupees due for the taxes mentioned in the margin, and that unless you pay into the office of the Commissioners of the sum of rupees, within ten days from the day of the date of this notice, the property will be sold.

(Signature of the officer executing
the warrant of distress.)

Date

FORM E.—(See section 118.)

RETURN OF SALES.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
District.	Names of districtees.	Amount of defalcation.	Amount of costs or penalty.	Value of property seized under distress.	Value of distress.	Value of sale.	Property sold.	Amount realized on each article.	Purchaser's name.	Balance

FIFTH SCHEDULE.

(See section 2.)

PART I.—ACTS OF THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
XXVI of 1850	Improvements in towns.	The whole Act, so far as it affects the Provinces under the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.
XXI of 1857	Order and good government of the suburbs of Calcutta and the station of Howrah.	Sections 7, 18, 19, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 36, 41, 42, 44, 48, 49, 50, The whole Act.
XII of 1858	For raising funds for making and repairing roads in the suburbs of Calcutta and Howrah.	The whole Act.

PART II.—ACTS OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR
OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
III of 1864	District Municipal Improvement Act.	So much as has not been repealed.
VI of 1867	Regulation of Police in towns and Municipalities.	The whole Act.
VII of 1867	Amending the District Municipal Improvement Act.	The whole Act.
V of 1868	Amending the District Municipal Improvement Act.	The whole Act.
VI of 1864	District Towns' Act.	The whole Act.
VII of 1870	Sanitary condition of Dacca.	The whole Act.
II of 1873	Amending District Municipal Improvement, and District Towns' Acts.	The whole Act.
IV of 1873	Registration of Births and Deaths.	Section eleven.

SIXTH SCHEDULE.

(See section 2.)

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
Act XX of 1856	Police chowkedars in cities, &c., in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	So much as has not been repealed.
Bengal Act IV of 1871	Sanitation of Police and other towns in Orissa, and regulation of Lodging-houses therein.	Sections 24 to 34, both inclusive.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

THE law relating to municipal matters in towns in Bengal is contained in thirteen Regulations and Acts. In the year 1872 a Bill was passed by this Council, of which one object was to consolidate the municipal law. The Bill, however, did not become law.

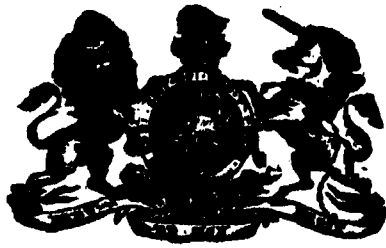
It has been thought desirable to carry out the project of consolidating the municipal law, and the present Bill has been framed for this purpose. The Bill of 1872 has been taken as the basis of that which is now laid before the Council ; but the provisions which led to the assent of the Governor-General being withheld from the former have been omitted ; municipal taxation is kept within existing limits ; the chapters relating to registration and the prohibition of inoculation have been omitted, as the provisions already exist in other laws which can be applied to municipalities ; and in many respects the arrangement of the present Bill differs from that of 1872.

27th April 1875.

H. L. DAMPIER.

C. C. MACRAE,

Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.
Legislative Department.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 1875.

PART IV.

Bills of the Bengal Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[Third Publication.]

THE following Bill was read in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 24th April 1875, and was referred to a Select Committee with instructions to report in one month:—

A Bill to provide for inquiry into disputes regarding the Rent payable by ryots in certain estates, and to prevent agrarian disturbances.

FOR the purpose of providing an inquiry into disputes between zemindars and ryots regarding the rent payable by the ryots in certain estates, and of preventing agrarian disturbances: It is enacted as follows:—

1. This Act extends to all the territories subject to the government of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Local extent.

2. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

Interpretation.

“Lieutenant-Governor” means the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, or the person acting in that capacity.

“Board” means the Board of Revenue for the provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

“Collector” (except in section four of this Act) includes—

- (a) The Collector of a district;
- (b) Any officer specially vested with the powers of a Collector under this Act;
- (c) Any officer specially empowered as an Assistant or Deputy Collector under this Act:

Provided that no such last mentioned officer shall exercise any function under this Act except in so far as may be delegated to him by a general or special order of the Collector.

“Estate” includes—

- (a) Any land subject to the payment of revenue for the discharge of which a separate engagement has been or may be entered into with Government.
- (b) Any land which is entered in the revenue-roll as separately assessed with the public revenue, although no engagement has been entered into with Government for the amount of revenue so separately assessed upon it as a whole, as in cases in which the estate may be directly managed by a tehsildar on the part of Government.

“Revenue-free tenure” means any rent-free land which is entered in the Collector’s Register of revenue-free lands as a separate tenure.

3. Whenever it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor, from the representations of the zemindars or of the ryots, that a serious dispute exists in any estate or revenue-free tenure as to the rent payable under sections five and seventeen of Act No. X of 1859 (*to amend the law relating to the recovery of Rent in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal*), or under section five or section eighteen of Bengal Act No. VIII of 1869 (*to amend the procedure in suits between Landlord and Tenants*), by any ryots;

or as to the size of any unit or standard of measurement to which any rate of rent at any time prevalent, is or was referable;

or as to any other question in respect of the adjustment of rents, or as to arrears of rents;

the Lieutenant-Governor may, if he considers that such a course is necessary for the maintenance of the peace and for good government generally, by notification direct that inquiry be made for the determination of such dispute.

From the date of the publication of such notification this Act shall be deemed to be in

force in such estate or revenue-free tenure, until the Lieutenant-Governor shall, by notification declare that it is no longer in force in such estate or revenue-free tenure.

4. On the publication of a notification under the last preceding section at the Collector's office of the district in which the estate or any portion thereof is situated, the Lieutenant-Governor shall appoint the Collector, or such other officer as he may think fit, for the purpose of making the inquiry, and may specially vest any officer with powers as an Assistant or Deputy Collector for the purpose of exercising such functions under this Act.

5. The Lieutenant-Governor shall in each case issue instructions specifying the matters into which the Collector shall inquire in accordance with the provisions of section three of this Act.

6. From the date fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor for the commencement of an inquiry all suits pending before any Revenue Officer under the said Act No. X of 1859, or before any Court under the said Bengal Act No. VIII of 1869, which may involve an inquiry as to the rate at which any rent is payable in such estate or revenue-free tenure;

or as to any other matter which may be specified by the Lieutenant-Governor under the last preceding section, shall be transferred to the Collector.

7. In making any inquiry under this Act, the Collector may, with the consent of the parties, refer any matter arising in such inquiry to arbitration, and the provisions of Chapter VI (relative to arbitrators) of the Code of Civil Procedure shall, as far as may be practicable, apply to such references.

8. After making such inquiry as may be necessary, the Collector shall (subject to the control of the Commissioner of the Division and the Board) make an order with respect to the matters necessary to be determined.

9. As long as this Act is in force in any estate or revenue-free tenure the suits specified in section twenty-three of the said Act No. X of 1859, shall, as regards such estate or revenue-free tenure, be cognizable by the Collector, and by no other tribunal.

10. Whenever an application for enhancement or abatement of rent, against or by any number of ryots, is brought before the Collector, such ryots may be sued or may sue collectively, and it shall be no ground for dismissing or refusing to hear the application that such ryots are wrongly joined as plaintiffs or defendants, provided all such ryots cultivate in the same estate;

but no order shall be passed in such case in which enhancement, or abatement, of rent is claimed, unless the officer making such order is satisfied that all parties have had an opportunity to appear and make objection to any claims referred against them.

11. Every order passed in any such case as is mentioned in the last preceding section shall specify the extent to which each of the ryots named in the order shall be affected thereby.

12. The rent fixed by order of the Collector as aforesaid shall be payable from the beginning of the year in which the inquiry was made, and shall not be liable to abatement or enhancement, but shall remain fixed for ten years from the first day of such year, or in case of a temporarily-settled estate, until the conclusion of the period of settlement of the estate, if the period expires before the lapse of ten years as aforesaid.

Provided that, during the currency of the term for which the rent has been fixed as aforesaid, the landholder may bring a suit to enhance the rent of any ryot whose rent has been so fixed, on one of the following grounds and no other:

- (a) That the area of the ryot's holding has been increased by alluvion or otherwise; or
- (b) That the productive powers of the land held by the ryot have, since the date of the order, been increased otherwise than by the agency or at the expense of the ryot.

And the ryot may bring a suit for abatement of his rent on one of the following grounds and on no other:

- (c) That the area of the land held by him has been diminished by diluvion or otherwise; or
- (d) That the productive powers of such land have been decreased by any cause beyond his control.

13. For the purpose of any inquiry under this Act, the Collector shall have power to summon and enforce the attendance of witnesses and compel the production of documents, by the same means (as far as may be) and in the same manner as is provided in the case of a Court under the Code of Civil Procedure.

14. In the disposal of suits under this Act, the Collector shall, as far as possible, follow the procedure prescribed in the said Act No. X of 1859, and all powers exercised by the Collector under such Act, may be exercised by the Collector under this Act.

15. In every case in which the rates payable in any estate shall have been settled under this Act, every court of justice shall judicially recognize such rates as the rates which were fairly and equitably payable by ryots of that class for land of that quality at the time when the Collector made the order under section eight of this Act.

16. The Board, subject to the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, may from time to time make rules consistent with this Act for—

- (a) prescribing the manner in which the Collector shall make inquiries and report for sanction their proposals;
- (b) and generally for the guidance of all persons in matters connected with the enforcement of this Act.

The objects and reasons of this Bill are fully set out in the following Minute of the Lieutenant-Governor.

H. L. DAMPIER.

The 21st April 1875.

Minute by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, dated 16th March 1875.

For some time past there have been indications of renewed uneasiness and uncertainty here and there in some parts of Bengal, more especially Eastern Bengal, in the relations between landlord and tenant, particularly touching the rates of rent. I say renewed, because it will be in the recollection of all who are conversant with these affairs that there were troubles of this sort in 1873, which showed themselves markedly in the Pubna district.

2. The Government of India, in a despatch, No. 413 of the 23rd September 1873, reviewed the correspondence which had taken place regarding the Pubna troubles, and communicated general instructions to the Government of Bengal. Among those instructions there occurs the following passage:—

"The policy of altering or enlarging revenue jurisdictions under Act X of 1859 and similar laws will however, require careful deliberation. Meanwhile, if the dissensions in the Pubna districts are ascertained to be spreading and becoming organized, the difficulties which they present will have to be met at once. In that event, the more direct and comprehensive way of treating them may be by passing a law which would authorize the appointment of a special commission vested with powers to investigate summarily the differences between landlord and tenant, or between various proprietors and occupants of the soil in certain districts, and to settle them by award that shall not be open to appeal. His Excellency in Council believes that such a measure for the solution of exceptional difficulties of the kind now arising would not be without precedent in Bengal.

"These, then, of the plans of action suggested by the papers now before the Government, are those which appear the most readily practicable and the most likely to succeed."

3. These and other instructions were subsequently approved by the Secretary of State.

4. Although the procedure above indicated might be susceptible of some improvement in detail, so as to be more exactly adapted to the custom and practice in provinces which are under a permanent settlement, still the principle of the above instruction is precisely applicable to contingencies which are arising, or seem likely to arise, and affords, as I believe, the only means of obviating the chance of the recurrence of agrarian troubles in Bengal.

5. There are occasionally complaints on the part of ryots and on the part of zemindars in some portions of the districts around Calcutta or in Central Bengal. At the present time, however, such complaints on both sides are more rife and more extensive in Eastern and South-Eastern Bengal. This may be illustrated by the following extracts from the Dacca Commissioner's annual report dated the 12th September 1874:—

"Para. 26. Class feeling has not shown itself prominently or in any overt way during the year of report; but district officers report that there are not wanting indications of very unsatisfactory relations between some landlords and their tenants on the question of rent. The landlords see the ryots profiting largely by the enhanced value of the produce of what they regard as their property, and they desire, not unnaturally, to intercept some portion of this increased return some way or other; the action taken by the authorities against the levy of illegal cesses leads them further to desire to place this demand on the safe footing of higher rents.

"Formerly this course would have been effected by gradually getting the ryots over to agree, on the ground of their increased profits, to submit to an enhanced demand of rent; but now such attempts are steadily and passively resisted by the tenantry in combination. The landlords' agents send for them, they ignore the summons altogether; they go further, and withhold all rents, and virtually decline any communications whatever with their landlords except through the medium of the courts.

"27. To have to sue the entire body of his tenantry in any large estate is ruinous work to the landlord; his position therefore forces him to do all that conciliatory measures can achieve, and so grave complications are for the time being tided over; but I apprehend that an open rupture must come sooner or later. The state of things to which I have referred is unfortunately not confined to any particular tract of country; it exists more or less in each of the four principal districts of this division."

6. The annual report of the Commissioner of Chittagong, dated the 4th September 1874, contains the following passage:—

"Para. 62. In the Chittagong district the relations between landlord and tenant are never very cordial, and the Magistrate cites one instance in which the purchasers (Hindu zemindars and rice-traders) of a large estate, at a sale for arrears of revenue, have been unable to settle with the ryots without the assistance of the Collector, to whom they (the purchasers) made application through the Civil Court for detailed measurement and record of rights, the tenants steadily refusing to point out their lands or come to any terms. Of course the new proprietors want to enhance, and equally of course the tenants are opposed to any such proceeding."

7. Since these reports were written, agrarian trouble actually began to occur during January 1875 in the eastern portion of the Dacca district. A dispute regarding rent broke out between the zemindars and ryots, and threatened to lead to breaches of the peace. If this should not be allayed, it was feared that similar disputes might break out in some of the neighbouring districts. The Commissioner was immediately instructed to warn all parties concerned of the consequences of a breach of the peace, and to invite them to settle their differences by private arbitration. Efforts are now being made to effect such amicable arrangement: whether they will prove successful remains to be seen.

8. It is always difficult to forecast the line which an agrarian people may take, or what provocation might be given on either side. But the opinion seems gaining ground among well-informed persons, that if once any considerable trouble of this nature were to break out anywhere, the movement might spread to other places. In some localities the zemindars might get the upper hand, in other places the ryots. In some localities the strength of both parties might be nearly balanced, and might be equal to sustaining a contest for some time.

All circumstances of this nature would either be altogether harmful, or else would do more harm than good.

9. In parts of Eastern Bengal there seems to be a disposition among the ryots to combine in something like leagues and unions. The object of such combinations may be various. If any success were obtained by these means, there is always a chance that ryots might begin to combine in refusing to pay rent, whereon the zemindars might try to collect it by force. The consequences of a combination with this object would be serious in the present state of Bengal. It may be hoped that things will not, under any circumstances, come to this pass; still we should guard against the possibility of such contingencies arising.

10. As yet no trouble has actually broken out since 1873, but as just seen, something of the kind was very nearly breaking out quite recently, and despite our efforts, may yet break out. And the apprehension of similar occurrences elsewhere in Bengal is, I believe, present to many thoughtful minds. It may be therefore well to consider what measures the local Government can take in the existing state of the law for doing justice to both parties and for preventing agrarian trouble.

11. In such event it could take steps for causing the disputed matters to be speedily determined by appointing additional native judges, moonsifs and others, if necessary, under the supervision of a special European judge. It could station extra police to maintain order, and ensure that the judicial enquiries should be carried out quietly. If the zemindars should attempt to act contrary to the judicial awards, it could easily apply a remedy. If the ryots should refuse compliance with the judicial decisions, and if necessity arose to execute decrees in large numbers, it could doubtless help in that process. But beyond and above all the things above mentioned, it could use its influence to prevent either party from resorting to violence, and to induce them to submit to private arbitration.

12. These resources taken together are not inconsiderable, and if we cannot get more or better resources, we must make the best of them, and with them we must essay and strive to prevent agrarian troubles in Bengal. But in these resources there are, I think, several defects which might be easily remedied.

13. It will be seen presently that among the disputed cases the most important class will relate to economic and agricultural questions with which civil courts are not well fitted to deal; yet the procedure above described is entirely that of the ordinary civil courts. Suits must be formally brought before anything is done. The cases must be carried through the regular stages; matters pertaining to the profits of cultivation, the value of produce, the customary rents, and the like, will be argued out by opposing counsels; appeals may be laid; and decisions can be enforced only by the formal process of execution. However prompt the courts might be, all these proceedings must take time; meanwhile excitement might be growing over the whole district. Moreover, the courts could not well travel beyond the evidence adduced, and might not be able to enter upon economic considerations notwithstanding that such considerations might have an important bearing upon the cases.

14. That the main questions at issue are economic and agricultural, will be apparent thus. There will seldom be any serious dispute between the tenants-at-will and the zemindars. The really serious disputes arise between the zemindars and the ryots having right of occupancy—mainly men who have been twelve years and upwards in possession; a class who are constantly growing in numbers, and representing larger and larger proportions of the aggregate of ryots, and who probably are already the most important section of the ryots. In some places the zemindars apparently allege that these occupancy ryots are paying very low rents, and consequently claim some enhancement. The occupancy ryots apparently allege that they ought not to be required to pay more than the old established rates of their part of the country. If the zemindars persist in their demands, they cannot eject the occupancy ryots, but they can sue them under section 18 of Act VIII of 1869, which I will here quote *in extenso*—

"18. No ryot having a right of occupancy shall be liable to an enhancement of the rent previously paid by him, except on some one of the following grounds, namely—

"That the rate of rent paid by such ryot is below the prevailing rate payable by the same class of ryots for land of a similar description and with similar advantages in the places adjacent.

"That the value of the produce, or the productive powers of the land, have been increased otherwise than by the agency or at the expense of the ryot.

"That the quantity of land held by the ryot has been proved by measurement to be greater than the quantity for which rent has been previously paid by him."

15. The civil court then will have to decide whether all or any of the above grounds are or are not found in the particular case or class of cases. Each one of these grounds involves questions for the due settlement of which a civil court cannot be fitted, while the land revenue officers are peculiarly fitted. The third ground, involving questions of actual measurement, may be more exactly arguable than either of the other two, and the court could order a survey. Otherwise, as regards native measurements, there are frequent disputes as to the unit of local measurement, the length of the measuring rod, and the like, which had far better be referred to the land revenue authority than to any other. The first ground, involving questions whether certain other lands in places adjacent are of a similar description, or possess similar advantages with the lands of which the rent is disputed, is not one to be determined by speeches and counter-speeches of counsel, nor one to be settled by witnesses into whose evidence opinion may largely enter, and all this before

a native judge who may not know, and probably would not know much of these matters. The second ground is the most difficult of all, as it involves questions whether the produce, or the productive powers of the land, have been increased otherwise than by the agency or at the expense of the ryot. These are purely economic and agricultural questions which cannot possibly be argued and discussed, and attested in a court of law with any advantage, or with any definite authority. And yet this is the very ground on which the most serious disputes are likely to arise, and is actually the ground on which the disputes in Eastern Bengal are now arising.

16. This latter point may be illustrated by presenting the substance of the dispute now pending in Eastern Bengal. There are very extensive lands of good quality in the valley of the river Megna, of which the rent has been at the rate of 12 annas to 14 annas per beegha. The zemindars say that this rate is very low, and demand an enhancement up to 18 annas and 20 annas. The cultivators, chiefly occupancy ryots, refuse to pay any enhancement upon the established and widely prevailing rate. If the dispute is to have a legal solution, the zemindars will have to bring a suit against the ryots under the section 18 of Act VIII of 1869 above quoted, and according to one or other of the three grounds already adverted to. It is not probable that much difficulty will arise in this instance regarding the first and third grounds, namely the amount of land in the cultivator's possession and the general prevalence of the 12 annas to 14 annas rate. The contest must be upon the second of the three grounds, namely that the value of the produce and productive powers of the land having been increased otherwise than by the agency or at the expense of the ryot. This ground involves general considerations regarding the past and present state of Eastern Bengal; the progress of trade, especially the export trade; the range of prices on the one hand, and on the other hand the expenses of cultivation; the just share of the ryot in the profits of cultivation, the general tendency of rural custom, and the like. It is not easy to imagine matters less suited for discussion in the law courts when the people are becoming angry on both sides. Manifestly the proper persons to bring these urgent matters to a just and peaceful issue are the Collector and his officers. It should be their business, after a general review of the circumstances, to arrive at a conclusion as to whether the 12 annas to 14 annas rate per beegha ought to be maintained as the ryots say, or be raised to 18 to 20 annas as the zemindars say; and if not, then whether it should be raised to something between 14 annas and 18 annas. Or better still, they should try to induce the parties to submit the matter to private arbitration and abide by its results. And they ought to be able to compel obedience from both parties to any decision that may be formed, which they at present have not the lawful power to do, and which they may not, we fear, be able to do.

17. I present this case as an instance, which is now in the course of occurrence. The instances which occurred in the Pubna district during 1873 were apparently more difficult, involving questions under all of the three grounds above prescribed. And cases equally difficult may occur at any time in other parts of Bengal.

18. I do not enter into any question as to the fitness or otherwise of the civil courts to decide these matters in individual disputes in times of quiet. I only say that the courts cannot be so well fitted as the land revenue officers to decide these matters affecting large numbers of excitable people on both sides in times of disquiet. In these matters of urgency my desire is to obtain power by law to do through the land revenue officers—that is, the Commissioners, the Collectors, and the Deputy Collectors, under the supervision of the Board of Revenue—that which in these cases is needful for the peace and good government of the country without proposing any general change of the existing rent law.

19. By the present rent law (VIII of 1869, Bengal Council) the suits regarding rent are heard by the civil courts. They used to be heard by the land revenue authorities, but they were by this Act transferred to the civil courts. Many authorities consider that this transfer was not expedient. The zemindars (as I understand) generally dislike the change that was then made, and would desire to see these suits retransferred to the revenue authorities. It is difficult to gauge the opinion of the ryots in regard to the transfer of these suits to the civil courts; I have no evidence, however, that they dislike it. I believe that the civil courts have done the work well according to the existing law, and have at least endeavoured to do substantial justice. Still, my own opinion inclines to be against the transfer that was made in 1869. I apprehend that the speedy and judicious decision of suits between landlord and tenant is very important to the future tranquillity of Bengal, and that the land revenue authorities are much better fitted than the civil courts can be to decide these suits to the advantage of both parties concerned. As, however, the law was passed in 1869, I am not disposed to move for its being essentially altered; although, if the general wish should hereafter prove to be favorable to such alteration, I for one should not be able to object to consider the question.

20. But I recommend that the local Government should have the power, upon good cause shown, of appointing the Collector or other officer to settle authoritatively disputes of the nature above described, and to enforce awards. There need not be any power taken to interfere unduly between landlord and tenant, but only when the parties might apply for our interposition, and when such interposition might appear necessary for peace and good government. There would be no necessity for giving more power to the Collector in fixing rents and rent rates than that which is given by the existing rent law to the courts of justice. There would be nothing of a one-sided character in

the matter. The zemindar might make application, so might the ryots. Sometimes one of the two parties might avail itself of this advantage, sometimes the other. The interposition need not extend beyond certain limits, and would be limited to matters of rent and its rates, and the measurement of land as affecting such rents. Within the declared area of interference, and during the period of its duration (all which would be determined by the local Government), the Collector would, after due inquiry, and after hearing both parties, fix the rates of rent according to the circumstances, and with such guidance as the existing laws might afford him, and decide suits for rent, both current dues and arrears. The Collector should also have the power of fixing the disputed rents for a short term of years, so that there might be no chance of need arising for again exercising interposition within a reasonable period. The matters thus decided would not be open to revision by the civil courts, but appeals would lie to the Commissioner and to the Board. It might be thought that the parties, zemindars and ryots, or either party as the local Government might direct, might be charged with the expenses incurred by the State by these proceedings; I do not, however, recommend this. The Collectors and the Deputy Collectors—in fact the existing establishment—would be able to do the work, which would not be of constant occurrence. For these objects I have prepared a draft Bill which I should be glad to introduce into the local legislature of Bengal. If this Bill, with such modifications or improvements as might be made during its passage through Council, should become law with the assent of the Governor-General, then, for all ordinary times and occasions, the Acts (VIII of 1869 and X of 1859) would remain in force as the rent law of Bengal. The difference between the present and proposed practice would be this, that we should have the legal power, which we have not now, of dealing effectively with agrarian troubles through the agency of the land revenue authorities. It is only by such agency that the occurrence of these troubles is or can be prevented in Bengal. At present such prevention is effected at the best in a precarious and uncertain way: perhaps it may not always be effected. But if the proposed Bill were to become law, the land revenue authorities would have power to prevent such trouble breaking out, and would be under responsibility for such prevention, which responsibility they would, I believe, be able to discharge to the satisfaction of Government.

21. The foregoing remarks are meant to apply to Bengal mainly: they are, however, equally applicable to Behar. They apply, however, in a less degree to Orissa, to the Chota Nagpore province, and to Julpigoree and the Western Dooars, to which territories the Act (VIII of 1869) was not extended, and where rent suits are tried by the land revenue officers under Act X of 1859. In these districts the local Government has far better means of preventing agrarian trouble than in Bengal and Behar. Still its hands would be strengthened even in Orissa and Chota Nagpore by the passing of the proposed Bill. I would therefore extend the measure to all the territories under the Government of Bengal.

RICHARD TEMPLE.

C. C. MACRAE,

*Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.*

Estate, DRUNPUT SING, an Insolvent.

No.	Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claim.	1st Dividend at 90 per cent., 5th May 1874.		
			Rs.	A.	P.
8	Bachoo Ostagur ...	4 1 0	3	10	6
29	Chartered Mercantile Bank of India ...	100 0 0	90	0	0
3	Daby Sing Loli Sing ...	40 4 0	36	3	7
4	Gunness Sing Bhogoban Sing ...	43 7 9	39	2	2
17	Gopalchunder Sircar ...	60 14 0	54	12	7
9	Hurrloll Roy ...	33 15 6	30	9	2
27	Johurmull Bucktwarchund ...	16 0 0	14	6	5
21	Laika Sing ...	57 15 3	52	2	6
11	Mookoondram Sibpersaud ...	30 0 0	27	0	0
13	Moheschunder Doss ...	18 12 0	16	14	0
28	Muttyloll Day ...	100 0 0	90	0	0
26	Poorunchund Debnally Sing ...	94 2 0	84	11	5
22	Sittaram ...	30 10 6	27	9	5
5	Tarra Sing Luchmun Sing ...	2 14 3	2	9	7

Estate, THOMAS MAUGHAM LAWSON, an Insolvent (Separate Estate).

No.	Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claim.	1st Dividend at 24 per cent., 5th May 1874.		
			Rs.	A.	P.
1	W. S. Seton Kerr ...	3,241 0 0	81	0	5
2	R. Maugham ...	220 9 0	5	8	2

Estate, BERNHARDT, HOWARD, ROBERT, CARE, and ROBERT, HOWARD (HOWARD BROTHERS), Insolvents.

No.	Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claim.	1st Dividend at Re. 1-12 per cent., 5th May 1874.		
			Rs.	A.	P.
4	Buldeo Doss Chatterbhooj Doss ...	13,548 13 3	237	1	8
7	Bejraj Bharamull ...	3,700 0 0	64	12	0
11	Bahadoor Mull Bissessur Doss ...	5,000 0 0	87	8	0
17	Bholanauth Kaseenauth ...	5,000 0 0	87	8	0
26	Bulbhucider ...	33 9 3	0	9	6
33	Bojjaauth Ramnauth ...	10,000 0 0	175	0	0
34	Bindrabun Loknauth ...	2,500 0 0	43	12	0
44	Bheekunchund Sooraj Mull ...	2,500 0 0	43	12	0
51	Burn & Co. ...	67 8 0	1	2	11
29	Chatoe and Loll Beharry ...	228 2 0	3	15	10
39	Chunderbhan Behareeloll ...	2,500 0 0	43	12	0
48	Deputy Commissioner, Nagpore ...	670 0 0	11	11	7
49	Ernsthausen and Oesterley ...	1,786 15 1	31	4	4
50	Elgin Mill Company ...	1,167 5 3	20	6	10
6	Gosain Rambhetgeer Mohant Pursramgeer Joyramgeer ...	5,000 0 0	87	8	0
8	Gungoololl Juggeruauth ...	2,500 0 0	43	12	0
12	Gopauldoss Maniekehund ...	1,200 0 0	21	0	0
24	Guneshee and Pubaroo ...	26 9 9	0	7	5
25	Gowrie Juttaha ...	4 1 6	0	1	2
27	Goolkanee ...	4 2 6	0	1	2
45	Ghameer Mull ...	27 0 0	0	7	7
10	Hurreedoss Narain Doss ...	1,500 0 0	26	4	0
13	Hurreekishn Khutree ...	1,500 0 0	26	4	0
30	Juggun Hurnohun ...	29 1 0	0	8	2
32	Junna Doss Berham Dutt ...	7,500 0 0	131	4	0
23	Mooswa ...	2 12 0	0	0	9
42	Mansook Doss ...	1,000 0 0	17	8	0
47	Manisty and Fletcher ...	147 0 0	2	9	2
35	Phoolchund Kedernath ...	2,500 0 0	43	12	0
1	Ramdhun Bhowaneeram ...	2,500 0 0	43	12	0
5	Ramloll Paleeram ...	5,000 0 0	87	8	0
18	Ramsookh Doss Hurnund Roy ...	2,500 0 0	43	12	0
19	Ramgopal Ramjees ...	1,500 0 0	26	4	9
40	Ramloll ...	1,200 0 0	21	0	0
41	Ramkissen Doss Khoosalehund ...	5,000 0 0	87	8	0
52	Renter's Telegram Company, Calcutta ...	79 0 0	1	6	1
2	Sewaram Buldeo Doss ...	15,000 0 0	262	8	0
14	Seetulpersaud Mattabheek ...	3,000 0 0	52	8	0

**Estate, BERNHARDT, HOWARD, ROBERT, CARR, and ROBERT, HOWARD (HOWARD BROTHERS),
Insolvent.**

No.	Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claim.			1st Dividend at Rs. 1-12 per cent., 6th May 1874.		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
15	Salikram Bhugwan Doss	2,500	0	0	43	12	6
16	Sewaram Khoosalchund	11,200	0	0	196	0	0
20	Seetaram Baboo	1,500	0	0	26	4	0
21	Sumput Roy Jowalur Mull	156	3	9	2	11	9
22	Surjeopersand Sookool	25	11	3	0	7	2
28	Sibold, C. J.	97	3	3	1	11	3
38	Sewaram Khoosalchund	10,500	0	0	183	12	0
9	Thakoormun Bhugut Guneshrum	4,980	3	0	87	2	5
43	Uttumchund Ghameermull	5,000	0	0	87	8	0
55	Staunton and Company	58,921	0	0	1,031	1	10
56	Schoene, Kilburn and Company	1,05,000	6	0	1,837	8	6

Estate, ANN LYDIA PARLEBEAN, an Insolvent.

No.	Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claim.			1st Dividend at 23 per cent., 7th July 1874.		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
9	Bathgate and Company	130	0	0	29	14	5
6	Culleepnauth Sing and Kishewer Sing	22	0	0	5	0	11
20	Gungaram and Ameena Bebee	400	0	0	92	0	0
4	Hurry Sing	130	0	0	29	14	5
10	Kullian Sing	200	0	0	46	0	0
8	Macnamara, Dr., F. N.	300	0	0	69	0	0
7	Obhoychurn Mullick	160	0	0	36	12	10
	Panchoo Dutt	130	0	0	29	14	5

Estate, EDWARD ALLAN D'CRUZ, an Insolvent.

No.	Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claim.			1st Dividend at 24 per cent., 7th July 1874.		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
22	Allercett, C. H., Jr.	40	0	0	9	9	7
57	Allee	5	0	0	1	3	2
58	Athen	4	0	0	0	15	4
59	Atkinson and Company	4	0	0	0	15	4
28	Bissonath Ghose	24	0	0	5	12	2
29	Biswas and Company	24	0	0	5	12	2
32	Bhoobun	24	0	0	5	12	2
40	Black and Murray	16	0	0	3	13	5
47	Deefholts, R. H.	10	0	0	2	6	5
16	Flewry, E.	50	0	0	12	0	0
7	Great Eastern Hotel Company	120	0	0	28	12	10
15	Greenway, W.	50	0	0	12	0	0
30	Gilbert and Company	24	0	0	5	12	2
48	Gobindehunder Seal	9	0	0	2	2	7
26	Ghunundy, sweeper	8	0	0	1	14	9
36	Harley and Company	17	0	0	4	1	3
50	Hamilton and Company	7	0	0	1	10	11
23	Joseph and Company	40	0	0	9	9	7
20	Kallychurn Dass	40	0	0	9	9	7
39	Khyrum	16	0	0	3	13	5
53	Koyam	6	0	0	1	7	0
2	Lallahs Lutchmeedeen and Suttadee	497	0	0	119	4	6
11	Muddoosoodun Mullick and Company	83	0	0	19	14	8
	Mohunbur	30	0	0	7	3	2
	Nilmoney Holdar	18	0	0	4	5	2
56	Newman and Company	5	0	0	1	3	2
37	Osler and Company	17	0	0	4	1	3
46	Orphan	10	0	0	2	6	5
49	Pearry Mohun Dass and Company	8	0	0	1	14	9
27	Raihamuddeen	28	0	0	6	11	6
55	Ramjoy Sing and Company	6	0	0	1	7	0
8	Smith, Stanistreet and Company	110	0	0	26	6	5
42	Solomon and Company	12	0	0	2	14	1
62	Shaik Abdool	7	0	0	1	10	11
24	Watson and Sumner	32	0	0	7	10	11
54	Wyman and Company	6	0	0	1	7	0
51	Young, E.	6	0	0	1	7	0

Estate, WILLIAM MUSGRAVE and SONS, Insolvents.

No.	Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claim.	1st Dividend at 9 per cent., 4th March 1874.		
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
27	Andrews, S. J. ...	6 8 9	0 9 5		
13	Berens, H. & A. ...	44 9 0	4 0 2		
22	Conwell, D. ...	6 8 9	0 9 5		
7	Gopaulchunder Mondle ...	159 0 3	14 4 11		
18	Gubboy, E. S. ...	271 5 9	24 6 9		
21	Herrold, H. M. ...	22 5 6	2 3 1		
24	Hickson, J. A. ...	70 5 0	6 5 3		
29	Hodgkinson, G. J. S. ...	20 8 0	1 13 6		
16	Indian Daily News Proprietor	21 0 0	1 14 3		
23	Jehangeer and Company ...	8 14 9	0 12 10		
25	Irvine, W. H. ...	4 9 0	0 6 7		
26	Johnson, O. D. ...	10 6 0	0 14 11		
9	Mahomed Sudeek and Mahomed Ismael	167 0 0	15 0 8		
11	Mackenzie, Lyall & Company...	85 8 0	7 11 2		
15	Mudhoosoodun Paul and Company	38 7 0	3 7 4		
20	Marshall, H. ...	49 12 6	4 7 8		
12	Newton and Company, W. ...	62 0 0	5 9 3		
14	Rankanye Mundle ...	20 0 0	2 11 2		
28	Self, C. T. ...	41 10 0	3 11 11		
30	Smith, Stanistreet and Company	9 4 0	0 13 4		
19	Thomson and Company, T. E.	12 8 0	1 2 0		
Total			102 15		

Estate, TROYLUCKO NAUTH ROY, an Insolvent.

No.	Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claim.	1st Dividend at 10 per cent., 4th March 1874.		
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
26	Balucknauth Rakhalass Pramanick ...	115 8 3	11 8 10		
33	Bhoobun Mohun Roy ...	1 6 0	0 2 2		
13	Bahadoor Sing Pertaub Sing, Roy Lutchmeepud Sing	7,221 0 0	722 1 7		
17	Chundee Money Dasseo ...	500 0 0	50 0 0		
56	Chooramoney Paul ...	64 2 3	6 6 8		
22	Debnarain Coondoo, Modosoodun Coondoo	6 7 0	0 10 3		
59	Doorgadass Doss, Kallydoss Doss ...	5,544 7 9	554 7 2		
4	Gooroohurn Kally Kisto Pramanick ...	592 8 6	59 4 6		
9	Gopeenath Roy, Janokeenath Roy ...	1,648 2 0	164 13 0		
23	Gooroohurn Tarrucknauth Pramanick ...	26 2 3	2 9 10		
38	Gopeenath Doss, Nobinchunder Doss ...	482 7 0	48 3 11		
42	Greeschunder Mookerjee ...	1 0 0	0 1 7		
45	Gopeenath Doss ...	172 6 0	17 3 10		
57	Gobindhunder Baboo ...	10,000 0 0	1,000 0 0		
15	Honoomandoss Mahata ...	500 0 0	50 0 0		
34	Hurronundo Roy Ramprotab...	5 0 0	0 8 0		
5	Hurrynarain Mookopadhyia ...	1 0 0	0 1 7		
6	Janookeedoss Baboo ...	282 12 6	28 4 5		
12	Issurehunder Coondoo, Chundercoomar Coondoo	7,544 13 0	754 7 8		
19	Johurmull Ramlohl ...	4,000 0 0	400 0 0		
44	Jodoonauth Mookopadhyia ...	160 0 0	10 0 0		
52	Joynarain Seal, Jadubehunder Dey ...	1 0 0	0 1 7		
62	Johurrylohl Doss ...	1,600 0 0	160 0 0		
41	Koosum Koomaree Dabee ...	115 0 0	11 8 0		
46	Kassynauth Dutt, Ramgopaul Dutt ...	311 1 0	31 1 8		
1	Modosoodun Sett ...	71 8 0	7 2 4		
18	Maliya Sing Megraj ...	93 4 3	9 5 2		
20	Modosoodun Bhubotarun, Ramprosono Nundy	463 6 6	46 5 5		
21	Mohabharat Chunder ...	124 1 6	12 6 6		
30	Modunmohun Roy, Toyluckonauth Roy ...	5,269 11 9	526 15 7		
31	Modunmohun Roy, Prosonocoomar Roy ...	7 2 0	0 11 5		
32	Modosoodun Coondoo, Pauchecowry Coondoo	1,050 1 0	105 0 1		
11	Nundoram Moutee ...	1,000 0 0	100 0 0		
14	Noyan Sing, Indrochund ...	1,547 6 3	154 11 10		
43	Okoychunder Bose ...	0 11 0	0 1 1		

No.	Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claim.			1st Dividend at 10 per cent., 4th Mar. 1874.		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
40	Pancheoury Coondoo ...	218	5	0	21	13	4
8	Roychurn, Cheeneebash, Janokeenauth Roy ...	5,138	6	0	513	13	4
58	Roychurn Roy, Gorachund Roy ...	3,863	14	0	386	6	1
5	Shibehunder Dutt ...	728	14	9	72	14	3
55	Toyluckonauth Roy, Dwarkanauth Ghose ...	239	4	3	23	14	10

Estate, WILLIAM WOOLSTON GREY, an Insolvent.

No.	Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claim.			2nd Dividend at 3 per cent., 14th April 1874.		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
5	Burn and Company ...	162	8	0	4	14	0
7	Baldwin, Captain ...	21	2	6	0	10	2
13	Crawley, T. ...	98	0	0	2	15	0
26	Commercial Union Assurance Company ...	38	15	9	1	2	9
21	Delhi Gazette Proprietor ...	98	12	0	2	15	5
19	Hodgway, Captain E. G. V. ...	40	8	0	1	3	5
13	Jakyle Duff ...	85	8	0	2	9	0
20	Jubbulpore Chronicle Proprietor ...	125	13	0	3	12	5
28	Le Mesurier, Captain A. ...	956	0	0	28	8	0
12	Moses, Jacobs ...	17	3	9	0	8	2
25	Newman and Company ...	582	10	0	17	7	8
9	Opherts, W. ...	146	14	0	4	6	7
22	Pioneer Proprietor (Ailahabad) ...	357	2	3	10	11	5
3	Robinson, T. M. ...	3,250	0	0	97	8	0
14	Rarken, Colonel ...	32	6	3	0	15	7
17	Royal Artillery Mess ...	270	8	0	8	1	10
24	Shibkisto Daw and Company ...	4	0	6	0	1	11
10	Thompson, Dr. ...	22	5	6	0	10	9
39	Thacker, Spink and Company ...	15	0	0	0	7	2
31	Foy, E., Agent to Howard Brothers and Company ...	16	0	0	0	7	8
11	Wilkins, Captain H. ...	163	14	0	4	14	8

CALCUTTA, the 12th March 1875.

(134—2)

A. B. MILLER, *Official Assignee*.

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of JOSEPH WOODFORD SMITH ROGERS, an insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 2nd day of March instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 4th day of May next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of HENRY GIBBONS, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 19th day of March instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 4th day of May next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Gray, Sen, and Farr, *Attorneys*.

In the matter of JUGGUT CHUNDER BONNERJEE, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 16th day of March instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 4th day of May next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Juggesh Chunder Chowdry, *Attorney*.*Chief Clerk's Office, the 23rd day of March 1875.*

In the matter of BERTHOLD HENRY HUCHTING, an Insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad-interim* protection order has been this day made by the said insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the sixth day of April next, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Any creditor of the said insolvent desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid."

Dignana and Robinson, *Attorneys*.*Chief Clerk's Office, the 25th day of March 1875.*

[Second Publication.]

THE following Bill was read in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 1st May 1875, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon in one month.

A Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to Municipalities.

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A Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to Municipalities.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to Municipalities within the territories subject to the government of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal: It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be cited as the "Bengal Municipalities' Act, 1875."

Except as provided in Chapter X of this Act—

(a) Every place to which the provisions of the District Municipal Improvement Act, 1864, have been extended under Section 1 of such Act shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be a first class municipality, and every place to which the provisions of the District Towns Act, 1868, have been extended under Section 2 of such Act shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be a second class municipality:

and for the purposes of such municipalities this Act shall, save as is provided in Chapter X, come into force on the _____ day of _____ and such date shall, for such purposes, be deemed to be the commencement of this Act

In every first class municipality as aforesaid it shall be deemed that a tax on the annual value of holdings under Chapter V of this Act, and in every second class municipality as aforesaid it shall be deemed that a tax upon persons under the said chapter, has been duly imposed; and such tax shall be levied accordingly until the Commissioners, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, shall otherwise direct;

and in every such municipality in which a tax on carriages and animals, or a fee upon the registration of carts, or tolls on ferries, may have been levied before the commencement of this Act, it shall be deemed that the said taxes, fees or tolls have been duly imposed under the provisions of Section 63 of this Act, and such taxes, fees, or tolls shall continue to be levied accordingly.

(b) This Act may be extended by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, by notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, to any tract of country not being within the limits of the ordinary original jurisdiction of the High Court at Fort William in Bengal, from such date as may be specified therein, and it shall come into force in such tract of country on the date so specified, and such date shall, for the purposes of such tract of country, be deemed to be the commencement of this Act.

2. On the commencement of this Act

Enactments repealed. enactments specified in the fifth schedule to this Act shall be repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column thereof; and the enactments specified in the sixth schedule to this Act shall cease to be in force in every municipality under this Act to the extent mentioned in the third column thereof.

But this repeal shall not revive any office, authority, or thing abolished by any such enactment, or affect the validity of any thing done or suffered, or any right, title, obligation, or liability accrued before the commencement of this Act.

And all rules prescribed; assessments, valuations, measurements, divisions, and appointments made; powers conferred, and notifications published under any such enactment; and all other rules (if any) now in force and relating to the matters hereinafter dealt with, shall (so far as they are consistent with this Act) be deemed to have been respectively prescribed, made, conferred, and published hereunder.

And all references to any such enactment shall (so far as may be practicable) be deemed to be made to this Act.

And all proceedings now pending, which may have been commenced under any such enactment, shall be deemed to be commenced under this Act.

The Commissioners under this Act shall, in reference to all the matters aforesaid, be substituted for the late Commissioners, Committee, or Panchayet (as the case may be).

3. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

“Carriage.” means any wheeled vehicle with springs.

“Cart.” means any cart, hackery, or wheeled vehicle without springs.

“Chapter.” means Chapter of this Act.

“Holding.” includes any parcel of land, house, tank, or other immoveable property, which, in the opinion of the Commissioners, should be separately valued, or in respect of which any person should be separately assessed.

“House.” includes any hut, shop, warehouse, or building.

“Immoveable property” and “land” severally mean land, benefits to arise out of land, things attached to the earth, or permanently fastened to anything attached to the earth.

“Moveable property” means property of every other description than immoveable property.

“Lieutenant-Governor” means the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the time being or the person acting in that capacity.

“Magistrate of the district” means the chief Magistrate in a district, exercising throughout the district all the powers of a Magistrate.

“Magistrate” means a Magistrate subordinate to the Magistrate of the district, or a Magistrate in charge of a division of the district in which division a Municipality is constituted.

“Municipality” means any tract of country to which this Act, or any part thereof, shall have been extended.

“Municipal year” means a year beginning on the first day of April, or on such other date as may hereafter be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

“Navigable channel” means any waterway, whether natural or artificial, through which a boat can pass.

“Offensive” means night-soil, sewage, and other contents of privies, drains, and cess-pools.

“Owner.” (15.) “Owner” includes—
(a) the person entitled for the time being to receive the rent of the land, or the person in charge of the thing, with respect to which the word is used;

(b) an agent for any such person;

(c) a trustee for any such person;

Provided that no such agent or trustee shall be liable to do any thing required by this Act to be done by the owner, nor shall he be subject to any fine for omitting to do such thing, unless he have sufficient funds in his hands, as such agent or trustee to do such thing

“Place.” (16.) “Place” in Sections 8 and 9 of this Act means any station, bazar, town, suburb, inhabited village, or hamlet, in which a majority of the adult male population is chiefly employed in pursuits other than agriculture.

“Road.” (17.) “Road” means any road, street, square, court, alley, or passage, whether a thoroughfare or not, over which the public have a right of way.

“Rubbish.” (18.) “Rubbish” means all dirt, dung, broken brick, mortar, broken glass, kitchen, or stable refuse, or refuse of any kind whatsoever, and filth of any kind not included in the term “offensive matter.”

“Schedule.” (19.) “Schedule” means schedule annexed to this Act.

“Section.” (20.) “Section” means a section of this Act.

“The Commissioners” (21.) “The Commissioners” means the persons for the time being appointed or elected to conduct the affairs of any Municipality under this Act, and shall include ex-officio Commissioners under this Act.

CHAPTER II.

OF THE CREATION OF MUNICIPALITIES.

4. From the date specified in any notification under section 1 (b), the tract of country in such notification mentioned shall be deemed to be created a Municipality for the purposes of this Act.

The notification shall—

(a) define the limits of the Municipality;

(b) declare whether the same shall, for the purposes of this Act, be a first or second class Municipality.

The Lieutenant-Governor may, by like notification, at any time, order that a municipality be transferred from one class to the other; and may vary the limits of any municipality or withdraw any tract of country from the operation of this Act or part thereof.

5. No tract of country which does not contain at least fifteen thousand inhabitants, and which does not contain the average number of not less than two thousand inhabitants to the square mile of the area of such tract, shall be declared to be a first class Municipality.

6. No tract of country which does not contain at least one thousand inhabitants, and which does not contain the average number of five hundred inhabitants to the square mile of the area of such tract, shall be declared to be a second class Municipality.

7. No tract of country shall be declared a municipality under this Act unless a majority of the adult population of such tract of country is chiefly employed in pursuits other than agricultural.

8. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, announce that there shall be united with any tract of country as aforesaid (for the purpose of forming a first or second class Municipality, as the case may be), any number of specified places, provided that no place shall be included within any such union, unless some part of such place be situated within the distance of half a mile from some other place included in such union.

9. Whenever the Lieutenant-Governor shall have declared two or more places to be united for the purpose of forming a first or a second class Municipality as aforesaid, all tracts of country lying within a supposed ring-fence drawn round the exterior limits of all such united places shall be deemed to be within the Municipality.

CHAPTER III.

OF THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES.

PART I.—Of the Constitution of the Municipality.

10. The Lieutenant-Governor shall from time to time appoint, in every first class Municipality, not less than eight, and in every second class Municipality not less than four, persons to be Commissioners for carrying out in such Municipality the purposes of this Act.

11. The Lieutenant-Governor may delegate to any officer the power of appointing Commissioners in any second class Municipality.

12. The Lieutenant-Governor may at any time direct that the whole or any number, not being less than two-thirds, of the Commissioners to be appointed under the last preceding section shall be elected by the rate-payers, subject to such rules in regard to qualification and election as he may think fit.

In any such election every person shall be entitled to vote who has paid the tax on persons, or the tax on holdings, hereinafter mentioned, that has become payable by him:

Provided that if such election take place before the said taxes have been levied in any Municipality, it shall be made by the householders therein.

The Lieutenant-Governor may appoint any persons to be *ad interim* Vice-Chairman and Commissioners pending the election of Commissioners under this section.

13. No person shall be appointed or elected a Commissioner, or a Member of a Ward Committee, under this Act in any Municipality who does not either reside or hold land therein, or within five miles from some part of the limits thereof:

Provided that when the imposition of any tax has been determined on in any Municipality, no person shall be appointed or elected therein a Commissioner, or Member of a Ward Committee, who does not pay, or is not liable to, municipal taxes therein.

14. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time accept the resignation of any Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee, appointed or elected under this Act, and may remove any such Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee for corruption or continued neglect to attend the meetings of the Commissioners, or otherwise to discharge his duty as Commissioner, or Member of a Ward Committee.

15. The Lieutenant-Governor may at any time withdraw any direction given by him under section 12 for the election of Commissioners in any Municipality.

16. In addition to the Commissioners appointed or elected as hereinbefore provided, the Magistrate of the district and the Magistrate of the division shall be *ex-officio* Commissioners of every Municipality situated within their respective jurisdictions, and the Lieutenant-Governor may direct, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, that the persons for the time being exercising the functions of the offices to be named in such notification shall be *ex-officio* Commissioners for any or every Municipality to which the official functions of the offices held by the persons so appointed may extend;

and the Lieutenant-Governor may appoint as a Commissioner of any Municipality any officer in the service of Government holding a salaried office (the salary of which is not less than one hundred rupees a month) in the district in which the Municipality is situated:

Provided that not more than one-third of the whole number of Commissioners shall be persons, holding in the Judicial, Police, or Revenue Departments of the Government service, salaried offices of which the functions are exercised within the district in which the Municipality is situated, unless such persons be elected Commissioners otherwise than by appointment by the Lieutenant-Governor, or by any officer to whom the power of appointing Commissioners has been delegated under section 11.

17. Except as herein after provided, every Commissioner shall vacate his office at the end of three years.

18. When Commissioners are for the first time appointed or elected in any place, one-third of the whole number of which the body may consist on the first day of the municipal year next following the date of the appointment or election of such Commissioners, shall retire at the end of one year, and another third at the end of two

years, and the rest at the end of three years, to be computed from the first day of the year next following the date of the appointment or election of such Commissioners.

In case such whole number is not evenly divisible by three, the one-third shall be ascertained by taking the number next below it, which is evenly divisible by three, as the number to be divided.

The Commissioners who shall retire at the end of the first and second years respectively shall be decided by lot.

19. When any Commissioners have been elected under section 12, the rule of rotation in section 18 shall be applied separately to the Commissioners who have been appointed, and separately to the Commissioners who have been elected.

Application of rule of rotation separately to appointed and elected Commissioners.

20. In calculating the whole number of Commissioners for the purposes of section 18, all *ex-officio* Commissioners shall be excluded; and such *ex-officio* Commissioners shall remain Commissioners so long as they continue to hold the respective offices in virtue of which they are respectively Commissioners.

* Calculation of number of the Commissioners.

21. Any person who vacates his office under the provisions of Section 17, or who retires under the provisions of Section 18, may be at any time re-appointed or re-elected.

Retiring Commissioner may be re-appointed or re-elected.

22. The Magistrate of the district, if the Municipality be at the sudder station, or the Magistrate in charge of a division of the district, if the Municipality be situated within such division, shall be *ex-officio* Chairman of the Commissioners of such Municipality.

Chairman of Commissioners.

The Magistrate of the district may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, delegate to any Magistrate subordinate to him at a sudder station any of the powers vested by this Act in the Chairman of the Commissioners, and may withdraw such powers.

In the absence of the Magistrate of a division of the district, the Magistrate of the district may appoint any Magistrate subordinate to him to officiate as Chairman of the Commissioners within such division.

23. The Commissioners shall elect their own Vice-Chairman, subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor; he shall hold office for one year from the date of his election, and shall be eligible for re-election at the end of each year.

Election of Vice-Chairman.

Such Vice-Chairman may at any time be removed from the office of Vice-Chairman by a resolution of the Commissioners, in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners shall have voted.

Provided that the Lieutenant-Governor may sanction the election permanently, or for a term of years, of a salaried Vice-Chairman proposed by the Commissioners.

24. The Commissioners shall, in the name of their Chairman, by the description of "The Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners of _____," be a body corporate,

Commissioners incorporated.

and have perpetual succession, and a common seal, and in such name shall sue and be sued.

Such common seal shall have the name of the Municipality engraved thereon in legible characters in the English language, and also in the vernacular of the district.

PART II.—Of the Property and Contracts of the Commissioners.

25. All property, moveable and immoveable, of any kind whatsoever, derived under any of the enactments specified in the fifth or sixth schedule, or otherwise, and vested in, or held in trust for the late Commissioners, Committee, or Panchayet (being the Commissioners or Committee or Panchayet appointed under any of the said enactments), for the tract of country which has been declared to be included in a Municipality, shall become vested in the Commissioners of such Municipality and their successors.

All property and rights of action of Municipal Commissioners or Panchayet vested in Commissioners appointed under this Act.

26. All roads, bridges, embankments, and drains in any Municipality (not being private property), now existing, or which shall afterwards be made, and the pavements, stones, and other materials thereof, and also all erections, materials, implements, and other things provided therefor, shall vest in and belong to the Commissioners of such Municipality.

Public roads, &c., vested in the Commissioners.

But the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time, by notification, exclude any road, bridge, embankment, or drain from the operation of this Act unless the cost of the original construction of the same shall have been paid from the Municipal Fund, and may cancel such notification wholly or in part.

27. The Commissioners may at a meeting agree with the person, in whom the property in any road is vested, to take over the property therein, and after such agreement may declare, by notice in writing put up in any part of such road, that the same has become a municipal road.

Thereupon such road shall vest in the Commissioners and shall thenceforth be repaired and kept up out of the Municipal Fund.

28. Every hospital, dispensary, school, rest-house, market, tank, and well, not being private property, or the property of a religious institution or society, and all medicines, furniture, and other articles appurtenant thereto, not being private property, which at and after the commencement of this Act shall be found within any Municipality may, by order of the Lieutenant-Governor, duly published, be vested in the Commissioners of such Municipality, and thereupon all endowments or funds belonging thereto shall be transferred to, and vested in, such Commissioners as trustees for the purposes to which such endowments and funds were lawfully applicable at the time of such transfer.

Provided that no such order shall be published until one month after notice of the intention to transfer such property shall have been published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and within the Municipality in the vernacular language of the district.

Existing hospitals, schools, rest-houses, &c., may be vested in the Commissioners.

29. If the Commissioners at a meeting shall, after publication of a notice in the last preceding section mentioned, object to the transfer to themselves of any hospital, dispensary, or school, on the ground that their funds cannot bear the charge, then such transfer shall not be made save under such conditions as the Commissioners at a meeting may agree to accept.

30. The Commissioners at a meeting may purchase or take on lease any land for the purposes of this Act, and may sell any land not required for such purposes.

31. When any land within the limits of any Municipality is required for the purposes of this Act, if the Commissioners cannot agree with the owner for the purchase thereof, the Lieutenant-Governor, on the recommendation of the Commissioners, may notify that such land is required under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870; and, on payment by the Commissioners of the compensation awarded under such Act, the land shall vest in them for the purposes of this Act.

32. The Commissioners may enter into and perform any contract necessary for the purposes of this Act.

Every contract made on behalf of the Commissioners in respect of any sum exceeding twenty rupees, or in respect of any property exceeding twenty rupees in value, shall be in writing, and signed by at least two of the Commissioners, one of whom shall be the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, and shall be sealed with the common seal of the Commissioners.

Unless so executed, it shall not be binding on the Commissioners.

PART III.—Of the Mode of transacting the Business of the Municipality.

33. The Commissioners shall have an office, where they shall meet for the transaction of business at least once in every month, and as often as a meeting shall be called by the Chairman, or, in his absence, by the Vice-Chairman, and all questions which may come before them at any meeting shall be decided by a majority.

The Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall call a meeting on a requisition signed by three of the Commissioners.

34. The Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall preside at every such meeting, and, in the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the Commissioners shall choose some one of their number to preside.

In cases of equality of votes, the President shall have a casting vote.

35. No business shall be transacted at a meeting unless it has been called by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, and unless, at least, in the case of a first class Municipality, five, and in the case of a second class Municipality, three, Commissioners be present.

36. Minutes of the proceedings of all meetings of the Commissioners shall be entered in a book to be kept for the purpose, and shall be signed by the President of the meeting, and such book shall be open to the inspection of the tax payers.

37. The Chairman shall, for the transaction of the business connected with, or for the purpose of making any order authorized by this Act, exercise all the powers vested by this Act in the Commissioners:

Provided that the Chairman shall not act in opposition to or in contravention of any order of the Commissioners at a meeting, or exercise any power which is directed to be exercised by the Commissioners at a meeting.

38. The Chairman may, by a written order, delegate to the Vice-Chairman or any of the duties or powers of a Chairman as defined in this Act, subject to such restrictions as may seem fit to him, and may at any time by a written order withdraw the same.

39. The Commissioners at a meeting shall from time to time decide what number of overseers, clerks, registrars, subordinate officers, servants, and collectors of taxes or tolls may be necessary for the Municipality, and shall from time to time fix the salaries to be paid to such persons respectively out of the Municipal Fund, and the allowances to be granted to such persons during absence on leave.

Subject to such decision, the Chairman shall have power to appoint such persons as he may think fit, and from time to time to remove such persons and appoint others in their places:

Provided that no person shall be appointed to, or removed from, any office, the monthly salary of which exceeds fifty rupees without the sanction of the Commissioners at a meeting; and no salary amounting to more than one hundred rupees a month in a second class Municipality, or to more than one hundred and fifty rupees a month in a first class Municipality, shall be assigned to any clerk or other servant without the previous sanction of the Magistrate of the district.

40. The Commissioners shall take from every collector of municipal taxes or tolls, such security for the sums collected by him as they may think proper.

PART IV.—Of Ward Committees.

41. The Commissioners may at a meeting divide any Municipality into wards, and thereupon appoint, or cause to be elected, in the manner provided by Section 12, for each ward, not less than three qualified persons, whether such persons be or be not Commissioners for the time being, to be Members of the Ward Committee, and the said Commissioners at a meeting may define the limits of the ward for which any Ward Committee may be appointed or elected.

All questions regarding the removal, resignation, and filling up vacancies among the Members of Ward Committees shall be settled by the Commissioners at a meeting.

42. Each Ward Committee may, for each year if they see fit, elect their own Chairman from among their own number.

43. A Ward Committee, within the limits of their ward, as defined by the Commissioners at a meeting, shall exercise all the powers, and shall be bound to perform all such duties, of Commissioners as defined in this Act, as the Commissioners at a meeting shall have delegated to them.

All acts done, orders issued, and assessments made by Ward Committees, shall be subject to the control and revision of the Commissioners, who may at any time withdraw all or any of such powers and duties.

PART V.—*Liability of Commissioners and Ward Committees.*

44. No Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee shall be personally liable for any contract made, or expense incurred, by or on behalf of the Commissioners.

Every Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee shall be personally liable for any wilful misapplication of money entrusted to the Commissioners to which he shall have been a party, and he shall be liable to be sued for the same.

45. No Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee, or officer, or servant of the Commissioners or Committee shall be interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract made with the Commissioners. And if any such person be so interested, he shall thereby become incapable of continuing in office or employment, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees:

Provided that no person shall, by reason of being a shareholder in, or a member of, any incorporated or registered company, be deemed interested in any contract entered into between such company and the Commissioners.

But no such shareholder or member shall act as a Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee in a matter relating to any contract entered into between the Commissioners and such company.

46. No Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee shall vote on any question which regards exclusively the assessment of himself or the valuation of his property, or his liability to any tax.

CHAPTER IV.

OF THE MUNICIPAL FUND AND ITS APPLICATION.

47. All sums received by the Commissioners, and all fines paid or levied under this Act, and all other sums which, under the sanction of Government, may be transferred to such Commissioners, shall constitute a fund which shall be called the Municipal Fund, and shall, together with all property of every nature or kind whatsoever, which may become vested in the Commissioners, be under their control, and shall be held by them in trust for the purposes of this Act.

The Municipal Fund shall be deemed to be the fund applicable to police purposes mentioned in sections 11 and 48 of Bengal Act No. II of 1866 (to provide for the better regulation of the Police within the Suburbs of the Town of Calcutta).

48. The Commissioners shall set apart and apply annually out of the Municipal Fund such sum as they are by this Act required to provide for the maintenance of the Municipal police force, and a sum sufficient for payment of their own establishment and the expenses of their office.

49. The Municipal Fund, after the sums mentioned have been set apart under the last preceding section, may, subject to such rules and restrictions as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time prescribe, be applied by the Commissioners to any of the following purposes within the Municipality in which such Municipal Fund is raised, that is to say—

(1) The construction, repair, and maintenance of roads, wharves, embankments, channels, drains, bridges, and tanks;

(2) The supply of water and lighting of roads;

Other works of public utility calculated to promote the health, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants

Provided that for every thousand inhabitants of any Municipality not more than two hundred rupees a year shall be expended on such objects, unless the Lieutenant-Governor shall, at the request of the Commissioners at a meeting, extend such limit for a special object;

(3) The diffusion of education, and with this view the construction and repair of school-houses, and the establishment and maintenance of schools either wholly or by means of grants-in-aid;

(4) The establishment and maintenance of hospitals and dispensaries;

(5) The promotion of vaccination;

(6) And for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

Provided that no portion of the Municipal Fund shall be applied to the establishment and maintenance of schools, or hospitals, or dispensaries, or to the promotion of vaccination, unless such application be sanctioned by the consent of a majority of the Commissioners, or of the Members of the Ward Committee respectively, at a meeting specially convened for considering the question of such application.

50. The Commissioners at a meeting may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, contribute a portion of the Municipal Fund towards the expenses incurred in any other Municipality or in any district or sub-division, where such expenses are incurred for any of the purposes described in clauses (1) and (2) of the last preceding section, and also towards the expenses of making, maintaining, and repairing any work for the improvement of a river or harbour (by whomsoever such work may be done):

but no contribution shall be made under this section to any work except such as is calculated to benefit the inhabitants of the contributing Municipality.

51. The account books of the Municipality shall be open to the inspection of any tax-payer at the office of the Commissioners on a day to be fixed in each week.

An account showing the receipts and expenditure during the quarter, arranged under the proper heads and duly balanced, shall be prepared immediately after the close of each quarter, and shall, with the account books, be open to the inspection of any tax-payer, and a copy of such account shall be forwarded to the Magistrate of the district for submission to the Commissioner of the division.

52. The Commissioners, at a meeting three months before the close of the municipal year, shall prepare in detail estimates showing the probable receipts and expenditure during the ensuing Municipal year, and the objects in respect of which it is proposed to incur such expenditure.

53. Copies of the estimates and translations thereof in the vernacular of the district shall be lodged in the office of the Magistrate and in the Municipal office or offices.

During fourteen days after the estimates shall have been so lodged in the said offices, of which due notice shall be published, the estimates and translations in the vernacular of the district shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by any tax-payer of such Municipality who may desire to inspect the same.

Any written suggestion which may be deposited in the office of the Commissioners shall be recorded and laid before them for consideration at the next meeting.

54. After the expiration of the said fourteen days, and after such revision as may appear requisite, the Chairman shall transmit the estimates to the Magistrate of the district with any remarks or objections thereupon which may have been recorded by himself or by the Commissioners at a meeting; and the Magistrate of the district shall forward them to the Commissioner of the division together with such remarks or objections, and his own opinion thereon.

55. The Commissioner of the division shall sanction any estimate forwarded under the last preceding section which may appear to him to be unobjectionable.

If he sees any objections to an estimate, he shall record and forward the same, together with the estimate, for reconsideration by the Commissioners.

A meeting shall be called specially for the purpose of such reconsideration; and the decision of the majority of the Commissioners attending at such meeting shall, subject to the provisions of section 56, be final.

56. The Commissioners at a meeting may at any time revise any estimate of expenditure with the view of providing for any modifications which they may deem it advisable to make in the appropriation of the amount at their disposal; and such revised estimate shall be published and forwarded for sanction to the Commissioner of the division through the Magistrate of the district, as pro-

vided in section 54, and the Commissioner of the division may return such revised estimate for reconsideration by the Commissioners in manner provided by section 55.

57. The Commissioners shall, at such time and in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, furnish an annual report of their proceedings and statements in detail of all the works executed by them, and of all sums received and expended by them.

Every such report shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

58. The municipal accounts shall be audited by such person and in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, and the expense of such audit shall be paid from the Municipal Fund.

59. The Lieutenant-Governor may direct that the cost of maintaining clerks or other establishments in the offices of the Magistrate of the district and of the Commissioner of the division, for the audit of accounts and the requisite correspondence connected with the purposes of this Act, shall be paid in rateable proportion from the funds of the several Municipalities which may be constituted under this Act in such district or division.

And the Commissioners of every Municipality shall pay to the Magistrate of the district the sum which they may be required to pay for the purposes of this section and the last preceding section.

60. All sums belonging to the Municipal Fund shall be paid into a Government treasury, or, with the sanction of the Commissioner of the division, into any bank or branch bank, in or near to the Municipality, and shall be credited to an account to be called the Account of the Municipality to which they belong:

Provided that the Commissioners may invest any moneys not required for immediate use either in the Government Savings' Bank or in Government securities, or in any other form of security which may be approved of by the Lieutenant-Governor.

61. All orders for payment of money from the Municipal Fund shall be signed by the Chairman, or by the Vice-Chairman and one of the Commissioners.

CHAPTER V.

OF MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

PART I.—Of the Power to impose Taxes and Tolls.

62. The Commissioners of any Municipality at a meeting may from time to time with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor impose within the limits of such Municipality one or other, but not both, of the following taxes:—

- (a) A tax upon persons occupying holdings within the Municipality according to their circumstances and property within the Municipality: provided that the total sum to be raised by such tax in any year shall not exceed the sum which would be produced by an average rate of two rupees and

four annas per annum for each holding, and that the amount assessed in respect of the occupation of any one holding shall not be more than eighty-four rupees per annum; or

- (b) A tax on the annual value of all holdings situated within the Municipality: provided that such tax shall not exceed seven and a half per cent. on the annual value of such holdings, unless the said tax was levied at a higher rate before the commencement of this Act; and provided also that no tax shall be imposed on any holding of which the annual value is less than six rupees.

63. Subject to the provisions of the section next succeeding, the Commissioners of any Municipality at a meeting may,

Additional taxes.

from time to time, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, impose within the limit of such Municipality all or any of the following taxes and tolls, in addition to either of the taxes mentioned in the last preceding section:—

- (a) A tax on carriages, horses, and other animals.
(b) A fee on the registration of carts.
(c) Tolls on ferries and roads.

PART II.—Of the Tax on Persons.

64. When it has been determined that a tax on persons occupying holdings within the Municipality, according to their circumstances and property

Assessment list to be prepared.

shall be imposed, the Commissioners shall, from time to time, prepare an assessment list, which shall be in the form in the first schedule.

The Commissioners may omit from the list prepared under this section any person who may by them be deemed too poor to pay such tax.

65. The Commissioners may, at any time after the publication of the assessment list, assess any person who was without

Power to alter assessment.

authority omitted therefrom, or whose liability to assessment has accrued thereafter.

Notice of such assessment shall be given to the person assessed, who may apply to the Commissioners to review the same.

66. Any person mentioned in the assessment list, who shall at any time after the publication thereof have ceased to

Power to apply for reduction of assessment in altered circumstances.

occupy any holding in respect of which he has been assessed, or whose means and property in respect of which he has been so assessed shall have been reduced, may apply to the Commissioners to revise his assessment.

Such application may be made at any time, and shall be dealt with in the manner provided by section 81 in respect of an application for review.

67. The Commissioners may at any time substitute for any name mentioned in the assessment list the name of any fresh

Procedure on change of occupation.

occupant of the property assessed, and shall give notice to the person whose name is so substituted.

Such person shall be liable to pay the amount in respect of such occupation from the first day of the quarter of the municipal year next after the date of the change of occupation.

The Commissioners may raise, or decrease, the assessment made on account of the occupation of the holding, as they may see fit, having reference to the circumstances and property within the municipality of the new occupant.

PART III.—Of the Tax on Holdings.

68. When it has been determined that a tax shall be imposed on the annual value of holdings, any such tax shall be paid by the owners of the holdings by quarterly instalments.

Houses used exclusively as places of public worship, or applied solely to charitable purposes, shall not be liable to such tax.

69. The gross annual rent at which any holding may be reasonably expected to be let, shall be deemed to be the annual value thereof, and such value shall accordingly be fixed by the Commissioners:

Provided that the annual value of any arable land shall be deemed to be one-half of the annual rent at which such land may be reasonably expected to be let.

70. If any house belongs to one owner, and the land on which it stands, and the adjacent land which is usually occupied therewith, belong to another, the Commissioners may value such house and land together at one consolidated rate.

The total amount of the evaluation shall be payable by the owner of the house, who shall thereafter be entitled to deduct from the rent which he pays for the land such proportion of the tax so paid by him as is equal to the proportion which his rent bears to the annual value of the whole property.

If the owner of the house and the owner of the land do not agree in respect of the proportion of the tax so deducted by the owner of the house, the Commissioners at a meeting shall, on the application of either party, make an award declaring the amount payable by each, and such award shall be final.

71. If the sum due from the owner of any holding remains unpaid after the notice of demand has been duly served, and such owner be not resident within the Municipality, or the place of abode of such owner be unknown, the same may be recovered from the occupier for the time being of such holding, who may deduct, from the next and following payments of his rent, the amount which may be so paid by or recovered from him:

Provided that no arrear of tax, which has remained due from the owner of any holding for more than one year, shall be so recovered from the occupier thereof.

72. The Commissioners, in order to prepare a valuation list, may, whenever they think fit, by notice, require the respective owners or occupiers of all holdings to furnish them with returns of the rent or annual value thereof, and they, or any

What returns may be required for ascertaining annual value.

person authorized by them in that behalf, at any time between sunrise and sunset, may enter, inspect, and measure, any such holding after having given forty-eight hours' previous notice of their intention to the occupier thereof.

73. When the valuation of the holdings has been completed, the Chairman shall prepare a valuation list in the form in the second schedule (of which the last column will remain blank).

74. The Commissioners may at any time after the publication of the said valuation list value any holding, which was without authority omitted therefrom, or which has become liable to valuation after the publication thereof.

Notice of the amount of the valuation shall be given to the person affected thereby, who may apply to the Commissioners to review the same.

75. The Commissioners may at any time substitute for any name mentioned in the said valuation list the name of any person to whom any holding mentioned therein shall have been transferred, and shall give notice thereof to the person whose name is so substituted.

Such person shall be liable to pay the amount payable on such holding from the first day of the quarter of the municipal year next after the date of the transfer.

76. When any house has been vacant for sixty or more consecutive days during any municipal year, the Commissioners shall remit one-half of so much of the tax of that year as may be proportionate to the number of days the said house has remained unoccupied; provided that the owner of such house, or his agent, has given to the Commissioners notice in writing of the vacancy thereof, and that the amount of tax to be remitted shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice.

No notice of vacancy given under this section shall have effect beyond the end of the quarter in which it has been given, unless a similar notice of continued vacancy be given within the first fifteen days of the following quarter.

When such notice of vacancy has been given, the owner shall give immediate notice of any re-occupation.

PART IV.—Of general provisions relating to the taxes on persons and holdings.

77. The Commissioners at a meeting shall determine the rate at which the tax on persons and the tax on holdings shall be imposed; and at a meeting to be held not less than fifteen days before the expiration of each municipal year shall determine the rate at which such taxes shall be imposed for the ensuing year.

78. The assessment list and valuation list respectively, shall be signed by the Chairman and shall be published.

On the publication of the assessment list or valuation list respectively, the Chairman shall serve a notice in the vernacular of the district,

on each person liable to assessment,

or on the owner of each holding,

containing an extract from such list of the entries affecting him.

79. Save as herein otherwise provided, every assessment and valuation, when published, shall be valid for three years and until the beginning of the municipal year next after the date on which a new assessment or valuation may be made.

80. Any person who is dissatisfied with the assessment, or with the valuation of any holding, or who disputes his occupation of any holding, or his liability to be assessed, may apply to the Commissioners to review the same.

81. Every application to review any order of assessment, any list, or other proceeding in respect of the amount of the assessment or demand, or of the liability of the person assessed or required to pay such amount, shall be heard and determined by not less than three Commissioners, one of whom shall be the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, who, after making such inquiries as they may deem necessary, may confirm or amend the same.

If such Commissioners confirm the same, they may order that the applicant shall pay such reasonable costs as may have been incurred in respect of his application.

The decision of such Commissioners or of a majority thereof, in such cases shall be final.

No such application shall be received after the expiration of two months from the time when publication under section 78 has been made unless good grounds be shewn to the satisfaction of such Commissioners; and in no case shall such application be received after the expiration of ten days from the service under section 114 of the first bill or other demand for payment.

82. No objection shall be taken to any assessment, nor shall the liability of any person to be assessed be questioned, in any other manner or by any other authority than in this Act is provided.

PART V.—Of the Tax on Carriages and Animals.

83. When it has been determined that a tax on carriages and animals kept within the Municipality shall be imposed, the Commissioners at a meeting shall make and publish an order, stating at what rates, not exceeding the rates given in the third schedule, such tax shall be imposed, but such tax shall not be imposed on:—

- (a) animals belonging to officers doing regimental duty at the rate of one animal for each officer;
- (b) animals exempt from any municipal tax under section 25 of the India Volunteers Act, 1869;
- (c) carriages or animals belonging to Government, or to the Commissioners;
- (d) animals used by, or in, any cavalry regiment, or by the police;
- (e) carriages or animals kept for sale by any *bond fide* dealer in such carriages or animals, and not used for any other purpose.

Such order shall continue in force until rescinded, and the Commissioners at a meeting, not less than fifteen days from the expiry of any municipal year, may make, and in that case shall publish, an order, stating the rates of such tax for the ensuing year.

84. The owner of every carriage and animal mentioned in the third schedule shall, within a month after the publication of an order under the last preceding section and in like manner within the first month of each municipal half-year, forward to the Commissioners a statement in writing, signed by him, containing a description of the carriages and animals liable to the tax for which he desires to take out a license.

Such owner shall at the same time pay to the Commissioners such sum as shall be payable by him for the current municipal half-year at the date of such publication for the carriages and animals specified in such statement, according to the rates stated in any order in force at the time made under section 83.

If any person becomes possessed, at any time after the commencement of the municipal half-year, of any carriage or animal mentioned in the third schedule, in respect of which no license has been given for such half-year, he shall forward a statement as above required within one month of the date on which he may have required possession thereof, and shall pay the tax for the unexpired portion of the half-year calculated from such date.

85. On receiving the amount of the tax under this Part, the Commissioners, or some person authorised by them in that behalf, shall give to the person paying the same a license for the several carriages and animals for the period in respect of which the amount is received.

Such license shall be for the current municipal half-year and no longer.

86. Whenever the owner of any carriage or animal is not resident within the limits of the Municipality wherein the same is kept, the person occupying the premises where it is for the time being kept shall take out a license under this Part.

87. The Commissioners at their discretion may compound, for any period not exceeding one year, with livery stable-keepers and other persons keeping carriages and animals for hire, for a certain sum to be paid for the carriages and animals so kept by such person, in lieu of the rates stated in any order made by the Commissioners under section 83.

88. The Commissioners shall from time to time cause to be prepared and entered in distinct columns in a book, to be kept by them, and to be open to the inspection of any person interested therein, a list of the persons to whom, during the then current municipal half-year, a license has been given under this Part, and of the carriages and animals in respect of which they have paid.

89. The Commissioners, or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may at any time between sunrise and sunset, enter and inspect any stable or coach-house, or any place wherein they may have reason to believe that there is any carriage or animal liable to taxation for which a license has not been duly taken out.

And the Commissioners may summon any person whom they have reason to believe to be liable to the payment of any such tax, or any servant of such person, and may examine such person or servant as to the number and description of the carriages and animals in respect of which such person is liable to be taxed.

PART VI.—Of the Registration of Carts.

90. The Commissioners at a meeting may make and publish an order that every cart, kept and used within, or let for hire within or without the Municipality and used within it, shall be registered by the Commissioners with the name and residence of the owner, and shall bear the number of registration in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct:

This section shall not apply to carts:—

- (a) which are the property of the Government, or of the Commissioners;
- (b) which are kept at more than two miles' distance from the Municipality, and are only temporarily and casually used within it.

91. The registration of carts, under the last preceding section shall be made, and the numbers assigned, half-yearly upon such days as the Commissioners shall notify, and such fee as they shall fix, not exceeding one rupee, shall be paid for each registration.

Any person becoming possessed of any cart, which has not been registered for the then current municipal half-year, shall register the same within one month of the date on which he may have become possessed thereof, and the Commissioners shall grant registration in any such case on payment of a proportional fee for the unexpired portion of the current half-year calculated from such date.

92. When the ownership of any registered cart is transferred within any half-year, it shall be registered anew within one month of the transfer in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred, and a fee not exceeding four annas shall be paid for every such last-mentioned registration.

93. If any person owns or keeps any cart hereinbefore required to be registered without having caused the same to be registered, the Commissioners, or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may seize and detain such cart (provided the same be not employed at the time of seizure in the conveyance of any passengers or goods), together with the animals drawing the same; and all police officers are required, on the application of the Commissioners, or of any servant of the Commissioners duly authorized in that behalf, to assist in the said seizure.

If the vehicle seized be not claimed, and the fine be not paid within ten days, such vehicle, together with the animals seized with it (if any), may be sold by auction by order of the Commissioners, and the proceeds applied to the payment of the fine and to the costs and charges incurred on account of the seizure, detention, and sale;

And the surplus (if any), if not claimed by the owner or the person keeping such cart within a further period of twelve months, shall become vested in the Commissioners and be transferred to the Municipal Fund.

Provided that if at any time before the sale is concluded the person whose cart has been seized shall tender to the Commissioners, or the person authorized by them to sell the cart, the amount of all the expenses incurred, and the registration fee payable by him, the Commissioners shall forthwith release the cart so seized.

PART VII.—Of Tolls on Ferries.

94. The Lieutenant-Governor may make over to the Commissioners any existing public ferry within or adjacent to the limits of the Municipality; such ferry shall thenceforward be deemed to be a municipal ferry, and the profits derivable therefrom shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

95. The Commissioners may also, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, declare that any other ferry within or adjacent to the limits of the Municipality is a municipal ferry; and the profits derivable therefrom shall henceforward be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund:

Provided that due compensation shall be made to any person for the loss which he may have sustained in consequence of such ferry being declared to be a municipal ferry.

The amount of compensation due in such cases shall be ascertained and awarded by the Magistrate under the provisions of section 4 of Bengal Act No. 1 of 1866 (to amend certain provisions of Regulation VI of 1819) or other law for the time being in force.

96. Every municipal ferry shall be maintained by the Commissioners, and they shall do all things necessary to provide for the safety and convenience of travellers, and the safety of property to be conveyed in such ferry.

97. When it has been determined to impose tolls on municipal ferries, the Commissioners at a meeting shall make and publish an order, specifying the ferries, and, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, the rates at which such tolls shall be levied.

Such rates may from time to time be varied with the like sanction.

98. Any collector or lessee of tolls, or his assistant, may refuse to convey any person or goods across a municipal ferry until the proper toll has been paid, and may require any person who refuses to pay the toll to leave the boat and to remove his goods from it.

99. No person shall keep a ferry-boat for the purpose of plying for hire within a distance of two miles above or below any municipal ferry without the previous sanction

of the Commissioners if he plies within the limits of the Municipality,

or of the Magistrate of the district if without such limits,

or of the Magistrate of the district and the Commissioners if one of the two banks between which he plies is within, and the other bank is without, such limits.

PART VIII.—Of Tolls on Roads.

100. The Lieutenant-Governor may make over to the Commissioners any existing toll-bar within the limits of the Municipality; and the profits derivable from it shall thenceforward be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

101. The Commissioners may also, under the authority of the Lieutenant-Governor, establish toll-bars upon any road or bridge within the limits of the Municipality for the purpose of levying tolls on vehicles and animals entering such limits; and the profits derivable therefrom shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

102. When it has been determined that tolls shall be levied on any road or bridge, the Commissioners at a meeting shall make and publish an order, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, specifying the rates at which such tolls shall be levied.

Such rates may from time to time be varied with the like sanction.

103. Any Collector or lessee of tolls may refuse to allow any person to pass through any municipal toll-bar, until the proper toll has been paid.

104. In case of non-payment of any toll on demand, the person authorized to collect the same may seize any carriage or animal, or any part of its burden, on which toll is chargeable, of sufficient value to defray the toll.

After such seizure the Commissioners shall forthwith issue a notice in writing that after the expiration of ten days they will sell the property by auction at such place as they may state in the notice; and if any toll, together with the cost arising from such seizure and custody, remains undischarged for ten days after the issue of such notice, the Commissioners may sell the property seized for discharge of the toll, and of all expenses occasioned by such non-payment, seizure, custody, and sale.

Any balance that may remain out of the proceeds of the sale shall be returned, on demand, if made within twelve months, to the owner of the property, and if unclaimed after such period shall be credited to the Municipal Fund.

Provided that if, at any time before the sale has been concluded, the person whose property has been seized shall tender to the Commissioners, or the officer appointed by them to sell the property, the amount of all the expenses incurred and of the toll payable by him, the Commissioners shall forthwith release the property seized.

PART IX.—Of general provisions relating to tolls.

105. The Commissioners may grant a lease of any municipal ferry or toll-bar for any period not exceeding three years.

106. A table of tolls legibly written in English and in the vernacular of the district shall be hung up in some conspicuous position at either end of every municipal ferry, and in some conspicuous position near every municipal toll-bar, so as to be easily read by all persons required to pay the toll.

107. The Commissioners, or the lessee of any municipal ferry or toll-bar, may compound with any person for a certain sum to be paid by such person for himself, or for any vehicles or animal kept by him, in lieu of the ordinary toll payable.

108. No tolls shall be paid for the passage of troops on the march, or of animals or vehicles employed in the transport of such troops.

or of Military or Government stores, or the persons in charge of them,

or of military or police officers, or of any public or municipal officer on duty, or of any person in their custody, or of any property belonging to them or in their custody, or any vehicle or animal employed by such persons for the transport of such property.

or of conservancy carts or other vehicles, or animals, belonging to the Commissioners, or of the persons in charge of them.

109. In all cases of resistance to the person authorized to collect tolls, police officers shall assist when required, and for that purpose shall have the same powers as they have in the exercise of their ordinary police duties.

PART X.—Of Tolls on Navigable Channels.

110. If the Lieutenant-Governor has declared that the provisions of the Canals' Act, 1864, or other similar law for the time being in force, are applicable to any navigable channel which passes through the limits of a Municipality, he may appoint the Commissioners to collect tolls as provided in section 8 of such Act, and the profits derivable therefrom shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

In such case the Commissioners shall exercise all the powers vested by such Act in the Collector.

CHAPTER VI.

OF THE RECOVERY OF MUNICIPAL TAXES.

111. By notification to be affixed in their office, the Commissioners shall declare at what hours of each day (not being a Sunday or other recognized holiday) the office shall be open for the receipt of money.

Every person is required to pay the sum due by him during the first month of each quarter.

Such payment may be made at the office of the Commissioners or to any tax-collector appointed in that behalf.

The amount due by any person on account of the tax on persons, or the tax on holdings, shall be deemed to be the amount entered in the notice served upon him under section 78.

112. For all sums collected on account of any tax under this Act, a receipt stating the amount and the tax to which it is appropriated shall be given, signed by the tax-collector or by some other officer authorized by the Commissioners to grant such receipts.

113. Every instalment of the tax upon persons and of the tax on holdings described in section 62 shall be payable in advance on the first day of the quarter or other period in respect of which such instalment is payable.

114. At any time within six months and not less than one month after any sum has become due on account of any tax, the Chairman shall cause to be served upon the person liable to the payment thereof a bill for the said sum, which shall also contain a statement of the period and of the tax on account of which the charge is made.

Appended to such bill shall be a notice of demand in the form (A) in the fourth schedule.

Such notice of demand shall be signed by the Chairman or an officer authorized in that behalf, and shall be served by a person authorized to receive payment.

115. If any person, after service upon him of such bill and notice, shall not, within ten days thereafter or from the date of any order of review thereafter made, pay the sum due, and a fee of two annas as costs of service, or show to the Commissioners sufficient cause for non-payment of the same, the amount of the arrear due, with costs on the scale in the form (B) in the fourth schedule may at any time within three months after the date of service of the said bill, or of the order of review made thereafter, be levied by distress and sale of any moveable property belonging to the defaulter which may be found within the Municipality, or of any moveable property, except ploughs, plough-cattle, or implements of trade or agriculture, which may be found within the holding in respect of the occupation of which such defaulter is liable to such tax.

If the same belong to any person other than the defaulter, the defaulter shall be liable to indemnify the owner thereof for any damage he may sustain by reason of such distress, or by reason of any payment he may make to avoid such distress or any sale under the same.

116. Every warrant of distress and sale under the last preceding section shall be issued by the Commissioners, and shall be in the form (C) in the fourth schedule.

Distress shall be made by actual seizure of moveable property, and the officer charged with the execution of the warrant shall be responsible for the due custody thereof.

Such officer shall make an inventory of all moveable property seized under the warrant, and shall give not less than ten days' previous notice of the sale, and of the time and place thereof, by beat of drum, in the Municipality or

Ward in which the property is situated, and by serving on the defaulter a notice in the form (D) in the fourth schedule :

Provided that if the property is of a perishable nature, it may be sold, with the consent of the defaulter, at any time after the expiry of twenty-four hours from the seizure.

117. The officer charged with the execution of the warrant may, under the special order of the Commissioners, between sunrise and sunset, break open any outer or inner door or window of a house, in order to make the distress, if he has reasonable ground for believing that it contains any moveable property belonging to the defaulter, and if, after notification of his authority and purpose and demand of admittance duly made, he cannot otherwise obtain admittance.

Provided that he shall not enter or break open the door of any room appropriated for the *zanáná* or residence of women, which by the usage of the country is considered private.

118. If the sum due be not paid with costs before the sale is concluded, or the warrant be not discharged or suspended by the Commissioners, the moveable property seized shall be sold by auction, at the time and place specified, in the most public manner possible ; and the proceeds shall be applied in discharge of the arrears and costs, and the surplus, if any, shall be returned on demand to the person in possession of the moveable property at the time of the seizure : or if unclaimed for a period of twelve months, shall become vested in the Commissioners and transferred to the Municipal Fund.

The tax-collector or other officer authorized in that behalf shall make a return of all such sales to the Commissioners in the form (E) in the fourth schedule ; and the costs upon every such proceeding shall be such as are mentioned in the form (B) in the fourth schedule.

119. The Commissioners shall cause a regular account to be kept of all distresses levied and sales made for the recovery taxes under this Act.

120. No distress or sale made under this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser on account of any defect or want of form in the bill, notice, summons, warrant of distress, inventory, or other proceeding relating thereto.

121. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize thereby the whole or any part of any tax, the Commissioners may sue the person liable to pay the same in any court of competent jurisdiction.

CHAPTER VII.

OF THE MUNICIPAL POLICE.

122. All police officers appointed or employed in any Municipality shall be appointed under the provisions of Act No. V of 1861 (*for the Regulation of Police*)

or of any other Act for the time being in force for the regulation of the police in the police district within which the said Municipality may be situated, and shall be deemed to be a portion of the police establishments under the Government of Bengal, and shall be subject to the provisions of any such Act, except as hereinafter provided.

123. No police officer, who forms part of the strength of the Municipal police for which the estimate mentioned in the next succeeding section may have been calculated, shall be liable to serve beyond the limits of the Municipality save in execution of duties imposed on him by his employment as a police officer of such Municipality.

124. From the commencement of this Act every District Superintendent of police shall prepare, in such form as may be directed by the Lieutenant-Governor, an estimate of the income and expense of the police force in every Municipality within his district for the Municipal year next following the preparation of such estimate, and shall present the same to the Commissioners of such Municipality at least four months before the beginning of the Municipal year to which the estimate relates.

125. The police estimate shall show the number, constitution, and salaries of the police force to be maintained in any such Municipality, and shall state whether the whole or some and what part of such expense is to be borne by rates to be levied in the Municipality to which the same refers :

Provided that the expense so to be borne in any second class Municipality shall not exceed the average rate of one rupee and eight annas in the year on each holding, and that the expense so to be borne in any first class Municipality shall not exceed the average rate of two rupees and four annas on each holding within the local limits of such Municipality ; except in the suburbs of Calcutta and in Howrah, in which the cost of the police force, including the contingent expenses thereof, to be borne by the Municipality shall not exceed the average rate of four hundred rupees for every thousand inhabitants of the Municipality as shown in the last census return.

126. After the receipt of the police estimate, the Commissioners shall cause the same to be translated into the language usually spoken in such Municipality, and shall cause the same or the translation thereof, to be laid before the Commissioners at their next meeting.

127. After such meeting, the Commissioners shall transmit the police estimate, together with any remarks or objections which the Commissioners at the meeting may desire to record, to the Magistrate of the district for transmission to the Commissioner of the division and by him to the Lieutenant-Governor.

128. The Lieutenant-Governor may consider the police estimate so transmitted to him, and approve, reject, or modify and approve as modified, the same or any part thereof.

129. So much of the police estimate as may thereby be directed to be borne by the taxes to be levied in any Municipality shall, for the purposes of this Act, be the expense of the police to be borne by such Municipality for the year for which the police estimate shall have been presented.

Amount of estimate to be deemed expense of Police Force.
The amount which may be finally settled shall be entered in the estimates of the Municipality as prepared under section 52.

130. At the close of each month, the District Superintendent of Police shall cause to be prepared and laid before the Commissioners a bill showing the actual expenses incurred during the month in the payment of the police force, and the contingent expenses thereof; and, so far as the same is in accordance with the police estimate, the Commissioners shall cause the amount or the share thereof which is payable by them under the last preceding section to be paid from the Municipal Fund.

Saving of authority of Commissioner of Calcutta Police in suburbs.
131. Nothing in this Act shall deprive the Commissioner of Police for the town of Calcutta of any power or authority over the police in the Suburbs of Calcutta vested in him by Bengal Act No. II of 1866 (for the better regulation of the police within the suburbs of the town of Calcutta).

And the Inspector-General of Police is hereby precluded from exercising over the police within the said suburbs any of the powers and authorities vested in him by the said Act No. V of 1861.

Deputy Commissioner of Police to perform duties of District Superintendent under this Act for suburbs.
132. The Deputy Commissioner of Police for the suburbs of Calcutta shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be the District Superintendent of the said suburbs.

CHAPTER VIII.

OF THE REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

133. Every first class Municipality shall, and every second class Municipality may,

Registration of births and deaths.
provide for the registration of births and deaths within the limits of their jurisdiction in accordance with the provisions of Bengal Act No. IV of 1873 (for registering births and deaths).

CHAPTER IX.

OF MUNICIPAL REGULATIONS.

134. No owner of any holding shall be deemed to be relieved from the discharge of the duties and liabilities described in this Chapter by the circumstance of his not residing within the Municipality unless he has let such holding to a resident occupier.

Non-resident owner liable.
135. Whenever it is directed in this Chapter that any expenses incurred or fee chargeable by the Commissioners shall be paid by the owner of any land or by the occupier thereof, or by either of them, the same may be recovered under Chapter VI as an arrear of tax. The notice of demand for such expenses or fee shall be made within one month from the date

on which the amount thereof shall have been ascertained.

PART I.—Of Offensive Matter, Rubbish, Privies, and Drains

136. The Commissioners may provide all establishments for removal of and places of deposit for offensive matter, and implements required for the removal of offensive matter, and shall from time to time provide places convenient for the deposit thereof.

Establishments for removal of and places of deposit for offensive matter.
137. The Commissioners at a meeting shall from time to time appoint the hours within which it shall be lawful to remove offensive matter and the manner in which the same shall be removed, and may remove the same at the expense of the occupier from any house if the occupier thereof fails to do so in accordance with this Act.

The Commissioners shall make and publish an order notifying the places and hours appointed under this and the last preceding section.

138. The Commissioners at a meeting may order that an establishment shall be maintained for the purpose of daily removing offensive matter from houses in their Municipality.

Any occupier in that case may apply to the Commissioners to effect such removal, and shall be chargeable with such fee as may be fixed by a bye-law duly published.

But no occupier shall be compelled to pay such fee if he does not wish to employ such establishment, and the Commissioners shall not be bound to maintain such an establishment.

139. All drains, privies, and cesspools shall be under the survey and control of the Commissioners, and shall be repaired and made efficient at the cost of the owners or occupiers of the holdings to which the same belong.

If any such owner or occupier neglect, during fifteen days after notice in writing, to repair and make the same efficient, the Commissioners shall cause such drain, privy, or cesspool to be made efficient, or, if necessary, shall remove the same, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

140. The Commissioners, or any officer authorized by them in that behalf, may inspect all privies, drains, and cesspools at any time between sunrise and sunset after six hours' notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any premises in which such privies, drains, or cesspools are situated, and may, if necessary, cause the ground to be opened where they or he think fit for the purpose of preventing or removing any nuisance arising from such privies, drains, or cesspools, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

Inspection of drains, privies, cesspools.
141. The Commissioners at a meeting shall from time to time appoint the hours and the manner in which rubbish shall be temporarily deposited until removed and carried away, and shall make and publish an order notifying the same.

Places of deposit for rubbish.

142. The Commissioners may provide and maintain, in sufficient numbers and in proper situations, common privies and urinals for the separate use of either sex, and shall cause the same to be kept in proper order and to be daily cleansed.

In any Municipality in which such privies are not maintained, the expense of removing offensive matter shall not be recovered from the occupier under section 137, and he shall not be liable to any fine for not removing such offensive matter.

143. Whenever any land being private property or within any private enclosure, appears to the Commissioners by reason of thick or noxious vegetation or jungle, to afford facilities for the commission of a nuisance, or by want of drainage, to be in a state injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood, the Commissioners may require the owner or occupier of such land, by notice addressed to him in writing, or if there be any doubt as to the ownership, by notification published on the spot, to clear and remove such vegetation or drain such land,

and if he do not within one week after such notice begin to cut, clear, and remove such vegetation, or to drain such land, and do not complete such work with due diligence, the Commissioners or any persons authorized by them in that behalf may, after forty-eight hours' notice, enter on such land, and do all necessary acts for the purposes aforesaid as they shall think fit, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

144. All rubbish and offensive matter collected by the Commissioners from roads, houses, privies, sewers, cesspools, and other places, shall be the property of the Commissioners, who shall have power to sell or otherwise dispose of the same; and the money arising from the sale thereof shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

145. All existing public sewers, drains, and other conservancy works, shall be under the direction and control of the Commissioners, who shall have power to construct any further works of that nature which they may consider necessary.

PART II.—Of Bathing and Washing Places, Tanks and Excavations.

146. All streams, channels, water-courses, tanks, reservoirs, springs, and wells, not being private property, shall, for the purposes of this Act, be under the direction and control of the Commissioners.

147. The Commissioners may set apart a sufficient number of convenient tanks, or parts of rivers, streams, or channels, not being private property, for the inhabitants to bathe in,

and similarly set apart a sufficient number of the same for washing animals or clothes, or for any other purpose connected with the health, cleanliness, or comfort of the inhabitants.

The Commissioners shall make and publish an order notifying the same.

148. The Commissioners at a meeting may require the owner of any land, by notice addressed to him in writing, or if there be any doubt as to the ownership, by notification published on the spot, to cleanse any private tank or pool therein, and to drain off and remove any waste or stagnant water which may appear to be injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood;

and, if such owner refuse or neglect to comply with such requisition within eight days from the service thereof, the Commissioners, or any persons authorized by them in that behalf, may enter on such land and do all such necessary acts for all or any of the purposes aforesaid as they shall think fit, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

149. The Commissioners may from time to time, as they think fit, drain off and cleanse or fill up, or otherwise abate, any stagnant pool, ditch, or tank, (the same not being private property) which shall appear to them to be useless or unnecessary, or likely to prove injurious to the health of the inhabitants.

150. The Commissioners may cause to be filled up any excavation which is likely in their opinion to be injurious to the health of the neighbourhood. If such excavation is made in any place within any private property without the consent of the Commissioners, the cost of refilling it may be recovered from the owner or occupier of the property.

PART III.—Of Obstructions and Encroachments on Roads.

151. The Commissioners may grant permission to any person to deposit any moveable property, on any road, or to make an excavation in any road, or to enclose the whole or any part of any road, provided that such person undertakes to erect sufficient fences to protect the public from injury, danger, or annoyance, and to light such fences from sunset to sunrise sufficiently for such purpose.

152. The Commissioners may close temporarily any road or part of a road for the purpose of repairing such road, or for the purpose of constructing any sewer, drain, culvert, or bridge, or for any other public purpose:

Provided that notice of the intention to close such road or part of the same shall be published not less than three days previously by a notification affixed in some conspicuous position at the place where it is intended to close the same:

and that sufficient barriers or fences shall be erected for the security of life and property, and that such barriers or fences shall be sufficiently lighted from sunset to sunrise.

153. If any person builds any wall, or erects, or sets up any fence, rail, post, or other obstruction or encroachment, in or on any road or open drain, sewer, or aqueduct, along the side of any road, the magistrate may order that such obstruction or encroachment be removed within a specified time by the person who erected it; and if such person fails to comply with such

order, the Commissioners may remove any such obstruction or encroachment; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person who erected the same.

154. The Commissioners may give notice in writing to, or the magistrate may order, the owner or occupier of any house to remove or alter any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, erected or placed against or in front of such house, if the same overhangs the road at a height of less than twelve feet above the level of the ground; or juts into, or in any way projects or encroaches upon, or is an obstruction to the safe and convenient passage along, any road; or obstructs or projects or encroaches into or upon any uncovered aqueduct, drain, or sewer in such road;

and such owner or occupier shall, within fourteen days after the service of such notice upon him, or within fourteen days of the receipt of such order, remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, or alter the same in such manner as shall have been directed by the Commissioners, and if he fail so to do, the Commissioners may remove or alter such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier so making default.

No person shall be entitled to compensation in respect of the removal of any projection, obstruction, or encroachment under this section.

155. An order made by the Magistrate under either of the two last preceding sections shall be deemed to be an order made by him in the discharge of his judicial duty, and the Commissioners shall be deemed to be persons bound to execute lawful orders of a Magistrate within the meaning of Act No. XVIII of 1850 (*for the protection of Judicial Officers*).

156. The Commissioners may cause any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, which may, before the commencement of this Act, have been erected or placed against or in front of any house on any road within the limits of such Commissioners' municipality to be removed or altered as they shall think fit:

Provided that thirty days' previous notice of such intended removal or alteration be given to the owner or occupier of such house, and that the Commissioners shall make reasonable compensation to every person who suffers damage by such removal or alteration.

In determining the amount of compensation the value of the land shall not be included.

157. Whenever any house, part of which projects beyond the regular line of a road, or beyond the front of the house on either side thereof, shall be burnt down or otherwise destroyed, or shall be under repair, the Commissioners may require the same to be set back to, or beyond the line of the road, or the line of the adjoining house, and shall make reasonable compensation to the owner of such house for any damage he may thereby sustain.

158. The Commissioners may give notice to the owner or occupier of any land to trim or prune the hedges bordering on any road, and to cut and trim any trees overhanging any road and obstructing the same or causing damage thereto;

Power to trim hedges and trees bordering roads.

and if such notice is not complied with within eight days from the date of service thereof, the Commissioners may cause the said hedges or trees to be trimmed or reduced in the manner required;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

PART IV.—Of General Conservancy and Improvement.

159. The Commissioners at a meeting may direct that within certain limits, to be fixed by them, the external roofs and walls of huts or other buildings which are about to be erected, or the roofs or walls of which are about to be wholly renewed in or near any road, shall not be made of grass, leaves, mats, or other inflammable materials.

Roofs and external walls not to be made of inflammable materials.

160. If any well, tank, or other excavation, whether on public or private ground, be, for want of sufficient repairs or protection, dangerous, the Commissioners shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner or occupier, requiring him forthwith to secure or protect such well;

Wells, tanks, &c., to be secured.

and if he do not, within three days after such notice, begin to comply with the requisition, and do not carry on the work to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, they may cause the well, tank, or excavation, to be secured or protected so as to prevent danger therefrom;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

161. If in any road, any house, wall, structure, or anything affixed thereto, be deemed by the Commissioners to be in a ruinous state, or in any way dangerous, they shall forthwith give notice in writing to the owner or occupier thereof, requiring him to secure or to take down the same within a fixed time;

Houses, &c., in a ruinous or dangerous state.

and in default the Commissioners, by an order passed at a meeting, shall cause such repairs to be made to such house, wall, or structure as they may consider necessary for the public safety; or may order such house, wall, structure, or thing affixed thereto to be removed; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

162. The materials of any thing which shall have been pulled down or removed under the provisions of the last preceding section, may be sold by the Commissioners, and the proceeds of such sale may be applied, so far as the same will extend, to the payment of the expenses incurred.

Sale of materials of houses, &c., pulled down.

Any surplus of such sale proceeds shall, on demand, be restored to the owner of such house, wall, structure, or thing affixed thereto, and if unclaimed shall, after the lapse of one year, be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

163. No person shall manufacture gunpowder, or shall, without a license under section 164, have in his possession, at any house at any time, a greater quantity of gunpowder than five seers.

Manufacture or possession of gunpowder

164. The Commissioners may grant to any person a license to keep in deposit any quantity of gunpowder not exceeding twenty-five seers, on such conditions, and for such term, not exceeding one year, as shall be specified in the license.

Licenses by Commissioners for sale and deposit of gunpowder.

165. The Commissioners by published order may appoint from time to time certain periods within which any dogs found straying in the roads or beyond the enclosures of the houses of the owners of such dogs may be destroyed.

Stray dogs to be killed at certain appointed periods.

166. On the complaint of three or more householders that a house in their immediate neighbourhood is used as a common brothel or lodging-house for prostitutes or disorderly persons of any description, to the annoyance of the respectable inhabitants of the vicinity, the Magistrate may summon the owner or occupier of the house to answer the complaint;

Brothels and lodging-houses of disorderly persons.

and, on being satisfied that the house is so used and is therefore a source of annoyance and offence to the neighbours, may order the owner or occupier to discontinue such use of it.

167. The Commissioners at a meeting may cause a name to be given to any road and to be affixed in such place as they may think fit, and may also cause a number to be affixed to every house; and in like manner may cause such names and numbers to be altered.

Names of roads and numbers of houses.

PART V.—Of certain Offensive or Dangerous Trades and of Burial and Burning-grounds.

168. Within such local limits as may be fixed by the Commissioners at a meeting, no land shall be used, without a license from the Commissioners, for any of the following

Certain offensive and dangerous trades not to be established within limits to be fixed by the Commissioners without license.

purposes, namely,

melting tallow;

boiling offal or blood;

as a soap-house, oil-boiling-house, dyeing-house, tannery, sheep pen, piggery, slaughter-house, brick-kiln, or lime-kiln;

as a manufactory of nitric acid, sulphuric acid, or sulphurate of mercury, or other manufactory from which offensive or unwholesome smells may arise;

as a yard or dépôt for trade in hay, straw, wood, coal, charcoal, golpatta, bamboos, thatching grass, or other inflammable material;

or as a store-house for kerosine, petroleum, naphtha, or any inflammable oil, spirit, or explosive substance.

This section shall not be applicable, until the expiration of two years from the commencement of this Act, to any land which may have been used for any such purpose before the commencement of this Act.

Such license shall not be withheld unless the Commissioners have reason to believe that the business which it is intended to establish or maintain would be offensive or dangerous to persons residing in the immediate neighbourhood.

169. The Commissioners may charge fees to be paid in accordance with a bye-law to be made as hereinafter mentioned for every license which they may grant for the use of land for any of the purposes mentioned in the last preceding section.

Commissioners may charge fees for licenses.

170. No burial or burning-ground, whether public or private, shall be made or formed without the consent in writing of the Commissioners, or under the authority of the Lieutenant-Governor.

No burial or burning place henceforth to be formed without leave of Government or of Commissioners.

171. If it shall appear to the Commissioners at a meeting that any public or private burial or burning-ground is dangerous to health or offensive to the tax-payers, and also that a suitable place for interment or burning, as the case may be, exists within a convenient distance and is open and available to the inhabitants of the Municipality, the Commissioners with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor previously obtained, may, by notification to be affixed on some conspicuous part of the ground, appoint a time, not being less than two months, for the closing of such burial or burning-ground;

Provided that the execution of the order for the closing of any such burning or burial ground shall be suspended, if ten or more tax-payers shall demand by a written requisition addressed to the Commissioners that the expediency of closing it be referred to the tax-payers;

and in such case the Commissioners shall fix the place and time for recording the votes of all the tax-payers within the Municipality, and shall record the votes of all such tax-payers who may present themselves for such purpose; and the ground shall not be closed unless a majority of the votes so taken be in favor of closing it.

If any building is attached and belongs to a burning-ground closed under this section, the Commissioners at a meeting may devote a portion of the Municipal Fund towards the construction of any new building which may be required in lieu thereof.

CHAPTER X.

OF MUNICIPAL MARKETS.

172. This Chapter shall not apply to any Municipality expressly extended thereto by the Lieutenant-Governor by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

173. The Commissioners at a meeting may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, provide land for the purpose of being used as municipal markets;

and may, with such sanction, charge rent, tolls, and fees for the right to expose goods for sale in such markets, and for the use of shops, stalls, and standings therein.

All such rents, tolls, and fees may be recovered under Chapter VI as arrears of tax.

174. The Commissioners at a meeting may grant a license for the use of any land as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruits, and vegetables within the Municipality.

Power to grant licenses to markets.

175. Every license granted under this Chapter shall be granted without fee, and shall be in force until the end of the municipal year, and the Commissioners may grant such license year by year on the certificate in writing under the hand of the Chairman, annually renewed, that the land is fit to be used as a market.

Duration of license and terms on which granted.

176. The Chairman, upon the application in writing of the owner of any land, shall grant such certificate unless the land be defective for the purposes of a market in drainage, ventilation, water-supply, or proper width of paths and ways.

Chairman bound to certify fit places.

177. The owners or lessees of all land used as markets at the time of the extension of this Chapter to the Municipality shall be entitled to receive a license for the current municipal year without the certificate required by section 175, but in subsequent years the license shall not be renewed without such certificate.

Existing markets.

178. Every license under this Chapter shall be registered in a book to be kept for that purpose by the Commissioners in their office, in which shall be stated,

Licenses to be registered.

- (a) the name of the owner of the land and market,
- (b) the name of the lessee thereof, if any,
- (c) the extent and boundary of the market,
- (d) and the description of articles sold therein.

179. Every transfer of interest in any such market shall be registered within two months after the date of transfer.

Transfers to be registered.

180. Any market which, or the transfer of which, shall not have been duly registered under the preceding sections shall be deemed to be land used as a market without a license.

Unregistered markets to be deemed unlicensed.

181. Whoever, being the owner or occupier of any land, wilfully or negligently permits the same to be used as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables without a license under section 174, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine not exceeding fifty rupees for each day during which the offence is continued after conviction for such offence.

Penalty for using unlicensed market.

182. The Magistrate, on the application of the Commissioners, may order any land, in respect of which a conviction shall have been obtained under the last preceding section, to be closed as a market place, and thereupon may appoint persons, or otherwise take order, to prevent such land being so used; and every person who shall sell or expose for sale meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables on any land which shall have been so closed, shall be liable, for every such offence, to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

Power to close unlicensed places.

CHAPTER XI.

OF BYE-LAWS, PENALTIES, AND PROSECUTIONS.

183. The Commissioners may from time to time at a meeting, at which at least two-thirds of the whole number of the Commissioners shall be present, make bye-laws, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, for—

Commissioners make bye-laws.

- (a) the regulation and disposal of offensive matter and rubbish;
- (b) keeping holdings in such a state as not to be injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood;
- (c) the proper preservation of tanks, and water-courses, and public bathing-places;
- (d) the regulation and management of privies;
- (e) preventing nuisances by the sides of roads;
- (f) the regulation and conduct of public assemblies or processions;
- (g) the keeping of order in places of public resort;
- (h) preserving order and quiet in the neighbourhood of places of worship during the times of public worship;
- (i) the regulation or prohibition of fire-balloons, fireworks, fire-arms, or other missiles in the vicinity of public roads;
- (j) regulating and restricting the sounding of drums, tom-toms, horns, trumpets, or any metal instruments;
- (k) the regulation of traffic on roads and thoroughfares, and keeping the same free from obstruction;
- (l) the regulation and inspection of markets licensed under Chapter X;
- (m) regulating the fees to be paid for a license under section 168;
- (n) and generally for the purposes of this Act.

The Commissioners may from time to time, at a meeting as aforesaid, repeal, alter, or add to such bye-laws.

184. No bye-law and no repeal, alteration of, or addition to any bye-law shall have effect until the same has been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor, and until the expiration of one month after the same has been published in the manner directed in section 185.

Confirmation of bye-laws.

185. Every bye-law, order, list, or other document directed by this Act to be published, shall be written in the vernacular of the district and deposited in the Municipal office, and a copy shall be put up in a conspicuous position at each police station or out-post in the Municipality, or in the Ward to which it relates.

Publication of bye-laws, &c.

And a public proclamation shall be read throughout such Municipality or Ward by beat of drum, notifying that such copy has been so put up, and that the original is open to inspection.

186. Whoever without lawful authority—

Fine of three times the amount payable.

- (a) keeps any carriage or animal without the license required by section 84;
- (b) having compounded for the payment of a certain sum under section 87, refuses to pay such sum;
- (c) keeps a cart not duly registered as required by section 91;

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount payable by him in respect of such license, composition, or registration (as the case may be), exclusive of the amount so payable.

Fine of twenty-five rupees. **187.** Whoever without lawful authority

- (a) disobeys an order of the Magistrate under section 166;
- (b) uses any place as mentioned in section 168 for the purposes therein mentioned;
- (c) refuses to leave a municipal ferry boat; or to remove his goods therefrom when required to do so under section 98;

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty-five rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine not exceeding ten rupees for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

Fine of fifty rupees. **188.** Whoever without lawful authority—

- (a) keeps a ferry-boat contrary to the provisions of section 99;
- (b) being a toll-keeper or lessee of a toll-bar, or gate, or ferry, neglects to hang up a table of tolls as required by section 106;
- (c) fails to remove any such obstruction, encroachment, or obstruction as is mentioned in section 154, or alter the same in the manner directed after a notice as mentioned in the said section within the period therein specified;
- (d) infringes any bye-law made under this Act;
- (e) being authorized under this Act to collect tolls demands or takes any higher tolls than the tolls authorized under this Act;
- (f) having driven any vehicle or animal (not exempted from toll) through a toll gate, refuses to pay the toll, or with intent to avoid payment thereof, fraudulently passes such toll-gate without paying the proper toll;
- (g) builds any wall, or erects or sets up any fence, rail, post, or other obstruction or encroachment in or on any road or open drain, sewer or aqueduct, along the side of any road;

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every such offence and to a further fine not exceeding twenty rupees for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

Fine of one hundred rupees. **189.** Whoever without lawful authority—

- (a) contravenes the provisions of section 163;
- (b) buries or burns, or causes or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse in any burning or burying-ground closed under the provisions of section 171;
- (c) fails to produce his license when required to do so by any person authorized by the Commissioners under section 198;

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for every such offence.

190 Whoever, being the owner of any house, fails to give notice of the re-occupation of such house within ten days of such re-occupation, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount of tax payable quarterly on such house.

Penalty for not giving notice of re-occupation of house.

191. Every offence under this Act shall be tried by any Magistrate having jurisdiction, and the Lieutenant-Governor may confer on any Commissioner the powers of a Magistrate of the 1st, 2nd, or 3rd class under section 42 of the Code of Criminal Procedure for the trial of such offences within the Municipality.

192. Fines under this Act may be levied under the provisions of section 507 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

193 The Commissioners may direct any prosecution for any public nuisance, and may order proceedings to be taken for the recovery of any penalties under this Act and for the punishment of any persons offending against the same, and may order the expenses of such prosecution or other proceedings to be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

194. No prosecution for an offence under this Act, or any bye-law made in pursuance thereof, shall be instituted without the order or consent of the Commissioners, and no such prosecution shall be instituted except within three months next after the commission of such offence.

No charge of offence created by this Act to be instituted without consent of Commissioners.

CHAPTER XII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

195. Every notice, bill, form, summons, or notice of demand under this Act may be served personally on or presented to the person to whom the same is addressed,

or be left at his usual place of abode, with some adult male member or servant of his family; or, if it cannot be so served or presented, may be put on some conspicuous part of his place of abode;

or of the land in respect of which the notice, bill, form, summons, or notice of demand is intended to be served.

196. Where any notice is required to be given to the owner or occupier of any land, such notice, addressed to the owner or occupier, as the case may require, may be served on the occupier of such land, or otherwise in the manner in the last preceding section mentioned.

Provided that when the owner, and his place of abode are known to the Commissioners, they shall, if such place of abode be within the limits of their authority, cause every notice required to be given to the owner of any land to be served on such owner, or left with some adult male member or servant of his family;

and if the place of abode of the owner be not within such limits, they shall send every such notice by post addressed to his place of abode, and such service shall be deemed to be good service of the notice.

When the name of the owner or occupier is not known, it shall be sufficient to designate him as "the owner" or "the occupier" of the land in respect of which the notice is served.

197. No tax on property shall be invalid for defect of form, and it shall be enough in such tax, or any

Tax not invalid for want of form.

assessment or valuation for the purpose of making such tax, if the property so assessed or valued is so described as to be generally known, and it shall not be necessary to name the owner or occupier thereof.

198. Every person to whom a license has been granted under this Act shall at all reasonable times while such license shall remain in force, if thereunto required by the Commissioners, or by any person authorized by them in that behalf, produce such license to the Commissioners or to the person so authorized.

199. Whenever, under this Act, any work is required by the Commissioners to be executed, or any alterations or improvements to be made in any holding, and such work, alterations, or improvements, are executed by the occupier, or by the Commissioners at his expense, the cost thereof may be deducted by such occupier from the next and following payments of his rent due or becoming due to such owner, or may be recovered by him in any court of competent jurisdiction, if the Commissioners shall certify that such cost ought to be borne by the owner.

If the occupier has a beneficial interest in such holding, he shall deduct or recover such sum only as will bear the same proportion to the entire cost of such work, alteration, or improvement, as the value of the owner's interest bears to the value of the holding.

If the rents issuing out of any such holding belong to more persons than one, who are entitled to the same either as being joint proprietors of such holding, or as having intermediate and other interests therein, the cost of any work, alteration, or improvement, as aforesaid, payable by the owner, shall be borne by such persons in proportion to their respective interests; and any one or more of such persons, who may have been compelled to pay more than a just proportion in the first instance, shall be entitled to recover from the others his excess payment.

200. No occupier of any holding shall be liable to pay more money, in respect of any expenses charged by this Act on the owner thereof, than the amount of rent which is due from him at the time of the demand made, or which at any time thereafter shall have become due, unless he neglect or refuse, upon application made to him for that purpose by the Commissioners, truly to disclose the amount of his rent and the name and address of the person to whom such rent is payable:

Provided that nothing herein contained shall be taken to affect any special contract made between any such owner and occupier respecting the payment of any expenses as aforesaid.

201. If money be due to the Commissioners in respect of any holding, the owner of which is unknown or the ownership of which is disputed, on account of any tax, expenses, or charges, recoverable under this Act, the Commissioners may publish twice, at an interval of three months, a notification of sale of such holding, and after the expiry of not less than three months from the date of the last publication, unless the amount recoverable be paid, may sell such holding to the

highest bidder, who shall at the time of sale deposit the full amount of the purchase-money.

Any person may pay the amount due at any time before the completion of the sale, and may recover such amount by a suit in a court of competent jurisdiction from any person beneficially interested in such property.

After payment of the amount recoverable by the Commissioners, the surplus, if any, shall be paid on demand to any person who establishes his right to the satisfaction of the Commissioners or in a court of competent jurisdiction, or, if unclaimed for a period of one year, shall become vested in the Commissioners and be transferred to the Municipal Fund.

202. The Commissioners may make compensation out of the Municipal Fund to any person sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers conferred by this Act.

203. No suit shall be brought against the Commissioners or any of their officers, or any person acting under their direction, for anything done under this Act, until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing has been delivered or left at the office of the Commissioners or at the place of abode of the person against whom such suit is threatened to be brought, stating the cause of suit and the name and place of abode of the intended plaintiff;

And unless such notice be proved, the Court shall find for the defendant.

Every such action shall be commenced within three months next after the accrual of the cause of action, and not afterwards.

If any such person to whom any such notice is given shall, before suit is brought, tender sufficient amends to the plaintiff, such plaintiff shall not recover.

204. All the proceedings, other than judicial proceedings, of the Commissioners, or of the Magistrate of the district, except as herein specially provided, shall be subject to the control of the Commissioner of the division.

And all the proceedings of the Commissioner of the division shall be subject to the control of the Lieutenant-Governor.

205. If the Commissioners of any Municipality fail to maintain, within the limits thereof, any road which without such limits is maintained by a District Committee under the Road Cess Act, 1871, or to pay for the municipal police,

the Commissioner of the division in which such Municipality is situated may convene a committee consisting of

- (a) the Magistrate of the district,
 - (b) the Magistrate of the division of the district,
 - (c) the Executive Engineer of the division,
 - (d) the Civil Surgeon of the district,
 - (e) and two members, one of whom shall be nominated by the Commissioner of the division, and the other by the Commissioners at a meeting,
- and such Committee shall inquire into and report on the state of the Municipality.

Note.—If within the said ten days you apply to the Commissioners to review the assessment or valuation, the amount due by you, with such further costs (if any) as the Commissioners may direct, will be levied after ten days from the date of the order made thereon, unless previously paid. But if you have already paid a tax under this assessment or valuation, except under distraint, you will not be allowed to apply for review.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

THE law relating to municipal matters in towns in Bengal is contained in thirteen Regulations and Acts. In the year 1872 a Bill was passed by this Council, of which one object was to consolidate the municipal law. The Bill, however, did not become law.

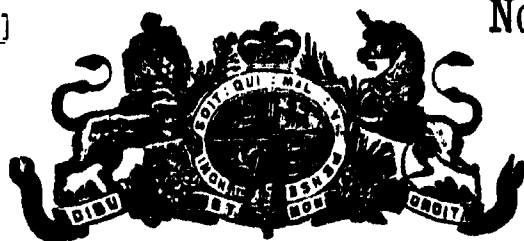
It has been thought desirable to carry out the project of consolidating the municipal law, and the present Bill has been framed for this purpose. The Bill of 1872 has been taken as the basis of that which is now laid before the Council ; but the provisions which led to the assent of the Governor-General being withheld from the former have been omitted ; municipal taxation is kept within existing limits ; the chapters relating to registration and the prohibition of inoculation have been omitted, as the provisions already exist in other laws which can be applied to municipalities ; and in many respects the arrangement of the present Bill differs from that of 1872.

H. L. DAMPIER.

27th April 1875.

C. C. MACRAE,

*Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.*



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 1875.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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THE FAIR AND DURBAR AT RUMA, IN THE CHITTAGONG HILL TRACTS.

No. 221T, dated Darjeeling, the 2nd May 1875.

From—R. L. MANGLES, Esq., Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Political Dept.,
To—The Commissioner of Chittagong.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 13H, dated the 6th instant, submitting a report regarding the Fair and Durbar held at Ruma, the head-quarters of the Sungoo sub-division, in the Chittagong Hill Tracts, on the 23rd of January last and the three following days.

2 In reply, I am to say that the Lieutenant-Governor has perused Lieutenant Gordon's graphic account of the meeting of the different Hill tribes living in the tracts within and beyond our frontier with much interest, and will be glad if the hope it holds out of establishing future friendship and peace between the tribes is fulfilled.

3. He observes that during the tour of Lieutenant Gordon, the sub-divisional officer, to the frontier, prior to the meeting, that officer came in contact with several of the independent Kookee tribes, and invited the chiefs to the fair, and that thus the attendance at Ruma was much larger than was at first anticipated. As a consequence of this larger gathering, the costs incurred have amounted to Rs. 1,037-7-9, or Rs. 537-7-9 in excess of the outlay originally sanctioned for the purpose.

4. The meeting, as far as relates to the sociable intercourse which took place between the chiefs of the independent tribes beyond the frontier and the chiefs of the tribes living within our boundary, on whom the independent tribes made frequent raids in former days, appears to have been a great success, and oaths of future good will and alliance were entered into and exchanged in accordance with the Kookee custom between the several tribes which were thus brought into friendly contact.

5. The Lieutenant-Governor attaches much importance to meetings such as these, and to the moral effects which at such times can be brought about by the presence and influence of British officers. The Deputy Commissioner, Mr. Power, and Lieutenant Gordon, appear to have taken full advantage of the opportunity afforded them of adjusting disputes, of reconciling grievances, and of impressing all parties with a sense of our determination to maintain peace, and of our power to enforce obedience if necessary. His Honor accepts the assurance given by yourself and the Deputy Commissioner that the meeting has done much also to secure the other beneficial objects for which it was sanctioned, and which are fully detailed in the extracts given from Lieutenant Gordon's report.

6. The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to accord his sanction to the expenditure (Rs. 1,037-7-9) which has been incurred, and desires me to request that you will convey to Mr. Power and to Lieutenant Gordon an expression of his thanks for the tact and success with which they conducted the proceedings at the Fair and Durbar.

No. 13H, dated Chittagong, the 6th April 1875.

From—E. E. Lewis, Esq., Commissioner of the Chittagong Division,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Political Department.

WITH reference to the orders of Government, conveyed in Mr. Under-Secretary Crawford's letter No. 4621, dated the 17th December last, I have the honor to submit copy of a report, No. 221, dated the 25th ultimo, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Hill Tracts, on the subject of the Durbar and Fair held at Ruma, the head-quarters of the Sungco sub-division, on the 23rd of January last and three following days.

2. The sum sanctioned for expenditure on the occasion was Rs. 500, but the actual disbursement has amounted to Rs. 1,037-7-9 in consequence of the meeting having been very largely attended, not only by the Hill Tract tribes subject to our jurisdiction, but also by the Shendoos and others from the Arracan side. As the results of the Durbar have been so satisfactory, I am sure Government will concur with me in thinking that the money has been well spent. I beg, therefore, to recommend that the extra charge incurred be sanctioned, and the bill herewith submitted be passed. Lieutenant Gordon deserves credit for the successful manner in which he has conducted the meeting and carried out the wishes of Government.

3. Mr. Rattray will be requested to submit as early as possible copies of the photographs taken by him.

No. 221, dated Rangamatee, the 25th March 1875.

From—A. W. B. Power, Esq., Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Chittagong Hill Tracts,
To—The Commissioner of the Chittagong Division.

I HAVE the honor to submit the report called for in your memorandum No. 102H, dated 23rd ultimo, on the Ruma Durbar and Mela held on the 23rd and following days of January last.

2. The delay which has occurred in submitting this report is chiefly owing to the Assistant Commissioner's and my absence on tour. Mr. Gordon gives the following explanation:—"I have to regret the delay in the submission of the report, and to excuse it by stating that the greatest difficulty has been experienced in setting the accounts into perfect order, in getting the necessary vouchers, and generally in reducing the bill to a presentable form. I may also mention that I left Ruma for my tour to the Matamorce valley directly after the Mela, and have only just returned from there." His report is dated 6th March; it reached this office on the 15th idem, was forwarded to me in camp, but did not reach me till the evening of the 21st, on my way back to head-quarters.

3. Mr. Gordon divides the subject into four heads—

1st.—The reasons and objects of the Mela.

2nd.—The event itself.

3rd.—The results, actual and prospective.

4th.—The bill.

In the Office No. 1048, dated 25th November last, the first head is dealt with. I quote from that report:—

“The objects which Lieutenant Gordon has in view in getting up this Mela are two-fold: (1) to increase the influence he has obtained over the ‘Bonjogi’ tribe of Kookees, and to obtain some influence over the Khumis, hoping, among other things, that by seizing the right moment he may be able to induce them to spread their villages across the ill-protected frontier country east of his sub-division, and thereby obviate the necessity for a line of police-posts, or rather to supply some means of protection where at present there are none, and where, for financial reasons, none can be provided by Government for some time to come; and (2) to lay the foundation of a bazar at Ruma, and so in time diminish the heavy expenditure entailed on Government for provisioning that place.”

4. Mr. Gordon thus gives an account of the event itself: he says—“As you are aware, the day originally fixed by me was the 21st of December, but by the desire of the Commissioner, who expressed a wish to be present, it was postponed for a month. I very much feared that such a postponement, ordered as it was within a few days of the event, would have a discouraging effect upon the chiefs, many of whom had made their arrangements for the trip, and that this, and the near approach of the jhoom-cutting season, would have rendered the attendance small; but the very opposite proved to be the case. In fact the main feature, and, if I may say so, the main success of the meeting was indirectly the result of the postponement.

“I was enabled, that is to say, to make my annual tour on the frontier, and to pay a visit to Dalakmay in the interim, and had the good fortune and pleasure there to meet the new Superintendent of the North Arracan Hills, Mr. Buckle, who, as you know, has succeeded Captain Hughes. This officer reached Dalakmay on the same day as myself, the 24th of December, and I was very glad to learn from him and Mr. Hannay, the frontier officer, that a friendly meeting with the Bokee tribe of Shindoos had been arranged for Christmas week,—a repetition of a similar meeting in Christmas time of 1873-74 with the Yaleng clan, at which I was also present, and of which the special report is in your Office, my No. 29,*

* Copy forwarded to the Commissioner with this Office No. 31, dated 20th March 1874.

dated 2nd March 1874.

“Amicable engagements were entered into by these people with ourselves as representatives of the Government, and solemnized by the customary ceremonies; and I was thus for the second time enabled to be a party to mutual engagements with the Shendoos. I considered this of much importance, for the term ‘British Government’ has not for these people its full width of meaning; that is, they identify the term only with the white men who are actually present, and consequently with the villagers and people only under their immediate control. If, therefore, I had not been present to take a part in the ceremony, they would not have considered the engagements as binding with regard to the villages and villagers on the Bengal side, and could therefore have planned a raid in the Sungoo or Matamoree valleys with a free conscience.

“I availed myself of the presence of Mr. Buckle to obtain his promise that the Commissioner of Arracan should be asked to allow Mr. Hannay to attend the Mela at Ruma. I wrote officially, and Mr. Buckle was so good as to forward my letter with a favourable recommendation, and the sanction was obtained only just in time to enable Mr. Hannay to cross over by the southern route and reach Ruma on the 21st January.

“As you are aware, that officer brought with him not only a powerful Shindoo chieftain, Likebo, head of the Bokee tribe, with seven or eight followers, but also a little army of feathered chiefs from the border Khumi (Guaymi, as they are called on the Koladyne,) villages, tributary and non-tributary, of the Koladyne frontier. It is not easy to exaggerate the satisfaction with which our hillmen must have contemplated the Shindoos, their mortal foes of more than a hundred years; and I cannot help thinking that with this feeling there must have been mixed one of vengeance and hatred, which might well cause the Shindoos some anxiety. In fact, it is impossible to believe that the representatives of a race of men, perhaps the actual individuals themselves, known to have brought death and desolation to the home and hearth of many a hillman then present, could be regarded with other than the bitterest feelings; and when I looked forward to the general hilarity and inebriation inseparable from a Kookee feast, I confess to having been not entirely free from some slight anxiety myself.” He goes on to mention one of the only drawbacks to the success of the Mela, viz. that the Bonjogis were late, and did not arrive in time to take part in the oath of friendship ratified between our party and the Shendoos. The Europeans present were Mr. Hannay; Mr. Rattray, District Superintendent of Police, Chittagong; Mr. Showers, District Superintendent of Police, Chittagong Hill Tracts; Mr. Gordon, and myself. Rutton Poa was invited, and came part of the way; but he did not start in time, and finding himself too late returned from Rangamatee.

5. On the 26th the great event of the Mela, viz. the feast to all the visitors, came off. After describing how the cows, buffaloes, and goats were slaughtered, the latter being decapitated (in some instances two at a time) with one stroke by a Goorkha sepoy using his national kookree, Mr. Gordon proceeds thus graphically to depict the scene: “More than 500 bamboo tables ranged in rows groined under the weight of some 50 maunds of rice, 4 buffaloes, 5 cows, 19 goats, 7 pigs, and 200 fowls; the guests, some 1,500 in number, seated themselves. The quiet

and orderly way in which this was done testifies in no small degree, I think, to the easy temperament and rough good-natured politeness of the hillman. There was a total absence of all wrangling for seats or disorder of any kind; they sat down like school-boys, and quietly waited to be told to begin. At this juncture I observed a slight pause, an evident irresolution, and on asking I found that according to hill custom they wished to commence with a drink. I knew the custom, but had forgotten it for the moment. The wine was at once, however, sent round, and then a demolishing of eatables began, the like of which for extent and rapidity I never again expect to see. This was, I think, the most striking spectacle of the Mela; and it is to be much regretted that it was too late in the evening for Mr. Rattray, who has so successfully brought to book the swearing ceremony, the Durbar, and other scenes, to get a picture of it."

6. The ceremony of taking the oath of friendship, the Durbar, and the amusements provided, are then described as follows:—

"With regard to the ceremony of solemnizing the friendly engagements entered into by the Shendeos on the one hand and the British Government and its tributaries on the other,

* Mr. Rattray might be asked to send copies as soon as received.

I think the best description of it will be found in the photograph taken by Mr. Rattray.* It need, therefore, merely be explained that the warm blood of a slaughtered cow streaked upon the forehead and feet of the several parties to the oath is considered by these people to be the most binding obligation under which a man can be placed. The cow is tied by the head to a stake; the oldest and most influential chief is then selected to make the oration, which he does with great earnestness and tragic effect, accompanying himself on the inevitable *koung* pot, a phial filled from which he holds in his left hand; from this he takes a sip at the conclusion of each clause of the harangue, and spits it out again over the cow to emphasize the commencement of the next clause: his right is raised deprecatingly, and with it he gesticulates to mark the strong points of his declamation. When the orational crisis is attained, and the crowning oath 'by the blood of this cow' is pronounced, a second chieftain, mighty in war and wisdom, who has been hardily standing to his spear the while, strikes the poor brute through the heart. During all this the parties to the oath have been standing in two rows on opposite sides of the cow, and holding the rope attached to its head; the rope being the emblem of the strong tie of friendship by which all engaged are for the future to consider themselves bound. The cow having fallen dead, all stoop and dip a finger in the open wound, and with the warm blood streak the forehead and feet of each member of the opposition. This, with one more visit to the inevitable liquor jar, the *alpha* and *omega* of every institution, completes the ceremony.

"The grand Durbar was held in the open under a large shamianah tent, kindly lent by the Bohmong, who, as the senior hill chief present, was seated in the chair of honour with his brothers and ourselves grouped on the right and left. Mats were put down for the Shindoo and other clan chiefs. All being arranged, the Shindeos were first presented by Mr. Hannay to the Deputy Commissioner, Mr. Power, who, with a few appropriate words to each, presented the Durbar gifts, which consisted of a variety of railway rugs, blankets, looking-glasses, pipes, beads, &c., &c., all neatly laid out on a table for the purpose. After the Shindeos came the Kodaiyne Khumi and other chiefs, who had come with Mr. Hannay, and whom he also brought forward to receive their presents; and lastly came the chiefs of our own hill tribes. All seemed much pleased with the presents. When the presentations were ended, Mr. Hannay, by the request of the Deputy Commissioner, addressed to the Shindeos a speech in Burmese, embodying sentiments of advice and warning, which, being translated to them by an interpreter, was received with nods and grunts of comprehension and assent. The Bohmong rose and came forward with the ceremony becoming his high position, and added the weight of his advice to the hitherto bitter enemies of his country and his people. The scene was thus made to partake of that impressiveness and importance so telling in dealings with savages. The Durbar then broke up, not, however, without the indispensable *omega* above alluded to, and the event of the Mela was thus satisfactorily brought to a close.

"It was, of course, of great object to find employment, or rather amusement, for the large concourse of people that had assembled at Ruma. Mr. Rattray with his camera entirely usurped the general interest at first, and indeed the more intelligent might be seen thronging the yellow-windowed box at all hours of the day to the end. Mr. Rattray was simply indefatigable. Immediately after *ch ta hazee* he would seize upon some bewildered and nearly naked savage, who, still hazy from the previous night's carousal, might have wandered within the magic precincts of the camera, or might be watching in open-mouthed wonder one of his companions undergoing the operation of being taken. There he stands unconscious of the danger of his position until spied by the artist, whose lightning glance, hungry for another victim, falls upon our hazy friend. He sees his danger, consternation instantly replaces the curiosity which marked his expression; he turns to bolt, but is too late: an iron grasp is on his arm, and he is led a trembling victim to the bench and headrest. He is sighted by the lens—one moment of indescribable agony, and he rises, like the released from the dentist's chair, 'a wiser and a better man.'

"I had also a marching order parade of the detachment of the Chittagong Hill Tract Frontier Police Battalion, about 150 strong, and after the usual commonplaces of saluting, marching past, &c., put the men through some few light infantry manoeuvres, bringing the Ruma 9-pounder brass field gun into action as a healthy warning to the Shindeos. They

were, I am glad to be able to tell you, observed to jump and tremble at each discharge of our ordnance. The men were given ten rounds of blank cartridges, and the whole effect, therefore, was very good, and could not have failed, I think, to leave a beneficial impression on the minds of our guests. The hillmen afterwards told me, with evident satisfaction, that this, viz. the big gun, was the great hit of the Mela. There was also a nauch in the Durbar tent; the spectacle was a curious one, — Europeans, Shindoos, Mughls, Tipperahs, Khumis, Mros, Assamees, Goorkhas, Munipoorees, Chukmas, Hindustanees, Punjabees, and Bengalees, packed close together. The Shindoos were particularly delighted with the performance, having never seen anything of the kind before. The sepoys also gave a comic entertainment, in which the *sahib* was taken off amid the usual roars of merriment." The Shendoos also were not to be left behind. Being encouraged by their *chaperon*, Mr. Hannay, they gave their national dance, which was much and deservedly applauded. A rifle match, some pigeon-shooting, wrestling, foot and hurdle races, the musical box, and the magic lantern, completed the entertainments.

7. Mr. Gordon thus concludes this part of the subject:—"I am glad to say that throughout the whole meeting, which lasted four days, there was no sign of quarrelling or disagreement among the tribes; and Shindoos, Khumis, Mros, and Mughls enjoyed themselves together, as if there had never been any cause for enmity or bad feeling between them. This alone is, I venture to think, a result so satisfactory as to be cheaply bought at the cost.

8. On the results of the Mela, I quote Mr. Gordon's report *in extenso*:—"The results of the Mela, both actual and prospective, may best be weighed by a consideration of the objects with which it was given, and an estimate of how far those objects may be said to have been attained."

The objects, as set forward in the letter to which I have referred you in a previous paragraph, may be briefly summarised as follows:—

1st, of general policy.

1. To improve the relations between the Government and the hill tribes, as also between the tribes themselves.
2. To increase the influence of the Government officer.
3. To give a spur to trade in the hills.
4. To attract the trans-frontier and hostile tribes, and induce them to pay annual visits to Ruma, and thus to found a trade and ensure peace.

2nd, of special importance.

1. The extension of the Bonjogi and Khumi tribes north and south along the frontier hills.
2. To cement the friendship with our new tributaries, the Bonjogis.
3. To communicate the general policy and special orders of Government to the hill chief and roajahs, and to hear complaints.
4. To found a bazar at Ruma.

"With regard to the objects of general policy, I can, I think, honestly say that the relation between the Government and the tribes as between the tribes themselves must have been greatly improved by the Mela, and also that the Government influence has been strengthened.

"Of the impetus to trade, if any such impetus has been the result of the Mela, I cannot of course speak with confidence as yet. Time only can show how far my hopes in this direction have been realized. The hill people are fatally conservative, and it is my opinion that it will be years yet before they step out of the stereotyped circle of their own simple life. The enormous exertions of the district officers, and the liberal inducements offered by Government in the introduction of plough cultivation into the hills, and the lamentably unsatisfactory results which have attended this experiment, fully show that the barrier of bigoted conservatism set up by the hillman's nature is one which cannot be easily surmounted. Time and intercourse with the Bengalees, who are gradually, but surely, worming their way into every corner of cultivable land in the hills, can alone work the change.

"As a bait to attract the trans-frontier tribes, the Mela may, I think, be said to have hooked a big fish at the first throw; and the visit of the Shindoo chief on the first occasion exceeded the wildest flight of my most sanguine expectations.

"The special objects, I am glad to say, have all been more or less attained. The chief object, viz. the extension of the Bonjogi and Khumi villages into a long line along the frontier, with the Polcetye guard as a centre, bids fair to be carried out. The Deputy Commissioner, Mr. Power, personally signified to the headmen of these tribes the wishes of Government on this point, and I have promised myself to go out during the ensuing winter and point out the line to the chiefs, and also to help them in the selection of good sites for their new villages. They appeared pleased with this notion, and at once assented to the plan.

"The Khumi chiefs made a petition on the part of their tribe to become khas ryots of Government, stating the oppressions of the Bohmong and the exactions of his family upon them to be their reasons. They pressed the matter very hard, and I mentioned it to the Deputy Commissioner, who promised to consider it, as also the petitions of some of the Bohmong's own people to become khas ryots under Government for similar reasons. I may

be permitted, regarding this important question, to say that I am strongly in favour of forming a khas mehal in this sub-division; and I venture to think that if the chiefs, by their misgovernment and oppression, alienate the feudal respect and fidelity of their people, they do not deserve to retain such people: and, moreover, it is my firm opinion that applications to Government for protection against their chiefs, and an expressed willingness to pay the jhoom-tax direct to the Government officer, instead of through unpopular middlemen, should not be lightly treated. The starting of a khas mehal under the Government officer direct would, I believe, be the surest means of checking the malpractices of the Bohmong and his family, for they would then have no alternative between a just and unoppressive mode of government, and the gradual but certain secession of all their people. The Bohmong had raised the jhoom-tax from Rs. 6 to Rs. 8 in his own (the Reygreytha) clan, and from Rs. 4 to Rs. 6 in the other tribes, without the permission of Government, and, moreover, without even informing me of his intention. I reported this to the Deputy Commissioner, as also that the people had made a general complaint on the subject. The Deputy Commissioner ordered me to inform the Bohmong that no such enhancement of rents could be allowed, and that he must adhere to his former rates. The order was at once complied with regarding the current year, but the people had paid the increased tax in 1873-74 without a representation; receipts were then refused by the Bohmong for the old rate of tax, but the Deputy Commissioner insisted that receipts should be given for all payments of jhoom-tax, whether in full or in part. This order was likewise at once complied with, and it was evident to me that no little surprise was felt by the people at the magical effect of a few lines scribbled on a piece of paper by the Deputy Commissioner. Profuse were the *hrikos* (salutations) and thanks which testified the gratitude for the intervention, and nothing more opportune could have occurred to show them that the Government is in reality the paramount power.

"The bazar was a great success. Two rows of temporary sheds had been erected facing each other, with a broad street or way between them; but I had little hopes of their filling. Not only, however, did the sheds fill from end to end, but extensions had to be made to provide for the enterprising Bengali and Mugh shopmen, who crowded to the festival to try their luck. I have good hopes of persuading some of the merchants to remain for good."

9. It will be better to deal with the subjects alluded to in paragraph 25 of Mr. Gordon's letter in a separate report. That called for in your No. 8650t., dated 1st December 1874, gives an appropriate opportunity of discussing the question. It is sufficient here to state that the Bohmong's relations with his feudatories, though not in a satisfactory condition, have been placed on a much better footing by the action recently taken; and the knowledge acquired by the people of the orders of Government concerning the rate of tax they are bound to pay, as well as the resolution of Government officers to enforce obedience to these orders, is in my opinion not the least important result of the gathering.

10. As to the bazar, nothing permanent can be hoped for till the floating traffic system described in my No. 1059, dated 25th November last, is stopped, and the *beparees* obliged to sell from a shop on the bank at a fixed spot, instead of moving up and down the river and selling from their boats anywhere they find a purchaser. The subject is fully discussed in the report alluded to above, to which I await a reply. Simultaneously with abolishing the Bhashanya Bepar, a new scheme for provisioning Runa might be put in force, viz. substituting for the present system of supply through a Government *moojee* a contract with a shopkeeper to keep up a certain supply of food in return for some small compensation for wastage and incidental cost of storage.

11. Of the last subject, Mr. Gordon says:—"The bill, which unfortunately demands its share of attention, must speak for itself. I have, as you had desired me, included *everything*. You will perceive that there are several items embraced under the general heading *Luxuries* which cannot be said to have been essential to the accomplishment of the designs which gave rise to, and were the objects of, the Mela, but which at the same time may be said to have constituted the frame of the picture." The chief reasons for the extra expenditure are (1) many more people came than were expected; (2) owing to the Bonjogis not coming in proper time, the Mela lasted longer than was intended, the guests having to be fed meanwhile; (3) a sum of Rs. 85 was given at Mr. Hannay's request to the Shendoo party, they having come 10 or 12 days' journey from home, and lost the value of their labour at a time when they ought to be cutting their jhooms; and lastly Mr. Gordon, determining that the meetings should be a success, took care that there should be no appearance of stint, and holds himself responsible for the extra amount. In view, however, of the success which has attended his efforts, as also to the satisfactory results obtained, I would respectfully appeal on his behalf to the generosity of Government, and request sanction for all expenditure included in the bill. The amount has been drawn by abstract bill; but even then there is a saving in the Kookee Durbar Present Fund for 1874-75, so that no fresh grant is required.

ROAD CESS.

CALCUTTA, THE 6TH MAY 1875.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

A letter, No. 212A, dated 9th April 1875, from the Officiating Secretary to the Board of Revenue, submitting two statements of the demands, collections, and arrears of road cess for the year 1873-74.

THE statements submitted by the Board of Revenue give the totals of the demands, collections, and arrears of road cess on (1) lands and mines, and (2) on houses, for the cess year commencing 1st October 1873. This was the first year in which actual collections were made under Act X (B.C.) of 1871. The total demand according to statement (1) amounted to Rs. 6,87,812, of which Rs. 5,58,287 have been collected. The cess on houses under Part IV of the Act produced Rs. 34,173, out of a demand of Rs. 53,800.

The statements would have been more complete if they had shown the valuations effected for each district, and the rates at which the cess was levied. These should be given in the reports for future years.

2. It was to be expected that the scarcity which prevailed during the cess year 1873-74 throughout many of the districts of Bengal, would effect the financial results of this measure in a marked manner. The Act had been introduced into nineteen districts, but in all of them the collections were not fully made. In Monghyr, Bhagulpore, and Purneah, the collections were suspended in estates which were held to be distressed; in Burdwan, the collection was postponed till 1st October 1875; in Hooghly, one instalment of the cess was ordered to be collected and the remainder remitted: the house cess was entirely remitted. The report from this district has not yet been received, as fresh calculations were necessary for certain estates. Thus the collections for this district do not appear in the statements submitted by the Board.

3. In the districts included in the returns, the total percentage of collections on demand of the cess on lands is 81.16. It is highest in the Orissa and Dacca Divisions, and, on the whole, worst in the Presidency Division, in which stringent measures were not adopted to enforce payment. The Lieutenant-Governor trusts that the Commissioner and the Board will take due steps to ensure a proper percentage of collections in this division in ordinary years, and that the subject of the house cess, referred to in the last paragraph of the Board's letter, will be thoroughly investigated.

4. His Honor is glad to observe that the Commissioners express themselves generally well satisfied with the means afforded by the law for the recovery of the arrears and system of collections and of accounts. It remains to be seen how efficient the provisions of the law will be in practice to recover the large arrears of Rs. 1,29,737. He also notices, with much pleasure, the absence of any mention of dissatisfaction on the part of the ryots, and considers that this is a proof that they have accepted the measure; he trusts they will eventually appreciate its advantages.

5. Sir Richard Temple is fully aware that the circumstances of the year under report were exceptional, and were calculated to add difficulties to the first collection of the road cess. He is therefore the more gratified to see the extent of the success which has been attained in the districts mentioned in the statements submitted, and concurs with the Member in charge in deeming the results on the whole satisfactory. He desires to thank Mr. Schaleh for his able and careful superintendence of this new and important branch of the Revenue.

6. These proceedings will be reported to the Government of India.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. E. BUCKLAND,

Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 212A, dated Fort William, the 9th April 1875.

From—J. GREGGHEGAN, Esq., Offg. Secretary to the Board of Revenue, L. P.,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit herewith two statements of demands, collections, and arrears of road cess for the year 1873-74—No. I, on lands and mines, and No. II, on houses.

2. *Statement No. I, on Lands and Mines.*—The scarcity which prevailed during the year under review throughout the greater portion of Bengal has, of course, had a marked effect on the collections. Out of the nineteen districts in which the road cess had been introduced, the demand for the road cess was entirely suspended in the district of Burdwan by order of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, conveyed in letter No. 1739, dated 14th August 1874; while in the districts of Monghyr, Bhagulpore, and Purneah, the collections were, under orders of Government, No. 776, dated 31st March 1874, suspended within certain tracts. In the district of Hooghly it appears that after the preparation of all the registers and records required for collection purposes, and after collection had commenced, the orders of Government, No. 298, dated 5th February 1874, remitting a portion of the cess in certain parts of the district, were received. This necessitated separate and fresh calculations of cess for each of the estates accordingly as they were situated wholly or partially in the distressed tracts of the district. These calculations occupied much time, and were not completed until the middle of October as regards estates situated entirely within the district, and were till lately yet incomplete in regard to certain estates partly situated in Burdwan. The report from the Hooghly district has consequently not yet reached the Board, and nothing can be said here in regard to the collections in that district. A supplementary statement in regard to it will follow shortly. In the other districts shown in the statement, the remissions are inconsiderable, and are due to local causes: such as exemption from the operation of the Act subsequent to the valuation of the land, on the ground of the estates being found to be situated within municipal limits; alteration in the valuations on appeal; remissions in consequence of petty revenue-free estates and lakhiraj holdings entered in the road cess registers, and landowners' schedules not having been traced, and the like reasons.

3. Excluding the remissions mentioned in the preceding paragraph, the total demand for the year amounts to Rs. 6,87,812, while Rs. 5,58,287 have been collected, showing a total percentage of collections on demand of 81.16. The percentage of collection has varied considerably in the different districts. In Orissa, which, so far from suffering from the famine, was thereby benefited by the opening out of a favourable market for its export produce, the percentage was as high as 100 in Pooree, and was 95.78 in Cuttack; but only 55.04 in Balasore. In the Dacca division the percentage ranged from 97.11 in Fureedpore to 91.82 in Dacca. In the Rajshahye division, although it was determined after considerable hesitation not to enforce the collection on account of the pressure of scarcity in the food-supply, difficulty was from that cause to some extent experienced in the collection, and the percentage fell as low as 87.32 in Moorshedabad, and even 73.55 in Rajshahye. "It must be borne in mind," the Commissioner observes, "that zemindars have in very many instances not collected their rents from their ryots, and could hardly be expected with any degree of readiness to pay their road cess."

In Hazareebagh the percentage (80.81) is low, but since the preparation of the return out of a net balance of Rs. 4,274, Rs. 4,166 have been recovered, leaving only the small sum of Rs. 108 outstanding. The Presidency division shows on the whole worst in the matter of collection; the percentage being 84.64, 84.63, and 90.03 for the three districts of the 24-Pergunnahs, Nuddea, and Jessore, respectively. The Collector of Nuddea writes that "it was owing to the very unfavourable season that no special efforts were made to enforce payment." The Collector of the 24-Pergunnahs observes:—"As this was the first year that the cess has been collected, and as numerous calls have been made upon the landholders' class in consequence of scarcity and failure of crops, stringent measures were not adopted, as they otherwise would have been,

at the end of each quarter for the recovery of the balances. I was anxious to deal leniently with the proprietors of estates, and therefore deferred the issue of compulsory processes till the expiration of the last quarter of the year." It is anticipated that in an ordinary year the collection in this division will reach the proper percentage.

4. One of the chief obstacles experienced in the collection of the demands arose from the difficulty met in regard to estates the proprietors of which do not reside within the districts in which the estates are situated. As the cess is not recoverable by the sale of estates or tenures, as in the case of demands of Government revenue, much time is necessarily lost in the recovery of the cess by the attachment and sale of the personal property of the defaulters through the agency of the Collector of the district where the defaulters reside.

5. The Commissioners express themselves generally well satisfied with the means afforded by the law for the recovery of the arrears and system of collection and of accounts. The Commissioner of Bhagulpore observes that "though the system of collection has not had a fair trial owing to the occurrence of the famine during the very first year of its operation, yet the results arrived at are marvellously good. The collections were made more easily and rapidly than could be expected, and the system may be said to have worked very satisfactorily, especially as regards the revenue-paying estates, and I have nothing to suggest with a view to its improvement. In ordinary years the cess, it is expected, will be paid with the utmost regularity."

6. The Member in charge trusts that, taking into consideration the peculiar circumstances of the year under report, the Government will deem the result of the collections during the first year that the Road Cess Act has been in force in the districts mentioned in the statement, on the whole satisfactory. It is hoped that when a thorough revision of the registers has been made in regard to the petty revenue-free estates and tenures found not to be in existence, and to the demands which have been modified on appeal and in connection with the lands found to have been wrongly assessed in consequence of being within the limits of municipalities, the collection will, in the coming year, be found to reach a much higher percentage.

7. *Statement No. II, Cess on Houses.*—As might be anticipated, the pressure of the scarcity has very seriously affected the collection of the cess on houses. In the Orissa division, which has been altogether free from any suffering from that cause, the collections are good. They show worst in the district of Rajshahye, while in the districts of Purneah, Bhagulpore, and Monghyr the demand was, under orders of Government, altogether remitted. In the 24-Pergunnahs the collection was most unsatisfactory. The Commissioner has now the subject under consideration in view to the better organization of the agency for collection. The Member in charge will thoroughly look into the whole subject. He is aware that great difficulty must invariably be experienced in collecting a cess of the nature of that on houses, but he trusts that a much better result may be obtained next year.

The difference between the figures in columns 2 and 4 is Rs. 130-5-5. Column 2 contains the net amount realizable after deduction, while column 6 contains the total amount of the four instruments shown in the quarterly statements.

The difference of Rs. 912 between column 8 and the total of columns 7 and 9, arises from the unrecovered balance of the first two quarters having been transferred from Bhagulpore to this district.

No.

at S

of Dem ds.

Arrear. f Road Ce o. Houses for e less year 87

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Circle.	Demand for the Road (Less year 1873-74)	Arrears unrecovered and brought forward from column 11 of previous year.	Arrears received dur- ing current year.	Balance at end of cur- rent year.	Demand for current year.	Collections of current year.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca	6,801				6,507	4,742	1,913	1,913											
Farrakpore	1,254				1,254	728	256	256											
Cuttack	648				648	328	20	20											
Pooree	33				33	33													
Balasore	220				220	184	36	36											
24-Pergunnah	1,562				1,120	229	5,333	5,333											
Nudda	2,546				1,251	389	2,157	2,157											
Jessore	6,356				6,356	194	602	602											
Moorsheebad	3,433				3,433	172	451	451											
Rajshahye	2,205				2,205	181	1,285	1,285											
Monghyr	3,892				3,892		3,892	3,892											
Bhagulpore	1,171				1,171		1,171	1,171											
Furness	2,495				2,495		2,495	2,495											
H. Seebag	1,019				1,019		65	65											

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 10th May 1875.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.			
<i>Western Districts.</i>			
1	Burdwan, 10th* May 1875	50	Rainfall at Bood-hood 1.79, at Cutwa 3.97, at Culon 1.46, at Jehanabad 1.05, at Rancegunge .65. Cotton and <i>deol</i> oil-seed doing well. Ploughing begun. Cholera decreasing.
2	Bankoora, 8th	1.16	Weather cool and cloudy; a very good shower of rain fell on the 2nd instant. The state and prospects of the standing crops continue favorable.
3	Beerbhoom, 8th .. ..	.88	Weather cool. The ryots are beginning to prepare their land for seed.
Burdwan	4 Midnapore, 8th	4.16	Heavy rains. Storms occurred on five out of the seven days of the week. The prospects of cultivation have greatly improved. The fear now is that such excellent rain falling prematurely will be followed by a prolonged break later in the year.
	5 Hooghly, 8th	4.42	Weather showery. Rain at Huripal and Kristonogore, where it was most wanted. Prospects good,—so far that the rainfall is seasonable, and opportune for preparing ground and sowing. Cholera and smallpox have nearly disappeared since the rain, but in places cholera is still unabated.
	Howrah, 8th	1.34	Weather warm and cloudy; strong wind from the south. There was rain for two days during the week throughout the district. Reaping of the <i>boro</i> or spring rice continues. Young sugarcane much benefited by the late rains.
<i>Central Districts.</i>			
PRESIDENCY DIV.	6 24-Pergunnahs, 10th† May 1875	1.92	Weather hot with occasional rains. Pretty heavy showers have fallen. Cultivation and sowings progressing rapidly. Sickness decreasing.
	7 Nuddea, 8th May 1875	1.89	Weather not very warm, but cloudy. There has been sufficient rain everywhere, and the prospects of rice and indigo are favorable.
	8 Basore, 8th	3.29	There were some heavy showers at the beginning of the week. The spring rice has been reaped, and has yielded a good outturn. The rain has been very beneficial.
24 P. DIV.	9 Moorsshedabad, 8th May 1875	1.51	Storm of wind and rain on night of 2nd instant; weather much cooler subsequently; rainfall at Lalbagh 2.27, Rampore Haut 1.67, Jungypore .26 inches. Rain has fallen most opportunely, being of great benefit to most of the growing crops, and accelerating ploughing and sowing. Damage to <i>teel</i> oil-seed and <i>boro</i> rice crops from violence of storms reported from some parts. Indigo and mulberry progressing favorably. In the north of the district late sowings delayed from want of sufficient rain. Health good.
	10 Dooargah, 7th May 1875	1.53	There has been rain, the Collector believes, all over the district. Great progress in ploughing since last week, and parts of the country are already green with <i>kauon</i> millet, <i>bhadai</i> , or early rice, and jute. Cholera on the increase both as regard to cases and deaths.
	11 Moudah, 5th May 1875	.39	Rain on the 2nd and 3rd instant; the rest of the week fair. The spring rice is ripe, and rather below; an average crop expected. Mulberry and indigo prospects are fair. The mango crop has almost entirely failed.
	12 Rajshahye, 8th	1.30	There have been moderate showers of rain all over the district, which have done good. The state of the crops is unchanged, and the prospects are good. The reaping of <i>boro</i> rice has commenced in the west of the district, and will soon be going on generally. Cholera has abated considerably during the week.
	13 Rungpore, 7th .. ..	.3	Weather cooled by rainfall. Crops much benefited by rain.
	14 Bogra, 8th .. ..	.94	Fair weather. Lands are being ploughed now for the cultivation of <i>boro</i> , or early rice; jute, mulberry, and other crops, promise well.
	15 Pubna, 8th	1.55	Rainy and cloudy weather. On the 1st instant a most violent hailstorm passed over thence Pubna and Dulye; the hailstones were of great size. The mangoes suffered considerably; the <i>boro</i> and jute rice very slightly. Rainfall sufficient. More fell in the district than at the Sudder station. Sowing of <i>amush</i> and <i>amun</i> proceeding rapidly. Cholera abating.

* Telegram of the 10th May, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Report of the 10th May, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(Contd.)			
Central Districts.—(Con'd)			
COOCH BEHAR DIV.	16 Darjeeling, 7th May 1875.	2.20	A good deal of rain and mist for this time of the year. Occasionally the sun shines out very warm. Sowing has commenced in the plains, and is progressing favorably. In the hills the young crops are doing well. Tea gardens are giving a large yield: a bumper crop anticipated.
	17 Jalnigoree, 8th May 1875.	3.51	There was a very heavy fall of rain, 3.40 inches, on the morning of the 8th instant. This is more than was required, and may do some damage to the young jute plants which so far had promised well. The rain is also bad for <i>bhadoi</i> , or early paddy, which is now in young plants, as it will promote the growth of grass and weed. Cholera is general over the district; it is worst in the Buza sub-division, where in one part it has assumed severe epidemic type.
	Cooch Behar, 6th May 1875.	4.03	The weather was generally cloudy; some heavy showers of rain during the week. This is the season for sowing <i>bitri dhan</i> , or early rice and jute. The rain will do much good to both these crops. Cholera has been raging in some parts of the State.
Eastern Districts.			
DIV.	18 Dacca, 10th* May 1875.	.60	Rain general. Crops very favorable. All fear from want of rain now gone. Health improving. Rivers rising.
	19 Ferozepore, 8th .. ..	.40	Weather unsettled, but seasonable. Prospects of crops continue favorable. General health good.
	20 Backergunge, 6th May 1875.	2.85	Rain has fallen, and all is well. Cattle affected with disease in a few villages.
CHITTAGONG DIV.	21 Mymensingh, 7th May 1875.	3.33	There has been less rainfall in the greater part of the district. State and prospects of crops favorable.
	22 Chittagong, 6th May 1875.	1.16	Strong winds in the early part of the week; afterwards clear and settled. The late heavy rains have done some slight damage to chillies, but this will be more than compensated for by the benefit to the early rice and tea.
	23 Noakhali		Return not received.
	24 Tipperah, 7th May 1875.	2.30	A good deal of rain has fallen, and the weather has been cooler. The showers have been very beneficial to the crops in the ground, and have also enabled the cultivators to nearly complete their ploughing.
	25 Chittagong Hill Tracts, 4th May 1875.	3.29	Heavy showers of rain, with squalls on the 28th, 29th, and 30th April, and 1st and 2nd May. Weather in consequence has been cool and pleasant. The hill-men are busily engaged in sowing paddy, cotton, &c., &c., in their <i>jooms</i> . Cholera has appeared in several parts of the district.
	Hill Tipperah, 6th May 1875.	5.07	Weather unsettled; occasional heavy showers of rain, with alternate periods of sunshine. Ploughing and preparing the soil for the sowing of the early rice crop is going on.
BEHAR			
NAIN DIV.	26 Patna, 10th* May 1875.	.33	Weather cool since rain. No crops on the ground. Cholera decreasing.
	27 Gya, 8th May 1875.	.21	Easterly wind. A slight storm, with rain and wind from north-west, on the 3rd instant; apparently general over the district. Highest reading of dry maximum thermometer during the week was 108 degrees. What few crops are in ground, as previously reported, are good. Cholera is spreading on the south and south-west of the district; not actually in epidemic form.
	28 Shahabad, 8th	1.28	Weather clear and closely hot, with easterly wind. Rain has fallen in the district. The rain has done much good where it has fallen. <i>Cheena</i> millet, sugarcane, and cotton, all will profit. <i>Mungoes</i> are very poor this year. Sporadic cholera reported in some villages of the Basseeran and Buxar sub-divisions.
	29 Darbhanga, 8th .. ..	.11	Weather very cool for the season of the year, and pleasant; east winds prevailing. Rain in the interior has been much heavier than at the Sudder station, and has been most beneficial to agricultural operations. The prospects are quite satisfactory. Cholera still exists in some villages.
	30 Mozufferpore, 8th	1.45	Weather hot. Rain has fallen. The rain has been beneficial to <i>cheena</i> and <i>kawon</i> millets already sown. Cholera in an epidemic form prevails in many parts of the district.

* Telegram of the 10th May, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEHAR—(Contd.)			
PAUNA DIVN.—(Contd.)	31 Saran, 8th May 1875	43	Weather bright, clear, and seasonable; east wind prevailing. There was a slight fall of rain on the night of the 2nd instant, preceded by strong wind and dust-storms. The prospects of <i>cheena</i> millet, sugarcane, and indigo continue favorable. The <i>bhadoi</i> , or early rice, <i>moong</i> pulse, and <i>kawon</i> millet are being fast sown. The early sowings are doing well. The late rain has benefited the crops. General health good.
	32 Champarn, 7th May 1875	5	The east winds and cool weather have continued throughout the week, and heavy rain has fallen in the west of the district. Though there have been threatenings of rain every day, but little has fallen to the east. The prospects of the crops are excellent. Caterpillars have appeared among the indigo, but the plant is generally far too well forward to have suffered seriously from them. There is a good deal of fever about.
PORE DIVN.	33 Mougher, 8th May 1875	271	Unusually cool. Heavy rain during the week favorable for <i>bhadoi</i> , or early crops.
	34 Bhuzulpore, 10th* May 1875	85	Rain at Muddelpoora 1-20; Banka nil. Rain has done much good for the preparation of the land for the <i>bhadoi</i> crop. General health good. Scoopool return not received.
	35 Purneah, 8th May 1875	179	Since the rain, which commenced on Sunday, the weather has been very cool. The recent showers of rain have been of great service, and were much wanted.
	36 Sonthal Pergunnahs, 8th May 1875	60	Weather still extraordinary; cool and clear; not close. Not much rain anywhere, but showers are flying about, with frequent thunder and lightning. In the fortnight there have been only two days hot winds. Nothing on the ground. Ploughing beginning. General health improving.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA DIVISION	37 Cuttack, 1st May 1875	152	Weather sultry, with occasional violent storms of wind and rain. Ploughing for rice crop going on in most places. Cholera seems to have entirely subsided, and public health is good.
	38 Pooree, 6th " "	01	There has been good rain in the interior generally; the sky is still cloudy, and more rain expected. Tillage is proceeding. The <i>dalsa</i> , or spring rice crop, is being reaped, with a good outturn. White <i>moong</i> pulse has been completely gathered, with an indifferent yield. Castor-seed is being harvested, with a fair outturn. The new sugarcane is being earthed up. Cotton is in flower. The mangoes are ripening, but the crop is very poor.
	39 Balasore, 7th " "	120	Weather stormy, with several heavy showers. In the north of the district rain somewhat excessive, and in the Bhuddruck sub-division insufficient. Ploughing become general; prospects of next rice crop satisfactory. Cholera still diminishing.
CHOTA NAGPORE.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
	40 Hazareebagh, 7th May 1875	03	Slight thunder-storm, with very light rain, inappreciable in quantity, have cooled the temperature considerably. No alteration. Rain is wanted to allow the ground to be broken for future crops.
	41 Lohardugga, 8th May 1875	64	Weather cloudy, with easterly and southerly winds; sharp storms on the 6th from the north-east. The weather has been favorable for agricultural operations, but the <i>moona</i> flower has been greatly damaged by the east winds. Small-pox still prevalent, and a few sporadic cases of cholera reported from Palamow.
	42 Singbhoon, 7th May 1875	138	Seasonable weather. Heavy storm, with much rain, on the 3rd instant. No crops. District healthy.
	43 Manubhoon, 8th May 1875	108	Rain has fallen, and the weather has been cool and pleasant. The sub-divisional officer reports want of more rain. Throughout the district generally the crops on the ground—of no great importance—are doing well. Owing to the late rain, there are signs of the land being prepared for cultivation.

* Telegram of the 10th May, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
Th- 11th May 1875.

R. KNIGHT,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Div. or.	DISTRICT.	STATION.	Rain from 1 st to 24 th April 1875.	Rain from 25 th April to 1 st May 1875.	RAIN FROM 1 ST JANUARY 1875.		REMARKS
			Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Up to date.	
BENGAL.							
WESTERN DISTRICTS.			Inches.	Inches.	1875.		
Burdwan.	Burdwan	Burdwan	0.33	5.16	11.28	1st May,	
		Cutwa	0.33	1.64	6.39	ditto	
		Gulna	0.16	3.21	6.42	ditto	
	Burdwan	Bood-bood	0.25	1.18	5.15	ditto	
		Baneesunge	0.56	0.75	4.59	ditto	
		Jehanabad	Nil	1.02	4.39	ditto	
	Bankoora	Bankoora	0.28	0.77	2.22	ditto	
	Beerbhoom	Sooree	0.77	0.08	4.12	ditto	
		Hetampore	1.59	0.70	6.11	ditto	
	Midnapore	Midnapore	0.04	1.99	2.80	ditto	Not rec. 11th to 17th April.
Tumlook		Nil	3.05	4.23	ditto		
Hooghly	Gurbeta	0.10	2.23	3.90	ditto		
	Contai { Dy. Collr.'s Office	Not rec.	2.12	2.32	ditto	Not rec. 18th to 24th April.	
Hooghly	Exe. Engr.'s Office	1.15	2.12	3.45	ditto		
	Hooghly	Nil	1.38	4.25	ditto		
Howrah	Serampore	Nil	2.40	6.21	ditto		
	Howrah	Howrah	0.13	2.04	5.19	ditto	
PRESIDENCY.	24-Pergunnahs	Saugor Island	0.70	1.61	2.81	ditto	
		Calcutta	0.01	3.14	5.45	ditto	
		Alipore { Dispensary	Nil	3.15	6.59	ditto	
		Jail	Nil	3.24	5.17	ditto	
		Russeerhat	Nil	2.76	6.35	ditto	
		Baraset	Nil	1.78	6.24	ditto	
		Diamond Harbour	Nil	2.05	3.42	ditto	
		Barripore	Nil	1.35	2.50	ditto	
		Satkhira	Nil	5.53	11.86	ditto	
		Barrackpore	Nil	3.20	6.48	ditto	
		Dum-Dum	Nil	3.04	6.11	ditto	
	Nuddea	Kishnaghur	0.25	1.94	4.23	ditto	
		Bongong	Nil	2.25	7.90	ditto	
		Mohorapore	0.18	Not rec.	5.70	24th April	
		Chooadungah	0.15	0.40	4.20	1st May.	
		Konshita	1.18	2.62	8.86	ditto	
	Jessore	Raughat	Nil	4.75	8.71	ditto	
		Jessore	Nil	0.71	6.15	ditto	
		Narail	Nil	0.65	5.91	ditto	
		Khoolna	Nil	1.80	5.30	ditto	
		Bhenida	0.47	1.80	5.39	ditto	
RAJSHAHY.	Moorshedabad	Bagirlut	Nil	2.26	6.42	ditto	
		Magoorah	0.11	0.37	7.89	ditto	
		Berhampore	0.07	0.23	4.62	ditto	
		Rampore Haut	0.12	Nil	4.21	ditto	
		Lalbagh	Nil	0.64	3.39	ditto	
	Dinagapore	Jungypore	Nil	0.06	3.04	ditto	
		Azimgunge	Nil	0.51	3.44	ditto	
		Lalgaia	Nil	0.24	4.4	ditto	
		Kandee	0.10	0.20	2.19	ditto	From 14th March 1875
		Dinagapore	2.75	0.11	3.91	ditto	
	Maldah	Maldah	0.30	0.22	1.65	ditto	
		Chanchal	0.05	0.10	1.31	ditto	
		Bauleuh	Nil	0.20	4.08	ditto	
	Rajshahye	Nattore	2.30	0.71	8.78	ditto	
		Rungpore	0.61	2.13	4.58	ditto	
	Bogra	Bhowanigunge	Nil	Nil	4.15	ditto	
		Bogra	0.67	0.68	5.22	ditto	
	Pubna	Pubna	0.41	1.22	6.51	ditto	
		Serajgunj	0.20	0.98	4.11	ditto	
COCH BEHAR.	Darjeeling	Darjeeling { Telegraph Office	Not rec.	Not rec.	4.97	31st Mar.	
		Hospital	0.39	0.97	6.78	1st May	
	Jalpigoree	Jalpigoree	0.10	4.75	10.21	ditto	
		Boda	Nil	0.11	1.37	ditto	
		Buxa { Commissioner's Office	0.30	6.07	19.74	ditto	
		Civil Surgeon's Office	0.30	0.45	24.48	ditto	
	Cooch Behar Tributary States	Titalya	1.58	1.01	6.25	ditto	
		Cooch Behar	Nil	4.67	8.48	ditto	

DISTRICT.	STATION.	Rain from 18th April to 24th April 1875.	Rain from 25th April to 1st May 1875.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1875.		REMARKS.	
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Up to date.		
BENGAL—(Continued.)							
EASTERN DISTRICTS.				1875.			
Dacca	Dacca { Telegraph Office	0.26	1.11	6.18	1st May	Not rec. 21st to 27th Mar.	
	{ Hospital	0.28	0.33	5.44	ditto		
	Moonsheergunge	0.70	0.48	5.10	ditto		
Fureedpore	Manickgunge	0.70	3.51	6.43	ditto	Ditto ditto.	
	Fureedpore	Nil	2.40	6.68	ditto		
	Goalundo	Nil	1.42	7.47	ditto		
Backergunge	Madaripore	Nil	1.20	9.27	ditto		
	Burrial	Not rec.	Not rec.	4.04	3rd April		
	Perozepore	ditto	ditto	3.32	ditto		
Mymensingh	Patoakhally	ditto	ditto	4.14	ditto		
	Dowlatkhan	ditto	ditto	3.08	ditto		
	Mymensingh	2.00	1.84	11.26	1st May.		
Chittagong	Jamulpore	1.00	0.55	8.43	ditto		
	Atia	0.70	0.40	5.68	ditto		
	Kishoregunge	0.60	2.17	15.39	ditto		
Chittagong	Chittagong { Telegraph Office	0.10	5.70	11.70	ditto		
	{ Jail	0.11	0.86	13.95	ditto		
	Cox's Bazar	0.10	8.63	11.30	ditto		
Noakholly	Noakholly	0.12	5.71	8.95	ditto		
Tipperah	Comillah	0.49	1.40	12.50	ditto		
	Brahmunberiah	0.66	1.91	16.91	ditto		
Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	0.11	3.10	8.56	ditto		
Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah	1.86	5.07	18.39	ditto		
BEHAR.							
Patna	Patna	Nil	Nil	1.50	ditto		
	Behar	0.10	Nil	1.32	ditto		
	Barh	Nil	Nil	0.53	ditto		
	Dimapore	{ Jail	Nil	Nil	1.40		ditto
		{ Cantonment	Nil	Nil	1.12		ditto
Gua	Gua	Nil	Nil	1.60	ditto		
	Arungabad	0.32	Not rec.	1.24	24th April		
	Jehanabad	Nil	Nil	2.12	1st May.		
Shahabad	Arrah	Nil	Nil	1.08	ditto		
	Sasaram	Nil	Nil	1.41	ditto		
	Buxar	Nil	Nil	0.72	ditto		
	Blubouah	Nil	Nil	0.99	ditto		
Muzafferpore	Mornflepore	Not rec.	1.01	2.28	ditto	Not rec. 11th to 24th April	
	Hajepore	ditto	Nil	1.30	ditto		
	Seetamarhee	ditto	1.40	2.34	ditto		
Durbhunga	Durbhunga	0.11	0.41	0.68	ditto		
	Mudhoobunnee	0.46	3.19	5.36	ditto		
	Tajpore	Nil	0.30	1.20	ditto		
Chumparan	Chupra	Nil	0.50	1.43	ditto	Not rec. 31st Jan. to 20th Feb.	
	Sewan	Nil	.28	1.53	ditto		
	Motiharee	0.50	0.85	2.08	ditto		
Monghyr	Bettiah	Nil	4.30	5.20	ditto	Not rec. 4th to 16th April	
	Monghyr	Nil	Nil	1.52	ditto		
	Begoo Serai	0.68	0.25	1.40	ditto		
Bhagulpore	Jamsoore	Nil	Nil	1.00	ditto	Not rec. 21st to 27th Mar.	
	Bhagulpore	0.16	0.42	1.77	ditto		
	Sooool	Nil	0.27	0.61	ditto		
	Muddelpoora	0.70	0.90	2.86	ditto		
	Banka	Nil	0.51	2.17	ditto		
Purneah	Sonboursa	0.26	1.10	2.05	ditto		
	Purneah	Nil	0.51	1.19	ditto		
	Kusengunge	Nil	1.31	2.41	ditto		
Sonthal Pergunnahs.	Arrareah	0.03	0.80	2.20	ditto		
	Nya Doomka	0.57	Nil	4.65	ditto		
	Rajmehal	Not rec.	Not rec.	0.50	10th April		
Sonthal Pergunnahs.	Deoghur	ditto		1.40	1st May...	Not rec. 28th Mar. to 10th April and 18th Mar. to 24th April.	
	Jamtara	ditto	Not rec.	1.30	10th April		
	Goida	Nil	0.25	1.19	1st May		

DISTRICT.	STATION.	Rain from 18th April to 24th April 1875.	Rain from 25th April to 1st May 1875.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1875.	REMARKS.
ORISSA.		Inches.	Inches.	1875.	
CUTTACK	Cuttack ... { Telegraph Office ...	0.20	1.30	2.90	1st May
	Cuttack ... { Hospital ...	47	1.62	3.67	ditto
	Cuttack ... { Jajpore ...	3.30	Not rec.	5.20	24th April
	Cuttack ... { Kendraparah ...	Nil	ditto	2.20	ditto
	Cuttack ... { Jagatsingapore ...	0.30	ditto	0.00	ditto
	Cuttack ... { False Point ...	0.10	0.70	3.65	1st May
	Pooree ... { Pooree ...	0.02	0.38	2.55	ditto
	Pooree ... { Kheordah ...	0.04	0.27	1.97	ditto
	Balasore ... { Balasore ...	Nil	1.71	5.01	ditto
	Balasore ... { Bhuddruck ...	Nil	0.37	1.04	ditto
	Balasore ... { Jallasore ...	Nil	2.90	3.01	ditto
	Balasore ... { Soroh ...	0.38	0.90	4.10	ditto
CUTTACK TRIBUTARY MEHALS.	Sambulpore ... { Chandbally ...	Nil	0.00	1.02	ditto
CUTTACK TRIBUTARY MEHALS.	Sambulpore ...	0.24	Nil	1.18	ditto
CHOTA NAGPORE.					
SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.					
HAZAREEBAGH	Hazareebagh ... { Jail ...	0.03	Nil	3.65	ditto
	Hazareebagh ... { Dispensary ...	0.04	Nil	3.54	ditto
	Pachumba ...	0.20	Nil	2.22	ditto
LOHARDUGGA	Lohardugga ... { Kanchee ...	0.11	0.90	4.29	ditto
	Lohardugga ... { Palamow ...	Nil	Nil	1.62	ditto
SINGBHOOM	Singbhoom ... { Chybasan ...	0.73	0.04	4.49	ditto
MANBHOOM	Manbhoom ... { Purulia ...	0.18	0.14	2.42	ditto
	Manbhoom ... { Govindpore ...	0.30	Not rec.	3.11	24th April
ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.					
CACHAR, SYLHET	Cachar, Sylhet ... { Sylhet ...	Not rec.	19.86	41.37	1st May
	Cachar, Sylhet ... { Seebhaugor ...	1.61	Not rec.	27.72	24th April
	Cachar, Sylhet ... { Golaghat ...	0.05	ditto	14.40	ditto
	Cachar, Sylhet ... { Jorehaut ...	0.71	ditto	17.90	ditto
	Cachar, Sylhet ... { Nazeraib ...	0.97	ditto	26.10	ditto
	Cachar, Sylhet ... { Deopanie ...	1.06	ditto	23.58	ditto
	Cachar, Sylhet ... { Hattiepoetic ...	0.92	ditto	23.18	ditto
	Cachar, Sylhet ... { Mazengah ...	1.13	ditto	22.50	ditto
	Cachar, Sylhet ... { Santack ...	0.78	ditto	24.63	ditto
	Cachar, Sylhet ... { Cherdoo ...	0.49	ditto	27.90	ditto
BENARES	Benares ...	Nil	ditto	1.46	ditto
	Axyat ...	1.50	0.90	8.96	1st May

CALCUTTA
The 8th May 1875.

W. G. WILLSON.
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 2nd to 8th May 1875.

Date		Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	Thermometer.		Humidity Sat. 100.	Wind		Rain.	Clouds.	Weather.
				Dry.	Wet.		Direction.	Velocity.			
May	2nd	10	29.744	29.763	89.8	81.3	67	S by E			Seeds.
		16	29.643	29.661	90.5	80.5	63	S			Seeds.
	3rd	10	29.873	29.891	81.0	75.9	78	E	1.01	CS	
		16	29.724	29.742	87.5	77.2	61	S by E		K	
	4th	10	29.821	29.839	83.6	77.2	73	S S E	0.32	K	
		16	29.673	29.691	89.5	78.5	69	S		K	
	5th	10	29.764	29.782	84.1	77.0	71	E S E	0.16	CK	
		16	29.612	29.630	90.0	77.5	64	S S W		K	
	6th	10	29.740	29.758	86.7	81.0	77	E		CS	
		16	29.629	29.647	86.0	76.6	62	E S E		CK	
	7th	10	29.727	29.745	87.0	80.0	72	E		K	
		16	29.619	29.637	83.0	76.0	71	S S W		K	
	8th	10	29.685	29.703	87.0	80.2	73	S by E		K	
		16	29.551	29.569	91.5	79.6	67	S S E		CS	
NAGPORE ISLAND.	2nd	10	29.773	29.779	83	82	78	S	17.7	K	b. m.
		16	29.643	29.680	88	82	76	S S E	10.2	N	m. scuds.
	3rd	10	29.857	29.863	87	78	65	E S E	12.7	CK	b. r.
		16	29.720	29.732	87	78	65	S S E	12.6	KS	b. r.
	4th	10	29.832	29.838	85	79	75	S E	4.4	0.60	KS
		16	29.703	29.709	87	79	68	S	10.2	N	b. r. scuds.
	5th	10	29.703	29.709	88	77	64	N E	5.8	N	b. r.
		16	29.644	29.650	87	80	72	S S E	10.3	KS	b. r.
	6th	10	29.723	29.729	87	81	78	S	8.3	N	b. r.
		16	29.635	29.641	86	78	75	S E	10.4	N	b. r.
	7th	10	29.722	29.728	88	80	75	S S E	3.5	N	b. r.
		16	29.634	29.640	87	81	78	S S E	9.8	N	b. r.
	8th	10	29.630	29.636	87	80	72	S S E	8.9	N	b. r.
		16	29.547	29.553	88	80	69	S S E	9.5	KS	b. r.
YANAM.	2nd	10	29.926	29.931	71	70	84	W	6.3	1.00	N
		16	29.681	29.773	81	72	69	N N E	9.0	0.21	CK, C
	3rd	10	29.830	29.832	84	76	67	S W	2.3		CK, KS
		16	29.680	29.772	87	79	68	W S W	1.0		CK, KS
	4th	10	29.743	29.835	87	79	68	S S E	2.4		CK
		16	29.699	29.752	88	80	75	S W	6.1		CK, KS
	5th	10	29.713	29.805	85	78	71	E	2.1		CK, KS
		16	29.608	29.701	82	78	82	N N E	7.6		CK
	6th	10	29.694	29.795	84	77	71	N N E	1.7		K, CK
		16	29.598	29.680	87	77	61	S W	3.4		CK
	7th	10	29.670	29.762	83	76	61	E N E	1.7		b. r.
		16	29.588	29.680	86	76	72	S W	6.7		b. r.
	8th	10	29.670	29.762	88	78	68	S E	5.3		K
		16	29.588	29.680	84	77	71	S E	15.0		K, KS
	1st	10	29.831	29.861	94	78	46	S W by S	12		b
		16	29.692	29.692	91	80	60	S E by S	15		b
	2nd	10	29.801	29.831	96	77	39	S W by S	8		b
		16	29.672	29.702	91	77	50	S E	10		b
	3rd	10	29.824	29.854	94	77	35	W	7		b
		16	29.686	29.716	93	80	64	S E	11		b
	4th	10	29.799	29.829	98	76	33	W S W	15		b
		16	29.673	29.703	91	78	53	S E by S	9		b
	5th	10	29.770	29.800	93	76	43	W S W	11		b
		16	29.616	29.646	92	78	51	S E	13		b
	6th	10	29.718	29.748	95	78	44	S W by W	13		b
		16	29.580	29.610	94	79	40	S E by S	13		b
	7th	10	29.759	29.789	94	74	31	N	12		b
		16	29.638	29.668	93	77	45	S E	12		b
	2nd	10	29.645	29.720	91	81	63	S W	9.8		b
		16	29.540	29.621	92	80	57	N E	9.4		K, CK, NC
	3rd	10	29.752	29.834	87	78	65	S E	5.3		CK
		16	29.638	29.720	87	79	68	S S W	6.8	0.30	N
	4th	10	29.708	29.790	87	79	68	S E	3.7		KN
		16	29.543	29.624	92	79	54	S	4.9		b
	5th	10	29.658	29.740	86	77	61	E	2.6	0.30	b
		16	29.627	29.698	92	80	67	S E	4.7		K, CK
	6th	10	29.690	29.697	92	81	60	S S E	2.9		CK, C
		16	29.553	29.636	78	72	81	W S W	8.8	0.40	K, N
	7th	10	29.619	29.701	88	77	64	E	1.1		C
		16	29.527	29.608	92	78	51	E S E	3.7		CK, C
	8th	10	29.584	29.635	90	81	66	S	1.4		KS, C
		16	29.489	29.550	94	81	65	S S E	6.6		CK
	2nd	10	29.841	29.885	85	74	71	N E	4.1	0.61	b
		16	29.747	29.678	87	74	65	S W	6.3		b
	3rd	10	29.834	29.916	86	79	75	E	2.8		b
		16	29.734	29.755	87	78	65	W	5.5		b
	4th	10	29.821	29.842	87	78	65	E	1.5		b
		16	29.727	29.748	87	80	72	W S W	5.0		b
	5th	10	29.781	29.802	86	78	68	E S E	2.5		b
		16	29.657	29.678	87	79	64	W	4.3		b
	6th	10	29.764	29.785	87	78	65	N E	2.5		b
		16	29.637	29.658	84	80	69	W S W	6.5		b
	7th	10	29.758	29.779	87	78	65	S E	1.7		b
		16	29.609	29.690	86	80	75	S	4.8		b, d
	8th	10	29.733	29.775	81	78	86	E S E	3.3	0.40	b, d
		16	29.645	29.686	88	79	83	S	5.8		b, d

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour

CALCUTTA.

The 8th May 1875.

W. G. WILLSON,

Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Abs Observations as received in the Meteorological Office, Calcutta, during the month of February 1875

N.B.—The barometric data are reduced for temperature and not for height above sea-level.

Time	ER.				RADIATION.				F				OWEN				NEAL			
	Mean.	4 hours.	10 hours.	24 hours.	Mean.	4 hours.	10 hours.	24 hours.	Mean.	4 hours.	10 hours.	24 hours.	Mean.	4 hours.	10 hours.	24 hours.	Mean.	4 hours.	10 hours.	24 hours.
Bar.	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
Th.	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
W.	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
P.	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
ck	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
ago	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
tra	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
can	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
re	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
3	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
ar	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
reeb	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
imp	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
hyr	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
ab	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
shuz	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
lagon	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
ara	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
es	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
ee	29.746	29.730	29.733	29.733	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5

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Mean Pressures and Temperatures of the preceding Table reduced to Sea-level, with Anemometric Results and Observations of Sky Serenity.

STATIONS.	Barometric pressure reduced to sea-level.	Mean reduced.	WIND.						Percentage and Resultant.	Serenity.
			North.	South.	South-west.	West.	North-west.			
Port Blair	29.900	80.8	36	3	1	1	5	80 N, 34 E	67.2	8.37
Nancowry	29.927	79.7	36	10	1	1	1	91 N, 61 E	2.03	6.95
Madras	29.901	78.5	20	19	4	1	1	82 N, 61 E	18.34	
Vizagapatam	29.903	76.4	2	5	29	41	6	46 S, 46 E	45.0	9.13
Akyab	29.936	72.5	19	1	1	2	32	71 N, 9 W	10.1	9.58
False Point	30.024	70.6	12	1	17	9	6	25 N, 67 E		
Cuttack	29.992	71.5	11	7	17	11	12	3 S	42.3	9.24
Saugor Island	29.985	72.0	33	4	5	23	20	25 N, 23 W		5.29
Chittagong	29.992	71.6	34	1	2	16	34	66 N, 59 W	117.4	9.78
Calcutta	29.985	72.0	18	18	5	8	12	31 N, 33 W	4.0	
Burdwan	29.982	69.7	8	4	1	3	6	40 N, 58 W	58.0	8.18
Jessore	29.976	69.6	8	1	1	1	6	62 N, 46 W	57.0	6.79
Dacca	29.976		15	1	3	16	18	49 N, 84 W	55.8	9.00
Bilchar	30.023	61	16	11	7	7	11	32 S, 18 E	62.2	7.54
Hazareebagh	29.980	69.1		2	3	8	20	70 N, 53 W	137.0	7.73
Berhampore	29.994	69.6	1	3	4	1	6	63 N, 57 W		6.75
Gya	29.989	69.7		3	7	3	9	40 S, 18 W	61.7	8.05
Patna	30.006	67.4	1	1	2	4	15	31 S, 80 W	95.2	7.92
Monghyr	29.981	67.1	2	2	1	2	18	73 S, 78 W	65.1	6.77
Purneah		64.8			3	6	11	72 S, 76 W		8.57
Darjeeling			1	17	15	12	21	31 S, 37 W		3.27
Neelgaugor	30.000	62.0	7	17	15	3	4	47 N, 64 E	47.6	3.79
Goolpara	29.964	70.1	1	3	15	2	3	14 N, 55 W	62.1	9.32
Benares	29.975	66.5	3	3	3	4	11	49 N, 84 W	1.81	7.69
Borkee	30.005	62.4	1	2	2	3	6	26 N, 47 W	71.3	6.79

NOTE.

Barometric Pressure.—The pressures in column 2 of the above table for all stations below 500 feet, are reduced from those given in column 3 of the table on the previous page, by adding the weight of a column of air of the temperatures given in column 17. For stations above 500 feet elevation the reduction is made by Dippé's tables, as given in Guyot's "Meteorological and Physical Tables." The temperatures at the sea-level are taken from column 3 of the above table.

Temperature.—The temperatures in column 3 are reduced from those in column 17 on the preceding page by adding 1° Fahr. for every 450 feet.

Wind Resultant.—The resultant wind direction and its comparative predominance are calculated from the whole number of wind observations recorded during the month. The relative predominance in any direction of the resultant is given as a percentage of the whole number of observations. The direction is computed in the usual way by Lambert's formula.

Serenity.—This column gives the average proportion of unclouded sky; a cloudless sky being indicated by 10, and one completely overcast by 0.

The above, being all comparable, afford the data for constructing a meteorological chart for the month, which shall show the isobaric and isothermal lines and the resultant wind directions, which last may be represented by arrows of varying length, proportioned to the prevalence of the wind. To these may be added the rainfall from the previous tables.

CALCUTTA,

The 8th May 1875.

W. G. WILSON.

Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

The tobacco under "Private trade" shows a decrease of 15,740, as compared with the corresponding month

1941	1942	Total	Total	Total of months	Boards (1000 ft)	Timbers (1000 ft)
12	12	24	33	57	2	2

PUBLIC WORKS : RTMEN ON BRANCH, BENGAL.

SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCULAR.

Statement showing the Total Amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Midnapore Canal for the month of Mar 85

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN—53 MILES.

ABSTRACT										RES AND MATERIALS FOR IR RIGATION WORKS.										ATE TRAFFIC.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
Number of boats.		N		Approximate		SHACK OF BOATS.		Ton mileage.		Tollage.		Rate of toll per ton mile.		Number of boats.		Approximate		TONNAGE BOATS.		Ton mileage.		Tollage.		Rate of toll per ton mile.		Number of boats.		Nature of traffic.		Height of tide.		Tonnage.		Ton mileage.		Tollage.		Rate of toll per ton mile.		Remarks.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
				Weight of cargo.		Value of cargo.		Is. Tons.				Rs. A. P. A. F.				Mds. Rs.		Mds. Ton						Rs. A. P. A. F.						Ra. A. P. A. F.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
23	Coal	5,252	1,778	755						48	2	3.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																

5.

7.

16 miles during the month; whereas in March 1874 the average

Rafts of timber.	
Logs 61	
Rafts of bamboo,	
No. 380	
Passengers, No. 6,936	
Demurrage, &c. ...	
Boats passed free...	
Total	
Total of same month	
last year	
Grand Total	
Grand Total of same	
month last year	

23 0 0
1 7 3
35 10 11
16 6 9
.....

Misc

13.

Private
to Mr.

12

2,5
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2

350

404 2,75,628

5,106 10

8

A ton of goods was carried on the average
was 16 miles.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH BENGAL.

SOUTH WESTERN CIRCLE.

• *Statement showing the Total Amount of Traffic on the Hughellee Tidal Canal* 5th of March 1875
 LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN—29 MILES.

Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Weight of cargo in M ds. Tons.	PR	TE	AFFIC.	RES				ATERIALS FOR I				ATION WORKS.				ABSTRACT			
						TONNAGE	Boats	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	TONNAGE	Boats	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	TONNAGE	Boats	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Weight of cargo.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Remarks.
29	Paddy	587	ds.					Rs. A. P.													
8	Rice	135						4 4 6													
9	Pottery	167						4 4 6													
9	Tamarind	282						14 3 8													
1	Plantain	10						0 14 6													
1	Potatoes	2						1 2 0													
1	Cocunut	250	No.					0 14 6													
1	Sugar	8						1 0 3													
3	Tobacco	175						9 4 6													
2	Retel	20						1 15 6													
1	Nuts	10						0 9 0													
1	Salt	175						3 1 6													
16	Miscellaneous	430						1 3 2 1 3													
1	Coal	550						4 5 0													
1	Stone lime	39						4 5 0													
8	Bamboo	100						3 7 0													
400								6 3 0													
3	Hirdal	170						0 5 6													
1	Sugarcane	30						3 7 0													
2	Sundrie	905						6 4 0													
7	Straw	62						5 13 0													
7	Passeng	124						12 1 3 0													
98	Empty	124						5 6 8													
2	Mats	435						0 12 9													
1	Plank	60						2 13 3													
8	Glooting lime	130						2 6 0													
8	Timber bat	118						0 1 9													
1	Vegetab	4																			
213	Total	8,640						23,076													
643	Total same last year	19,308						405 4 3 0 8 3													

repairs throughout the month. Hence the falling off in the receipts.

Range No. 1 Canal was closed for

0 13
4 8
- 6

Passengers, No. 35	
Number, No. 33	
Total	
Total of same month last year	19,308
3 Grand Total	8,240
Grand Total of same month last year	35,019

ABSTRACT

THIS YEAR

To end
of month

Rs.	A.	P.
14,311	8	4,120
2,381	6	10
701	12	170
19,434	10	4,400

2,552	7	8	45,404	1	0	6,104	10	8	85,193	5	5
410	9	6	61,558	10	6	30,5	5	9	28,009	0	3
3,963	1	2	97,164	11	6	14,131	0	5	83,402	5	8
5,809	11	7	1,16,589	6	1	19,523	6	9	84,9	6	9

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G. A. SEARKE, *Asst. Col., S.C.*
Secretary to the Government of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch

**Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office,
Calcutta, from 1st to 7th May 1875.**

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	THERMOMETER.			Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	WIND.			Rain.	Moon's phases.	GENERAL REMARKS.
			Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radiation.					Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.			
Day.	1st	Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°			H.	Miles.	In.		
	1st	29.654	92.4	82.4	139.0	86.5	81.3	78.2	0.77	S & S S W	5.0	385.5	...	...	Seeds. High wind from 7½ A.M. to 7 P.M. Drizzled at 10½ P.M.
	2nd	731	98.0	72.5	140.0	83.9	78.2	74.2	.71	S S E & S	11.0	300.6	0.95	...	Seeds & overcast. High wind from 2 to 7½ P.M. Drizzled at 2 A.M. Thunder, lightning, and rain from 7 to 11 P.M.
	3rd	804	80.6	72.9	136.6	80.5	73.9	69.3	.7	Variable	3.0	203.3	0.39	...	Clouds of different kinds. Brisk wind from midnight to 8 A.M. Thunder at 8 and 9 P.M. Lightning from 7 to 11 P.M. Slight rain at midnight, 3½, 6 A.M., 5, 7 & 8 P.M.
	4th	765	90.0	75.0	138.5	81.3	75.6	71.0	.73	E N E & variable	2.0	140.4	0.16	...	Overcast and cumuli. Lightning from 7 to 10 P.M. Thunder at 9 P.M. Rain between 8 and 9 P.M.
	5th	709	90.0	74.0	138.0	81.5	75.3	71.0	.71	Variable.	...	72.3	...	...	Strat. ni. cirrocumuli. and cumuli. Thunder at 3½ & 6½ P.M. Lightning at 6½, 9 & 10 P.M.
	6th	692	80.7	77.0	131.0	81.0	76.4	73.2	.75	E & E S E	1.0	51.9	...	...	Cirro-strati and cirri. Sheet lightning on north at 4 P.M. Thunder from 10 to noon. Drizzled at 11 & noon.
	7th	676	91.6	77.0	140.0	82.2	77.4	74.0	.77	E S E, E & S S E	1.2	53.2	...	...	Clear and cumuli. Thunder from 2½ to 4 P.M. Drizzled at 4½ P.M.

The mean barometer as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken as unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days	...	20.5
The maximum temperature during the past seven days	...	93.0
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	98.5
The mean humidity during the past seven days	...	0.74
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0.70
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 1st to 7th	{ by lower rain gauge	1.49
	{ by anemometer gauge	1.21
Ditto ditto ditto.	average of twenty-one previous years	1.14
Ditto ditto	between the 1st January and the 7th May	6.94
Ditto ditto	average of twenty-one previous years	6.51

GOPERNATH SEN,

In charge of the Observatory.

The 10th May 1875.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 1st May 1875, on 28 miles open

	COACHING TRAFFIC				MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC				Total receipts
	Number of passengers	Coaching receipts		Weight carried.	Receipts				
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.		Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.		£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	7,629	1,190 0 0	110 6 0	16,739 0	631 0 0	67 2 0	177 2 0		
Or per mile of railway	272	39 0 0	3 18 0	593 6	24 0 0	2 4 0	6 6 0		
For previous 17 weeks of half-year	153,934	21,063 0 0	2,165 6 0	3,29,809 0	19,738 0 0	1,974 16 0	3,186 2 0		
Total for 18 weeks	161,263	22,153 0 0	2,215 6 0	3,37,580 0	21,439 0 0	1,111 18 0	3,357 4 0		
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	7,242	1,089 12 6	108 1 9	15,803 20	462 0 3	48 4 0	156 5 9		
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	259	38 9 7	3 17 2	492 30	17 3 5	1 14 5	5 11 7		
Total to corresponding date of previous year	153,951	21,677 9 9	2,167 15 2	3,45,367 6	22,037 8 6	1,204 15 0	3,372 10 2		

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 1st May 1875, on 1,279½ miles open

	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	178,261	1,70,512 8 6	16,088 12 11	9,591,09 20	9,34,533 10 6	51,054 15 0
Or per mile of railway	139	132 2 4	12 11 5	7,507 1 9	7,34 9 9	47 4 3
For previous 16 weeks of half-year	2,952,820	31,66,150 12 11	289,650 9 10	1,52,79,391 20	63,32,658 3 9	580,521 5 5
Total for 17 weeks	2,131,086	23,35,663 5 5	305,769 2 9	1,62,38,501 0	64,71,791 13 9	631,855 18 5
COMPARISON.						
Total for corresponding week of previous year	128,040	1,61,644 3 8	14,817 7 9	15,26,943 20	7,09,434 14 6	65,650 12 5
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	126	126 4 11	11 11 7	11,954 5 7	554 5 7	60 16 3
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,922,458	28,79,765 7 10	263,978 10 0	1,54,58,535 10	1,19,42,573 1 5	10,37,902 10 8

* Deducted Rs. 10,000, amount of Hooghly Bridge tolls payable to Government, on account of previous week.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBBILPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 1st May 1875, on 22½ miles open

	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	19,993	13,528 2 9	1,221 15 0	77,362 0	19,147 8	1,134 14 7
Or per mile of railway	886	599 9 1	53 9 5	3,438 0	850 8 0	59 10 1
For previous 16 weeks of half-year	48,912	5,76,351 13 9	49,830 8 5	15,16,976 10	4,77,966 9 6	40,139 13 3
Total for 17 weeks	68,905	5,90,000 0 6	51,051 3	15,94,338 10	4,97,113 1 6	41,278 8
COMPARISON.						
Total for corresponding week of previous year	5,302	12,944 2 0	1,186 10 11	1,42,502 0	43,433 15 6	3,979 13
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	239	57 15 7	5 6 0	1,944 0 0	17 15 2	23 1 9
Total to corresponding date of previous year	88,888	3,06,847 14 5	28,137 12 7	2,21,132 10	6,35,884 3 0	58,106 1 0

NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 1st May 1875, on 27½ miles open

	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	1,321	1,100 0 0	110 0 0	5,280 0	418 0 0	41 16 0
Or per mile of railway	56	40 0 0	4 0 0	194 0	15 8 0	1 11 0
For previous 17 weeks of half-year	27,814	20,133 0 0	2,013 0 0	1,18,910 0	8,807 0 0	880 14 0
Total for 18 weeks	29,335	21,233 0 0	2,123 0 0	1,24,190 0	9,315 0 0	931 10 0
COMPARISON.						
Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,428	1,063 10 5	106 5 3	10,480 20	775 5 5	77 10 5
Or per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	52	39 0 0	3 18 0	384 24	28 7 2	2 16 11
Total to corresponding date of previous year	26,387	20,341 13 8	2,034 5 9	1,46,132 20	10,577 7 0	1,051 16 10



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 1875.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 1412C.S.

GENERAL.—*The 27th April 1875.*—Mr. Anthony Patrick MacDonnell, M.A., Acting Magistrate and Collector of the district of Durbhanga, selected for special duty, is relieved of the charge of that district.

The 2nd May 1875.—Mr. Edwyn Samuel Moseley, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Nuldea, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Magistrate and Collector of Durbhanga.

Mr. Charles Edward Buckland, M.A., acted as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade from the 11th February last, the date on which Mr. J. C. Veasey joined his appointment as Assistant Settlement Officer in Chittagong, to the afternoon of the 16th April 1875, the date on which he took charge of the office of Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

The 4th May 1875.—The following promotions are made in the Subordinate Executive Service:—

Moulvi Mohamed Ishaq, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Banka Division of the Bhagnulpore District, is promoted to the Fourth Grade of the Subordinate Executive Service, *vice* Mr. R. Pereira, retired.

Baboo Sharoda Prosad Chatterjee, Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Bhagnulpore, is promoted to the Fifth Grade of the Subordinate Executive Service.

Baboo Okhoy Coomar Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Backergunge, is promoted to the Fifth Grade of the Subordinate Executive Service.

The following officers are confirmed in the Sixth Grade of the Subordinate Executive Service:—

Baboo Brojo Mohun Roy, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rungpore.

Baboo Okhoy Coomar Chatterjee, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bograh.

Mr. Cecil Ansell Wilkins, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the Baraset Division of the 24-Pergunnahs, is posted to the district of Patna. Baboo Issur Chander Mittra, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, is appointed to have charge of the Baraset division of that district.

The 6th May 1875.—Captain C. H. Garbett, Assistant Commissioner, reported his departure from India, on furlough, on the 22nd April 1875.

Mr. F. M. Halliday, c.s., reported his return from furlough on the 17th March 1875.

Mr. W. V. G. Tayler, c.s., reported his departure from India on furlough on the 23rd April 1875.

Mr. W. H. Page, Officiating Assistant Commissioner, Darjeeling, is allowed furlough for eighteen months, under Section 10(a) of the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days.

The 10th May 1875.—Mr. G. K. Webster, Acting Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24 Pergunnahs, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870 for the purpose of acquiring lands at Hazrah, in Bhowanipore, required for the excavation of a public tank.

The orders of the 9th March last, granting leave for two months to Baboo Rajendro Nath Roy, Deputy Collector, on special duty, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, are cancelled.

The services of Mr. H. J. Frew are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Financial Department.

The 11th May 1875.—Baboo Sant Proshad, Sub-Deputy Collector, on settlement duty in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, was on privilege leave from the 27th January to 28th February 1875, inclusive.

The orders of the 24th March 1875, granting Baboo Goloke Chunder Roy, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chittagong, leave for one month, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, are cancelled.

Baboo Sree Nath Gupta is appointed to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, and is posted to Bongong, in the district of Nuddea.

POLICE.—*The 11th May 1875.*—Consequent on the appointment of Mr. E. B. Baker to be a Deputy Inspector-General of Police, the following promotions in the Police are sanctioned:—

Major William Leycester Nathornal Knyvett, to the First Grade of District Superintendents of Police.

Major Thomas Buttanshaw, to the Second Grade of District Superintendents of Police.

Mr. Donald William Dundas, to the Third Grade of District Superintendents of Police.

Mr. John Mountstuart Elphinstone Gouldsbury, to the Fourth Grade of District Superintendents of Police.

Mr. Glosier Henry French, to the Fifth Grade of District Superintendents of Police.

Francis Graves, to the First Grade of Assistant Superintendents of Police.

Charles Emile Fabre-Tonnerre, to the Second Grade of Assistant Superintendents of Police.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—*The 10th May 1875.*—The Lord Bishop of Calcutta has granted to the Rev. A. O. Hardy, Garrison Chaplain of Fort William, leave for one month, under Section 12, Supplement E of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 4th May 1875.

The Rev. F. W. Taylor is appointed to act as Garrison Chaplain of Fort William during the absence, on leave, of the Rev. A. O. Hardy, or until further orders.

REGISTRATION.—*The 6th May 1875.*—Mr. J. A. Hopkins, who was, under orders of the 12th April 1875, appointed to act as Inspector-General of Registration, is also appointed, under Section 7, Act V of 1872, to act as Senior Marriage Registrar of Calcutta. He is also appointed, under Section 7, Act XV of 1865, to act as Registrar of Parsee Marriages beyond the local limits of the ordinary civil jurisdiction of the High Court.

Under the power vested in him by Section 7, Act XV of 1865, the Hon'ble the Chief Justice has been pleased to appoint Mr. John Arthur Hopkins, c.s., the Officiating Inspector-General of Registration, to be Registrar of Parsee Marriages under the said Act, within the local limits of the ordinary original civil jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, during the absence of Mr. H. Beverley, c.s., on deputation, or until further orders, and also to appoint Mr. Patrick Hurley, c.s., to act as the said Registrar of Parsee Marriages until he is relieved by Mr. J. A. Hopkins.

The 7th May 1875.—Moulvi Syed Mahomed Ali Khan, Special Sub-Registrar of Bhagulpore, having resumed charge of his duties on the 1st February 1875, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 30th January 1875 is cancelled.

OPIMUM.—*The 6th May 1875.*—Mr. Neville Thorseby Ryves, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Monghyr, is appointed to act as a Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Allypunge, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. A. G. Tytler, or until further orders.

MEDICAL.—*The 2nd May 1875.*—Surgeon-Major Samuel Bowen Partridge is appointed to be Consulting Surgeon to the Howrah General Hospital.

The 6th May 1875.—Assistant Surgeon Kasi Kinkur Mitter is allowed leave for two months, under Section 9, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him in orders of the 19th September 1874, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd idem.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Soorsundh:—

Baboo Romanath Banerjee, Tehsildar, Raj Durbhanga.

„ Ram Lall Mohunt, of Barahi.

The 7th May 1875.—Dr. R. A. Barker, Civil Medical Officer, Beerbhoom, is allowed leave of absence for three months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Surgeon Lewis Richard Dawson, now attached to the Presidency General Hospital, is appointed to act as Civil Surgeon of Beerbhoom, during the absence, on leave, of Dr. R. A. Barker, or until further orders.

The 10th May 1875.—Assistant Surgeon Bollye Chunder Sein is appointed to have charge of the charitable dispensary at Patna, and to be Teacher of Medicine and Materia Medica in the Temple Medical School.

The 11th May 1875.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Maldah:—

Mr. J. F. Platts, District Superintendent of Police, *vice* Mr. J. Masters.

Baboo Bankim Chundra Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, *vice* Baboo Sitakant Mookerjee.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 11th May 1875.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Municipal Commissioners for the town of Mozufferpore:—

Baboo Wooma Churn Bose.

Moulvi Abdool Jubbar.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd May 1875.—In modification of the notification dated the 21st May 1874, which was published in the *Calcutta Gazette* dated the 27th May 1874, the following revised rule for the port of Calcutta, having received the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal under clause (b) of Section 7, Act XII of 1875 (the Indian Ports' Act), is published for general information.

Rule 38.—With the exceptions hereinafter noted, no vessel of or exceeding 200 tons of burthen shall, without the special sanction of the Commissioners, move up or down the port through the ship opening of the Howrah Bridge, except such vessel is propelled or towed by steam against the tide, and then only at such a rate of speed, not exceeding 4 miles an hour over the ground, as is absolutely necessary to keep good steerage way.

Exceptions.—Tug and river-steamers, when not towing or propelling other vessels, may drop through the bridge opening under steam head to tide.

River flats may be dropped or warped at slack water through the ship opening or through the 60 feet openings.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st May 1875.—The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has been pleased to direct that all that portion of pergunnah Ghatselah, of district Singbhoom, outlying in district Midnapore, bounded on the north by pergunnahs Jhatteebunnee and Mutkudpore, and on the east, south, and west by pergunnah Jambunnee, and comprising the villages named below, shall be transferred from the civil, criminal and fiscal jurisdiction of Singbhoom to that of Midnapore, with effect from the 5th May 1875:—

Names of Villages.

1. Karupore.	10. Tookda.	19. Parpahari.
2. Dardheka.	11. Khairbuni.	20. Sanahurapul.
3. Pauran.	12. Mangrajapore.	21. Nunia.
4. Siman.	13. Bamuda.	22. Dhumamari.
5. Kesarpore.	14. Banudda.	23. Beldangri.
6. Malkundi.	15. Chainpasaia.	24. Charchaka.
7. Kaidaspore.	16. Poribati.	25. Gidma.
8. Rangamatia.	17. Hainapore.	
9. Kadmasali.	18. Nachda.	

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Mr. Henry Arthur Denteros Phillips, Bengal.

„ John Alexander Anderson, North-Western Provinces, Punjab, and Oudh.

„ Arthur Edwin Comerford Casey, ditto ditto ditto.

„ John Henry Harrison, ditto ditto ditto.

„ Robert Carstairs, Bengal,

„ John Arthur Jeffreys, North-Western Provinces, Punjab, and Oudh.

„ William Robert Millar, Bengal.

„ Frederick Beatson Taylor ditto.

„ David Norton ditto.

„ Harry Lee, ditto.

„ Robert Ferguson Gibbon, North-Western Provinces, Punjab, and Oudh.

No. 416.—The resignation of Mr. W. H. Henderson, late a member of the Bengal Civil Service, announced in Home Department Notification No 42, dated the 16th January last, is to take effect from the 22nd, instead of the 21st ultimo.

No. 420.—An extension of six months' leave on medical certificate has been granted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to Mr. H. G. Cooke of the Bengal Civil Service.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India, in the Financial Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 562.—*Simla, the 30th April 1875.—Notifications.—Leave and Allowances.*—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the insertion of the following rules under section 4 of the Acting Allowance Code:—

(2.) A substantive appointment may be made under this section for a time only in the place of a Military Officer in Civil employ whose appointment would be forfeited under Military furlough rules but for the operation of Rule II of the rules published with the General Order of the Government of India in the Military Department, No. 171, dated the 25th February 1874.

(3.) Full pay is not to be drawn under this section as a matter of course, or unless the Officer claiming it is by proper authority formally appointed to the office substantively for a time.

No. 523.—*The 30th April 1875.—Pensions and Gratuities.*—The Governor-General in Council directs that the following note be inserted under section 4 (b) of the Civil Pension Code:—

(NOTE.—An Engineer engaged under covenant in England, before the abolition of the Indian Navy, who elects the rules in this code and the leave rules in force for uncovenanted servants generally, does not forfeit the rights in other respects secured to him by his covenant.)

The following orders, issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 42.—*Simla, the 23rd April 1875.*—The services of Surgeon L. R. Dawson, of the Medical Department, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 148.—*The 29th April 1875.*—The undermentioned Officers have reported their return from England:—

* * * * *
Lieutenant-Colonel W. R. Gordon, of the Bengal Staff Corps, District Superintendent of Police, 1st Grade, Bengal.—date of arrival at Bombay, 18th April 1875.
* * * * *

No. 419.—The undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officer have reported their departure for Europe on the dates specified:—

* * * * *
Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet-Colonel) J. R. Pughe, of the Bengal Staff Corps, G. O. No. 133 of 1875,—per *Kashghir*, 5th April 1875, from Bombay.
* * * * *

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1413C.S.

The 1st May 1875—Baboo Bhuggobuttee Churn Mitter is appointed to act as First Moonsif of Gya during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Sew Surren Lall, or until further orders.

Baboo Bolek Chaud, Officiating Subordinate Judge and Small Cause Court Judge of Patna, is allowed leave of absence for one month and twenty days, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 14th January 1875.

The 2nd May 1875—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates in the district of Noakhooly, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class:—

Baboo Free Nath Ghose.

„ Tarnee Prosad Sen.

Baboo Roshio Moy Dutt.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th April 1875.—It is hereby notified, under the provisions of Section 15 of Act V of 1866, that in consequence of dacoities, thefts, &c., constantly committed by the Dosads and others, who are notorious criminals, and residents of Issurpore and the adjacent villages in the district of Shahabad, the Lieutenant-Governor has sanctioned the employment, for one year, of a special police force, consisting of one head-constable and 12 constables, to be quartered at those villages. The charge noted below will be levied from the inhabitants of villages Issurpoorah, including tola Milki, Karach, and Oojhowba; Pursundah, including Ramdutta; Nainijore, including tola Dharmagatpoor, Lunseepoor, and Bliniputty; Bahooar, including Beesoopoor:—

			Rs.	A.	P.
1	Head-constable at Rs. 10	...	10	0	0
12	Constables „ 6	...	72	0	0
	Contingencies, at 10 per cent.	...	8	3	0
	Pensionary charges, at 2 annas per rupee	...	10	4	0
			100	7	0
			x 12		
Annual cost			1,205	4	0

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st May 1875.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to extend the provisions of Section 24 of Act V of 1864 to the town of Jajipore, in the district of Cuttack.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th May 1875.—Whereas one Percy Bibee died intestate leaving four cottaks of oodbasto land in one plot, with a cocoanut-tree standing on it, in the village of Gopeenath-pore, pergunnah Baligore, station Dhoneakulaly, district Hooghly, and whereas no claims have been established to the aforesaid property within the period of six months after the issue of a formal notification, it is hereby declared to have escheated to Government.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th May 1875.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following registration sub-district, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite the name. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the person named below to be Sub-Registrar of the said sub-district:—

District	Name of new sub-district.	Head-quarters.	Tola included in jurisdiction	Sub-Registrar appointed.
Saran	Darauli	Darauli	Darauli	Kazi Shakh Mahomed Ibrahim.

This change will take effect on and from the 15th May 1875.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th May 1875.—In modification of the notification dated the 31st March 1875, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 7th April last, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that the powers of a Judge of a Small Cause Court for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the limit of Rs. 25, with which Bahadur Rajendra Coomars' case, Second Moonsiff of Dacca, was therein vested, shall be exercised only within thannas Sabhar and Nowabgunge, within his Moonsiffce.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th April 1875.—The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under Act XI of 1865, to alter the territorial jurisdiction of the Cuttack Small Cause Court as follows :—

Munsifce.	Sub-divisions.	Thanas.	District.
Cuttack	{ Cuttack ... { Kendrapara ...	Cuttack, Salipore, and Jugutsingpore Kendrapara, Patamoondai, and Jugunnathpore	Cuttack.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th May 1875.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following registration sub-districts, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite their names. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the persons named below to be Sub-Registrars of the said sub-districts :—

DISTRICT.	Names of new sub-districts.	Head-Quarters.	Thanas included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrars appointed.
Jessore	{ Sakopa ... { Kotchandpore ...	Sakopa ... Kotchandpore ...	Sakopa ... Kotchandpore ...	Munshi Hamududdin Maham- madi, Baboo Keshub Lal Roy

These changes will take effect on and from the 15th of May 1875.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st May 1875.—Under the provisions of Section 2 of Act V (B.C.) of 1873, the following plan for extending gas-lighting to certain portions of the town of Howrah is published for general information :—

1. The portions of the town to which it is proposed to extend the lighting are that portion of the grand trunk road which lies between Rankristopore Ghaut Road and Bishop's College Road, Seebpore Ghaut Road, and Ghosery Road. The total length of these roads is 2½ miles, and the number of lamps proposed to be erected in them is 75.

2. The total valuation of buildings and lands situated in these streets is Rs. 1,61,363, and a rate of 3 per cent. would yield an income of Rs. 4,840 per annum, which gives an average of Rs. 61 per lamp for defraying the cost of lighting. A communication has been received from the Oriental Gas Company agreeing to accept this sum in payment for supplying gas.

3. The cost of purchasing and erecting the lamps is estimated at Rs. 4,125, and this sum the Municipal Commissioners propose to provide from their general fund during the current official year.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd May 1875.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct the elimination, from the scale of provisions for emigrants, as laid down in Schedule B appended to the Emigration Rules under Act VII (B.C.) of 1873, of the red pumpkin (koomra) hitherto supplied daily to each statute adult emigrant under conveyance to the labour districts in quantities of 1½ chittacks, and the substitution therefor of a similar quantity of potatoes, which article of food will accordingly be raised to a daily allowance of 3 chittacks to the entire exclusion of pumpkin, a vegetable that has repeatedly been objected to as unwholesome for coolies on the voyage.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd May 1875.—Under the powers vested in the Lieutenant-Governor by Section 2 of Act II (B.C.) of 1867 (an Act for the punishment of public gambling and the keeping of common gaming-houses), His Honor is pleased to authorize the extension of the provisions

of Section 11 of the said Act, from the 1st June next, to the under-mentioned villages, in the sub-division of Bongong, in the district of Nuddea :—

Mohespore, including Jalilpore and Hamidpore,—bounded on the north by river Bhoirub; south by the Hansadaha Guntali ferry fund road; east by the fields of villages Gourabaria and Govindpore; west by the fields of village Nasdagaram.

Gopalnagar, including Khamarkalua and Jalapara,—on the north by Bura Saili Banor; on the east by Thakurjhir Pukur; on the south by the fields of villages Ramchundra-pore and the Madla Banor; on the west by the fields of village Kansona.

Garapota, including Kundipore and Kamalpore,—on the west by Kundipore Banor; east by the fields of villages Sundarpore, Sengara, and Gainpore; north by the fields of village Dhulani; and on the south by the village Kantipara and the fields of village Chanda.

Bongong, including Bazar and Matiagunge,—on the east by the fields of Bongong; on the south by the fields of village Kalupore; on the west by the fields of villages Sundarpore and Chumpabaria; north by the fields of villages Joypore and Paikpara.

Chhagharia,—on the north by the Jessore road; on the east by river Labhanga; on the south by the fields of village Kaliani, and on the west by the fields of village Chhagharia.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th April 1875.—Under the provisions of Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to abolish the sub-district of Taki, in the sub-division of Bassirhaut in 24-Pergunnahs, and to direct that thana Hosnabad, with which it is conterminous, be reattached to the sub-district of Bassirhaut. This notification shall take effect on and from 1st May 1875.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 23rd April 1875.—It is hereby notified for general information that the toll-bars

1. Hoyrbutpore
2. Chowgatcha.
3. Solena
4. Goriapore.

5. Noektaluh.
6. Chowgatcha No. 2.
7. Kaleragunge.
8. Kotchandpore.

named in the margin, which were established in the district of Jessore under Act VIII of 1851, have been abolished, and that tolls have ceased to be levied thereat.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 5th May 1875.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for disposal of municipal refuse of the town of Chittagong, in villages Moradpore, Pahartulli, and Madarbari, pergunnah Islamabad, zillah Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the following three pieces of land are required within the aforesaid town of Chittagong :—

1. A piece of land measuring, more or less, 8 beeghas 13 cottahs 2 dhoors of standard measurement, in village Moradpore,—bounded on the north by Baromasia Surra; east, by burial-ground land; south, by Colonel Hill's and Nazir Ali's ryoti land; west, by Hamidulla Khan's old homestead.

2. A piece of land measuring, more or less, 10 beeghas 3 cottahs 2 dhoors of standard measurement, in village Pahartulli,—bounded on the east by Tagir Pass; north, by Buttali Hills; south and west, by Ramjan Ali and Arban Ali's talooki land.

3. A piece of land measuring, more or less, 6 beeghas 7 cottahs 12 dhoors of standard measurement in village Madar Bari, — bounded on the north by a tank belonging to Mohemod Roffee Sniddagor and khila land; east, by homestead of Moulvie Karce Muddiu and Mirja Ali's ryoti lands; south, by homestead of Esuff Ali Sowdagur and a tank belonging to Kanti Ram; and west, by the Government road from Buttuli to Suddor Ghât.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 14th April 1875.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for widening Bhorparah Ghât road, under the jurisdiction of the Municipality of Howrah, in the village of Howrah, pergunnah Boro, zillah Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 9 cottahs 8 chittacks 37½ superficial

feet of standard measurement, bounded on the north by lands belonging to Government and to Chowdry Zemindars, and by Bhorparah Ghât road; on the east by Bhorparah road and khall, and by Government land; on the south by Bhorparah Ghât road and by lands belonging to Government and to Chowdry Zemindars; and on the west by Bhorparah khall and by Chowdry Zemindars' land, is required within the aforesaid village of Howrah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 20th April 1875.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government for a public purpose, the expense being met from the donation of the Honorable Khajeh Abdool Gunny, C.S.I., viz. for the extension of the Dacca water-works site in the town of Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring, more or less, 2 cottahs 7 dhooers and 10 gundas, bounded on the north by the public road; on the west and south by the Government land already taken for the water-works; and east by the houses of Raim Baboo and Lukhi Kant Ghose, the temples of Nursingh Thakoor and their adjoining lands, and the building in the occupancy of Gopee Mohan Ghose, belonging to Sheik Rohim Jan, is required in the town of Dacca.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 162.

The 6th May 1875.

UNDER Section 89 of Act X of 1871, the following annual accounts and reports of the District Road Committees of Cuttack, Pooree, and Balasore, of works done and in progress during the past cess year 1873-74, together with the review thereon by the Commissioner of the Orissa Division, are published for general information.

G. F. E. S. NEILL, *Captain, M.S.C.*

Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

No. 492, dated Cuttack, the 2nd December 1874.

From—JOHN BEAMES, Esq., Collector of Cuttack,

To—The Commissioner of the Orissa Division.

I HAVE the honor to submit the annual report on local improvements in the Road Cess Department, called for by Government circular No. 51, dated 8th August.

The report is overdue, but I trust the delay will be excused in consideration of the numerous calls on my time during the last few weeks.

The annual accounts and explanations already submitted with my No. 485, dated 12th ultimo, will illustrate the following remarks, and show at a glance what has been the work of the year.

The extra establishment entertained for the preparation of statistical returns will not be a permanent charge on the funds, as the work was of an occasional nature, and will not require to be done again for some years.

Under the head of original works, I have to report the construction of several culverts on the Machgaon road, and the erection of a handsome and substantial iron girder bridge over the Gubri river, at Kendraparah, where the road to Chandbally crosses it. This is justly regarded by the Committee as a very important work, as it removes what has long been a serious obstacle to traffic on one of the principal arteries of the district.

The Chandbally road in the first 15 miles having become uneven and overlaid with sand-drift from the river Mahanuddy, the Committee, acting on the advice of the District Engineer, have commenced a reconstruction of the road, which will remove the inconvenience complained of. The reconstruction is of so thorough a nature as to amount to an original work.

Village roads have been constructed in several parts of the Cuttack, Salepore, Kendraparah, and Jajpore thanas. These works are very petty in their nature, and are confined to the lines of old village paths. Their utility is not to be measured by their extent, however, as often an expenditure of Rs. 100 has sufficed to restore communication where it had become totally impracticable. It is gratifying to be able to report that in some instances native gentlemen have come forward to undertake these works, and their execution has been found to be economical and satisfactory. Baboos Gopal Prasad Mitra, Gaur Charon Ghose, and Nabadip Chand Das, in the Sudder sub-division, and the members of the Road Cess Branch Committee at Jajpore, have done good service in this respect.

A nursery garden has also been established at Chauliaganj, on a piece of waste land, the property of Government. This garden is irrigated from the Taldunda canal; and a large supply of seeds was received from the Botanical Garden at Howrah. The seeds have come up well, and, together with several hundred seedlings of forest trees indigenous to the district, have been planted out in beds.

The garden now contains about 30,000 young plants. About two miles of avenues have been planted out along the Taldunda road, and plants are sold to other departments. This garden will, it is hoped, soon become self-supporting by the sale of surplus trees, and the roads throughout the district will be lined by avenues, which are much required at present.

Under the head of repairs there is nothing special to notice. Thirteen district roads have been kept in repair during the year, and are in fair order. In a district where there is so much water communication, more roads are hardly requisite.

The Chota Brahmani river at Pattamundie having silted up, much inconvenience was felt, as there is a great deal of boat traffic in that river. The Committee therefore expended a small sum on deepening the shoal, thus enabling boats to pass.

The Chandbally road will, it is feared, always remain a cause of anxiety. Its length, and its liability to be breached in many places, make it a heavy charge on the district funds. It would seem that a work of this magnitude, constituting as it does one of the chief trade and pilgrim routes of Orissa, would more appropriately be dealt with as a provincial work, and the Committee hope that the time is not far distant when the Government may see reason to relieve them of this heavy burden. It is not saying too much to assert that if the whole of the revenues of the Road Cess Committee were devoted to this road alone, they would hardly suffice to keep it in thorough efficiency.

I am glad, in conclusion, to be able to report that many of the members of the District and Branch Committees have heartily co-operated with me, and that the establishment under the Committees has worked excellently during the year.

Extract from estimate of expenditure of Cuttack District Road Fund for the cess year 1874-75, showing what works to be done in that year.

Sub-head of estimate	Particulars	Estimate for 1874-75		
	Original Works	Rs.	A.	P.
District Works	Remodelling the first 15 miles of Chandbally road	7,000	0	0
	Bimharipore to Indupore	1,000	0	0
	Kendraparah to Massegudi	600	0	0
	Constructing a masonry and timber bridge over the Gubri nullah, on the Chandbally road	2,321	3	5
	Village roads—			
	Thana Cuttack	400	0	0
	Salapore	400	0	0
	Jajpore	400	0	0
	Juggutsingpore	400	0	0
	Dharmasda	300	0	0
	Kendraparah	500	0	0
	Chauliaganj nursery, including planting trees	3,000	0	0
		16,921	3	
	Maintenance and Repairs.			
	Cuttack to Chandbally road—			
	Repairs	3,500	0	0
	Inspection bungalows	1,000	0	0
	Bridge and causeways	1,000	0	0
		5,500	0	0
	Phulnakhra to Maldeo road—			
	Repairs, including bridges	1,200	0	0
	Inspection bungalows	200	0	0
		1,400	0	0
	Fakirpara to Machgaon road—			
	Repairs	2,500	0	0
	Bridge and causeways	500	0	0
		3,000	0	0
	Cuttack to Taldunda road—			
	Repairs	2,500	0	0
	Inspection bungalows	500	0	0
	Bridge and causeways	500	0	0
		3,500	0	0
	Repairing the metalled portion of Taldunda road	1,000	0	0
	Knakhta to Jajpore	800	0	0
	Jajpore to Salspore—			
	Repairs	407	6	3
	Bridges	792	9	9
		1,200	0	0
	Burunda to Indupore	300	0	0
	Kendraparah to Indupore	500	0	0
	Kendraparah loop road, including bridges	800	0	0
	Juggutsingpore to Jajpore	300	0	0
	Ditto to Sujang	300	0	0
	Taldunda loop road	300	0	0
	Cost of acquiring land for new roads	3,000	0	0
	Reserve to meet bad debts and provide for supplementary allotments	2,100	0	0
		24,100	0	0
		41,021	3	2

No. 6—Part I.

CUTTACK DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Annual Account of Income and Expenditure from 1st October 1873 to 30th September 1874.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	COLLECTION OF REVENUE.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balance on 1st Oct. 1873 {			Establishment	6,640 11 4	
Cash in hand	7,231 6 3		Contingent charges	2,746 3 6	
Advance outstanding	0 8 3		Refunds ... ..	.....	8,786 14 10
	7,231 14 6				
Deduct	143 12 0	7,088 2 6	{ Roads and bridges	15,060 2 4	
			Original Works { River and canal works ... ..	.....
			{ Ferries ... ..	.....
Revenue under District {	26,096 11 4		{ Roads and bridges	20,749 8 6	15,060 2 4
Road Cess Act X of {	628 8 0		{ River and canal works	665 3 7	
1871 ... ..	.....		{ Ferries	993 8 6	22,408 4 7
Road cess leviable otherwise than under Act X of 1871	.....	26,725 3 4	Establishment ... ..	.....	1,119 10 8
			Tools and plant ... ..	.....	154 0 0
Receipts from tolls {	6,922 6 9		Total outlay to be passed ... ..	.....	47,529 0 5
{ Road tolls ... ..	.....			
{ Ferry ... ..	.....			
{ Canal or river ... ..	.....			
Grant-in-aid from Provincial Reserve Fund ... ..	.....	6,922 6 9	{ Cash in treasury	19,461 5 10	
Sales of produce and stores	26 11 9	29,864 8 6	{ Balance on the 30th September 1874	30 11 6	19,492 1 4
Fines and refunds	644 9 9		{ Advance outstanding ... ..	.....	3,657 1 4
Miscellaneous	362 12 6	934 2 0	Deduct	23,149 2 8	23,005 6 8
			Balance at credit of deposits	143 12 0	
Grand Total ... ..	.....	70,534 7 1	Grand Total ... ..	.....	70,534 7 1

CUTTACK ROAD CESS OFFICE, the 12th November 1874.

J. BEAMES, Chairman.

No. 6—Part II.

CUTTACK DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Details of Income and Expenditure for the cess year 1873-74, from 1st October 1873 to 30th September 1874, to accompany the Annual Account for the year.

Sub-head of estimate.	Amount as per budget estimate.	Particulars.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
INCOME.				
	26,670 0 0(a)	Amount collected under Act X of 1871		26,725 3 4
		Ditto of other cesses		
Receipts from tolls				
	1,800 0 0	Realized from lease of Jagatpur Ghāt	1,883 12 0	
	65 0 0	Ditto of Jampur Ghāt	70 4 0	
	350 0 0	Ditto of Baghat on the Kharsua	332 10 0	
	55 0 0	Ditto of Bahghai Ghāt	75 4 0	
	230 0 0	Ditto of Chandbali Ghāt	213 4 0	
	400 0 0	Ditto of Gopalpur Ghāt	203 12 0	
	1,000 0 0	Ditto of Ganja Ghāt (khas)	825 0 0	
	2,700 0 0	Ditto of Jobra and Sathatia	1,906 4 0	
	700 0 0	Ditto of Kakhar Ghāt	400 4 0	
	7,190 0 0(a)			5,922 0 0
Grant-in-aid	26,900 0 0(a)	Amount sanctioned, as per Bengal Government Notification No. 257, dated 14th July 1873,—vide Bengal Government's No. 3739, of 17th July 1873	26,900 0 0	
		Advances converted into grants, as per Bengal Government Resolution dated 6th November 1874	4,864 8 0	29,864 8 0
	200 0 0(a)	Amount of other receipts		(c) 934 2 0
	58,970 0 0	Total Income		63,444 4 7
EXPENDITURE.				
Establishment for collection of revenue	840 0 0	1 Head Clerk for 10 months 23 days, at Rs. 70	753 10 8	
	300 0 0	1 Second Clerk for 11 " at Rs. 30	330 0 0	
	300 0 0	1 Third Clerk for 11 " at " 25	275 0 0	
	240 0 0	1 Mohurrir for 11 " at " 20	220 0 0	
	60 0 0	1 Duffry for 11 " at " 5	55 0 0	
	1,800 0 0(a)		1,633 10 8	
EXTRA ESTABLISHMENT				
		1 Clerk for 8 months 14 days, at Rs. 25	211 4 7	
		1 " for 8 " 11 " at " 25	211 4 7	
		3 Clerks for 15 days, at Rs. 30 each, for registering the road cess chaldans in the township department	45 0 0	(11)
		2 Clerks for 8 months 6 days, at Rs. 20 each	342 4 0	
		4 Mohurrirs for 8 months 14 days, at Rs. 15 each	567 1 4	
			1,300 14 6	
	3,123 7 8	Adjusting charges of road cess establishment paid from provincial funds in previous years	3,700 2 2	(EI)
	6,530 6 2	Total Establishment	6,640 11 4	
	1,700 0 0(a)	Contingencies for the year 1873-74	883 11 2	
	1,262 8 4	Ditto from January to December 1872	1,262 8 4	
	2,962 8 4	Total Contingencies	2,146 3 6	
	9,492 14 6	Total Collection of Revenue		8,786 14 10
OUTLAY ON DISTRICT WORK.				
Original Works	2,297 0 0(a)	Constructing culverts on the Machgaon road	2,017 4 10	
	5,008 0 0(F)	Ditto a masonry and timber bridge over the Gobri Nala on the Chandbali road	3,711 12 7	
	8,712 0 0(G)	Reconstruction and improvement of the 1st section of the Cuttack and Chandbali road	3,070 8 8	
(H)	7,450 0 0	Village roads	3,998 9 3	
(I)	1,477 2 3	Chandbali nursery or garden	1,477 2 3	
(J)	800 0 0	Taldand deep road	754 12 9	15,060 2 4
	26,344 2 3			
		Carried over		23,847 1 2

Sub-head of estimate.	Amount as per budget estimate.	Particulars.	Amount.	Total.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
		Brought forward ...	.....	23,847 1 2
		REPAIRS OF ROADS AND BRIDGES.		
Repairs	3,488 0 0 (K)	Repairs to roads from Cuttack to Chandbali ...	3,260 12 11	
	4,968 0 0 (L)	Ditto ditto Cuttack to Taldunda ...	3,932 4 1	
	1,800 0 0 (M)	Ditto ditto Pakirpara to Machgaon ...	1,941 11 7	(MI)
	1,350 0 0 (a)	Ditto ditto Phulnakhra to Madhab ...	1,151 5 0	
	550 0 0 (a)	Ditto ditto Kuakhia to Jaipur ...	637 0 1	
	4,550 0 0 (a)	Ditto ditto Cuttack to Sambalpur ...	4,322 5 0	
N	1,550 0 0	Ditto ditto Jaipur to Sagulpur or Buijharpur ...	1,024 8 7	
	435 0 0 (a)	Ditto ditto Baruan to Judpur ...	444 0 3	
	175 0 0 (a)	Ditto ditto Kendrapara to Judpur ...	154 18 9	
	275 0 0 (a)	Ditto ditto Patamundie to Judpur ...	38 4 3	
(O)	800 0 0	Ditto ditto Kendrapara loop road ...	26 6 2	
P	200 0 0	Ditto ditto Jagatsinghpur to Jaipur ...	258 8 9	
	125 0 0 (a)	Ditto ditto Jagatsinghpur to Sugang ...	103 8 3	
Q	721 0 0	Deepening shoal in the Chhota Bramhoon ...	665 3 7	
R	5,311 10 0	Reserve to meet bad debts and to provide for supplementary allotments ...	7,332 9 11	
	26,378 10 0		20,883 6 11	
		FERRIES.		
	1,500 0 0 (a)	Constructing ferry boats, &c. ...	993 8 6	
		STAGING BUNGALOW AT MARSAHATA.		
	120 0 0 (a)	Establishment for 13 months, at Rs. 10 ...	130 0 0	(S)
	50 0 0 (a)	Furniture, &c. ...		
		Adjusting the payment from provincial funds on account of staging bungalow establishment from April 1872 to January 1873 ...	100 0 8	T
		DAK BUNGALOW AT KENDRAPATA.		
U	40 0 0	Establishment for 5 months, at Rs. 8 ...	40 0 0	
	232 4 6	Furniture, &c. ...	232 4 6	
		Total Dak Bungalows ...	531 5 2	
	402 4 6	Total Repairs ...		22,408 4 7
		1 Overseer, for 6 months and 25 days, at Rs. 80 ...	640 10 8	
		Horse allowance for 1 month and 24 days, at Rs. 15 ...	27 0 0	
		1 Officiating Overseer, for 2 months and 12 days, at Rs. 50 ...	120 0 0	
		1 Overseer, for ditto, at Rs. 80 ...	192 0 0	
		Horse allowance for ditto, at Rs. 15 ...	36 0 0	
	1,800 0 0	2 Sub-Overseers, for 2 months, at Rs. 20 each ...	80 0 0	
		2 Peons, for 9 months and 6 days, at Rs. 5 each ...	92 0 0	
		1 Gardener, for 2 months, at Rs. 7 ...	14 0 0	
		1 Ditto for ditto, at Rs. 8 ...	12 0 0	
	154 0 0	Tools ...		1,130 10 6
	66,201 0 0	Total Charges ...		154 0 0
				47,320 0 6

Memorandum showing in detail the Actual Cash Balance on the 30th September 1874.

Particulars.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
Balance at credit of the district road fund in the treasury ...	19,161 5 10		
In hands of the Assistant Collector of Jaipur ...	5 13 0		
Ditto the overseer of Road Cess Department ...	24 11 0		
Total		19,192 1 4	

Memorandum showing in detail the Balance at Credit of Deposit on the 30th September 1874.

Particulars.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
On account of provincial ferry ...	143 12 0	143 12 0	

Memorandum showing in detail the Amount of Outstanding Advances on the 30th September 1874.

Particulars.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
Balance at credit of Public Works Department in the Cuttack Treasury ...	3,654 0 4		
Amount due by Gopal Prasad Mitra, contractor ...	3 1 0		
Total		3,657 1 4	

Explanatory Notes.

(a) The figures given in this column have been taken from the revised estimates passed by the Road Cess Committee on the 18th November 1873, and approved of by the Commissioner in his letter No. 385, dated 22nd idem.

(b) These two ferries have been transferred to provincial service from April 1874.

(c) The receipts on this head have exceeded the amount estimated in the budget, because the realizations on account of staging bungalow fees and refunds, &c., happened to be more than what was anticipated.

(D) The extra clerks were appointed to prepare the statistical returns,—*vide* Board's order communicated in Commissioner's letters Nos. 397, 52, and 98, dated 9th December 1873, 6th July 1874, and 29th September 1874, respectively. Supplementary allotment was made for them from the "Reserve," there being no special grants in the budget for it.

(DI) The clerks were appointed to register the road cess chalang in the Tawjih Department under Section 16 of the rules, and paid from the road cess funds, agreeably to Accountant General's order, the amount having been met from the "Reserve."

(E) Rs. 4,686 were provided for in the budget under the head of Miscellaneous, for adjustment of road cess charges incurred from provincial fund, but it has been transferred to these heads agreeably to Controller's No. 2889 of 9th March 1874.

(EI) Accountant-General's order for adjustment of certain items was received after the submission of the budget, which adjustment was made during the year, though not provided for in the budget: hence the excess of Rs. 372-10-6.

(F) Rs. 5,000 were first sanctioned, as per budget estimate, and Rs. 608 transferred from Reserve,—*vide* Commissioner's letter No. 412, dated 19th January 1874.

	Rs.	A.	P.
(G) Originally sanctioned in the budget	5,000	0	0
Received by transfer the amount sanctioned for constructing a causeway over the breach on the Jajpore and Kuakhia road,— <i>vide</i> Commissioner's letter No. 93, dated 21st September 1874...	2,000	0	0
"Ditto ditto from allotment sanctioned for repairs to Cuttack and Chandbally roads,— <i>vide</i> ditto ditto ...	1,212	0	0
	9,212	0	0
Deduct amount transferred for turfing Machgaon road.— <i>vide</i> Commissioner's No. 94, dated 21st September 1874 ...	500	0	0
Balance	8,712	0	0

(H) Rs. 6,450 were sanctioned, as per budget estimate, and Rs. 1,000 added to this sum as proposed in this office No. 332, dated 19th June last, and sanctioned by the Commissioner in his No. 40, dated 1st July last.

(I) Rs. 500 were sanctioned, as per Commissioner's letter quoted above, but the amount being insufficient, a further sum of Rs. 977-2-3 was expended out of the "Reserve," in anticipation of Commissioner's sanction applied for in this office No. 482, dated 12th instant.

(J) There was no allotment for this road in the budget. Rs. 800 were sanctioned by the Commissioner in his letter No. 40, dated 1st July 1874, and approved of by the Committee.

(K) Rs. 4,700 were sanctioned in the estimate for this road, from which Rs. 1,212 have since been transferred for reconstruction and improvement of the Chandbally road; approved of by the Commissioner in his letter No. 93, dated 21st September 1874.

(L) Rs. 3,700 were first sanctioned in the budget, and Rs. 1,268 were received by transfer from Rs. 3,536 placed in the "Reserve," as stated in paragraph 10 of this office letter No. 332, dated 19th June last, and approved of by the Commissioner in his letter No. 48, dated 1st July 1874.

(M) Rs. 1,300 were allotted, as per revised estimate, and Rs. 500 received by transfer,—*vide* Commissioner's letter No. 94, dated 21st September 1874, as stated in note G.

(MI) Explanation regarding the excess expenditure of Rs. 141-11-7 on this road has been called for from the District Engineer.

(N) Rs. 550 were allotted in the estimate, and Rs. 1,000 added to it for constructing bridges on this road, as stated in this office No. 332, dated 19th June, and sanctioned by the Commissioner in his letter No. 48, dated 1st July 1874.

(O) Rs. 100 were allotted in the estimate, and Rs. 700 again transferred to this road,—*vide* Commissioner's letter No. 48, dated 1st July last.

(P) The original allotment was Rs. 200, which, being insufficient for the work, was supplemented by an additional allotment of Rs. 90, transferred from "Reserve," as reported to the Commissioner in this office letter No. 336, dated 1st July 1874.

(Q) No allotment was made for this purpose, but according to the District Engineer's letter No. 1442, dated 10th December 1873, copy of which was forwarded to this office with Commissioner's memorandum No. 397, dated 17th idem, Rs. 721 was given out of the "Reserve," the work being urgent.

(R) An allotment of Rs. 7,193 was provided for in the budget in this head, and Rs. 3,536 added to it out of Rs. 8,325, provided for in the budget for Department Public Works establishment, as stated in this office No. 332, dated 19th June 1874, and approved of by

the Commissioner in his letter No. 48, dated 1st July last. Out of the total Rs. 10,729 above shown, Rs. 5,417-5-3 have been transferred to the following roads, &c.—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Constructing a bridge over the Gubri nullah	608	0	0
Juggutsingpore to Jeypore road	80	0	0
Extra establishment	1,306	14	6
Deepening shoal in the Chota Bramhoni	721	0	0
Chauliaganj garden	977	2	3
Kendraparah dāk bungalow establishment	40	0	0
Ditto ditto furniture	252	4	6
Tools	151	0	0
Cuttack to Taldunda road	1,208	0	0
Total	5,417	5	3

(S) This includes Rs. 30 on account of last year's pay not drawn during that year. Rs. 100 have been paid on account of this year's salary, and Rs. 20 remain to be paid.

(T) This adjustment was made agreeably to Accountant-General's order, which was received after the submission of the budget, and consequently no provision was made for it.

(U) There was no allotment in the budget for this bungalow, as it was made over to this department after the submission of the budget. The amount was therefore paid out of the "Reserve," as ordered by the Commissioner in his letter No. 433, dated 5th March 1874.

(V) The original allotment amounted to Rs. 1,980, which was supplemented by another of Rs. 789, as per statement submitted with this office No. 332, and approved of by the Commissioner in his No. 48, dated 1st July last.

(W) No provision was made in the budget for this purpose. Rs. 154 paid out of the "Reserve," in anticipation of Commissioner's sanction, applied for by this office No. 482, dated 12th instant.

The sum of Rs. 8,325, provided for in the budget estimate for Department Public Works establishment, not being required, was transferred to the following heads,--*vide* Commissioner's letter No. 48, dated 1st July 1874:--

	Rs.	A.	P.
Metalling Taldunda loop road	800	0	0
Constructing bridges on Jajpore and Bujharpore road	1,000	0	0
Bridges on Kendraparah loop road	700	0	0
Government garden at Chauliaganj	500	0	0
Village roads and bridges	1,000	0	0
Working establishment	789	0	0
Transferred to "Reserve"	3,536	0	0
Total	8,325	0	0

NOTE.—Certain original works were erroneously charged in the monthly and quarterly returns under the head of Repairs. This has been rectified in the annual accounts.

JOHN BEANS, *Chairman*.

No. 6—PART II.

POOREE DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Detail of Income and Expenditure for the year 1873-74, from 1st October 1873 to 30th September 1874, to accompany the Annual Account for the year.

Sub-head of estimate.	Amount as per budget estimate.	Particulars.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
INCOME.				
Revenue under Act X of 1871.	....	Cess on Land ...	19,533 7 6	19,598 15 11
		House cess ...	65 8 6	
Grant-in-aid	....	Amount sanctioned, as per Bengal Government No. 3739, dated 17th July 1873 ...	10,000 0 0	12,458 4 9
		Advances converted into grants, as per Bengal Government Resolution dated 2nd November 1874 ...	2,458 4 9	
Refunds	....	Excess payments ...	95 9 9	95 9 9
Total				33,152 14 6
EXPENDITURE.				
Establishment on collection of revenue.	1,738 0 0	Establishment charges for collection of revenue*	2,431 7 7	3,106 10 7
		Contingency ...	672 3 0	
OUTLAY ON DISTRICT WORKS.				
Roads and Bridges.				
Original Works ...	1,000 0 0	Completion of the road from Palagan to Banpur ...	974 4 7	9,168 11 8
	9,8 4 0 0	Remodelling the road from Pal to Koor'da ...	6,603 1 2	
	1,100 0 0	Remodelling and repairing Satsubadi road ...	1,314 2 1	
	813 0 0	Iditto Begimari and Bolpur ...	88 8 0	
		Surveying the proposed road, (vide detail attached with the Collector's report) ...	138 10 10	
Roads and Bridges.				
Repairs	1,675 0 0	Repairs of road from Koordan to Kantillo ...	1,512 3 7	3,601 4 6
	813 0 0	Bageenri and Bolpur ...	685 3 11	
	1,103 0 0	Balighai and Madhab ...	595 0 8	
	463 0 0	Delang bridge ...	288 7 3	
		Fulakbari and Madhab road ...	60 5 0	
		Village roads (vide an aide Collector's report) ...	570 0 0	
		Establishment*	120 0 0	
Total Expenditure				16,986 10 6

* These amounts should have been detailed.

Memorandum showing in detail the Actual Cash Balance on the 30th September 1874.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Cash in treasury as per pass-book	14,207 4 4	14,207 4 4

Memorandum showing in detail the Balance at Credit of Deposit on 30th September 1874.

Nil

Memorandum showing in detail the Amount of Outstanding Advances on 30th September 1874.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balance at credit of Public Works Department	2,003 2 8	2,116 14 8
Balance at the hands of villagers	Rs. A. P.	
• Chintamony Putnaik Kanoongoe of Ruhang	47 0 0	
• Denubandhu Kharenga	40 0 0	
• Kisiri Churn Dass, Kanoongoe of Sirai	26 12 0	
	113 12 0	

* The detail is given in Chairman's No. 316 of 11th March 1876.

J. ARMSTRONG, C.S., Collector.

ROAD CESS OFFICE, POOREE, the 30th October 1874.

No. 176, dated Pooree, the 30th October 1874.

From—J. S. ARMSTRONG, Esq., C.S., Collector of Pooree,
To—The Commissioner of the Orissa Division, Cuttack.

I HAVE the honor to submit the local improvement report for the cess year ending on 30th September 1874, and the annual return of the Road Cess Department for the same year.

2. The aggregate receipt of the year under the several heads amounted to Rs. 32,853-14-5, viz.—

	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
Under Controller of Public Works Accounts' No. 10020, of the 15th October 1873	5,000	0	0	Cess on land	19,566	7	6
Accountant-General's No. 10827T, of 6th December 1873	3,159	4	9	House cess	32	8	6
Accountant-General's No. 13598, of 31st January 1874	5,000	0	0	Government grants-in-aid as per margin..	13,159	4	9
				Advance refunded	95	9	9
Total	13,159	4	9	Total	32,853	14	5

3. The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 15,986-10-5 at the end of the year. The details of expenditure were as follows:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Office establishment...	2,434	7	7
Contingencies ...	672	3	0
Original works ...	9,158	11	5
Repairs ...	3,031	4	5
Field establishment ...	120	0	0
Repairs and construction of village road.	570	0	0
Total ...	15,986	10	5

4. The establishment consisted entirely of clerks and servants employed for the purpose of road cess collection and preparing statistical tables, called for by Government order No. 2400 of 22nd August 1873.

5. The original works carried out during the year under report are as follows:—

- (1) Remodelling Khoordah and Pipli Road.
- (2) Constructing road from Balagan to Banpore.
- (3) Remodelling and repairing the Satyabadi bridge.

(a) *Remodelling the road from Khoordah to Pipli, 14 miles.*—This road was originally constructed out of the district road fund, and owing to its importance, it was subsequently made over to the Public Works Department. It was constructed somewhat roughly, and was partially bridged. When the Road Cess Act came into force, this was taken up as one of the local roads, and it was resolved to complete it as a bridged but unmetalled road, and accordingly an estimate for Rs. 9,854 was sanctioned for this work. Nine-tenths of the other work and turfing have been completed, and about half the number of culverts. The Executive Engineer reports that the overseer in charge of the works having been removed in March to the famine districts, and another having died in August last, the work has not made quite so much progress as it would otherwise have done. The flood of August last having also burst the Dayah river embankment, a considerable breach and damage were made to the first six miles of the road, but this has since been repaired. The Executive Engineer expects to finish the work of this road by the end of May next.

(b) *Construction and completion of the road from Balgor to Banpore, 3½ miles.*—This work was stopped for several months, owing to a desire to substitute culverts for the numerous causeways and irrigation openings it was found necessary to leave in the way; but as the expense of constructing bridges was greater than was expected, it was determined to finish the road as originally sanctioned, and accordingly the stone collected for metalling the sloped water channels has been spread, and the work has been completed.

(c) An old bridge crossing the local road leading to Satyabadi had partially given way, and very great inconvenience was in consequence felt by the passengers and numberless pilgrims who frequently pass by that road. It was therefore resolved by the Road Cess Committee to repair and make certain alterations in the old bridge, and the work was accordingly taken up.

The amount expended to the end of the year amounts to Rs. 1,314. It is nearly completed; there remain now the parapets and some revetment work to be done, which will be finished by the end of 1874.

6. The following roads have been completely repaired during the year under review. The amount incurred in repairing each of them is set forth against each item:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Khoordah and Kantilo road	1,512	3	7
2. Baghmara and Balgar road	555	3	11
3. Balghara and Madhab road	595	0	8
4. Dehang bridge	288	7	3

7. Some lines of country have been surveyed with a view to ascertaining the best route to be adopted when it is required to frame estimate for new roads with funds which may hereafter be available for the same. The details of the surveys made are given in the appended list.

8. The sum expended in the village road works undertaken this year amounts to Rs. 570. Of this sum Rs. 70 were expended in repairing the under-mentioned roads at the cost noted against each, and Rs. 500 were paid to the Sub-Committee of Khoordah for repairing the following roads, viz.—

					Rs. A. P.
1.	Fakirpara village road, pergunnah Kothdes	...	...	...	50 0 0
2.	Part of Harekristapore village road, pergunnah Rahang	...	...	...	10 0 0
3.	Ditto Siso, pergunnah Oldhar	...	...	...	10 0 0
<i>Khoordah.</i>					
4.	Raising the village road of Makundprosad	...	...	...	20 0 0
5.	Ditto ditto of Jaghorsingh	...	...	...	50 0 0
6.	Ditto ditto of Hadi Sahi	...	...	...	10 0 0
7.	Ditto ditto of a portion of the road from thana to kutchery	...	...	...	10 0 0
8.	Ditto ditto of Khoordah Ghati to Bhaliabody	...	...	...	20 0 0
9.	Ditto ditto of Bhubanessur	...	...	...	25 0 0
10.	Village road of Chatabar	...	...	...	15 0 0
11.	Ditto of Chandka	...	...	...	20 0 0
12.	Ditto of Daratheng	...	...	...	20 0 0
13.	Ditto of Panchupally	...	...	...	20 0 0
14.	Ditto of Gar Haldia	...	...	...	10 0 0
15.	Ditto of Gobindapore	...	...	...	20 0 0
16.	Ditto of Parikhit	...	...	...	20 0 0
17.	Ditto of Dilikhala	...	...	...	10 0 0
18.	Ditto of Rantpara	...	...	...	15 0 0
19.	Ditto of Madhuban	...	...	...	20 0 0
20.	Ditto of Mundamupore	...	...	...	10 0 0
21.	Ditto of Gar Tapang	...	...	...	20 0 0
22.	Ditto of Balovadrupore	...	...	...	20 0 0
23.	Ditto of Banpore	...	...	...	50 0 0
24.	Ditto of Oradu	...	...	...	30 0 0
25.	Ditto of Manikagoda	...	...	...	15 0 0
26.	Ditto of Palaisahi	...	...	...	15 0 0
27.	Ditto of Arakpah	...	...	...	15 0 0
28.	Ditto of Beerkoal	...	...	...	20 0 0
Total				...	500 0 0

The Deputy Collector of Khoordah reports that the roads Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 14, 15, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, and 27, have been completed; the rest will be taken up and completed on the commencement of the favorable weather.

9. The works proposed to be carried out during the ensuing year are as follows:—

Original Works.

	Rs. A. P.
Remodelling Khoordah and Pipli road	3,000 0 0
Khoordah and Kantillo road	8,000 0 0
Village roads	1,000 0 0

Repairs.

Khoordah to Kantillo road	1,350 0 0
Pipli to Khoordah road	331 0 0
Baghmari and Boigor road	1,125 0 0
Balugan and Banpore road	262 0 0
Balighai and Madhub road	900 0 0

11. The estimate for the above works was sanctioned by you under No. 54 of 24th July 1874.

The Deputy Collector has neglected his Sub-Committee, scarcely ever calling a meeting thereof.

Details of the Surveys made in the District of Pooree.

Name of the proposed roads surveyed.	Amount sanctioned.	Sum expended during the year.	Balance.	REMARKS.
	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
From Tanghy, via Runpore, to Bolegor, 12 miles	200	138 10 10	61	
„ Junkia to Harrihur, 8 miles				
„ Tanghy to Trumoney, 14 miles				
„ Radmul to Haridas gola, 8 miles				
„ Khoordah, via Bhubanessar, to Tankpani, 15½ miles				
„ Bhubanessar to Sankhapore, 3 miles				
Total	200	138 10 10	61	

No. 6-Part I.

BALANORE DISTRICT ROAD FUND

Annual Account of Income and Expenditure from 1st October 1873 to 30th September 1874.

Rs. A. P.		ON COLLECTIONS OF REVENUE.	Rs. A. P.	A. P.
Balance on the 1st Octo-ber 1873	...	Establishment ...	3,935 6 4	...
Amount overdrawn	...	Contingencies	1,387 2 11	...
Advances outstanding	...	Refunds	7 5 8	...
Receipts of the year		...	...	...
Revenue under District Road Cess Act No. 1871	...	...	...	...
Grants-in-aid	...	...	...	...
Sale proceeds	...	...	...	...
Fines and penalties	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...

No. 6—Part II.
BALASORE DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Details of Income and Expenditure for the year 1873-74, from 1st October 1873 to 30th September 1874.

Sub-head of estimate.	Amount as per budget estimate.	PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.
Rs. A. P.		INCOME.	Rs. A. P.	
Revenue under Act X of 1871.	14,000 0 0	Cess on lands ...	13,410 10 1	
	450 0 0	on houses ...	336 8 0	13,747 2 1
Receipts from tolls	308 0 0	Realized from Prasatumpore Ghat ...	28 13 7	
		Ditto Athaboe Ghat ...	66 0 0	
		Ditto Gochibida ...	0 0 0	
		Ditto Bahapal ...	153 0 0	
		Ditto Panchiteroo ...	44 12 0	
		Ditto Kalikapur ...	12 7 8	
			305 1 4	
Grant-in-aid	15,080 0 0	Amount sanctioned, as per Bengal Government No. 3739, of 17th July 1873 ...	1,000 0 0	306 1 4
		Advance converted into grant, vide Bengal Government No. 2310, of 10th April 1874 ...	683 0 4	
	120 0 0	Sale of produce and stores ...	100 19 0	15,683 0 4
		Miscellaneous ...	49 8 0	49 8 0
		Refunds ...	196 4 10	196 4 10
		Total		30,141 10 7
* EXPENDITURE ON COLLECTION OF REVENUE				
2,022 0 0		Salary of Head Clerk for 1 month, 20 days, at Rs. 52 ...	86 2 7	
		Ditto ditto for 1 " 10 " ...	67 2 5	
		Ditto ditto for 8 " " 54 " ...	432 0 0	
		Ditto 2nd Clerk for 10 " 0 " 30 " ...	300 0 0	
		Ditto ditto for 0 " 22 " 30 " ...	4 7	
		Ditto ditto for 0 " 9 " 30 " ...	8 11 4	
		Ditto Accountant for 10 " 0 " " ...	250 0 0	
		Ditto ditto for 0 " 22 " " ...	17 11 10	
		Ditto ditto for 0 " 9 " " ...	7 7 7	
		Ditto 2 Mohurirs for 11 " 0 " " 15 each ...	330 0 0	
		Ditto 5 Peons for 11 " 0 " " 5 " ...	275 0 0	
		Ditto 1 Peon for 10 " 0 " " 5 " ...	50 0 0	
		Ditto 130 extra peons for 0 " 0 " " 5 " ...	6 3 6 8	
		Ditto 1 Clerk for 3 " 0 " " 30 " ...	90 0 0	
		Ditto ditto for 3 " 0 " " 25 " ...	75 0 0	
		Ditto 2 Mohurirs for 4 " 0 " " 15 " ...	120 0 0	
		Ditto 2 ditto for 3 " 0 " " 25 " ...	60 0 0	
		Ditto 1 Clerk for 7 " 15 " " 30 " ...	274 8 3	
		Ditto 1 ditto for 0 " 15 " " 30 " ...	15 0 0	
		Ditto 1 ditto for 0 " 15 " " 30 " ...	104 8 3	
		Ditto 2 ditto for 7 " 15 " " 25 " ...	374 3 0	
		Ditto 2 ditto for " " 15 " " 20 " ...	200 6 8	
		Ditto 2 Mohurirs for " " " " ...	12 8 0	
		Ditto 1 ditto for 0 " 21 " " 15 " ...	11 9 9	
776 0 0		Contingencies ...	1,387 2 11	5,312 9 5
		Refunds ...		
ORIGINAL WORKS				
Roads and Bridges				
		Compensation for lands ...	*3,155 9 3	
		Road contingencies ...	*311 2 6	
		Minor works (exclusive of Rs. 50) shown as grant-in-aid and charged to original works ...	285 0 0	3,751 11 9
REPAIRS.				
Roads and Bridges				
		Bahapal to Kamaria ...	1,341 22 6	
		Balasore to Mitrapore ...	3,839 15 10	
		Soroh to Anandapur ...	1,100 0 0	
		Blundruck to Chaudhali ...	1,803 13 9	
		Soroh to Kuparee ...	1,961 11 1	
		Minor Works, petty repairs ...	6,718 13 2	16,876 2 4
		Ferries ...	493 11 0	493 11 0
		Total District Works		21,121 9 1
Establishment.				
		Salary of 2 Overseers, at Rs. 75, for ...	1,850 0 0	
		Ditto 1 Sub-Overseer, at " 30, for ...	330 0 0	
		Ditto 1 ditto at " 30, for ...	30 0 0	
		Ditto 1 ditto at " 20, for ...	20 0 0	
		Ditto 2 ditto at " 15, for ...	330 0 0	
		Ditto 1 ditto at " 15, for ...	45 0 0	
		Ditto 1 ditto at " 15, for ...	82 11 4	
		Ditto 2 Peons at " 6 for ...	110 0 0	
		Tools and plant ...	100 0 0	2,567 11 4
		Total Expenditure		29,139 3 4

* The name of the particular road on which these amounts are chargeable has been called for.

Memorandum showing in detail the Actual Balance on the 30th September 1874.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Balance at the debit of District Road Fund in Treasury	—1,730 0 1	—1,730 0 1	.

Memorandum showing in detail the Amount at Credit of Deposit on the 30th September 1874.

Nil.

Memorandum showing in detail the Amount of Outstanding Advances on the 30th September 1874.

PARTICULARS.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Balance at credit of Public Works Department	827 3 4		
Assistant Collector of Bhudruck	10 6 7		
District Superintendent of Police	250 0 0		
Jodo Nauth Bannerjee	1 10 3		
Gudadhur Nark	7 0 0		
Rev. J. Phillips	20 0 0		
Lukan Nauth Mohasay	34 14 2		
Koylas Chunder Roy Mohasay	15 0 0		
Rhyan, of Jameoonda	5 0 0		
Ram Mohun Doss	100 0 0		
Radha Nauth Roy	100 0 0		
Bulbhadra Roy	60 0 0		
Saym Seunder Doss	30 0 0		
Seunder Narain Roy	50 0 0		
	1,904 15 10*	2,732 3 2	

* The detail has been called for. The detail given as in Vice-Chairman's No. 100, of 12th March 1875.

No. 125A, dated Cuttack, the 17th December 1874.

From—T. E. RAVENSHAW, Esq., Commissioner of the Orissa Division,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit the annual report on local improvements of the Orissa Division for the year 1873-74, as required by Government circular No. 51, dated 8th August 1874.

2. District reports and returns for the year 1873-74, in form prescribed in circular order No. 4952, of 24th September 1872, are also herewith submitted in original, for publication in the *Cuttack Gazette*, under Section 89 of the Road Cess Act.

3. The annual receipts and disbursements of the three districts of Cuttack, Pooree, and Balasore, for the year under report, are shown in the subjoined table.

Receipts.

	Cuttack.			Pooree.			Balasore.			REMARKS.
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
Balance	7,088	2	6	—543	1	0	682	12	2	
Revenue under Act X of 1871—										
Cess on lands	26,096	11	4	19,566	7	5	13,410	10	1	Details will be found in the district statements, from which the figures entered herein have been taken
On houses	625	8	0	32	8	6	336	8	0	
<i>Tolls.</i>										
Ferry	5,922	6	9	...	...	...	305	1	4	
Road	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Canal or river	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grant-in-aid from Provincial Reserve Fund	25,000	0	0	13,159	4	9	15,080	0	0	
Sales of produce and stores	26	11	9	...	...	...	160	10	0	
Fines and refunds	514	9	9	15	9	9	2,281	0	10	
Miscellaneous	362	12	6	...	...	...	49	8	0	
Total	65,669	14	7	32,310	13	5	32,306	2	5	

Disbursements.

	Cuttack.			Pooree.			Balasore.			REMARKS.
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
Collection establishment, &c.	8,786	14	10	3,106	10	7	5,312	9	3	Details will be found in the district statements, from which the figures entered herein have been taken.
Original works	15,000	2	4	9,158	11	5	3,831	11	9	
Repairs	22,108	4	7	3,601	4	5	17,369	13	4	
Public Works, &c., establishment	1,119	10	8	120	0	0	2,597	11	4	
Tools and plant	154	0	0	...	...	...	100	0	0	
Miscellaneous refunds, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	5	8	
Total	47,529	0	5	15,986	10	5	29,219	3	4	
Balance	18,140	14	2	16,324	3	0	3,086	15	1	

4. In the Cuttack district the Collector's report is complete, with the exception of the information required regarding works proposed to be done during 1874-75. This has been remedied in my office, and extract from the estimates for 1874-75, as passed and approved, is appended. The unexpended balance in hand is considerable, and will supplement the assets for 1874-75. I shall expect that the ensuing year's estimates will be worked up to.

5. District and Sub-Divisional Committees have given constant and careful attention to business, and have been judiciously presided over by magisterial officers. The assistance afforded by several zemindars in the construction of village roads is very encouraging.

6. In the Pooree district also, there is a very considerable unexpended balance. I trust this will not be allowed to recur. The Magistrate's report and statement are complete.

7. The Committee at head-quarters have met regularly, and have been precise and efficient in the conduct of business.

8. In Khoerda the Committee does not appear to have been sufficiently consulted by the sub-divisional officer, though the list of works in hand during the year appears to have been for the most part completed. It is important that Sub-Divisional Sub-Committees should be constantly consulted and led to take interest in local improvements.

9. The Balasore district report is exceedingly meagre, though the year's estimate has been better worked up ~~to~~ than in Cuttack or Pooree. The unexpended balance is Rs. 3,086-10-1.

10. No original works were undertaken, and the expenditure shown under that head was for acquisition of land. I have ascertained that repairs were efficiently carried out on 21 district roads, and Rs. 412-4-0 was expended on village roads.

11. I shall in future years hope to see a larger amount devoted to village roads, so that the people may see works for which they pay cess brought as much as possible to their doors.

12. The Balasore Committees have worked efficiently, and given attention to, and taken interest in, business brought before them.

No. 6-Part I.
POOREE DISTRICT ROAD FUND.
Income and Expenditure from 1st October 1873 to 31st September 1874

Annual Account		Rs.	Rs. A. P.	COLLECTIONS (P. REF.)	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Bal. on 1st October	Cash in hand	3,159 4 9		Establishment		1,434 7 7
	Advances outstanding	3,317 3 9		Contingency		672 3 0
Deduct	Balance at credit deposit					
	Receipts of the year.			Refund		3,106 10 7
	Cess on lands	5 3		OUTLAY ON DISTRICT		
Revenue under Road C. Ac. X of 1871	" on mines and railways			Original works		9,158 11 5
	" on houses			{ Roads and bridges		
	Fines			{ River and a		
Road cess leviable other than under the C. Ac.			19,598 15 11	{ Roads and bridges		3,601 4 5
				{ River and a		
Receipts from tolls	Road tolls			{ Repairs		
	Ferry			{ Ferris		
	Canal or river toll			Establishment		120 0 0
Grants-in-aid from Provincial Reserve Fund		2,450		Tools and plant		
Sale produce						879 5 0
Fine and refund		9 9				
				Total outlay to be paid		
				Balance on 30th September 1874		14,207 4 4
				Advances outstanding		2,116 14 8
				Deduct		
				Balance at credit of deposit		
						3 5

Rs. 33, cess on houses collected during the year

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 10th May 1875.

No. 163.—Appointment.—Mr. J. A. Campbell, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the 24-Pergunnahs district, is appointed to officiate as Executive Engineer of the Backergunge Division as a temporary arrangement.

No. 164.—Notification.—Mr. J. C. G. Reddie, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, joined the First Calcutta Division on the 24th April 1875, before noon.

No. 165.—Mr. J. F. Mackenzie, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, assumed charge of the Dinagopore Division on the 21st April 1875, after noon.

No. 166.—Baboo Haran Chunder Bannerjee, Probationary Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, is posted to the Second Calcutta Division.

No. 167.—Mr. C. A. Mills, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, joined the Darjeeling Division on the 26th April 1875, before noon.

No. 168.—Mr. E. Moriarty, Overseer, First Grade, joined the Dinagopore Division on the 17th April 1875, after noon, on return from privilege leave.

No. 169.—Posting.—Serjeant G. Stuttaford, R.E., Overseer, First Grade, attached to the Purneah Special Division, is posted to the Bhagulpore Division, which he joined on the 26th April 1875, before noon.

No. 170.—Baboo Bhuggobutty Churn Gangooly, Overseer, Third Grade, attached to the Bogra Special Division, rejoined the Midnapore Division on the 20th April 1875, before noon.

* Bengal Government (Public Works Department) Notification No. 368, dated 14th October 1874.

Bengal Government (Public Works Department) Notification No. 64, dated 25th February 1875.

Bengal Government (Public Works Department) Notification No. 130, dated 19th April 1875.

No. 171.—Leave of Absence.—Baboo Surrut Chunder Sandle, Overseer, Third Grade, attached to the Rajshahye Division, for two months, on medical certificate, under Supplement F, Section 3 of the Civil Leave Code, in addition to that already granted* to him.

No. 172.—Appointment.—Baboo Muddon Mohun Ghose, Accountant, Fourth Grade, Dinagopore District, to be Accountant of the Dinagopore Division.

No. 173.—Baboo Bepin Behary Ghose, Accountant, Fourth Grade, Dinagopore Special Division, to be Accountant of the Rajshahye Division.

No. 174.—The following orders, issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, are republished for information :—

No. 193, of the 26th April 1875.—Captain F. G. Oldham, R.E., Deputy Controller of Accounts, Bengal, is appointed to officiate as Controller of Public Works Accounts, Hyderabad, during the absence, on furlough, of Lieutenant-Colonel Prior, or until further orders. Captain Oldham relieved Lieutenant-Colonel Prior on the forenoon of the 7th April 1875.

No. 194.—Temporary Promotion.—Captain Oldham, Deputy Controller, is temporarily promoted to Controller, Third Class, Second Grade, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Prior, proceeded on furlough.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

G. F. E. S. NEILL, *Captain, M.R.C.*,

Asst. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

IRRIGATION.

ESTABLISHMENT—NOTIFICATION.

The 6th May 1875.

No. 168.—Leave.—Mr. W. McGowen, late Temporary Sub-Engineer, Third Grade, Arrah Division, was on sick leave from the 10th September to 8th October 1874, both days inclusive, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

The 7th May 1875.

No. 169.—Mr. P. Dejoux, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, Cement Experiment Division, is granted privilege leave for one month, under Section 12, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of it.

The 8th May 1875.

No. 170.—Baboo Bishala Churn Mullick, Overseer, First Grade, Upper Gunduck Division, is granted two months' sick leave, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, from such date as he may avail himself of it.

The 10th May 1875.

No. 171.—Notifications.—Mr. J. P. H. Walker, Superintending Engineer, Second Grade, availed himself of the furlough granted him in the orders marginally noted on the 23rd ultimo.

No. 172.—Mr. W. G. L. Cotton, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, availed himself of the furlough granted him in the orders marginally noted on the 22nd ultimo.

No. 173.—With reference to the orders marginally noted, Baboo Bama Churn Paramanick, Sub-Engineer, Second Grade, joined the Balasore Survey Division on the forenoon of the 26th April 1875.

No. 174.—Baboo Khetter Mohun Roy, Overseer, First Grade, Cossye Division, availed himself, on the afternoon of the 20th ultimo, of the privilege leave for six weeks granted him in the orders marginally noted.

No. 175.—Leave.—Baboo Rudro Prussono Singh, Overseer, First Grade, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division, is granted sick leave for two months and 12 days, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted him in the orders marginally noted.

G. A. SEARLE, *Lt.-Col., &c.*

*for Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P.W.D., Irrigation Branch.*

CALCUTTA PORT TRUST.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th May 1875.—Under the provisions of Section 65 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the following additions and alterations to the schedule of landing and shipping charges over the jetties:—

IMPORT SCHEDULE.

Names of Articles.	Landing charges.	Removal charges.	Wharf rent
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Asphalte, per cwt.	0 1 6	0 0 9	0 4 6
Drainage pipes, per cwt.	0 1 6	0 0 9	0 4 0
Sulphate of copper, per cwt.	0 1 6	0 0 9	0 4 0

EXPORT SCHEDULE.

PRESENT RATE.			PROPOSED RATE.		
Names of Articles.	Shipping charges.	Wharf rent per month.	Names of Articles.	Shipping charges.	Wharf rent per month.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Tobacco-leaf and prepared, per cwt.	0 1 0	0 10 0	Tobacco-leaf and prepared, in bales.	0 1 6	0 10 0

D. SCOTT, *Offg. Vice-Chairman.*

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3587, dated Alipore, the 8th May 1875.—Captain N. Lewis received charge of the Ranchi Jail from Lieutenant H. Grey on the afternoon of the 20th March 1875.

G. M. BOWIE, *Major,
Offg. Inspector-General of Jails, L.P.*

HIGH COURT,—Original Side.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated 6th May 1875.

Mr. C. F. Davis, Chief Clerk, has obtained privilege leave for 1 month and 23 days from the 3rd instant.

Mr. A. S. Gasper, Assistant Registrar, has obtained leave of absence, on medical certificate, for 5 months, from the 23rd of April 1875.

R. BELCHAMBERS, Registrar.

Sheriff's Office, the 12th May 1875.

Notice is hereby given that the Fifth Criminal Sessions of the year 1875, of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-house, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the seventh day of June next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought in for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

DEGUMBER MITTER, Sheriff.

সরিক আফিস সন ১৮৭৫ সাল ১২ মে।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাউতেছে যে স্ববে বাঙ্গালার মোটে উইলিয়ম তুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার মিস্ত্রীরা জনা আগামি সন ১৮৭৫ সালের ৭ই জুন মোমদার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আগন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭৫ সালের পঞ্চম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাউতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদার বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহার উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

DEGUMBER MITTER, Sheriff.

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER Section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that, subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Narail will sit again in that Court on the dates mentioned below:—

Wednesday, the 19th May 1875.

Thursday, the 20th May 1875.

Friday, the 21st May 1875.

JOHN WESTON, Judge.

NARAIL COURT OF SMALL CAUSES, the 5th May 1875.

TREASURY NOTICE.

MR. A. G. WILSON, Assistant Commissioner, has been placed in charge of the Hazaribagh Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other Treasuries.

W. LEF. ROBINSON, Commr. of Chota Nagpore.

CHOTA NAGPORE, the 17th April 1875.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICE.

In accordance with paragraph 8 of the Junior Scholarship Rules, the eight scholarships allotted by Government to the Chittagong Division will be distributed as follows for the year 1875-76:—

Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	3
Noakholly	...	...	...	...	...	2
Tipperah	...	...	...	...	...	3

CHITTAGONG COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, the 3rd May 1875.

E. E. LOWIS,
Commissioner.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 469B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1873-74, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Friday, the 4th June 1875, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,750 chests, viz.—

					Chests.
Behar Opium	...	...	...	...	2,150
Benares „	...	...	...	...	1,600
Total					3,750

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 16th November 1874, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 19th June 1875 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Wednesday, the 9th June 1875, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Saturday, the 19th June 1875.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Benar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

DATES.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 7th July 1875	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 5th August „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 6th September „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 1st October „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th November „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 3rd December „	2,150	1,600	3,750
	12,900	9,600	22,500

By order of the Member in charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P. FORT WILLIAM, the 26th April 1875

NOTICE.

No. 501B.

With reference to paragraph 18 of the general notification published on the 16th November 1874, it is hereby notified that the Agents of the French Government applied for the reservation of 300 chests of opium from the quantity advertised for sale on the 5th April, but did not pay for them within the prescribed period, and that the Government will cause the opium so reserved to be sold at a sale held expressly for the purpose, of the date of which due notice will be given to tender.

By order of the Member in charge,

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P. FORT WILLIAM, the 26th May 1875. W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secy*

Statement showing the importation of Salt (private property) in bond and afloat on the River Hooghly, subject to Customs duty, on 1st May 1875.

	Government Golas.	Private Golas.	Afloat.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Punga ...	10,18,321	...	1,49,403	11,67,724
French Kurkutch ...	9,314	...	.....	9,314
Italian Punga ...	39,230	...	.....	39,230
Italian Kurkutch ...	85,276	...	39,339	1,24,615
Malabar Kurkutch ...	37,422	...	.....	37,422
Bombay Kurkutch ...	2,45,965	...	2,522	2,48,487
Madras Kurkutch ...	61,380	...	...	61,380
Coconada Kurkutch ...	15,000	...	48,375	63,375
Arabian and Persian Gulfs Kurkutch and Muscat Rock ...	1,10,430	...	.....	1,10,430
Total ...	16,22,358	.	2,39,639	18,61,977

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 8th May 1875.

J. D. MACLEAN, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

NOTIFICATION.

BY ORDER OF GOVERNMENT.

WITH the object of facilitating the entry of steamers and other vessels at the Custom House, Calcutta, it is hereby notified to all whom it may concern that from and after the publication of this notice—

1. On announcement of the arrival of the vessel at Saugor, the documents necessary for entering a ship may be presented at the Custom House, so as to avoid delay after the ship is moored; and for the purpose of announcement of arrival at Saugor, the official Government Telegraph Gazette will be considered the requisite proof.

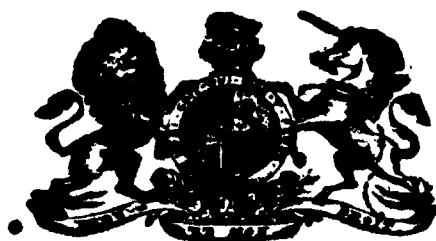
2. Agents of ships who present documents for the entry of ships under the permission given by the preceding section, will be considered as undertaking the responsibility of masters under Sections 47 and 49, Act VI of 1863, with regard to the manifest; all alterations made subsequent to the entry of the vessel being subject to the usual penalty.

3. The correctness of a manifest being of extreme importance, those whom it may concern are hereby informed that the penalties in case of want of accuracy or care in the preparation of a manifest will be strictly enforced.

Agents making an application under this notification, will be considered to have consented on behalf of the ship to the conditions above mentioned.

CUSTOM HOUSE, CALCUTTA, the 1st May 1875

J. D. MACLEAN, *Offg. Collr. of Customs.*



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 1875.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the Condition of Sale below, to the under-mentioned estate, situated in the district of Purneah, will be put up to sale at the Purneah Collectorate on Saturday, the 5th June 1875, corresponding with 23rd Jaisto 1282 B.S., and 16th Jaisto 1282 F.S.

The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

1st.—The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estate will be transferred to him, the only right reserved by Government being the right of revising the jumma at the conclusion of the term of the present settlement, and on the expiration of all future settlements. If on resettlement he should refuse to engage, he will be entitled to malikana.

The estate will be sold, subject, up to the expiry of the existing settlement in the year ending 31st March 1902 A.D., to the Government revenue against it, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force; the purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the 15th (fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

Khas Mehal Register No.	Number in the District Roll.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue.		Report price.	REMARKS.
				Revenue assessed.			
			A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
	190	Kishenpore Behary, zillah Gondwarrah, pergunnah Dhur-rumpore.	89 1 38	51 8 6	516 0 0		

PURNDAH, the 19th April 1875.

W. KEMBLE, Collector.

اشتہار نیلامی کچہری کلکٹری ضلع پورنہ ایکہ

بذریعہ اسکے خبردہجائی ہی کہ ضلع پورنہ کے ماتحت اسٹیٹ مندرجہ ذیل میں جو حق مالکیت گورنمنٹ کا شرایط مندرجہ ذیل میں مندرج ہوا ہی تاریخ ۵ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۵ء مطابق ۲۳ جیٹھ سنہ ۱۲۸۱ بنگلہ و ۱۹ جیٹھ سنہ ۱۲۸۲ فصلی روز منیچر کو کچہری کلکٹری میں ضلع مذکور کے نیلام ہوگا خریداران نیلام شرایط تحصیل ذیل کے تابع رہینگے

خریدار محال مذکور کو تصور کیا جائیگا کہ وہ مالک محال مذکور کا ہی کل حق حقوق گورنمنٹ کا جو محال ہذا میں ہی اسپر عاید ہوگا صرف بعد انقضای میعاد بندوبست حال کے بعد انقضای ۳۱ مارچ سنہ ۱۹۰۴ء یعنی اختیار گورنمنٹ کا ہوگا کہ جمع بندوبست حال کا تبدیل کرلیوں اور آئندہ ہر ایک بندوبست کا میعاد منقضی ہونے سے ویسا ہی کرسٹینگی اگر بوقت بندوبست ثانی خریدار وہ بندوبست انکار کری تو مالکانہ پانیکا مستحق ہوگا اور جو شخص نیلام کے اول پکار سے سب پریشی پوکاریگا اسکے ہاتھ بجمع مقررہ بعد انقضای میعاد بندوبست حال یعنی ۳۱ مارچ سنہ ۱۹۰۴ء بیچا جائیگا

۲ پٹہ جات جو اسوقت قائم ہی اور جو سب حق حقوق بذریعہ روپوں بندوبست و قانون روان منظور کیا گیا ہی فروخت کے بعد بھی بحال رہیگا انکاران کے طاری جمع بندی میں جو جو خود کاشت رعیت دھنٹھ کیا ہی حق انہو کا خریدار کو مانا جائیگا

۳ ایک سو روپیہ سے کم قیمت ہونے سے بالکل روپیہ زر ثمن اسپوقت دیئے ہوگا

۴ ایک سو روپیہ سے زیادہ ہونے تو قیمت پکار کا چونہائی حصہ اسپوقت امانت کرنے ہوگا فروخت کا دن ایکڑ ۱۵ پندرہ وان دن دو پھر کے وقت یا کہ وہ دن تعطیل ہونے سے اسکے بعد جو دن کچہری پہلے کہلے اسیدن دو پھر تک اگر ناتی روپیہ داخل نہیں ہوی تو خرید باطل اور امانتی روپیہ گورنمنٹ میں ضبط ہوگا اور پہلا فروخت کے مطابق ثانیاً اشتہار جاری کرینگے ساتھ خریدار ہارج مذکور کے جوابدہی میں محال مذکور ثانیاً نیلام ہوگا

۱۱	...	...	...	...	...	نمبر خاص محال
۱۹	...	...	...	...	...	نمبر ہی ضلع
موضع کشن پور بہاری ضلع گوندوارہ پرگنہ دھرمپور	...	...	...	...	...	نام محال و پرگنہ
بول	روڈ	ایکر	...	...	...	...
۳۸	۱	۸۹	...	...	...	بعین ارضی
۵۱-۸-۶	...	...	...	...	...	جمع مقررہ
۵۱۶	...	...	...	...	...	نیلام پہلا پکار

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the under-mentioned estates situate in the district of Backergunge, will be put up to sale at the Backergunge Collectorate, on Wednesday, the 1st of June 1875, corresponding with 19th Jaista 1282 B.S.

The purchasers will be subject to the following Conditions of Sale:—

1st.—The purchasers of these estates will be considered as the proprietors of these estates, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estates will be transferred to them, the only right reserved by Government being the right of revising the jumma at the conclusion of the term of the present settlements, and on the expiration of all future settlements. If on resettlement they should refuse to engage, they will be entitled to malikana. The estates will be sold, subject, up to the year 1907 A.D., to the Government revenue against them, to the highest bidders above the upset price.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force: and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators, who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estates to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchasers after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

5th.—The purchasers will be bound to perform the duties of patwarries, as set forth in Section 33, Regulation XII of 1817.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No. in statement of Government estate.	No. on the district roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Revenue assessed.	Upset price.	REMARKS.
848	1650	Government purchased mahal taluk Ram Kesab Das, pergunnah Bangorah.	A. R. P. Y. 0 2 22 0	Rs. A. P. 2 0 0	Rs. A. P. 1 0 0	To be settled with the purchaser from April 1873 to March 1897 A.D.
255	3081	Ditto Mohamud Moham, pergunnah Seerampore.	8 2 5 0	1 8 0	1 8 0	Ditto from April 1873 to March 1897.
849	3091	Ditto taluk Ramchankar Ghose, pergunnah Snajadpore.	2 3 14 0	8 0 0	16 0 0	Ditto from April 1874 to March 1897 A.D.
588	2117	Ditto Darichar Razbunathpore, pergunnah Bojogamedpore.	42 2 13 0	156 0 0	312 0 0	Ditto ditto

E. J. BARTON, *Offg. Collector.*

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, DISTRICT BACKERGUNGE the 15th April 1875.

জিলা দাকরগঞ্জ ।

নীলারী এস্তাহারনামা কাছারী কালেক্টরী জেলা দাকরগঞ্জ ।

এতদ্বারা সংবাদ দেওয়া যাউতেছে যে দাকরগঞ্জ জেলার অন্তর্গত পঞ্চাংশলিখিত খাস মহাল বিক্রয়ের নিম্নলিখিত নিয়মপত্রের গবর্ণমেন্টের যে মালিকী যত্ন নিশ্চিষ্ট হইয়াছে তাহা সন ১৮৭৫ সনের ১ জুন মোতাবেক বাঙ্গলা ১৮৮০ সনের ১৯ টিজষ্ঠ মঙ্গলবার এই জেলার কালেক্টরী কাছারীতে নীলাম হইবেক ইতি সন ১৮৭৫ । ১১ আশ্বিন মোঃ ১৮৮০ সনের ৩ বৈশাখ ।

বিক্রয়ের নিম্নলিখিত নিয়ম খরিদারের মানিতে হইবেক ।

বিক্রয়ের নিয়ম ।

১ম: এই সকল মহালের খরিদারগণ মহালের ভূমালিকারি বলিয়া জ্ঞান হইবে আর বর্তমান বন্দোবস্তের মিয়াদ ফুরাইলেও ইহার পর অন্য যে বন্দোবস্ত করা যায় তাহার মিয়াদ ফুরাইলে গবর্ণমেন্টের জমা বাড়াইয়া দেওয়ার এক অধিকার রাখিয়া এই সকল মহালে গবর্ণমেন্টের যে অধিকারিত্ব থাকে তাহা সম্পূর্ণরূপে খরিদারগণকে হস্তান্তর করিয়া দেওয়া যাইবে পুনঃবন্দোবস্ত হইবার সময় তাঁহারা করারনামা করিতে সম্মত না হইলে তাঁহাদের মালিকানা পাইবার অধিকার থাকিবে প্রথম যত টাকা ডাক হয় তাহার উপর যে ব্যক্তি অধিক ডাকে এই মহালের উপর গবর্ণমেন্টের যে জমা ধায়া হইল এতোক মহালের লিখিত মিয়াদপর্যন্ত অর্থাৎ ইং ১৯০৭ সালপর্যন্ত সেই জমা দিবার নিয়মে সেই ব্যক্তিকে মহাল বিক্রয় করা যাইবে ।

২য়: বর্তমান পান্ডি এবং বন্দোবস্তের কার্য কি প্রচলিত আইনহইতে উৎপন্ন স্বত্ব সকল বিক্রয়ের পরেও বহাল থাকিবেক রাজস্বের কার্যকারকদিগের কৃত জমাৎকর্ত্তে যেহেতু খোদকস্তা রাখিত স্বাক্ষর করিয়াছে কেতারা তাহাদিগের স্বত্ব মানিতে বাধ্য হইবে ।

৩য়: এক শত টাকার অধিক পণ হইলে সেই সমুদয় টাকা তৎক্ষণাৎ দিতে হইবে ।

৪র্থ: এক শত টাকার অধিক হইলে ডাক পনের চারি অংশের এচাশ তৎক্ষণাৎ দাখিল করিতে হইবে বিক্রয়ের দিবস এক দিন বলিয়া গণনা করিয় বিক্রয়ান্তের পর দশ দিনের মধ্যেই কালি সেই দিবস বন্দোবস্ত দিন হইলে তৎপরে প্রথম যে দিন কাছারী খোলা যায় সেই দিনের মধ্যেই কালি যদি অবশিষ্ট টাকা দাখিল না হয় তবে বিক্রয় রহিত ও গচ্ছিত টাকা গবর্ণমেন্টে জন্ম হইবে ও প্রথম বলায় বিক্রয়ের ন্যায় পুনর্বার বিজ্ঞাপন প্রকাশ করণ পূর্বক এই কটিকারি কেতারা ইচ্ছিতে সেই মহাল পুনর্বার বিক্রয় হইবে ।

এম: ১৮১৭ সনের ১২ আইনের ৩৩ দফামতে পাটওয়ারির কার্য পরিদারগণ করিতে বাধ্য হইবে।

রাজকীয় মহাসেদর রেজিষ্টার নম্বর পরিমিত মহাসেদর রেজি- স্টার নম্বর	জেলা বহির নম্বর ডোজির নম্বর	মহাল ও পরগনার নাম	জুঁড় পরিসর মূল- মালিক হও একর	গবর্ণমেণ্টের মালিক	নীলামের প্রথম ডাক	মন্তব্য।
১৪৬	১৬৫২	শরকারের নীলাম বরিদা ডালুক রামকেশব দাস পং বাল্লরোড়া	এঃরোঃপোঃগঃ ০১২১২১০ ৮১২১৫১০	২°		মাদই ১৮৭৩ সনের আশ্রিল নাং ১২০৭ সনের মাঠ।
২৫০	৩৬১	শরকারের নীলাম বরিদা ডালুক মহাম্মদ হুলাএম পং জীরামপুর	০১২১২১০ ৮১২১৫১০	১১০	১১০	মাদই ১৮৭৩ সনের আ- শ্রিল নাং ১২০৭ সনের মাঠ।
১৪২	৩২১	শরকারের নীলাম বরিদা ডালুক রামশঙ্কর ঘোষ পং সাহাআদপুর	২১৩১৩৪১০		১৬	মাদই ১৮৭৪ সনের আ- শ্রিল নাং ১২০৭ সনের মাঠ।
৫৮৮	১৪৪৭ নং অন্তর্গত ৬৫ নং	শরকারের নীলাম বরিদা কিং: রহুনাথপুরের দরিচর পং বোজিরগ ওমেদপুর	৪২১২১৩১০	১৫০	৩১২	এ এ

E. J. BARTON, *Officiating Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary rights of Government, as specified in the condition of sale below, in the undermentioned estates situated in the district of Purneah, will be put up to sale at the Purneah Collectorate on Saturday, the 24th July 1875, corresponding with 9th Srabon 1282 B. S. and 6th Srabon 1282 F. S.

The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

1st.—The purchasers of these estates will be considered as the proprietors of the estates and the entire proprietary rights of Government in such estates will be transferred to them, the only right reserved by Government being the right of revising the jumma at the conclusion of the term of the present settlement, and on the expiration of all future settlements. If on re-settlement they should refuse to engage, they will be entitled to mahikana. The estates will be sold, subject, up to the expiry of the existing settlement with year ending 31st March 1902 A.D., to the Government revenue against them, to the highest bidders above the upset price.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings, and by the laws in force: the purchasers to be bound to respect the right of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Khasa mehal Register No.	No. on the dis- trict roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	GOVERNMENT REVENUE. Revenue used	Upset price.	REMARKS
			A R. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
114	106	Semiriah Khem Chand, zillah Bhowanipur, pergunnah Dhur- rumpur.	112 3 1	20 0 0	20 0 0	
116	456	Mahthaa, zillah Bhowanipur, per- gunnah Dhurrumpur.	64 0 37			
117	496	Kwari Bhandar-ar, zillah Bhowani- pur, pergunnah Dhurrumpur.	75 1 5	6 0 0	60 0 0	
119	567	Bunsee Pura Daba, zillah Bhowa- nipur, pergunnah Dhurrumpur.	21 2 21	2 0 0	20 0 0	
138	27	Lowkahi, zillah Barnagar, per- gunnah Dhurrumpur.	179 1 19	10 0 0	100 0 0	

PURNEAH COLLECTORATE, the 7th April 1875.

W. KEMBLE, *Collector.*

জিলা বর্দ্ধমান ।

নীলামী ইস্তার নামা কাছারী কালেক্টরী জিলা বর্দ্ধমান ।

এতদ্বারা সংবাদ দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে বর্দ্ধমান জিলার বধাবর্তী নিম্নলিখিত C চিহ্নিত জমি (যাহা বর্দ্ধমান জিলার অন্তর্গত শেরগড় পরগনার পুনাবাদ গ্রামে অর্থাৎ রাণীগঞ্জ লাইনের ১১০ ও ১১১ মাইলের মধ্যস্থিত) ইষ্ট ইণ্ডিয়া রেলওয়ে কোম্পানীর আর আবশ্যক না থাকা প্রযুক্ত সরকারি খাস হাল গণ্য হইয়া সন ১৮৭৫ সালের ১১ জুন মোতাবেক সন ১২৮২ সালের ২৯ জ্যৈষ্ঠ শুক্রবার তারিখে অত্র বর্দ্ধমানের কালেক্টরী কাছারীতে নিম্নরূপে নীলাম বিক্রয় হইবেক ইতি সন ১৮৭৫ সাল তারিখ ১৪ আপ্রিল ।

২। এই ভূমির খরিদার নিম্নলিখিত নিয়মাধীন হইবেক ।

১। এক শত টাকার অনধিক পণ হইলে সেই সমুদয় টাকা তৎক্ষণাৎ দিতে হইবেক ইতি ।

২। এক শত টাকার অধিক হইলে ডাকপণের চারি অংশের একাংশ তৎক্ষণাৎ দিতে হইবেক বিক্রয়ের দিবস এক দিন ধরিয়া গণনা করিলে বিক্রয়ান্তর পঞ্চদশ দিনের মধ্যাহ্নকালে কিম্বা সেই দিবস বন্দের দিন হইলে তৎপরে প্রথমে যে দিবস কাছারী খোলা যায় সেই দিবস মধ্যাহ্নকালে যদি অবশিষ্ট দাখীল না হয় তবে বিক্রয় রহিত ও গচ্ছিত টাকা গদণমেণ্টে জন্ম হইবেক ও প্রথম স্থানীয় বিক্রয়ের ন্যায় পুনর্ব্বার বিজ্ঞাপন প্রকাশ করণ পূর্ব্বক ঐ ক্রীকারি ক্রেতার স্বীকিতে সেই মহাল পুনর্ব্বার বিক্রয় হইবেক ইতি ।

৩। ঐ জমি সর্ব্ব উচ্চ ডাককারিকে নিম্ন বিক্রয় করা যাইবেক ইতি ।

রাজকীয় মহালের কৈফিয়তের নম্বর	ভৌমিক নম্বর	মহালের ও পরগনার নাম	একর হিসাবে জমির আনুমান্য পরিমাণ	নিলামের প্রথম ডাক	মন্তব্য ।
১১ নম্বর	১৫ নম্বর ...	পুনাবাদ পর শেরগড় ...	একর রোড পোল ১২ ১ ১৬	৩৭২৯

E. W. WHINFIELD, Collector.

"NOTICE is hereby given that under the sanction of the Judge of Shahabad, the rights and interests in the 4 annas share of the lunatic ward Baboo Kisho Pershad Singh, of Goonda, pergunnah Arrah, zillah Shahabad, in the undermentioned villages, will, subject to the conditions specified at foot, be sold by a public auction in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 7th June 1875, corresponding with the 18th Jaith 1252 Fnsli, in satisfaction of debts due to Kapilmoon Singh and others.

2. The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions :—

(1) The purchasers of these villages will be considered as the proprietors thereof, and the entire proprietary right of the aforementioned lunatic ward in such villages will be transferred to them, subject only to payment of Government revenue. The villages will be sold (subject to Government revenue due from them to the date of sale) to the highest bidders above the upset price.

(2) If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

(3) If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited), and the villages to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number.	Names of villages to be sold.	REMARKS
1	Agursund, pergunnah Arrah.	The villages appertain to the estate Kesharpore, which bears No. 188 on the rent-roll of the district. The Government revenue of the lunatic ward's share in the estate, for which share separate accounts have been opened under Act XI of 1859, is Rs. 784-3-10.
2	Bahera, ditto ditto.	
3	Pepra Rampore, ditto ditto.	
4	Rampore Khas, ditto ditto.	
5	Baghkali, ditto ditto.	
6	Burjah, ditto ditto.	
7	Teksemur, ditto ditto.	
8	Kewantia, ditto ditto.	
9	Peeparpantee, ditto ditto.	
10	Tootseepore, ditto ditto.	

ARRAH COLLECTORATE, the 22nd April 1875.

W. ALEXANDER, Collector.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Patna will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 31st day of May 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 29th day of March 1875.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. of Tenjee.	Name of mehal and pergunnah.	Sudder jumma.	Name of Proprietor.	REMARKS
		Rs. A. P.		
746	Arazeetoufeer, Jahangeerpore, Mugurpal, resumed Mehal, Pergunnah Shahpore, Munair.	7,828 2 0	Nund Kishore Malik ...	The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.

HERBERT MOSLEY, *Officiating Collector.*

PATNA COLLECTORATE, the 20th April 1875.

صاحب کلکٹر بہادر ضلع پٹنہ کے حکم سے

اشتمار نیلام مطابق دفعہ ۶ آئٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ عیسوی

سب کو جاننا چاہئے کہ یہ محال جو نیچے لکھا ہے باقی مالگذاری سرکار و دوسری دعویٰ جو مطابق آئین و قانون جاری کے باقی مالگذاری سرکار کے طرح وصول ہونا چاہئے و جو بتاریخ ۲۹ مہ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع کو پانے قعی تاریخ ۳۱ مہ می سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع مطابق ۱۱ مہ جیتہ سنہ ۱۲۸۲ فصلی روز دو شنبہ کو اس ضلع کے صاحب کلکٹر کے کچہری میں بلا عذر سب کے سامنے بیلام ہوگا *

قسم اول محال بندوبست دائمی

نمبر	نام محال بقید پرگنہ	جمع صدر	نام مالکوں کا	کیسیت
۷۴۶	اراضی توفیر جہانگیر پور منگربال محال ضبطی پرگنہ شاہ پور منیر	۱۸۲۸-۲	نند کیشور مالک مالگزار	نعلت باقی مالگذاری کے بیلام ہوگا

تحریر بتاریخ ۲۰ مہ اپریل سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع

HERBERT MOSLEY, *Officiating Collector.*

ساحب کلکٹر بہادر ضلع پٹنہ کے حکم سے

اشتمار نیلام مطابق دفعہ ۶ آئٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع

سب کو جاننا چاہئے کہ یہ محال جو نیچے لکھا ہے باقی مالگذاری سرکار و دوسری دعویٰ جو مطابق آئین و قانون جاری کے باقی مالگذاری سرکار کے طرح وصول ہونا چاہئے و جو بتاریخ ۲۹ مہ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع کو پانے قعی تاریخ ۳۱ مہ می سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع مطابق ۱۱ مہ جیتہ سنہ ۱۲۸۲ فصلی روز دو شنبہ کو اس ضلع کے صاحب کلکٹر کے کچہری میں بلا عذر سب کے سامنے بیلام ہوگا *

کیسیت بندوبست دائمی

تواری	نام محال	صدر	نام مالکوں کا	کیسیت
نمبر	بیر پرگنہ	جمما		
۷۴۶	اراضی توفیر جہانگیر پور منگربال محال ضبطی پرگنہ شاہ پور منیر	۱۸۲۸-۲	نند کیشور مالک مالگزار	نعلت باقی مالگذاری کے بیلام ہوگا

تا: ۲۰ مہ اپریل سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع

HERBERT MOSLEY, *Officiating Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Hooghly will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 8th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1875.

Number of Mehal.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Name of defaulting proprietor.	Sudder jumma.	Amount of arrears due.	REMARKS
<i>1st Class Permanently-settled Estate.</i>			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
10	Radhakanta Bati, pergunnah Pandooah	Jadub Chunder Nundy and Behary Churn Nundy, of Jamgram, pergunnah Pandooah, zillah Hooghly; Ebaduty Chowdhury and Meer Nassar Ali Chowdhury, of Keshah, Pandooah, pergunnah Pandooah; Syed Hamdullah, Rajnah Bibee, Molah Abdul Hakim, Syed Miramool, Syed Gohar Hossain, and Syed Noorun Nabee, of Chowdhria, pergunnah Ramhati, zillah Burdwan; Sekinah Bibee, of Keshah, Pandooah, pergunnah Pandooah; Mojeeb Nissa Bibee, of Pandooah, Nakst Moholah, pergunnah Pandooah, zillah Hooghly.	624 11 11	6 12 4	
26	Ditto, Malikapere, pergunnah Badigory.	Rama Nundo Bundopadhyaya and others	10,500 3 8		
2151	Chakran, ditto, pergunnah ditto.	Ditto ditto	114 0 3		
			10,700 3 11		
			Rs. A. P.		
		Deduct 2 ak 10 gals. share belonging to Nundoo Moondry, Debooy, Sany Chund Dabee, pergunnah Bavin, zillah Burdwan, Sabet of Idols; Sree Sree Mahadeswari, Sreechurn, Haroon Mohessur, and Mitran, of Shikr Thakoor. The sudder jumma of the share, including the Chakran, 1,673 6 1			
		Deduct 2 ak 10 gals. share belonging to Kallous Roydaboy and gaurah of Soori Chunder Roy, and to Til tomah Dabee, mother and guardian of Ganendramah, Opechramah, Soobhagoo Shookher, and Kistoo Mohun Roy. The sudder jumma of the share	1,673 5 1		
			3,316 10 2		
		Separate accounts of the shares having been opened under Act XI of 1859. Remarks— Has share of Rama Nundo Bundopadhyaya and Poornu Chunder Bundopadhyaya, for houses, and as guardian and executor to the estate of his minor nephews, Promothomah and Harimah Bundopadhyaya. The sudder jumma of the share	7,362 0 0	1,522 6 0	
51	Ditto, Thorparrah, pergunnah Pandooah.	Molah Abdul Hakim, Syed Ahamed, Syed Gohar Hossain, Syed Noorun Nabee, of Chowdhria, pergunnah Ramhati, zillah Burdwan; Soobhag Bibee, of Keshah, Pandooah, pergunnah Pandooah, zillah Hooghly.	1,966 1 0	213 8 9	
126	Ditto, Silampore, pergunnah Silampore.	Tarinee Churn Chaittopadhyaya and others	2,198 8 0		
		Deduct 1 ak 15 g 2 k share of Demu Nath Chaittopadhyaya, of Kanchipore, pergunnah Silampore, zillah Hooghly. The sudder jumma of the share is	224 15 0		
		A separate account of this share has been opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859.			
		The remaining share, belonging to Tarinee Churn Chaittopadhyaya, of Nizamutpore, pergunnah Silampore, to Krishito Copal Chaittopadhyaya, Jayamoh Dabee, mother of the minor Brojo Nath Roy, Bongum Dabee of Kamalpore, and to Issur Chunder Roy, Rastmoojary Dabee, guardian of Krishito Dhane Roy, Purnoor Roy, Debmah Roy, Hussick Lal Roy, Jangrut Chunder Roy, Tarannoo Dabee, Dhobomoye Dabee, Ramra Chand Dabee, and Prem Chand Dabee. The sudder jumma of the share	1,873 0 0	1 14 8	Since realized.

HOOGHLY, the 23rd April 1875.

A. WEEKES, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of 24-Pergunnahs will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 10th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1875.

FOR ARREARS OF RENT.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 6.—Pergunnah Magoora, kismut Roynugur, &c.; recorded proprietor Sheetaram Roy, &c.; sudder jumma Rs. 7,158-14-34.

No. 266.—Kismut pergunnah Medun Mollo Dehee, Medun Mollo; recorded proprietor Hajee Golam Hossen; sudder jumma Rs. 1,414-3-10.

No. 974.—Kismut pergunnah Myhate, &c., mouza Gojufurpore, &c.; recorded proprietor Netohar Muhmed, &c.; sudder jumma Rs. 1,540-0-5; road cess Rs. 15-6-9.

FOR ARREARS OF RENT.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estates.

No. 2624.—One-seventh part of lot No. 166; recorded proprietor Poornoo Chunder Ghose, &c.; present sudder jumma Rs. 523, rising to Rs. 2,091 in 1259 B.S.

W. S. WELLS, *Offg. Collector.*

24-PERGUNNAHS COLLECTORATE, the 29th April 1875.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Mozufferpore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Monday, the 31st May 1875, corresponding with 11th day of Jeyth 1282 Fulee, for arrears of revenue due on 29th March 1875.

Serial No.	Towjee No.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Name of Proprietor	Jumma of entire estate.	Jumma of the estate to be sold.	Arrears of revenue due from the estate.
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1	35	Jownapur Ruder, pergunnah Balagutch...	Bojrunji Sahai, &c.	2,891 5 7	269 3 10	12 0 6
2	...	Ditto ditto	Dwarkanath Singh, &c.	...	18 12 7	21 8 2
3	...	Ditto ditto	Bhairo Sahai Singh, &c.	...	216 15 19	15 8 1
4	39	Jownapur khass, ditto	Musammat Jauki Kuer, mother and guardian of Wazeer Lall.	843 8 8	828 14 3	15 12 5
5	212	Chhatnuni Chadwar, pergunnah Bhalla	Bhugwan Lur Singh, &c.	584 8 9	584 8 9	87 9 6
	302	Mureetha, ditto Bhurwara	Ramsaun Thakur	1,404 8 0	1,404 8 0	78 7 6
	421	Chuk Meshi Masummagur, pergunnah Burail.	Saikh Chhuka, &c.	882 3 0	882 3 0	80 6 9
	522	Hudyn, pergunnah Basotra	Biku Misser, &c.	1,202 3 0	678 11 2	67 6 4
9	547	Bhagwanpur, pergunnah Dharowe	Musst. Bityaputti	1,411 7 3	349 9 8	109 3 11
10	5-8	Chryet, ditto ditto	Nahal Singh, &c.	830 6 1	742 7 1	215 6 2
11	709	Bahulpur Chhowrahi, pergunnah Bis-sarah.	Nugunrayen, &c.	1,031 14 9	213 11 3	16 12 10
12	710	Birboul, pergunnah Bissarah	Kehri Rai, &c.	1,201 12 10	1,201 10 10	45 10 1
13	727	Chhatrauli Uskurapur, pergunnah Bis-sarah.	Indurdhuj Upadheya, &c.	2,002 9 1	1,165 13 1	44 12 7
14	772	Ragunathpur, pergunnah Bissarah.	Matiram, &c.	2,145 4 3	2,145 4 3	19 3 4
15	786	Salampur Doonrya, pergunnah Bissarah	Ruttan Kour, &c.	1,145 13 7	1,151 1 10	311 6 7
16	1106	Shewdaspur, pergunnah Gudh Chowd	Sunder Sahai	1,044 3 1	69 7 0	21 11 6
17	...	Rasandeo Marwa, pergunnah Gudh Chowd.	Syud Aboul Azeez	...	56 3 2	3 2 6
18	...	Gopalpur, pergunnah Gudh Chowd	Sunder Sahai	...	79 3 0	24 12 0
19	1207	Jusrapur Bulloh, pergunnah Hajeepur	Umair Rai, &c.	735 10 11	584 13 11	18 9 8
20	1200	Jaran, ditto ditto	Shaikh Kyfaet Ally, &c.	1,212 1 5	445 0 1	82 4 6
21	1224	Shahpur Ghauspur, ditto ditto	Kuer Singh, &c.	506 10 8	506 10 8	17 10 7
22	1242	Gobindpur, ditto ditto	Musst. Luchmi Kuer	1,295 9 0	32 0 6	4 10 3
23	...	Ditto, ditto ditto	Ajeet Narain Singh, &c.	1,236 9 0	577 6 3	145 12 1
24	1259	Nowanagur, ditto ditto	Bojrang Sahai, &c.	791 0 0	148 5 0	14 4 10
25	...	Ditto, ditto ditto	Dwarkanath	...	148 5 0	9 4 9
26	...	Ditto, ditto ditto	Puradut Singh	...	148 5 0	9 3 9
27	1092	Talugh Saree, ditto Kurneh	Doonkhabad Singh, &c.	1,382 10 4	174 15 1	30 15 10
28	1702	Muzanagur, ditto ditto	Shambhupersad, &c.	2,016 6 2	180 10 6	56 0 7
29	...	Mahandabadi, ditto ditto	Ditto	2,016 6 2	165 8 11	32 15 0
30	2020	Kharsan rachyee, ditto Mehe, a	Ram Lal Jha	851 8 0	212 14 0	11 8 2
31	2142	Koodan, pergunnah Bissarah	Hussain Lall, &c.	633 7 2	447 12 2	83 14 6
32	2142	Munkowhe, pergunnah ditto	Joyram Singh, &c.	633 7 2	162 9 0	9 7 5
33	2142	Buloh, pergunnah ditto	Lutchmidut Jha, &c.	633 7 2	52 7 2	3 14 10
34	2345	Janipur, pergunnah Nanpur	Madho Misser, &c.	1,100 2 4	1,100 2 4	115 7 2
35	2804	Rampore, Chandanpatti, pergunnah Se-hora.	Beerun Singh, &c.	757 1 3	160 14 0	36 12 0
36	3001	Hossainpur Pagumberpore, pergunnah Suresa.	Umraobahadur, &c.	545 1 1	184 14 7	23 8 7
37	3121	Hurpur Lodwa, Jitmarpur, Bhuskurra, pergunnah Suresesh.	Heera Rai, &c.	683 11 10	604 7 1	140 0 4
38	5050	Juyahi, pergunnah Basotra	Hurpercash Narain, &c.	561 15 0	187 5 0	11 13 2
39	5353	Aroz Angbara, Jurawampur, pergunnah Hapun.	Shemraj Singh, &c.	1,532 5 0	1,532 5 0	489 4 7
40	5387	Sukwarpur, pergunnah Hajeepur	Bansobhan Doobey, &c.	1,221 1 0	792 14 5	141 0
41	5634	Misraulia, pergunnah Bissarah	Abdol Hussain	592 3 7	592 3 7	8 12
42	7206	Deodha Usrah, pergunnah Bhalla	Hydr Ally	712 8 1	712 8 1	79 5 6
43	8971	Pachanki Judo, pergunnah Babra	Bikhu Lall, &c.	1,114 1 3	1,114 1 3	6 7 92
44	10654	Arazi Eshu Noylhar, Deerah Jurawan pur, pergunnah Hajeepur.	Shaik Uzhur Ally, auction purchaser.	515 2 0	515 2 0	340 16 6

Mozufferpore COLLECTORATE, the 26th April 1875.

C. F. WORSLEY, *Offg. Collector.*

اس تحریر کے رو سے خاص و عام کو دفعہ ۶ یکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع کے مطابق اطلاع دی جاتی ہے کہ علاقجات موسومہ موقوفہ ضلع تھرت بعلت زر باقی وغیرہ مطایبہ جنکو قوانین اور یکتوں متمشیہ کے رو سے وصول کرنا جائز ہی اور اس زر باقی اور مطایبہ کو قہرینہ ۲۹ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع غایت ادائے مالگذری سرکار ادائے کرنا واجب تھا بالضرور بقاریخ ۳۱ مئی سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع مطابق ۱۱ جیتھہ سنہ ۱۲۸۲ فصالی روز دو شنبہ شہری کلکٹری ضلع مظفر پور زمین نیلام ہوگا

محالات بندوبستی استعماری

نمبر نمبر	نام محال و پرگنہ	نام مالک	صدر جمع محال مسلم	صدر جمع اوس	باقی جسکے	کیفیت			
۳۵	چونا پور رودر پرگنہ الاگپ	بابو بھونگی سہاے بھیرو سہاے و جوسہاے سنگھ و لالہ بیجندک لعل و رام بھس راما و لیچھمی نوابین راما و ریت لعل راما و صوراما سائلان از روے تفریق رول	۵۷	۲۸۹۱	۳	۲۰۹	۶	۱۲	یہہ محال بعلت باقی مالگذری سرکار نیلام ہوگا
	ایضا	ابو دوارگانا قسہ سنگھ سہائی تفریق رول	ایضا	۷	۱۲	۱۸۰	۲	۸	ایضا
	ایضا	بھیرو سہاے سنگھ و گرجا راس و رایدیب چم دھوی بانو بیجندتہ سہاے و بابو لعل بھاری سنگھ سائلان از روے تفریق رول	ایضا	۱۰	۱۵	۲۱۶	۱	۸	ایضا
۳۹	حوناے پور خاص پرگنہ ایضا	عسماۃ جانکی کنور مادر ولید وزیر لعل پسر ناناغ و مٹوی سنگھ و گوپال سنگھ و کلدیپ سنگھ و نالامو سنگھ و مہرکی سنگھ و لیچھمی نوابین سنگھ و کارو سنگھ و شیخ اشرف علی و بانو سنگھ و نالو سنگھ و رام لوچن سنگھ و جدو سنگھ و د سنگھ دت مرچب سنگھ و نوابین سنگھ و جمن سنگھ و لیچھمن دھاری سنگھ و جگر سنگھ و نالامو سنگھ پندت بابو نرسنگھ سرکار مظفر و گنیش لعل و رام نوابین سنگھ و رام پتورا سنگھ مدعا علیہم تفریق رول	۸	۸۴۳	۱۴	۵۸۲۸	۱۲	۵	ایضا
۴۱	چندونی چدوار پرگنہ لا	سنگوان دت سنگھ و جیت نوابین سنگھ	۸	۵۸۳	۹	۵۸۴	۸	۹	ایضا
۴۲	موتہا پرگنہ بہارو	رام سہاے ٹہا کر کنور بھاری	۸	۵۸۴	۸	۱۴۰۴	۶	۷	ایضا
۴۳	چک ممشی موسومہ نگر پرگنہ بویل	شیخ چھوگا و مہربان و نظر علی و میر علی	۳	۸۸۲	۳	۸۸۲	۶	۹	ایضا

نمبر شمار	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و برگه	نام مالک	نوع جمع معامل مسلم	صدر جمع اوس حصه کا جو نیلام کیا جائیگا	باقی جسکے لئے نیلام ہوگا	کدھیم
			و شاع محمد و تراب علی و رتن لالہ و جگر دیبی و سیدنا سنہ تھاکر و نراین چمار و نئی جان و لبکت جان و کارو جان و سیونہ مواری و نراین سارو و شیو دیال سنگھ و کنیا لعل و فرزند علی و چاندنی بی و نور الدین حسین و شیخ غلام حسین و رابدب تھاکر و دیون لعل شیو سہای تھاکر و چندت مواری و غدیہ				
۵۲۲		مردیا برگہ سوئر	نیکو مصر و ادیم تھاکر	۱۲۰۲ ۳ ۰	۶۷۸ ۱۱ ۲	۴	۶۸
۵۸۷		مگوانپور برگہ دھروور	مسمانید ایفنی مہیش کدو سائل تقریق رول	۱۴۱۱ ۷ ۲	۳۴۹ ۹ ۹	۱۰۹ ۳ ۱	
۵۸۸	۱۰	موت برگہ ایضا	نہال سنگھ چودھری و جگموہن چودھری وغیرہ	۸۳۰ ۶ ۱	۷۴۲ ۷ ۱	۲۱۵ ۵ ۲	
۶۰۹	۱۱	پہلی پور مورہ پیکر	تگ نراین سائل تقریق رول	۱۴۰۳ ۱۱ ۳	۲۱۳ ۱۱ ۳	۱۶ ۱۲ ۱۰	
۷۱۰	۱۲	بہنوئی چکلہ کرجول برگہ سارہ	گوری زای و اسمان زای و غیرہ	۱۰۱۲۰ ۱۲ ۱	۱۵۰ ۱۱۲ ۱	۱۰ ۱۰ ۱	۴۵
۷۲۷	۱۳	چنرولہ ستر پور جگہ کرجول برگہ سارہ	اندردھوج اوندھیا و جمدی اوندھیا وغیرہ	۲۹۰۲ ۹ ۱	۱۱۶۵ ۱۳ ۱	۱۲ ۷ ۷	۴۳
۷۷۲	۱۴	رگھوناتھ پور چکلہ کرجول برگہ سارہ	مولی رام و دیبی رام و غیرہ	۳۲۱۴۵ ۳ ۲	۲۱۴۵ ۳ ۴	۱۰ ۳ ۴	
۷۸۶	۱۵	کرجول برگہ سارہ سلم پور کرجول	رتن کدو و رام کشن مصر و غیرہ	۱۱۸۵ ۱۳ ۷	۱۱۵۱ ۱۱ ۱	۵ ۷ ۵	۳۱۱
۱۱۰۶	۱۶	سیوداس پور برگہ گدچود	سندرسہای سائل زیر نقوارہ حصہ ۴ آنہ	۱۰۴۴ ۳ ۱	۶۹ ۷ ۰	۱۱ ۱۱ ۶	۲۱
	۱۷	بست دبو مورہ برگہ ایضا	سید عبدالعزیز سائل زیر نقوارہ	۱۰۴۴ ۳ ۱	۲۶ ۳ ۲	۶ ۲ ۶	۳
	۱۸	گوبالپور برگہ ایضا	سندرسہای سائل زیر نقوارہ حصہ ۶ آنہ	۱۰۴۴ ۳ ۱	۷۹ ۳ ۶	۱۲ ۰ ۰	۲۴
۱۲۰۷	۱۹	جسراجور بلہ برگہ چندر پور برگہ چپور	امید زای و جیت نراین و غیرہ	۱۰۷۳۵ ۱۰ ۱۱	۵۸۴ ۱۳ ۱۱	۹ ۸ ۹	۱۸
۱۲۰۹	۲۰	چندر پور برگہ چپور چندر پور برگہ چپور	شیخ کفایت علی و شیخ خوشید علی وغیرہ	۱۲۱۲ ۱ ۵	۳۴۵ ۰ ۱	۴ ۶ ۶	۸۲
۱۲۰۸	۲۱	شالپور غوث پور برگہ ایضا	کنور سنگھ و بھکت سنگھ و غیرہ	۱۰۸۵ ۰ ۶	۹۰۶ ۱۰ ۸	۷ ۱ ۷	۱۶
۱۲۰۰	۲۲	گوند پور برگہ ایضا	مسمانہ اچھمی کدو زوجہ رام رتن سنگھ	۱۲۹۲ ۹ ۰	۳۲ ۰ ۶	۱۰ ۳ ۳	۴
	۲۳	ایضا	احیت نراین سنگھ و جگدیو تگ نراین سنگھ وغیرہ	۱۲۹۳ ۹ ۰	۵۷۷ ۶ ۳	۱۲ ۱ ۱	۱۴۵
۱۲۵۹	۲۴	نور پور برگہ ایضا	نجرانی سہای و دیو مہای سائل تقریق رول	۷۹۱	۱۰۱۴۸ ۵ ۰	۴ ۴ ۱۰	۱۴
۲۵	ایضا	ایضا	دوارکا ناٹھ سائل تقریق رول	۷۹۱	۱۴۸ ۵ ۰	۴ ۹ ۹	۹

نمبر شمار	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و برگه	نام مالک	صدر جمع محال مسلم	صدر جمع اوس حصه کا جو نیلام کیا جائیگا	باقی جسکے لئے نیلام ہوگا	کیفیت
۲۶	۱۲۵۹	نواکری برگہ حاجیو	پرباگدس سنگہ سائل تفریق رول	۷۹۱ ۰ ۰	۱۴۸ ۵ ۰	۹ ۳ ۹	
۲۷	۱۶۹۲	نعلنہ ساری برگہ کسمہ	دود بہاد سنگہ و برجالل سنگہ و غیریہ مدعا علیہم تفریق رول	۱۳۸۲ ۱۰ ۰	۱۷۸ ۱۵ ۰	۳۰ ۱۵ ۱۰	
۲۸	۱۷۰۲	مرزا نگر برگہ ایضا	بابو شنبو پرشاد سنگہ و درگا پرشاد سنگہ سائلان ازروی زیر بقوارہ حصہ ۲ آنہ ۱۳ گڈہ ۱ کوزی ۱ کونٹ	۲۰۱۶ ۶ ۲	۸۰ ۱۰ ۶	۵۶	
۲۹	۱۷۰۲	محمد آباد برگہ	بابو شنبو پرشاد سنگہ و درگا پرشاد سنگہ سائلان ازروی زیر بقوارہ حصہ ۲ آنہ ۱۳ گڈہ ۱ کوزی ۱ کونٹ	۲۰۱۶ ۶ ۲	۱۰۵ ۸ ۱	۳۲ ۱۵ ۰	
۳۰	۲۰۲۶	خورسند رہای برگہ محله ۷	۱۔ لعل حها سائل تفریق رول	۸۵۱ ۸ ۰	۲۱۲ ۱۴ ۰	۱۱ ۸ ۲	
۳۱	۲۱۴۲	دانی چنلہ مہش برگہ سارہ	رشیدی لعل و نند گن لعل و غیریہ مدعا علیہم ازروی زیر بقوارہ	۶۳۳ ۷ ۲	۴۳۷ ۱۲ ۲	۸۳ ۱۴ ۶	
۳۲	۲۱۰۲	مکواہی برگہ ایضا	جرام سنگہ و گوند سہای وغیرہ	۶۳۳ ۷ ۲	۱۰۲ ۹ ۰	۹ ۷ ۵	
۳۳	۲۱۴۲	لیلیا چکہ مہش برگہ ایضا	اچھمی دت ما و شتم جہا وغیرہ	۶۳۳ ۷ ۲	۵۲ ۷ ۲	۳ ۱۴ ۱۰	
۳۴	۲۳۴۵	جانی پور برگہ نان پور	عادیہ مضر و شیون مضر وغیرہ	۱۴۰۰ ۲ ۴	۱۴۰۰ ۲ ۴	۱۱۵ ۷ ۲	
۳۵	۲۹۰۴	رام پور چندن پتی برگہ سیوہ	نیرن سنگہ و شیون بخش سنگہ وغیرہ سائلان تسمیم	۷۵۷ ۱ ۳	۱۰۹ ۱۴ ۰	۳۶ ۱۲ ۰	
۳۶	۳۰۰۴	حسینی پور پیرمہر پور برگہ سرن	اوسراو بہادر سنگہ و جیون چودھری وغیرہ مدعا علیہم تفریق رول	۵۴۵ ۱ ۱	۱۸۴ ۱۴ ۷	۲۳ ۸ ۷	
۳۷	۳۱۲۱	ہریہر لودوا جھمار پور نہکہ برگہ سرہا	ہیر و ای و گوہندو رامی وغیرہ مدعا علیہم تفریق رول	۱۰۶۳ ۱۱ ۱۰	۶۴ ۷ ۱۰	۱۴۹ ۰ ۴	
۳۸	۵۰۵۰	جوامی برادہ نسوہ	داتو پربکاش نواس سنگہ و غیرہ مدعا علیہم تفریق رول	۵۶۱ ۱۵ ۰	۱۸۷ ۵ ۰	۱۱ ۱۳ ۲	
۳۹	۵۳۵۳	ارضی گاہ جوامی پور برگہ حاجیو	شیون بخش سنگہ و گاہی سنگہ وغیرہ	۱۵۳۲ ۵ ۰	۱۵۳۲ ۵ ۰	۴۸۹ ۴ ۷	
۴۰	۵۳۸۷	مکوار پور برگہ ایضا	نندوچن سنگہ و نندو لعل سنگہ وغیرہ مدعا علیہم تفریق رول	۱۲۲۱ ۱ ۶	۷۹۲ ۱۳ ۵	۱۴۱ ۰ ۷	
۴۱	۵۶۳۴	مسوام لہا برگہ سارہ	سید اوا الحسن	۵۹۲ ۳ ۱	۵۹۲ ۳ ۱	۸ ۱۲ ۶	
۴۲	۷۲۹۶	دیوہہ اوسراہی برگہ بیل	شیخ حیدر علی	۱۴۱ ۸ ۱	۷۳۸ ۱ ۴	۶ ۷ ۳	
۴۳	۸۹۷۱	اوجانگی جہو برگہ نونا چھان	دیگو لعل و مسماہ خانکی کدور وغیرہ	۱۱۵ ۸ ۱	۱۱۱۴ ۱ ۳	۶ ۷ ۹	
۴۴	۱۰۶۵۴	اشمی بٹشی پورہار دیارہ جوا پور برگہ حاجیو	شیخ ظہور علی خردار نیلام	۵۱۵ ۲ ۰	۵۱۵ ۲ ۰	۳۴۹ ۱۸ ۶	وہ مالک کے حق وہ خریدار کے لیے ۱۳۰ ۸۵ ۶ ۹ ۶

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Jessore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 8th day of June 1875, corresponding with the 26th day of Joisto 1282 (B. S.), for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1875.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 4597.—Mouzah Silimpore, pergunnah Issabpore; recorded proprietors Shurush Sutti and Agur Money Dassia; sudder jumma Rs. 770-11-3; will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 20-14-1.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 58.—Abadkari right of Chandkhali, in Soonderbuns; recorded proprietors Wooma Nath Roy Chowdhury; farming lease to 1311 (B. S.); present sudder jumma Rs. 1,060; rising, in 1288 (B. S.), to full jumma of Rs. 1,191; will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 1,060.

A. SMITH, *Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Sarun will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Monday, the 31st May 1875, corresponding with 11th Jait 1282 F.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 29th, in lieu of the 28th March 1875.

Serial number.	Towul No.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Name of proprietor.	Government revenue of the entire estate.	Government revenue of the share which will be sold for arrears of revenue.	Arrears of revenue due from the estate.
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. K.	Rs. A. P.
CLASS I.—Permanently-settled Estates						
1	240	Eksar, pergunnah Bal	Harper-shad Narain, Rampershad Narain, and others.	812 11 0	355 5 6 0	26 4 3½
2	340	Pilhowri, pergunnah Bal	Satuben Sand, Kund Kumar Sand, and others.	639 12 0½	155 7 3½	45 11 8½
3	484	Samahuta, pergunnah Bal	Kandhari Lall, Behari Khan, and others.	2,133 5 4	1,849 0 0 0	4 2 9½
4	1166	Rampoor Chand, pergunnah Fera	Ram Sam Sing, Sunzama Lall, Saha, and others.	671 6 10	581 6 10 0	9 3 6½
5	1751	Tappa Buzurg, pergunnah Chirand.	Mozza Fasadduq Hussain, Durga Sing, and others.	1,346 10 8	491 15 5½	19 14 11½
6	1751	Dutta, share of Bhugwan Dass Chirand, pergunnah Chirand	Bhugwan Dass	1,346 10 8	79 2 8 0	3 7 2
7	1755	Chirand, pergunnah Chirand	Ganga Pershad Deo, Coomar Sing, and others.	8,495 10 6	1,617 11 4½	26 1 2½
8	1755	Dutta, share of Ather Hussain	Ather Hussain	8,495 10 6	939 12 4 0	8 11 10
9	1999	Rampoor Ann, pergunnah Kusmer	Kewai Sing, Kandhari Sing, and others.	637 5 4	637 5 4 0	1 2 9
10	1000	Rupatti, pergunnah Kusmer	Bhugwan Dass, Chameli Kuer, and others.	7,262 10 11	340 14 4 0	217 9 6
11	2027	Salehpur, pergunnah Kusmer	Baghuput Lall	649 0 0	649 0 0 0	191 1 9½
12	2028	Salehpur, pergunnah Kusmer	Baghuput Lall	650 0 0	650 0 0 0	193 1 1½
13	2268	Benah, pergunnah Coan	Raj Coomar Sing, Neknam Sing, and others.	1,699 6 9	798 15 9 0	12 2 3½
14	2320	Bisambherpoor, pergunnah Coan	Kowber Lall, Banarsi Lall, and others.	531 7 5½	438 11 10 0	0 6 5
15	2450	Dina amraj, pergunnah Goah	Meherban Sing, Ram Sahai Sing, and others.	963 7 5	280 1 6 0	13 7 0
16	2450	Dutta, share of Nika Ojha and others.	Nika Ojha and others	963 7 5	15 4 0 0	0 9 3
17	2520	Dhowri, pergunnah Goah	Gulam Hasain Khan and others.	517 5 4	517 5 4 0	1 12 7
18	2525	Samaha Mobarulpore, pergunnah Goah.	Sukh Lall Sing, Bisshoser Sing, Mussamut Dechun Kuer, and others.	833 5 4	20 3 2 1	4 10 3½
19	2592	Shekhpur Rowza, pergunnah Coan	Jag-pai Sah, Ramnagar Sah, and others.	902 13 9	179 2 7½	39 2 7
20	2640	Kharati, pergunnah Goah	Shri Lall Rai and others	1,915 4 10½	814 10 4 11	1 3 2½
21	2662	Muzapur, pergunnah Coan	Harper-shad Sing and others	1,535 15 11½	709 1 11 0	4 0 5
22	2813	Annour Mander, pergunnah Makaur.	Joban Sing, Jamanat Lall, and others.	12,485 1 3½	2,963 1 3 12½	232 8 11½
23	2813	Dutta, share of Hira Lall	Hira Lall	12,485 1 3½	456 10 4 10	16 13 5½
24	2816	Annour Mander, pergunnah Makaur.	Salomut Ally, Basharat Ally, Magu Sing, and others.	7,391 11 0½	753 1 7½	176 9 5½
25	2816	Dutta, share of Hargood Sahai	Hargood Sahai	7,391 11 0½	85 5 3 10	0 4 1½
26	2984	Yehyapore, pergunnah Madhut	Said Narain Ben, Bagan Rai, and others.	648 9 6	277 1 8½	7 14 14
CLASS II.—Temporarily-settled Estates.						
4333		Darrah Godna, pergunnah Manjhi	Baboo Sridhar Sahu and others	671 0 0	671 0 0 0	4 11 0

SARUN COLLECTORATE, the 30th April 1875.

G. E. PORTER, *Offg. Collector.*

اشنہار نیلام بابت بقیہ مالگذاری سرکار
 واضح ہو کہ حسب دفعہ ۹ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع کے یہہ معاملات مرقومہ الذیل ضلع سارن میں بابت بقیہ
 مالگذاری سرکار و دیگر دعوی جو از روئے دستورات قوانین مجاریہ موفق باقی مالگذاری سرکار کے بقاریخ ۲۹
 مارچ ۱۸۷۵ ع ماہ مذکور سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع واجب الوصول ہی بروز دوشنبہ تاریخ ۳۱ ماہ می سنہ ۱۸۷۵ مطابق
 ۱۱ جیڈہ ۱۲۸۲ فصلی کچہری میں صاحب کلکٹر اس ضلع کے بلاغذ عام نیلام میں ردما جائیگا
 قسم اول
 معاملات بندوبستی استمراری

نمبر شمار	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و پورگہ	نام مالک مندرجہ سرشتہ	صدر جمع محال مسلم	مدرجمع اوس حصہ اجونیلام کدا جائیگا	باقی جسکی لئے نیلام ہوگا	کیفیت
۱	۲۴۰	ایکسار پورگہ بال	ہر پرشاد نوابین رام پرشاد نوابین وغیرہ	۸۱۲ ۱۱ ۰	۳۵۵ ۵ ۶	۳ ۳ ۲۶	بعلت باقی مالگذاری سرکار نیلام ہوگا
۲	۳۴۰	پشوری پورگہ بال	مذہبن شاہی بندکمار شاہی وغیرہ	۱۲ ۹ ۶	۱۵۵ ۷ ۳	۸ ۱۱ ۴۵	ایضا
۳	۴۸۴	سمہوتا پورگہ نال	اندھیا لال بیہاری خان وغیرہ	۵ ۲۱۳۳ ۰	۰ ۱۱۴۰ ۰	۲ ۹ ۴	
۴	۱۱۶۵	رام پورچاند پورگہ بارہ	رم شاہی سنگھ صدیکم لال شاہو وغیرہ	۶ ۶ ۱۰	۵۸۱ ۶ ۱۰	۳ ۶ ۹	
۵	۱۷۵۱	ویلیانتری پورگہ چوند	مرزا تصدق حسین درگا سنگھ و غیرہ	۱۰ ۱۳۴۶ ۰	۵ ۵ ۱۰	۱۱ ۱۴ ۱۹	
۶	۱۷۵۱	ایضا	بھگونداس	۸ ۱۰ ۱۳۴۶ ۰	۲ ۸ ۲۰۹	۷ ۳	
۷	۱۷۵۵	چوند پورگہ چوند	گگا پرشاد بدوکار سنگھ وغیرہ	۶ ۱۰ ۷۴۹۵ ۰	۱۲ ۱۱ ۱۶۲۷	۲ ۱۲ ۲۵	
۸	۱۷۵۵	ایضا کہ قہار حسین	الہو حسین	۶ ۱۰ ۷۴۹۵ ۰	۱۲ ۱۱ ۱۰۹۳۹	۱۱ ۸	
۹	۱۹۹۹	رامپور آبی پورگہ کسمو	کول سنگھ کھناسنگھ وغیرہ	۴ ۵ ۴۳۷ ۰	۸ ۹ ۶۲۷	۲ ۹	
۱۰	۲۰۰۹	رای پٹی پورگہ کسمو	بھگونداس چمیلی کور وغیرہ	۱۱ ۱۰ ۷۲۶۲ ۰	۱۰ ۹ ۶۳۴۰	۹ ۲۱۷	
۱۱	۲۰۲۷	صالح پور پورگہ کسمو	رگنوت لال	۰ ۰ ۶۴۹ ۰	۰ ۰ ۶۴۹	۹ ۱۹۱	
۱۲	۲۰۲۷	ایضا	رگنوت لال	۰ ۰ ۶۵۰ ۰	۰ ۰ ۶۵۰	۱ ۱۹۳	
۱۳	۲۲۶۸	اسروای پورگہ گووہ	راجکار سنگھ لیکنام سنگھ وغیرہ	۹ ۶ ۱۶۶۹ ۰	۱۰ ۹ ۴۹۸	۲ ۱۲	
۱۴	۲۳۲۹	بھوپور پورگہ گووہ	نوت لال ناری لال وغیرہ	۱۳۵۶ ۰	۵ ۴۳۸ ۰	۹ ۰	
۱۵	۲۴۵۹	دھر صراج پورگہ گووہ	سروبان سنگھ رام شاہ سنگھ وغیرہ	۵ ۷ ۶۶۳ ۰	۱۰ ۱۰ ۶۶۳	۷ ۱۳	
۱۶	۲۴۵۹	ایضا	لیکا ایچھا وغیرہ	۵ ۷ ۶۶۳ ۰	۱۵ ۱۵ ۶۶۳	۳ ۹	
۱۷	۲۵۲۰	وہوی پورگہ تو	نلام حسین خان وغیرہ	۴ ۵ ۵۱۷ ۰	۵ ۵ ۵۱۸	۱۲ ۱	
۱۸	۲۵۲۵	سمہا عیار پور پورگہ	سکھ لال سنگھ سسر سنگھ مہا لچھن وغیرہ	۴ ۵ ۵۵۳ ۰	۲۰ ۳ ۲۰	۱۰ ۴	
۱۹	۲۵۹۲	شیخ پور پورگہ	جیکون لال شاہو رام لودھ سنگھ وغیرہ	۹ ۱۳ ۶۲۲ ۰	۲ ۷ ۱۷۹	۲ ۳۹	
۲۰	۲۶۴۰	کہا پٹی پورگہ ایضا	شیدو لال رائے وغیرہ	۱۰ ۱۰ ۱۰۵ ۰	۱۰ ۱۰ ۸۱۴	۳ ۱	
۲۱	۲۶۶۲	عز پور پورگہ ایضا	ہر پرشاد سنگھ وغیرہ	۱۱ ۱۱ ۵۳۵ ۰	۱۱ ۱۱ ۵۷۰	۰ ۴	
۲۲	۲۸۱۳	امور پور پورگہ	جوانج سنگھ جمعب لال وغیرہ	۱۲۴۸۵ ۰	۱۱ ۱۱ ۲۳۲	۱۱ ۸	
۲۳	۲۸۱۳	ایضا کہ قہ میو لال	ہیرا لعل	۱۲۴۸۵ ۰	۱۰ ۱۰ ۴۵۶	۵ ۱۶	
۲۴	۲۸۱۶	امور پور پورگہ	صلاحت علی شارت علی مکیر	۱۱ ۱۱ ۷۳۰ ۰	۱۱ ۱۱ ۴۵۳	۵ ۱۷۶	

نمبر شمار	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و پرگنه	نام مالک مندرجہ سرشتہ	صدر جمع محال مسلم	صدر جمع اس حصہ کا جو نیلام کیا جائیگا	باقی جمع لئے نیلام ہوگا	کیفیت
۲۵	۲۸۱۶	پرگنه منورماندر صغیر	ہر گوید سہاے	۱۱ ۱۱ ۳۷۳-۱	۸۵ کھاتہ ۱۱	۴ ۱۱	بعلت باقی مالکذریعہ سرکار نیلام ہوگا
۲۶	۲۹۸۴	پرگنه بھلی پور مہدلی	شیو نرین رائے بھجورائی وغیرہ	۹ ۶ ۶۴۸	۸۶ ۱ ۲۷۷	۱۴ ۱۶	۷
۲۷	۴۳۹۳	قسم دوم دیوبی بارہ گودنان پرگنه مانجی	بابو سریدھر ساہی وغیرہ	۱۷۱	۶۷۱	۱۱ ۴	۴

تحریری تاریخ ۲۶ اپریل سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع

G. E. PORTER, Offy. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Tipperah will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 15th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of March 1875.

Permanently-settled Estate, to be sold for arrears of revenue.

No. 310.—Half anna hissa of mouzan Chapitala, in the 10as. 13gds. 1c. 1kt. hissa of pergunnah Baradakhat; Government revenue Rs. 1,693-12-0; road cess Rs. 17; is to be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 16-6-0. The recorded proprietor of the half anna share is Bhuban Mohan Rakhit, and the jumma of it is Rs. 52-14-11, and road cess Rs. 0-8-6.

The entire estate is under partition, and the allotment of the above half anna share is being made, and it is therefore now advertised for sale.

TIPPERAH COLLECTORATE, the 20th April 1875.

N. S. ALEXANDER,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI, Act XI of 1859, that the under-mentioned estates in the district of Shahabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 7th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 29th day of March 1875.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 388.—Mehal Chanchur, pergunnah Behia; sudder jumma of the entire estate Rs. 571-3-2; recorded proprietor Ajudhea Doobey and others. The share of Ajudhea Doobey, applicant, alone will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 67, with the exception of shares of non-applicants, with whom separate accounts have been opened under Section 10 Act XI of 1859.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estates.

No. 723.—Mehal Bunanpore, pergunnah Chousah; sudder jumma of the entire estate Rs. 2,896; recorded proprietor Lala Phakoor Pershad, Behari Tewari, and others. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 66-11-8.

No. 810.—Mehal Choondi, pergunnah Chousah; sudder jumma Rs. 1,565; recorded proprietors Maharaj Coomar Singh, Mussamut Peari, and others. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 3,319-6-0.

No. 854.—Mehal Ratunpore, Ramdhunpore, Chukia Kuruliah, pergunnah Chousa; sudder jumma Rs. 5-3; recorded proprietors Mahadeo Pershad and Rampershad. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 9-12-0.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 1182.—Mehal Bhurari, pergunnah Chynpore; sudder jumma Rs. 1,500; recorded proprietor Mussamut Dulcep Kooner. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 658.

No. 1738.—Mehal Hata, pergunnah Chynpore; sudder jumma of the entire estate Rs. 2,240-6-6½; recorded proprietors Seegoolam Sing, Oodwunt Sing, and others. The share of Oodwunt Sing, applicant, alone will be sold for arrears of revenue, amounting to Rs. 7-14-0, excepting the shares of other proprietors, with whom separate account has been opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859.

No. 2513.—Mehal Sohgee, pergunnah Sasseram; sudder jumma Rs. 677-5-4; recorded proprietors Dewan Ramjeawun Sing and Baboo Ramkooniar Sing. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 230-4-7.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 3679.—Mehal Surenja, pergunnah Chousa; sudder jumma Rs. 856-4-0; recorded proprietors Madho Roy, Isur Roy, and others. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 1,387-8-9.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE, the 19th April 1875.

N. ALEXANDER, Collector.

साहीब कलकत्ता नरसिंह ... ॥६ के ऊकूम से

इशतहान नीलाम मुतावीक दफ्ता ६ प्रकट ११ सन १८५४।

सब को जानना याहीसे के ग्रह महाल जो नीये लीप्पा है बावत बाकी मालगुजानी सनकान और हुसने दावे जो मुतावीक आईन और कानन जानी के बाकी मालगुजानी सनकान की तरह बसुल होने याहीसे और जो तानीप्प २४ महीना मानीय सन १८७५ को पाने थे तानीप्प ७ महीना जुन सन १८७५ मुतावीक ताः १८ महीना जेठ सन १८८२ फसली हीन शोमान को इस जीले के साहेब कलकत्ता की कयहनी मे वीला डिजुन के सब के सामने नीलाम होगा।

तौजो नम्बर	नाम महाल और पतनना	सहत जमा	नाम मालिकों का	कैफियत बाकी
قسم اول علاؤست نوام	355 मांयन प्रः वोहीआ।	499 1/2	सीजायैआ डवे शापेल तफनीफनोल	महाल हाजा दय्याम हं वइलतवाकी प्याश वइशतशनापे होशे जैनशापेलानतफनी-फ नोल जीश का जमा अजनुपे दफ्ता १० प्रकट ११ सन १८५४ प्रेतहदे लीप्पा जाता है होशे शापेल तफनीफ नोल वजमा २१४ 1/2 पाइ वफनात नीला-महोगा ६७।
قسم دوم میعادی	923 वनातपुन प्रः यडिशा।	२८४६)	लाले तौफनप्रशाद वीहानी तेवानी मोहवत तेवानी शत मेआदी हाल है नामदहल तेवानी जनंथ तेवानी शिवगुलाम तेवानी छफडिनो तेवानी अडिफन लवीशेशन तेवानी शंफन तेवानी नामयननतेवानी शाखोज तेवानी बावुनाम तेवानी वेजु तेवानी मानी-फ तेवानी मोशमात इशो मला मालम जवजेशीथानी तेवानी जेकनन तेवानी नववत तेवानी छफडिनो तेवानी शानीशंफनतेवानी	महाल हाजा वंदोव-हं वइलतवाकी प्याश नीलाम होगा छफडिनो तेवानी अडिफन ६६ 1/2

	तौजी नम्वन	नाम महास ज्ञान पत्रगना	सदन जमा	नाम मालिकोंका	कैफियत बाकी
قسم دوم مربعادي	८१०	युंही प्रः य- डिशा ।	१५६५)	महानाजकुमान शींघ मोशमातवोझानी गोवी द्वप्रशाद जुगुलकेशवन गोपाललालनामनानाछे- न शींघ हजानीलाल शींघशनन शारु शुभ- जलाल शींघननाछेन शींघ	महास हाज्जा- वंदे वशत मेझादी हाल है वइलतवाकी प्याश नीलाम होगा ३३१४।)) वफाझा ३०८८।।०) हाल २३०।।))
اضا	८५४	नतन पुन नामयनपुन यफोझाफन इला प्रः यडि शा ।	५८३	महादेवपन शाद नामप्र- शाद ।	महास हाज्जा वंदे- वशत मेझादी हालहै वइलत बाकी प्याश नीलाम होगा ४।।०)
قسم اول درواهي	११८२	मनानी प्रः येनपुन ।	१५००)	मोशमात दलीवरफंझन ।	महास हाज्जा दवाम है वइलतवाकी प्याश नीलाम होगा ६५८
اضا	११३८	हार्ता प्रः येन- पुन ।	२२४०।)) ६।।	डिदीत शींघ शापेल तफनीकनोल ।	महास हाज्जा दवाम है वइलतवाकी प्याश हीशे शापेल तफनी- कनोलवइलतशनाछे हीशे शापेलान वजैन शापेलान तफनीक नोल जोशका जमा अजनुछे दफा १० छेकह ११ शन १८५४ छेल्हछे लोझा जाता है हीशे शापेल तफ- नीकनोल वजमा ४३०।)) नीलाम होगा १।।))
قسم اول دوام	२५१३	शाहेजी प्रः शहशनाम ।	६११।))४	दोवान नामजीझावन शींघ बावु नामकुमान शींघ	महास हाज्जा दवाम है वइलतवाकी प्याश नीलाम होगा २३०।))
قسم دوم سدواي	३६१४	शनजो प्रः यडिशा ।	८५६।०)	मायो नाछे इशन नाछे जगेशन नाछे नघु नंदन नाछे नमनदानान नाम- शहाछे नाछे अनोशी नाछे वीहानी नाछे नामवनन नाछे शिंदवनन नाछे डमनो नाछे शनीकदानान शीक- मीहशन आने ।	महास हाज्जा वंदेव- शत मेझादी हाल है वइलतवाकी प्याश नीलाम होगा १३८१।।०)४ वफाझा १२००)६ हाल १८१।।)) १०१। १ १०८८ ४ ५

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Purneah will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Monday, the 28th June 1875, corresponding with 15th Assar 1282 B.S., for arrears of revenue, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1875,

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 181.—Mehal Gangee, pergunnah Soorjapore; recorded proprietors Golam Ashghur, Khajah Trab Ali, Moniruddin Khoram Ali, Sahdut Ali, Hamid Ali, Imdad Ali, Mussamut Bhatton, Mussamut Bhiki, Bibi Saifan, Mussamut Monjan, Mussamut Shahdman, Toosooduck Hossen, Imdad Hossen, Ozeer Ali, Belawat, Hossen, Golam Mohamed, Syud Ennet Hossen, Mahomed Jaumah, Amanut Ullah, Aghari Baksh, Reza Ullah, Meazan Meer Megboo, and Golap Chund Ram; sudder jummah, Rs. 791-3-5.

No. 300.—Mehal Dahgun, pergunnah Futtehpore, Singhia; recorded proprietors Mossamut Meharjan, Sheikh Bisrut Ali, Shere Mohamed, Sheikh Dost Mohamed, and Mohant Omrow Bharuthi; sudder jummah, Rs. 825-0-4.

PURNEAH COLLECTORATE, the 22nd April 1875.

W. KEMBLE, *Collector of Purneah.*

اشتہار نامہ واسطے فروخت زمینداری

سنہ ۱۸۵۹ سال کے قانون ۱۱ دفعہ ۶ کے مضمون مطابق بذریعہ اسکے سب لوگوں کو واقف کیا جاتا ہے کہ ضلع پورنیہ کے شامل محالات مندرجہ ذیل ضلع مذکور کے صاحب کلکٹر کے آفس میں باقی مالگذاری پور جو سب دعویٰ سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع ۲۸ مارچ تاریخ میں دیں ہونے سے باقی مالگذاری کے بطور مجزیہ انہوں کے مطابق ادا ہونے کا ضابطہ ہے اسکے ۱۵ کے واسطے روز سومبار سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع ۲۸ جون مطابق سنہ ۱۲۸۲ بنگاہ ۱۵ جیتہ تاریخ میں نیلا عام کے اخیر پکار میں فروخت ہوگا سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع ۱۹ اپریل

تفصیل

نمبر ترویج	نام محال	نام مالک سابق	جمع صدر
۱۸۱	موضع گانگی برگنہ سورجا پور	غلام معمر و خواجه قریبعلی و صاحبوالدین و خرم علی و سعادت علی و حامد علی و امداد علی و صاحبہ تن و سمحۃ بھکی و بی بی سیدین و بی بی صوم جان و بی بی سہدین و تسدک حسین و امداد حسین و وزیر علی و وایت حسین و غلام محمد و سید عنایت حسین و محمد رحمان و اصالت اللہ و اکبری و نکس صاحب اللہ میاںجان و میر منگو و گلابچند رام	۴۹۱-۳-۵
۳۰۰	موضع دہ گون برگنہ محلہ ہکا	سمحۃ مہر جان و شیخ شقارت و شیخ شیر محمد و شیخ دوست محمد و ذمہ قرار دینا ہر منط	۱۹۰-۳-۵

W. KEMBLE, *Collector of Purneah.*

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Beerbhoom will be put up to public auction and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Thursday, the 20th May 1875, corresponding with 7th Joishito 1282, B.S., for arrears of revenue, Rs. 25-3-11, and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1875 :—

Class.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	The nature of the demand for which the estate is to be sold.	Proprietors	Government revenue	REMARKS
37	1st Class Lot Kanti, Pergunnah Togyogal.	Arrears of revenue, Rs. 25-3-11.	Raja Ram Rajan Chuckerbutty, Tinsah, Gopi Buldhan Chuckerbutty, Chitawry Chander Chuckerbutty, Benimadhub Chuckerbutty, Ram Krishna Chuckerbutty, Sheikh Jau-muddin, Sheikh Bedar Bekht, and Ishau Chander Ram.	Sudder jummah for the entire mahal 1,496 11 0 That exclusive of the separate share of Rajah Ram Rajan Chuckerbutty.. 659 1 10 L. Rs. 827 9 2	The rights and interests of the proprietors in the estate except those of the person mentioned in the foregoing column, will be sold

R. D. HINK, *Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate in the district of Bogra will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 13th day of May 1875 for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of March 1875:—

FIRST CLASS ESTATE.

No. of Mehal.	Name of Mehal.	Name of Proprietor.	Sadar Juma.	Arrear for which the mehal is to be sold.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Present No. 177... Former No. 176 ..	{ Mouza Shukar-mooye and others, in Pergunnah Apail.	{ Krishna Kant Sharma Roy.	{ 1,621 5 4	{ 639 0 0

BOGRA COLLECTORATE, the 5th April 1875.

C. MAGRATH, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate in the district of Bograh will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 13th day of May 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1875.

No. of mehal.	Name mehal.	Name proprietor.	Sudder jumma.	Amount of arrears for which the mehal is to be sold.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Present No. 101 Former No. 98	{ Fihl Bonga, in Pergunnah Me-hamaushahye.	{ Rabendra Narayan Bagehhi, Chandii Prosad Boumik, Jay Shankar Sanyal, and others.	{ 878 10 11	{ 17 11 10

BOGRAH COLLECTORATE the 8th April 1875.

C. MAGRATH, *Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Monghyr will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 14th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 29th day of March 1875.

Number of touji.	Name of mehal and pergunnah.	Sudder jumma.	Arrear revenue due to Government.	Names of defaulters.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
376	Best Hazari, pergunnah Best Hazari	61,809 11 0	1,175 15 0	Khaja Badaruddin Khan, Negin Begum, Muhammed Jafar Khan, Nuhaf Aline, Bo Bata Sango, and others.

N. B.—This is a permanently-settled mehal. The rent-rolls of the 51 dakhil mehals of the parent estate have been separated under Act II of 1859, Sections 10 and 11, and a sudder jumma of Rs. 54,537-14-0. The remaining ymal portion of the mehal, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 7,271-13-0, will be put up to sale for arrears of revenue due to Government.

Number of touji.	Name of mehal and pergunnah.	Sudder jumma.	Arrear revenue due to Government.	Names of defaulters.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
815	Sehawan, pergunnah Malthi.	1,120 0 0	1 8 0	Patem Sing, Khedan Lall, Iera Persad, &c.

N. B.—The share of defaulters in the mehal, excepting *Sas. Gqds. 7 Mtrs.*, which has been separated from the roll on a sudder jumma of Rs. 583-10-0, will be put up to sale on account of arrear revenue due to Government. The sudder jumma of the defaulter's share is Rs. 536-13-0.

MONGHYR, the 1st May 1875.

E. LOCKWOOD, *Offg. Collector.*

اشہار نیلام بابت بقیہ مالگذاہی سرکار کچہری کلکٹری ضلع مونگیر

واضح ہو کہ حسب دفعہ ۶ ایفٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع کے یہ محلات مرقومہ الذیل ضلع مونگیر میں بابت بقیہ مالگذاہی سرکار و دیگر دعویٰ جو از روئے دستورات قوانین مجاریہ موافق باقی مالگذاہی سرکار کے بقاریخ ۲۹ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع واجب الوصول ہی بروز دو شنبہ ۱۴ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع کچہری میں صاحب کلکٹر اس ضلع کے بلا مذر عام نیلام میں رکھا جایگا ۔

نمبر دواج	است ہزاری پرگنہ بست ہزاری	جمع صدر	نام	تعداد باقی	محال ہذا بندوبست دائمی
۳۳۶		۶۱۸۰۹ ۱۱	خواجہ بدر الدین خان و بیگم بیگم و خواجہ محمد جعفر خان و چودھری لیلکہ پرشاد سنگہ و شیونندن پرشاد سنگہ و ہری نندن پرشاد سنگہ خود و عم والی و کدور پرشاد سنگہ و لند کشور پرشاد سنگہ نالالغان و تواہی سنگہ سنگہ و رام پرشاد داس و خواجہ محمد عیسیٰ خان و خواجہ محمد رحیم خان و لیکراج سنگہ و نوایندہ سنگہ و تیمور سنگہ و بیچداتھ سہای و یوسف علی و مسماۃ حکم بی بی و جواد محمد نور علی خان و خواجہ محمد عزیز اللہ خان و خواجہ محمد کمال الدین خان خود و والی جلال الدین خان نالالغ و کون سنگہ و کون سنگہ و بوتراج سنگہ و شینہ بالا بخش خود و والی ایزد بخش نالالغ و شینہ رحیم بخش و شینہ مراد بخش و شینہ احمد علی و شینہ ولایت حسین و خواجہ محمد واجد حسین و خواجہ احمد حسین خان و مسماۃ اشرف النسا بیگم و ملک علی کر و ملک علی نظیر و مسماۃ رسول و مہاراجہ جیمگل سنگہ بہادر و خواجہ عزیز اللہ خان عرف نواب خان و خواجہ شرف الدین خان عرف سکفا خان و مسماۃ بی بی جان بیگم و بارساندھ پاندہ و مہیش دت و شینہ عبدالوہاب والی و شینہ مہدی حسین و شینہ محمد عبدالرحیم نالالغان و مسماۃ امیدی جان مادر والیہ شینہ احمد بخش نالالغ و صاحب النسا و حسن النسا و خواجہ حشمت اللہ خان و مسماۃ سمورث النسا بیگم و مسماۃ بی بی نصر و مسماۃ عفتون و درگا پرشاد و مسماۃ عمدہ بیگم و دوتقا مہتوں و کدور شیو پرشاد نواب سنگہ ونیم مہتوں و بیسر مہتوں و داندو مہتوں و مسماۃ مچون و نکو مہتوں و مسماۃ اسود سنگہ بیگم و نجیب خان و مسماۃ محض و مسماۃ حاندو و مسماۃ بامو و شینہ محمد جلال و شینہ صاحب حسین و شینہ احمد	۱۵	قسط سنہ انگریزی فصلی سائنٹائی ۴۹۰ قام و ۵ قام در تفریق حوکہ ۵۷۳.۷ تحقیق مختلف جمع ۲۴-۱۴ از روی دفعہ ۱۱ و ۱۱ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع حصہ چودھری لیلکہ پرشاد و شیو نندن پرشاد سنگہ و رام پرشاد داس و مہاراجہ جیمگل سنگہ بہادر و غیرہ کا تفریق دل ہی اور محال اجمالی حصہ خواجہ بدر الدین خان و بیگم بیگم و محمد جعفر خان نجف علی و بیچداتھ سہای و غیرہ جمع ۱۳ ۷۱۷۱ کے نیلام ہوگا ۔

نمبر دوزخ	بست هزاري پرگنه بست هزاري	جمع صد	نام	تعداد باقي	مجال هذا بندوب دائمي
			حسين و شيخ عطا محمد و مسماة تنولا سوكنوري و داسوكنوري و بوات علي خان و سيانت گر و ريگ لعل سنگه و جيت سنگه و مسماة نولكهو كنوري و سنكوكنوري و مسماة فخر النسا بيگم و مسماة ظهورالنسا بيگم و شيخ ولايت حسين و مسماة وحيد النسا و مالك علي بخش و چمن سنگه و داسوكنوري و صمغر كنوري و كنكر كنوري و دهرمو كنوري و معروف كنوري و اخاسو كنوري و تند كنوري و اودهو كنوري منديسي كنوري و گري دهاري سنگه چتردهاري سنگه و مسماة گل بيگم و گوهر دين لعل و صاحب رام ديببي سنگه و سيهاي سنگه و گمونا ته پيرشاد سنگه و سوکو كنوري و شيخ ايزد بخش و مسماة جيوسو و مسماة دالنسا و مالك دعاء الله و عها اچ كنوهر پيرشاد نوابي سنگه و كنور اشري پيرشاد نوابي سنگه و مسماة سبوندوري و شيخ محمد حليل عرف جوان و ربي سنگه و سيد محمد امين الله و محمد ولي الله و خواجه محمد گوهر علي خان اصل بنفسه پدروالي خواجه محمد يوسف علي خان عرف مهدي نواب و خواجه محمد رحمت الله خان عرف وبي نواب و خواجه محمد اقبال علي خان علي نواب پسران و مسماة مهممت النسا بيگم عرف امير بيگم و مسماة عظمت النسا بيگم عرف امير بيگم و دختران نانا لعلان و مسماة احميرن و فيض الله خان و محمد عظيم خان و شيخ اميد علي و شيخ ولايت حسين و شيخ مولا بخش و شيخ ايزد بخش و شيخ رحيم بخش و شيخ عبدالوهاب و شيخ مهدي حسين و شيخ عبدالرحيم و مسماة بي بي ناسو و خواجه محمد علي مردان خان و توني لعل عرف سيگوب سهاي و جيري لعل و نذو لعل و ديگمير پيرشاد و مسماة جان بيگم و كرن سنگه و بنسي سنگه و نذو سنگه و مسماة دوتو كنوري و مسماة دهرمو كنوري و جيبوسي سنگه و جيبام سنگه عرف شام لعل سنگه و گنیش سنگه و اندو سنگه و تاون سنگه و بيني سنگه و بيچداته سنگه گورور سنگه و نواب سنگه و جواک سنگه جوئل سنگه		
۸۱۵	سيانوان پرگنه نكي	۷ ۱۱۲۰	پيرم سنگه و كندن لعل و ريت لعل طهري پيرشاد و هولا دت و بهاري لعل و كالي پيرشاد و كنچاد پيرشاد و ديگمير سنگه و مورل سنگه و گنیش دت سنگه	۸ ۱	قسط سه انري اصلي نامتدائمي عوازي ۳ آند ۶ گنده ۷ نوزي حصه اكلوسنگه

نمبر توزیع	نام پرگنہ و موضع	جمع صدر	نام	تعداد باقی	محال ہذا بند دائمی
			دیوی لعل علی نواب سنگہ دیو پرشاد سنگہ وجودیا پرشاد و سماء گوری عرف لاکو و اگلو سنگہ و پیدالو سنگہ و نول بہاری سنگہ بوجھاے سنگہ و پرشاد و سوگن سنگہ و جوالی سنگہ جوالیا سنگہ و گردھاری سنگہ نواہر سنگہ و بیچا سنگہ و مدگل سنگہ و ایشری پرشاد عم و والی ہر پرشاد نالغ و سہا ہی سنگہ و صورت سنگہ و سمرن سنگہ و سوتن سنگہ دیرت سنگہ و جیرو سنگہ و نوان سنگہ مائل سنگہ پیمون سنگہ و گور دھاری سنگہ خمد لعل بنگسہ دوانر والی نگنی سنگہ نالغ و ہمیش سنگہ و تیناک دھاری سنگہ و دیکہ سنگہ و جبکدی سنگہ و کاشی سنگہ		و پیدالو سنگہ و نو بہاری سنگہ و غیرہ و حصہ خیرو سنگہ و مراد سنگہ و پرچل سنگہ و نیمو سنگہ حصہ کالی پرشاد و بکھاری لعل جو جمع ۱۰ ۵۳ ۳۰ سہ قلم ۱۰ ۱۱ ایکٹ ۱۱ سند ۱۸۵۹ء تقریباً لاٹ ہی اور محال اجمالی جمع ۵۳۰-۱۳ حصہ پریم سنگہ و کھنن لعل و انگری پرشاد و غیرہ کا مالک ہوگا

E. LOCKWOOD *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 13th day of May 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 25th day of February 1875.

CLASS I.—PERMANENTLY-SETTLED ESTATES.

For Arrears of Revenue.

No. 1100.—Taraf Gouri Shunkur Kanongoe; recorded proprietors, Ishan Chandra Kanongoe and others. Sudder jumma of the entire estate, Rs. 1,232-3-2. The share of Gour Chandra Dutt, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 54-6-0, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

For Arrears of Revenue.

No. 1119.—Taraf Hari Shona; recorded proprietors, Azimuddin and others. Sudder jumma of the entire estate, Rs. 1,539-10-0. Entire estate will be sold.

For Arrears of Revenue.

No. 1238.—Taraf Inos Aoop; recorded proprietors, Adhoo Khan and others. Sudder jumma of the entire estate, Rs. 2,272-7-6. The share of Goloke Chandra Chowdry, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 381-8-6, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

For Arrears of Revenue.

No. 1686.—Taraf Khan Behee; recorded proprietors, Krishnoias Kundo, Goluck Chandra Chowdry, and others. Sudder jumma of the entire estate, Rs. 735-12-8. Entire estate will be sold.

For Arrears of Revenue.

No. 1751.—Taraf Modon Chowdry; recorded proprietors, Lakhikant Dutt, Nityanund Roy, and others. Sudder jumma of the entire estate, Rs. 688-6-5. The shares of Nityanund Roy Hari Mohun Shaha, and Ramkumal Shaha, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 124-11-0, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

No. 2562.—Taraf Ram Bhadra Kanongoe; recorded proprietors, Bhoirub Charn, Golam Hossein, and others. Sudder jumma of the entire estate, Rs. 918-15-7. The shares of Golam Hossein, Gorib Hossein, Mahomed Ali, and Jaker Ali, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 5-14-6, will be sold, the remaining proprietors having opened separate accounts under Act XI of 1859.

T. M. KIRKWOOD *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Gya will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 3rd day of June 1875, or 14th day of Jeth 1282 F. S., for arrears of revenue due on 29th March 1875.

Name of mahal and pergunnah.	Sudder jumma.	Arrears.		Name of the proprietor.	REMARKS
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
Puthan, pergunnah Puchrookhee.	5-0 12 0	214 1 0	Rs. (211-5-0 on account of revenue) Rs. (2-12-0 on account of road cess.)	Sheik Fazal Imam, Sheikh Rensat Hossein.	The mahal is a permanently settled one.
1081 Hathara, pergunnah Urwal.	900 0 0	18 12 0		Takoor Pershad	In this estate the accounts of revenue of a share of Rs. 900 is 1000, and the revenue has been paid up. Of the share of Rs. 60, of Thakoor Pershad, which has been separated under Section 33 of Act XIX of 1811, Rs. 18-12-0 is due, and this share will therefore be put up to sale.

GYA COLLECTORATE, the 5th May 1875.

F. M. HALLIDAY, *Collector.*

ٹیچہری ملکوتی ضلع لیا

اشہار نامہ بیلان مطابق دفعہ ۶ بکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع

وضوح ہو کہ محال مندرجہ ذیل بابت باقی مالکداری سرکار و دوسرا دعوی جو مطابق آئین و قانون مجارید کے باقی مالکداری سرکار کے طرح و عمل ہونا چاہئے اور جو تاریخ ۲۹ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع دو بار تہ تاریخ ۳ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع مطابق ۱۴ مارچ سنہ ۱۲۸۲ قمری روز پنجشنبہ کو اس ضلع کے صاحب ملکوتی کے کچہری میں لا عدراج کے سامنے بیلان ہوگا

نمبر توزیع	نام محال و برگندہ	جمع صدر	نام مالکان باقیدار	کیفیت
دائمی ۲۲۵۷	بیوا بر گند	۵۸۰ ۱۲	شیخ فضل اعلم و	محال ہذا میں عابد حصہ دیگر مالکان صبیحہ
	پچروکھی	۵۷۵	شیخ رباست	اجمال ہی وہ بیداق ہی اور حصہ آبادی
		سڑک ۱۲ ۵	حمید قاضی	پوشاد کہ جسکا جمع صدر ۶۰ ہی اور وہ
دائمی ۵۰۸۱	ہفتیا وایر گند	۹۶۰	ٹماکر پوشاد	از روے دفعہ ۳۳ قانون ۱۹ سنہ ۱۸۱۴ ع
	ارول			علیحدہ تحصیل ہوتا ہی اس میں ۱۸ ۱۲
				باقی چاہئے یہ حصہ بیلان ہوگا

تحریر تاریخ ۲۸ اپریل ۱۸۷۵ ع

DONISH CHUNDER ROY, *Dy. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6 of Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Rajshahye will be put up to public and an unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 31st day of May 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 29th day of March 1875.

Number on the towjee.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Names of proprietors.	Sudder jumma	Amount of arrears.	REMARKS.
				Rs. A. P.	
	1st class permanently settled estate Dibi Satri, pergunnah Govindpore.	Osman Khatan, mother of Smiyatoolan and Kuroonba Chowdhury, Sabon Khatan Chowdhurani, Jahan Nath Shurua Lahuri, Brahmo Moyi Debi, Shabayet of Mundun Mohun Thakur, Mo-ka Keshi Deby, Gooroprosad Simba, Bakta Sundy Debea, Khondker Oziro ddeen, Shuroda Prosad Shukul, Moharani Shibesary Deby, Roopi Bibee, alias Roopmossu Chawdhurani, Sabon Khatan Chowdhurani, Dukhina Kumary Dasy, Shyma Choron Shukler, minor, Roshmoni Chowdhurani, Govindprosad, alias Gya Prosad Shukul, minor.	Sudder jumma of the entire estate, including police cess, Rs. 5,898-1-0; of which separate accounts have been opened (1) for Rs. 743-11-0, including police, on account of the 3 annas of rakom 13 annas, considered as the whole 16 annas belonging to Moharani Shibesary Debea, under Section 10 of Act XI of 1859; (2) for Rs. 659-3-0, including police, on account shares of Roopi Bibee, alias Roopmossu Chowdhurani, Sabon Khatan Chowdhurani, Dukhina Kumary Dasy, Shyma Choron Shukler, minor, and Roshmoni Chowdhurani, under Section 11 of the Act; and (3) for Rs. 1,511-5-0, including police, on account of the share of minor Gya Prosad, being 1 annas 8 gundas 3 cowries 1 chutti; that is to say, separate accounts have been opened for Rs. 3,914-3-0 in all, which being deducted, the sudder jumma of the portion of the estate to be sold comes to Rs. 2,703-14-0, including police, Rs. 233-0.	Revenue ... 2 8 0 Police ... 2 7 0 Total ... 4 15 0	The estate, excluding the shares for which separate accounts have been opened, to be put up to sale.
357	1st class permanently settled estate kismat pergunnah Hongrapore.	Pantayi, mother of Govind Prosad Sircar Roy, minor, Shabayet of Radha Govind Thakur.	Revenue, Rs. 1,620-13-0	65 7 0	The entire estate to be put up to sale.
1849	1st class permanently settled estate kismat pergunnah Jansadha, rakom 10 gundas.	Shibu Soondery Debi, wife of Haradhone Chocrallutty, Jibonti Nath Khan, minor, and Chunder Cant Chocrabarty.	Revenue ... 801 7 0 Police ... 8 1 0 Total ... 809 8 0	Revenue ... 6 2 0	The entire estate to be put up to sale.

W. H. D'ONLY, *Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate, in the district of Pubna, will be put up to public auction and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Friday, the 28th May 1875, corresponding with 15th Joishto 1282 B. S., for arrears of revenue, Rs. 525-11-10, and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 29th March 1875.

No. on the rent-roll	Name of Mohal.	Proprietor.	Sudder jumma.	Arrears.	REMARKS.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
944	Chur Ataparab, in pergunnah Kagmaree.	Shri. Nath Bagehee and Resha Moye Gaucha.	569 12 4	625 11 10	This mohal has been settled with its proprietor from 1270 to 1282 B. S. The proprietary right of this mohal, as well as the remaining portion of settlement, will be sold.

PUBNA COLLECTORATE, the 17th April 1875.

F. REES, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, and Section 5 of Act VII of 1868, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Moorsshedabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 4th day of June 1875, corresponding with 22nd Jyest 1282 B.S., for arrears of revenue, due on the 10th day of April 1875.

No.	Year	Class.	Name of Mahal and Pergunnah.	Names of Proprietors.	Soldier Jumma.	Remarks.
1	1874	1st class.	Kisatut pergunmah Kachipore, pergunnah Kachipore.	Sham Churn Bantro, Chandio Mookhee Gossya, Lashan Chander Roy, Gossya P. P. Roy, Shama Soubey, Dasaya Radha Churn Sen, Kheto Nath Bandopadhyay, Natto Rayy Debroy, and Gungoy Bandopadhyay, father and guardian of Soresh Chunder Bandopadhyay, minor.	674 3 0	The share of Gunab Lal Roy on this mahal viz. 1 anna 10 panna 1 kag and 1 lital, under jumma Rs. 229-5-1, will be sold.
2	Ditto	258	Tarif Fazelpore, pergunnah Nowamunur.	Mukher Mohun Modhopadhyay, Sitatan Sourav, Shree Mohan Debroy, Manatap Sen, Tan Chawy Debroy, and Tribekun Modhopadhyay.	127 11 0	The jumma share of Mukher Mohun Mookhopadhyay, Sitatan Sourav, Shree Mohan Debroy, and Tribekun Modhopadhyay, Rs. 814-1-1.
3	1874	514	Morakh Atanapur.	Jogannath Bhattacharya.	84 1 1	The entire mahal will be sold.
4	Ditto	2734	Pilow secondary, pergunnah Sherpoor.	Macknoon Babbar, Ashood Babbar, Azimut Nooruddeen Awarakee Babbar, wife of Macknoon, Lutfur Hussain, Muhammadness Babbar, Khatun Begum, Macknoon Babbar, Jikoon Babbar, Sheikh Samiruddin and Ibrahim, guardian of Sheikh Nuruddeen Syed Akmal Morakh and Abdul Rahman.	150 7 0	The share of Macknoon Babbar and Ashood Babbar on this mahal viz. 5 annas 6 panas 2 mukwas 3 kags and 2 mukwas 10 agas will be sold.
5	Ditto	2779	Tarif Kamalia, pergunnah Anshohang.	Gani Lal Ghose.	234 0 5	The entire mahal will be sold.

W. WARELL, *Collector.*

MOORSHEDABAD COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 24th April 1875

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, and Section 3 of Act VII of 1868 B.C., that the undermentioned estates in the district of Rungpore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Saturday, the 26th June 1875, corresponding with 13th Ashar 1282 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 29th March 1875.

CLASS I.—PERMANENTLY-SETTLED ESTATES.

To be sold for Arrears of Revenue.

No. 57.—Mouzah Barabari and others, pergunnah Kazirhat: recorded proprietors Janhobi Dasi, mother of Roohini Coomar and Govind Coomar, minors, and Parbatty Dasi, mother of Moorari Mohon and Teroni Mohon, minors, and Poornima Dasi, mother of Hor Mohon, minor, and Shama Coomar Das; sudder jumma Rs. 515-11-9.

To be sold for Arrears of Revenue

No. 260.—Menzah Shekarpore and others, pergunnah Rokunpore : the 8-anna share of the recorded proprietors Nosseruddin Mahmood and Jeharuddin Mahmood, Aboolali Choudhari, and Salara Bibi Choudharani : sudder jumma Rs. 65-1-0.

E. G. GLAZIER, *Offg. Collector.*

RUNGPORE COLLECTORATE, the 7th May 1875.

NOTICE is hereby given that leases of the undermentioned lime-quarries, situate in the Khasi and Jynteah Hills, will be put up to auction on 1st October 1875, at the upset price mentioned opposite the nichads, for a period of two and a half years.

The rent payable half-yearly in advance.

No.	Names of Quarries.	Where situate.	Upset price per annum.
<i>In Jaintia Hills.</i>			
			Rs. A. P.
1	Choon Cherra, Letting Cherra.	North—By high hills South—By northern boundary of Sylhet district East—By Teohang and Borgong rivers West—By Ochoa Cherra, above Nowzong stream	14.51 0 0
	Rowai Cherra	North—By high lands of Lakadong, or the south boundary of Lamaposhiee lime-quarry South—By northern boundary of Sylhet district East—By Loocha or Loocha river West—By Teohang and Borgong streams	
2	Uthma Cherra	North—By as far as limestone beds extend within the boundary of Uthma Poonjee South—By southern bank of the Pakhee Cherra stream East—By Peeha Cherra stream West—By Ehooban Cherra stream	6.97 5 0
3	Roop Nath	North—By as far as limestone exists in this direction in lands pertaining to the village South—By boundary of Sylhet district East—By Ochoa river West—By old road leading to Anwie Poonjee from the plains	1.51 0 0
4	Nongtholong Poonjee	North—By Poonjee and Pandadang Poonjee South—By boundary of Sylhet district East—By old road leading from the plains to Anwie Poonjee West—By Mangat river and Borseel	1.91 6 0
5	Lama Poonjee	South—By boundary of Rowai limestone quarry East—By western boundary of the lands appertaining to Mooralee Poonjee West—By Mangat river and Borseel	8.15 0 0
6	Mooralee Cherra	North—By Seetang Poonjee South—By northern boundary of Rowai lime quarry East—By Loocha or Loocha river West—By western limit of lands appertaining to Mooralee Poonjee	2.00 0 0
<i>In Jhawal State, Khasi Hills.</i>			
7	Patharia Cherra	North—By Ichudora South—By right bank of Patharia Cherra from Ichudora East—By Nowzong West—By Jyram Jhara	6.92 5 0
<i>In Maharam State, Khasi Hills.</i>			
8	Ram Sendem Raske	North—By Chabaror South—By Peak Cherra East—By Kanam Rai Cherra West—By Huram Tala Dhul	2.91 9 0
<i>In Malai Chamat State, Khasi Hills.</i>			
9	Nokria Cherra	North—By south bank of Majdoora South—By Pandemash jungle East—By Mushum Khasa's garden West—By Shua Sing Khasa's garden	5.90 0 0
<i>In Khasi Hills.</i>			
10	Bor Poonjee	North—By lands pertaining to Cherra State South—By lands of mouzah Kalairag and of mouzah Bejay Panduah, in Sylhet East—By the west bank of Ehooban Cherra West—By Doorga Seel	4.20 0 0

H. S. BIVAR, Deputy Commissioner, Khasi and Jynteah Hills

SHILLONG DEPUTY COMMRS. OFFICE, the 20th April 1875.

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following Packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act:—

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.		No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1875.				
May	6th ...	4 Packages [J N E] 10 H C & S Nicol	Fleming & Co.	S. S. Chy-lassa.
"	6th ...	1 Spur Wheel, no mark	Order	Ditto.
"	6th ...	1 Coffee-breaking Machine, no mark or Calcutta.	"	Ditto.
"	6th ...	1 Case, [P B B L G]	"	Ditto.
"	6th ...	1 Case, [W]	Llewellyn & Co.	Ditto.
"	6th ...	10 Bundles Square Iron, no mark	Petumber Pyne & Co.	Ditto.
"	7th ...	2 Cases, [148] A B & Co.	Order	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Case, [1]	"	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Case, Messrs. Berg, Dunlop & Co.	Addressed	Ditto.
"	7th ...	4 Cases, [P & M]	Order	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Case, [P & Co.]	Order Palmer & Co.	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Case, [B C D]	Order	Ditto.
"	7th ...	15 Kegs, [C & M] C	"	Ditto.
"	7th ...	2 Cases, [145]	"	Ditto.
"	7th ...	10 Cases, B D and T I W	Mackenzie, Lyall & Co.	Ditto.
"	7th ...	5 Cases, D P C	Order	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Case, [D C R]	"	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Case, E. Edwards	Addressed	Ditto.
"	7th ...	3 Packages, [E]	Nicol Fleming & Co.	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Case, [M G D D]	Order	Ditto.
"	7th ...	49 Cases, Gill & Co.	Addressed	Ditto.
"	7th ...	4 Cases, A. M. Garden, Esq.	Case of T. Spink & Co.	Ditto.
"	7th ...	14 Packages, [105] H G S	Order	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Case, [H & Co.]	"	Ditto.
"	7th ...	40 Packages, H I J	"	Ditto.
"	7th ...	3 Casks, H H J, 295 K	"	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Case, H A C	"	Ditto.
"	7th ...	5 Packages, [row's foot] I S D, P. W. Dept., Rangoon.	Addressed	Ditto.
"	7th ...	255 Bundles Sheet Iron, B N M and B B.	Sooruth Nauth Man- tal and Petumber Pyne & C	Ditto.
"	7th ...	12 Bundles Round Iron [P B B L and C.]	Order	Ditto.
"	7th ...	3 Bundles Iron, S. E. & Co.	Shaw Finlayson & Co.	Ditto.
"	7th ...	6 Loose Sheets, B B	Petumber Pyne & Co.	Ditto.
"	7th ...	21 Flat Bars, no mark	Order	Ditto.
"	7th ...	2 Kegs, [J] R	"	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Case, [J J C]	"	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Cask, [J K C] I	George Henderson & Co.	Ditto.
"	7th ...	4 Cases, [K] F T B. & Co.	Order	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Case, R [K] N	"	Ditto.
"	7th ...	4 Casks, [K M E, N. P. & Co.]	"	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Case, K. M. & Co.	"	Ditto.
"	7th ...	15 Pkges, J. L. Lyeil	Addressed	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Cask, [L N S]	Order	Ditto.
"	7th ...	2 Cases, [M K] F. T. B. & Co.	"	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Bale, [M E]	"	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Case, Wm. Mackay, Esq.	Addressed	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Case, A. MacBain, Esq., Tirhoot.	"	Ditto.
"	7th ...	4 Casks, no mark	Order	Ditto.
"	7th ...	1 Case Candles, no mark	"	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse, 1875.		No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
May	7th ...	4 Cases, [N. C. D. & Co.] F. T. B. Order	...	S. S. Chyebassa.
		& Co.		
	7th ...	1 Case, [N. F. & Co.] I & T H	Nicol Fleming & Co.	Ditto.
	7th ...	1 Case Brandy, no mark	Order	Ditto.
	7th ...	3 Bales, [N N F]	Nicol Fleming & Co.	Ditto.
	7th ...	A quantity of loose tin plates, no mark	Order	Ditto.
	7th ...	1 Package Wheel, no mark	"	Ditto.
	7th ...	1 Case, no mark	"	Ditto.
	7th ...	2 Cases, 2nd Punjab Cavalry	Addressed	Ditto.
	7th ...	1 Case, Mrs. Sandif rd, Rangoon	"	Ditto.
	7th ...	6 Cases, [P B B L G]	Order	Ditto.
	7th ...	41 Cases, [P. B. B. L. & Co.]	"	Ditto.
	7th ...	50 Cases, [200] R B	"	Ditto.
	7th ...	10 Cases, [946] R B	"	Ditto.
	7th ...	1 Case, R P	"	Ditto.
	7th ...	2 Cases, [11] R N	"	Ditto.
	7th ...	1 Bale, [R] P	"	Ditto.
	7th ...	9 Packages, S E C	"	Ditto.
	7th ...	8 Cases, [S K B] C & B	"	Ditto.
	7th ...	2 Cases, Col. T. W. Sansfield, Rangoon	Addressed	Ditto.
	7th ...	1 Case, [T] A C, Madras	Order	Ditto.
	7th ...	1 Case, [W & C] N S	"	Ditto.
	7th ...	2 Cases, [erow's Foot] W D, 67th Regiment, Rangoon	Addressed	Ditto.
	7th ...	1 Case, W R M	Order	Ditto.
	8th ...	2 Cases, [N. C. D. & Co.] F. T. B. & Co.	"	Ditto.
	8th ...	1 Case, S D, or no mark	"	Peter Stewart.
	8th ...	4 Cases, [J. N. F. & Co.]	Nicol Fleming & Co.	Ditto.
	4th ...	4 Cases, A. B. & Co. [135]	Order	S. S. Cay of Mecca.
	4th ...	1 Case, A. L. S. & Co.	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Case, B D	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	4 Cases, [A G C]	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	22 Cases, [G] S L	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Case, HK	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	3 Bangles Flat Iron, no mark	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Bundle Iron, [B] L B	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	3 Kegs, I R J N F N X M	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	4 Iron Weights [J J C] or no mark.	Anglo-Indian Carry- ing Co.	Ditto.
	4th ...	5 Cases, [K] N S	Order	Ditto.
	4th ...	7 Pipes, L O R D	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	8 Cases, [208] M. C. & Co.	Mahomed Ibrahim & Co.	Ditto.
	4th ...	2 Cases, [M] J A E C or no mark	Order	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Pipe, no mark	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Case, no mark	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Iron Weight, no mark	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	4 Pipes, no mark	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Cast Iron, S. K. & Co., no mark	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Case, S J J C	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	7 Packages, " Walker "	Magallister	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Sample Parcel, J B O J L C	Order	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Sample Parcel, S M K	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Sample Parcel, [27] [M A] W	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Sample Parcel	J. B. Pomeroy, care of T. Morrison & Co.	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Sample Parcel, [M C]	Order	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Sample Parcel, Capt. Anderson or [R C].	Addressed	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Sample Parcel, no mark	Order	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Sample Case, no mark	"	Ditto.
	4th ...	1 Sample Case, [H] P J	"	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.		No., Mark, and Description.		Consignees.	Ships.
1875.					
May	4th ...	1	Pipe, J A L, G	... Order	...S. S. City of Mecca.
"	4th ...	1	Case, [T. S. & Co., C]	... "	... Ditto.
"	4th ...	1	Packagge Casting, no mark	... "	... Ditto.
"	4th ...	2	Packages, [T. S. & Co.]	... "	... Ditto.
"	8th ...	19	Cases, [I] Medical Department.	Addressed	... John Tennant.
"	3rd ...	35	Packages, M M C	... Order	...S. S. City of Man- chester.
"	3rd ...	1	Casting, no mark	... "	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	1	Casting, H F T, R. M. & Co.	... "	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	1	Casting, [W H S] or no mark	... "	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	1	Case, no mark or A & H or [M]	... "	...Ship Chinsura.
"	3rd ...	1	Case, B. L. & Co.	... "	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	1	Cask, [C] J. S. & Co.	... Young, Gray & Co.	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	4	Cases, [F. R. & Co.]	... Order	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	2	Cases, [F M]	... "	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	1	Case, [G R]	... "	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	2	Cases, [J S & C C]	... "	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	1	Case, K M D	... G. C. Ghose	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	15	Bales, [M F S]	... Order	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	4	Casks, no mark	... "	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	1	Case Window Glass, no mark ..	... "	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	1	Case, [R M]	... "	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	2	Casks, [S] D. C. N. & Co.	... "	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	7	Cases, [W. & Co.] H. K.	... "	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	9	Packages, [W & Co.] J C	... "	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	104	Cases, [W & Co.]	... "	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	18	Bales, [W. & Co.] S B	... "	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	10	Cases, [W. & Co.] D. & Co.	... "	... Ditto.
"	3rd ...	1	Sample Case, [R]	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	6	Packages, [31] A. B. & Co.	... "	...Duke of Lancaster.
"	6th ...	4	Cases, = "123" =	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	3	Cases, = "121" =	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	3	Cases, = "403" =	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	5	Packages, = "514" =	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	1	Case, = "413" =	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	5	Cases, = "182" =	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	1	Case, = "158" =	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	24	Cases, [B C]	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	6	Cases, [D & D] S. & Co.	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	1	Case, Messrs. John Davis & Co.	Addressed	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	1	Case, [E O K]	... Order	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	1	Cask, E & O	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	2	Casks, G. C. M. & Co.	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	8	Casks, [102] G C B, W. H. & Co.	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	1	Case, A. O. Hume, Esq.	... Care of M. Mackenzie & Co.	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	1	Case, [421] H & R	... Order	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	8	Cases, [H] R	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	8	Cases, [R N] A H & Co.	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	10	Casks, [L] S [L]	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	2	Cases, [210] M. C. & Co.	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	1	Case, [40] M. C. & Co.	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	1	Cask, no mark	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	1	Bundle loose Wire Netting	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	2	Cases, [R. D. & Co.]	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	1	Case, [98] R J	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	1	Cask, [678] R B	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	1	Case, [198] K M A, W. H. & Co.	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	25	Kegs, [154] R N R W H & Co.	... "	... Ditto.
"	6th ...	30	Pipes, [D D and S]	... "	... Ditto.
"	8th ...	1	Cask, B G D K, N. P. & Co.	... "	...S. Flamingo.
"	8th ...	14	Packages, [B T C]	... "	... Ditto.
"	8th ...	2	Cases, [9 B. L. B. & Co.]	... "	... Ditto.
"	8th ...	9	Cases, [C M S]	... "	... Ditto.
"	8th ...	1	Case, [C C C]	... "	... Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse 1875.	No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
May 8th ...	1 Case, [D] ... Order	...	S. S. Flamingo.
" 8th ...	1 Case, E M B ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	4 Cases, G B R ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	14 Cases, [H. A. & Co.] C & B ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	12 Cases, H H H ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	116 Cases, [H B H] or no mark ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	70 Packages, [J. D. & Co.] ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	1 Case, [6 L S C] ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	1 Case, [7 L S C] ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	1 Case, [M] G G ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	4 Packages, R B [678] ... Koylas Chunder Dass & Co.	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	1 Cask, R B [678] or no mark Order	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	1 Case, R B [464] ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	1 Case, [912] R B ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	3 Cases, [R] [R] M M ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	10 Cases, [S. G. & Co.] D ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	3 Casks, [99] W. H. & Co. ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	1 Keg, [B. T. & Co.] ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	10 Cases, [H B H] or no mark ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	6 Kegs, [M M, N. P. & Co.] ... Petumber Pyne & Co.	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	4 Cases, no mark ... Order	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	15 Kegs, G. S. & Co., P Calcutta Petumber Pyne & Co.	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	70 Kegs, [28] R B ... Order	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	1 Sample Parcel, [F G] H ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	1 Sample Case [12] E D J ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	1 Sample Parcel, G C M. & Co. Addressed or G. C. Mackenzie Brothers,	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	1 Sample Parcel, W. Hurst & Co. ... "	...	Ditto.
" 8th ...	1 Case, [5 L S C] ... Order	...	Ditto.
CALCUTTA, the 8th May 1875. (198-1)		D. SCOTT, <i>Offg. Vice-Chairman.</i>	

Notice.

List of Unclaimed Packages on the Custom House Wharf.

Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
1 Parcel, [H S B C], 4 S K	... Navarino.
1 Parcel, [H J B C] 4 G H, [H B C] T G H	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, [T M]	... Ditto.
2 Plates of Iron, no mark	... Star of Albion.
2 Plates of Iron [F]	... Hindoo.
5 Bars T Iron, S A S	... Navarino.
2 Bundles Round Iron, no mark	... Ditto.
11 Bars of Iron, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, D [B] H I S	... Historian.
1 Grindstone, B. L. & Co., B	... Kenyon.
2 Barrels, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Cask, [H]	... Ellen Stuart.
1 Case, [71] T B C, Madras	... Duke of Lancaster.
1 Case, [D. E. & Co. K 902] B. B. & Co.	... Capella.
10 Bundles Hoop Iron, no mark	... Ditto.
3 Bars of Iron, no mark	... Ditto.
11 Bars of Angle Iron, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Case, [J. & Co.]	... Ditto.
1 Small Box, S W	... Ditto.
2 Cakes Spelter, V	... Ditto.
1 Case, [1359] N B	... Sultan.
1 Case, W P	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, [B. & Co.]	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, [H S B C] 4 S K	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, [H J B C] 4 G H	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, Borradaile Schiller & Co.	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, [S K M] 4	... Ditto.
1 Truss, [R B] J W	... Ditto.
5 Plates of Iron, no mark	... Ditto.

N.B.—The above will be sold if not cleared within the 22nd May 1875.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, the 8th May 1875.

J. D. MACLEAN, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

**Monthly Statement of Traffic passed through the Circular and Eastern Canals
from 1st to 30th April 1875.**

		CALCUTTA CANALS.				TOLLY'S NALLAR.	
		Hammun- ghatta.	Chittpore.	Raiak's Khal.	Sainook- putta.	Ruska.	Khiderpore.
CHARCOAL	Number of boats	.....	170	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	1,70,800 91,428	.....	.....	1 50	105 77,850 45,365
WOOD COAL	Number of boats	11	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	1,090 780	450 200	.....	.....	.....	.....
PIECE-GOODS, NA- TIVE PRODUCE	Number of boats	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
PIECE-GOODS, IM- PORTED FABRICS.	Number of boats	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,200
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	p. h. 69
HIDES	Number of boats	650	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	p. h. 4,350	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
COTTON	Number of boats	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	2,850 p. h. 600	.....	.....	.....	.....
CASTOR-SEED	Number of boats	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
CASTOR-OIL	Number of boats	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
INDIGO	Number of boats	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
JAGGERY	Number of boats	52	.....	.....	.....	.....	15
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	21,600 19,825	.....	.....	47 12,975	.....	1,925 602
JUTE	Number of boats	137	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	1,41,775 p. h. 80,555	.....	.....	9 10,850	.....	.....
LINSE	Number of boats	98	17	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	1,27,600 70,000	13,900 7,500	.....	1	.....	.....
MUSTARD-SEED	Number of boats	105	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	68,400 37,508	175 75	.....	16,675 6,70	.....	.....
MUSTARD-SEED OIL	Number of boats	.....	75	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	75 90	.....	.....	.....	.....
SALT	Number of boats	.....	443	.....	.....	.....	6
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	2,19,075 1,21,083	.....	.....	.....	91 63,175
SUGAR	Number of boats	114	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	41,700 22,800	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
TOBACCO	Number of boats	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	3,250 1,800	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
LIMESEED	Number of boats	107	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	41,000 22,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
PADDY	Number of boats	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	7,000 4,085	.....	.....	30,100 13,783	.....	.....
PULSES	Number of boats	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	14,000 8,000	.....	.....	31,575 12,470	.....	.....
PEAS	Number of boats	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	16,800 16,800	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
RICE	Number of boats	.....	.....	.....	.....	53	220
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	.....	.....	.....	45,250 19,745	7,100 6,297
WHEAT	Number of boats	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	3,900 1,450	.....	.....	1,800 500	.....	.....
LENTIL	Number of boats	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	325 200	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
GRAIN	Number of boats	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	490 200 740
SCUMBLE	Number of boats	1,600	900	30	558	337	1,44,975
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	2,79,600	2,38,025	850	80,875	14,075	.....
SPICES, PEPPERS	Number of boats	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
MISCELLANEOUS VEGETABLE PRO- DUCE.	Number of boats	80	8	.....	.....	.....	57
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	8,450 3,553	725 30	.....	.....	.....	11,600 7,905
SHELLAC AND OTHER DYES	Number of boats	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
TIMBER	Number of boats	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	475 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
BRASS AND BRASS- WORK	Number of boats	.....	pice	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
OTHER METALS	Number of boats	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	1
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	1,975 875	.....	.....	.....	1,300 600
GREEN	Number of boats	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	1,700 555	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
SILK AND SILK GOODS	Number of boats	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
COTTON GOODS	Number of boats	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
GUNNIES	Number of boats	91	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	16,750 9,100	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
SALTPETER	Number of boats	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	8,025 4,075	.....	.....	2,600 1,300	.....	.....
HORNS	Number of boats	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
FIREWOOD	Number of boats	1,197	.....	.....	877	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	8,83,725 4,59,460	.....	.....	1,25,850 58,135	.....	.....
FISH	Number of boats	202	.....	.....	30	.....	40
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	30,150 6,719	.....	.....	5,000 1,095	.....	7,700 1,902
BETELNUT	Number of boats	87	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Maunderage by canal measurement of cargo by estimate	22,200 11,315	.....	.....	9,660 3,875	.....	.....

MAPS OF THE SURVEY OF INDIA,

Published at the Office of the Surveyor-General of India, Calcutta, for the Quarter ending 31st March 1875.

Agents in Calcutta,—MESSRS. THACKER, SPINK & CO.

Local Agents :

Allahabad,—CURATOR OF GOVT. BOOKS.

Nagpore,—CURATOR OF GOVT. BOOKS.

Bombay,—MESSRS. THACKER, VINING & CO.

Lahore,—MR. W. BALL, BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER.

N.B.—Maps are not sold at the Office of the Surveyor-General of India, Calcutta, but applications for maps on payment should be made to Agents. This Department only issues maps, *free of charge*, on the Public Service. It is particularly requested that the nearest local Agent as above be first applied to for any map required on the Public Service before indenting on this Department. The cost of postage of parcels must be borne by applicants themselves, as also such incidental charges as may be incurred at their request for mounting and binding maps. The best maps are invariably supplied in lieu of those asked for, which may not be available, and lists of all newly-published maps are periodically notified in the *Gazettes of India* and of local Governments.

DESCRIPTION.	Size.	Price of Map unmounted per sheet or copy	
		Uncolored.	Colored.
		Rs. As.	Rs. As.
DISTRICT MAPS.			
<i>Scale 2 Miles = 1 Inch.</i>			
Garo Hills, Lower Assam	4 Sheet Atlas.	2 0	2 8
<i>Scale 4 Miles = 1 Inch.</i>			
Garo Hills, Lower Assam	Atlas.	1 0	1 0
Chindwara (skeleton)	Double Elephant.	1 8	1 12
REVENUE SURVEY MAPS			
<i>Scale 1 Mile = 1 Inch.</i>			
Bareilly, Sheets Nos. 2, 4, 8 and 11	Double Royal.	1 8	1 12
Nowgong, ditto 3, 4 and 8	Ditto.	1 8	1 12
Moorshedabad, ditto 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 9	Ditto.	1 8	1 12
Durrung, ditto 1 and 2	Double Elephant.	1 8	1 12
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY MAPS.			
<i>Scale 1 Mile = 1 Inch.</i>			
Gwalior and Central India, Sheets Nos. 4 (b) 7a, 27, 32, (2nd Edition) 57, 60, 61 and 71	Double Elephant.	1 0	1 4
N. E. D., Central Provinces, Sheet Nos. 17, 18, 23, 27, 28 and 29	Ditto.	1 0	1 4
Bhopal and Malwa, Sheets Nos. 15, 17 and 26	Ditto.	1 0	1 4
Khandesh and Bombay Native States, Sheets Nos. 2 and 3	Ditto.	1 0	1 4
<i>Scale 2 Miles = 1 Inch.</i>			
N. E. D., Central Provinces, $\frac{1}{2}$ Degree Sheet No. 1 South and No. 2 North	Ditto.	1 0	1 4
CANTONMENT, CITY, AND CIVIL STATION PLANS.			
<i>Scale 1 Mile = 6 Inches.</i>			
Erinpoora Cantonment in Rajpootana	$\frac{1}{2}$ Sheet Imperial.	0 8	0 10
Nyanagar City ditto	Ditto.	0 8	0 10
Hydrabad Cantonment, City and Environs	2 Sheets of D. R.	2 0	2 8
Maliesar City, Fort and Environs	Imperial	0 8	0 12
<i>Scale 1 Mile = 24 Inches.</i>			
Simla and Jutog, Sheets Nos. 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20	Double Elephant.	1 4	1 8
<i>Scale 1 Mile = 16 Inches.</i>			
Simla and Jutog, Sheets Nos. 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20	$\frac{1}{2}$ Double Elephant.	0 12	1 0

J. O. N. JAMES, *Assistant Surveyor-General.*

SURVEYOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE, Calcutta, 15th April 1875.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
7916	A 74997	1,000	Mahomed Musad Kassim Khan.
7917	L 42343	100	Joda Roy Vunna Mull.
	L 46988	100	
	L 23172	5	Cooppada Sunniah Naidoo.
7929	L 73256	100	
	L 73257	100	Sree Nath Moitro.
7945	L 97803	50	
	L 12954	5	N. D'Silva, for Messrs. F. W. Heilgers & Co.
7950	L 11606	5	
	L 33385	100	Lok Nath Bosu.
7951	L 77345	50	
7953	L 54045	100	Mohesh Chunder Bosu.
	L 85376	5	The Deputy Commissioner, Paper Currency, Allahabad.
7958	L 85375	5	
9	L 38610	5	Messrs. Gopaul Chunder Mitter & Co.
	L 11178	10	
10	L 65127	100	The Offg. Post-Master-General, Bengal.
11	L 62185	20	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

7918	...	L 12853	...	10	...	Ram Chunder Ray, for Janki Nath Mezoomdar.
7919	...	L 31485	...	20	...	L. F. MacLean.
7920	...	L 85337	...	5	...	Komola Prosuno Bol.
7921	...	L 25179	...	10	...	Promotho Nath Bose.
	...	L 84619	...			
7923	...	L 60087	...	10	}	H. Collie.
	...	L 60088	...	10		
	...	L 60089	...	10		
7924	...	L 39466	...	20	}	
	...	L 39465	...			
	...	L 77423	...	10	}	Petumber Sen, for Kader Nath Kur.
	...	L 77422	...			
	...	L 62718	...	5	}	
	...	L 69993	...			
7925	...	L 74595	...	10	}	Mohanundo Nath.
	...	L 74596	...			
7926	...	L 43026	...	20	...	Grish Chunder Chuckerbutty.
7927	...	L 19935	...	10	...	Hacjie Hanco Solomon.
7928	...	L 01146	...	10	}	Juggernath Ram Protap.
	...	L 01149	...			
7932	...	L 07134	...	10	}	J. R. Napier.
	...	L 93634	...	10		
7933	...	L 67624	...	100	...	Bahadoor Sing Protap Sing.
7934	...	L 08091	...	10	...	J. Needham.
7906	...	L 53190	...	10	}	Sham Chund Paul.
	...	L 53186	...	10		
7862	...	L 61029	...	50	...	Jigroo Meerda.
7935	...	L 15853	...	20	...	Keder Nath Mookerjee.
7936	...	L 70190	...	50	}	Mahamed Abdeol Ronomon.
	...	L 53019	...	20		
	...	L 47653	...	20		
	...	L 61472	...	20		
	...	L 47651	...	20		
	...	L 47664	...	20		
	...	L 47649	...	20		
	...	L 01338	...	20		

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Notes <i>partic</i>		Name of Claimant.
		Value.	Rs.	
	$\frac{L}{45}$ 92379	...	20	}
	$\frac{L}{45}$ 01608	...	20	
	47644	...	20	
7937	$\frac{L}{41}$ 56374	...	10	} Captain W. A. Roberts, R. H. A.
	56378	...	...
7938	$\frac{L}{10}$ 08289	...	5	} Kedar Nath.
	08296	...	...
7939	$\frac{L}{10}$ 38624	...	100	} Messrs. Ambler & Co.
	32224	...	...
7940	$\frac{L}{36}$ 01434	...	20	} Kassi Nath Paul.
	06168	...	...
	$\frac{L}{27}$ 27566	...	20	} Hurdoyal Bramun.
7941	$\frac{L}{27}$ 26827	...	10	
7944	$\frac{A}{27}$ 95042	...	10	} Nobin Gopaul Roy.
	95043	...	...
7946	$\frac{L}{3}$ 30007	...	10	} Ramdhundas Roghoo Nath Dass.
	03210	...	...
	$\frac{A}{67}$ 99113	...	10	
7948	$\frac{L}{17}$ 97917	...	5	} Joy Kristo Sen.
7954	$\frac{A}{24}$ 57590	...	20	
	$\frac{L}{27}$ 07596	...	20	} Nobin Kristo Bose.
	$\frac{L}{28}$ 54038	...	20	
	54029	...	20	
	72682	...	20	
7955	$\frac{L}{38}$ 46475	...	10	} Hurro Gobind Chuckerbutty.
	46474	...	...
	$\frac{L}{16}$ 64658	...	5	
	64657	...	...
	$\frac{L}{10}$ 81904	...	5	
	81905	...	...
7956	$\frac{L}{20}$ 05084	...	5	} J. W. Limington.
	05085	...	...
7957	$\frac{L}{38}$ 81598	...	100	Oheedharee Bosa.
7959	$\frac{L}{29}$ 08929	...	10	Kala Chund Snome.
7960	$\frac{L}{20}$ 69368	...	10	Necoor Chunder Bysack.
7961	$\frac{L}{16}$ 50998	...	20	Jodoo Nath Banerjee.
7262	$\frac{A}{53}$ 89035	...	1,000	} Roy Dhunoput Sing Bahadoor.
	88054	...	1,000	
7963	$\frac{L}{49}$ 17848	...	50	} Mohesh Chunder Surosutty.
	16155	...	50	
7964	$\frac{L}{17}$ 05368	...	100	Lt.-Col. C. V. Jenkins.
7965	$\frac{L}{34}$ 20411	...	10	} N. V. Myline.
	20413	...	...
17	$\frac{L}{20}$ 74746	...	10	Nobin Chunder Ghose.
18	$\frac{A}{28}$ 70567	...	20	W. F. Graham, Esq.
19	$\frac{L}{16}$ 11486	...	5	Mohesh Chunder Surosutty.
20	$\frac{A}{22}$ 52690	...	20	Mohendero Nath Ghose.
7	$\frac{L}{44}$ 16939	...	10	} Suffer Khan.
	16939	...	...
8	$\frac{L}{17}$ 69201	...	20	} Mohendero Nath Ghose.
	59256	...	...
9	$\frac{L}{20}$ 57935	...	10	} Messrs. King, King & Co.
	57934	...	...
10	$\frac{A}{27}$ 94565	...	10	} Bruijo Nath Paul.
	94575	...	...

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,
The 11th May 1875.

R. A. STERNBACK.
Asst. Commr. of Paper Curr.

Notice.

THE appointment of Sheristadar and Head Clerk (Revenue Department) of this Office has fallen vacant, and will be filled up on the 15th proximo. Candidates are requested to submit their applications, with copies of testimonials, before that date. None need apply who have not a competent knowledge of English, or who have not served in a Revenue Office for at least two years. Salary Rs. 120 to 200 a month.

F. B. PEACOCK, *Offg. Commissioner.*

DACCA COMM'R.'s OFFICE, the 22nd April 1875.

Notice.

REQUIRED for the Rajshahye District, from the 1st October next, a District Engineer on a salary not exceeding Rs. 500 per mensem, having professional education, and qualifications equal to those of an Executive Engineer, Public Works Department. No applications will be considered unless they are accompanied by certificates of qualification.

W. H. D'OYLEY, *Chairman, District Road Cess Committee.*

RAJSHAHYE, DISTRICT ROAD CESS COMMITTEE'S OFFICE, the 27th April 1875.

Notice

Is hereby given that the post of Collectorate Sheristadarship has temporarily fallen vacant on the appointment of the late incumbent as a Special Deputy Collector. The salary attached to the post is Rs. 80 per month. No one need apply who does not know English, or who has not a thorough acquaintance with the routine business of a Collector's office.

Applications, with copies of testimonials, will be received up to the 26th proximo, when the post will be filled up.

L. B. B. KING, *Officiating Collector.*

MAIDAH COLLECTORATE, the 26th April 1875.

Bhagirutty River.

Weekly Water Report showing the Least Depth of Water in the Bhagirutty River, for the week ending Friday, the 30th April 1875.

Names of Places, &c.	Least depth of water.		REMARKS
	Ft.	In.	
Entrance below Chourasia	3	6	
Thence to Noorpore junction, 6 miles	2	9	
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles	2	9	
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles	2	9	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles	2	3	
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles	2	6	Boats drawing 2½ feet can pass throughout the river without any difficulty.

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 3rd May 1875, above zero, 1 foot 4½ inches.

J. S. CAREY, C.E., *Exc. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Division.*

BERHAMPORE, the 8rd May 1875.

Bhagirutty River.

Weekly Water Report showing the Least Depth of Water in the Bhagirutty River for the week ending Friday, the 7th May 1875.

Names of Places, &c.	Least depth of water.		REMARKS
	Ft.	In.	
Entrance below Chourasia	3	6	
Thence to Noorpore junction, 6 miles	2	6	
„ to Jungipore, 9 miles	6	0	
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles	3	0	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles	2	3	
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles	3	6	Boats drawing 2½ feet can pass throughout the river without any

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 10th May 1875, above zero, 1 foot 8 inches.

J. S. CAREY, C.E., *Exc. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Division.*

BERHAMPORE, the 10th May 1875.

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Amount raised at Madras
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Amount raised at Ben's
April 1875
Amount raised at Calcut
April 1875

DEBIT-

Amount written off in the For

Balance on 30th April 1875

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
Calcutta, the 3rd May

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 4th May 1875.

LIABILITIES.			Rs.	A.	P.	ASSETS.			Rs.	A.	P.
Proprietors' capital, paid-up ...	...	...	2,30,00,000	0	0	Government Securities ...	...	...	1,80,30,700	13	1
Reserve Fund ...	...	...	16,05,235	13	1	Loans on Government Securities, &c., at	...	...	80,81,602	0	0
General Treasury	}	}	...	...	...	Head Office and Branches ...	...	...	75,05,719	0	0
Balance at Head Office ...						Accounts of credit on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	...	...	2,17,31,050	0	0
General Treasury						Morantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches ...	...	...	10,77,342	7	1
Balance at Branches ...	1,81,86,363	14	0			Stamps ...	...	...	12,623	7	11
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches ...	...	...	2,12,63,073	3	2	Balances with other banks ...	...	...	5,61,184	1	8
Bank Post Bills, &c. ...	...	...	5,99,006	3	2	Sundries ...	...	...	19,007	1	3
Sundries ...	...	...	8,63,468	14	7	Bullion ...	...	...	16,039	12	3
									5,40,95,485	5	0
						Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office ...	Rs. 1,00,62,730-8-6		2,70,33,145	13	4
						Cash and Currency Notes at Branches ...	,, 1,80,80,408-1-10				
Total ...			8,11,28,631	2	4	Total ...			8,11,28,631	2	4

BANK OF BENGA.
Calcutta, the 6th May 1875.

J. GORDON,
Chief Accountant & Deputy Secretary.

By order of the Directors,
R. HARRIS,
Secretary and Treasurer.
(193-1)

Notification

UNDER REGULATION V OF 1799.

CERTAIN effects belonging to Lieutenant C. F. Cooke, R.E., who died of cholera at Nowgong, in Rajshahye, on the 10th April 1875, are in charge of the Executive Engineer, Bogra Special Division, on behalf of this Court, and will be delivered to any person who may be duly authorized to receive the same.

J. B. WORGAN, *Offg. District Judge.*

RAJSHAHYE DISTRICT JUDGE'S COURT, the 3rd May 1875. (191-3)

Notice

Is hereby given that the audit and examination of the Municipal Accounts for the year 1874 will be made under Section 34 of Act VI (B.C.) of 1863, at the Office of the Justices, from and after 25th May 1875, and that a copy of the Accounts to be audited and examined will be open during office hours for the inspection of all parties interested from and after the 17th idem.

ROBERT TURNBULL, *Secy. to the Justices.*

The 11th May 1875. (199-1)

Eastern Cachar Tea Company, "Limited."

SEASON 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Eastern Cachar Tea Company, "Limited," will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 14, Old Court House Street, on Saturday, the 29th May, at noon, to receive the Directors' Report and Accounts for the year ending 31st January 1875, to declare a further Dividend, and to transact such other business as may be brought forward.

CALCUTTA, the 7th May 1875. (195-3) STEEL, McINTOSH & Co., *Agents and Secretaries.*

Ramkistopore Press Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of Rs. 4 per share, making, with the *ad-interim* dividend, Rs. 10 per cent., for the half-year ending the 31st March 1875, has been declared payable on and after the 12th May 1875, on presentation of scrip.

CALCUTTA, RUSHTON BROTHERS, *Managing Directors and Secretaries,*
The 8th May 1875. (197-1) *Ramkistopore Press Company, Limited.*

Budge-Budge Jute Mills Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that the third call of Rs. 15 per share on the new shares of the Company has been made, and will be payable at the Registered Office, No. 7, Clive Row, Calcutta, on Tuesday, 25th May 1875.

By order of the Directors,
The 27th April 1875. (181-3) ANDREW YULE AND Co., *Agents.*

Great Eastern Hotel, Wine and General Purveying Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that the 26th Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Nos. 1, 2, and 3, Old Court House Street, on Saturday, the 29th May 1875, at 3 o'clock p.m., to receive the Directors' Report, to pass the Accounts for the year ended 28th February last, to declare a Dividend, and to transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting.

By order of the Directors,

CALCUTTA, the 27th April 1875.

(180-5)

A. CUMMING, *Secretary*.

R. Scott Thompson and Company, "Limited."

THE Twenty-fourth Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 15, Government Place, on Monday, the 17th May 1875, at noon, to receive and pass the Accounts for the year ending 31st March last, to declare a Dividend, and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

By order of the Directors,

(177-3)

ROBERT CARRERY, Jr., *Secretary*.

Howrah Mills Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the office of the Company, No. 8, New China Bazar Street, on Saturday, the 22nd of May 1875, at 3 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of passing the following special Resolution, viz.—

"That such of the alterations, additions, and amendments to the Company's Articles of Association, which were submitted and approved at the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on the 24th April 1875, as may be passed by this Meeting, shall be and are hereby adopted, and that the Articles of Association of the Company be altered, added to, and amended accordingly."

By order of the Directors,

EUNSTHAUSEN AND OESTERLEY, *Managing Agents and Secretaries*.

CALCUTTA, the 1st May 1875.

(185-3)

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

Aushootesh Day *versus* Rajcoomaree Dassee and others.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, the 14th day of May next, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, the Receiver of the High Court will put up, at his office in the court premises, for lease upon such terms and conditions as can be ascertained upon application to him, the under-mentioned zemindaries belonging to the estate of the late Kristonundo Biswas, that is to say—

In 24-Pergunnahs, within the district of the Magistrate of Baraset—

The following dhees and mouzahs of eight annas' share of pergunnah Annorepore, recorded in the register of the Collector as Nos. 146—1 and 146—2 (formerly No. 146), viz. dhees Bissonauthpore, dhees Shohoye Bhangah, dhees Baloeria, dhees Kootub Shahee, dhees Kristopore, dhees Kaleekapore, dhees Bacoonda, dhees Basdebpore, dhees Bodeye, dhees Chorkharah, dhees Barooa, and dhees Shaharah, and mouzahs Tal Dhathea, Pannyharah and Baharry, and Bonomallypore, with cutcherry, bautees, hauts, bazars, ghauts, tanks, gardens, shops, factories (save the implements of Muddoomoorally factory), and all other profits and appurtenances to the said eight annas' share of the said several dhees and mouzahs belonging.

Debetro resumed permanently-settled mehal called Kismut Madhabpore, &c., registered as No. 1178, with cutcherry, bautees, hauts, bazars, ghauts, &c., as stated above.

In 24-Pergunnahs, within the district of the Magistrate of 24-Pergunnahs—

The following turuffs, mouzahs, and kismuts of eight annas' share of mehal Madrassa, Nos. 145 and 145—1 (formerly No. 145), viz. turuffs Jangrah, Panchoo rah, Hautoo, Kodalia, and Hautgachee; Mouzah Bone Hoogly, and Kismut Khurdah, turuff Hadiah, mouzah Neiz Hadiah, and mouzah Khayadobo, with cutcherry, bautees, hauts, bazars, tanks, gardens, shops, &c., as stated above.

The following turuffs, mouzah, and kismuts of eight annas' share of the zemindary Bawtah, known by the name of Sreebatty, in pergunnah Calcutta, registered as Nos. 147 and 147—1 (formerly No. 147), viz. turuffs Byrampore, Mawsool, and Ragoonathpore; and mouzah Deorgabatty, and kismut Khurdah, mehal Sreebatty, and mouzah Coomar Pookurrah, with cutcherry, bautees, hauts, bazars, &c., as stated above.

The following turuffs, mouzahs, and kismuts of the zemindary No. 169, called Hautearah, viz. turuffs Neiz Hautearah and Khorumleah, and mouzahs Barakhollah, Anbeerampore, Ghanteo, and Bygatchee, &c., and kismuts Santgatchee, Donarut, and Chapra, with cutcherry bautees, hauts, bazars, ghauts, gardens, shops, &c., as stated above.

One-fifth of one anna and their pies' share of the zemindary of the late Gocool Kiste Gossain, No. 217, called kismut Khurdah, with cutcherry, bautees, hauts, bazars, as stated above.

For further particulars apply at the Receiver's Office.

High Court, Receiver's Office, April 1875.

(166-3)

☞ The following books may be had from the Office of Superintendent, Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street. No orders can be attended to, unless accompanied by a remittance. When postage stamps are forwarded, one anna additional should be sent for every Rupee's worth of stamp for discount in exchanging them for cash. Service labels are not received.

Books required on the public service are only supplied when authorized by the Department under whose orders they are published.

A Manual of Family Medicine for India. By W. J. Moore, Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh; Member of the Royal College of Surgeons of England; Fellow of the University of Bombay; Surgeon-Major, Her Majesty's Indian Medical Service, Bombay Establishment; Surgeon to the Rajpootana Political Agency; and Superintendent-General of Dispensaries and Vaccination for Rajpootana. *Price—*

To Government officers (except those mentioned below) and to the public at large. *Rs. 4.*

To all officers employed in the Forest, Customs, Opium, Surveys, Public Works, and other Government Departments, who are in receipt of salaries under Rs. 500 per mensem, on a certificate being furnished declaring that the book is to be purchased only for the personal use of the officer. *Rs. 3.*

Packing and postage, per copy, 10 annas.

Army List.

The Official Quarterly Army List of H. M.'s Forces in Bengal, to which is appended the Civil Service Gradation List, corrected up to 1st April 1875. *Price Rs. 4; packing and postage, 8 annas.*

Public Works Department Classified List, corrected up to 1st October 1874. *Price, Rs. 2; packing and postage, 4 annas.*

Rules for the Qualification, Admission, and Enrolment of Pleaders and Mooktears in Mofussil Courts. *Price 4 annas; by post, 5 annas.*

Rules for Admission of Vakeels in the High Court. *Price 4 annas; by post, 5 annas.*

New authorized edition corrected up to 1st December 1873: royal 8vo., limp covers, with every alternate page blank for entering notes and alterations.

The Civil Pension Code. *Price, Re. 1-4; packing and postage, 4 as.*

The Civil Leave Code. *Price, Re. 1; packing and postage, 3 as.*

The Acting Allowance Code. *Price, As. 8; packing and postage, 2 as.; or*

The Three Codes bound in one vol. *Price, Rs. 2-8; packing and postage, 8 as.*

A Report on the Expedition to Western Yunan via Blamo. By John Anderson, M.D., Medical Officer and Naturalist to the Expedition. *Price Rs. 8; packing and postage, 14 annas.*

Report of the Commissioners appointed by the Government of India to inquire into the Origin, Nature, &c., of Indian Cattle Plagues. With Appendices, Calcutta. 1871. Folio, pp. xxx and 999, with Maps. *Price Rs. 10; packing and postage, Rs. 2.*

Selections from Unpublished Records of Government for the years 1748 to 1767 inclusive. Relating mainly to the social condition of Bengal. With a Map of Calcutta in 1784. By the Rev. J. Long, Member of the Government Record Commission. *Price Rs. 5; packing and postage 1 Re. extra.*

Selections from Calcutta Gazettes of the years 1816 to 1823 inclusive, showing the political and social condition of the English in India upwards of fifty years ago. By Hugh David Sandeman, C.S., Accountant-General, Bengal, and Member of the Record Commission. *Volume I, Rs. 3, and Volumes II, III, IV, and V, at Rs. 5 each; packing and postage Re. 1 extra.*

Revised (Indian) Army Regulations, Regulations and Orders for the Army of the Bengal Presidency. Published by authority. Royal 8vo., cloth boards. *Price, Rs. 4; packing and postage, Re. 1. Interleaved copy, Rs. 5; packing and postage, Re. 1-12.*

Book of Forms referred to in the above. Foolscap folio, enclosed in stiff covers. *Price, Rs. 2; packing and postage, Re. 1-8.*

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CALCUTTA, the 22nd September 1873.

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Bengal Civil Fund.**NOTICE.**

THE Half-yearly General Meeting of Subscribers will be held at the Town Hall on Wednesday, the 28th July next, at 4-30 P.M.

By order of the Managers,

C. P. L. MACAULAY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BENGAL CIVIL FUND, the 10th May 1875.

(200—1)

Notice.

THE interest and responsibility of the late Baboo Bhogobutty Churn Law in our firm ceased on the 30th April last. (184-4) PRAWNKISSEN LAW AND CO.

Notice.

MR. ALEXANDER ANDERSON is authorized to sign our firm per procuration. (186—f.n.)

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.

Notice.

INTEREST draft for Rs. 90, No. 008827, dated 12th February 1875, in favor of Megloll Dhur, has been lost. Any one restoring the same to the undersigned will be rewarded if required. (194—3) MUDGHOODUN DUTT.

Stolen,

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 019889, of the 4 per cent of 1842-43, for Rs. 5,400, and Nos. 008612 and 011382, of the 4 per cent. of 1835-36, for Rs. 2,000, each being Rs. 1,000, originally standing in the name of Kadumbine Dabie, the proprietress, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is to be made for the issue of duplicates in favor of the proprietress.

(196—3)

KADUMBINE DABIE, *Scrapore, Zillah Hooghly.*

Lost,

THE following Government Promissory Notes,—

No. 22522, for Rs. 1,000, of 4 per cent, dated the 31st March 1835-36.

No. 22523, for Rs. 1,000, of 4 per cent, dated the 31st March 1835-36.

No. 22524, for Rs. 5,400, dated the 1st February 1843.

(190—3)

W. D. PRATT, *District Superintendent of Police, Hooghly.*

Lost.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Note, which last stood in the name of Choonee Loll Khandelwall:—

No. 340, of the 5 per cent. loan of 1856-75 for Rs. 500.

(182—3)

Mackenzie Lyall & Co.

ON Friday next, the 14th May 1875, will be sold by public auction, at the Exchange Commercial Sale-rooms, on account of the concerned, the following six packages hardware landed ex S. S. *Thibet*, damaged by sea water, viz.—

[N] J. H. & Co., 51 to 55—5 Cases Padlocks, iron and brass, of sizes.

H H M L, No. 113—1 Case Wood Screws.

(201—1)

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

IN the matter of DWARKANATH GHOSE, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 3rd day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Nemy Chunder Bose, *Attorney.*

IN the matter of BEHARRY LOLL CASE, an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 29th day of April last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 1st day of June next, and that the said Insolvent, do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Kailynath Mitter, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 4th May 1875.

IN the matter of JOHN HENRY GRAY LOCHNER, an Assistant in the Board's Office, North-Western Provinces, but late of No. 39, Sooterkin's Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, but at present a prisoner for debt in the Presidency Jail, an Insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Wednesday, the 28th day of April last, and by an order of the same date, the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

H. R. Fink, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of JOHN HENRY GRAY LOCHNER, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 28th day of April last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. R. Fink, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of SAMUEL KENTISH BARNES, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 4th day of May instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge under the Act XI Vic., Chapter XXI, as to all persons named in his schedule as creditors, or claiming to be creditors respectively.

Orr and Harriss, *Attorneys*.

IN the matter of GEORGE ANTONY LEWIS, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 5th day of January last, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge under the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI, as to all persons named in his Schedule as creditors, or claiming to be creditors respectively.

K. N. Mitter, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of BENJAMIN SAMUEL COLLINS, an Insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad-interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 15th day of May instant, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

“Any creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.”

H. R. Fink, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of BENJAMIN SAMUEL COLLINS, an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 6th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. R. Fink, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of ROBERT BARTLETT, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 4th day of May instant, it was ordered that Tuesday, the 6th day of July next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after acquired property from all liabilities for debts, claims, and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

Orr and Harriss, *Attorneys*.

IN the matter of JOHN WILLIAM CANTOPHER, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 4th day of May instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until the first court day in May 1876, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad-interim* protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be enlarged to the said first court day in May 1876, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 11th day of May 1875.

Postal Notices.

SEA OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer.
Madras, Ceylon, and the intermediate ports	7 P.M.	12th May 1875...	Asia.
Penang, Singapore, and Hong-Kong		12th " " ...	Flemingo.
Chittagong, Akyab, Kyauk Phyoo, Sandaway, Pakehan, Kossah, Junkscylon, and Straits	7 " ...	14th	Mahratta.
Ceylon, Straits, Hong-Kong, United States of America, and the Colonies of Queensland and Victoria, <i>via</i> Torres' Straits. (Letters, &c., for the latter Colony must be specially superscribed.)		14th " " ...	From Bombay.
Rangoon, Moumein, and Straits	7 " ...	16th " " ...	Goa.
Chittagong, Akyab, Kyauk Phyoo, and Sandoway	7 " ...	16th " " ...	Arabia.
Straits and Hong-Kong	7 " ...	17th	Thules and Hindoostan.
Madras and Ceylon	7 " ...	17th	Thibet.
Persian Gulf	7 " ...	18th " " ...	Via Bombay.

The next Overland Mail, *via* Bombay, will close at the General Post Office on Friday, the 14th instant, by which mails for Mauritius, St. Denis, and Réunion, can be forwarded.

2. Book-post and pattern packets must be posted on the 13th idem.

N.B.—The Letter-Box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters, fully prepaid and bearing extra postage stamp of two (2) annas on each cover, will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or bearing an extra postage stamp of four (4) annas on each cover up to 8 P.M.

CALCUTTA, the 11th May 1875.

M. PERCY, *Offg. Post-Master.*

List of Unclaimed Letters lying in the Calcutta Post Office on the 11th May 1875.

Baines, J.	Henly, J. C.	Smyth, G. R. C.
Battye, D.	Holland, H.	St. Clair, Miss A.
Berrington, E.	Joseph, C.	Stewart, G.
Brame, A.	Lucas & Co., A.	Taeger, W. F.
Bright, A.	Magill, H.	Thacker, J. A. G.
Clarke, Hon'ble Sir A.	Masson, E. S.	Warren, Thomas.
Clarke, Lady.	Phillips, S. R.	Warne, J. C.
Floriken, A.	Pickford, C. E.	Wauchope, Capt. R. A.
Gibbs, Col. J. J.	Fugh, H. E.	Willoughby and Co.
Harrison, J. H. C.	Sebillie, S. and Co.	

"Letters marked *Care of Post Office, to be kept till called for.*"

Alexander, Hon. C.	Grinshaw, N.	Fearse, Mrs. A. J.
Anderson, R.	Greenwood, H.	Pearson, G.
Avallere, L.	Hill, T. S.	Peppin, Mrs. F.
Bainbridge, F. C.	Hill, H. H.	Perra, T. R.
Barbase, W. C.	Hogendorp, Baron.	Phipps, C. E.
Bills, Captain J. W.	Hobbleouse.	Pinckney, R. R.
Bowhay, Mr.	Holl, C.	Raffin, F. J.
Brewster, J.	Holmes, Miss E.	Ralphs, R. J.
Brown, W. T.	Hyman, S.	Ramsden, H.
Burton, H. J.	Jones, J. J.	Reid, R.
Chisam, W.	Joseph, P. W.	Shearman, J., Driver.
Connolly, N.	Latham, C.	Schwartz, Miss O.
Croghan, W.	Levie, D.	Tasserand, Monsr. T.
DeBono, L. L. D.	Luigi, G.	Verner, W. H.
DeQuetchy, R. H.	MacIntyre, A.	Wade, A. R.
Fernandez, J. F.	McLean, W.	Watts, F.
Fielding, Col. the Hon'ble W.	Mellis, Col. G.	Williams, W.
Glover, Rev. F. R. A.	Oates, Mrs.	Young, F. W.
Graham, C.	Palmer, A. H.	
Greig, J.	Parnham, J. L.	

M. PERCY, *Offg. Post-Master.*



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 1875.

PART III.

Act of the Bengal Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[Second Publication.]

THE following Act passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, received the assent of His Honor on the 10th March 1875, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor-General on the 24th April 1875, is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. III of 1875.

An Act to amend Bengal Act No. VI of 1864.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend Bengal Act

Preamble.
No. VI of 1864 (to provide for the periodical inspection of Steam-Boilers and Prime-movers attached thereto in the Town and Suburbs of Calcutta); It is enacted as follows:—

1. The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, or any person authorized by him in that behalf, may revoke or suspend any certificate already granted, or to be granted under the said Act, on the ground that the Boiler or Prime-

mover in respect of which it has been granted is not in charge of a person competent to have charge of the same.

If the owner of such Boiler or Prime-mover, or the person so in charge as aforesaid, be dissatisfied with such revocation or suspension, he may apply to some person (not being the person who revoked or suspended the certificate) by general or special order duly authorized by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in that behalf, who may, if he is so satisfied, grant a writing under his signature to the effect that the person so in charge as aforesaid is a person competent to have charge of a Boiler or Prime-mover; and the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, or the person who has revoked or suspended the certificate, shall accordingly grant a new certificate as far as possible in the form in the Schedule to the said Act annexed, or shall allow the former certificate to continue in force.

No additional fee shall be paid for a new certificate granted under this section.

2. This Act shall be construed as one with the said Bengal Act No. VI of 1864.

Construction.

C. C. MACRAE,

*Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.*

A Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to Municipalities.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to Municipalities within the territories subject to the government of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal: It is enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be cited as the "Bengal Municipalities' Act, 1875."

Short title.

Except as provided in Chapter X of this Act—

(a) Every place to which the provisions of the District Municipal Improvement Act, 1864, have been extended under Section 4 of such Act shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be a first class municipality; and every place to which the provisions of the District Towns Act, 1868, have been extended under Section 2 of such Act shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be a second class municipality;

and for the purposes of such municipalities this Act shall, save as is provided in Chapter X, come into force on the day of , and such date shall, for such purposes, be deemed to be the commencement of this Act.

In every first class municipality as aforesaid it shall be deemed that a tax on the annual value of holdings under Chapter V of this Act, and in every second class municipality as aforesaid it shall be deemed that a tax upon persons under the said chapter, has been duly imposed; and such tax shall be levied accordingly until the Commissioners, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, shall otherwise direct;

and in every such municipality in which a tax on carriages and animals, or a fee upon the registration of carts, or tolls on ferries, may have been levied before the commencement of this Act, it shall be deemed that the said taxes, fees or tolls have been duly imposed under the provisions of Section 63 of this Act, and such taxes, fees, or tolls shall continue to be levied accordingly.

(b) This Act may be extended by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, by notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, to any tract of country not being within the limits of the ordinary original jurisdiction of the High Court at Fort William in Bengal, from such date as may be specified therein, and it shall come into force in such tract of country on the date so specified, and such date shall, for the purposes of such tract of country, be deemed to be the commencement of this Act.

2. On the commencement of this Act the enactments specified in the fifth schedule to this Act shall be repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column thereof; and the enactments specified in the sixth schedule to this Act shall cease to be in force in every municipality under this Act to the extent mentioned in the third column thereof.

But this repeal shall not revive any office, authority, or thing abolished by any such enactment, or affect the validity of any thing done or suffered, or any right, title, obligation, or liability accrued before the commencement of this Act.

And all rules prescribed; assessments, valuations, measurements, divisions, and appointments made; powers conferred, and notifications published under any such enactment; and all other rules (if any) now in force and relating to the matters hereinafter dealt with, shall (so far as they are consistent with this Act) be deemed to have been respectively prescribed, made, conferred, and published hereunder.

And all references to any such enactment shall (so far as may be practicable) be deemed to be made to this Act.

And all proceedings now pending, which may have been commenced under any such enactment, shall be deemed to be commenced under this Act.

The Commissioners under this Act shall, in reference to all the matters aforesaid, be substituted for the late Commissioners, Committee, or Panchayet (as the case may be).

3. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

Interpretation.

"Carriage."

(1.) "Carriage" means any wheeled vehicle with springs.

"Cart."

(2.) "Cart" means any cart, hackery, or wheeled vehicle without springs.

"Chapter."

(3.) "Chapter" means Chapter of this Act.

(4.) "Holding" includes any parcel of land, house, tank, or other im-

"Holding."

moveable property, which, in the opinion of the Commissioners, should be separately valued, or in respect of which any person should be separately assessed.

"House."

(5.) "House" includes any hut, shop, warehouse, or building.

(6.) "Immoveable property" and "land" severally mean land, benefits to arise out of land, things attached to the earth, or permanently fastened to anything attached to the earth.

"Immoveable property" and "land."

(7.) "Moveable property" means property of every other description than immoveable property.

"Moveable property."

(8.) "Lieutenant-Governor" means the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the time being or the person acting in that capacity.

"Lieutenant-Governor"

(9.) "Magistrate of the district" means the chief Magistrate in a district, exercising throughout the district all the power of a Magistrate.

"Magistrate of the district."

(10.) "Magistrate" means a Magistrate subordinate to the Magistrate of the district, or a Magistrate in charge of a division of the district in which division a Municipality is constituted.

"Magistrate"

(11.) "Municipality" means any tract of country to which this Act, or any part thereof, shall have been extended.

"Municipality"

(12.) "Municipal year" means a year beginning on the first day of April, or on such other date as may hereafter be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

"Municipal year"

(13.) "Navigable channel" means any water-way, whether natural or artificial, through which a boat can pass.

"Navigable channel." "Offensive matter" means night-soil, sewage, and other contents of privies, drains, and cess-pools.

"Offensive matter." (15.) "Owner" includes—

(a) the person entitled for the time being to receive the rent of the land, or the person in charge of the thing, with respect to which the word is used;

(b) an agent for any such person;

(c) a trustee for any such person;

Provided that no such agent or trustee shall be liable to do any thing required by this Act to be done by the owner, nor shall he be subject to any fine for omitting to do such thing, unless he have sufficient funds in his hands, as such agent or trustee to do such thing.

(16.) "Place" means any station, bazar, town, suburb, inhabited village, or hamlet, in which a majority of the adult male population is chiefly employed in pursuits other than agriculture.

(17.) "Road" means any road, street, square, court, alley, or passage, whether a thoroughfare or not, over which the public have a right of way.

(18.) "Rubbish" means all dirt, dung, broken brick, mortar, broken glass, kitchen, or stable refuse, or refuse of any kind whatsoever, and filth of any kind not included in the term "offensive matter."

"Schedule." (19.) "Schedule" means schedule annexed to this Act.

"Section." (20.) "Section" means a section of this Act.

(21.) "The Commissioners" means the persons for the time being appointed or elected to conduct the affairs of any Municipality under this Act, and shall include ex-officio Commissioners under this Act.

CHAPTER II.

OF THE CREATION OF MUNICIPALITIES.

4. From the date specified in any notification under section 1 (b), the tract of country in such notification mentioned shall be deemed to be created a Municipality for the purposes of this Act.

The notification shall—

(a) define the limits of the Municipality;

(b) declare whether the same shall, for the purposes of this Act, be a first or second class Municipality.

The Lieutenant-Governor may, by like notification, at any time, order that a municipality be transferred from one class to the other; and may vary the limits of any municipality or withdraw any tract of country from the operation of this Act or part thereof.

5. No tract of country which does not contain at least fifteen thousand inhabitants, and which does not contain the average number of not less than two thousand inhabitants to the square mile of the area of such tract, shall be declared to be a first class Municipality.

6. No tract of country which does not contain at least one thousand inhabitants, and which does not contain the average number of five hundred inhabitants to the square mile of the area of such tract, shall be declared to be a second class Municipality.

7. No tract of country shall be declared a municipality under this Act unless a majority of the adult population of such tract of country is chiefly employed in pursuits other than agricultural.

8. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, announce that there shall be united with any tract of country as aforesaid (for the purpose of forming a first or second class Municipality, as the case may be), any number of specified places, provided that no place shall be included within any such union, unless some part of such place be situated within the distance of half a mile from some other place included in such union.

9. Whenever the Lieutenant-Governor shall have declared two or more places to be united for the purpose of forming a first or a second class Municipality as aforesaid, all tracts of country lying within a supposed ring-fence drawn round the exterior limits of all such united places shall be deemed to be within the Municipality.

CHAPTER III.

OF THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES.

PART I.—Of the Constitution of the Municipality.

10. THE Lieutenant-Governor shall from time to time appoint, in every first class Municipality, not less than eight, and in every second class Municipality not less than four, persons to be Commissioners for carrying out in such Municipality the purposes of this Act.

11. The Lieutenant-Governor may delegate to any officer the power of appointing Commissioners in any second class Municipality.

12. The Lieutenant-Governor may at any time direct that the whole or any number, not less than two-thirds, of the Commissioners to be appointed under the last preceding section shall be elected by the rate-payers, subject to such rules in regard to qualification and election as he may think fit.

In any such election every person shall be entitled to vote who has paid the tax on persons, or the tax on holdings, hereinafter mentioned, that has become payable by him:

Provided that if such election take place before the said taxes have been levied in any Municipality, it shall be made by the householders therein.

The Lieutenant-Governor may appoint any persons to be *ad interim* Vice-Chairman and Commissioners pending the election of Commissioners under this section.

13. No person shall be appointed or elected a Commissioner, or a Member of a Ward Committee, under this Act in any Municipality who does not either reside or hold land therein, or within five miles from some part of the limits thereof:

Provided that when the imposition of any tax has been determined on in any Municipality, no person shall be appointed or elected therein a Commissioner, or Member of a Ward Committee, who does not pay, or is not liable to, municipal taxes therein.

14. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time accept the resignation of any Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee, appointed or elected under this Act, and may remove any such Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee for corruption or continued neglect to attend the meetings of the Commissioners, or otherwise to discharge his duty as Commissioner, or Member of a Ward Committee.

15. The Lieutenant-Governor may at any time withdraw any direction given by him under section 12 for the election of Commissioners in any Municipality.

16. In addition to the Commissioners appointed or elected as hereinbefore provided, the Magistrate of the district and the Magistrate of the division shall be *ex-officio* Commissioners of every Municipality situated within their respective jurisdictions, and the Lieutenant-Governor may direct, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, that the persons for the time being exercising the functions of the offices to be named in such notification shall be *ex-officio* Commissioners for any or every Municipality to which the official functions of the offices held by the persons so appointed may extend;

and the Lieutenant-Governor may appoint as a Commissioner of any Municipality any officer in the service of Government holding a salaried office (the salary of which is not less than one hundred rupees a month) in the district in which the Municipality is situate:

Provided that not more than one-third of the whole number of Commissioners shall be persons, holding in the Judicial, Police, or Revenue Departments of the Government service, salaried offices of which the functions are exercised within the district in which the Municipality is situated, unless such persons be elected Commissioners otherwise than by appointment by the Lieutenant-Governor, or by any officer to whom the power of appointing Commissioners has been delegated under section 11.

17. Except as herein-after provided, every Commissioner shall vacate his office at the end of three years.

18. When Commissioners are for the first time appointed or elected in any place, one-third of the whole number of which the body may consist on the first day of the municipal year next following the date of the appointment or election of such Commissioners, shall retire at the end of one year, and another third at the end of two

years, and the rest at the end of three years, to be computed from the first day of the year next following the date of the appointment or election of such Commissioners.

In case such whole number is not evenly divisible by three, the one-third shall be ascertained by taking the number next below it, which is evenly divisible by three, as the number to be divided.

The Commissioners who shall retire at the end of the first and second years respectively shall be decided by lot.

19. When any Commissioners have been elected under section 12, the rule of rotation in section 18 shall be applied separately to the Commissioners who have been appointed, and separately to the Commissioners who have been elected.

20. In calculating the whole number of Commissioners for the purposes of section 18, all *ex-officio* Commissioners shall be excluded; and such *ex-officio* Commissioners shall remain Commissioners so long as they continue to hold the respective offices in virtue of which they are respectively Commissioners.

21. Any person who vacates his office under the provisions of Section 17, or who retires under the provisions of Section 18, may be at any time re-appointed or re-elected.

22. The Magistrate of the district, if the Municipality be at the sadder station, or the Magistrate in charge of a division of the district, if the Municipality be situated within such division, shall be *ex-officio* Chairman of the Commissioners of such Municipality.

The Magistrate of the district may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, delegate to any Magistrate subordinate to him at a sadder station any of the powers vested by this Act in the Chairman of the Commissioners, and may withdraw such powers.

In the absence of the Magistrate of a division of the district, the Magistrate of the district may appoint any Magistrate subordinate to him to officiate as Chairman of the Commissioners within such division.

23. The Commissioners shall elect their own Vice-Chairman, subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor; he shall hold office for one year from the date of his election, and shall be eligible for re-election at the end of each year.

Such Vice-Chairman may at any time be removed from the office of Vice-Chairman by a resolution of two-thirds of the Commissioners, in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners shall have voted;

Provided that the Lieutenant-Governor may sanction the election permanently or for a term of years, of a salaried Vice-Chairman if proposed by the Commissioners.

24. The Commissioners shall, in the name of their Chairman, by the description of "The Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners of _____," be a body corporates,

and have perpetual succession, and a common seal, and in such name shall sue and be sued.

Such common seal shall have the name of the Municipality engraved thereon in legible characters in the English language, and also in the vernacular of the district.

PART II.—Of the Property and Contracts of the Commissioners.

25. All property, moveable and immoveable, of any kind whatsoever, derived under any of the enactments specified in the fifth or sixth schedule, or otherwise, and vested in, or held in trust for the late Commissioners, Committee, or Panchayet (being the Commissioners or Committee or Panchayet appointed under any of the said enactments), for the tract of country which has been declared to be included in a Municipality, shall become vested in the Commissioners of such Municipality and their successors.

26. All roads, bridges, embankments, and drains in any Municipality (not being private property, now existing, or which shall afterwards be made, and the pavements, stones, and other materials thereof, and also all erections, materials, implements, and other things provided therefor, shall vest in and belong to the Commissioners of such Municipality.

But the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time, by notification, exclude any road, bridge, embankment, or drain from the operation of this Act, unless the cost of the original construction of the same shall have been paid from the Municipal Fund and may cancel such notification wholly or in part.

27. The Commissioners may at a meeting agree with the person, in whom the property in any road is vested, to take over the property therein, and after such agreement may declare, by notice in writing put up in any part of such road, that the same has become a municipal road.

Thereupon such road shall vest in the Commissioners and shall thenceforth be repaired and kept up out of the Municipal Fund.

28. Every hospital, dispensary, school, rest-house, market, tank, and well, not being private property, or the property of a religious institution or society, and all medicines, furniture, and other articles appurtenant thereto, not being private property, which at and after the commencement of his Act shall be found within any Municipality, by order of the Lieutenant-Governor, shall be vested in the Commissioners of such Municipality, and thereupon all endowments or funds belonging thereto shall be transferred to, and vested in, such Commissioners as trustees for the purposes to which such endowments and funds were lawfully applicable at the time of such transfer:

Provided that no such order shall be published till one month after notice of the intention to transfer such property shall have been published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and within the Municipality in the vernacular language of the district.

29. If the Commissioners at a meeting shall, after publication of a notice in the last preceding section mentioned, object to the transfer to themselves of any hospital, dispensary, or school, on the ground that their funds cannot bear the charge, then such transfer shall not be made save under such conditions as the Commissioners at a meeting may agree to accept.

30. The Commissioners at a meeting may purchase or take on lease any land for the purposes of this Act and may sell any land not required for such purposes.

31. When any land within the limits of any Municipality is required for the purposes of this Act, if the Commissioners cannot agree with the owner for the purchase thereof, the Lieutenant-Governor, on the recommendation of the Commissioners, may notify that such land is required under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870; and, on payment by the Commissioners of the compensation awarded under such Act, the land shall vest in them for the purposes of this Act.

32. The Commissioners may enter into and perform any contract necessary for the purposes of this Act.

Every contract made on behalf of the Commissioners in respect of any sum exceeding twenty rupees, or in respect of any property exceeding twenty rupees in value, shall be in writing, and signed by at least two of the Commissioners, one of whom shall be the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, and shall be sealed with the common seal of the Commissioners.

Unless so executed, it shall not be binding on the Commissioners.

PART III.—Of the Mode of transacting the Business of the Municipality.

33. The Commissioners shall have an office, where they shall meet for the transaction of business at least once in every month, and as often as a meeting shall be called by the Chairman, or, in his absence, by the Vice-Chairman, and all questions which may come before them at any meeting shall be decided by a majority.

The Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall call a meeting on a requisition signed by three of the Commissioners.

34. The Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall preside at every such meeting, and, in the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the Commissioners shall choose some one of their number to preside.

In cases of equality of votes, the President shall have a casting vote.

35. No business shall be transacted at a meeting unless it has been called by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, and unless, at least, in the case of a first class Municipality, five, and in the case of a second class Municipality, three, Commissioners be present.

36. Minutes of the proceedings of all meetings of the Commissioners shall be entered in a book to be kept for the purpose, and shall be signed by the President of the meeting, and such book shall be open to the inspection of the tax payers.

37. The Chairman shall, for the transaction of the business connected with, or for the purpose of making any order authorized by this Act, exercise all the powers vested by this Act in the Commissioners:

Provided that the Chairman shall not act in opposition to or in contravention of, any order of the Commissioners at a meeting, or exercise any power which is directed to be exercised by the Commissioners at a meeting.

38. The Chairman may, by a written order, delegate to the Vice-Chairman all or any of the duties or powers of a Chairman as defined in this Act, subject to such restrictions as may seem fit to him, and may at any time by a written order withdraw the same.

39. The Commissioners at a meeting shall from time to time decide what number of overseers, clerks, registrars, subordinate officers, servants, and collectors of taxes or tolls, may be necessary for the Municipality, and shall from time to time fix the salaries to be paid to such persons respectively out of the Municipal Fund, and the allowances to be granted to such persons during absence on leave.

Subject to such decision, the Chairman shall have power to appoint such persons as he may think fit, and from time to time to remove such persons and appoint others in their places:

Provided that no person shall be appointed to, or removed from, any office, the monthly salary of which exceeds fifty rupees without the sanction of the Commissioners at a meeting; and no salary amounting to more than one hundred rupees a month in a second class Municipality, or to more than one hundred and fifty rupees a month in a first class Municipality, shall be assigned to any clerk or other servant without the previous sanction of the Magistrate of the district.

40. The Commissioners shall take from every collector of municipal taxes or tolls, such security for the sums collected by him as they may think proper.

PART IV.—Of Ward Committees.

41. The Commissioners may at a meeting divide any Municipality into wards, and thereupon appoint, or cause to be elected, in the manner provided by Section 12, for each ward, not less than three qualified persons, whether such persons be or be not Commissioners for the time being, to be Members of the Ward Committee, and the said Commissioners at a meeting may define the limits of the ward for which any Ward Committee may be appointed or elected.

All questions regarding the removal, resignation, and filling up vacancies among the Members of Ward Committees shall be settled by the Commissioners at a meeting.

42. Each Ward Committee may, for each year if they see fit, elect their own Chairman from among their own number.

43. A Ward Committee, within the limits of their ward, as defined by the Commissioners at a meeting, shall exercise all the powers, and shall be bound to perform all such duties, of Commissioners as defined in this Act, as the Commissioners at a meeting shall have delegated to them.

All acts done, orders issued, and assessments made by Ward Committees, shall be subject to the control and revision of the Commissioners, who may at any time withdraw all or any of such powers and duties.

PART V.—Liability of Commissioners and Ward Committees

44. No Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee shall be personally liable for any contract made, or expense incurred, by or on behalf of the Commissioners.

Every Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee shall be personally liable for any wilful misapplication of money entrusted to the Commissioners to which he shall have been a party, and he shall be liable to be sued for the same.

45. No Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee, or officer, or servant of the Commissioners or Committee, shall be interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract made with the Commissioners. And if any such person be so interested, he shall thereby become incapable of continuing in office or employment, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees:

Provided that no person shall, by reason of being a shareholder in, or a member of, any incorporated or registered company, be deemed interested in any contract entered into between such company and the Commissioners.

But no such shareholder or member shall act as a Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee in a matter relating to any contract entered into between the Commissioners and such company.

46. No Commissioner or Member of a Ward Committee shall vote on any question which regards exclusively the assessment of himself or the valuation of his property, or his liability to any tax.

CHAPTER IV.

OF THE MUNICIPAL FUND AND ITS APPLICATION.

47. All sums received by the Commissioners, and all fines paid or levied under this Act, and all other sums which, under the sanction of Government, may be transferred to such Commissioners, shall constitute a fund which shall be called the Municipal Fund, and shall, together with all property of every nature or kind whatsoever, which may become vested in the Commissioners, be under their control, and shall be held by them in trust for the purposes of this Act.

The Municipal Fund shall be deemed to be the fund applicable to police purposes mentioned in sections 11 and 48 of Bengal Act No. II of 1866 (to provide for the better regulation of the Police within the Suburbs of the Town of Calcutta).

48. The Commissioners shall set apart and apply annually out of the Municipal Fund such sum as they are by this Act required to provide for the maintenance of the Municipal police force, and a sum sufficient for payment of their own establishment and the expenses of their office.

49. The Municipal Fund, after the sums mentioned have been set apart under the last preceding section, may, subject to such rules and restrictions as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time prescribe, be applied by the Commissioners to any of the following purposes within the Municipality in which such Municipal Fund is raised, that is to say—

(1) The construction, repair, and maintenance of roads, wharves, embankments, channels, drains, bridges, and tanks;

(2) The supply of water and lighting of roads;

(3) Other works of public utility calculated to promote the health, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants;

Provided that for every thousand inhabitants of any Municipality not more than two hundred rupees a year shall be expended on such objects, unless the Lieutenant-Governor shall, at the request of the Commissioners at a meeting, extend such limit for a special object;

(4) The diffusion of education, and with this view the construction and repair of school-houses, and the establishment and maintenance of schools either wholly or by means of grants-in-aid;

(5) The establishment and maintenance of hospitals and dispensaries;

(6) The promotion of vaccination;

(7) And for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

Provided that no portion of the Municipal Fund shall be applied to the establishment and maintenance of schools, or hospitals, or dispensaries, or to the promotion of vaccination, unless such application be sanctioned by the consent of a majority of the Commissioners, or of the Members of the Ward Committee respectively, at a meeting specially convened for considering the question of such application.

50. The Commissioners at a meeting may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, contribute a portion of the Municipal Fund towards the expenses incurred in any other Municipality, or in any district or sub-division, where such expenses are incurred for any of the purposes described in clauses (1) and (2) of the last preceding section, and also towards the expenses of making, maintaining, and repairing any work for the improvement of a river or harbour (by whomsoever such work may be done);

but no contribution shall be made under this section to any work except such as is calculated to benefit the inhabitants of the contributing Municipality.

51. The account books of the Municipality shall be open to the inspection of any tax-payer at the office of the Commissioners on a day to be fixed in each week.

An account showing the receipts and expenditure during the quarter, arranged under the proper heads and duly balanced, shall be prepared immediately after the close of each quarter, and shall, with the account books, be open to the inspection of any tax-payer, and a copy of such account shall be forwarded to the Magistrate of the district for submission to the Commissioner of the division.

52. The Commissioners, at a meeting three months before the close of the municipal year, shall prepare in detail estimates showing the probable receipts and expenditure during the ensuing Municipal year, and the objects in respect of which it is proposed to incur such expenditure.

53. Copies of the estimates and translations thereof in the vernacular of the district shall be lodged in the office of the Magistrate and in the Municipal office or offices.

During fourteen days after the estimates shall have been so lodged in the said offices, of which due notice shall be published, the estimates and translations in the vernacular of the district shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by any tax-payer of such Municipality who may desire to inspect the same.

Any written suggestion which may be deposited in the office of the Commissioners shall be recorded and laid before them for consideration at the next meeting.

54. After the expiration of the said fourteen days, and after such revision as may appear requisite, the Chairman shall transmit the estimates to the Magistrate of the district with any remarks or objections thereupon which may have been recorded by himself or by the Commissioners at a meeting;

and the Magistrate of the district shall forward them to the Commissioner of the division together with such remarks or objections, and his own opinion thereon.

55. The Commissioner of the division shall sanction any estimate forwarded under the last preceding section which may appear to him to be unobjectionable.

If he sees any objections to an estimate, he shall record and forward the same, together with the estimate, for reconsideration by the Commissioners.

A meeting shall be called specially for the purpose of such reconsideration; and the decision of the majority of the Commissioners attending at such meeting shall, subject to the provisions of section 56, be final.

56. The Commissioners at a meeting may at any time revise any estimate of expenditure with the view of providing for any modifications which they may deem it advisable to make in the appropriation of the amount at their disposal; and such revised estimate shall be published and forwarded for sanction to the Commissioner of the division through the Magistrate of the district, as pro-

vided in section 54, and the Commissioner of the division may return such revised estimate for reconsideration by the Commissioners in manner provided by section 55.

57. The Commissioners shall, at such time and in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, furnish an annual report of their proceedings and statements in detail of all the works executed by them, and of all sums received and expended by them.

Every such report shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

58. The municipal accounts shall be audited by such person and in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, and the expense of such audit shall be paid from the Municipal Fund.

59. The Lieutenant-Governor may direct that the cost of maintaining clerks or other establishments in the offices of the Magistrate of the district and of the Commissioner of the division, for the audit of accounts and the requisite correspondence connected with the purposes of this Act, shall be paid in rateable proportion from the funds of the several Municipalities which may be constituted under this Act in such district or division.

And the Commissioners of every Municipality shall pay to the Magistrate of the district the sum which they may be required to pay for the purposes of this section and the last preceding section.

60. All sums belonging to the Municipal Fund shall be paid into a Government treasury, or, with the sanction of the Commissioner of the division, into any bank or branch bank, in or near to the Municipality, and shall be credited to an account to be called the Account of the Municipality to which they belong:

Provided that the Commissioners may invest any moneys not required for immediate use either in the Government Savings' Bank or in Government securities, or in any other form of security which may be approved of by the Lieutenant-Governor.

61. All orders for payment of money from the Municipal Fund shall be signed by the Chairman, or by the Vice-Chairman and one of the Commissioners.

CHAPTER V.

OF MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

PART I.—Of the Power to impose Taxes and Tolls

62. The Commissioners of any Municipality at a meeting may from time to time with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor impose within the limits of such Municipality one or other, but not both, of the following taxes:—

(a) A tax upon persons occupying holdings within the Municipality according to their circumstances and property within the Municipality: provided that the total sum to be raised by such tax in any year shall not exceed the sum which would be produced by an average rate of two rupees and

four annas per annum for each holding, and that the amount assessed in respect of the occupation of any one holding shall not be more than eighty-four rupees per annum; or

(b) A tax on the annual value of all holdings situated within the Municipality: provided that such tax shall not exceed seven and a half per cent. on the annual value of such holdings, unless the said tax was levied at a higher rate before the commencement of this Act; and provided also that no tax shall be imposed on any holding of which the annual value is less than six rupees.

63. Subject to the provisions of the section next succeeding, the Commissioners of any Municipality at a meeting may, from time to time, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, impose within the limit of such Municipality all or any of the following taxes and tolls, in addition to either of the taxes mentioned in the last preceding section:—

(a) A tax on carriages, horses, and other animals.
(b) A fee on the registration of carts.
(c) Tolls on ferries and roads.

PART II.—Of the Tax on Persons.

64. When it has been determined that a tax on persons occupying holdings within the Municipality, according to their circumstances and property shall be imposed, the Commissioners shall, from time to time, prepare an assessment list, which shall be in the form in the first schedule.

The Commissioners may omit from the list prepared under this section any person who may by them be deemed too poor to pay such tax.

65. The Commissioners may, at any time after the publication of the assessment list, assess any person who was without authority omitted therefrom, or whose liability to assessment has accrued thereafter.

Notice of such assessment shall be given to the person assessed, who may apply to the Commissioners to review the same.

66. Any person mentioned in the assessment list, who shall at any time after the publication thereof have ceased to occupy any holding in respect of which he has been assessed, or whose means and property in respect of which he has been so assessed shall have been reduced, may apply to the Commissioners to revise his assessment.

Such application may be made at any time, and shall be dealt with in the manner provided by section 81 in respect of an application for review.

67. The Commissioners may at any time substitute for any name mentioned in the assessment list the name of any fresh occupant of the property assessed, and shall give notice to the person whose name is so substituted.

Such person shall be liable to pay the amount in respect of such occupation from the first day of the quarter of the municipal year next after the date of the change of occupation.

The Commissioners may raise, or decrease, the assessment made on account of the occupation of the holding, as they may see fit, having reference to the circumstances and property within the municipality of the new occupant.

PART III.—Of the Tax on Holdings.

68. When it has been determined that a tax shall be imposed on the annual value of holdings, any such tax shall be paid by the owners of the holdings by quarterly instalments.

Houses used exclusively as places of public worship, or applied solely to charitable purposes, shall not be liable to such tax.

69. The gross annual rent at which any holding may be reasonably expected to be let, shall be deemed to be the annual value thereof, and such value shall accordingly be fixed by the Commissioners:

Provided that the annual value of any arable land shall be deemed to be one-half of the annual rent at which such land may be reasonably expected to be let.

70. If any house belongs to one owner, and the land on which it stands, and the adjacent land which is usually occupied therewith, belong to another, the Commissioners may value such house and land together at one consolidated rate.

The total amount of the valuation shall be payable by the owner of the house, who shall thereafter be entitled to deduct from the rent which he pays for the land such proportion of the tax so paid by him as is equal to the proportion which his rent bears to the annual value of the whole property.

If the owner of the house and the owner of the land do not agree in respect of the proportion of the tax so deducted by the owner of the house, the Commissioners at a meeting shall, on the application of either party, make an award declaring the amount payable by each, and such award shall be final.

71. If the sum due from the owner of any holding remains unpaid after the notice of demand has been duly served, and such owner be not resident within the Municipality, or the place of abode of such owner be unknown, the same may be recovered from the occupier for the time being of such holding, who may deduct, from the next and following payments of his rent, the amount which may be so paid by or recovered from him:

Provided that no arrear of tax, which has remained due from the owner of any holding for more than one year, shall be so recovered from the occupier thereof.

72. The Commissioners, in order to prepare a valuation list, may, whenever they think fit, by notice, require the respective owners or occupiers of all holdings to furnish them with returns of the rent or annual value thereof, and they, or any

person authorized by them in that behalf, at any time between sunrise and sunset, may enter, inspect, and measure, any such holding after having given forty-eight hours' previous notice of their intention to the occupier thereof.

73. When the valuation of the holdings has been completed, the Chairman shall prepare a valuation list in the form in the second schedule (of which the last column will remain blank).

74. The Commissioners may at any time after the publication of the said valuation list value any holding, which was without authority omitted therefrom, or which has become liable to valuation after the publication thereof.

Notice of the amount of the valuation shall be given to the person affected thereby, who may apply to the Commissioners to review the same.

75. The Commissioners may at any time substitute for any name mentioned in the said valuation list the name of any person to whom any holding mentioned therein shall have been transferred, and shall give notice thereof to the person whose name is so substituted.

Such person shall be liable to pay the amount payable on such holding from the first day of the quarter of the municipal year next after the date of the transfer.

76. When any house has been vacant for sixty or more consecutive days during any municipal year, the Commissioners shall remit one-half of so much of the tax of that year as may be proportionate to the number of days the said house has remained unoccupied; provided that the owner of such house, or his agent, has given to the Commissioners notice in writing of the vacancy thereof, and that the amount of tax to be remitted shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice.

No notice of vacancy given under this section shall have effect beyond the end of the quarter in which it has been given, unless a similar notice of continued vacancy be given within the first fifteen days of the following quarter.

When such notice of vacancy has been given, the owner shall give immediate notice of any re-occupation.

PART IV.—Of general provisions relating to the taxes on persons and holdings.

77. The Commissioners at a meeting shall determine the rate at which the tax on persons and the tax on holdings shall be imposed; and at a meeting to be held not less than fifteen days before the expiration of each municipal year shall determine the rate at which such taxes shall be imposed for the ensuing year.

78. The assessment list and valuation list respectively, shall be signed by the Chairman and shall be published.

On the publication of the assessment list or valuation list respectively, the Chairman shall serve a notice in the vernacular of the district, on each person liable to assessment, or on the owner of each holding, containing an extract from such list of the entries affecting him.

79. Save as herein otherwise provided, every assessment and valuation, when published, shall be valid for three years and until the beginning of the municipal year next after the date on which a new assessment or valuation may be made.

80. Any person who is dissatisfied with the assessment, or with the valuation of any holding, or who disputes his occupation of any holding, or his liability to be assessed, may apply to the Commissioners to review the same.

81. Every application to review any order of assessment, any list, or other proceeding in respect of the amount of the assessment or demand, or of the liability of the person assessed or required to pay such amount, shall be heard and determined by not less than three Commissioners, one of whom shall be the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, who, after making such inquiries as they may deem necessary, may confirm or amend the same.

If such Commissioners confirm the same, they may order that the applicant shall pay such reasonable costs as may have been incurred in respect of his application.

The decision of such Commissioners or of a majority thereof, in such cases shall be final.

No such application shall be received after the expiration of two months from the time when publication under section 78 has been made unless good grounds be shown to the satisfaction of such Commissioners; and in no case shall such application be received after the expiration of ten days from the service under section 114 of the first bill or other demand for payment.

82. No objection shall be taken to any assessment, nor shall the liability of any person to be assessed be questioned, in any other manner or by any other authority than in this Act is provided.

PART V.—Of the Tax on Carriages and Animals.

83. When it has been determined that a tax on carriages and animals kept within the Municipality shall be imposed, the Commissioners at a meeting shall make and publish an order, stating at what rates, not exceeding the rates given in the third schedule, such tax shall be imposed, but such tax shall not be imposed on:—

- (a) animals belonging to officers doing regimental duty at the rate of one animal for each officer;
- (b) animals exempt from any municipal tax under section 25 of the Indian Volunteers Act, 1869;
- (c) carriages or animals belonging to Government, or to the Commissioners;
- (d) animals used by, or in, any cavalry regiment, or by the police;
- (e) carriages or animals kept for sale by any bona fide dealer in such carriages or animals, and not used for any other purpose.

Such order shall continue in force until rescinded, and the Commissioners at a meeting, not less than fifteen days from the expiry of any municipal year, may make, and in that case shall publish, an order, stating the rates of such tax for the ensuing year.

84. The owner of every carriage and animal mentioned in the third schedule shall, within a month after the publication of an order under the last preceding section and in like manner within the first month of each municipal half-year, forward to the Commissioners a statement in writing, signed by him, containing a description of the carriages and animals liable to the tax for which he desires to take out a license.

Such owner shall at the same time pay to the Commissioners such sum as shall be payable by him for the current municipal half-year at the date of such publication for the carriages and animals specified in such statement, according to the rates stated in any order in force at the time made under section 83.

If any person becomes possessed, at any time after the commencement of the municipal half-year, of any carriage or animal mentioned in the third schedule, in respect of which no license has been given for such half-year, he shall forward a statement as above required within one month of the date on which he may have acquired possession thereof, and shall pay the tax for the unexpired portion of the half-year calculated from such date.

85. On receiving the amount of the tax under this Part, the Commissioners, or some person authorised by them in that behalf, shall give to the person paying the same a license for the several carriages and animals for the period in respect of which the amount is received.

Such license shall be for the current municipal half-year and no longer.

86. Whenever the owner of any carriage or animal is not resident within the limits of the Municipality wherein the same is kept, the person occupying the premises where it is for the time being kept shall take out a license under this Part.

87. The Commissioners at their discretion may compound, for any period not exceeding one year, with livery stable-keepers and other persons keeping carriages and animals for hire, for a certain sum to be paid for the carriages and animals so kept by each person, in lieu of the rates stated in any order made by the Commissioners under section 83.

88. The Commissioners shall from time to time cause to be prepared and entered in distinct columns in a book, to be kept by them, and to be open to the inspection of any person interested therein, a list of the persons to whom, during the then current municipal half-year, a license has been given under this Part, and of the carriages and animals in respect of which they have paid.

89. The Commissioners, or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may at any time between sunrise and sunset, enter and inspect any stable or coach-house, or any place wherein they may have reason to believe that there is any carriage or animal liable to taxation for which a license has not been duly taken out.

And the Commissioners may summon any person whom they have reason to believe to be liable to the payment of any such tax, or any servant of such person, and may examine such person or servant as to the number and description of the carriages and animals in respect of which such person is liable to be taxed.

PART VI.—Of the Registration of Carts.

90. The Commissioners at a meeting may make and publish an order that every cart, kept and used within, or let for hire within or without the municipality and used within it, shall be registered by the Commissioners with the name and residence of the owner, and shall bear the number of registration in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct:

This section shall not apply to carts:—

- (a) which are the property of the Government, or of the Commissioners;
- (b) which are kept at more than two miles' distance from the Municipality, and are only temporarily and casually used within it.

91. The registration of carts, under the last proceeding section shall be made, and the numbers assigned, half-yearly upon such days as the Commissioners shall notify, and such fee as they shall fix, not exceeding one rupee, shall be paid for each registration.

Any person becoming possessed of any cart, which has not been registered for the then current municipal half-year, shall register the same within one month of the date on which he may have become possessed thereof, and the Commissioners shall grant registration in any such case on payment of a proportional fee for the unexpired portion of the current half-year calculated from such date.

92. When the ownership of any registered cart is transferred within any half-year, it shall be registered anew within one month of the transfer in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred, and a fee not exceeding four annas shall be paid for every such last-mentioned registration.

93. If any person owns or keeps any cart hereinbefore required to be registered without having caused the same to be registered, the Commissioners, or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may seize and detain such cart (provided the same be not employed at the time of seizure in the conveyance of any passengers or goods), together with the animals drawing the same; and all police officers are required, on the application of the Commissioners, or of any servant of the Commissioners duly authorized in that behalf, to assist in the said seizure.

If the vehicle seized be not claimed, and the fine be not paid within ten days, such vehicle, together with the animals seized with it (if any), may be sold by auction by order of the Commissioners, and the proceeds applied to the payment of the fine and to the costs and charges incurred on account of the seizure, detention, and sale;

And the surplus (if any), if not claimed by the owner or the person keeping such cart within a further period of twelve months, shall become vested in the Commissioners and be transferred to the Municipal Fund.

Provided that if at any time before the sale is concluded the person whose cart has been seized shall tender to the Commissioners, or the person authorized by them to sell the cart, the amount of all the expenses incurred, and the registration fee payable by him, the Commissioners shall forthwith release the cart so seized.

PART VII.—Of Tolls on Ferries

94. The Lieutenant-Governor may make over to the Commissioners any existing public ferry within or adjacent to the limits of the Municipality; such ferry shall thenceforward be deemed to be a municipal ferry, and the profits derivable therefrom shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

95. The Commissioners may also, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, declare that any other ferry within or adjacent to the limits of the Municipality is a municipal ferry; and the profits derivable therefrom shall thenceforward be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund:

Provided that due compensation shall be made to any person for the loss which he may have sustained in consequence of such ferry being declared to be a municipal ferry.

The amount of compensation due in such cases shall be ascertained and awarded by the Magistrate under the provisions of section 4 of Bengal Act No. I of 1866 (*to amend certain provisions of Regulation VI of 1819*) or other law for the time being in force.

96. Every municipal ferry shall be maintained by the Commissioners, and they shall do all things necessary to provide for the safety and convenience of travellers, and the safety of property to be conveyed in such ferry.

97. When it has been determined to impose tolls on municipal ferries, the Commissioners at a meeting shall make and publish an order specifying the ferries, and, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, the rates at which such tolls shall be levied.

Such rates may from time to time be varied with the like sanction.

98. Any collector or lessee of tolls, or his assistant, may refuse to convey any person or goods across a municipal ferry until the proper toll has been paid, and may require any person who refuses to pay the toll to leave the boat and to remove his goods from it.

99. No person shall keep a ferry-boat for the purpose of plying for hire within a distance of two miles above or below any municipal ferry without the previous sanction of the Commissioners if he plies within the limits of the Municipality, or of the Magistrate of the district if without such limits, or of the Magistrate of the district and the Commissioners if one of the two banks between which he plies is within, and the other bank is without, such limits.

PART VIII.—Of Tolls on Roads.

100. The Lieutenant-Governor may make over to the Commissioners any existing toll-bar within the limits of the Municipality; and the profits derivable from it shall thenceforward be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

101. The Commissioners may also, under the authority of the Lieutenant-Governor, establish toll-bars upon any road or bridge within the limits of the Municipality for the purpose of levying tolls on vehicles and animals entering such limits; and the profits derivable therefrom shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

102. When it has been determined that tolls shall be levied on any road or bridge, the Commissioners at a meeting shall make and publish an order, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, specifying the rates at which such tolls shall be levied.

Such rates may from time to time be varied with the like sanction.

103. Any Collector or lessee of tolls may refuse to allow any person to pass through any municipal toll-bar, until the proper toll has been paid.

104. In case of non-payment of any toll on demand, the person authorized to collect the same may seize any carriage or animal, or any part of its burden, on which toll is chargeable, of sufficient value to defray the toll.

After such seizure the Commissioners shall forthwith issue a notice in writing that after the expiration of ten days they will sell the property by auction at such place as they may state in the notice; and if any toll, together with the cost arising from such seizure and custody, remains undischarged for ten days after the issue of such notice, the Commissioners may sell the property seized for discharge of the toll, and of all expenses occasioned by such non-payment, seizure, custody, and sale.

Any balance that may remain out of the proceeds of the sale shall be returned, on demand, if made within twelve months, to the owner of the property, and if unclaimed after such period shall be credited to the Municipal Fund.

Provided that if, at any time before the sale has been concluded, the person whose property has been seized shall tender to the Commissioners, or the officer appointed by them to sell the property, the amount of all the expenses incurred and of the toll payable by him, the Commissioners shall forthwith release the property seized.

PART IX.—Of general provisions relating to tolls.

105. The Commissioners may grant a lease of any municipal ferry or toll-bar for any period not exceeding three years.

106. A table of tolls legibly written in English and in the vernacular of the district shall be hung up in some conspicuous position at either end of every municipal ferry, and in some conspicuous position near every municipal toll-bar, so as to be easily read by all persons required to pay the toll.

107. The Commissioners, or the lessee of any municipal ferry or toll-bar, may compound with any person for a certain sum to be paid by such person for himself, or for any vehicles or animal kept by him, in lieu of the ordinary toll payable.

108. No tolls shall be paid for the passage of troops on the march, or of animals or vehicles employed in the transport of such troops, or of Military or Government stores, or the persons in charge of them, or of military or police officers, or of any public or municipal officer on duty, or of any person in their custody, or of any property belonging to them or in their custody, or any vehicle or animal employed by such persons for the transport of such property, or of conservancy carts or other vehicles, or animals, belonging to the Commissioners, or of the persons in charge of them.

109. In all cases of resistance to the person authorized to collect tolls, police officers shall assist when required, and for that purpose shall have the same powers as they have in the exercise of their ordinary police duties.

PART X.—Of Tolls on Navigable Channels.

110. If the Lieutenant-Governor has declared that the provisions of the Canal Act, 1864, or other similar law for the time being in force, are applicable to any navigable channel which passes through the limits of a Municipality, he may appoint the Commissioners to collect tolls as provided in section 8 of such Act, and the profits derivable therefrom shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

In such case the Commissioners shall exercise all the powers vested by such Act in the Collector.

CHAPTER VI.

OF THE RECOVERY OF MUNICIPAL TAXES.

111. By notification to be affixed in their office, the Commissioners shall declare at what hours of each day (not being a Sunday or other recognized holiday) the office shall be open for the receipt of money.

Every person is required to pay the sum due by him during the first month of each quarter.

Such payment may be made at the office of the Commissioners or to any tax-collector appointed in that behalf.

The amount due by any person on account of the tax on persons, or the tax on holdings, shall be deemed to be the amount entered in the notice served upon him under section 78.

112. For all sums collected on account of any tax under this Act, a receipt stating the amount and the tax to which it is appropriated shall be given, signed by the tax-collector or by some other officer authorized by the Commissioners to grant such receipts.

113. Every instalment of the tax upon persons and of the tax on holdings described in section 62 shall be payable in advance on the first day of the quarter or other period in respect of which such instalment is payable.

114. At any time within six months and not less than one month after any sum has become due on account of any tax, the Chairman shall cause to be served upon the person liable to the payment thereof a bill for the said sum, which shall also contain a statement of the period and of the tax on account of which the charge is made.

Appended to such bill shall be a notice of demand in the form (A) in the fourth schedule.

Such notice of demand shall be signed by the Chairman or an officer authorized in that behalf, and shall be served by a person authorized to receive payment.

115. If any person, after service upon him of such bill and notice, shall not, within ten days thereafter or from the date of any order of review thereafter made, pay the sum due, and a fee of two annas as costs of service, or show to the Commissioners sufficient cause for non-payment of the same, the amount of the arrear due, with costs on the scale in the form (B) in the fourth schedule may at any time within three months after the date of service of the said bill, or of the order of review made thereafter, be levied by distress and sale of any moveable property belonging to the defaulter which may be found within the Municipality, or of any moveable property, except ploughs, plough-cattle, or implements of trade or agriculture, which may be found within the holding in respect of the occupation of which such defaulter is liable to such tax.

If the same belong to any person other than the defaulter, the defaulter shall be liable to indemnify the owner thereof for any damage he may sustain by reason of such distress, or by reason of any payment he may make to avoid such distress or any sale under the same.

116. Every warrant of distress and sale under the last preceding section shall be issued by the Commissioners, and shall be in the form (C) in the fourth schedule.

Distress shall be made by actual seizure of moveable property, and the officer charged with the execution of the warrant shall be responsible for the due custody thereof.

Such officer shall make an inventory of all moveable property seized under the warrant, and shall give not less than ten days' previous notice of the sale, and of the time and place thereof, by beat of drum, in the Municipality or

Ward in which the property is situated, and by serving on the defaulter a notice in the form (D) in the fourth schedule:

Provided that if the property is of a perishable nature, it may be sold, with the consent of the defaulter, at any time after the expiry of twenty-four hours from the seizure.

117. The officer charged with the execution of the warrant may, under the special order of the Commissioners, between sunrise and sunset, break open any outer or inner door or window of a house, in order to make the distress, if he has reasonable ground for believing that it contains any moveable property belonging to the defaulter, and if, after notification of his authority and purpose and demand of admittance duly made, he cannot otherwise obtain admittance.

Provided that he shall not enter or break open the door of any room appropriated for the *zanáná* or residence of women, which by the usage of the country is considered private.

118. If the sum due be not paid with costs before the sale is concluded, or the warrant be not discharged or suspended by the Commissioners, the moveable property seized shall be sold by auction, at the time and place specified, in the most public manner possible; and the proceeds shall be applied in discharge of the arrears and costs, and the surplus, if any, shall be returned on demand to the person in possession of the moveable property at the time of the seizure; or if unclaimed for a period of twelve months, shall become vested in the Commissioners and transferred to the Municipal Fund.

The tax-collector or other officer authorized in that behalf shall make a return of all such sales to the Commissioners in the form (E) in the fourth schedule; and the costs upon every such proceeding shall be such as are mentioned in the form (B) in the fourth schedule.

119. The Commissioners shall cause a regular account to be kept of all distresses levied and sales made for the recovery of taxes under this Act.

120. No distress or sale made under this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser on account of any defect or want of form in the bill, notice, summons, warrant of distress, inventory, or other proceeding relating thereto.

121. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize thereby the whole or any part of any tax, the Commissioners may sue the person liable to pay the same in any court of competent jurisdiction.

CHAPTER VII.

OF THE MUNICIPAL POLICE.

122. All police officers appointed or employed in any Municipality shall be appointed under the provisions of Act No. V of 1861 (*for the Regulation of Police*)

or of any other Act for the time being in force for the regulation of the police in the police district within which the said Municipality may be situated, and shall be deemed to be a portion of the police establishments under the Government of Bengal, and shall be subject to the provisions of any such Act, except as hereinafter provided.

123. No police officer, who forms part of the strength of the Municipal police for which the estimate mentioned in the next succeeding section may have been calculated, shall be liable to serve beyond the limits of the Municipality save in execution of duties imposed on him by his employment as a police officer of such Municipality.

124. From the commencement of this Act, every District Superintendent of police shall prepare, in such form as may be directed by the Lieutenant-Governor, an estimate of the income and expense of the police force in every Municipality within his district for the Municipal year next following the preparation of such estimate, and shall present the same to the Commissioners of such Municipality at least four months before the beginning of the Municipal year to which the estimate relates.

125. The police estimate shall show the number, constitution, and salaries of the police force to be maintained in any such Municipality, and shall state whether the whole or some and what part of such expense is to be borne by rates to be levied in the Municipality to which the same refers:

Provided that the expense so to be borne in any second class Municipality shall not exceed the average rate of one rupee and eight annas in the year on each holding, and that the expense so to be borne in any first class Municipality shall not exceed the average rate of two rupees and four annas on each holding within the local limits of such Municipality; except in the suburbs of Calcutta and in Howrah, in which the cost of the police force, including the contingent expenses thereof, to be borne by the Municipality shall not exceed the average rate of four hundred rupees for every thousand inhabitants of the Municipality as shown in the last census return.

126. After the receipt of the police estimate, the Commissioners shall cause the same to be translated into the language usually spoken in such Municipality, and shall cause the same or the translation thereof, to be laid before the Commissioners at their next meeting.

127. After such meeting, the Commissioners shall transmit the police estimate, together with any remarks or objections which the Commissioners at the meeting may desire to record, to the Magistrate of the district for transmission to the Commissioner of the division and by him to the Lieutenant-Governor.

128. The Lieutenant-Governor may consider the police estimate so transmitted to him, and approve, reject, or modify and approve as modified, the same or any part thereof.

129. So much of the police estimate as may thereby be directed to be borne by the taxes to be levied in any Municipality shall, for the purposes of this Act, be the expense of the police to be borne by such Municipality for the year for which the police estimate shall have been presented.

The amount which may be finally settled shall be entered in the estimates of the Municipality as prepared under section 52.

130. At the close of each month, the District Superintendent of Police shall cause to be prepared and laid before the Commissioners a bill showing the actual expenses incurred during the month in the payment of the police force, and the contingent expenses thereof; and, so far as the same is in accordance with the police estimate, the Commissioners shall cause the amount or the share thereof which is payable by them under the last preceding section to be paid from the Municipal Fund.

131. Nothing in this Act shall deprive the Commissioner of Police for the town of Calcutta of any power or authority over the police in the Suburbs of Calcutta vested in him by Bengal Act No. II of 1866 (*for the better regulation of the police within the suburbs of the town of Calcutta*).

And the Inspector-General of Police is hereby precluded from exercising over the police within the said suburbs any of the powers and authorities vested in him by the said Act No. V of 1861.

132. The Deputy Commissioner of Police for the suburbs of Calcutta shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be the District Superintendent of the said suburbs.

CHAPTER VIII.

OF THE REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

133. Every first class Municipality shall, and every second class Municipality may,

provide for the registration of births and deaths within the limits of their jurisdiction in accordance with the provisions of Bengal Act No. IV of 1873 (*for registering births and deaths*).

CHAPTER IX.

OF MUNICIPAL REGULATIONS.

134. No owner of any holding shall be deemed to be relieved from the discharge of the duties and liabilities described in this Chapter by the circumstance of his not residing within the Municipality unless he has let such holding to a resident occupier.

135. Whenever it is directed in this Chapter that any expenses incurred or fee chargeable by the Commissioners shall be paid by the owner of any land or by the occupier thereof, or by either of them, the same may be recovered under Chapter VI as an arrear of tax. The notice of demand for such expenses or fee shall be made within one month from the date

on which the amount thereof shall have been ascertained.

PART I.—Of Offensive Matter, Rubbish, Privies, and Drains.

136. The Commissioners may provide all establishments, cuttle, carts, and implements required for the removal of offensive matter, and shall from time to time provide places convenient for the deposit thereof.

137. The Commissioners at a meeting shall from time to time appoint the hours within which it shall be lawful to remove offensive matter and the manner in which the same shall be removed, and may remove the same at the expense of the occupier from any house if the occupier thereof fails to do so in accordance with this Act.

The Commissioners shall make and publish an order notifying the places and hours appointed under this and the last preceding section.

138. The Commissioners at a meeting may order that an establishment shall be maintained for the purpose of daily removing offensive matter from houses in their Municipality.

Any occupier in that case may apply to the Commissioners to effect such removal, and shall be chargeable with such fee as may be fixed by a bye-law duly published.

But no occupier shall be compelled to pay such fee if he does not wish to employ such establishment, and the Commissioners shall not be bound to maintain such an establishment.

139 All drains, privies, and cesspools shall be under the survey and control of the Commissioners, and shall be repaired and made efficient at the cost of the owners or occupiers of the holdings to which the same belong.

If any such owner or occupier neglect, during fifteen days after notice in writing, to repair and make the same efficient, the Commissioners shall cause such drain, privy, or cesspool to be made efficient, or, if necessary, shall remove the same, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

140. The Commissioners, or any officer authorized by them in that behalf, may inspect all privies, drains, and cesspools at any time between sunrise and sunset, after six hours' notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any premises in which such privies, drains, or cesspools are situated, and may, if necessary, cause the ground to be opened where they or he think fit for the purpose of preventing or removing any nuisance arising from such privies, drains, or cesspools, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

141. The Commissioners at a meeting shall from time to time appoint the hours and the manner in which rubbish shall be temporarily deposited until removed and carried away, and shall make and publish an order notifying the same.

142. The Commissioners may provide and maintain, in sufficient numbers and in proper situations, common privies and urinals for the separate use of either sex, and shall cause the same to be kept in proper order and to be daily cleansed.

In any Municipality in which such privies are not maintained, the expense of removing offensive matter shall not be recovered from the occupier under section 137, and he shall not be liable to any fine for not removing such offensive matter.

143. Whenever any land being private property or within any private enclosure, appears to the Commissioners by reason of thick or noxious vegetation or jungle, to afford facilities for the commission of a nuisance, or by want of drainage, to be in a state injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood, the Commissioners may require the owner or occupier of such land, by notice addressed to him in writing, or if there be any doubt as to the ownership, by notification published on the spot, to clear and remove such vegetation or drain such land.

and if he do not within one week after such notice begin to cut, clear, and remove such vegetation, or to drain such land, and do not complete such work with due diligence, the Commissioners or any persons authorized by them in that behalf may, after forty-eight hours' notice, enter on such land, and do all necessary acts for the purposes aforesaid as they shall think fit, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

144. All rubbish and offensive matter collected by the Commissioners from roads, houses, privies, sewers, cesspools, and other places, shall be the property of the Commissioners, who shall have power to sell or otherwise dispose of the same; and the money arising from the sale thereof shall be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

145. All existing public sewers, drains, and other conservancy works, shall be under the direction and control of the Commissioners, who shall have power to construct any further works of that nature which they may consider necessary.

PART II.—Of Bathing and Washing Places, Tanks and Excavations.

146. All streams, channels, water-courses, tanks, reservoirs, springs, and wells, not being private property, shall, for the purposes of this Act, be under the direction and control of the Commissioners.

147. The Commissioners may set apart a sufficient number of convenient tanks, or parts of rivers, streams, or channels, not being private property, for the inhabitants to bathe in, and similarly set apart a sufficient number of the same for washing animals or clothes, or for any other purpose connected with the health, cleanliness, or comfort of the inhabitants.

The Commissioners shall make and publish an order notifying the same.

148. The Commissioners at a meeting may

Power to require un-wholesome tanks on private premises to be cleansed or drained.

require the owner of any land, by notice addressed to him in writing, or if there be any doubt as to the ownership, by notification published on the spot, to cleanse any private tank or pool therein, and to drain off and remove any waste or stagnant water which may appear to be injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood;

and, if such owner refuse or neglect to comply with such requisition within eight days from the service thereof, the Commissioners, or any persons authorized by them in that behalf, may enter on such land and do all such necessary acts for all or any of the purposes aforesaid as they shall think fit, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner.

149. The Commissioners may from time to

Power to drain off and cleanse stagnant pools in public places.

time, as they think fit, drain off and cleanse or fill up, or otherwise abate, any stagnant pool, ditch, or tank, (the same not being private property) which shall appear to them to be useless or unnecessary, or likely to prove injurious to the health of the inhabitants.

150. The Commissioners may cause to be filled

Excavations.

up any excavation which is likely in their opinion to be injurious to the health of the neighbourhood. If such excavation is made in any place within any private property without the consent of the Commissioners, the cost of refilling it may be recovered from the owner or occupier of the property.

PART III.—Of Obstructions and Encroachments on Roads.

151. The Commissioners may grant permis-

Leave to deposit materials on or to excavate or close a road.

sion to any person to deposit any moveable property, on any road, or to make an excavation in any road, or to enclose the whole or any part of any road, provided that such person undertakes to erect sufficient fences to protect the public from injury, danger, or annoyance, and to light such fences from sunset to sunrise sufficiently for such purpose.

152. The Commissioners may close tempo-

Power to close a road or part of a road for repairs or other public purpose.

rarily any road or part of a road for the purpose of repairing such road, or for the purpose of constructing any sewer, drain, culvert, or bridge, or for any other public purpose:

Provided that notice of the intention to close such road or part of the same shall be published not less than three days previously by a notification affixed in some conspicuous position at the place where it is intended to close the same:

and that sufficient barriers or fences shall be erected for the security of life and property, and that such barriers or fences shall be sufficiently lighted from sunset to sunrise.

153. If any person builds any wall, or erects, or

Punalty for making future obstructions or encroachments on road.

sets up any fence, rail, post, or other obstruction or encroachment, in or on any road or open drain, sewer, or aqueduct, along the side of any road, the magistrate may order that such obstruction or encroachment be removed within a specified time by the person who erected it; and if such person fails to comply with such

order, the Commissioners may remove any such obstruction or encroachment; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person who erected the same.

154. The Commissioners may give notice in

Projections from houses erected in future to be removed.

writing to, or the magistrate may order, the owner or occupier of any house to remove or alter any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, erected or placed against or in front of such house, if the same overhangs the road at a height of less than twelve feet above the level of the ground; or juts into, or in any way projects or encroaches upon, or is an obstruction to the safe and convenient passage along any road:

or obstructs or projects or encroaches into or upon any uncovered aqueduct, drain, or sewer in such road;

and such owner or occupier shall, within fourteen days after the service of such notice upon him, or within fourteen days of the receipt of such order, remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, or alter the same in such manner as shall have been directed by the Commissioners, and if he fail so to do, the Commissioners may remove or alter such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier so making default.

No person shall be entitled to compensation in respect of the removal of any projection, obstruction, or encroachment under this section.

155. An order made by the Magistrate under

Effect of order made under two last preceding sections.

either of the two last preceding sections shall be deemed to be an order made by him in the discharge of his judicial duty, and the Commissioners shall be deemed to be persons bound to execute lawful orders of a Magistrate within the meaning of Act No. XVIII of 1859 (*for the protection of Judicial Officers*).

156. The Commissioners may cause any

Removal of existing projections from houses.

projection, encroachment, or obstruction, which may, before the commencement of this Act, have been erected or placed against or in front of any house on any road within the limits of such Commissioners' municipality to be removed or altered as they shall think fit:

Provided that thirty days' previous notice of such intended removal or alteration be given to the owner or occupier of such house, and that the Commissioners shall make reasonable compensation to every person who suffers damage by such removal or alteration.

In determining the amount of compensation the value of the land shall not be included.

157. Whenever any house, part of which pro-

Houses projecting beyond line of a road when taken down to be set back.

jects beyond the regular line of a road, or beyond the front of the house on either side thereof, shall be burnt down or otherwise destroyed, or shall be under repair, the Commissioners may require the same to be set back to, or beyond the line of a road, or the line of the adjoining house, and shall make reasonable compensation to the owner of such house for any damage he may thereby sustain.

158. The Commissioners may give notice to the owner or occupier of any land to trim or prune the hedges bordering on any road, and to cut and trim any trees overhanging any road and obstructing the same or causing damage thereto;

and if such notice is not complied with within eight days from the date of service thereof, the Commissioners may cause the said hedges or trees to be trimmed or reduced in the manner required;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

PART IV.—Of General Conservancy and Improvement.

159. The Commissioners at a meeting may direct that within certain limits, to be fixed by them, the external roofs and walls of huts or other buildings which are about to be erected, or the roofs or walls of which are about to be wholly renewed in or near any road, shall not be made of grass, leaves, mats, or other inflammable materials.

160. If any well, tank, or other excavation, whether on public or private ground, be, for want of sufficient repairs or protection, dangerous, the Commissioners shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner or occupier, requiring him forthwith to secure or protect such well;

and if he do not, within three days after such notice, begin to comply with the requisition, and do not carry on the work to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, they may cause the well, tank, or excavation, to be secured or protected so as to prevent danger therefrom;

and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

161. If in any road, any house, wall, structure, or anything affixed thereto, be deemed by the Commissioners to be in a ruinous state, or in any way dangerous, they shall forthwith give notice in writing to the owner or occupier thereof, requiring him to secure or to take down the same within a fixed time;

and in default the Commissioners, by an order passed at a meeting, shall cause such repairs to be made to such house, wall, or structure as they may consider necessary for the public safety; or may order such house, wall, structure, or thing affixed thereto to be removed; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier.

162. The materials of any thing which shall have been pulled down or removed under the provisions of the last preceding section, may be sold by the Commissioners, and the proceeds of such sale may be applied, so far as the same will extend, to the payment of the expenses incurred.

Any surplus of such sale proceeds shall, on demand, be restored to the owner of such house, wall, structure, or thing affixed thereto, and if unclaimed shall, after the lapse of one year, be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

163. No person shall manufacture gunpowder, or shall, without a license under section 164, have in his possession, at any house at any time, a greater quantity of gunpowder than five seers.

164. The Commissioners may grant to any person a license to keep in deposit any quantity of gunpowder not exceeding twenty-five seers, on such conditions, and for such term, not exceeding one year, as shall be specified in the license.

165. The Commissioners by published order may appoint from time to time certain periods within which any dogs found straying in the roads or beyond the enclosures of the houses of the owners of such dogs may be destroyed.

166. On the complaint of three or more householders that a house in their immediate neighbourhood is used as a common brothel or lodging-house for prostitutes or disorderly persons of any description, to the annoyance of the respectable inhabitants of the vicinity, the Magistrate may summon the owner or occupier of the house to answer the complaint;

and, on being satisfied that the house is so used and is therefore a source of annoyance and offence to the neighbours, may order the owner or occupier to discontinue such use of it.

167. The Commissioners at a meeting may cause a name to be given to any road and to be affixed in such place as they may think fit, and may also cause a number to be affixed to every house; and in like manner may cause such names and numbers to be altered.

PART V.—Of certain Offensive or Dangerous Trades and of Burial and Burning-grounds.

168. Within such local limits as may be fixed by the Commissioners at a meeting, no land shall be used, without a license from the Commissioners, for any of the following

purposes, namely,

melting tallow;

boiling offal or blood;

as a soap house, oil boiling-house, dyeing-house, tannery, sheep pen, piggery, slaughter-house, brick-kiln, or lime-kiln;

as a manufactory of nitric acid, sulphuric acid, or sulphurate of mercury, or other manufactory from which offensive or unwholesome smells may arise;

as a yard or depot for trade in hay, straw, wood, coal, charcoal, golputta, bamboos, thatching grass, or other inflammable material;

or as a store-house for kerosine, petroleum, naphtha, or any inflammable oil, spirit, or explosive substance.

This section shall not be applicable, until the expiration of two years from the commencement of this Act, to any land which may have been used for any such purpose before the commencement of this Act.

Such license shall not be withheld unless the Commissioners have reason to believe that the business which it is intended to establish or maintain would be offensive or dangerous to persons residing in the immediate neighbourhood.

169. The Commissioners may charge fees to be paid in accordance with a bye-law to be made as herein-after mentioned for every license which they may grant for the use of land for any of the purposes mentioned in the last preceding section.

170. No burial or burning-ground, whether public or private, shall be made or formed without the consent in writing of the Commissioners, or under the authority of the Lieutenant-Governor.

171. If it shall appear to the Commissioners at a meeting that any public or private burial or burning-ground is dangerous to health or offensive to the tax-payers, and also that a suitable place for interment or burning, as the case may be, exists within a convenient distance and is open and available to the inhabitants of the Municipality, the Commissioners with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor previously obtained, may, by notification to be affixed on some conspicuous part of the ground, appoint a time, not being less than two months, for the closing of such burial or burning-ground.

Provided that the execution of the order for the closing of any such burning or burial ground shall be suspended, if ten or more tax-payers shall demand by a written requisition addressed to the Commissioners that the expediency of closing it be referred to the tax-payers;

and in such case the Commissioners shall fix the place and time for recording the votes of all the tax-payers within the Municipality, and shall record the votes of all such tax-payers who may present themselves for such purpose; and the ground shall not be closed unless a majority of the votes so taken be in favor of closing it.

If any building is attached and belongs to a burning-ground closed under this section, the Commissioners at a meeting may devote a portion of the Municipal Fund towards the construction of any new building which may be required in lieu thereof.

CHAPTER X.

OF MUNICIPAL MARKETS.

172. This Chapter shall not apply to any Municipality until it has been expressly extended thereto by the Lieutenant-Governor by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

173. The Commissioners at a meeting may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, provide land for the purpose of being used as municipal markets;

and may, with such sanction, charge rent, tolls, and fees for the right to expose goods for sale in such markets, and for the use of shops, stalls, and

All such rents, tolls, and fees may be recovered under Chapter VI as arrears of tax.

174. The Commissioners at a meeting may grant a license for the use of any land as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruits, and vegetables within the Municipality.

175. Every license granted under this Chapter shall be granted without fee, and shall be in force until the end of the municipal year, and the Commissioners may grant such license year by year on the certificate in writing under the hand of the Chairman, annually renewed, that the land is fit to be used as a market.

176. The Chairman, upon the application in writing of the owner of any land, shall grant such certificate unless the land be defective for the purposes of a market in drainage, ventilation, water-supply, or proper width of paths and ways.

177. The owners or lessees of all land used as markets at the time of the extension of this Chapter to the Municipality shall be entitled to receive a license for the current municipal year without the certificate required by section 175, but in subsequent years the license shall not be renewed without such certificate.

178. Every license under this Chapter shall be registered in a book to be kept for that purpose by the Commissioners in their office, in which shall be stated,

- (a) the name of the owner of the land and market,
- (b) the name of the lessee thereof, if any,
- (c) the extent and boundary of the market,
- (d) and the description of articles sold therein.

179. Every transfer of interest in any such market shall be registered within two months after the date of transfer.

180. Any market which, or the transfer of which, shall not have been duly registered under the preceding sections shall be deemed to be land used as a market without a license.

181. Whoever, being the owner or occupier of any land, wilfully or negligently permits the same to be used as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables without a license under section 174, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine not exceeding fifty rupees for each day during which the offence is continued after conviction for such offence.

182. The Magistrate, on the application of the Commissioners, may order any land, in respect of which a conviction shall have been obtained under the last preceding section, to be closed as a market place, and thereupon may appoint persons, or otherwise take order, to prevent such land being so used; and every person who shall sell or expose for sale meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables on any land which shall have been so closed, shall be liable, for every such offence, to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

CHAPTER XI.

OF BYE-LAWS, PENALTIES, AND PROSECUTIONS.

183. The Commissioners may from time to time at a meeting, at which at least two-thirds of the whole number of the Commissioners shall be present, make bye-laws, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, for—

- (a) the regulation and disposal of offensive matter and rubbish;
- (b) keeping holdings in such a state as not to be injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood;
- (c) the proper preservation of tanks, and water-courses, and public bathing-places;
- (d) the regulation and management of privies;
- (e) preventing nuisances by the sides of roads;
- (f) the regulation and conduct of public assemblies or processions;
- (g) the keeping of order in places of public resort;
- (h) preserving order and quiet in the neighbourhood of places of worship during the times of public worship;
- (i) the regulation or prohibition of fire-balloons, fireworks, fire-arms, or other missiles in the vicinity of public roads;
- (j) regulating and restricting the sounding of drums, tom-toms, horns, trumpets, or any metal instruments;
- (k) the regulation of traffic on roads and thoroughfares, and keeping the same free from obstruction;
- (l) the regulation and inspection of markets licensed under Chapter X;
- (m) regulating the fees to be paid for a license under section 168;
- (n) and generally for the purposes of this Act.

The Commissioners may from time to time, at a meeting as aforesaid, repeal, alter, or add to such bye-laws.

184 No bye-law and no repeal, alteration of, or addition to any bye-law shall have effect until the same has been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor, and until the expiration of one month after the same has been published in the manner directed in section 185.

185. Every bye-law, order, list, or other document directed by this Act to be published, shall be written in the vernacular of the district and deposited in the Municipal office, and a copy shall be put up in a conspicuous position at each police station or out-post in the Municipality, or in the Ward to which it relates.

And a public proclamation shall be read throughout such Municipality or Ward by beat of drum, notifying that such copy has been so put up, and that the original is open to inspection.

186. Whoever without lawful authority—

- (a) keeps any carriage or animal without the license required by section 84;
- (b) having compounded for the payment of a certain sum under section 87, refuses to pay such sum;
- (c) keeps a cart not duly registered as required by section 91;

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount payable by him in respect of such license, composition, or registration (as the case may be), exclusive of the amount so payable.

187. Whoever without lawful authority—

- (a) disobeys an order of the Magistrate under section 166;
- (b) uses any place as mentioned in section 168 for the purposes therein mentioned;
- (c) refuses to leave a municipal ferry boat; or to remove his goods therefrom when required to do so under section 98;

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty-five rupees for every such offence, and to a further fine not exceeding ten rupees for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

188. Whoever without lawful authority—

- (a) keeps a ferry-boat contrary to the provisions of section 99;
- (b) being a toll-keeper or lessee of a toll-bar, or gate, or ferry, neglects to hang up a table of tolls as required by section 106;
- (c) fails to remove any such obstruction, encroachment, or obstruction as is mentioned in section 154, or alter the same in the manner directed after a notice as mentioned in the said section within the period therein specified;
- (d) infringes any bye-law made under this Act;
- (e) being authorized under this Act to collect tolls demands or takes any higher tolls than the tolls authorized under this Act;
- (f) having driven any vehicle or animal (not exempted from toll) through a toll gate, refuses to pay the toll, or with intent to avoid payment thereof, fraudulently passes such toll-gate without paying the proper toll;
- (g) builds any wall, or erects or sets up any fence, rail, post, or other obstruction or encroachment in or on any road or open drain, sewer or aqueduct, along the side of any road;

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every such offence and to a further fine not exceeding twenty rupees for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

189. Whoever without lawful authority—

- (a) contravenes the provisions of section 163;
- (b) buries or burns, or causes or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse in any burning or burying-ground closed under the provisions of section 171;
- (c) fails to produce his license when required to do so by any person authorized by the Commissioners under section 198;

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for every such offence.

190. Whoever, being the owner of any house, fails to give notice of the re-occupation of such house within ten days of such re-occupation, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount of tax payable quarterly on such house.

191. Every offence under this Act shall be tried by any Magistrate having jurisdiction, and the Lieutenant-Governor may confer on any Commissioner the powers of a Magistrate of the 1st, 2nd, or 3rd class under section 42 of the Code of Criminal Procedure for the trial of such offences within the Municipality.

192. Fines under this Act may be levied under the provisions of section 307 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

193. The Commissioners may direct any prosecution for any public nuisance, and may order proceedings to be taken for the recovery of any penalties under this Act and for the punishment of any persons offending against the same, and may order the expenses of such prosecution or other proceedings to be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

194. No prosecution for an offence under this Act, or any bye-law made in pursuance thereof, shall be instituted without the order or consent of the Commissioners, and no such prosecution shall be instituted except within three months next after the commission of such offence.

CHAPTER XII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

195. Every notice, bill, form, summons, or notice of demand under this Act may be served personally on or presented to the person to whom the same is addressed,

or be left at his usual place of abode, with some adult male member or servant of his family; or, if it cannot be so served or presented, may be put on some conspicuous part of his place of abode;

or of the land in respect of which the notice, bill, form, summons, or notice of demand is intended to be served.

196. Where any notice is required to be given to the owner or occupier of any land, such notice, addressed to the owner or occupier, as the case may require, may be served on the occupier of such land, or otherwise in the manner in the last preceding section mentioned.

Provided that when the owner and his place of abode are known to the Commissioners, they shall, if such place of abode be within the limits of their authority, cause every notice required to be given to the owner of any land to be served on such owner, or left with some adult male member or servant of his family;

and if the place of abode of the owner be not within such limits, they shall send every such notice by post addressed to his place of abode, and such service shall be deemed to be good service of the notice.

When the name of the owner or occupier is not known, it shall be sufficient to designate him as "the owner" or "the occupier" of the land in respect of which the notice is served.

197. No tax on property shall be invalid for defect of form, and it shall be enough in such tax, or any

assessment or valuation for the purpose of making such tax, if the property so assessed or valued is so described as to be generally known, and it shall not be necessary to name the owner or occupier thereof.

198. Every person to whom a license has been granted under this Act shall at all reasonable times while such license shall remain in force, if thereunto required by the Commissioners, or by any person authorized by them in that behalf, produce such license to the Commissioners or to the person so authorized.

199. Whenever, under this Act, any work is required by the Commissioners to be executed, or any alterations or improvements to be made in any holding, and such work, alterations, or improvements, are executed by the occupier, or by the Commissioners at his expense, the cost thereof may be deducted by such occupier from the next and following payments of his rent due or becoming due to such owner, or may be recovered by him in any court of competent jurisdiction, if the Commissioners shall certify that such cost ought to be borne by the owner.

If the occupier has a beneficial interest in such holding, he shall deduct or recover such sum only as will bear the same proportion to the entire cost of such work, alteration, or improvement, as the value of the owner's interest bears to the value of the holding.

If the rents issuing out of any such holding belong to more persons than one, who are entitled to the same either as being joint proprietors of such holding, or as having intermediate and other interests therein, the cost of any work, alteration, or improvement, as aforesaid, payable by the owner, shall be borne by such persons in proportion to their respective interests; and any one or more of such persons, who may have been compelled to pay more than a just proportion in the first instance, shall be entitled to recover from the others his excess payment.

200. No occupier of any holding shall be liable to pay more money, in respect of any expenses charged by this Act on the owner thereof than the amount of rent which is due from him at the time of the demand made, or which at any time thereafter shall have become due, unless he neglect or refuse, upon application made to him for that purpose by the Commissioners, truly to disclose the amount of his rent and the name and address of the person to whom such rent is payable.

Provided that nothing herein contained shall be taken to affect any special contract made between any such owner and occupier respecting the payment of any expenses as aforesaid.

201. If money be due to the Commissioners in respect of any holding, the owner of which is unknown or the ownership of which is disputed, on account of any tax, expenses, or charges, recoverable under this Act, the Commissioners may publish twice, at an interval of three months, a notification of sale of such holding, and after the expiry of not less than three months from the date of the last publication, unless the amount recoverable be paid, may sell such holding to the

highest bidder, who shall at the time of sale deposit the full amount of the purchase-money.

Any person may pay the amount due at any time before the completion of the sale, and may recover such amount by a suit in a court of competent jurisdiction from any person beneficially interested in such property.

After payment of the amount recoverable by the Commissioners, the surplus, if any, shall be paid on demand to any person who establishes his right to the satisfaction of the Commissioners or in a court of competent jurisdiction, or, if unclaimed for a period of one year, shall become vested in the Commissioners and be transferred to the Municipal Fund.

202. The Commissioners may make compensation out of the Municipal Fund to any person sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers conferred by this Act.

203. No suit shall be brought against the Commissioners or any of their officers, or any person acting under their direction, for anything done under this Act, until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing has been delivered or left at the office of the Commissioners or at the place of abode of the person against whom such suit is threatened to be brought, stating the cause of suit and the name and place of abode of the intended plaintiff;

And unless such notice be proved, the Court shall find for the defendant.

Every such action shall be commenced within three months next after the accrual of the cause of action, and not afterwards.

If any such person to whom any such notice is given shall, before suit is brought, tender sufficient amends to the plaintiff, such plaintiff shall not recover.

204. All the proceedings, other than judicial proceedings, of the Commissioners, or of the Magistrate of the district, except as herein specially provided, shall be subject to the control of the Commissioner of the division.

And all the proceedings of the Commissioner of the division shall be subject to the control of the Lieutenant-Governor.

205. If the Commissioners of any Municipality fail to maintain, within the limits thereof, any road which without such limits is maintained by a District Committee under the Road Cess Act, 1871, or to pay for the municipal police,

the Commissioner of the division in which such Municipality is situated may convene a committee consisting of

- the Magistrate of the district,
- the Magistrate of the division of the district,
- the Executive Engineer of the division,
- the Civil Surgeon of the district,
- and two members, one of whom shall be nominated by the Commissioner of the division, and the other by the Commissioners at a meeting,

and such Committee shall inquire into and report on the state of the Municipality.

The Lieutenant-Governor may, on the report of such Committee, call upon the Commissioners by a requisition in writing forwarded to the Chairman, and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, to raise the necessary funds and carry out the purposes of this Act.

And if the Commissioners neglect, for the period of three months from the date of such publication, to comply with such requisition, the Lieutenant-Governor may direct the Magistrate of the district to raise the necessary funds under the provisions of this Act, and carry out in respect of roads and police the purposes thereof; and for such purposes the Magistrate of the district shall have all the powers and rights conferred on the Commissioners by this Act.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

(See section 64.)

BENGAL MUNICIPALITIES' ACT, 187

MUNICIPALITY OF

Assessment List.

Name of road.	No. held.	Name of persons assessed.	Description of property and of profession, or business.	Amount of annual assessment.

Whereas the above assessment has been duly made pursuant to the Bengal Municipalities' Act, 187, the several persons whose names are included in the said assessment are hereby required to pay the quarterly instalments set opposite to their names with regularity at the office appointed by the Commissioners for the receipt of the same, or to the tax collector or other officer authorized to receive payment, the first payment to be made on the first day of () and every subsequent payment on or before the first day of (), the first day of (), and the first day of (), or in default thereof any arrear that may be due will be realized by distress and sale of the moveable property belonging to the defaulter, or which may be found on the holding in respect of which such defaulter is assessed, and by such other proceedings as are allowed by law.

Dated this day of
A. B.

Chairman of Commissioners.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

(See section 73.)

BENGAL MUNICIPALITIES' ACT, 187.

MUNICIPALITY OF

Valuation List.

Name of road.	Number of holdings.	Amount of value of holding.	Name of owner.	Name of occupant other than owner.	Name of agent of owner (if any).	Amount payable by owners for the year 18
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Whereas the above valuation has been duly made pursuant to the Bengal Municipalities' Act, 187, the several persons whose names are included above, are hereby required to pay the quarterly instalments set opposite to their names with regularity at the office appointed by Commissioners for the receipt of the same, or to the tax collector or other officer authorized to receive payment, the first payment to be made on the first day of () and every subsequent payment on or before the first day of (), the first day of (), and the first day of (), or in default thereof, any arrear that may be due will be realized by distress and sale of the moveable property belonging to the defaulter, or which may be found on the holding in respect of which the valuation is made and by such other proceedings as are allowed by law.

Dated this day of
A. B.

Chairman of Commissioners.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

(See sections 83 and 84.)

TAX ON CARRIAGES AND ANIMALS.

	Per quarter.	A.
For every 4-wheeled carriage drawn by two horses	4	
For every 4-wheeled carriage drawn by one horse or a pair of ponies under thirteen hands	3 0	
For every 2-wheeled carriage	2 8	
For every horse	2 0	
For every pony under thirteen hands, or mule or donkey	0 12	
For every elephant	6 0	
For every camel	2 0	

Ponies under eleven hands, and children's carriages, the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter, are exempted.

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

FORM A.—(See section 114.)

NOTICE OF DEMAND.

To of
Municipality of

Take notice that the sum of Rs. , being the amount due from you as shown in the accompanying bill, is hereby demanded from you, and that if you do not within ten days pay the same with two annas as the cost of this notice to an officer authorized to receive payment, or into the office of , the same with costs will be levied by distress and sale of your goods and chattels.

A. B.

Chairman of

Note.—If within the said ten days you apply to the Commissioners to review the assessment or valuation, the amount due by you, with such further cost (if any) as the Commissioners may direct, will be levied after ten days from the date of the order made thereon, unless previously paid. But if you have already paid a tax under this assessment or valuation, except under distraint, you will not be allowed to apply for review.

FORM B.—(See sections 115 and 118.)

TABLE OF FEES PAYABLE UPON DISTRAINTS UNDER THIS ACT.

Sums distrained for	Fee.
Rs. A.	
Under 1 Rupee	0 4
1 and under 5 Rupees	0 8
5 " 10 "	1 0
10 " 15 "	1 8
15 " 20 "	2 0
20 " 25 "	2 8
25 " 30 "	3 0
30 " 35 "	3 8
35 " 40 "	4 0
40 " 45 "	4 8
45 " 50 "	5 0
50 " 60 "	6 0
60 " 80 "	
80 " 100 "	
Above 100 "	10 0

The above charge includes all expenses including the service of notice of demand, except when peons are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case three annas must be paid daily for each man.

FORM C.—(See section 116.)

DISTRESS WARRANT.

To (here insert the name of the officer charged with the execution of the warrant).

Whereas of
has not paid or shown sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum of rupees due for taxes mentioned in the margin, although the said sum has been duly demanded in writing from the said , and ten days have elapsed since the service of the notice of demand: This is to command you to distrain the moveable property of the said to the amount of the said sum of rupees, and the further sum of rupees to defray the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such property; and if within ten days next after such distress the said sum of rupees shall not be paid, to sell the said property, and having paid and deducted out of the proceeds of the sale the said sum of rupees and the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such property, to return the surplus (if any) on demand to the person whom you shall have found in possession of the said property, and if no demand be made, to pay the same to the Commissioners. If distress cannot be made of sufficient property of the said you are to certify the same to us, together with this warrant.

A. B.

Chairman of

FORM D.—(See section 116.)

FORM OF INVENTORY AND NOTICE.

(State particulars of goods seized.)

Take notice that I have this day seized the property specified in the above inventory for the sum of rupees due for the taxes mentioned in the margin, and that unless you pay into the office of the Commissioners of the sum of rupees, within ten days from the day of the date of this notice, the property will be sold.

(Signature of the officer executing
the warrant of distress.)

Date

FORM E.—(See section 118.)
RETURN OF SALES.

District.	Name of the property.	Amount of the property.	Date of sale.	Property sold.	Amount realized.	Purchase price.	Balance.

FIFTH SCHEDULE.
(See section 2.)

PART I.—ACTS OF THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
XXVI of 1850	Improvements in towns.	The whole Act, so far as it affects the Provinces under the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.
XXI of 1857	Order and good government of the suburbs of Calcutta and the station of Howrah.	Sections 7, 18, 19, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 36, 41, 42, 44, 48, 49, 50.
XII of 1858	For raising funds for making and repairing roads in the suburbs of Calcutta and Howrah.	The whole Act.

PART II.—ACTS OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR
OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
III of 1864	District Municipal Improvement Act.	So much as has not been repealed.
VI of 1867	Regulation of police in towns and Municipalities.	The whole Act.
VII of 1867	Amending the District Municipal Improvement Act.	The whole Act.
II of 1868	Amending the District Municipal Improvement Act.	The whole Act.
VI of 1868	District Towns' Act.	The whole Act.
VII of 1870	Sanitary condition of Dacca.	The whole Act.
II of 1873	Amending District Municipal Improvement and District Towns' Acts.	The whole Act.
IV of 1873	Registration of Births and Deaths.	Section eleven.

SIXTH SCHEDULE.
(See section 2.)

Number and year.	Subject.	Extent of repeal.
Act XX of 1856	Police chowkedars in cities, &c., in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	So much as has not been repealed.
Bengal Act IV of 1871.	Sanitation of Pooree and other towns in Orissa, and regulation of Lodging-houses therein.	Sections 24 to 34, both inclusive.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

THE law relating to municipal matters in towns in Bengal is contained in thirteen Regulations and Acts. In the year 1872 a Bill was passed by this Council, of which one object was to consolidate the municipal law. The Bill, however, did not become law.

It has been thought desirable to carry out the project of consolidating the municipal law, and the present Bill has been framed for this purpose. The Bill of 1872 has been taken as the basis of that which is now laid before the Council; but the provisions which led to the assent of the Governor-General being withheld from the former have been omitted; municipal taxation is kept within existing limits; the chapters relating to registration and the prohibition of inoculation have been omitted, as the provisions already exist in other laws which can be applied to municipalities; and in many respects the arrangement of the present Bill differs from that of 1872.

H. L. DAMPIER.

27th April 1875.

C. C. MACRAE,

Off. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1875.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 1458C.S.

GENERAL.—The 8th May 1875.—Mr. C. Marshall, Collector of Customs and Conservator of the Port of Chittagong, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st June 1875, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. W. Warden, Assistant Collector of Customs and Assistant Conservator of the Port of Chittagong, is appointed to act as Collector of Customs and Conservator of that Port during the absence, on leave, of Mr. C. Marshall, or until further orders.

Mr. Charles Theophilus Metcalfe is allowed leave for three months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, from the date of his being relieved of the office of Commissioner of the Patna Division.

Mr. Henry Granville Sharp, B.A., Acting Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Gya, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

The 11th May 1875.—Mr. George Abraham Greirson, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Howrah, is allowed leave for fifteen days, to enable him to attend the High Proficiency Examination in Bengali, to be held in Calcutta in July next.

Baboo Juggut Chunder Shome, Sub-Deputy Collector, 24 Pergunnahs, is allowed leave for two months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Baboo Gopaul Chunder Banerjee is appointed to act as a Sub-Deputy Collector in the 24-Pergunnahs, during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Juggut Chunder Shome, or until further orders.

The orders of the 15th March last, appointing Mr. Robert Cornish to act as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade in Nuddea, will have effect from the 6th April 1875.

Mr. Lucas Burnet Blacker King, Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Maldah, is appointed to act in the First Grade of Magistrates and Collectors.

Mr. John Foster Stevens reverted to his acting appointment as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade, with effect from the 1st instant, being the date following the day of his making over charge of the Pooree Magistracy.

The following officers are appointed to act in the First and Second Grades of Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors respectively :—

In the First Grade.

Mr. James Pratt, M.A., Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, on leave.

Mr. Leonard Charles Abbott, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hajeeepore.

Mr. Francis William Badcock, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on Settlement work, Bhagulpore.

In the Second Grade.

Mr. Henry Gillon, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Jessore.

Mr. Romesh Chunder Dutt, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Bongong.

Mr. Alfred Hinuber Haggard, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Buxar.

The 12th May 1875.—The following notification is substituted for the one of the 26th April last, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th idem :—

Baboo Gooroo Churn Doss, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Moorshedabad, is allowed leave for six days, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 6th instant.

The 13th May 1875.—Mr. J. Samuel Armstrong, Magistrate and Collector of Pooree, having resumed charge of his duties on the afternoon of the 30th April 1875, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 16th March last is cancelled.

Baboo Rashbehary Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870 for the purpose of acquiring land required for railway purposes at Howrah.

The 14th May 1875.—Baboo Denesh Prosad, Sub-Deputy Collector, Banka, is allowed leave for two months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

The services of Captain C. O. W. Apperley are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India, Military Department, with effect from the 20th instant.

Moulvi Abdool Razak, Acting Sub-Deputy Collector, Barh, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

Baboo Durga Mohun Ghose, Sub-Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, was on leave for sixteen days, from 1st to 16th March 1875, inclusive, under Section 13, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

The 17th May 1875.—Mr. G. K. Webster, Acting Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870 for the purpose of acquiring lands in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. A. J. Elliott, c.s., reported his departure from India preparatory to retirement on the 10th May 1875.

Baboo Mohanund Gupto, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

The grain accounts of the Durbhanga district having been closed, the services of Mr. J. H. Eddulph, of the Accounts Department, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India, Financial Department, with effect from the 15th May 1875.

The 18th May 1875.—Mr. H. J. H. Fasson, c.s., acted as Relief Officer of the Bindon Circle, in the Dinagepore district, from the 7th March to the 30th November 1874.

POLICE.—*The 6th May 1875.*—Mr. G. B. Havelock is appointed to act as an Assistant Superintendent of Police in the district of Nuddea.

The 18th May 1875.—Lieutenant-Colonel William Robert Gordon, District Superintendent of Police, is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding 30 days, to enable him to rejoin his appointment on his return from furlough.

EDUCATION.—*The 18th May 1875.*—Baboo Mohendro Nath Bhattacharjee is appointed to be a member of the District School Committee of Dinagepore.

MEDICAL.—*The 13th May 1875.*—The services of Assistant Surgeon Jodoo Nath Ghose, attached to the sub-division and Dispensary at Sathkira, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

Assistant Surgeon Nidhu Lall Holdar is appointed to the medical charge of the sub-division and charitable dispensary at Sathkira, in the 24-Pergunnahs district.

The following Assistant Surgeons are appointed to be Teachers to the Medical School about to be established at Dacca :—

Soorjee Narain Sing, to be Teacher of Materia Medica and Medical Jurisprudence.

Kassi Chunder Dutt, to be Teacher of Anatomy (including Physiology) and Surgery.

Preo Nath Bose, attached to the Dacca College, to be Teacher of Chemistry in addition to his own duties.

Assistant Surgeon Ram Chunder Gupta is appointed to have the medical charge of the sub-division and charitable dispensary at Behar.

The 14th May 1875.—Surgeon-Major Rajender Chundra, M.D., is allowed subsidiary leave for twenty days, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 18th July 1874, to enable him to join his appointment on his return from furlough.

Assistant Surgeon Komul Kristo Raha, attached to the Dispensary at Doolye, in the Pubna district, is allowed leave without pay for three months, under Section 9, Supplement F. of the Civil Leave Code.

Assistant Surgeon Mahomed Wazeeruth Khan is appointed to have charge of the Doolye Dispensary as a temporary arrangement, during the absence, on leave, of Assistant Surgeon Komul Kristo Raha, or until further orders.

Baboo Gunga Nath Roy, Sub-Deputy Collector, is appointed to be a member of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Sasseeram.

The 18th May 1875.—Assistant Surgeon Ram Kali Goopta is appointed to have medical charge of the charitable dispensary at Patna, and to be Teacher of Materia Medica to the Temple Medical School, with retrospective effect from the 9th ultimo, in addition to his other duties.

Assistant Surgeon Mohomed Sudrool Huq is appointed to have medical charge of the charitable dispensary at Mymensingh.

Surgeon Gerald Bomford is appointed temporarily to do duty at the Presidency General Hospital.

ECONOMIC MUSEUM.—*The 18th May 1875.*—Baboo Nil Money Doss is appointed to be a member of the Tipperah Economic Museum Committee.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 18th May 1875.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Municipal Commissioners for the town of Kishnagarh :—

Mr. Robert Cornish, *vice* Mr. E. S. Moseley, transferred.

„ F. B. Taylor.

Mr. Cornish to be also Vice-Chairman of the Committee.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be Municipal Commissioners for the town of Ooterparah :—

Baboo Umbica Chunder Banerjee, *vice* Baboo Gobind Chunder Mookerjee, resigned.

„ Shib Nath Chatterjee, *vice* Baboo Hurish Chunder Banerjee, deceased.

The following gentlemen are reappointed, under the provisions of Section 2, Act II (B.C.) of 1873, to be Municipal Commissioners for the town of Ooterparah :—

Baboo Bejoy Nath Chatterjee.

„ Bonomali Mitter.

ROAD CESS.—*The 17th May 1875.*—Lieutenant-Colonel William Robert Gordon is appointed, under Section 49, Act X (B.C.) of 1871, to be a member of the District Road Cess Committee of Nuddea, *vice* Major Bowie, transferred.

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th May 1875.—It is hereby notified for general information that, with the sanction of the Government of India, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has been pleased to direct that, from the 1st of June 1875, a new sub-division shall be opened in the district of Rungpore, comprising thanas Dimlah, Durwani, and Jaldhaka, with head-quarters at Bagdogra.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th May 1875.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the following rearrangement of the Moonsiffce jurisdictions in the district of Fureedpore, with effect from the 1st of July 1875 :—

Moonsiffces.	Thanas included in each Moonsiffce.	Sub-division.
1. Goalundo ...	Goalundo Belgachi Pangsa	Goalundo.
2. Fureedpore (Sudder)	Kotwali Bhoosna	
Bhanga	Awanpore Sudderpore Deorah Muxudpore	Fureedpore (Sudder)
4. Madaripore ...	Gopalgunge Kotalipara Madaripore (except Sibchur outpost).	Madaripore.
5. Moolfutgunge ...	Moolfutgunge Sibchur outpost	

2. The Muxudpore Moonsiffce is abolished, and its thanas—Muxudpore, Gopalgunge, and a part of Bhoosna—are attached to the Bhanga, Madaripore, and Sudder Moonsiffces respectively.

3. The Moolfutgunge Moonsiffce is constituted as an experimental measure.

4. By this re-arrangement there will be, as heretofore, five Moonsiffces, with six Moonsiffs, in the district of Fureedpore.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd May 1875.—In modification of the notification dated the 21st May 1874, which was published in the *Calcutta Gazette* dated the 27th May 1874, the following revised rule for the port of Calcutta, having received the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal under clause (h), section 7, Act XII of 1875 (the Indian Ports' Act), is published for general information.

Rule 38.—With the exceptions hereinafter noted, no vessel of or exceeding 200 tons of burthen shall, without the special sanction of the Commissioners, move up or down the port through the ship opening of the Howrah Bridge, except such vessel is propelled or towed by steam against the tide, and then only at such a rate of speed, not exceeding 4 miles an hour over the ground, as is absolutely necessary to keep good steerage way.

Exceptions.—Tug and river-steamers, when not towing or propelling other vessels, may drop through the bridge opening under steam head to tide.

River flats may be dropped or warped at slack water through the ship opening or through the 60 feet openings.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th May 1875.—The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has been pleased to direct that all that portion of pergunnah Ghatseelah, of district Singbhoom, outlying in district Midnapore, bounded on the north by pergunnahs Jhatteebunnee and Mutkudpore, and on the east, south, and west by pergunnah Jambunnee, and comprising the villages named below, shall be transferred from the civil, criminal, and fiscal jurisdiction of Singbhoom to that of Midnapore, with effect from the 5th May 1875:—

Names of Villages.

1. Kanupore.	10. Tookda.	19. Parpahari.
2. Dandicka.	11. Khairbuni.	20. Sanahurapul
3. Panijin.	12. Mangrajapore.	21. Nunia.
4. Simdi.	13. Bamida.	22. Dhunamari.
5. Kesarpore.	14. Banudda.	23. Beldangri.
6. Malkundi.	15. Chainpasaia.	24. Charchaka.
7. Kalidaspore.	16. Porihati.	25. Gidina.
8. Rangamatia.	17. Hainupore.	
9. Kadmasali.	18. Nachda.	

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th May 1875.—The two villages mentioned below are transferred from thana Pursa to thana Deegwara, in the district of Sarup, with effect from this date:—

Names of Villages.	Thakbust Number.	Pergunnah Name.
Seetulpoor-Chukhusun	... 556	Goa.
Bustec-Julal	... 553	Do.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd May 1875.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Court Fees' Act of 1870 (Act VII), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to modify the orders contained in the notification of the 1st July 1872, and to issue the following directions, to be observed throughout the territories of the Lieutenant Governorship of Bengal, for regulating the number of stamps to be used for denoting any fee chargeable under the above-mentioned Act:—

1. When the exact amount of any fee chargeable under the said Act can be denoted by a single stamp, such fee shall be denoted by a single stamp, unless the Collector of the district, or officer in charge of a Sudder or Sub-divisional Treasury, shall certify that such stamp is not in his stock: Provided that, when the fee chargeable does not exceed Rs. 75, the certificate above mentioned may also be given by a licensed vendor of Court Fees' stamps.

2. When the amount of the fee cannot be denoted by a single stamp, or when the Collector or other officer has certified as aforesaid, the next lower stamp shall be used, and the deficiency made up by one or more additional stamps of such value, that the fewest possible number of stamps will make up the necessary amount.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd May 1875.—It is hereby notified, under section 161, Act VI of 1863, that from and after the 1st June 1875, no boat, which shall not have been duly licensed and registered, shall be allowed to ply as a cargo-boat for the landing and shipping of merchandise within the limits of the port of Pooree in the province of Orissa. It is also notified that, until further orders, no fee will be charged for such license and registration.

Application for license and registration should be made to the Collector of Customs,

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 18th May 1875.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the protection of the Railway Bridge and Embankment in the villages of Pantia and Bantia, pergunnah Koomputap, zillah Moorsshedabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose six pieces of land measuring, more or less, 10 beeghas 8 cottahs $4\frac{1}{2}$ chittacks of standard measurement, bounded as follows, are required within the aforesaid villages of Pantia and Bantia:—

In the Village of Bantia.

Plot No. 1.—Bounded on the north by the boundary line of village Jugdhary; on the south by the boundary line of village Pantia; on the west by the river Braminee; and on the east by the zemindary lands cultivated by Moriram Mundle, Troylucko Mundle, and Ram Ghose.

In the Village of Pantia.

Plot No. 2.—Bounded on the north and west by the river Braminee; on the north and east by the boundary line of village Bantia; on the west by the zemindary waste land; and on the south and east by the zemindary lands cultivated by Nilkunto Roy, Roghoo Nath Net, and Jogendro Narain Mullick.

In the Village of Pantia.—On the west side of the Railway.

Plot No. 3.—Bounded on the north by the village road; on the south by a bamboo bush and land belonging to Nilkunto Roy; on the east by the railway side-cutting land; and on the west by the land and house belonging to Ram Coomar Moochee.

Plot No. 4.—Bounded on the north by the land cultivated by Bungshee Net Chowkeedar; on the south by the land cultivated by Sham Net; on the east by the railway side-cutting land; and on the west by the land cultivated by Jogendro Narain Mullick.

On the east side of the Railway.

Plot No. 5.—Bounded on the north by the land belonging to Kadar Nath Mitter; on the south by the land in the bed of the Pantia Nullah, cultivated by Jodoo Mundle and Kristo Net; on the east by the land cultivated by Ram Doyal Pandit; and on the west by the railway side-cutting land.

Plot No. 6.—Bounded on the north by the land in the bed of the Pantia Nullah, cultivated by Jodoo Mundle and Kristo Net; on the south and east by land belonging to Nilkunto Roy; and on the west by the railway side-cutting land.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 8th May 1875.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a Park's service land to be given as compensation for the loss of the service land acquired for the high level canal from Ootlooberah to Midnapore, in the village of Amalpandah, pergunnah Kharaji Mondleghat, zillah Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land, measuring, more or less, 7 beeghas 18 cottahs of standard measurement, are required within the aforesaid village of Amalpandah, pergunnah Kharaji Mondleghat.

One piece of land, containing 6 beeghas 13 cottahs, is bounded on the north by the and belonging to Government; south, by Raj Narayan Majhi's cultivated land, by Goopee Nath Thakur's debatter land, (cultivated by Siva Ram Majhi), and by Thakur Das Toong's cultivated land; east, by Lakhmi Narayan Majhi's debatter land and Bachu Mallick's cheragi land; and west, by Madhu Sudon Majhi's cultivated land.

Another piece of land, containing 1 beegha 5 cottahs, is bounded on the north by Government land; south, by Jaya Deb Majhi's cultivated land; east, by a bund used as a road; and west, by Sarup Mytie's cultivated land.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following Extraordinary, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, is republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATION.

ACCOUNTS.

No. 519.

Simla, the 13th May 1875.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL has resolved to borrow two crores and fifty lakhs of rupees for the public service in the manner following :—

2. Promissory Notes will be issued for the said amount, bearing interest at the rate of four per centum per annum. The form and conditions of these Notes will be those of the Notes of the Transfer Loan of 1st May 1865, of which loan they will form a part. No Note will be issued for less than five hundred rupees, or for any amount not being a multiple of one hundred rupees. The Notes will be payable to order, and interest thereon will be paid half-yearly, on the 1st May and 1st November in each year.

3. Notice is hereby given that tenders will be received by the Comptroller-General at Calcutta from this date to noon of Wednesday, the 16th June next, for the whole or part of the above-named sum of two crores and fifty lakhs of rupees.

4. Each tender must be addressed, in the form annexed to this Notification, to the Comptroller-General, Treasury Buildings, Calcutta, and enclosed in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender for Loan."

5. Tenders will be opened at the Office of the Comptroller-General in Calcutta at noon on Wednesday, the 16th June next.

6. The amounts of accepted tenders must be paid in five equal instalments, on the following dates—

One-fifth on the 1st July 1875.

One-fifth on the 2nd August 1875.

One-fifth on the 1st September 1875.

One-fifth on the 1st October 1875.

One-fifth on the 1st November 1875.

Payment of any instalment except the first will be accepted before the due date, but not before the 1st July next. Interest upon the amount of each instalment paid before the 1st November next will be paid in advance, from the date when such instalment is received to the 31st October next.

7. Payment may be made to the account of the Government in one of the Presidency Banks of Bengal, Madras, or Bombay, or into any Government treasury or treasuries in India that may be named in the tenders.

8. Each tender must be accompanied by a receipt from one of the Presidency Banks of Bengal, Madras, or Bombay, or from an officer in charge of some Government treasury, or by a cheque on a banker in Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or by Government Promissory Notes duly endorsed to the Comptroller-General, for a sum of not less than one per centum on the amount for which tender is made. This deposit of one per centum will be considered as in part payment of the last instalment: it will be forfeited if the allotment is not fully taken up. A cash deposit may, after allotment, be exchanged for a Government Promissory Note.

9. Scrip receipts for instalments paid will be given by the Presidency Banks of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, or by the officers in charge of the Government treasuries at which payment is made. These receipts will be exchanged for Promissory Notes as soon as possible.

10. The minimum rate at which tenders will be accepted will be recorded under the signature of the Comptroller-General, and declared before any tender is opened. The rate stated in a tender must not contain a fraction of an anna. If a rate containing a fraction of an anna is inserted in any tender, such fraction will be struck out, and the tender treated as if the rate did not contain such fraction of an anna.

11. Tenders at the declared minimum rate, and at rates above the declared minimum, will be accepted in the order of the rates tendered, beginning with the highest rates. The amount allotted at the lowest rate at which tenders are accepted will be divided amongst those who have tendered at this rate, in proportion, as nearly as may be found convenient, to the amounts of their tenders.

12. The names of the persons whose tenders are accepted in whole or in part will be posted for general information at the Presidency Banks of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay.

By order of the Governor-General in Council,

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

FORM OF TENDER.

I hereby tender for rupees _____ of the Loan advertised in the Notification published in the *Gazette of India* Extraordinary dated the 13th May 1875, and agree to pay for the same, subject to the conditions notified, at the rate of rupees _____ annas* for every hundred rupees allotted to me.

* Fraction of an anna not allowed.

I enclose a *deposit receipt*† for rupees _____, and engage, if my offer be accepted, to pay to the account of the Government at the Presidency Bank of‡

† Or cheque or Government Promissory Note.

‡ Here enter the name of Bank or treasury.

[or into the Government treasury at‡ as the case may be,] the first instalment on the 1st

July next, and the several later instalments on or before the dates fixed by the Notification, as follows:—

One-fifth on the 1st July 1875.
One-fifth on the 2nd August 1875.
One-fifth on the 1st September 1875.
One-fifth on the 1st October 1875.
One-fifth on the 1st November 1875.

Note.—A separate tender must be made at each rate tendered, and a separate deposit must accompany each tender. In order to avoid mistakes, it is desirable that the tender, or, at least, the name of the tenderer, and the amount and rate tendered, should be written in English.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, is republished for general information:—

No. 237.—*Simla, the 7th May 1875.*—*Notifications.—Statistics.*—It is hereby notified for general information and guidance, that the spelling of the names of the more important places in Oudh has been fixed by the Chief Commissioner and approved by the Government of India, as shown in the list given below, and should be strictly adhered to in future:—

RIVERS.

Gumti,	Dahāwar,	Bisūhi,	Pingāl,
Sai,	Gubraiya,	Manwar,	Bhaghar,
Ganges,	Pirai,	Chamnai,	Dnarsoti,
Tinai,	Kauriala,	Pathri,	Dhauria,
Bas-ha,	Sārda or Chauka,	Pindar,	Bisoi,
Gurdhoi,	Sarju or Suheli,	Tirui,	Tons,
Kalyāni,	Ghāghi,	Chandaha,	Majhoi,
Son Ganga,	Mohān,	Jamunha,	Madha,
Chauka,	Jamwāri,	Soti Bhajia,	Kharhi,
Gogra,	Dah-autā or Kandwa,	Rāpti,	Senh,
Rethi,	Barwāi,	Sawāwan,	Naya,
Barta,	Dahar,	Būrio Rāpti,	Lon,
Ul,	Gambhīri,	Kathar Panāri,	Bāndh Bhujwā,
Sarāyan,	Garra,	Bahūi,	Baklāhi,
Kewāni,	Linwan,	Bhakosa,	Chamraura,
Kathua,	Sukheta,	Nālawura,	Sakarni,
Gon,	Kuwāna,	Soti,	Pili,

LUCKNOW DIVISION.

LUCKNOW DISTRICT.

Itaunja, Mohanlalganj, Malihaban, Bijnaur,	Rahimabad, Banthra, Kákori, Mahona,	Nigohán Sissaindi, Alamnagar, Goshainganj, Amethi,	Harauni, Malhaur,
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UNAO DISTRICT.

Purwa, Safipur, Mohau, Asoha Parsandan, Asiwan, Bangarmau, Fatehpur, Mohán Aurás,	Mauránwán, Ajgair, Panhan, Pariar, Daundia Khera, Sikandarpur, Uátan, Harha,	Bihár, Magrávar, Ghátampur, Bára, Bhagwantnagar, Jhalotar Ajgair, Tárgaon, Kursat,	Bithar, Mawai, Dalmau, Achalganj, Kusumbhi.
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BARA BANKI DISTRICT.

Tikaitnagar, Rám Sanahi Gúft, Haidargarh, Basorhi, Bado Sarai, Kursi, Bhitauli,	Daryabad, Bindaura, Safdarganj, Mawai, Maholára, Muhammadpur, Nawabganj, Partabganj,	Rámnagar, Rudauli, Subeha, Bahramghát Satrikh, Siddhaur, Súrajpur,	Dewa, Zaidpu, Fatehpur, Makhdúmpur.
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SITAPUR DIVISION.

SITAPUR DISTRICT.

Biswán, Bári, Misrikh, Aurangabad, Chandra, Gundlaman,	Hargám, Thánagaon, Kundri, Kurauna, Khasirabad, Láharpur,	Manwán, Machhrehtha, Maholi, Mahmudabad, Pirnagar, Rámkot,	Sadrpur, Tambaur, Paintepur, Khjmauna.
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HARDOL DISTRICT.

Chándpur, Bilgrám, Sandila, Shahabad, Alamagar, Barwan, Bálamau,	Báwan, Pibáni Pindarwa, Kachhona, Beniganj, Bangar, Pachhoha, Gundwa,	Gopamau, Katiari, Sara, Kachhandan, Kalyánmal, Sitapur, Tandiaon,	Mallánwán, Saromannagar, Mansurnagar, Sándi, Pali, Pináni, Naktaura.
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KHERI DISTRICT.

Muhamdi, Lakhimpur, Gola, Aurangabad, Barwar, Blúr,	Dhaurahra, Bhira, Firozabad, Haidarabad, Atwa Piparia, Khairigarh,	Kasta, Magdapur, Nighasan, Singáhi, Palia, Paila,	Pasgawan, Srinagar, Kukrá Mailáni, Oel, Mitauli.
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FYZABAD DIVISION.

FYZABAD DISTRICT.

Baskhári, Akbarpur, Bikapur, Tánda, Amsin, Birhar,	Goshainganj, Sohwal, Rouan, Pachhimráth, Haweli Oudh, Surharpur,	Khandánsa, Majhaura, Milkipur, Nára, Mangalsi, Ajodhya,	Tánda Mans-ha. Jalsipur, Siojhauli, Maya.
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BAHRAICH DISTRICT.

Kurásar, Nánpára, Bhinga,	Motipur, Charda, Dharmánpur,	Ikauna, Sisia, Fakhrpur,	Hisámpur, Tulsipur, Piágpur.
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GONDA DISTRICT.

Wazirganj, Begamganj, Utraula, Búchapara, Bahámpur,	Babhnipáir, Panchpurwa, Digsar, Guwárich, Mahadewa,	Nawabganj, Maunikapur, Bírpur, Pabúrapur, Sadullahnagar.	Tulsipur, Colonelganj, Lalia, Intwa.
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RÆ BARELI DIVISION.

RÆ BARELI DISTRICT.

Jagatpur Tānghān, Lalgañj, Digbijaiganj, Salon, Bachhrāwān,	Rokha Jāis, Kunsa, Parshadepur, Hardoi, Khiron,	Kumhrāwān, Simrauta, Ikhtiyārpur, Mau, Mohaiganj,	Dalmau, Sareni, Inhauna, Gurbakhsaganj.
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SULTANPUR DISTRICT.

Kuraibhār, Amethi, Musāfirkhana, Kadipur,	Chānda, Dostpur, Gaurā Jāmūn, Isauli,	Aldemau, Jagdispur, Piparpur, Surharpur,	Baraunsa, Tappa Asl, Rāipur, Lamhwa.
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PARTABGARH DISTRICT.

Kunda, Patti, Ateha,	Sangīpur, Bihār, Dhingwas,	Mānikpur, Sangrānagarh, Rampur,	Raniganj, Jithwara, Bela.
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The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information.—

No. 595.—Simla, the 6th May 1875.—Notifications.—Pensions and Gratuities.—The Governor-General in Council directs that the following be substituted for the two first sentences of Rule 1 under Section 29 of the Civil Pension Code:—

“When part of the pensionable service of an Officer has been paid from the general revenues and part from local funds, his pension or gratuity is paid according to the rule of proportions. The pensionable local fund service may not be neglected, and a pension or gratuity awarded solely for the service paid from general revenues.”

SEPARATE REVENUE—OPIMUM.

No. 708.—The 7th May 1875. Opium Revenue to date Compared with the Estimate for the year 1875-76.

PRESIDENCY.	LATEST MONTH.			TWO SALES OF BENGAL OPIMUM, AND ONE MONTH'S DUTY ON MALWA OPIMUM.		
	Estimate.	Actual	Better than Estimate.	Estimate.	Actual	Better than Estimate.
Bengal	£ 120,375	£ 461,128	£ 41,053	£ 849,750	£ 936,828	£ 95,078
Bombay	£ 1,22,255	£ 222,300	£ 3,145	£ 10,125	£ 222,300	£ 30,045
Total	£ 612,630	£ 683,728	£ 71,068	£ 1,230,000	£ 1,159,128	£ 120,123

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Marine Department, is republished for general information:—

No. 8.—Simla, the 4th May 1874.—Notification.—The following notice, received from the Acting Colonial Secretary at Hongkong, is published for general information:—

NOTICE.

HONGKONG.

Cape d'Aguilar Light.

Notice is hereby given that a light will be exhibited on *Cape d'Aguilar* on and after the 16th of April next.

The illuminating apparatus is fixed *Dioptric of the First Order*, showing a *white light* on the following bearings, which are *magnetic* and taken from *Southward*:—

- From S. $45^{\circ} \frac{1}{2}$ W. to N. $55^{\circ} \frac{1}{2}$ W. Between these bearings the light is obscured by the islets of the *Nine Pins*, and the islet just *South of Waglan*.
The light is then obscured by *Soan-kong Island*.
- From N. $21^{\circ} \frac{1}{2}$ W. to N. 42° W.
The light is then obscured by the *Lema Islands* and the *Islands to the southward of them*.
- From N. 33° E. to N. 69° E. Between these bearings the light is obscured to vessels to the *South-Westward of Ling Ting Island* and the *Islands of the Samouh Group*.
- The *Tathong Channel*, with the exception of a small portion obscured by *Shicko Head*.

The focal plane of the light is 200 feet above mean sea level, and in clear weather it should be seen at a distance of 23 nautical miles.

The tower is round, of stone, 30 feet high, with a total height from its base to the lantern vane of 57 feet.

The dwellings and boundary walls are painted white.

The Lighthouse is in latitude $22^{\circ} 12' 14''$ N. longitude $114^{\circ} 15' 44''$ E.

HARBOUR DEPT., HONGKONG, }
The 19th March 1875.

H. G. THOMSETT, R. N.,

Harbour Master, &c

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 14590.S

The 8th May 1875.—Major Edward Yeamans Walcott, Assistant Commissioner, Manbhoom, is vested with the powers of a Subordinate Judge in that district.

The 11th May 1875.—Mr. J. T. Babonau, Acting Sub-Deputy Collector of Serampore Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 13th May 1875.—Baboo Gunga Kant Mookerjee is appointed to act as Moonsif of Pandooah during the absence, on deputation, of Baboo Troylakhya Nath Mitra to act as Second Subordinate Judge of Burdwan.

The 17th May 1875.—Baboo Joggeshur Chundra, M.A. and B.L., is appointed to act as Moonsif of Pooree during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Juggut Dooliubb Mozoomdar, or until further orders. This cancels the orders of the 16th April 1875, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th idem, appointing Baboo Harri Churn Bannerjee to act as Moonsif of Pooree.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO MOONSIFS.—*The 18th May 1875.*—Baboo Dwarkanath Bhutta-sharjee, B.L., Third Moonsif of Panchpookereah, in the district of Tipperah, is allowed privilege leave of absence for a month from the 15th May 1875, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st May 1875.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following registration sub-district, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite the name. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the person named below to be Sub-Registrar of the said sub-district:—

DISTRICT	Name of new sub-district.	Head-Quarters.	Thana included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrar appointed.
Banca	Harmanpore	Balla	Harmanpore	Baboo Shashi Bhusan Roy.

This change will take effect on and from the 15th May 1875.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st May 1875.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following additions to Rules 65 and 67 of the Registration Rules:—

At the close of Rule 65, read the following words, “and shall date such certificate with his own hand.”

To Rule 67, read the words “when the copying work of each day is brought to a close, the date shall be entered in the right hand margin of registers, opposite the last written line in each register book.”

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th May 1875.—Under Section 406 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act X of 1872), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to exempt the following officers of the East Indian Railway in Bengal from service as Jurors or Assessors in criminal trials in places beyond the ordinary original jurisdiction of the High Court :—

District Superintendents of Traffic.
Assistant Superintendents of Traffic.
Guards.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 13th May 1875.—In supersession of the notification dated the 2nd April 1875, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the

	Rs.	A.	P.
2 sub-inspectors, at Rs. 50 each	100	0	0
1 head constable, .. 20	20	0	0
1 ditto, .. 10	10	0	0
1 constable, .. 5	5	0	0
2 constables, .. 8	16	0	0
4 ditto, .. 7	28	0	0
7 ditto, .. 6	42	0	0
Total	235	0	0
Pensionary charges at 2 as. per rupee	35	10	0
Total	320	10	0 per month
Or for six months	1,920	12	0
Clothing for six months	52	0	0
Contingencies, at Rs. 10 per cent.	197	0	0
Total	2,172	12	0

7th idem, Part I, page 422, it is hereby notified, under the provisions of Section 15 of Act V of 1861, that in consequence of frequent disturbances arising out of disputes between the farmers and ryots of certain villages within the jurisdiction of the Chagalnaya police station, in the district of Tipperah, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the employment, for six months, of a special police force consisting of two sub-inspectors, two head constables, and twenty-four constables, to be quartered in equal proportion at each of the stations of Daroga Hat and Bukshee Mahomed Bazar.

The charge noted on the margin will be levied from the inhabitants of the undermentioned villages :—

Names of Villages.	Pergunnahs in which situated.
Dukhin Gothuma, Utter Gothuma	Khandal.
Satkuchia	Ditto.
Puschimdebpora	Jogotpora.
Purbodebpore	Ditto.
Joypora	Dukhinsik.
Dukhin Satara	Ditto.
Durbarpora	Jolye Ruttonnuggor.
Dokhin Anandopore	Ditto.
Patan Nuggor	Shabek Ruttonnuggor
Hasunpora	Ditto
Solapora	Ditto.
Shahabnuggor	Ditto.
Futtehpore	Ditto.
Noopora	Jolye Durjoynuggor
Kamallah	Ditto.
Taranga	Ditto.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th May 1875.—Hetlal Roy, late Head Mohurr in the Office of the District Superintendent of Police, Furrcepore, having been guilty of abstracting records and suppressing reports which he was bound to lay before the District Superintendent, is hereby declared to be ineligible for re-employment in any capacity in the service of Government.

Descriptive Roll of Hetlal Roy.

Father's name	Okhoy Ram Roy.
Caste	Chuttree.
Age	50 years.
Height	5 feet 10 inches.
Complexion	Rather fair.
Native place	Village Aliabag, Station Furrcepore. District Furrcepore.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd May 1875.—It is hereby notified that, in modification of the Notification of the 23rd December 1873, published at page 1449 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 24th December 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the transfer of the head-quarters of the Maliarah Sub-Registry Office from that place to Gangajalghati, and the appointment of Bahoo Ramjeebun Chatterjee to be Sub-Registrar in the place of Baboo Damodor Sinhadurjia who has resigned the post.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th April 1875.—It is hereby notified, under the provisions of Section 15 of Act V of 1866, that in consequence of dacoities, thefts, &c., constantly committed by the Dosads and others, who are notorious criminals, and residents of Issurpore and the adjacent villages in the district of Shahabad, the Lieutenant-Governor has sanctioned the employment, for one year, of a special police force, consisting of one head-constable and 12 constables, to be quartered at those villages. The charge noted below will be levied from the inhabitants of villages Issurpoorah, including tolaa Milki, Karaich, and Oojhowba; Pursundah, including Ramdurta; Nainijore, including tolaas Dharmagatpoor, Lunseepoor, and Bhimputty; Bahoor, including Beesopoor:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
1 Head-constable at Rs. 10	10	0	0
12 Constables „ 6	72	0	0
Contingencies, at 10 per cent.	8	8	0
Pensionary charges, at 2 annas per rupee	10	4	0
	100	7	0
	× 12		
Annual cost	1,205	4	0

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st May 1875.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to extend the provisions of Section 34 of Act V of 1861 to the town of Jajipore, in the district of Cuttaek.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th May 1875.—Whereas one Peary Bibee died intestate leaving four cottahs of godbasta land in one plot, with a cocoanut-tree standing on it, in the village of Gopeenathpore, pergunnah Baligore, station Dhoneakhtally, district Hooghly, and whereas no claims have been established to the aforesaid property within the period of six months after the issue of a formal notification, it is hereby declared to have escheated to Government.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th May 1875.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following registration sub-district, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite the name. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the person named below to be Sub-Registrar of the said sub-district:—

District.	Name of new sub-district.	Head-quarters.	Thana included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrar appointed.
"	Darauli	Darauli	Darauli	Kazi Shaikh Muhammad Ibrahim.

This change will take effect on and from the 15th May 1875.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th May 1875.—In modification of the notification dated the 31st March 1875, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 7th April last, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that the powers of a Judge of a Small Cause Court for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the limit of Rs. 25, with which Baboo Rajendro Coomar Bose, Second Moonsif of Dacca, was therein vested, shall be exercised only within thannas Sabhar and Nowabgunge, within his Moonsiffce.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th April 1875.—The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under Act XI of 1865, to alter the territorial jurisdiction of the Cuttack Small Cause Court as follows :—

Moonsiffce.	Sub-divisions.	Thannas.	District.
Cuttack	{ Cuttack ... Kendrapara ...	Cuttack, Salipore, and Jugutsingpore Kendrapara, Patamoondai, and Jugunnathpore	Cuttack.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th May 1875.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following registration sub-districts, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite their names. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the persons named below to be Sub-Registrars of the said sub-districts :—

DISTRICT.	Names of new sub-districts.	Head-Quarters.	Thannas included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrars appointed.
	{ Salkopa ... Kotchandpore	Salkopa ... Kotchandpore	Salkopa ... Kotchandpore	Munsif Hameduddin Mahammad, Bulson Kesub Lal Roy.

These changes will take effect on and from the 15th of May 1875.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd May 1875.—Under the powers vested in the Lieutenant-Governor by Section 2 of Act II (B.C.) of 1867 (an Act for the punishment of public gambling and the keeping of common gaming-houses), His Honor is pleased to authorize the extension of the provisions of Section II of the said Act, from the 1st June next, to the under-mentioned villages, in the sub-division of Bongong, in the district of Nuddea :—

Mohespore, including Jalipore and Hamidpore,—bounded on the north by river Bhoirub; south by the Hansadaha Guntali ferry fund road; east by the fields of villages Gourabaria and Govindpore; west by the fields of village Nasdagaram.

Gopalnagur, including Khamarkalna and Jaliapara,—on the north by Bura Sali Banor; on the east by Thakurjahir Pukur; on the south by the fields of villages Ramchundrapore and the Madla Banor; on the west by the fields of village Kausona.

Garapota, including Kundipore and Kamalpore,—on the west by Kundipore Banor; east by the fields of villages Sundarpore, Sengara, and Gainpore; north by the fields of village Dhulani; and on the south by the village Kantipara and the fields of village Chanda.

Bongong, including Bazar and Matiagunge,—on the east by the fields of Bongong; on the south by the fields of village Kalupore; on the west by the fields of villages Sundarpore and Chumpabaria; north by the fields of villages Joypore and Paikpara.

Chhagharia,—on the north by the Jessore road; on the east by river Labhanga; on the south by the fields of village Kaliani, and on the west by the fields of village Chhagharia.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st May 1875.—Under the provisions of Section 2 of Act V (B.C.) of 1873, the following plan for extending gas-lighting to certain portions of the town of Howrah is published for general information :—

1. The portions of the town to which it is proposed to extend the lighting are that portion of the grand trunk road which lies between Ramkristopore Ghaut Road and Bishop's College Road, Seebpore Ghaut Road, and Ghosery Road. The total length of these roads is 2½ miles, and the number of lamps proposed to be erected in them is 75.

2. The total valuation of buildings and lands situated in these streets is Rs. 1,61,363, and a rate of 3 per cent. would yield an income of Rs. 4,840 per annum, which gives an average of Rs. 64 per lamp for defraying the cost of lighting. A communication has been received from the Oriental Gas Company agreeing to accept this sum in payment for supplying gas.

3. The cost of purchasing and erecting the lamps is estimated at Rs. 4,125, and this sum the Municipal Commissioners propose to provide from their general fund during the current official year.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd May 1875.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct the elimination, from the scale of provisions for emigrants, as laid down in Schedule B appended to the Emigration Rules under Act VII (B.C.) of 1873, of the red pumpkin (koomra) hitherto supplied daily to each statute adult emigrant under conveyance to the labour districts in quantities of 1½ chittacks, and the substitution therefor of a similar quantity of potatoes, which article of food will accordingly be raised to a daily allowance of 3 chittacks to the entire exclusion of pumpkin, a vegetable that has repeatedly been objected to as unwholesome for coolies on the voyage.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 3rd May 1875.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for burial grounds in the town of Chittagong, in villages Mooradpore and Butullee, pergunnah Islamabad, zillah Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the following two pieces of land are required within the aforesaid town of Chittagong :—

(1) A piece of land measuring, more or less, 9b 15c. 18d. of standard measurement, in village Mooradpore, bounded on the north by Hasun Ali and Yesir's homestead and Uzir Ali's shop; east by Raughur Road; south by Colonel's Hill and Buromusia Sura; west by Khiyrate Meah and Dabidin Mooktear's land and Buromusia Sura.

(2) A piece of land measuring, more or less, 8b. 14c. 10d. of standard measurement, in village Butullee, bounded on the north by the hills; east and west by nullahs; and south by homesteads of Korbani Khansama, Abdool Hamid, John Bux Jemadar, and Noorkhan.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 5th May 1875.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for disposal of municipal refuse of the town of Chittagong, in villages Moradpore, Pahartulli, and Madarbari, pergunnah Islamabad, zillah Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the following three pieces of land are required within the aforesaid town of Chittagong :—

1. A piece of land measuring, more or less, 8 beghas 13 cottahs 2 dhoors of standard measurement, in village Moradpore,—bounded on the north by Baromasia Surra; east, by burial-ground land; south, by Colonel Hill's and Nazir Ali's ryoti land; west, by Hamidulla Khan's old homestead.

2. A piece of land measuring, more or less, 10 beghas 3 cottahs 2 dhoors of standard measurement, in village Pahartulli,—bounded on the east by Tagir Pass; north, by Buttali Hills; south and west, by Ramjan Ali and Arban Ali's talooki land.

3. A piece of land measuring, more or less, 6 beeghas 7 cottahs 12 dhoors of standard measurement in village Madar Bari, - bounded on the north by a tank belonging to Mahomed Rofee Sowdagur and khila land; east, by homestead of Moulvie Karee Muddin and Mirja Ali's ryoti lands; south, by homestead of Esuff Ali Sowdagur and a tank belonging to Kanti Ram; and west, by the Government road from Buttulli to Sudder Ghât.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 14th April 1875—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for widening Bhorparah Ghât road, under the jurisdiction of the Municipality of Howrah, in the village of Howrah, pergunnah Boro, zillah Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 9 cottahs 8 chittacks 37½ superficial feet of standard measurement, bounded on the north by lands belonging to Government and to Chowdry Zemindars, and by Bhorparah Ghât road; on the east by Bhorparah road and khall, and by Government land; on the south by Bhorparah Ghât road and by lands belonging to Government and to Chowdry Zemindars; and on the west by Bhorparah khall and by Chowdry Zemindars' land, is required within the aforesaid village of Howrah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 15th May 1875.

No. 175.—Transfer.—Baboo Heraloll Mitter, Overseer Third Grade, from the East Tirhoot Special Division to the Patna District.

No. 176.—Leave of Absence.—Lieutenant J. T. Wright, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, Officiating Executive Engineer, Dinagapore Special Division, is allowed privilege leave from the 18th January to the 2nd February 1875, under Chapter 6, Section 21 of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 177.—Appointment.—Mr. J. Patterson, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, Officiating Executive Engineer, Backergunge Division, is appointed to Officiate as Executive Engineer of the Aekra Division as a temporary arrangement.

Mr. Patterson assumed charge of the Aekra Division on the 21st April 1875, before noon.

No. 178.—Leave of Absence.—Mr. H. J. Handley, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the North Bhagulpore Special Division, is allowed privilege leave for two months, under Section 12, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his duties in that Division.

No. 179.—Transfer.—Baboo Suruth Chunder Ghose, Sub-Engineer, First Grade, from the Third to the Second Calcutta Division.

No. 180.—Notification.—The services of Baboo Preonath Ghose, Apprentice Engineer, attached to the Sonthal Purgunnahs district, who was deputed to Bengal for relief works, are replaced at the disposal of the Government North Western Provinces, Irrigation Branch, with effect from the 30th April 1875, afternoon.

No. 181.—The services of Baboo Boroda Persaud Paalit, Supervisor, First Grade, Dinagapore Special Division, who was deputed to Bengal for relief works, are replaced at the disposal of the Punjab Government with effect from the 7th May 1875, afternoon.

No. 182.—Transfer.—Serjeant A. Freeman, Supervisor, Second Grade, from the First to the Fourth, Calcutta Division.

No. 183.—Appointments.—Baboo Sudda Nundo Behra, Probationary Accountant, Fourth Grade, attached to the Braminee Division, is permanently appointed to that Grade.

The 17th May 1875.

No. 184.—Mr. T. H. Wickes, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, Nuddea Rivers Division, is appointed to special duty connected with the Eastern Bengal Railway.

No. 185.—Mr. J. S. Carey, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, Moorsshedabad district, to officiate as Executive Engineer of the Nuddea Rivers Division, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Mr. T. H. Wickes, or until further orders.

2. Mr. Carey is also appointed Supervisor of the above rivers under Section XIII of Act V of 1864, Bengal Legislative Council.

3. Mr. Carey assumed charge of the above Division on the 17th April 1875, before noon.

No. 186.—Leave of Absence.—Baboo Surruth Chunder Ghose, Sub-Engineer, First Grade, attached to the Second Calcutta Division, is allowed privilege leave for three months, under Section 12, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 187.—The following order, issued by the Government of India, Military Department, is republished for information :—

No. 481, of the 5th May 1875.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs.

Captain Walter Morland Story, of the General List Infantry, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, Military Works Branch, Department Public Works, for eighteen months, under Rules IX and XV of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 188.—The following orders, issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, are republished for information :—

No. 214, of the 3rd May 1875.—Major J. P. Steel, B.E., Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, Bengal, is placed on special duty with the Government of India, with the rank of Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, with effect from the date of his making over charge of the Office of Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department to Mr. A. B. Sampson.

No. 217, of the 3rd May 1875.—The appointment in Public Works Department Notification No. 161, dated 30th March 1875, of Baboo Hurro Prosuno Ghose as an Accountant, Fourth Grade, is cancelled.

Baboo Kristo Dhone Chatterjee, Head Clerk and Accountant in Bengal, is appointed an Accountant, Fourth Grade, on probation, and is transferred to British Burmah.

No. 219, of the 4th May 1875.—The undermentioned upper subordinates attached to His Highness the Nizam's State Railway, who have been temporarily employed in Bengal on famine relief work, are transferred to the establishment under the Director of State Railways :—

Serjeant C. Wickens, Supervisor, Second Grade.

Mr F. Wilshaw, ditto ditto.

„ F. Hiles, Overseer, First Grade.

Ardayseer Hortmusjee, ditto, Second Grade.

No. 220.—In Notification No. 112, dated 11th March 1875, transferring certain upper subordinates from the establishment under the Director of State Railways to British Burmah, omit the names of Mr. E. LeMaistre, Overseer, 1st Grade, Baboo Parmesary Doss, Overseer, Third Grade, and substitute those of Corporal J. Crampton, Overseer, First Grade, Mr. D. Campbell, Overseer, First Grade, temporarily transferred to Bengal for famine works.

G. F. E. S. NEILL, Captain, M.S.C.,

Offg. Asst. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

IRRIGATION.

ESTABLISHMENT—NOTIFICATION.

The 12th May 1875.

No. 176.—Leave.—Baboo Woodoy Narain Singh, Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, Brahminee Division, is granted sick leave for two months, under Notification No. 92, dated 8th March 1875, Section 3, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted him in the orders marginally noted.

The 14th May 1875.

No. 177.—Transfer.—Mr. D. R. Horn, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, is transferred from the Western Sone Survey to the Buxar Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 12th instant.

No. 178.—Posting—Mr. R. A. Oldham, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, retransferred from the Provincial Branch, is posted to the Gunduck Circle.

The 17th May 1875.

No. 179.—Notification.—Extract from general orders by the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief, dated head-quarters, Simla, 15th October 1874 :—

The undermentioned candidates are reported to have passed the lower standard in Hindoostanee on the 5th October 1874 :—

Lieutenant R. H. Brown, Royal Engineers.

* * * * *

No. 180.—Transfers.—Baboo Rajkristo Coomar, Supervisor, Second Grade, from the Dehree to the Western Sone Survey Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 13th March last.

No. 181.—Baboo Baney Madhub Chatterjee, Sub-Overseer, First Grade, is transferred from the Western Sone Survey to the Dehree Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 11th instant.

No. 182.—Leave.—Mr. A. Ruckstuhl, Sub-Engineer, Second Grade, Eastern Sone Division, is granted one month's leave without pay, under Notification No. 91, dated 6th March 1875, Section 9, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted him in the orders marginally noted.

IRRIGATION.

No. 183 — *Notification.*—With reference to notification No. 53, dated 8th February 1875, it is hereby notified that the undermentioned canals were re-opened for traffic on the dates given below :—

• High Level Canal	...	29th March 1875.
Toldundah and Matchgong Canals	...	10th April 1875.

G. A. SEARLE, *Lt.-Col., B.C.,*
for *Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,*
in the *P.W.D., Irrigation Branch.*

CALCUTTA PORT TRUST.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th May 1875.—Under the provisions of Section 65 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the following additions and alterations to the schedule of landing and shipping charges over the jetties :—

IMPORT SCHEDULE.

Names of Articles.	Landing charges.	Removal charges.	Wharf rent.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Asphalte, per cwt.	0 1 6	0 0 9	0 4 0
Drainage pipes, per cwt.	0 1 6	0 0 9	0 4 0
Sulphate of copper, per cwt.	0 1 6	0 0 9	0 4 0

EXPORT SCHEDULE.

PRESENT RATE.			PROPOSED RATE.		
Names of Articles.	Shipping charges.	Wharf rent per month.	Names of Articles.	Shipping charges.	Wharf rent per month.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Tobacco-leaf and prepared, per cwt.	0 1 0	0 10 0	Tobacco-leaf and prepared, in bales.	0 1 6	0 10 0

W. D. SCOTT, *Offg. Vice-Chairman.*

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3744, dated *Alipore*, the 12th May 1875.—Baboo Dwarka Nauth Chatterjee made over charge of the Maldah Jail to Baboo Uday Chand Dutt on the afternoon of the 4th May 1875.

No. 3895, dated the 17th May 1875.—Lieutenant H. Grey received charge of the Ranchi Jail from Captain N. Lewis in the morning of the 3rd instant.

ERRATUM.—*The 14th May 1875.*—For notification No. 2925, dated 15th April last, published in the *Gazette* of the 21st April 1875, read the following :—

No. 2925, dated 15th April 1875.—Mr. L. Hare, c.s., made over charge of the Dacca Jail to Mr. R. F. Rampini, c.s., on the forenoon of the 16th March 1875.

G. M. BOWIE, *Major,*
Offg. Inspector-General of Jails, L.P.

HIGH COURT,—Original Side.

The 17th May 1875.—It is ordered that the following rule be read and passed as a rule and order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, to take effect from the first day of June 1875:—

When a case occupies more than one day, the plaintiff shall, every day after the first day, at the sitting of the Court, deliver, to the principal officer in attendance, a requisition to proceed with the case, with a court fee stamp affixed thereon of the value of rupees twenty [being the amount of the fee payable to the Court according to item 21 of the first of the schedules of court fees, which came into effect on the 9th of March 1874]. Such fee, if not paid by the plaintiff, may be paid by the defendant, or, if there be two or more defendants, by any one or more of them; but if not paid at all, the case may be struck out of the board, and treated as having been abandoned. If such fee be paid by the defendant, or any one or more of two or more defendants, the Court may make such order with respect thereto, on the final disposal of the suit, as to it shall seem fit.

A. G. MACPHERSON.
LOUIS S. JACKSON.
J. B. PHEAR.
W. MARKBY.
T. A. GLOVER.
CHARLES PONTIFEX.

E. G. BIRCH.
G. G. MORRIS.
R. C. MITTER.
W. F. McDONELL.
H. B. LAWFORD.

Sheriff's Office, the 12th May 1875.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifth Criminal Sessions of the year 1875, of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-house, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the seventh day of June next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

DEGUMBER MITTER, *Sheriff*.

সরফ আফিস সন ১৮৭৫ সাল ১২ মে।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে শ্রবে বাঙ্গালার ফোর্ট উইলিয়ম ভূগর্ভের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্ত্য জন্য আগামি সন ১৮৭৫ সালের ৭ই জুন সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭৫ সালের পঞ্চম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

DEGUMBER MITTER, *Sheriff*.

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER Section 14 of Act II of 1865, and subject to the orders of Government, notice is hereby given that the Judge of the Small Cause Courts of Dacca and Munshigunge will sit again at Munshigunge Court on the 28th and 29th instant.

PORSHNATH BANERJEE, *Offg. Judge*.

MUNSHIGUNGE S. C. COURT, the 12th May 1875.

NOTICE.

UNDER Section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that, subject to the orders of Government, the sittings of this Court will in future continue from the 2nd Monday to the 3rd Tuesday in each month, both days inclusive.

R. TOWERS, *Judge of the Monghyr Small Cause Court*

MONGHYR, the 14th May 1875.

TREASURY NOTICES.

MR. PHILLIPS, C.S., Assistant Collector, has been placed in charge of the Balasore treasury from 3rd May 1875, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.—By order,

K. C. GHOSH, *Personal Asst. to Commr., Orissa.*

UNCOVENANTED Deputy Collector Baboo Taraprasad Chatterjee has been placed in temporary charge of the Moorshedabad treasury from the 6th instant, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

W. J. HERSCHEL, *Commissioner.*

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, PRESIDENCY DIVISION, CALCUTTA, the 12th May 1875.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICE.

UNDER paragraph 8 of the Junior Scholarship Rules, it is hereby notified that the 18 Junior Scholarships allotted to the Patna division, for the year 1875-76, have been distributed among the several districts comprising it as follows:—

Patna	...	...	...	...	7
Gya	...	...	...	...	2
Shahabad	...	...	...	...	3
Mozufferpore	...	...	...	...	2
Durbhanga	...	...	...	...	0
Sarun	...	...	...	...	3
Chumparun	...	...	...	...	1
Total					18

The grade of these Scholarships will be determined by the number of marks which the successful candidates get at the Entrance Examination, to be held in December 1875.

DURGA GATI BONERJEA, *Personal Asst. to Commr., for Commr.*

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 469B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1873-74, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Friday, the 4th June 1875, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,750 chests, viz.—

					Chests.
Behar	Opium	...	...	...	2,150
Benares	„	...	...	...	1,600
Total					3,750

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 16th November 1874, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 19th June 1875 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Wednesday, the 9th June 1875, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Saturday, the 19th June 1875.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however,

reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

DATES.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 7th July 1875	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 5th August "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 6th September "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 1st October "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th November "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 3rd December "	2,150	1,600	3,750
Total	12,900	9,600	22,500

By order of the Member in charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 26th April 1875.

NOTICE.

No. 501B.

WITH reference to paragraph 18 of the general notification published on the 16th November 1874, it is hereby notified that the Agents of the French Government applied for the reservation of 300 chests of opium from the quantity advertised for sale on the 5th April, but did not pay for them within the prescribed period, and that the Government will cause the opium so reserved to be sold at a sale held expressly for the purpose, of the date of which due notice will be given hereafter.

By order of the Member in charge,

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 3rd May 1875. W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secy.*

NOTIFICATION.

BY ORDER OF GOVERNMENT.

WITH the object of facilitating the entry of steamers and other vessels at the Custom House, Calcutta, it is hereby notified to all whom it may concern that from and after the publication of this notice—

1. On announcement of the arrival of the vessel at Saugor, the documents necessary for entering a ship may be presented at the Custom House, so as to avoid delay after the ship is moored; and for the purpose of announcement of arrival at Saugor, the official Government Telegraph Gazette will be considered the requisite proof.

2. Agents of ships who present documents for the entry of ships under the permission given by the preceding section, will be considered as undertaking the responsibility of masters under Sections 47 and 49, Act VI of 1863, with regard to the manifest; all alterations made subsequent to the entry of the vessel being subject to the usual penalty.

3. The correctness of a manifest being of extreme importance, those whom it may concern are hereby informed that the penalties in case of want of accuracy or care in the preparation of a manifest will be strictly enforced.

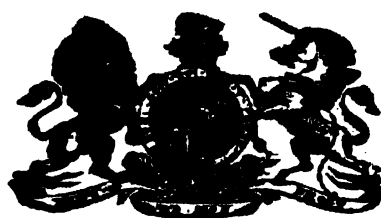
Agents making an application under this notification, will be considered to have consented on behalf of the ship to the conditions above mentioned.

CUSTOM HOUSE, CALCUTTA, the 1st May 1875. J. D. MACLEAN, *Offg. Collr. of Customs.*

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The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1875.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the Condition of Sale below, to the under-mentioned estate, situated in the district of Purneah, will be put up to sale at the Purneah Collectorate on Saturday, the 5th June 1875, corresponding with 23rd Jaisto 1282 B.S. and 16th Jaisto 1282 F.S.

The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

1st.—The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estate will be transferred to him, the only right reserved by Government being the right of revising the jumma at the conclusion of the term of the present settlement, and on the expiration of all future settlements. If on resettlement he should refuse to engage, he will be entitled to malikana.

The estate will be sold, subject, up to the expiry of the existing settlement in the year ending 31st March 1902 A.D., to the Government revenue against it, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force; the purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the 15th (fifteenth) day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

Khas Mehal Register No.	Number in the District Roll.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Government revenue	Report price.	REMARKS
				Recent assessment.		
			A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1.	190	Kishenpore Behary, zillah Gondwarrah, pergunnah Dhur-rumpore.	89 1 38	51 8 6	516 0 0	

PURNEAH, the 19th April 1875.

W. KEMBLE, Collector.

اشٹہار نیلامی کچہری کلکٹری ضلع پورنہ ابلیک

بذریعہ اسکے خبر دہجانی ہی کہ ضلع پورنہ کے ماتحت اسٹیک مندرجہ ذیل میں جو حق مالکیت گورنمنٹ کا شرایط مندرجہ ذیل میں مندرج ہوا ہے تاریخ ۵ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۵ء مطابق ۲۳ جیٹھ سنہ ۱۲۸۲ بگلہ و ۱۶ جیٹھ سنہ ۱۲۸۲ فصلی روز سنچر کو کچہری کلکٹری میں ضلع مذکور کے نیلام ہوگا خریداران نیلام شرایط تفصیل ذیل کے تابع رہینگے

خریدار محال مذکور کو تصور کیا جائیگا کہ وہ مالک محال مذکور کا ہی کل حق حقوق گورنمنٹ کا جو محال ہذا میں ہی اسپر عاید ہوگا صرف بعد انقضای میعاد بندوبست حال کے بعد انقضای ۳۱ مارچ سنہ ۱۹۰۴ء یعنی اختیار گورنمنٹ کا ہوگا کہ جمع بندوبست حال کا تبدیل کرلیویں اور آئندہ ہوائیک بندوبست کا میعاد منقضي ہونے سے وسامی کرسٹینگ اگر بوقت بندوبست ثانی خریدار وہ بندوبست انکار کری تو مالکانہ پانیگا مستحق ہوگا اور جو شخص نیلام کے اول ہوگا سے سب پریشی ہوگا رنگا اسیکر ہاتھ جمع مقررہ بعد انقضای میعاد بندوبست حال یعنی ۳۱ مارچ سنہ ۱۹۰۲ء نیچا جائیگا

۲ پٹہجات جو اسوقت قائم ہی اور جو سب حق حقوق بذریعہ بندوبست و قانون روان منظور کیا گیا ہی فروخت کے بعد بھی بھال رہیگا انکاران کے طیارے جمع بندی میں جو جو خود کاشت رعیت دمنحط کیا ہی حق انہوںکا خریدار کو ماننا چاہیگی

۳ ایک سو روپیہ سے کم قیمت ہونے سے بالکل روپیہ زرٹمن اسپوقٹ دینگے ہوگا

۴ ایک سو روپیہ سے زیادہ ہونے تو قیمت یکار کا چوتھائی حصہ اسپوقٹ امانت کرنے ہوگا فروخت کا دن لیکر ۱۵ پندرہ دن دو پھر کے وقت یا کہ وہ دن تعطیل ہونے سے اسکے بعد جو دن کچہری پہلے کھلے اُسیدن دو پھر تک اگر باقی روپیہ داخل نہیں ہوی تو خرید باطل اور امانتی روپیہ گورنمنٹ میں ضبط ہوگا اور پہلا فروخت کے مطابق ٹانیا اشٹہار جاری کرینگے ساتھ خریدار ہارج مذکور کے جو بدھی میں محال مذکور ٹانیا نیلام ہوگا

نمبر خاص محال	...	...	...	...	...	۱۱
نمبر ہی ضلع	...	...	...	...	...	۱۹۰ توزیع
نام محال و پرگنہ	...	...	موضع کشن پور ہاری ضلع گوندوارہ پرگنہ دھرمپور	...	...	...
تعیین ارضی	...	...	ایکر	...	...	...
جمع مقررہ	...	...	...	...	...	...
نیلام پہلا ہوگا	...	...	...	...	...	...

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the under-mentioned estates situate in the district of Backergunge, will be put up to sale at the Backergunge Collectorate, on Wednesday, the 1st of June 1875, corresponding with 19th Jaista 1282 B.S.

The purchasers will be subject to the following Conditions of Sale:—

1st.—The purchasers of these estates will be considered as the proprietors of these estates, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estates will be transferred to them, the only right reserved by Government being the right of revising the jumma at the conclusion of the term of the present settlements, and on the expiration of all future settlements. If on resettlement they should refuse to engage, they will be entitled to malikana. The estates will be sold, subject, up to the year 1907 A.D., to the Government revenue against them, to the highest bidders above the upset price.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force: and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators, who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estates to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchasers after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

5th.—The purchasers will be bound to perform the duties of patwarries, as set forth in Section 33, Regulation XII of 1817.

No. in statement of Government estate.	No. on the district roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Revenue assessed.	Upset price.	REMARKS.
			A. R. P. Y.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
846	1659	Government purchased mahal taluk Ram Keshab Das, pergunnah Bangorara.	0 2 22 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	To be settled with the purchaser from April 1873 to March 1907 A.D.
253	3681	Ditto Mohamud Molaem, pergunnah Snerampore.	8 2 5 0	1 8 0	1 8 0	Ditto from April 1873 to March 1907.
849	3291	Ditto taluk Ramshankar Ghose, pergunnah Shajadpore.	2 3 14 0	8 0 0	16 0 0	Ditto from April 1874 to March 1907 A.D.
588		Ditto Darichar Razghatpore, pergunnah Tejerganepore.	42 2 13 0	156 0 0	312 0 0	Ditto ditto.

E. J. BARTON, *Offg. Collector.*

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, DISTRICT BACKERGUNGE, the 15th April 1875.

জিলা বাকরগঞ্জ ।

নীলামা এস্তাহারনামা কাছারী কালেক্টরী জেলা বাকরগঞ্জ ।

এতদ্বারা সংবাদ দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে বাকরগঞ্জ জেলার অন্তর্গত পশ্চাৎলিখিত খাস মহাল বিক্রয়ের নিম্নলিখিত নিয়মপত্র গবর্নমেন্টের যে মালিকী স্বত্ত্ব নিশ্চিষ্ট হইয়াছে তাহা সন ১৮৭৫ সনের ১ জুন মোতাবেক বাঙ্গলা ১২৮২ সনের ১৯ জ্যৈষ্ঠ মঙ্গলবার এই জেলার কালেক্টরী কাছারীতে নীলাম হইবেক ইতি সন ১৮৭১ । ১১ আগ্রিল মোং ১২৮২ সনের ৩ বৈশাখ ।

বিক্রয়ের নিম্নলিখিত নিয়ম খরিদারের মানিতে হইবেক ।

বিক্রয়ের নিয়ম ।

১ম: এই সকল মহালের খরিদারগণ মহালের ভূম্যধিকারি বলিয়া জ্ঞান হইবে আর বর্তমান বন্দোবস্তের মিয়াদ ফুরাইলেও ইহার পর অন্য যে বন্দোবস্ত করা যায় তাহার মিয়াদ ফুরাইলে গবর্নমেন্টের ভূমা বাড়িয়া দেওয়ার এক অধিকার রাখিয়া এই সকল মহালে গবর্নমেন্টের যে অধিকারিত্ব থাকে তাহা সম্পূর্ণরূপে খরিদারগণকে হস্তান্তর করিয়া দেওয়া যাইবে পুনঃবন্দোবস্ত হইবার সময় তাঁহারা করারনামা করিতে সম্মত না হইলে তাঁহাদের মালিকানা পাইবার অধিকার থাকিবে প্রথম যত টাকা ডাক হয় তাহার উপর যে ব্যক্তি অধিক ডাকে ঐ মহালের উপর গবর্নমেন্টের যে ভূমা ধার্য্য হইল প্রত্যেক মহালের লিখিত মিয়াদপর্য্যন্ত অর্থাৎ ইং ১৯০৭ সালপর্য্যন্ত সেই ভূমা দিবার নিয়মে সেই ব্যক্তিকে মহাল বিক্রয় করা যাইবে ।

২য়: বর্তমান পাট্টা এবং বন্দোবস্তের কার্য্য কি প্রচলিত আইনহইতে উৎপন্ন স্বত্ত্ব সকল বিক্রয়ের পরেও বহাল থাকিবেক রাজস্বের কাছাকারকদিগের কৃত জমাদন্দীতে যে খোদকস্তা রাইয়ত স্বাক্ষর করিয়াছে ক্রেতারা তাহাদিগের স্বত্ত্ব মানিতে বাধ্য হইবে ।

৩য়: এক শত টাকার অনধিক পণ হইলে সেই সমুদয় টাকা তৎক্ষণাৎ দিতে হইবে ।

৪র্থ: এক শত টাকার অধিক হইলে ডাক পণের চারি অংশের একাংশ তৎক্ষণাৎ দাখিল করিতে হইবে বিক্রয়ের দিবস এক দিন বলিয়া গণনা করিয়া বিক্রয়ান্তের পর দশ দিনের মধ্যাহ্নকালে কিম্বা সেই দিবস বন্দের দিন হইলে তৎপরে প্রথম যে দিন কাছারী খোলা যায় সেই দিনের মধ্যাহ্নকালে যদি অবশিষ্ট টাকা দাখিল না হয় তবে বিক্রয় রহিত ও গচ্ছিত টাকা গবর্নমেন্টে জন্ম হইবে ও প্রথম স্থলীয় বিক্রয়ের মা্য পুনর্ব্বার বিজ্ঞাপন প্রকাশ করণ পূর্ব্বক ঐ ক্রটিকারি ক্রেতার হুকিতে সেই মহাল পুনর্ব্বার বিক্রয় হইবে ।

৫ম: ১৮১৭ সনের ১২ আইনের ৩৩ দফামতে পাটওয়ারির কার্য খরিদারগণ করিতে বাধ্য হইবে।

রাজকাব মহালের রোজিতির নম্বর খাস মহালের রোজি- তির নম্বর	জেলার বাহির নম্বর ভৌজির নম্বর	মহাল ও পরগনার নাম	চুই পরমাণু নাটিক হত একর	গবর্ণমেন্টের সাক্ষর	মন্তব্য	
৮৪৬	১৬৫২	শরকারের নীলাম খরিদা ডালুক রামকেশব দাস পং বাঙ্গরোড়া	এঃরোঃপোঃগঃ	২	১	ম্যাদই ১৮৭৩ সনের জাশ্রিল নাং ১২০৭ সনের মাট।
২৫০	৩৬৮১	শরকারের নীলাম খরিদা ডালুক মহাম্মদ মুল্লাএম পং কীরামপুর	০১২১২১০ ৮১২১৫১০	১১০	১১০	ম্যাদই ১৮৭৩ সনের জা- শ্রিল নাং ১২০৭ সনের মাট।
৮৪২	৩২২১	শরকারের নীলাম খরিদা ডালুক রামশঙ্কর ঘোষ পং সাহাজাপুর	২১৩১৪১০	৮	১৬	ম্যাদই ১৮৭৪ সনের জা- শ্রিল নাং ১২০৭ সনের মাট।
৪৮৮	১৪৪৭ নং অণ্ডগত ৩৬৫ নং	শরকারের নীলাম খরিদা কিং রমুনাথপুরের দরিচর পং বেজিরগ ওমেদপুর	৪২১২১৩১০	১৫০	৩১২	এ এ

E. J. BARTON, *Officiating Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary rights of Government, as specified in the condition of sale below, in the undermentioned estates situated in the district of Purneah, will be put up to sale at the Purneah Collectorate on Saturday, the 24th July 1875, corresponding with 9th Srabon 1282 B. S. and 6th Srabon 1282 F. S.

The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

1st.—The purchasers of these estates will be considered as the proprietors of the estates and the entire proprietary rights of Government in such estates will be transferred to them, the only right reserved by Government being the right of revising the jummah at the conclusion of the term of the present settlement, and on the expiration of all future settlements. If on re-settlement they should refuse to engage, they will be entitled to malikana. The estates will be sold, subject, up to the expiry of the existing settlement with year ending 31st March 1902 A.D., to the Government revenue against them, to the highest bidders above the upset price.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings, and by the laws in force: the purchasers to be bound to respect the right of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Khas mahal Register No.	No. on the dis- trict roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	GOVERNMENT REVENUE Revenue assessed.	Upset price.	REMARKS
			A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
114	1-5	Semiriah Khem Chand, zillah Bhowanipur, pergunnah Dhur- rampur.	112 3 1	20 0 0	200 0 0	
116		Malthia, zillah Bhowanipur, per- gunnah Dhurrampur.	64 0 37	5 0 0	50 0 0	
117	495	Kwari Bhandar-ar, zillah Bhowan- ipur, pergunnah Dhurrampur.	75 1 6	5 0 0	50 0	
119	557	Bunsee Poran Dalia, zillah Bhowan- ipur, pergunnah Dhurrampur.	21 2 21	2 0 0	20 0 0	
125	27	Lowkahi, zillah Burnagur, per- gunnah Dhurrampur.	170 1 10	10 0 0	100 0 0	

PURNEAH COLLECTORATE, the 7th April 1875

W. KEMBLE, *Collector.*

اشتہار نامہ کچہری کلکٹری ضلع پورنیہ یہ ہے

بذریعہ اس کے خبر دی جاتی ہے کہ ضلع پورنیہ کے ماتحت محال مندرجہ ذیل میں جو حق مالک گورنمنٹ کا شرایت مندرجہ ذیل میں مندرج ہوا ہے بتاریخ ۲۴ جولائی سنہ ۱۸۷۵ء مطابق ۹ ماہ سانوں سنہ ۱۲۸۲ بنگلہ و ۹ ماہ سانوں ۱۲۸۲ فصلی روز سنچر کو کچہری کلکٹری میں ضلع مذکور کے بیلان ہوا خریداران بیلان شریٹ تنصیل ذیل کے تابع رہینگے ۔

۱ خریدار محال مذکور کو تصور کیا جائیگا کہ وہ مالک محال مذکور کا ہی کل حق حقوق گورنمنٹ کا جو محال ہذا میں ہے اوسپر عاید ہوگا صرف بعد انقضای میعاد بندوبست حال کے یعنی بعد ۳۱ مارچ سنہ ۱۹۰۲ اخبار گورنمنٹ کا ہوگا کہ جمع بندوبست حال کا تبدیل کرلیویں اور ایسے ہر ایک بندوبست کا میعاد منقضي ہونے سے ویسے ہی کر سکیں گے اگر بوقت بندوبست ثانی خریدار بندوبست انکار کرے تو مالکانہ پائے کا مستحق ہوگا اور جو شخص بیلان کے اول ہوگا سے سب پریشی ہوگا، یگا اوسکی ہاتھ بجمع مقررہ بعد گذرنے میعاد بندوبست حال سے لغایت ۳۱ مارچ سنہ ۱۹۰۲ لپچا جائیگا۔

۲ پٹنجات جو اسوقت قائم ہی اور جو سب حق حقوق بذریعہ رفعدار بندوبست و قانون روان منظور کیا گیا ہے فروخت کے بعد بھی بحال رہیگا املاکاران مال کے قیاری جمعہندی میں جو جو خود کاشت رعیت دستخط کیا ہے حق اونہوں کا خریدار کو ماندا چاہئے ۔

۳ ایک سو روپیہ سے کم قیمت ہونے سے بالکل روپیہ اسوقت دینے ہوگا۔

۴ ایک سو روپیہ سے زیادہ ہوئی تو قیمت پیکار کا چوتھا حصہ اسوقت امانت کرنے ہوگا فروخت کا دن ایک پندرہون دن دوپہر کے وقت یا کہ وہ دن تعطیل ہونے سے اوسکے بعد جو دن کچہری میلے کیلے اوسے دن دوپہر تک اگر باقی روپیہ داخل نہیں ہوئے تو خرید ناظر اور اضافی روپیہ گورنمنٹ میں ضبط ہوگا اور پہلا فروخت کے مطابق ثانیاً اشتہار جاری ک بدگ ساتھ خریدار ہارج مذکور کے جوابدہی میں محال مذکور ثانیاً بیلان ہوگا ۔

تعداد دفعہ

کمیٹیف	نام محال و پرگنہ	کمیٹیف	کمیٹیف	کمیٹیف	کمیٹیف	کمیٹیف	کمیٹیف	کمیٹیف	کمیٹیف
۱۱۴	توربع	۱۰۵	۱۱۶	۱۱۷	۱۱۹	۱۲۰	۱۲۱	۱۲۲	۱۲۳
۲۰۰	موضع مسریا کھم چند ضلع ۱۱۲-۳-۱	۲۰	۱	۳	۲۰	۱	۳	۲۰	۱
...	ایسے ہی پور برگند دھرمپور	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
۵۰	موضع مٹھوا ضلع و برگند ایضا	۵	۳۷	۰	۵	۳۷	۰	۵	۳۷
۵۰	موضع کوانری بہار صا ضلع برگند ایضا	۵	۵	۱	۵	۵	۱	۵	۵
...	ایضا	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
۲۰	موضع داسی پور ہذا ضلع و ایضا	۲	۲	۲	۲	۲	۲	۲	۲
۱۰۰	موضع لوکا دی ضلع بیرنگر برگند ایضا	۱۰	۱۹	۱	۱۰	۱۹	۱	۱۰	۱۹

W. KEMBLE, Collector of Purneah.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of class C land, no longer required by the East Indian Railway Company, situated in mouzah Poonahbad, pergunnah Sherghur, between 110 and 111 miles of the Jhaneegunge line, in the district of Burdwan, will be put up to sale at the Burdwan Collectorate, on Friday, the 11th June 1875, corresponding with 29th Joistee 1282 B. S.

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount bid to be paid down at once.

2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estates to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchasers after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

The plot will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidder above the upset price.

Number in statement of Government estate.	Number on the district roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Upset price.	REMARKS.
			A. R. P.	Rs.	
89		Poonahbad, pergunnah Sherghur	12 1 16	379	

E. H. WHINFIELD, Collector.

জিলা বর্দ্ধমান ।

নীলামী ইস্তার নামা কাছারী কালেক্টরী জিলা বর্দ্ধমান ।

এতদ্বারা সংবাদ দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে বর্দ্ধমান জিলার বধ্যবর্তী নিম্নলিখিত C চিহ্নিত জমি (যাহা বর্দ্ধমান জিলার অন্তর্গত শেরগড় পরগনার পুনাবাদ গ্রামে অর্থাৎ রাণীগঞ্জ লাইনের ১১০ ও ১১১ মাইলের মধ্যস্থিত) ইফ্ট ইণ্ডিয়া রেলওয়ে কোম্পানীর আর আবশ্যক না থাকা প্রযুক্ত সরকারি খাস হাল গণ্য হইয়া সন ১৮৭৫ সালের ১১ জুন মোতাবেক সন ১২৮২ সালের ২৯ জ্যৈষ্ঠ শুক্রবার তারিখে অত্র বর্দ্ধমানের কালেক্টরী কাছারীতে নিম্নরূপে নীলাম বিক্রয় হইবেক ইতি সন ১৮৭৫ সাল তারিখ ১৪ আপ্রিল ।

২। এই ভূমির খরিদার নিম্নলিখিত নিয়মাধীন হইবেক ।

১। এক শত টাকার অনধিক পণ হইলে সেই সমুদয় টাকা তৎক্ষণাৎ দিতে হইবেক ইতি ।

২। এক শত টাকার অধিক হইলে ডাকপণের চারি অংশের একাংশ তৎক্ষণাৎ দিতে হইবেক বিক্রয়ের দিবস এক দিন ধরিয়া গণনা করিলে বিক্রয়ান্তর পঞ্চদশ দিনের মধ্যাহ্নকালে কিম্বা সেই দিবস বন্ধের দিন হইলে তৎপরে প্রথমে যে দিবস কাছারী খোলা যায় সেই দিবস মধ্যাহ্নকালে যদি অবশিষ্ট দাখীল না হয় তবে বিক্রয় রহিত ও গচ্ছিত টাকা গবর্ণমেন্টে জন্ম হইবেক ও প্রথম স্থানীয় বিক্রয়ের ন্যায় পুনর্ব্বার বিজ্ঞাপন প্রকাশ করণ পূর্ব্বক ঐ ক্রটীকারি ক্রেতার ঝুঁকিতে সেই মহাল পুনর্ব্বার বিক্রয় হইবেক ইতি ।

৩। ঐ জমি সর্ব্ব উচ্চ ডাককারিকে নিম্ন বিক্রয় করা যাইবেক ইতি ।

রাজকীয় মহালের কৈফিয়তের নম্বর	ভৌজীর নম্বর	মহালের ও পরগনার নাম	একর হিসাবে জমির আনুমান্য পরিমাণ	নিলামের প্রথম ডাক	মন্তব্য ।
			একর রোড পোল		
১০ নম্বর ...	১৫ নম্বর ...	পুনাবাদ পর শেরগড় ...	১২ ১ ১৬	৩৭৯৯	

E. W. WHINFIELD, *Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that under the sanction of the Judge of Shahabad, the rights and interests in the 4 annas share of the lunatic ward Baboo Kisho Pershad Singh, of Goondu, pergunnah Arrah, zillah Shahabad, in the undermentioned villages, will, subject to the conditions specified at foot, be sold by a public auction in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 7th June 1875, corresponding with the 18th Jaith 1252 Fush, in satisfaction of debts due to Kapilmoon Singh and others.

2. The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions:—

(1) The purchasers of these villages will be considered as the proprietors thereof, and the entire proprietary right of the aforementioned lunatic ward in such villages will be transferred to them, subject only to payment of Government revenue. The villages will be sold (subject to Government revenue due from them to the date of sale) to the highest bidders above the upset price.

(2) If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

(3) If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited), and the villages to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number.	Names of villages to be sold.	REMARKS.
1	Agursund, pergunnah Arrah.	The villages appertain to the estate Kesharpore, which bears No. 188 on the rent-roll of the district. The Government revenue of the lunatic ward's share in the estate, for which share separate accounts have been opened under Act XI of 1859, is Rs 781-3-10.
2	Bahera, ditto ditto.	
3	Pepra Rampore, ditto ditto.	
4	Rampore Khas, ditto ditto.	
5	Baghkali, ditto ditto.	
6	Burjah, ditto ditto.	
7	Teksemur, ditto ditto.	
8	Kewantia, ditto ditto.	
9	Peeperpantee, ditto ditto.	
10	Toolseepore, ditto ditto.	

ARRAH COLLECTORATE, the 22nd April 1875.

W. ALEXANDER, *Collector.*

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Patna will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 31st day of May 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 29th day of March 1875.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. of Toujee.	Name of mehal and pergunnah.	Sudder jumma.	Name of Proprietor.	REMARKS.
		Rs. A. P.		
746	Arazeetoufeer, Jahangeerpore, Mugurpal, resumed Mehal, Pergunnah Shahpore, Munair.	7,828 2 0	Nund Kishore Malik ...	The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.

HERBERT MOSLEY, *Officiating Collector.*

PATNA COLLECTORATE, the 20th April 1875.

صاحب کلکٹر بہادر ضلع پٹنہ کے حکم سے

اشتراک نیلام مطابق دفعہ ۶ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ عیسوی

سب کو جاننا چاہئے کہ یہ محال جو نتیجہ لکھا ہے باقی مالگداری سرکار و دوسری دعویٰ جو مطابق زمین و قانون جاری کے باقی مالگداری سرکار کے طرح وصول ہونا چاہئے و جو بتاریخ ۲۹ ماہ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۵ء کو بانے قعی تاریخ ۳۱ ماہ مئی سنہ ۱۸۷۵ء مطابق ۱۱ ماہ جیٹھ سنہ ۱۲۸۲ فصولی روز دو شدہ کو اس ضلع کے صاحب کلکٹر کے کچہری میں بلا عذر سب کے سامنے بیلام ہوگا *

قسم اول محال بندوبست دائمی

نمبر نوع	نام محال بقید برگہ	جمع عدد	نام مالکوں کا	کیفیت
۱۳۰	راضی توفیر جہانگیر پور منگروپال محال ضبطی پورگہ شاہ پور منبر	۱۸۲۸-۲	بد کیشور مالک مالگداری	نعلت باقی مالگداری کے بیلام ہوگا
	تحریر بتاریخ ۲۰ ماہ اپریل سنہ ۱۸۷۵ء			

HERBERT MOSLEY, *Officiating Collector.*

• مالک کولکٹر بھادور ایلے پटना के डकुम से

इशतहार नीलाम सुताबिक दफा ६ एकट ११ सन १८५९

सबको जानना चाहिये के यह महल जो नीचे लिखा है बाबत बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार औ दुसरे दावे जो सुताबिक बाइन औ कानन जारी के बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार की तरफ बखल होने चाहिये औ जो तारीख २९ महीना मारीच सन १८७५ ई: को पाने थे तारीख ३१ महीना मई सन १८७५ ई: सुताबिक ता: ११ महीना: अठ सन १८८९ फसली दिन सोमार को इस जिले के साहेब कलकटर की कचहरी में बि लाउजुर के सबके सामने नीलाम होगा

नोजी नम्बर	नाम महल और परगना	किसीम बंदोबस्त दारमी सदर जमा	नाम मालिकों का	कैफियत
७४६	पराजी तौफिर अहागीर पुर मगरपाल महल अपनी परगने गाँव पुर मनेर	७८९८=	मन्दिशवर मालिक माल गुजार	महल खाजा मुसलम नीलाम होगा बईलत बाकी माल गुजारी

ता: ६० स: अपरैल सन १८७५ ई:

HERBERT MOSLEY, *Officiating Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Hooghly will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 8th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1875.

Number of Mehal.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Name of defaulting proprietor.	Sudder jumma.	Amount of arrears due.	REMARKS.
<i>1st Class Permanently-settled Estate.</i>			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
10	Radhakanto Bati, pergunnah Pandooah.	Jadub Chunder Nundy and Behary Churn Nundy, of Jamgram, pergunnah Pandooah, zillah Hooghly; Ejadbut Chowdhury and Meer Nassar Ali Chowdhury, of Kosbah, Pandooah, pergunnah Pandooah; Syed Hamidullah, Roynah Bibee, Molah Abdul Hakim, Syed Ahamed, Syed Golam Haidur, and Syed Noorun Nabee, of Chowghoriah, pergunnah Ramibati, zillah Burdwan; Sookinah Bibee, of Kosbah, Pandooah, pergunnah Pandooah; Muterjon Nissa Bibee, of Pandooah, Naksi Moholah, pergunnah Pandooah, zillah Hooghly.	624 11 11	6 12 1	
20	Ditto, Malakapore, pergunnah Baligory.	Rama Nundo Bundopadhyia and others	10,685 3 8		
2151	Chakran, ditto, pergunnah ditto.	Ditto ditto	114 0 3		
			10,799 3 11		
		Rs. A. P.			
		Deduct 2 as. 10 gals. share belonging to Nobongo Moonjery Debee of Sooray, Chund Dabee, pergunnah Havah, zillah Bardwan, Sabet of Idols; Sree Sree Moodhooosoon, Sree Chur, Bistoo, Mohessur, and Mitoonjey Shib Thakoor. The sudder jumma of the share, including the Chakran, 1,673 5 1			
		Deduct 2 as. 10 gals. share belonging to Kaldos Roy, father and guardian of Sonit Chunder Roy, and to Tibdomah Dabee, mother and guardian of Ganendronath, Opendronath, Soondangsoo Sheekhur, and Kishory Mohun Roy. The sudder jumma of the share ... 1,673 5 1			
			3,346 10 2		
		Separate accounts of the shares having been opened under Act XI of 1859, Remarks—			
		11 as. share of Rama Nundo Bundopadhyia and Poon Chunder Bundopadhyia for himself, and as guardian and executor to the estate of his mother-in-law, Pramotho-nath, son of Harinath Bundopadhyia. The sudder jumma of the share ...	7,362 0 0	2,522 0 0	
34	Ditto, Thovparrah, pergunnah Pandooah	Mollah Abdul Hakim, Syed Ahamed, Syed Golam Haidur, Syed Noorun Nabee of Chowghoriah, pergunnah Ramibati, zillah Burdwan; Sookinah Bibee, of Kosbah, Pandooah, pergunnah Pandooah, zillah Hooghly.	1,066 1 0	213 8 0	
	Ditto, Silampore, pergunnah Silampore.	Tarnee Chura Chuttopadhyia and others	2,108 8 0		
		Deduct 1 anna 15 p. 2 k. share of Pano Nath Chuttopadhyia, of Kanchpore, pergunnah Silampore, zillah Hooghly. The sudder jumma of the share is ...	231 15 0		
		A separate account of this share has been opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859.			
		The remaining share, belonging to Tarnee Churn Chuttopadhyia, of Nibonundepore, pergunnah Silampore, to Krisato Gopal Chuttopadhyia, Jomunee Dabee, mother of the name Broo Nath Roy, Rangon Dabee of Kanchpore, and to Issur Chunder Roy, Rashmangay Dabee, guardian of Krisato Dhane Roy, Pramber Roy, Deban Roy, Bussack Lal Roy, Juggut Chunder Roy, Tarunnee Dabee, Bhobomoye Dabee, Banga Chund Dabee, and 17 m Chand Dabee. The sudder jumma of the share	1,873 9 0	1 14 8	Since realized

HOOGHLY, the 23rd April 1875.

A. WEEKES, Offg. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of 24-Pergunnahs will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 10th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1875.

FOR ARREARS OF RENT.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

* No. 6.—Pergunnah Magoora, kismut Roynagur, &c.; recorded proprietor Shectaram Roy, &c.; sudder jumma Rs. 7,158-14-3½.

No. 266.—Kismut pergunnah Medun Mollo Dehee, Medun Mollo; recorded proprietor Hajee Golam Hossen; sudder jumma Rs. 1,414-3-10.

No. 974.—Kismut pergunnah Myhate, &c., mouza Gojufurpore, &c.; recorded proprietor Netohar Muhmed, &c.; sudder jumma Rs. 1,540-0-5; road cess Rs. 15-6-9.

FOR ARREARS OF RENT.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estates.

No. 2624.—One-seventh part of lot No. 166; recorded proprietor Poornoo Chunder Ghose, &c.; present sudder jumma Rs. 523, rising to Rs. 2,091 in 1250 B.S.

W. S. WELLS, *Offg. Collector.*

24-PERGUNNAHS COLLECTORATE, the 29th April 1875.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Mozufurpore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on Monday, the 31st May 1875, corresponding with 11th day of Jeyth 1282 Fuzlee, for arrears of revenue due on 29th March 1875.

Serial No.	Towls	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Name of Proprietor.	Jumma of the estate.	Arrears of revenue due on the
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1	35	Jowinpur Bunder, pergunnah Balazoteh	Biswanath Singh, &c.	2,891 5 7	229 3 10
2		Ditto ditto	Swachand Singh, &c.	...	187 12 7
3		Ditto ditto	Biswanath Singh, &c.	...	216 15 1
4	39	Jowinpur Khass ditto	Musamant Janki Kuer, mother and guardian of Wasim Lall.	843 8 8	228 14 5
5	212	Chhatrauli Chhatwar, pergunnah Bissarah	Bhawan Singh, &c.	584 8 0	784 8 0
6	362	Magee, ditto	Bhawan Singh, &c.	1,104 8 0	1,114 8 0
7	421	Chhatrauli Chhatwar, pergunnah Bissarah	Sankh Chhatwar, &c.	882 3 0	882 3 0
8	522	Hudya, pergunnah Bissarah	Biku Misser, &c.	1,292 3 0	678 11 2
9	587	Bhawanpur, pergunnah Bissarah	Messrs. Bishwanath	1,111 7 3	349 9 9
10	588	Hudya, ditto	Natal Singh, &c.	843 6 1	712 7 1
11	709	Biswanath Chhatwar, pergunnah Bissarah	Nugrahar, &c.	1,031 14 9	213 11 3
12	719	Bissarah, pergunnah Bissarah	Kolai Pan, &c.	1,291 12 10	1,291 12 10
13	727	Chhatrauli Chhatwar, pergunnah Bissarah	Indradhig Upadhyaya, &c.	2,102 9 1	1,175 13 1
14	772	Bhawanpur, pergunnah Bissarah	Masum, &c.	2,115 1 3	2,115 4 3
15	786	Sadampur Deoria, pergunnah Bissarah	Indradhig Kour, &c.	1,185 13 7	1,151 1 1
16	1106	Shawdaspur, pergunnah Gadh Chowd	Singh Sahai	1,041 3 1	69 7 0
17		Basandpur Marwa, pergunnah Gadh Chowd	Singh Sahai	...	56 3 2
18		Gopalpur, pergunnah Gadh Chowd	Singh Sahai	...	73 3 6
19	1207	Jurapur Bunder, pergunnah Bissarah	Uday Ram, &c.	735 10 11	581 13 11
20	1209	Jurapur ditto	Singh Sahai, &c.	1,212 1 5	115 9 1
21	1228	Sadpur Ghosapur, ditto	K. Singh, &c.	594 10 8	664 10 8
22	1242	Gadampur, ditto	M. Singh, &c.	1,291 9 0	122 0 6
23		Ditto, ditto	Asot Narain Singh, &c.	1,393 9 0	377 6 3
24	1259	Nawanagar, ditto	Biswanath Singh, &c.	791 0 0	118 5 0
25		Ditto, ditto	Dewan Singh, &c.	...	118 5 0
26		Ditto, ditto	Pandit Singh, &c.	...	118 5 0
27	1692	Talpur Saree, ditto	Dewan Singh, &c.	1,782 1 1	178 13 1
28	1702	Nawanagar, ditto	Shambhupersad, &c.	2,096 6 2	189 10 6
29		Shambhupersad, ditto	Ditto	2,096 6 2	189 10 6
30	2025	Kharan, ditto	M. Singh, &c.	884 8 0	212 11 0
31	2112	Kharan, ditto	Dewan Singh, &c.	633 7 2	417 12 7
32	2112	Mund, ditto	Dewan Singh, &c.	633 7 2	417 12 7
33	2112	Gadampur, ditto	Dewan Singh, &c.	633 7 2	417 12 7
34	2315	Jurapur, ditto	M. Singh, &c.	1,291 9 0	118 5 0
35	2304	Biswanath, Chhatwar, pergunnah Bissarah	Biswanath Singh, &c.	777 1 3	349 14 0
36	3091	Hudya, ditto	Uday Ram, &c.	545 1 1	384 13 7
37	3121	Hudya, ditto	H. Singh, &c.	684 11 10	694 7 1
38	3750	Jurapur, ditto	H. Singh, &c.	545 1 1	384 13 7
39	5353	Azampur, ditto	Shambhupersad, &c.	1,782 1 1	178 13 1
40	587	Sadpur, ditto	Biswanath Singh, &c.	1,393 9 0	377 6 3
41	6034	Shambhupersad, ditto	Dewan Singh, &c.	633 7 2	417 12 7
42	7296	Biswanath, ditto	Dewan Singh, &c.	633 7 2	417 12 7
	8571	Pachatka, ditto	Biswanath Singh, &c.	1,111 1 3	1,111 1 3
	10651	Arazi Bishi, ditto	Shank Uday, &c.	545 1 1	384 13 7

MOZUFF SHORE COLLECTORATE, the 26th April 1875.

C. F. WORSLEY, *Offg. Collector.*

اس تحریر کے رو سے خاص و عام کو دفعہ ۶ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ء کے مطابق اطلاع دی جاتی ہے کہ علاقہجات موسومہ مرقوعہ ضلع تھرت بعلت زر باقی وغیرہ مطالبہ جنکو قوانین اور یکتوں متمشیہ کے رو سے وصول کرنا جائز ہے اور اس زر باقی اور مطالبہ کو تا تاریخ ۲۹ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۵ء غایت اداے مالگذاری سرکار اداے کرنا واجب تھا بالضرور بتاریخ ۳۱ مئی سنہ ۱۸۷۵ء مطابق ۱۱ جیتھ سنہ ۱۲۸۲ فصلی روز دو شنبہ کچھری کلکٹری ضلع مظفر پور میں نیلام ہوگا

مہالات بندوبستی استعماری

نمبر شمار	نمبر نوزیع	نام مہال و پرگنہ	نام مالک	صدر جمع مہال مسلم	صدر جمع اوس حصہ کا جو نیلام کیا جائیگا	باقی جسکے	کیفیت
۱	۳۵	جوناپور رودر پرگنہ بالا گنج	بابو بھونگی سہاے بابو بھیرو سہاے وجو سہاے سنگہ و لالہ بھوجا کے لعل و رام بھس رام و لچھمی نرین رام و ریت لعل رام و سورام سائلن از روے تقریق رول	۵۷	۱۰۲۸۹۱	۳ ۲۰۹	یہ مہال بعلت باقی مالگذاری سرکار نیلام ہوگا
۲	۳۵	ایضا	بابو دوا کانتیہ سنگہ سائل تقریق رول	ایضا	۱۲۷	۲۱۸۰	ایضا
۳	۳۵	ایضا	بھیرو سہاے سنگہ و گرجا رام و ریت دیب چودھری بابو بھجنا تہ سہاے و بابو لعل بھاری سنگہ سائلن از روے تقریق رول	ایضا	۱۰۱	۲۱۶	ایضا
۴	۳۹	جوناپور خاص پرگنہ ایضا	مسماۃ جانی کنور مادر والیہ وزیر لعل بسر نانا لعل و متوگ سنگہ و گوپال سنگہ و کلدیپ سنگہ و بالسو سنگہ و موکی سنگہ و چھمی نرین سنگہ و کارو سنگہ و شیخ اشرف علی و ونو سنگہ و تڈو سنگہ رام لوچن سنگہ و جنو سنگہ و بیرو سنگہ مرجب سنگہ و نوابین سنگہ و جین سنگہ و لچھمن دھاری سنگہ و جگر سنگہ و ذقیہ سنگہ و دت بابو نرسنگہ سرکار مظفر و گیش لعل و رام نوابین سنگہ و رام پادو سنگہ مدعا علیہم تقریق رول	۸۸	۸۴۳	۳ ۱۴	۱۶ ۱۲ ۵۸۲۸
۵	۲۱۲	چٹوڑی چدوار پرگنہ بہلا	بیگزان دت سنگہ و چیت نوابین سنگہ	۸۹	۵۸۳	۹ ۵۸۴	ایضا
۶	۳۰۲	مردھیا پرگنہ بھرواڑہ	رام سہای تھاکر کنور بھاری پرشاد	۸۰	۴۰۴	۸ ۱۴۰۴	ایضا
۷	۴۲۱	چک مہشی موصوم نگر پرگنہ بڑیل	شیخ چھوگا و مہربان و نظر علی و میر علی	۳۰	۸۸۲	۳ ۰	ایضا

نمبر شمار	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و پرگنه	نام مالک	جمع محال مسلم	صدر جمع اوس حصه کا جو نیلام کیا جائیگا	واقعی جسکے لئے نیلام ہوگا	کیفیت
			وشہ محمد و تراب علی ورڈن لالہ وجگو دیبی و سیقا سنگھ ٹھاکر و نرائن چمار و نئی جان و لیکٹ جان و کازو جان و سیوانہ مواری و نرائن ساکو و شیو دیال سنگھ و کنیا لعل و فرزند علی و چاندنی بی و نور الدین حسین و شیخ غلام حسین و راہدیب ٹھاکر و جیون لعل شیو سہای ٹھاکر و چندت مواری و غیرہ				
۸	۵۲۲	ہردیا پرگنه بسوتر	بیکو مصر و ادیم ٹھاکر و غیرہ	۱۲۰۲ ۳ ۰	۲۷۸ ۱۱ ۲	۴	۶۸
۹	۵۸۷	بنگوانپور پرگنه دھورو	مسماۃ بیڈا پتی مہیش کنور سائل تقریق رول	۱۴۱۱ ۷ ۳	۳۴۹ ۹ ۹	۱۱	۱۰۹
۱۰	۵۸۸	ہونت پرگنه ایضا	نہال سنگھ چودھری و جگموہن چودھری و غیرہ	۸۳۰ ۶ ۱	۷۴۲ ۷ ۱	۲	۲۱۵
۱۱	۶۰۹	بہلپور سورہ چنگلہ کڑجو پرگنه سارہ	تگ نرائن سائل تقریق رول	۱۴۰۳۱ ۱۴ ۹	۲۱۳ ۱۱ ۳	۱۰	۱۶
۱۲	۷۱۰	بہلپور چنگلہ کرجول پرگنه سارہ	گوری رانی و اسمان رای و غیرہ	۱۲۰۱ ۱۲ ۱۰	۱۲۰ ۱۱ ۲	۱	۴۵
۱۳	۷۲۷	چٹرولیا مسگر پور پرگنه کرجول پرگنه سارہ	اندردھوج اوندھیا و جمدن اوندھیا و غیرہ	۲۹۰۲ ۹ ۱	۱۱۶۵ ۱۳ ۱	۷	۴۴
۱۴	۷۷۲	رگھوناتھ پور پرگنه کرجول پرگنه سارہ	مولی رام و دیبی رام و غیرہ	۳۲۱۴۵ ۴ ۳	۲۱۴۵ ۴ ۳	۴	۱۹
۱۵	۷۸۶	سلم پور کرم پور پرگنه ایضا	رتن کنو و رام کشن مصر و غیرہ	۱۱۸۵ ۱۳ ۷	۱۱۵۱ ۱۱ ۱۱	۷	۳۱۱
۱۶	۱۱۰۶	میدودا سپور پرگنه گدچود	سندرسہای سائل زیر بقوارہ حصہ ۴ آنہ	۱۰۴۴ ۳ ۱	۶۹ ۷ ۰	۶	۲۱
۱۷	ایضا	بسنٹ دیو مورما پرگنه ایضا	سید عبدالعزیز سائل زیر بقوارہ	۱۰۴۴ ۳ ۱	۵۶ ۳ ۲	۶	۳
۱۸	ایضا	گوالپور پرگنه ایضا	سندرسہای سائل زیر بقوارہ حصہ ۶ آنہ	۱۰۴۴ ۳ ۱	۷۹ ۳ ۶	۰	۲۴
۱۹	۱۲۰	جسراچپور لیا پرگنه چمپور پرگنه حاج پور	امید رانی و چیت نرائن و غیرہ	۱۰۷۳۵ ۱۰ ۱۱	۵۸۴ ۱۳ ۱۱	۸	۱۸
۲۰	۱۲۰۹	چرنہ پرگنه حاج پور	شیخ کفایت علی و شیخ خوشید علی و غیرہ	۱۲۱۲ ۱ ۵	۴۴۵ ۰ ۱	۶	۸۲
۲۱	۱۲۲۸	شاہ پور غوث پور پرگنه ایضا	کنور سنگھ و بھگوت سنگھ و غیرہ	۱۰۵۰۶ ۱۰ ۸	۵۰۶ ۱۰ ۸	۷	۱۷
۲۲	۱۲۴۲	کوبند پور پرگنه ایضا	مسماۃ لچمی کنور زوجہ رام رتن سنگھ	۱۲۹۳ ۹ ۰	۳۲ ۰ ۶	۳	۴
۲۳	ایضا	ایضا	اجیت نرائن سنگھ و جگدیوتا نرائن سنگھ و غیرہ	۱۲۹۳ ۹ ۰	۵۷۷ ۶ ۳	۱	۱۴۵
۲۴	۱۲۵۹	نوا نگر پرگنه ایضا	بجراگی سہای و بیرو سہای سائل تقریق رول	۷۹۱ ۰	۱۴۸ ۵	۱۰	۱۴
۲۵	ایضا	ایضا	دوارکا ناتھ سائل تقریق رول	۷۹۱	۱۴۸ ۵	۹	۹

نمبر شمار	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و برگه	نام مالک	صدر جمع محال مسلم	صدر جمع اوس حصه کا جو نیلام کیا جائیگا	باقی جسکے لئے نیلام ہونا تعیین
۲۶	۱۲۵۹	نواگروہرگند حاجیپور	برہانگند سنگھ سائل	۷۹۱ ۰ ۰	۱۴۸ ۵ ۰	۹ ۳ ۹
۲۷	۱۶۹۲	قلعہ ساری برگہ کسمہ	دوند بہاد سنگھ و برجالل سنگھ و غیرہ مدعا علیہم تقریب رول	۱۳۴۲ ۱۰ ۴	۱۷۸ ۱۵ ۱	۳۰ ۱۵ ۱۰
۲۸	۱۷۰۲	مورڈا نگر برگہ بضا	نانو شہجو پوتہاد سنگھ و درگا پوتہاد سنگھ سائلان ازروی زیر بقوارہ حصہ ۲ آنہ ۱۳ گڈہ ۱ کوزی ۱ کوت	۶۲۰ ۱۶ ۶ ۲	۱۸۰ ۱ ۱	۵۹ ۰ ۸
۲۹	۱۷۰۲	محمد آباد برگہ	نانو شہجو پوتہاد سنگھ و درگا پوتہاد سنگھ سائلان ازروی زیر بقوارہ حصہ ۲ آنہ ۱۳ گڈہ ۱ کوزی ۱ کوت	۶۲۰ ۱۶ ۶ ۲	۱۰۵ ۸ ۱	۳۲ ۱۵ ۰
۳۰	۲۰۲۶	خیمہ بند رگہائی برگہ محالہ	اعلیٰ چھا سائل تقریب رول	۶۵۱ ۸ ۰	۲۱۲ ۴ ۰	۱۱ ۸ ۲
۳۱	۲۱۴۲	دہلی چکھ مہش پرگنہ سار	رشدیوں اعلیٰ ولنگ کنور اعلیٰ وغیرہ مدعا علیہم ازروی زیر بقوارہ	۶۳۳ ۷ ۲	۴۳۷ ۱۲ ۲	۸۳ ۱۴ ۶
۳۲	۲۱ ۲ ۳۲	مکواہی برگہ بضا	جرام سنگھ و گوند سہائی وغیرہ	۶۳۳ ۷ ۲	۱۰۲ ۹ ۰	۹ ۷ ۵
۳۳	۲۱۴۲	لیلیا چکھ مہش برگہ بضا	لچمی دت ساوہرام چھا وغیرہ	۶۳۳ ۷ ۲	۵۲ ۷ ۰	۳ ۱۴ ۱۰
۳۴	۲۳۴۵	جانی پور برگہ نان پور	مادھو مضر و شیون مضر وغیرہ	۱۴۰۰ ۲ ۴	۱۴۰۰ ۲ ۴	۱۱۵ ۷ ۲
۳۵	۲۹۰۴	رام پور چاند پتی برگہ سیوہ	نیرن سنگھ و شیو بخش سنگھ وغیرہ سائلان قسیم	۷۵۷ ۱ ۳	۱۰۹ ۱۴ ۰	۳۶ ۱۲ ۰
۳۶	۳۰۰۴	حسدائی پور پیغمبر پور برگہ سرن	اومراو بہاد سنگھ و جیون چودھری وغیرہ مدعا علیہم تقریب رول	۵۳۵ ۱ ۱	۱۸۴ ۱۴ ۷	۲۳ ۸ ۷
۳۷	۳۱۲۱	مورڈا لوڈا جھمار پور پتہ برگہ سورہا	میر واپی و گوندو اپی وغیرہ مدعا علیہم تقریب رول	۱۰۶۳ ۱۱ ۱۰	۶۴ ۷ ۱۰	۱۴۹ ۰ ۴
۳۸	۵۰۵۰۲۳	جواہر پور برگہ سود	نانو پوکاش نواس سنگھ وغیرہ مدعا علیہم تقریب رول	۵۹۱ ۱۵ ۰	۱۷۷ ۵ ۰	۱۱ ۱۳ ۲
۳۹	۳۳۴۳	ارمی گنج جواہر پور برگہ حاجیپور	شیو راج سنگھ و گالی سنگھ رول	۱۵۳۲ ۵ ۰	۱۵۳۲ ۵ ۰	۴۸۹ ۴ ۷
۴۰	۳۳۸۷	مکوار پور برگہ بضا	ننساوچن دے و نند لال سنگھ وغیرہ مدعا علیہم تقریب رول	۱۲۱۱ ۱ ۹	۷۹۲ ۱۴ ۰	۱۴۱ ۰ ۷
۴۱	۵۶۳۴	مسور پور برگہ سارہ	سید ابوالحسن	۵۹۲ ۳ ۷	۵۹۲ ۳ ۷	۸ ۱۲ ۷
۴۲	۷۱۹۶	دیوہا ابراہمی برگہ پل	شیخ حیدر علی	۴۱۸ ۱ ۵	۲۳۸ ۱ ۵	۷۹ ۵ ۶
۴۳	۸۹۷۱	اوجنگی جدو برگہ نوا چھان	پنکو لال و عسما چانگی تقریب رول	۷۱۵ ۸ ۱	۱۱۴ ۱ ۳	۶ ۷ ۵
۴۴	۱۰۹۵۴	بسی بھٹی و نوا دناہ جوا پور برگہ حاجیپور	شیخ ظہور علی خردار نیلام	۵۱۵ ۲ ۰	۵۱۵ ۲ ۰	۲۳۹ ۱۵ ۶

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Jessore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 8th day of June 1875, corresponding with the 26th day of Joisto 1282 (B. S.), for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1875.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 4597.—Mouzah Silimpore, pergunnah Issubpore; recorded proprietors Shurnsh Sutti and Agur Money Dassia; sudder jumma Rs. 770-11-3; will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 20-14-1.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 58.—Abadkari right of Chandkhali, in Soonderbuns; recorded proprietors Wooma Nath Roy Chowdhury; farming lease to 1311 (B. S.); present sudder jumma Rs. 1,060; rising, in 1288 (B. S.), to full jumma of Rs. 1,191; will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 1,060.

A. SMITH, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Sarun will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Monday, the 31st May 1875, corresponding with 11th Jait 1282 F.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 29th, in lieu of the 28th March 1875.

No.	Towji	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Name of proprietor.	Government revenue of the entire estate.	Government revenue of the share which will be sold for arrears of revenue.	Arrears of revenue due from the estate.
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. K.	Rs. A. P.
CLASS I.—Permanently-settled Estates.						
1	240	Eksar, pergunnah Bal	Harper-shad Narain, Rampershad Narain, and others.	612 11 0	355 5 6 0	26 4 3½
2	340	Pilhowri, pergunnah Bal	Satraben Sahi, Kund Kumar Sahi, and others.	630 12 9½	155 7 3½	45 11 8½
3	481	Samahuti, pergunnah Bal	Kandhaia Lall, Behari Khan, and others.	2,133 5 4	1,540 0 0 0	4 2 9½
4	1165	Rampoor Chand, pergunnah Bara.	Ram Sahi Sing, Sungam Lall Saho, and others.	671 6 10	581 6 10 0	9 3 6½
5	1751	Telpa Buzurg, pergunnah Chirand.	Mirza Tasaddiq Hussain, Durga Sing, and others.	1,346 10 8	491 15 5½	19 14 11½
6	1761	Ditto, share of Bhugwan Dass	Bhugwan Dass	1,346 10 8	79 2 8 0	3 7 2
7	1765	Chirand, pergunnah Chirand	Gunga Pershad Deo, Coomar Sing, and others.	8,495 10 6	1,617 11 4½	25 1 2½
8	1755	Ditto, share of Ather Husain	Ather Husain	8,495 10 6	939 12 4 0	8 11 10
9	1999	Rampoor Ami, pergunnah Kusmer.	Kewar Sing, Kandhaia Sing, and others.	637 5 4	637 5 4 0	1 2 9
10	2009	Raipatti, pergunnah Kusmer	Bhugwan Dass, Chameli Kuer, and others.	7,262 10 11	340 14 4 0	217 9 6
11	2027	Salehpoor, pergunnah Kusmer	Raghupat Lall	619 0 0	649 0 0 0	191 1 9½
12	2028	Salehpoor, pergunnah Kusmer	Raghupat Lall	65 0 0	650 0 0 0	133 1 1½
13	2268	Isbrowli, pergunnah Goah	Raj Cumar Sing, Neknam Sing, and others.	1,669 6 9	798 15 9 0	12 2 3½
14	2320	Bisembherpoor, pergunnah Goah	Kowbut Lall, Banaresti Lall, and others.	531 13 5½	438 11 19 0	0 6 5
15	2450	Dharanraj, pergunnah Goah	Meherban Sing, Ram Sahai Sing, and others.	663 7 5	230 1 6 0	13 7 0
16	2459	Ditto, share of Nika Ojha and others.	Nika Ojha and others	663 7 5	15 4 0 0	0 9
17	2520	Dhowri, pergunnah Goah	Gholam Hussain Khan and others	517 5 4	551 6 4 0	1 12 7
18	2525	Simraha Mobarrhpore, pergunnah Goah.	Sukh Lall Sing, Bissheser Sing, Mussamut Bechun Kuer, and others.	853 5 4	20 3 2 1	4 10 3½
19	2592	Shekhpur Rowza, pergunnah Goah.	Jaigopal Sah, Ramanugra Sing, and others.	602 13 9½	179 2 7½	39 2 7
20	2640	Khurati, pergunnah Goah	Shu Lall Rai and others	1,015 4 10½	814 10 4 11	1 3 2½
21	2662	Mirzapur, pergunnah Goa	Harpersbad Sing and others	1,535 15 11½	799 1 11 0	4 0 5
22	2813	Annour Mander, pergunnah Makair.	Jobraj Sing, Jamaat Lall, and others.	12,485 1 3½	2,033 1 3 12½	232 8 11½
23	2813	Ditto, share of Hira Lall	Hira Lall	12,485 1 3½	459 10 4 10	16 13 5½
24	2816	Annour Mander, pergunnah Makair.	Salamut Ally, Basharat Ally, Magu Sing, and others.	7,301 11 0½	753 1 7½	179 9 3½
25	2816	Ditto, share of Hurgobind Sahai	Hurgobind Sahai	7,301 11 0½	85 5 3 10	0 4 1½
26	2984	Yehyapore, pergunnah Madhul	Shui Narain Rai, Baiju Rai, and others.	648 9 6	277 1 8½	7 14 1½
CLASS II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.						
4393		Diarah Godna, pergunnah Manjhi	Baboo Sridhar Sahi and others	671 0 0	671 0 0 0	4 11 0

اشہار نیلام بابت بقیدہ مالگذاری سرکار
 واضح ہو کہ حسب دفعہ ۶ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع کے یہ محلات مرقومہ الذیلک ضلع صان میں دانت بقیدہ
 مالگذاری سرکار و دیگر دعوی جو از روئے دستورات قوانین مجاریہ موقوف باقی مالگذاری سرکار کے بقاریخ ۲۹
 مارچ مہای ۲۸ ماہ مذکور سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع واجب الوصول ہی بروز دوشنبہ تاریخ ۳۱ ماہ می سنہ ۱۸۷۵ مطابق
 ۱۱ جیٹہ ۱۲۸۲ فصلی کچہری میں صاحب کلکٹر اُس ضلع کے بلائذ عام نیلام میں رکھا جائیگا
 قسم اول
 محلات بدوہنی استعماری

نمبر شماري	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و پرگنہ	نام مالک مندرجہ سرشتہ	صدر جمع محال مسلم	مدرجمع اوس باقی جسکی حصہ کاجو نیلام لگے نیلام ہوگا کیا حاکم	کیفیت
۱	۲۴۰	ایکسپار پرگنہ نال	ہر پرشاد نوابین رام پرشاد نواب وغیرہ	۸۱۲ ۱۱ ۰	۳۵۵ ۵ ۶	بعلت باقی مالگذاری سرکار نیلام ہوگا
۲	۳۴۰	پشہروی پرگنہ نال	اسٹوٹن ساہی اندکمار ساہی وغیرہ	۱۲ ۹ ۶	۱۵۵ ۷ ۳	ایضا
۳	۴۸۴	مہوٹا پرگنہ نال	گندھیا لال بیہاری خان وغیرہ	۲۱۳۳ ۵ ۴	۱۰۴۰ ۰ ۰	ایضا
۴	۱۱۶۵	رام پورچاند پرگنہ بابہ	رام سہائی سنگھ سینگ لال	۱۰ ۶ ۶	۵۸۱ ۶ ۱۰	ایضا
۵	۱۷۵۱	دلیپانتری پرگنہ جرائد	مرزا تصدق حسین درگا سنگھ و غیرہ	۱۰ ۸ ۸	۱۳۴۰ ۵ ۵	ایضا
۶	۱۷۵۱	ایضا	بھگونداس	۱۰ ۱ ۱	۱۳۳۶ ۲ ۸	ایضا
۷	۱۷۵۵	چرائد پرگنہ چرائد	گنگا پرشاد دیوکمار سنگھ وغیرہ	۱۰ ۶ ۶	۱۴۹۵ ۱۰ ۱۰	ایضا
۸	۱۷۵۵	ایضا	کھنڈا کھنڈا	۱۰ ۶ ۶	۱۴۹۵ ۱۰ ۱۰	ایضا
۹	۱۹۹۹	راجپوت پرگنہ کسمر	کول سنگھ کھنڈا سنگھ وغیرہ	۵ ۴ ۴	۳۳۷ ۵ ۴	ایضا
۱۰	۲۰۰۹	رئی پٹی پرگنہ کسمر	بھگونداس چمیلی کلور وغیرہ	۱۰ ۱۱ ۱۱	۷۲۶۲ ۱۰ ۱۱	ایضا
۱۱	۲۰۲۷	صالح پور پرگنہ کسمر	رگھو پت	۰ ۰ ۰	۶۴۹ ۰ ۰	ایضا
۱۲	۲۰۲۷	ایضا	رگھو پت	۰ ۰ ۰	۶۵۰ ۰ ۰	ایضا
۱۳	۲۲۶۸	اسرواپی پرگنہ گورو	راجکمار سنگھ بیکنام سنگھ	۶ ۹ ۹	۱۶۶۹ ۶ ۹	ایضا
۱۴	۲۳۲۹	سمہر پور پرگنہ گورو	نوبت لال بارسی لال وغیرہ	۱۳۵۶ ۵۳۱	۵۳۱ ۱۳۵۶	ایضا
۱۵	۲۴۵۹	دھر مہراج پرگنہ گورو	مہر دیاں سنگھ رام سہاے سنگھ وغیرہ	۵ ۵ ۵	۶۶۳ ۵ ۵	ایضا
۱۶	۲۴۵۹	ایضا	نیکا اوجھا وغیرہ	۵ ۵ ۵	۶۶۳ ۵ ۵	ایضا
۱۷	۲۵۲۰	وہوی پرگنہ کھ	غلام حسین خان وغیرہ	۴ ۵ ۵	۵۱۷ ۴ ۵	ایضا
۱۸	۲۵۲۵	سمہر پور پرگنہ گورو	سکھ لال سنگھ بھسرو سنگھ مہا لال سنگھ وغیرہ	۴ ۵ ۴	۸۵۳ ۴ ۵	ایضا
۱۹	۲۵۹۲	شیخ پور وندہ پرگنہ	جیکون لال موم نودہ سنگھ وغیرہ	۹ ۱۳ ۱۳	۶۲۲ ۹ ۱۳	ایضا
۲۰	۲۶۴۰	کھنڈی پرگنہ ایضا	شبو لال رائے وغیرہ	۱۰ ۱۰ ۱۰	۱۰۱۵ ۱۰ ۱۰	ایضا
۲۱	۲۶۶۲	مہرا پور پرگنہ ایضا	ہر پرشاد سنگھ وغیرہ	۱۱ ۱۱ ۱۱	۱۱۵۳۵ ۱۱ ۱۱	ایضا
۲۲	۲۸۱۳	مندر پرگنہ	جنوچ سنگھ جمعب ل مکیر	۱۳ ۱۳ ۱۳	۱۲۴۸۵ ۱۳ ۱۳	ایضا
۲۳	۲۸۱۳	ایضا	مکیر	۱۳ ۱۳ ۱۳	۱۲۴۸۵ ۱۳ ۱۳	ایضا
۲۴	۲۸۱۶	مندر پرگنہ	ملاعت علی شارت علی مکیر	۱۱ ۱۱ ۱۱	۱۳۰۱ ۱۱ ۱۱	ایضا

نمبر شمار	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و پورگنه	نام مالک مندرجہ سرشتہ	صدر جمع محال مسلم	صدر جمع ا س حصہ کا جو نیلم کیا جائیگا	باقی جسے لئے نیلم ہوگا	کیفیت
۲۵	۲۸۱۶	پورگنه منورماندرگیر کندھرگوبندسہاے	ہرگوبند سہاے	۱۱ ۱۱ ۳۷۳-۰۱	۸۰ کھانہ ۱۵	۱۱ ۱۱ ۴۰	بعلت باقی نہالگذاہی سہا کا نیلم ہوگا ایضا
۲۶	۲۹۱۴	بھٹی پور پورگنه مہدئل	شیو دوہن رائے بھجورای وغیرہ	۹ ۶ ۶۴۸	۱ ۸۶ ۲۷۷	۱۴ ۱۶	
۲۱	۴۳۹۳	قسم دوم دیوی بارہ گودان پورگنه مانجی	بابو سریدھر ساہی وغیرہ	۶۷۱	۶۷۱	۱۱ ۱۱ ۴۰	ایضا

تحریری تاریخ ۲۶ اپریل سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع

G. E. PORTER, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Tipperah will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 15th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of March 1875.

Permanently-settled Estate, to be sold for arrears of revenue.

No. 310.—Hali anna hissa of mouzah Chapirala, in the 10as, 13gds, 1c, 1kt. hissa of pergunnah Baradakhlat; Government revenue Rs. 1,693-12-0; road cess Rs. 17: is to be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 16-6-0. The recorded proprietor of the half anna share is Bhuban Mohan Rakhit, and the jumma of it is Rs. 52-14-11, and road cess Rs. 0-8-6.

The entire estate is under partition, and the allotment of the above half anna share is being made, and it is therefore now advertised for sale.

TIPPERAH COLLECTORATE, the 20th April 1875.

N. S. ALEXANDER,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI, Act XI of 1859, that the under-mentioned estates in the district of Shahabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 7th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 29th day of March 1875.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 388.—Mehal Chanchur, pergunnah Behia; sudder jumma of the entire estate Rs. 571-3-2; recorded proprietor Ajudhea Doobey and others. The share of Ajudhea Doobey, applicant, alone will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 67, with the exception of shares of non-applicants, with whom separate accounts have been opened under Section 10 Act XI of 1859.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estates.

No. 723.—Mehal Bnanpore, pergunnah Chousah; sudder jumma of the entire estate Rs. 2,896; recorded proprietor Lala Thakoor Pershad, Behari Tewari, and others. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 66-1-8.

No. 810.—Mehal Choondi, pergunnah Chousah; sudder jumma Rs. 1,565; recorded proprietors Maharaj Coomarr Singh, Mussamut Peari, and others. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 3,319-6-0.

No. 854.—Mehal Rutunpore, Ramdhumpore, Chukia Kurailah, pergunnah Chousa; sudder jumma Rs. 583; recorded proprietors Mahadeo Pershad and Rampershad. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 9-12-0.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 1182.—Mehal Bhurari, pergunnah Chynpore; sudder jumma Rs. 1,500; recorded proprietor Mussamut Duleep Kooner. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 658.

No. 1738.—Mehal Hata, pergunnah Chynpore; sudder jumma of the entire estate Rs. 2,240-6-6; recorded proprietors Seegoolam Sing, Oodwunt Sing, and others. The share of Oodwunt Sing, applicant, alone will be sold for arrears of revenue, amounting to Rs. 7-14-0, excepting the shares of other proprietors, with whom separate account has been opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859.

No. 2513.—Mehal Sohgee, pergunnah Sasseram; sudder jumma Rs. 677-5-4; recorded proprietors Dewan Ramjeawun Sing and Baboo Ramkoomar Sing. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 230-4-7.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 3679.—Mehal Surenja, pergunnah Chousa; sudder jumma Rs. 856-4-0; recorded proprietors Madho Roy, Isur Roy, and others. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 1,387-8-9.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE, the 19th April 1875.

N. ALEXANDER, *Collector.*

साहीब कलकटन बहादुर जीसे साहाबाद के ऊकूम से

इश्तहान नीलाम मुतावीक दफा ६ प्रकट ११ सन १८५४।

सब को जानना याहीसे के ग्रह महाल जो नीये लीप्पा है वावत बाकी माखगुजानी सनकान ओ हुसने दावे जो मुतावीक आईन ओ कानन जानी के बाकी माखगुजानी सनकान की तरह बसुल होने याहीसे ओ जो तानीप्प २४ महीना मानीय सन १८७५ को पाने थे तानीप्प ७ महीना जुन सन १८७५ मुतावीक ताः १८ महीना जेठ सन १८८२ फसली हीन शोमान को इस जीसे के साहेब कलकटन की कयहनी मे बीला छिजुन के सब के सामने नीलाम होगा।

तौजो नम्वन	नाम महाल और पनगना	सदन जमा	नाम मालिकोंक ।	कैफियत बाकी
سم اول بدو ست دوام ३८८	मांयन प्रः बोहीआ ।	५७१३/२	सीजायैआ डवे शापेल तफरीफनोल	महाल हाजा दयाम है वइलतवाफी प्याश वइशतशनापे होशे गैतशापेलानतफरी-फ नोल जीश का जमा अजनुपे दफा १० प्रकट ११ सन १८५४ प्रेलहदे सीआ जाता है होशे शापे-ल तफरीफ नोल वजमा २१४३/२ पाइ वकनात नीला-महोगा ६७।
سم دوم معامی ३२३	वनानपुन प्रः २८४६/ यडिशा ।		लाले हाकनप्रशाद वीहानी तेवानी मोहवत तेवानी नामदहलु तेवानी गर्नध तेवानी शिवगुलाम तेवानी छफडिनी तेवानी अडिअ लवीशेशन तेवानी शंफन तेवानी नामयननतेवानी शालीज तेवानी वादुनाम तेवानी वेजु तेवानी मानी-फ तेवानी मोशमात इशी मला मालुम जवजेशीधानो तेवानी जेफनन तेवानी नववत तेवानी छफडिनी तेवानी शानीशंफनतेवानी	महालहाजा वंदोव-शत मेआदी हाल है वइलतवाफी प्याश नीलाम होगा ६६। ७८

तौजी नाम महाल नम्वन	नाम महाल ज़ौन पनगना	सदन जमा	नाम मालिकोंका	कैफियत बाकी	
قسم دوم میعادی	८९०	युंही प्रः य- डिश।	१५६५)	महाराजकुमान शींघ मोशमातवीज्जानी गोवीं दप्रशाद जुगुलकशवन गोपाललालनामनानाणे- न शींघ हजानीलाल शीवशनन शारु शुन्न- गलाल शीवननाणेन शींघ	महाल हाज्जा- वंदे वशत मेज्जादी हाल ह वइलतवाकी प्पाश नीलाम होगा ३३१४।८) वफाज्जा ३०८८॥१०) हाल २३०॥८)
भाग	८५४	नतन पन नामयनपुन यकीज्जाफन इला प्रः यडि शा।	५८३	महाद्वपन शाद नामप्र- शाद	महाल हाज्जा वंदे- वशत मेज्जादी हालह वइलत वाकी प्पाश नीलाम होगा ४॥१०)
قسم اول دوامی	११८२	मनानी प्रः येनपुन।	१५००)	मोशमात दलीवफज्जान।	महाल हाज्जा दवाम है वइलतवाकी प्पाश नीलाम होगा ६५८
भाग	११३८	हार्ता प्रः येन- पन।	२२४०।८) ६॥॥	डिहीत शींघ शापेल तफनीफनोल।	महाल हाज्जा दवाम है वइलतवाकी प्पाश हीशे शापेल तफनी- फनोलवइलतशनाणे हीशे शापेलान वजैन शापेलान तफनीफ नोल जीशका जमा ज्जनुपे दफा १० प्रेफद ११ शन १८५४ प्रेल्हदे लीज्जा जाता है हीशे शापेल तफ- नीफनोल वजमा ४३०।८) नीलाम होगा १॥८)
قسم اول دوام	२५१३	शाहेजी प्रः शहशनाम।	६११।८)	दोवान नामजीज्जावन शींघ बावु नामकुमान शींघ	महाल हाज्जा दवाम है वइलतवाकी प्पाश नीलाम होगा २३०।११)
قسم دوم میعادی	३६१४	शनजौ प्रः यडिशा।	८५६।०)	मायो नाउ इशन नाउ जजेशन नाउे नबु नंदन नाउे नमनदानान नाम- शहाउे नाउे ज्जनीशी नाउे वीहानी नाउे नामवनन नाउे शिववनन नाउे डुमनी नाउे शनीफदानान शीफ- मीहशन ज्जाने।	महाल हाज्जा वंदेव- शत मेज्जादी हाल है वइलतवाकी प्पाश नीलाम होगा १३८१॥१०) ४ वफाज्जा १२००) ६ हाल १८१॥१३ १०८१ १ १ १०८१ १ १

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Purneah will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Monday, the 28th June 1875, corresponding with 15th Aesar 1282 B.S., for arrears of revenue, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1875,

Class 1.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 181.—Mehal Gangee, pergunnah Soorjapore; recorded proprietors Golam Ashghur, Khajah Trab Ali, Moniruddin Khoram Ali, Sahdut Ali, Hamid Ali, Imdad Ali, Mussamut Bhutton, Mussamut Bhiki, Bibi Saifan, Mussamut Momjan, Mussamut Shadman, Toosooduck Hossen, Imdad Hossen, Ozeer Ali, Belawat, Hossen, Golam Mohamed, Syud Ennet Hossen, Mahomed Jaumah, Amanut Ullah, Aghari Buksh, Reza Ullah, Meazan Meer Meghoo, and Golap Chund Ram; sudder jumma, Rs. 791-3-5.

No. 300.—Mehal Dahguon, pergunnah Futtehpore, Singhia; recorded proprietors Mossamut Meharjan, Sheikh Bisurut Ali, Shere Mohamed, Sheikh Dost Mohamed, and Mohunt Omrow Bharuthi; sudder jumma, Rs. 825-0-4.

PURNEAH COLLECTORATE, the 22nd April 1875.

W. KEMBLE, *Collector of Purneah.*

اشتهار نامہ واسطے فروخت زمینداری

سنہ ۱۸۵۹ سال کے قانون ۱۱ دفعہ ۶ کے مضمون مطابق بذریعہ اسکے سب لوگوں کو وقف کیا جاتا ہے کہ ضلع پورنیہ کے شامل محالات مندرجہ ذیل ضلع مذکور کے صاحب کلکٹر کے آفس میں باقی مالگذاری اور جو سب دعویٰ سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع ۲۸ مارچ تاریخ میں دیں ہونے سے باقی مالگذاری کے بطور مجزیہ انہیں کے مطابق ادا ہونے کا ضابطہ ہے اسکے ادا کے واسطے روز سومبار سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع ۲۸ جون مطابق سنہ ۱۲۸۲ بنگاہ ۱۵ جیلہ تاریخ میں نیلام عام کے اخیر پکار میں فروخت ہوگا سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع تاریخ ۹ اپریل

تفصیل

نمبر توزیع	نام محال	نام مالک سابق	جمع صدر
۱۸۱	موضع گانگی پرگنہ سورجا پور	غلام اصغر و خواجہ ذراعلی و منیرالدین و خرم علی و سعادت علی و حامد علی و امداد علی و مسماہ بقن و مسماہ بھکی و بی بی سیتن و بی بی عوم جان و بی بی سہمن و تسدک حسین و امداد حسین و وزیر علی و ولایت حسین و غلام محمود و مدید عنایت حسین و محمد زہان و امانت اللہ و بگوری و بکس رضا اللہ و میاچان و میر عذکر و گلہ پچند رام	۴۹۱-۳-۵
۳۰۰	موضع دہ گون پرگنہ محلورہکا	مسماہ عہو جان و شیخ بشارت و شیخ شیر محمد و شیخ دوست محمد ذمہ اقرار دینا رہے فقط	۸۹۱-۳-۵

W. KEMBLE, *Collector of Purneah.*

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Beerbhoom will be put up to public auction and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Thursday, the 20th May 1875, corresponding with 7th Joishto 1282, B.S., for arrears of revenue, Rs. 25-3-11, and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1875 :—

No. on the rent-roll.	Class.	Names of Mahals and Pergunnahs.	The nature of the demand for which the estate is to be sold.	Proprietors.	Government revenue.	REMARKS.
237	1st Class	Lot Kantori Pergunnah Toynooj.	Arrears of revenue Rs. 25-3-11.	Raja Ram Rangon Chuckerbutty, Tinsowry Ray, Gopi Bullobh Chuckerbutty, Chitrawaty Chunder Chuckerbutty, Beninadob Chuckerbutty, Ramkrishna Chuckerbutty, Sheikh Jasmuddin, Sheikh Bedar Bukht, and Ishan Chunder Sen.	Sudder jumma for the entire mehal That exclusive of the separate share of Rajah Ram Rangon Chuckerbutty.. Rs. A. P. 1,480 11 0 650 1 10 Is Rs. ... 827 9 2	The rights and interests of the proprietors in the estate, except those of the person mentioned in the foregoing column, will be sold.

R. D. HIME, *Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, and Section 5 of Act VII of 1868, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Moorsshedabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 4th day of June 1875, corresponding with 22nd Joyest 1282 B.S., for arrears of revenue, due on the 10th day of April 1875.

Serial number.	Class of Mehal.	Towjib number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Names of Proprietors.	Sudder jumma.	REMA
	1st class.	9	Kismut pergunnah Kashipore, pergunnah Kashipore.	Shama Churun Bhutto, Chundro Mookhee Dassya, Eshan Chunder Roy, Gonesh Lall Roy, Shama Soondery Dassya Radha Churun Sen, Khetto Nath Bundopaddhya, Nitto Kally Debhya, and Broioraj Bundopaddhya, father and guardian of Sotish Chunder Bundopaddhya, minor.	Rs. A. P. 8,074 3 0	The share of Gunesh Lall Roy in this mehal, viz. 4 annas 9 gundas 1 kag and 1 teel, sudder jumma Rs. 2,250-5-1, will be sold.
Ditto		258	Taruf Fazeelpore, pergunnah Nowanuggur.	Mudden Mohun Mookhopaddhya, Shama Soondery, Shosi Mookhi Debhya, Mohatap Sing, Tin Cowry Debhya, and Trilochun Mookhopaddhya.	1,227 11 9	The izmalee share of Mudden Mohun Mookhopaddhya, Shama Soondery, Shosi Mookhi Debhya, Mohatap Sing, and Tin Cowry Debhya, in this mehal viz. 11 annas, sudder jumma Rs. 844-1-1, will be sold.
Ditto		511	Mouzah Alumpore, pergunnah Doyanuggur.	Joggunnath Bhuttacharjee	801 1 1	The entire mehal will be sold.
Ditto		2734	Dibee Govindpore, pergunnah Sherpore.	Muckruna Beebee, Ashooda Beebee, Azimut Nessa, alias Adarakha Beebee, wife of Moonshee Luttarut Hossain, Mohamudnessa Beebe, Kurreem Bux, Masooma Beebe, Tukdeera Beebee, Sheikh Semroolla, self and brother and guardian of Sheikh Nusruttoolla, Syud Abdoel Monak and Abdoel Sobhan.	1,560 7 6	The share of Muckruna Beebee and Ashooda Beebee in this mehal, viz. 5 annas 6 gundas 2 cowries 3 kag, sudder jumma Rs. 520-2-3, will be sold.
5	Ditto	2779	Taruf Kanaipara, pergunnah Anshudnuggur.	Ram Lall Ghose	1,349 9 5	The entire mehal will be sold.

W. WAVELL, *Collector.*

MOORSHEDABAD COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 24th April 1875.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Monghyr will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 14th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 29th day of March 1875.

Number of touji.	Name of mehal and pergunnah.	Sudder jumma.	Arrear revenue due to Government.	Names of defaulters
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
336	Best Hazari, pergunnah Best Hazari.	61,869 11 0	1,175 15 0	Khaja Badaruddin Khan, Nagma Begum, Mahomed Jamar Khan, Nalut Ali, Fouquath Sahai, and others.

N. B.—This is a permanently-settled mehal. The rent-rolls of the 51 dakiaili mehals of the parent estate have been separated under Act II of 1859, Sections 10 and 11, and a sudder jumma of Rs. 54,537-14-0. The remaining ijmal portion of the mehal, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 7,271-13-0, will be put up to sale for arrears of revenue due to Government.

Number of touji.	Name of mehal and pergunnah.	Sudder jumma.	Arrear revenue due to Government.	Names of defaulters.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
815	Schawan, pergunnah Malthi.	1,120 0 0	1 8 0	Paten Sing, Khedau Lall, Isri Persan,

N. B.—The share of defaulters in the mehal, excepting *3as. 6gds. 7½krs.*, which has been separated from the roll on a sudder jumma of Rs. 583-10-0, will be put up to sale on account of arrear revenue due to Government. The sudder jumma of the defaulter's share is Rs. 536-13-0.

MONGHYR, the 1st May 1875.

E. LOCKWOOD, *Offg. Collector.*

اشہار نیلام بابت بقیہ مالگذاری سرکار کچہری کلکٹری ضلع مونگیر

ہو کہ حسب دفعہ ۶ ایقت ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ء کے یہ محلات مرقومہ الذیل ضلع مونگیر میں بابت
گذاری سرکار دیگر دعویٰ جو از روے دستورات قوانین مجاریہ موافق باقی مالگذاری سرکار کے بقاریخ
سنہ ۱۸۷۵ء واجب الوصول ہی بروز دو شنبہ ۱۴ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۵ء کچہری میں صاحب کلکٹر اس

ستھان
محال بذراست
نامی

۶۱ خواجہ بد الدین خان و نیگمی بیگم و خواجہ
جعفر خان و چودھری لیلکہ
سنگہ و شیونندن پرشاد سنگہ
ندن پرشاد سنگہ خوند و عم
کنور پرشاد سنگہ و نند نشور
الغان و نواہی سنگہ
پرشاد داس و خواجہ
عبدی خان و خواجہ محمد
خان و لیکراج سنگہ و نوینک
و تیمور سنگہ و بیچڈانہ سہای
ب علی و مسماۃ حکم بی بی و
محمد نور علی خان و خواجہ
عزیز اللہ خان و خواجہ محمد
الدین خان خوند و وائی جلال
خان نابالغ و کون سنگہ و کون
و پوکراج سنگہ و شبنم لا بخش
و وائی ایزد بخش نابالغ و شبنم
بخش و شبنم مراد بخش و
امید علی و شبنم ولایت حسین
خواجہ محمد واجد حسین و خواجہ
بد حسین خان و مسماۃ اشرف
ما بیگم و ملک علی کر و ملک
نظیر و مسماۃ رسول و مہاراجہ
مکمل سنگہ بہادر و خواجہ عزیز
خان عرف نواب خان و خواجہ
ب الدین خان عرف سکنا خان و
حاجہ بی بی جان بیگم و پارسندہ
نہ و ہمیش دت و شبنم عبدالوہاب
بی و شبنم مہدی حسین و شبنم
محمد عبدالرحیم نانگان و مسماۃ
بی بی جان مادر و الیہ شبنم
ش نابالغ و صاحب النساء و حسن
النسا و خواجہ حشمت اللہ خان و
مسماۃ صورت النساء بیگم و مسماۃ
بی بی نصر و مسماۃ غفور و درگا
رشاد و مسماۃ عمدہ بیگم و دوکتا
ہتون و کنور شیو پرشاد نواب سنگہ
نیم ہتون و یسر ہتون و نندو
ہتون و مسماۃ مچون و ننگو ہتون
مسماۃ بسود سنگہ بیگم و نجیب
خان و مسماۃ ملخص و مسماۃ حاندو
مسماۃ ناسر و شبنم محمد جلال و

انگریزی
سنہ ۱۸۷۵ء
نام در تفریق
۵۷۳ تحقیق
جمع
۱۴-۸۳ از روی
دفعہ ۱۱ و ۱۰ ایقت ۱۱
سنہ ۱۸۵۹ء حصہ
چودھری لیلکہ پرشاد
و شیو نندن پرشاد
سنگہ و رام پرشاد
داس و مہاراجہ
جوگل سنگہ بہادر
و غیرہ کا تفریق رول
ہی و محال اجمالی
حصہ خواجہ بدر
الدین خان و نیگمی
بیگم و محمد جعفر
خان نجف علی و
بیچڈانہ سہای و غیرہ
جمع ۱۳ ۷۲۷۱
کے نیلام ہوگا

مجال هذا بند
دائمی

تعداد باقی

نام

جمع صد

هزاری
برگه بست
هزاری

نمبر
توزیع

حسین و شیخ عطا محمد و مسماة
تولا سوکنوری و داسوکنوری و برات
علی خان و سیانت گر و ریگ لعل
سنگه و جیت سنگه و مسماة نولکھو
کنوری و سنکو کنوری و مسماة فخر
النسا بیگم و مسماة ظهور النسا بیگم
و شیخ ولایت حسین و مسماة وحید
النسا و مالک علی بخش و چمن سنگه
و داسوکنوری و مکمر کنوری و کنکر
کنوری و دهرمو کنوری و معروف
کنوری و اجناسو کنوری و تند کنوری
و اودهو کنوری و مدیسی کنوری و
گرمی دھاری سنگه چتر دھاری سنگه
و مسماة گل بیگم و گوهر دین لعل
و صاحب رام دینی سنگه و سوهای
سنگه و اگموناتیه پرشاد سنگه و سوکو
کنوری و شیخ ابزد بخش و مسماة
جیوسو و مسماة د. النسا و مالک دعاء
الله و صبا. اج کنواهر پرشاد نواب
سنگه و کنور اشوی پرشاد نوابی سنگه
و مسماة شبو کنوری و شیخ محمد
جلیل عرف جوان و بی سنگه و سید
محمد امین الله و محمد ولی الله و
خواجہ محمد گوهر علی خان اصل
نفسہ پدر والی خواجہ محمد یوسف
علی خان عرف مہدی نواب و خواجہ
محمد رحمت الله خان عرف ولی
نواب و خواجہ محمد اقبال علی خان
علی نوب پسران و مسماة عصمت
النسا بیگم عرف امیر بیگم و مسماة
عظمت النسا بیگم عرف امیری بیگم
دختران نانا لغان و مسماة نصیر و
فیض اللہ خان و محمد عظیم خان
و شیخ امید علی و شیخ ولایت حسین
و شیخ مولا بخش و شیخ ابزد بخش
و شیخ بھیم بخش و شیخ عبدالوہاب
و شیخ مہدی حسین و شیخ عبدالرحیم
و مسماة بی بی نسو و خواجہ محمد
علی مردان خان و تونی لعل عرف
سیگوب مہالی و جنوی لعل و ندو لعل
و دیگر پرشاد و مسماة جنان بیگم و
کرن سنگه و بنسی سنگه و نوسنگه
و مسماة دودو کنوری و مسماة دهرمو
کنوری و جیوسی سنگه و جبرام سنگه عرف
شام لعل سنگه و گاندیش سنگه و ندو سنگه
و تون سنگه و بینی سنگه و بیجاناتھ
سنگه گورور سنگه و نواب سنگه و
جواک سنگه جوگل سنگه

پریم سنگه و کندن لعل و ریت لعل
طہری پرشاد و ہولا دت و بہاری لعل
و کالی پرشاد و کنجاہ پرشاد و دیگر
سنگه و مورل سنگه و کنیش دت سنگه

۱۱۲۰

میانوں برگہ
بکی

قسط سنہ انگری اصلی
نا
۳ آٹھ ۶ گدہ ۷۴
کوزی حصہ اکلوسنگه

نمبر توزیع	نام برگه و موقع	جمع صدر	نام	تعداد باقی	محال هذا وندست دائمی
			دیوی لعل عرف نواب سنگه دیو پرشاد سنگه و جودیا پرشاد و مسماة گوری عرف لاکو و اگلو سنگه و بیالو سنگه و بول بھاری سنگه بوجھائے سنگه و پرشاد و سوگن سنگه و جولی سنگه جونیا سنگه و گردھاری سنگه نواھر سنگه و برجھا سنگه و مٹل سنگه و ایشری پرشاد عم و والی هر پرشاد نابالغ و بھاری سنگه و صورت سنگه و سمرن سنگه و سون سنگه پربت سنگه و جبرو سنگه و اوراد سنگه مٹل سنگه بیھون سنگه و گرت دھاری سنگه خود اصل بنفسم نادر والی نگنی سنگه نابالغ و مہیش سنگه و قیالک دھاری سنگه و دوکھ سنگه و جینکدی سنگه و کاشی سنگه		و بیالو سنگه و بر بھاری سنگه و غیره و حصہ خیرو سنگه و مراد سنگه و پرجل سنگه و نیمو سنگه حصہ کالی پرشد و بھاری لعل جو جمع ۵۸۳ ۱۰ سہ قلم حسب منشاے دومہ ۱۰ ایکٹ ۱۱ سہ ۱۸۵۹ ع تقریب لاث ھی اور محال اجمالی جمع ۵۳۶۰۱۳ حصہ پریم سنگه و کھدن لعل و اگری پرشاد و غیره کا نیلیم ہوگا

E. LOCKWOOD, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, and Section 3 of Act VII of 1868 B.C., that the undermentioned estates in the district of Rungpore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Saturday, the 26th June 1875, corresponding with 12th Ashar, 1282 B. S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 29th March 1875.

CLASS I.—PERMANENTLY-SETTLED ESTATES.

To be sold for Arrears of Revenue:

No. 57.—Mouzah Barabari and others, pergunnah Kazirhat; recorded proprietors Janhobi Dasi, mother of Roohini Coomar and Govind Coomar, minors, and Parbutty Dasi, mother of Moorari Mohon and Toroni Mohon, minors, and Poorama Dasi, mother of Hor Mohon, minor, and Shama Coomar Das; sudder jumma Rs. 515-11-0.

To be sold for Arrears of Revenue.

No. 260.—Mouzah Shekarpore and others, pergunnah Rokunpore; the 8-anna share of the recorded proprietors Nosseruddin Mahamood and Johnuddin Mahamood, Absoali Choudhari, and Sabara Bebi Choudharani; sudder jumma Rs. 639-1-0.

E. G. GLAZIER, *Offg. Collector.*

RUNGPORE COLLECTORATE, the 7th May 1875.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Gya will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 3rd day of June 1875, or 14th day of Jeth 1282 F. S., for arrears of revenue due on 29th March 1875.

Towzee No.	Name of mahal and pergunnah.	Sudder jumma.	Arrears.	Name of the proprietor.	REMARKS.
2257	Puthra, pergunnah Puchrookhee.	Rs. A. P. 560 12 0	Rs. A. P. 214 1 0	Sheik Fazal Imam, Sheikh Reasut Hossein.	The mahal is a permanently settled
			Rs. (211-5-0 on account of revenue.)		
			Rs. (2-12-5 on account of road cess.)		
4081	Hathiana, pergunnah Urwal.	960 0 0	18 12 0	Takoor Pershad	In this estate the accounts of revenue of a share of Rs. 900 is jimal, and the revenue has been paid up. Of the share of Rs. 60, of Thakoor Pershad, which has been separated under Section 33 of Act XIX of 1814, Rs. 18-12-0 is due, and this share will therefore be put up to sale.

GYA COLLECTORATE, the 5th May 1875.

F. M. HALLIDAY, Collector.

کچھری دہکڑی ضلع گیا

اشتہار نامہ نیلام مطابق دفعہ ۶ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع

واضح ہو کہ محال مندرجہ ذیل بابت باقی مالگداری سرکار و دوسرا دعویٰ جو مطابق آئین و قانون مجاریہ کے باقی مالگداری سرکار کے طرح و سمول ہونا چاہئے اور جو تاریخ ۲۹ ماہ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع کو پایا تھا تاریخ ۳ ماہ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع مطابق ۱۴ ماہ جیتہ سنہ ۱۲۸۲ فصلی روز پانچشنبہ کو اس ضلع کے صاحب کلکٹر کے کچھری میں بلا عذر سب کے سامنے نیلام ہوگا۔

قسم محال	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و پرگنہ	جمع صدر	نام مالکان باقیداران	کیفیت
دائمی	۲۲۵۷	بہرا بر گنہ	۵۸۰ ۱۲	شیخ فضل امام و شیخ ریاست حسین قابضان	محال ہذا دائمی ہی مبلغ ۱ ۲۲۴ مال ۵ ۲۱۱ رول ۱۲ ۲ باقی چاہئے نیلام ہوگا
دائمی	۴۰۸۱	ہتھیا را پر گنہ	۹۶۰	ٹھاکر پرشاد	محال ہذا میں عاید حصہ دیگر مالکان نصیبہ اجمال ہی وہ بیباق ہی اور حصہ ٹھاکر پرشاد کہ جسکا جمع صدر ۶۰ ہی اور وہ از روے دفعہ ۳۳ قانون ۱۹ سنہ ۱۸۱۴ ع علیحدہ تحصیل ہوتا ہی اس میں ۱۸ ۱۲ باقی چاہئے بہ حصہ نیلام ہوگا

تحریر تاریخ ۲۸ اپریل ۱۸۷۵ ع

DONESH CHUNDER ROY, Dy. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6 of Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Rajshahye will be put up to public and an unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 31st day of May 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 29th day of March 1875.

Number on the towjee.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Names of proprietors.	Sudder jumma.	Amount of arrears.	REMARKS.
				Rs. A. P.	
257	1st class permanently settled estate Dihi Sati, pergunnah Govind-pore.	Osman Khatun, mother of Suriyatosillae and Kurumbor Chowdhury, Sabon Khatun Chowdharani, Jalun Nath Shurma Lahuri, Brahmo Moyi Debi, Shabayet of Mudun Mohun Thakur, Mokta Keshi Debi, Gauroopasad Sinha, Bakta Sundry Debes, Khondker Oozine ddeen, Sharda Prosad Shukul, Mohuram Shibesuary Debi, Roopi Bibee, <i>alias</i> Roopunnessa Chowdhrani, Sabon Khatun Chowdhrani, Dukhina Kumary Dasy, Shyama Choron Shukder, minor, Rohmoni Chowdhrani, Govindprosad <i>alias</i> Gya Prosad Shukul, minor.	Sudder jumma of the entire estate, including police cess, Rs. 5,808-1-0; of which separate accounts have been opened (1) for Rs. 743-11-0, including police, on account of the 3 annas of rakom 13 annas, considered as the whole 16 annas belonging to Mohuram Shibesuary Debes, under Section 10 of Act XI of 1859; (2) for Rs. 650-3-0, including police, on account shares of Roopi Bibee, <i>alias</i> Roopunnessa Chowdhrani, Sabon Khatun Chowdhrani, Dukhina Kumary Dasy, Shyama Choron Shukder, minor, and Rashmoni Chowdhrani, under Section 11 of the Act; and (3) for Rs. 1,611-5-0, including police, on account of the share of minor Gya Prosad, being 4 annas 8 gundas 3 cowries 1 danta; that is to say, separate accounts have been opened for Rs. 3,014-3-0 each, which being deducted, the sudder jumma of the portion of the estate to be sold comes to Rs. 2,703-11-0, including police, Rs. 23-3-0.	Revenue ... 2 8 0 Police ... 2 7 0 Total ... 4 15 0	The estate, excluding the shares for which separate accounts have been opened, to be put up to sale.
337	1st class permanently settled estate kismut pergunnah Hooghli.	Pajubayi, mother of Gorind Prosad Sircar Roy, minor. Shabayet of Radha Govind Thakur	Revenue, Rs. 1,629-13 0	65 7 0	The entire estate to be put up to sale.
1849	1st class permanently settled estate kismut pergunnah Jessimulha, rakom 10 gun.	Shibu Soondery Debi, wife of Haradhone Chimerabutti, Jibanti Nath Khan, minor, and Chunder Cunt Chotrabutti.	Revenue ... 801 7 0 Police ... 8 1 0 Total ... 809 8 0	Revenue ... 0 2 0	The entire estate to be put up to sale.

W. H. D'O'LY, *Collector*.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate, in the district of Pubna, will be put up to public auction and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Friday, the 28th May 1875, corresponding with 15th Joishto 1282 B. S., for arrears of revenue, Rs. 525-11-10, and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 29th March 1875.

No. on the rent-roll	Name of Mehul.	Proprietor.	Sudder jumma.	Arrears.	REMARKS.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
944	Chur Ataparah, in pergunnah Kagera.	Shib Nath Bagchee and Rosho Moyi Gupta.	508 12 4	525 11 10	This mehul has been settled with its proprietor from 1279 to 1283 B. S. The proprietary right of this mehul, as well as the remaining portion of settlement, will be sold.

PUBNA COLLECTORATE, the 17th April 1875.

F. REES, *Offg. Collector*.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Nuddea will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 17th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 29th day of March 1875.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 17.—Dehi Alpha, pergunnah Bagwan; recorded proprietors Shantiram Rai and others; sudder jumma of the entire estate, Rs. 8,670-5-3, and police, Rs. 96-3-7. The share of Shantiram Rai and others in the estate, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 4,046-2-2½, and police, Rs. 44-11-8, will be sold for recovery of Rs. 237-15-11, on account of arrears of Government revenue. The shares of Rama Soondery Burmania and others, the total sudder jumma of which is Rs. 4,624-3-0½, and police, Rs. 51-4-11, will be exempted from sale, as separate accounts have been opened, and a portion of the Government revenue due from them has been paid.

No. 117.—Dehi Chandi, pergunnah Fajour; recorded proprietors Mr. John Cockrane, Official Assignee, and others; sudder jumma of the entire estate, Rs. 10,246-2-8, and police, Rs. 129-2-4. The share of Mr. John Cockrane and others in the estate, bearing a sudder jumma of Rs. 4,422-6-10, and police, Rs. 55-12-2, will be sold for recovery of arrears, Rs. 239-15-10, on account of Government revenue. The share of the other proprietors, Soorendronath Paul Chowdhuri and others, the total sudder jumma of which is Rs. 5,823-11-10, and police, Rs. 73-6-2, will be exempted from sale, as they have opened a separate account, and the Government revenue due from them has been paid.

No. 399.—Pergunnah Ukra, pergunnah Ukra; recorded proprietors Brindaban Chandra Sirkar Chowdhuri and others; sudder jumma of the entire estate, Rs. 61,546-4-2, and police, Rs. 326-4-8. The share of Brindaban Chandra and Sish Chandra Sirkar Chowdhuri in the estate, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 7,697-10-4, and police, Rs. 40-12-7, on account of which separate account has been opened in No. 399-3, will be sold for recovery of Rs. 1,010-5-3, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 423.—Dehi Peerpore, pergunnah Moonsibpore; recorded proprietors Moonshee Fuzzulall Korim and others; sudder jumma of the entire estate, Rs. 4,463-9-5, and police, Rs. 48-13-1. The share of Moonshee Fuzzulall Korim and others, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 3,032-9-5½, and police, Rs. 33-4-11½, will be sold for recovery of Rs. 128-4-3, due on account of Government revenue. The share of other proprietors, Doya Mohi Debia and others, sudder jumma Rs. 1,430-15-11½, and police, Rs. 15-11-13, will be exempted from sale, as they have separate accounts, and have paid the Government revenue due.

No. 433.—Kismut Rai Balli, pergunnah Bagwan; recorded proprietors Khudiram Rai and others; sudder jumma, Rs. 747-11-9, and police, Rs. 17-1-1. The share of Khudiram Rai and others, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 75-10-7½, and police, annas 15-5½, will be sold for recovery of Rs. 14-11-3½, on account of Government revenue. The share of other proprietors, Dwarkanath Biswas and others, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 672-1-1½, and police, Rs. 16-1-7½, will be exempted from sale, as they have separate accounts, and have paid the Government revenue.

No. 438.—Taraf Ranaghat, taraf Ranaghat; recorded proprietors Issur Chandra Pal Chowdhuri and others; sudder jumma of the entire estate Rs. 1,359-14-3, and police, Rs. 15-10-3. The share of Issur Chandra Pal Chowdhuri and others in the estate, bearing a sudder jumma of Rs. 364-14-10, and police, Rs. 3-15-1, will be sold for recovery of Rs. 43-2-10, on account of arrears of Government revenue. The share of the other proprietors, Radhamoya Dey Chowdhuri and others, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 994-15-5, and police, Rs. 11-11-2, will be exempted from sale, as they have opened separate accounts, and have paid the Government revenue.

No. 491.—Debi Shadipore, pergunnah Rajpore; recorded proprietors Madhub Gati Mitra Moostafi and others; sudder jumma of the entire estate, Rs. 18,263-14-9. The share belonging to Shibnarain Chetlangee (sole purchaser), bearing sudder jumma Rs. 168-2-0½, will be sold for recovery of arrears, Rs. 89, on account of Government revenue. The share of other proprietors, Bhubanjaya Acharji and others, the total sudder jumma of which is Rs. 18,095-12-8½, will be exempted from sale, as they have opened a separate account.

C. C. STEVENS, *Collector.*

NUDDEA COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 12th May 1875. .

NOTICE is hereby given that leases of the undermentioned lime-quarries, situate in the Khasi and Jynteah Hills, will be put up to auction on 1st October 1875, at the upset price mentioned opposite the mehals, for a period of two and a half years.

The rent payable half-yearly in advance.

No.	Names of Quarries.	Where situate.	Upset price per annum.
<i>In Jaintia Hills.</i>			Rs. A. P.
1	Choon Cherra, Letting Cherra.	North—By high hills ... South—By northern boundary of Sylhet district ... East—By Teehang and Borgong rivers ... West—By Ooleo Cherra, <i>alias</i> Nowgong stream ...	14,510 0 0
	Rowai Cherra	North—By high hills of Lakadong, or the south boundary of Lamaposhree lime-quarry ... South—By northern boundary of Sylhet district ... East—By Looba or Looka river ... West—By Teehang and Borgong streams ...	
2	Uthma Cherra	North—By as far as limestone beds extend within the boundary of Uthma Poonjee ... South—By southern bank of the Pakhee Cherra stream ... East—By Peeha Cherra stream ... West—By Bhooban Cherra stream ...	6,075 0 0
3	Roop Nath	North—By as far as limestone exists in this direction in lands pertaining to the village ... South—By boundary of Sylhet district ... East—By Ooleo Cherra river ... West—By old road leading to Amwie Poonjee from the plains ...	1,516 0 0
4	Nongtholong Poonjee	North—By Padoo and Pamladang Poonjee ... South—By boundary of Sylhet district ... East—By old road leading from the plains to Amwie Poonjee ... West—By Mungat river and Berseel ...	1,016 0 0
5	Lama Poshree	North—By Lakadong ... South—By boundary of Rowai lime-stone quarry ... East—By western boundary of the lands appertaining to Mooralee Poonjee ... West—By Mungat river and Berseel ...	815 0 0
6	Mooralee Cherra	North—By Sootang Poonjee ... South—By northern boundary of Rowai lime-quarry ... East—By Looba or Looka river ... West—By western limit of lands appertaining to Mooralee Poonjee ...	206 0 0
<i>In Bhowal State, Khasi Hills.</i>			
7	Patharia Cherra	North—By Ichadora ... South—By right bank of Patharia Cherra from Ichadora ... East—By to Nowgong ... West—By Jayram Jhoora ...	6,025 0 0
<i>In Maharam State, Khasi Hill</i>			
8	Ram Semdem Raske...	North—By Chapagor ... South—By Pook Cherra ... East—By Kalaram Rai Cherra ... West—By Hurrin Tilla Dhul ...	2,010 0 0
<i>In Malai Chhmat State, Khasi Hills</i>			
9	Nokria Cherra	North—By south bank of Majdoora ... South—By Pandendish jungle ... East—By Mashim Khasia's garden ... West—By Shia Sing Khasia's garden ...	500 0 0
<i>In Khasi Hill.</i>			
10	Bor Poonjee	North—By lands pertaining to Cherra State ... South—By lands of mouzah Kalairag and of mouzah Bejoy Panduah, in Sylhet ... East—By the west bank of Bhooban Cherra ... West—By Doorga Seel ...	420 0 0

H. S. BIVAR, Deputy Commissioner, Khasi and Jynteah Hills.

SHILLONG DEPUTY COMM'R.'S OFFICE, the 20th April 1875.

☞ The following books may be had from the Office of Superintendent, Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street. No orders can be attended to, unless accompanied by a remittance. When postage stamps are forwarded, one anna additional should be sent for every Rupee's worth of stamp for discount in exchanging them for cash. Service labels are not received.

Books required on the public service are only supplied when authorized by the Department under whose orders they are published.

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The Official Quarterly Army List of H. M.'s Forces in Bengal, to which is appended the Civil Service Gradation List, corrected up to 1st April 1875. *Price Rs. 4; packing and postage, 8 annas.*

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CALCUTTA, the 22nd September 1873.

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NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following Packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act :—

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1875.			
May 10th ...	3 Plates, A. C. C. & Co., D. P. & Order Co.	...	S. S. Flamingo.
" 10th ...	22 Bars, Flat, no mark or blue ...	"	Ditto.
" 10th ...	1 Bar T Iron, no mark or blue...	"	Ditto.
" 10th ...	5 Pieces Square Iron, no mark or blue.	"	Ditto.
" 12th ...	2 Casks, [B M] C	"	Ship Chinsura.
" 12th ...	1 Case, K & B	"	Ditto.
" 12th ...	1 Case [R B & S]	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	1 Cask, [180] W. C. M. W. H. & Mutty Lal Bose Co., or no mark.	"	Peter Stewart.
" 15th ...	1 Cask, [194] B. M. G. W. H. & Co., or no mark.	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	1 Bale, A S D G	A. Schillizzie & Co....	S. S. City of Can- terbury.
" 15th ...	30 Drums, [B. I. S. N. Co.,] M P	M. Mackenzie & Co..	Ditto.
" 15th ...	29 Casks, [B. I. S. N. Co., T V]	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	2 Casks, [B. I. S. N. Co., P W]	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	2 Casks, [B. I. S. N. Co.,] A R. & Co.	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	14 Casks, [B. I. S. N. & Co.] F...	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	119 Cases, [B. I. S. N. & Co.] E...	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	1 Case, [B. I. S. N. & Co.] B D	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	24 Cases, [B. I. S. N. & Co. R. B.]	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	20 Cases, [B. I. S. N. & Co. B. B.]	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	19 Cases, B M & S	Order	Ditto.
" 15th ...	1 Cask, D. D. Cunningham, Addressed Surgeon, Bengal Army, General Hospital.	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	2 Bales, [D] P. & Co.	Hurry Dass Dutt	Ditto.
" 15th ...	1 Case, N E [EN] S C M P W	Order	Ditto.
" 15th ...	1 Case, [E Y]	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	2 Packages, M. Fox, Esq, E. I. Addressed Railway, Shahabad.	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	12 Coils, [G C M]	Order	Ditto.
" 15th ...	2 Casks, G. F. K. & Co.	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	3 Cases, H M & S	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	26 Cases, [K. A. & Co., M P W]	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	23 Kegs, K & L or R & L	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	11 Koils Rope, no mark	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	1 Cask, R C	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	2 Packages, S C [R. & Co.] M P W.	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	1 Case, [C S 1] 20 N	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	3 Cases, [S B & S] N F Agra.	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	1 Case, S H & H J	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	5 Cases, [S K C]	"	Ditto.
" 15th ...	2 Casks, [B. I. S. N. Co. T V]	M. Mackenzie & Co.	Ditto.

CALCUTTA, the 15th May 1875.

(209—1)

D. SCOTT, Offg. Vice-Chairman.

Notice.*List of Unclaimed Packages on the Custom House Wharf.*

Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
2 Plates of Iron, no mark	... Star of Albion.
2 Plates of Iron [F]	... Hindoo.
1 Parcel, [H S B C], 9 S K	... Navarino.
1 Parcel, [H J B C] 9 G H, [H B C] T G H	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, [T M]	... Ditto.
5 Bars T Iron, S A S	... Navarino.
2 Bundles Round Iron, no mark	... Ditto.
11 Small Pieces of Iron, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, D [B] H 1 S	... Historian.
1 Grindstone, B. L. & Co., B	... Kenyon.
2 Barrels of Asphalte, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Cask of Alum, [H]	... Ellen Stuart.
1 Case, [D. E. & Co. K 902] B. B. & Co.	... Capella.
1 Case, [T. & Co.]	... Ditto.
1 Box, S W	... Ditto.
2 Cakes of Spelter, V	... Ditto.
1 Case, [1359] N B	... Sultan.
1 Case, W P	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, [B. & Co.]	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, [H J B C] 9 S G H	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, [H S B C] 9 S K	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, [H J B C] 4 G H	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, Borradaile Schiller & Co.	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, [S K M] 9	... Ditto.
1 Truss, [R B] J W	... Ditto.
5 Plates of Iron, no mark	... Ditto.

N.B.—The above will be sold if not cleared within the 22nd May 1875.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, the 15th May 1875.

J. D. MACLEAN, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

Notice.

The quit-rent of the undermentioned leases in the district of Darjeeling being in arrears, notice is hereby given that if the amount due from the location be not paid within two months from this date, the leases remaining unpaid will be resumed by Government under Supplementary Rule No. 1, for grant of locations at Darjeeling.

No. of lease.	Name of lessee.	Amount.
		Rs. A. P.
172	Colonel G. B. Mainwaring	... 50 0 0
94	Ditto	... 50 0 0
104	Ditto	... 50 0 0

A. W. PAUL, *Asst. Commr., in charge.*

DEPT. COMM'R.'S OFFICE, DARJEELING, 13th May 1875.

Bhagirutty River.

Weekly Water Report showing the Least Depth of Water in the Bhagirutty River for the week ending Friday, the 14th May 1875.

NAMES of Places, &c.	Least depth of water.	REMARKS.
	Ft. In.	
Entrance below Chourasia	3 6	
Thence to Noorpore junction, 6 miles	3 0	
„ to Jungipore, 9 miles	3 6	
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles	3 3	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles	2 6	
From Cutwa to Nudden, 46 miles	3 0	

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 17th May 1875, above zero, 2 feet 0 inches.

T. H. WICKES, C.E., *Exc. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Division,*

BERHAMPORE, the 17th May 1875.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value. Rs.	Name of Claimant.
7945	L. 97803	50	N. D'Silva, for Messrs. F. W. Heilgers & Co.
7950	L. 12954	5	} Lok Nath Bosu.
	L. 11606	5	
7951	L. 33385	100	Mohesh Chunder Bosu.
7953	L. 77345	50	The Deputy Commissioner, Paper Currency, Allahabad.
7958	L. 54045	100	Messrs. Gopaul Chunder Mitter & Co.
9	L. 85376	5	} The Offg. Post-Master-General, Bengal.
	L. 85375	5	
	L. 38610	5	
	L. 11178	10	
10	L. 05127	100	Balmokund Khettry.
11	L. 02185	20	Mutty Ram Shaw.
13	L. 70623	100	Hurry Mohun Dey.
14	L. 30095	1,000	Mahomed Seedeek and Karreem Ellahie.
15	L. 55485	5	Masood Hossain Khan.
16	L. 94380	100	} W. Ferris, Esq., Inspector, for Mr. T. Mitchell.
	L. 04422	100	
	L. 00586	100	
	L. 74876	100	
	L. 64727	50	
	L. 45364	50	
	L. 46059	50	
	L. 22218	50	} Messrs. Francis, Ramsay & Co.
17	L. 26337	20	
18	L. 10199	50	} Nobo Kissen Ghose.
	L. 34137	10	
19	L. 52302	100	Kooloda Prosad Sen.
20	L. 18134	10	The Offg. Post-Master General, Bengal.
21	L. 58749	100	} H. Cosman.
	L. 54052	100	
	L. 25952	100	
	L. 09373	100	
	L. 56470	100	} Hakeem Doorga Prosad.
22	L. 92158	100	
23	L. 00662	100	G. Groves.
24	L. 28332	50	Messrs. King, Hamilton and Co.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

7935	L. 15853	20	} Keder Nath Mookerjee.
7936	L. 70490	50	
	L. 53019	20	} Mahamed Abdool Rohomon.
	L. 47653	20	
	L. 61472	20	
	L. 47651	20	
	L. 47664	20	
	L. 47649	20	
	L. 01338	20	
	L. 92379	20	} .
	L. 04608	20	
	L. 47644	20	
7937	L. 56374	} 10	} Captain W. A. Roberts, R. H. A.
	L. 56378		
7938	L. 08289	} 5	} Kedar Nath.
	L. 08296		
7939	L. 38624	} 100	} Messrs. Ambler & Co.
	L. 32224		
7940	L. 01434	} 20	} Kassi Nath Paul.
	L. 06168		
	L. 27566	20	} Hurdoyal Bramun.
7941	L. 26827	10	
7944	L. 95042	} 10	} Nobin Gopaul Roy.
	L. 95043		
7946	L. 30007	} 10	} Ramdhundas Roghoo Nath Dass.
	L. 03210		
	L. 99113		

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant
		Rs.	
7948	L 97917	5	Joy Kristo Sen.
7954	A 57590	20	Nobin Kristo Bose.
	L 07596	20	
	L 54038	20	
	L 54029	20	
	L 72682	20	
7955	L 46475	10	Hurro Gobind Chuckerbutty.
	L 46474	10	
	L 64658	5	
	L 64657	5	
	L 81904	5	
	L 81905	5	
7956	L 05084	5	J. W. Limington.
	L 05085	5	
7957	L 81598	100	Oshedhwaree Bose.
7959	L 08929	10	Kaila Chund Shome.
7960	L 69368	10	Necoor Chunder Bysack.
7961	L 50998	20	Jodoo Nath Banerjee.
7262	A 89035	1,000	Roy Dhunoput Sing Bahadoor.
	L 88054	1,000	
7963	L 17848	50	Mohesh Chunder Surosutty.
	L 16155	50	
7964	L 05368	100	Lt.-Col. C. V. Jenkins.
7965	L 20411	10	N. V. Mylne.
	L 20412	10	
7	L 16930	10	Suffer Khan.
	L 16939	10	
8	L 69301	20	Mohendro Nath Ghose.
	L 59256	20	
9	L 57935	10	Messrs. King, King & Co.
	L 57934	10	
10	L 94565	10	Brudjo Nath Paul.
	L 94575	10	
11	L 70828	5	Chunder Mohun Mozoondar.
	L 70829	5	
12	L 69121	10	A. Dassier.
	L 69122	10	
13	L 98733	5	R. C. Perry.
	L 98734	5	
14	L 20938	...	Major J. M. Gream.
	L 20939	...	
15	L 83367	5	Jodo Nath Pan.
	L 3364	5	
16	L 90402	5	Brojo Lall Baj Pie.
	L 90401	5	
17	L 74746	10	Nobin Chunder Ghose.
18	L 70567	20	W. F. Graham, Esq.
19	L 11486	5	Mohesh Chunder Sarosatty.
20	L 52690	20	Mohendro Nath Ghose.
21	L 04684	100	Shaik Soruapo Bapari.
22	L 55490	50	Nawab Mahomed Ally Khan.
23	L 26692	50	Messrs. Ahmuty & Co.
	L 76487	10	
	L 32851	20	
	L 48088	20	
	L 91195	100	
24	L 18767	50	Jogo Mohun Sing.
25	L 26541	10	Moonshee Showkut Ally.
26	L 57029	5	H. H. Davis.
	L 57036	5	
	L 57038	5	
	L 57039	5	
	L 18235	20	
	L 85262	20	Bhola Nath Dey.
28	L 56285	10	Brojolall Das.
	L 56273	10	
	L 56278	10	
	L 56282	10	
	L 56262	10	
29	L 63482	50	Mrs. Schoeniman.

Notice.

REQUIRED for the Rajshahye District, from the 1st October next, a District Engineer on a salary not exceeding Rs. 500 per mensem, having professional education, and qualifications equal to those of an Executive Engineer, Public Works Department. No applications will be considered unless they are accompanied by certificates of qualification.

W. H. D'OXY, *Chairman, District Road Cess Committee.*

RAJSHAHYE, DISTRICT ROAD CESS COMMITTEE'S OFFICE, the 27th April 1875.

Notice

Is hereby given that the post of Collectorate Sheristadarship has temporarily fallen vacant on the appointment of the late incumbent as a Special Deputy Collector. The salary attached to the post is Rs. 80 per month. No one need apply who does not know English, or who has not a thorough acquaintance with the routine business of a Collector's office.

Applications, with copies of testimonials, will be received up to the 20th proximo, when the post will be filled up.

L. B. B. KING, *Officiating Collector.*

MALDAH COLLECTORATE, the 26th April 1875.

Notice.

WANTED for the Tipperah district, from 1st October 1875, a District Engineer, on a salary of Rs. 500 per mensem. All candidates must possess qualifications equal to those of an Executive Engineer, Public Works Department. No applications will be received after 1st August 1875.

N. ALEXANDER, *Chairman of the Dist. Road Cess Comtee.*

COMMILLAH, TIPPERAH, the 14th May 1875.

Notice.

THE Zemindary Dāk Tax of the district of 24-Pergunnahs for the year 1875-76 is fixed at the rate of seven annas and one pie per cent. Tax for the first half-year should be paid into the Treasury before the 1st of July, and that for the second half-year before the 1st of January 1875.

W. S. WELLS, *Offg. Magistrate, 24-Pergunnahs.*

Notification

UNDER REGULATION V OF 1799.

CERTAIN effects belonging to Lieutenant C. F. Cooke, R.E., who died of cholera at Nowgong, in Rajshahye, on the 10th April 1875, are in charge of the Executive Engineer, Bogra Special Division, on behalf of this Court, and will be delivered to any person who may be duly authorized to receive the same.

J. B. WORGAN, *Offg. District Judge.*

RAJSHAHYE DISTRICT JUDGE'S COURT, the 3rd May 1875.

(191—5)

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 11th May 1875

LIABILITIES.	RS.	A.	P.	ASSETS.	RS.	A.	P.
Proprietors' capital paid-up ...	2,200,000	0	0	Government Securities ...	1,45,29,851	13	3
Reserve Fund ...	10,05,215	13	4	Loans on Government Securities, &c., &c.			
General Treasury ...				Head Office and Branches ...	77,67,871	3	3
Balance at Head Office ...	Rs. 2,11,59,576	1	1	Accounts of credit on Government Secs.			
General Treasury ...				at Head Office and Branches ...	89,28,271	7	6
Balance at ...				Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office			
Branches ...	1,61,37,312	13	1	and Branches ...	2,29,91,280	9	5
Other Deposits at Head Office and				Bank Stock ...	10,76,977	13	11
Branches ...	1,56,99,479	3	5	Shares ...	22,35	15	3
Bank Post Bills, &c.	2,60,629	0	7	Balances with other banks ...	7,27,799	7	11
sundries ...	8,90,316	1	8	Surpluses ...	27,950	6	3
				Building ...	62,643	9	0
					5,62,28,114	8	9
				Cash and Currency			
				at Head Office ...	Rs. 37,81,112	6	3
				at Branches ...	2,65,33,426	7	6
Total ...	8,17,69,541	0	2	Total ...	8,17,69,541	0	2

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL
Calcutta, the 12th May 1875.

J. GORDON
Chief Accountant & Deputy Secretary.

R. HARDIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

(206—1)

Bank of Bengal.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Bank of Bengal, General Treasury, and Public Debt Office will be closed on Monday, the 24th instant, in celebration of the Anniversary of Her Majesty's Birth-day, in conformity with Government Notification No. 24601, of 29th October 1867.

(205—1)

By order of the Directors,

R. HARDIL, *Secy. and Treasurer.***The Bengal Coal Company, "Limited."**

THE Half-yearly General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 27, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, at 11 o'clock A.M., on Saturday, the 12th June 1875.

(208—4)

By order of the Directors,

T. M. ROBINSON, *Managing Director.***Eastern Cachar Tea Company, "Limited."**

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Eastern Cachar Tea Company, Limited, will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 14, Old Court House Street, on Saturday, the 29th current, at half-past 12 P.M., for the following purposes:—

1stly.—To confirm the arrangements now in progress for the formation of the new Mahmuda Garden.

2ndly.—To sanction an increase of the capital of the Company by Rs. 1,40,000, to meet cost of extensions and formation of the new garden.

CALCUTTA, the 14th May 1875.

STEEL, McINTOSH AND Co., *Agents and Secretaries.*

(207—2)

Eastern Cachar Tea Company, "Limited."

SEASON 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Eastern Cachar Tea Company, "Limited," will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 14, Old Court House Street, on Saturday, the 29th May, at noon, to receive the Directors' Report and Accounts for the year ending 31st January 1875, to declare a further Dividend, and to transact such other business as may be brought forward.

CALCUTTA, the 7th May 1875.

(195—3)

STEEL, McINTOSH & Co., *Agents and Secretaries.***Ramkistopore Press Company, "Limited."**

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of Rs. 1 per share, making, with the *ad-interim* dividend, Rs. 10 per cent., for the half year ending the 31st March 1875, has been declared payable on and after the 12th May 1875, on presentation of scrip.

CALCUTTA,

RUSHTON BROTHERS, *Managing Directors and Secretaries.*

The 8th May 1875.

(197—2)

Ramkistopore Press Company, *Limited.***Budge-Budge Jute Mills Company, "Limited."**

NOTICE is hereby given that the third call of Rs. 15 per share on the new shares of the Company has been made, and will be payable at the Registered Office, No. 7, Chive Row, Calcutta, on Tuesday, 25th May 1875.

By order of the Directors,

The 27th April 1875.

(181—3)

ANDREW YULE AND Co., *Agents.***Great Eastern Hotel, Wine and General Purveying Company, "Limited."**

NOTICE is hereby given that the 26th Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Nos. 1, 2, and 3, Old Court House Street, on Saturday, the 29th May 1875, at 3 o'clock P.M., to receive the Directors' Report, to pass the Accounts for the year ended 28th February last, to declare a Dividend, and to transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting.

By order of the Directors,

CALCUTTA, the 27th April 1875.

(180-5)

A. CUMMING, *Secretary.***Great Eastern Hotel Wine and General Purveying Company, "Limited."**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Transfer Register of this Company will be closed from Saturday, the 22nd instant, to Saturday, the 29th idem, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,

CALCUTTA, the 18th May 1875.

(211—2)

A. CUMMING, *Secretary.*

Howrah Mills Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the office of the Company, No. 8, New China Bazar Street, on Saturday, the 22nd of May 1875, at 3 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of passing the following special Resolution, viz.—

"That such of the alterations, additions, and amendments to the Company's Articles of Association, which were submitted and approved at the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on the 24th April 1875, as may be passed by this Meeting, shall be and are hereby adopted, and that the Articles of Association of the Company be altered, added to, and amended accordingly."

By order of the Directors,

ERNSTHAUSEN AND OESTERLEY, *Managing Agents and Secretaries.*

CALCUTTA, the 1st May 1875.

(185-3)

Notice.

ODDH AND ROHILKUND RAILWAY COMPANY.

A CONSIDERABLE sum in Current Notes was lately found on the O. and R. Railway. The owner can have them on furnishing full particulars and paying expenses.

Lucknow, the 16th April 1875.

(203-3)

Notice.

THIS is to notify that the general Power-of-Attorney (am muktarnamah), drawn up by me on the 23rd February 1875, in favour of Satcoury Mitter, *alias* Nundo Coomar Mitter, of Simla, Calcutta, is hereby withdrawn and intimation thereof has been given to the Collector of the 24-Pergunnahs, Alipore. The said Satcoury Mitter, *alias* Nundo Coomar Mitter, will therefore cease to be my agent from this date.

The 13th May 1875.

(204-1)

CHUNDER COOMAR ROYCHOWDRY.

Notice.

THE letting of the Zemindaries belonging to the estate of the late Kistunundo Biswas, which was advertised for Friday next, the 11th day of May instant, has been postponed to Friday, the 28th idem, at one o'clock in the afternoon, when the Receiver of the High Court will put up the same for lease at his office, in the High Court premises.

HIGH COURT RECEIVER'S OFFICE, the 11th May 1875.

(202-2)

Notice.

THE interest and responsibility of the late Baboo Bhogobutty Churn Law in our firm ceased on the 30th April last.

(184-4)

PLAWNKISSEN LAW AND CO.

Notice.

MR. ALEXANDER ANDERSON is authorized to sign our firm per procuration.

(186-En)

MACKINSON, MACKENZIE & CO.

Notice.

INTEREST draft for Rs. 90, No. 008527, dated 12th February 1875, in favor of Megloli Dhar, has been lost. Any one restoring the same to the undersigned will be rewarded if required.

(194-2)

MUDGOSOMEN DUTT.

Stolen.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 019889, of the 4 per cent. of 1842-43, for Rs. 5,400, and Nos. 008612 and 011382, of the 4 per cent. of 1835-36, for Rs. 2,000, each being Rs. 1,000, originally standing in the name of Kadumbine Dabie, the proprietress, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is to be made for the issue of duplicates in favor of the proprietress.

(196-3)

KADUMBINE DABIE, *Scrapore, Zilah Hooghly.*

Lost.

THE following Government Promissory Notes,—

No. 42223, for Rs. 1,000, of 4 per cent, dated the 31st March 1835-36.

No. 22221, for Rs. 1,000, of 4 per cent, dated the 31st March 1835-36.

No. 22222, for Rs. 5,400, dated the 1st February 1843.

(190-3)

W. D. PRATT, *District Superintendent of Police, Hooghly.*

Lost.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Note, which last stood in the name of Cheonee Loll Khandelwalli:—

No. 340, of the 5 per cent. loan of 1856-75, for Rs. 500.

(182-3)

Mackenzie, Lyall and Company

Will sell at 3 P.M., on Thursday next, the 20th May current, in the Exchange Hall under instructions from Captain Lovell, Agent of the Peninsular and Oriental Company, the undernoted packages of piece-goods, on account of whom it may concern, landed damaged by salt water ex S. S. *Thibel*.

২০ মে রছস্পতিবার অপরাহ্ন বেলা ৩ টার সময় মোঃ এক্সচেঞ্জ হালে থিবেট জাহাজের কামানী কএক পেকেজ লোণাজল দাগি বিলাতি কাপড় পিননশুলার ও ওরিয়েণ্টেল কোং একেটে শ্রীমুত কাপ্তেন লবেল সাহেবের উপদেশানুসারে শংসবি ব্যক্তিদের হিঃ, নিলাম হইয়া বিক্রয় হইবেক।

Nos.	Mark Pes.	m. yds. lbs. oz. No.	Bales.	Nos.	Mark Pes.	m. yds.
4	1-4—C. & T. 400 T Cloths	27 2½ 4½	15	31322		
4	1453			31316		
4	1466 } J. P. 200 Shirt-	39 39 7		31338		4
4	1470 } C. inggs.					
4	1459			31339		
11	31352			31359	P.T.&C. 1500 T. Cloths	
	31346			31321		
	31344			31341		4
	31345			31340		
	31349	P.T.&C. 2200 Mada-	29 24 2½	31317		
	31347	pallams.				
	31348		11	31331		
	31351			31332		
	31350			31337		
	31043			31329		
	31343			31328		
	31320		5	31336	P. T. & C. 1100 White	
	31323			31330	Jaconets	39 20—100
	31319	P. T. & C. 1500 T. Cloths		31335		
	31318			31327		
	31315			31333		
				31334		

Bales.	Nos.	Mark Pes.	m. yds. lb.
31	1873-76		
	1880-83		
	1887-88		
	1891		
	1893-94	F. G. 1550 Grey Shirtings	39 38½ 8½—20
	1898-1905	H.	
	1908-11		
	1913-14		
	1916-19		
1	1935—	50 do.	39 38½ 8½—25
1	1937—	50 do.	39 38½ 9—500
6	1938-40		
	1941		
	1946	400 do.	45 39 9—30
	1949-50		

K					
1	Bale	2591	[R B]	500 Pes.	11 × 3 Grey Dhooties.
			D		
1	"	2593	"	504 "	11 × 3 do.
1	"	2600	"	504 "	11 × 3 do.
1	"	2597	"	504 "	do. do.
1	"	2598	"	504 "	do. do.
1	"	2595	"	504 "	11 × 3 do.
1	"	2594	"	504 "	do. do.
1	"	2596	"	504 "	do. do.
6	"	2584-89	"	ea. 500 "	11 × 3 do.
1	"	2583	"	" " "	do. do.
2	"	2538-39	"	" " "	32 × 6 do.
1	"	2514	"	400 "	44 × 10 do.
1	"	2656	"	501 "	11 × 3 do.
			K		
2	"	2405-6	[R B]	ea. 100 "	28 × 24 Grey T. Cloths.
			G C		
1	"	2408	"	" "	do.
1	"	2438	"	50 "	38 × 39 Grey Shirtings.

Bales,	Nos.	Mark	Pcs.	in. yds. lbs. oz. No.
13	„	1643-55	B S C B C S	Grey Bordered Shirtings.
9	„	1169-117	„	Grey T Cloth.
1	„	118	„	do.
4	„	1643	[5] [P.B] 1800 Pairs 24½-57 inch Colored Bordered Dhooties, 5-9 yds., 12 × 10, No. 79-74F.	
		1640		
		1641		
		1645		
		1673		
		1676	„ 816 Pairs do., 26½-40½ inch do., 5-10 yds., 12 × 12, Nos. 290-95L.	
2	„	1707	„ 700 Pairs 36½ inch, 8 yards. 14 by 14, No. 443T.	
		1712		
3	„	1629	„ 150 Pieces 35½ inch, 39 yards, 7 lbs, 16 by 15, No. 65B	
		1632		
		1634		
4 Cases, 3332-35		C	White Stripes.	6140 A S.
		C N P		6133-5 G Dhooties.
		W		6187-90.
		C		6192-5.
13 Cases, 329		C N P	Orange Shirtings.	6197-6202.
		S		D
22 Bales, 5842.				1 Bale, 6142 A S G Shirtings.
5844.				G
6194				Cases, 559-561 [10] A. B & Co., Black Card Thread.
6127 D				
3 Bales .. { 7476 } [A A]				5 Cases, 1335-36 { A and C
				{ 1120 }
				{ A and C
2 Cases, 6183-4 E.				1538 Black and White Prints.
				<i>Le St. Marc.</i>
4 Bales .. { 1910 } [P C]				2 Cases, 4417-18 { W L
				{ 232 }
				{ H C } Ball Thread.
				(212—1)

PURSUANT TO A DECREE of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its ordinary original civil jurisdiction, made in a suit, No. 253, of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, wherein James Walter Lowe, residing at the Bengal Club, Chowringhee, Calcutta, is plaintiff, and Léoné Lohaux, residing at the Great Eastern Hotel in Calcutta, Executor of Alfred Charles Compton, deceased, is defendant, the creditors of the said Alfred Charles Compton, otherwise called Charles Alfred Compton, late of Comendah, in the district of Tipperah, and of Chandranagore, formerly of No. 29, Theatre Road, Calcutta, zemindar, who died in or about the seventeenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, are, on or before the twenty-second day of November one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, to send to the office of the Registrar of this Court in its original suits, their names, addresses, and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every creditor holding any security, may produce or transmit the same to the Registrar with the particulars of his claim, or send or produce the same before the Honorable Mr. Justice PEAR in the Court-house on Saturday, the eighteenth day of December one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.

R. BIRCHAMBERS, Registrar.

TROTMAN AND WATKINS, Plaintiff's Attorneys. The 14th May 1875.

(210—7)

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

IN the matter of JOHN HENRY GRAY LOCHNER, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 28th day of April last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. R. FIEL, Attorney.

IN the matter of BENJAMIN SAMUEL COLLINS, an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 6th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. R. Fink, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of ROBERT BARTLETT, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 4th day of May instant, it was ordered that Tuesday, the 6th day of July next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after acquired property from all liabilities for debts, claims, and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

Orr and Harriss, *Attorneys*.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 11th day of May 1875.

IN the matter of BHEEKAI EERAM and BEKHARAM, Insolvents.

On Tuesday, the 4th day of May instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned to the first court day in May 1876, the said Insolvents, hereby undertaking to assist the Official Assignee of this Court in realizing their outstanding debts, and this Court doth hereby make this *ad-interim* protection order for the protection of the said Insolvents from arrest to take effect from the date hereof in respect of all the debts and liabilities mentioned in the schedule of the said Insolvents filed in this Court, which protection shall continue in force until the said first court day in May 1876, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Bhubun Mohun Dass, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of KISSECHUND MITTER, of No. 11, Choorapooker Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, a Clerk to Messrs. Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Company, an Insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Wednesday, the 12th day of May instant, and by an order of the same date, the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Mohendronath Holdar, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of KISSECHUND MITTER, an Insolvent.

NOTICE that an application for an *ad-interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 25th day of May instant, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

“ Any creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.”

Mohendronath Holdar, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of KISSECHUND MITTER, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 12th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Mohendronath Holdar, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of MONMOHUN MITTER, at present of No. 79, Amburst Street, in Calcutta, formerly a Serkey Mill Contractor in Haliday Street, in Calcutta, and said, an Insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Chapter XXI, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Monday, the 10th day of May instant, and by an order of the same date, the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person.

IN the matter of MONMOHUN MITTER, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 10th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 18th day of May 1875.

Postal Notices.

SEA OVERLAND MAILS.

	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer.
Madras, Ceylon, and the intermediate ports	7 P.M. ...	19th May 1875...	<i>Malda.</i>
Akyab	7 " ...	21st " " ...	<i>Mecca.</i>
Rangoon and Moulmein	7 " ...	21st " " ...	<i>Rajpootana.</i>
Port Blair and Comorta	7 " ...	21st " " ...	<i>Himalaya.</i>
Persian Gulf	7 " ...	25th " " ...	<i>From Bombay.</i>
Ceylon and the Australian Colonies	7 " ...	26th " " ...	<i>From Bombay</i>
Ceylon, Straits, Hong-Kong, United States of America, and the Colonies of Queensland and Victoria, <i>via</i> Torres' Straits. (Letters, &c., for the latter Colony must be specially superscribed)	7 " ...	28th " " ...	<i>From Bombay.</i>

The next Overland Mail, *via* Bombay, will close at the General Post Office on Friday, the 21st instant.

2. Book-post and pattern packets must be posted on the 20th idem.

N.B.—The Letter-Box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters, fully prepaid and bearing extra postage stamp of two (2) annas on each cover, will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or bearing an extra postage stamp of four (4) annas on each cover up to 8 P.M.

CALCUTTA, the 18th May 1875.

M. PERCY, *Post-Master.*

List of Unclaimed Letters lying in the Calcutta Post Office on the 18th May 1875.

Baines, J.	Gibbs, Col. J. J.	Pugh, H. E.
Battye, D.	Harrison, J. H. C.	Padday, Capt. A. C.
Berrington, E.	Henry, J. C.	Seville, S. and Co.
Brame, A.	Holland, H.	Smyth, G. R. C.
Bright, A.	Hill, H. H.	St. Clair, Miss A.
Browne, Col. H. A.	Joseph, C.	Taege, W. F.
Butler, M. L.	King, J. W.	Thacker, J. A. G.
Clarke, Hon'ble Sir A.	Lucas & Co., A.	Warren, Thomas.
Clarke, Lady.	Magill, H.	Warne, J. C.
Daniel, H. F.	Nolan, Capt. George.	Willoughby and Co.
Floriken, A.	Pickford, C. E.	Wiseman, Lieut. N. C.

" Letters marked *Care of Post Office, to be kept till called for.*"

Alexander, Hon. C.	Hazard, W.	Perra, T. R.
Avallone, L.	Hogendorp, Baron	Phipps, C. E.
Bainbridge, F. C.	Hobhouse.	Pimkeny, R. R.
Barbise, W. C.	Holl, C.	Raffin, F. J.
Bills, Captain J. W.	Holmes, Miss E.	Ralphs, H. J.
Bowhay, Mr.	Jones, J. J.	Ramsden, H.
Brewster, J.	Joseph, W. P.	Reid, R.
Brown, W. T.	Latham, C.	Roberts, Mrs. W.
Burton, H. J.	Levie, D.	Rossitto, Mrs. E.
Chisam, W.	Luigi, G.	Shearman, J., Driver.
Connolly, N.	Low, C. C.	Shearman, Mrs. S.
Croghan, W.	MacIntyre, A.	Schwartz, Miss O.
DeBono, L. L. D.	McLean, W.	Stevens, Capt. R. T.
DeQueechy, R. H.	Mellis, Col. G.	Swanson, C. J.
Elworthy, H.	Masson, E. S.	Tasseraud, Monsr. T.
Fernandez, J. F.	Oates, Mrs.	Theobald, W.
Graham, C.	Palmer, A. H.	Verner, W. H.
Greig, J.	Parnham, J. L.	Wade, A. R.
Grinshaw, N.	Pearse, Mrs. A. J.	Watts, F.
Greenwood, H.	Pearson, G.	Williams, W.
Glennie, P.	Peppin, Mrs. F.	Young, F. W.

M. PERCY, *Offg. Post-Master.*

Postal Notice.

AFTER Friday, the 28th instant, the Overland Mail *via* Bombay will, until further notice, be closed at this office every Tuesday commencing with Tuesday, the 1st June 1875.

M. PERCY, *Post-Master*.

GOVERNMENT POST OFFICE, CALCUTTA, the 18th May 1875.

Postal Notice.

CALENDAR of mail steamer departures from Bombay can be had at the Calcutta Post Office Price 2 annas; and for despatch to Mofussil, 3 annas.

M. PERCY, *Post-Master*.

GOVERNMENT POST OFFICE, CALCUTTA, the 18th May 1875.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1875.

PART III.

Act of the Bengal Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[Third Publication.]

THE following Act passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, received the assent of His Honor on the 10th March 1875, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor-General on the 24th April 1875, is hereby promulgated for general information:—

Act No. III of 1875.

An Act to amend Bengal Act No. VI of 1861.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend Bengal Act No. VI of 1861 *to provide for the periodical inspection of Steam-Boilers and Prime-movers attached thereto in the Town and Suburbs of Calcutta*; It is enacted as follows:—

1. The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, or any person authorized by him in that behalf, may revoke or suspend any certificate already granted, or to be granted under the said Act, on the ground that the Boiler or Prime-

mover in respect of which it has been granted is not in charge of a person competent to have charge of the same.

If the owner of such Boiler or Prime-mover or the person so in charge as aforesaid, be dissatisfied with such revocation or suspension, he may apply to some person (not being the person who revoked or suspended the certificate) by general or special order duly authorized by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in that behalf, who may, if he is so satisfied, grant a writing under his signature to the effect that the person so in charge as aforesaid is a person competent to have charge of a Boiler or Prime-mover, and the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, or person who has revoked or suspended the certificate, shall accordingly grant a new certificate as far as possible in the form in the Schedule to the said Act annexed, or shall allow the certificate to continue in force.

No additional fee shall be paid for a new certificate granted under this section.

2 This Act shall be construed as one with the said Bengal Act No. VI of 1861.

C. C. MACRAE,

Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1875.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

NO. 1341C.S.

GENERAL—*The 10th May 1875.*—Baboo Chandy Churn Bose, Sub-Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 15th instant.

The 14th May 1875.—Baboo Nund Colmar Aykat, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Hazareebagh, is transferred to Lohardugga.

Moonshee Sada Nund, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Lohardugga, is transferred to Hazareebagh.

The 17th May 1875.—Mr. Henry Savage, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Rungpore, is transferred to Beerbhoom.

Mr. William Dunbar Blyth, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Beerbhoom, is transferred to Maldah.

The 19th May 1875.—Mr. James Cattraill Price, Settlement Officer in Midnapore, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the provisions of Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 in that district.

The orders of the 22nd December last, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd idem, granting Mr. Edward Maxwell Reilly leave for three months, under Section 3, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code, will have effect from the 1st January 1875.

Baboo Dwarka Pershad, Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, is promoted to the First Grade of Sub-Deputy Collectors, *vice* Baboo Indra Bekary Singh, deceased.

Moonshee Abdur Rezak, Officiating Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, *vice* Baboo Dwarka Pershad, promoted.

Moonshee Abdur Rezak is posted to Buxar.

Syed Mohamed Nussirooddeen is appointed to act as a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade at Buxar during the absence, on leave, of Moonshee Abdur Rezak, or until further orders.

Moonshee Toolshee Pershad is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade in Sarun for emigration work.

Baboo Sheva Nundun Lall, B.A., is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade in Sarun for the recovery of advances made during the famine.

The 20th May 1875.—Mr. Behary Lall Gupta, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Diamond Harbour, is allowed leave for seven days, to enable him to appear at the Honor Examination in Sanskrit to be held in Calcutta in July next.

The 21st May 1875.—Baboo Sant Prosad, Sub-Deputy Collector, on settlement duty in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, is allowed leave for two months, under Section 3, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 14th April 1875.

Baboo Kash Behari Dutt, Cansongo, First Grade, Bhagulpore, is appointed to act as a Sub-Deputy Collector during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Sant Prosad, or until further orders.

The 22nd May 1875.—Mr. G. L. T. Harris having resumed charge of the office of Additional Judge of Backergunge and Jessore on the forenoon of the 16th April 1875, the unexpired portion of the privilege leave granted to him under orders of the 16th February 1875 is cancelled.

Mr. John Nugent, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the Goalundo Division of the Burdipore district, is allowed leave for two months and seventeen days, under Section 21, Chapter VI, of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 3rd April 1875.

Moulvie Sobhan Hyder, Sub-Deputy Collector, Palamow, is appointed to act as an Extra Assistant Commissioner, and to be a Special Commissioner under the Chota Nagpore Land Tenures' Act.

The services of Mr. A. D. Ellis, of Government Telegraph Accounts Department, who was specially deputed to compile the grain and relief cash accounts of the Bograh district, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Public Works Department, with effect from the 21st May 1875.

The 25th May 1875.—Mr. H. C. Richardson, c.s., reported his departure from India on furlough, on the 5th May 1875.

The cash and grain accounts of the Purneah district having been completed, the services of Mr. W. H. Dobbin are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Financial Department, with effect from the 18th May 1875.

POLICE.—*The 19th May 1875.*—Mr. R. F. Guise, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, Backergunge, is transferred to Rungpore.

REGISTRATION.—*The 11th May 1875.*—Mr. Percival Nelson Langdon, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Hooghly, is appointed, under Section 2, Act V (B.C.) of 1866, to be Controlling and Registering Officer of Hackney Carriages within the Municipality of Hooghly and Chinsurah, *vice* Mr. W. F. Meres.

The 22nd May 1875.—Baboo Amar Nath Bhattacharjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Pabna, is appointed also to be Sub-Registrar of that district, *vice* Baboo Krishna Prosad Ghose, transferred.

The 25th May 1875.—The Rev. Albert Ferdinand is appointed, under Section 7, Act XV of 1872, to be a Marriage Registrar for Calcutta, *vice* the Rev. J. Richards, resigned.

EDUCATION.—*The 20th May 1875.*—Baboo Banu Madhub Dê, M.A., Head Master of the Sanskrit College School, is appointed to be Head Master of the Bhagnipore School, *vice* Baboo Niharun Chunder Mukerjee, resigned.

The 21st May 1875.—Mr. E. Lathbury is appointed to act as Head-Master of the Kishnaghur Collegiate School, with effect from the 1st May 1875, during the absence, on deputation, of Baboo Bressur Mitter, M.A., or until further orders.

Mr. E. Lathbridge, of the Bengal Educational Service, reported his departure from India, on special leave, on the 5th May 1875.

MEDICAL.—*The 14th May 1875.*—Surgeon Major Charles Egbert Wimond Bensley, M.D., Civil Surgeon of Nudda, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, from or about the 1st July 1875.

Assistant Surgeon Tara Chand Banerjee, attached to the Kishnaghur Charitable Dispensary, is appointed to have civil medical charge of Nudda during the absence, on leave, of Dr. C. L. W. Bensley, or until further orders.

The 15th May 1875.—Surgeon William Day Stewart, Officiating Civil Surgeon of Calcutta, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 21, Chapter VI, of the Civil Leave Code.

Surgeon J. Ridings, attached to the 41st Madras Native Infantry, is appointed to act as Civil Surgeon of Cuttack during the absence, on leave, of Surgeon W. D. Stewart, or until further orders, in addition to his own duties.

PORT TRUST.—*The 22nd May 1875.*—Mr. N. MacMichael is appointed to be a Commissioner for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta under Act V (B.C.) of 1870, vice Mr. J. C. Murray, resigned.

ECONOMIC MUSEUM.—*The 11th May 1875.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Members of the District Economic Museum Committees of Rajshahye and Nattore :—

Rajshahye District.

The Magistrate and Collector, <i>Chairman.</i>	
Lieutenant-Colonel Fagan.	} <i>Members.</i>
The Civil Surgeon.	
Mr. H. Livermore.	
„ H. J. Abbott.	
„ A. Gallois.	
Baboo Hurgovind Bose.	
„ Jogesh Chunder Bagchee.	}
„ Kishore Lall Sircar, M.A.	

Nattore Sub-Division.

The Sub-Divisional Officer, <i>Chairman.</i>	
Rajah Promotho Nath Roy, Bahadoor, of Dighapoteah.	} <i>Members.</i>
Baboo Raj Koomar Sircar.	
Moulvi Mahomed Rashid Khan Chondry.	
Baboo Saroda Prosad Sookool.	

ROAD CESS.—*The 15th May 1875.*—The following gentlemen are appointed, under Section 76, Act X (B.C.) of 1871, to be Members of the Branch Road Cess Committees of Cutwa, Culna, Bood-Bood, Rancegunge, and Jehanabad respectively, in the district of Burdwan, for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the Act :—

Cutwa.

The Sub-Divisional Officer of Cutwa, *Chairman.*
 „ Moonsif of Cutwa, *Vice-Chairman.*
 Baboo Porunsook Chundro.
 „ Ashootosh Chowdhery.
 „ Bistoo Chunder Chowdhery
 Moonshee Iggul Hosein.
 „ Mugbool Rohman.
 Moulvie Iggul Huq.
 Baboo Tamee Prashad Bhattacharjee.
 „ Kangal Kristo Koer.
 „ Ishan Chunder Bhattacharjee.

Culna.

The Sub-Divisional Officer of Culna, *Chairman.*
 Baboo Mohendra Lal Goopto, *Vice-Chairman.*
 „ Dena Bishoo Nundee.
 „ Kamatuddin Chowdhery.
 „ Gobind Chunder Bose.
 Syud Attaher Rohoman Molla.
 „ Abdoal Fattich Molla.
 Baboo Bykunto Nath Dey.

Bood-Bood.

The Sub-Divisional Officer of Bood-Bood, *Chairman.*
 Baboo Hital Misser, *Vice-Chairman.*
 „ Madhub Lal Agrahatree.
 „ Radha Bullub Singh.
 „ Ram Coomar Roy.
 „ Bholnath Kobertaj.
 „ Babooram Muralid.
 „ Protap Chunder Mitter.
 „ Denonath Koondoo.
 „ Bissessur Bhattacharjee.
 „ Nilkanto Mookerjee.
 „ Bonomakee Dutt.
 The Police Inspector } of Bood-Bood.
 „ Native Doctor }

Ranergunge.

The Sub-Divisional Officer of Ranergunge, *Chairman*.
 Baboo Saroda Proshad Sircar, *Vice-Chairman*.
 Mr. Herbert Phillips, Manager of the Equitable Coal Company, Chowkidanga.
 Baboo Tara Prasunno Bose.
 „ Haradoyal Murwarce.
 „ Poresb Nath Chuckerbutty.
 „ Soorjoo Lal Gossami.
 „ Kissory Mohun Mozumdar.
 Moonshee Mobaruck Ali.
 Baboo Soobul Mondal.
 „ Lukhun Manjee.
 Dhurum Khan.
 Baboo Kenaram Chatterjee.

Jehanabad.

The Sub-Divisional Officer of Jehanabad, *Chairman*.
 Baboo Sreeram Chuttopadhaye, *Vice-Chairman*.
 Yacoob Meah.
 Baboo Bykunt Nath Roy.
 „ Kali Dass Ghose.
 „ Modun Mohun Chowdhery.
 „ Mohanundo Laha.
 „ Bhugobutty Churn Banerjee.
 „ Ghoneshyam Bhakut.
 Sha Ferman Ali.

The 20th May 1875.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the District Road Committee of Darjeeling:—

The Deputy Commissioner, *ex officio Chairman*.
 Mr. E. Brown, Planter.
 Baboo Balluck Chand Chowdry, Jotedar.
 „ Bhoge Dutt Pass, Jotedar.
 „ Chunder Bhusun Chuckerbutty, Tehsildar, Terrai.
 Mr. G. W. Christeson, Planter.
 „ G. F. Flamstead, Planter.
 Gellong, Tehsildar, Dumsong.
 Mr. G. Gammie, Manager, Cinchona Cultivation.
 „ J. S. Gamble, Assistant Conservator of Forests.
 „ R. F. Graham, Planter.
 „ B. W. Halifax, Planter.
 „ W. Lloyd, Landholder and Banker.
 „ A. W. Paul, Assistant Commissioner.
 Dr. Purves, Civil Surgeon.
 Mr. E. Southby, Planter.
 „ J. Stalkart, Planter.
 Tendrak, Tehsildar, Darjeeling.
 Baboo Tarini Sunker Mozumdar.
 Mr. T. Tweedie, Government Pensioner.
 „ A. Wernackie, Planter.

The 22nd May 1875.—Baboo Umbica Churn Roy Chowdry, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed, under Section 49 of Act X (P. C.) of 1871, to be a Member of the District Road Cess Committee of Pooree for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Act.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th May 1875.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased, under Sections 16 and 18 of Act VI of 1871, to establish a Moonsif's Court at Sectamurhee, in the civil district of Tirhoot and the executive district of Durbhanga, and to declare that the jurisdiction of the Moonsif shall be coterminous with that of the Sectamurhee sub-division.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd May 1875.—The following general instructions are notified for the guidance of the authorities who correspond directly with Government during the time His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor is at Darjeeling.

As a general rule, all communications are to be sent as usual to the Secretary's Office in Calcutta; communications which are urgent, and which can be made complete in themselves, so as not to require reference to papers in the Office, may be sent direct to the Secretary with the Lieutenant-Governor at Darjeeling.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th May 1875—It is hereby notified for general information that, with the sanction of the Government of India, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has been pleased to direct that, from the 1st of June 1875, a new sub-division shall be opened in the district of Rungpore, comprising thanas Dimlah, Durwani, and Jaldhaka, with head-quarters at Bagdogra.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th May 1875.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the following rearrangement of the Moonsiffes jurisdictions in the district of Fureedpore, with effect from the 1st of July 1875 :—

Moonsiffes.	Thanas included in each Moonsiffes.	Sub-division.
1. Goalundo ...	Goalundo Belgáchi Pangsa	Goalundo.
2. Fureedpore (Sudder) ...	Kotwali Bhoosna	Fureedpore (Sudder).
3. Bhanga	Awanpore Sudderpore Deorah Muxudpore	
4. Madaripore ...	Gopalgunge Kotalipara Madaripore (except Sibchur outpost).	
5. Moolfutgunge ...	Moolfutgunge Sibchur outpost	Madaripore.

2. The Muxudpore Moonsiffes is abolished, and its thanas—Muxudpore, Gopalgunge, and a part of Bhoosna—are attached to the Bhanga, Madaripore, and Sudder Moonsiffes respectively.

3. The Moolfutgunge Moonsiffes is constituted as an experimental measure.

4. By this re-arrangement there will be, as heretofore, five Moonsiffes, with six Moonsiffs, in the district of Fureedpore.

H. J. REYNOLDS.
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 25th May 1875—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Eastern Bengal Railway Company, in the village of Pewradanga, pergunnah Mamjoaneah, zillah Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land measuring, more or less, respectively, 5 beghas 3 cottahs and 14 chittacks, and

5 cottahs 8 chittacks of standard measurement, as per boundaries specified below, are required in the aforesaid village of Powradanga :—

Piece No. 1.—Bounded on the north, south, and west by lands belonging to Brindaban Chunder Sirker Chowdry, Sreesh Chunder Sirker Chowdry, Brojendrow Gopall Roy, Mothoorindrow Gopall Roy, Annodaprosad Mookerjee, Sarodaprosad Mookerjee, and Woomanauth Mookerjee, and on the east by lands belonging to the said Brojendrow Gopall Roy and Mothoorindrow Gopall Roy, and also by lands belonging to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company.

Piece No. 2.—Bounded on the north by lands belonging to Brojendrow Gopall Roy and Mothoorindrow Gopall Roy; on the south by lands belonging to Brindaban Chunder Sirker Chowdry, Sreesh Chunder Sirker Chowdry, Annodaprosad Mookerjee, Sarodaprosad Mookerjee, Woomanauth Mookerjee, and the said Brojendrow Gopall Roy and Mothoorindrow Gopall Roy; and on the west by lands belonging to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Eastern Bengal Railway Company, in the village of Deolapore, pergunnah Chackla Mutteari, zillah Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land measuring, more or less, respectively, 3 beeghas 4 cottahs 13 chittacks, and 8 beeghas 3 cottahs 3 chittacks of standard measurement, as per boundaries specified below, are required in the aforesaid village of Deolapore :—

Piece No. 1.—Bounded on the north by lands belonging to Brojendrow Gopall Roy and Mothoorindrow Gopall Roy; on the south and west by lands belonging to Brindaban Chunder Sirker Chowdry, Sreesh Chunder Sirker Chowdry, the said Brojendrow Gopall Roy, the said Mothoorindrow Gopall Roy, Annodaprosad Mookerjee, Sarodaprosad Mookerjee, and Woomanauth Mookerjee; and on the east by lands belonging to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company.

Piece No. 2.—Bounded on the north by lands belonging to Brojendrow Gopall Roy and Mothoorindrow Gopall Roy; on the south by lands belonging to Brindaban Chunder Sirker Chowdry, Sreesh Chunder Sirker Chowdry, the said Brojendrow Gopall Roy, the said Mothoorindrow Gopall Roy, Annodaprosad Mookerjee, Sarodaprosad Mookerjee, and Woomanauth Mookerjee; on the east by lands belonging to the said Brojendrow Gopall Roy and the said Mothoorindrow Gopall Roy; and on the west by lands belonging to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Eastern Bengal Railway Company, in the village of Poorunderpore or Dipchunderpore, pergunnah Mamjura, zillah Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land measuring, more or less, respectively, 8 beeghas 1 cottah 13 chittacks, and 2 beeghas 3 cottahs 4 chittacks of standard measurement, as per boundaries specified below, are required in the aforesaid village of Poorunderpore or Dipchunderpore :—

Piece No. 1.—Bounded on the north, south, and west by lands belonging to Ramu Bhobenshaw, and on the east by lands belonging to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company.

Piece No. 2.—Bounded on the north and east by lands belonging to Ramdutt Chunder Sirker Chowdry, and Sreesh Chunder Sirker Chowdry; on the south by lands belonging to Ramu Bhobenshaw; and on the west by lands belonging to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Eastern Bengal Railway Company, in the village of Kristopore, pergunnah Chackla Mamjura, zillah Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 5 beeghas 18 cottahs and 9 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the north, south, and east by lands belonging to Brindaban Chunder Sirker Chowdry and Sreesh Chunder Sirker Chowdry, and on the west by lands belonging to Ramu Bhobenshaw, is required in the aforesaid village of Kristopore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. LANSBURY,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 18th May 1875.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the protection of the Railway Bridge and Embankment in the villages of Pantia and Bantia, pergunnah Koomputap, zillah Moorsshedabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose six pieces of land measuring more or less, 10 beegahs 8 cottahs $4\frac{1}{2}$ chittacks of standard measurement, bounded as follows, are required within the aforesaid villages of Pantia and Bantia:—

In the Village of Bantia.

Plot No. 1.—Bounded on the north by the boundary line of village Jugohary; on the south by the boundary line of village Pantia; on the west by the river Bramince; and on the east by the zemindary lands cultivated by Morram Mundle, Troylucko Mundle, and Ram Ghose.

In the Village of Pantia.

Plot No. 2.—Bounded on the north and west by the river Bramince; on the north and east by the boundary line of village Bantia; on the west by the zemindary waste land; and on the south and east by the zemindary lands cultivated by Nilkunto Roy, Roghoo Nath Net, and Jogendaro Narain Mullick.

In the Village of Pantia.—On the west side of the Railway.

Plot No. 3.—Bounded on the north by the village road; on the south by a bamboo bush and land belonging to Nilkunto Roy; on the east by the railway side-cutting land; and on the west by the land and house belonging to Ram Coomar Moochen.

Plot No. 4.—Bounded on the north by the land cultivated by Bungshee Net Chowkeedar; on the south by the land cultivated by Sham Net; on the east by the railway side-cutting land; and on the west by the land cultivated by Jogendaro Narain Mullick.

On the east side of the Railway.

Plot No. 5.—Bounded on the north by the land belonging to Kadar Nath Mitter; on the south by the land in the bed of the Pantia Nallah, cultivated by Jodoo Mundle and Kristo Net; on the east by the land cultivated by Ram Doyai Pundit; and on the west by the railway side-cutting land.

Plot No. 6.—Bounded on the north by the land in the bed of the Pantia Nallah, cultivated by Jodoo Mundle and Kristo Net; on the south and east by land belonging to Nilkunto Roy; and on the west by the railway side-cutting land.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS.

Attest, J. Dutt.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 8th May 1875.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a Park's service land to be given as compensation for the loss of the service land acquired for the high level canal from Golobhermah to Chimpore in the village of Anandpur, pergunnah Kharji Moondleghat, zillah Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land, measuring more or less, 7 beegahs 18 cottahs of standard measurement, are required within the aforesaid village of Anandpur, pergunnah Kharji Moondleghat.

One piece of land, containing 6 beegahs 10 cottahs, is bounded on the north by the Government land; south, by Raj Narayan Majhi's cultivated land; by Jodoo Nath Thakur's debatter land, cultivated by Siva Ram Majhi; and by Thakur Das Dasgupta's cultivated land; east, by Lakshmi Narayan Majhi's debatter land and Thakur Anand's cheng and; and west, by Madhu Sudan Majhi's cultivated land.

Another piece of land, containing 1 beegah 5 cottahs, is bounded on the north by Government land; south, by Jaya Deb Majhi's cultivated land; east, by a bund used as a road; and west, by Sarup Mytie's cultivated land.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS.

Attest, Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 461.—Simla, the 12th May 1875.—Notifications.—Establishments.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to permit Mr. A. J. Elliot to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service with effect from the 10th instant.

No. 470.—The 13th May 1875.—The Hon'ble F. B. Kemp, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, reported his departure from India per steamer *Meinam*, which was left by the pilot at sea on the 14th ultimo.

No. 286.—The 14th May 1875.—Medical.—Appointment.—Apothecary J. Hughes is confirmed in the appointment of Civil Medical Officer of Nowgong in Assam.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, is republished for general information :—

No. 269.—Simla, the 14th May 1875.—Notification.—Statistics.—Erratum.—In Notification No. 2 (Statistics), dated 5th January 1875, publishing in the *Gazette of India* (Part I) of the 9th idem a list of names of places in the Punjab and its Dependencies, the names under the fourth head (Rivers) should terminate at the word *Nainsukh*, and the following heading should be inserted before the name *Kashmir*, and those following it :—

“ *Dependent and Feudatory Native States in the Punjab, and their principal towns, &c.* ”

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is republished for general information :—

No. 1350P.—Simla, the 11th May 1875.—Notification.—Political.—Subject to the confirmation of Her Majesty's Government, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr. Ernst Seeback as Acting Consul for the German Empire at Calcutta during the absence of Mr. Smidt.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 820.—Simla, the 12th May 1875.—Notifications.—Leave and Allowances.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the insertion in the Civil Leave Code of the following foot-note to the second sentence in Rule 4 in Chapter VIII of that Code :—

* Whichever calculation would entitle him to the less joining time.

2. His Excellency in Council is also pleased to decide, in supersession of existing rules on the subject, that for the purpose of calculating travelling allowance, the distance between two stations shall be held to be the length of the shortest of two or more practicable routes between them or the cheapest of such routes as may be equally short, and that the shortest route is that by which the traveller can most speedily reach his destination by the ordinary modes of travelling.

No. 835.—The 13th May 1875.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the words “of which the pay is progressive” be inserted after “lower class” in the proviso to Section 27 of the Acting Allowance Code.

No. 845.—The 14th May 1875.—The Governor-General in Council directs that the following be substituted for the note under Rule 4 of Section 27 of the Civil Leave Code :—

Note.—This rule applies to a Military Officer in Civil employ; but in his case, the permission to return to duty must be obtained from the Local Government.

No. 759.—The 13th May 1875.—Pensions and Gratuities.—The Governor-General in Council directs that the following be inserted as Rule 7 (a) under Section 35 of the Civil Pension Code :—

The salary of an officer transferred in the manner described in Section 34 for service under a Native State, Municipality, or other body, shall be borne by the Native State, Municipality, or other body from the date on which he is relieved from his duty under the British Government to the date on which he is relieved from his duty under the Native State, Municipality, or other body.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 489.—Simla, the 11th May 1875.—With reference to the notification issued by the Government of Bengal, dated 9th March 1875, the services of Surgeon G. Hutcheson, M.D., of the Medical Department, late Civil Surgeon, Tipperah, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, with effect from the 9th March 1875.

No. 499.—The 12th May 1875.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure for Europe on the dates specified :—

Captain C. H. Garbett, of the Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 316 of 1875,—per *Peshawur*, 22nd April 1875, from Calcutta.

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R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1485C.S.

The 19th May 1875.—The services of Baboo Shoshee Bhooshun Sen, B.L., Moonsiff of Shazadpore in Rajshahye, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department for employment in Assam.

The 20th May 1875.—Captain Manki, of Kathari is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate in the district of Singhbhum, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 21st May 1875.—Syed Mahomed Nussirooddeen, Acting Sub-Deputy Collector, Buxar, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd May 1875.—It is hereby notified that, in the exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 29 of Act VI of 1871 (the Bengal Civil Courts' Act), the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has been pleased to vest Baboo Anund Chunder Mullick, First Moonsiff of Moonsheegeeunge, with the powers of a Judge of a Small Cause Court for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the limit of Rs. 25.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 16th May 1875.—The Lieutenant Governor is pleased, in supersession of the Notification published at page 1647 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th November 1874, to direct the substitution of the following for Rule 96 of the Rules regulating labour transport under Act VII (B.C.) of 1873, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 21st January 1874, and of the following Schedule showing the scale of clothing to be provided for emigrants, for Schedule A, Parts A and (a), appended to those rules:—

Rule 96.—The space measured off for emigrants shall be fitted, along the sides of the vessel, with (a) a boarding three feet high, rising from the plank-sheer of the vessel, and (b) thick and sound canvas curtains, hanging from roof to deck, with ventilating space under the eaves, and (c) stenting closely to the deck below. But from the month of October to March, both inclusive, the three-feet boarding shall completely enclose the emigrants' deck space, and, besides the side curtains, there shall be similar curtains hung, one at each end of the deck, so as to convert the entire space allotted to emigrants into a thoroughly sheltered compartment, with ventilating spaces near the roof for the exit of heated and unwholesome air. This large compartment shall, moreover, be subdivided into three smaller compartments by a couple of intermediate curtains, stretched right across the deck space from one side of the vessel to the other; but, instead of extending almost up to the roof, as the curtains at the sides and ends must do, the height of six feet only, measuring from the deck upwards, the space above being left open and open for the purposes of free ventilation.

Scale of Clothing for Emigrants.

A—Scale of clothing, &c., for emigrants under conveyance to the labour districts between 1st April and 30th September, both dates inclusive:—

<i>For each Man or Boy.</i>		<i>For each Woman or Girl.</i>	
Dhotee, of prescribed size	2	Saree, of prescribed size	2
Jacket	1	Kurtia	1
Banjan, of flannel or serge	1	Banjan, of flannel or serge	1
Cap	1	For women only (in lieu of sari).	
Blanket	1	Some cheap white cotton cloth	1 yd.
Sutramjee	1	Blanket	1

For each Infant.

Male or female	{	Dhotee or saree	1
	{	Flannel banjan	1
	{	Cap	1

(a) -- Additional woollen or flannel clothing shall be provided between 1st October and last day of March, both dates inclusive :—

<i>For each Man or Boy.</i>	<i>For each Woman or Girl.</i>
Thick banian, to reach well beyond the hips ... 1	Thick banian to reach well beyond the hips ... 1
Thick pair of drawers or pyjamas ... 1	Thick petticoat, reaching down to the ankles ... 1
Blanket in lieu of suttrinjee ... 1	Blanket in lieu of suttrinjee ... 1

For each Infant, irrespective of Sex.

Thick banian, to reach beyond the hips ... 1
Thick petticoat, reaching down to the ankles ... 1

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st May 1875.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following registration sub-districts, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite their names. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the persons named below to be Sub-Registrars of the said sub-districts :—

DISTRICT	Names of new sub-districts.	Head-quarters.	Thence included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrars appointed
Hooghly	Balágor	Balágor	Balágor	Baloo Dacurathu Banerjee.
Noakhooly	Hatiya	Harni	Hatiya	Maulvi Abdullah.
Monghyr	Sikandrah	Sikandrah	Sikandrah	Nawab Waliyat Hossain Khan

These changes will take effect on and from the 1st of June 1875.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st May 1875.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following registration sub-district, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite the name. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the person named below to be Sub-Registrar of the said sub-district :—

DISTRICT	Name of new sub-district.	Head-Quarters.	Thence included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrar appointed.
Dacca	Harirampore	Balla	Harirampore	Baloo Shashi Bhuran Roy

This change will take effect on and from the 15th May 1875.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st May 1875.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following additions to Rules 65 and 67 of the Registration Rules :—

At the close of Rule 65, read the following words, “and shall date such certificate with his own hand.”

To Rule 67, read the words “when the copying work of each day is brought to a close, the date shall be entered in the right hand margin of registers, opposite the last written line in each register book.”

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th May 1875.—Under Section 406 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act X of 1872), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to exempt the following officers of the East Indian Railway in Bengal from service as Jurors or Assessors in criminal trials in places beyond the ordinary original jurisdiction of the High Court:—

District Superintendents of Traffic.
Assistant Superintendents of Traffic.
Guards.

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 13th May 1875.—In supersession of the notification dated the 2nd April 1875.

		Rs.	A.	P.
2 sub-inspectors, at Rs. 50 each	...	100	0	0
1 head constable, " 20	...	20	0	0
1 ditto, " 10	...	10	0	0
1 constable, " 9	...	9	0	0
2 constables, " 8	...	16	0	0
4 ditto, " 0	...	102	0	0
Total	...	255	0	0
Pensionary charges at 2 as. per rupee	...	35	10	0
Total	...	290	10	0
Or for six months	...	145	12	0
Clothing for six months	...	52	0	0
Contingencies, at Rs. 10 per cent	...	137	0	0
Total	...	334	12	0

published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 7th idem, Part I, page 422; it is hereby notified, under the provisions of Section 15 of Act V of 1861, that in consequence of frequent disturbances arising out of disputes between the farmers and ryots of certain villages within the jurisdiction of the Chagunaya police station, in the district of Tipperah, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the employment, for six months, of a special police force consisting of two sub-inspectors, two head constables, and twenty-four constables, to be quartered in equal proportion at each of the stations of Daroga Hat and Bok-hee Mahomed Bazar.

The charge noted on the margin will be levied from the inhabitants of the undermentioned villages:—

Names of Villages.	Paragonals in which situated.
Dukhin Gothuma, Utter Gothuma	... Khandal.
Satkuchia	... Ditto.
Puschimdepore	... Jogotpore.
Purbodepore	... Ditto.
Joypore	... Dukhinsik.
Dukhin Satara	... Ditto.
Durbarpore	... Jolye Rattonnuggor.
Dukhin Anandopore	... Ditto.
Patan Nuggor	... Shabek Rattonnuggor.
Husunpore	... Ditto.
Solpore	... Ditto.
Shahchuggor	... Ditto.
Futtelepore	... Ditto.
Noepore	... Jolye Durjoynuggor.
Kamallah	... Ditto.
Taranga	... Ditto.

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th May 1875.—Hetlal Roy, late Head Mohurir in the Office of the District Superintendent of Police, Fureedpore, having been guilty of abstracting records and suppressing reports which he was bound to lay before the District Superintendent, is hereby declared to be ineligible for re-employment in any capacity in the service of Government.

Descriptive Roll of Hetlal Roy.

Father's name	...	Okhoy Ram Roy.
Caste	...	Chuttree.
Age	...	50 years.
Height	...	5 feet 10 inches.
Complexion	...	Rather fair.
Native place	...	Village Ahabag, Station Fureedpore, District Fureedpore.

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd May 1875.—It is hereby notified that, in modification of the Notification of the 23rd December 1873, published at page 1449 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 24th December 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the transfer of the head-quarters of the Maliarah Sub-Registry Office from that place to Gangajalghati, and the appointment of Baboo Ramjeebun Chatterjee to be Sub-Registrar in the place of Baboo Damodor Sinhadurja who has resigned the post.

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th April 1875.—It is hereby notified, under the provisions of Section 15 of Act V of 1866, that in consequence of dacoities, thefts, &c., constantly committed by the Dosads and others, who are notorious criminals, and residents of Issurpore and the adjacent villages in the district of Shahabad, the Lieutenant-Governor has sanctioned the employment, for one year, of a special police force, consisting of one head-constable and 12 constables, to be quartered at those villages. The charge noted below will be levied from the inhabitants of villages Issurpoarah, including tolaa Miiki, Karaich, and Oojhowba; Pursundah, including Ramdutta; Nainijore, including tolaas Dharmagatpoor, Huseepoor, and Bhimputty; Bahoor, including Beesoopoor:—

		Rs.	A.	P.
1	Head-constable at Rs 10	10	0	0
12	Constables „ 6	72	0	0
	Contingencies, at 10 per cent.	8	3	0
	Pensionary charges, at 2 annas per rupee	10	4	0
		100	7	0
		x 12		

Annual cost ... 1,205 4 0

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st May 1875.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to extend the provisions of Section 34 of Act V of 1861 to the town of Jajipore, in the district of Cuttack.

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th May 1875.—Whereas one Peary Lhee died intestate leaving four cottahs of ogdbasto land in one plot, with a coconut-tree standing on it, in the village of Gopeenathpore, pergunnah Baligore, station Dhonakhaty, district Hooghly, and whereas no claims have been established to the aforesaid property within the period of six months after the issue of a formal notification, it is hereby declared to have escheated to Government.

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th May 1875.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following registration sub-district, having the head-quarter and local jurisdiction shown opposite the name. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the person named below to be Sub-Registrar of the said sub-district:—

District.	Name of new sub-district.	Head-quarters.	Thana included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrar appointed.
Saren	Daraah	Daraah	Daraah	Kazi Shaikh Muhammad Ibrahim.

This change will take effect on and from the 15th May 1875.

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th May 1875.—In modification of the notification dated the 31st March 1875, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 7th April last, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that the powers of a Judge of a Small Cause Court for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the limit of Rs. 25, with which Baboo Rajendro Coomar Bose, Second Moonsif of Dacca, was therein vested, shall be exercised only within thannas Sabhar and Nowabgunge, within his Moonsiffce.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 20th May 1875.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of Section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the establishment of a public ferry on the line of road between Amnour and Panapore, where it crosses the Mahi Nuddi, in the village of Bisamberpore, pergunnah Makair, in the district of Sarun.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 22nd May 1875.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the burial of night-soil in Makurdah Road, under the jurisdiction of the Municipality of Howrah, in the town of Howrah, pergunnah Boro, zillah Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 7 beeghas 8 cottahs, bounded on the north by Makurdah Road; on the south by the land of Shurnomoye Bewa; on the east by the land of Russick Bandoory; and on the west by the lands of Kisto Chunder Laha and Kalla Chand Muddock, is required within the aforesaid town of Howrah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 25th May 1875.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road to a latrine situated in Ross Road, under the jurisdiction of the Municipality of Howrah, in the town of Howrah, pergunnah Boro, zillah Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 12 chittacks, bounded on the north by Ross Road; on the south by the Municipal Commissioners' land; on the east by the house of Gopal Poramanick; and on the west by the house of Sreedhur Banerjee, is required within the aforesaid town of Howrah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 3rd May 1875.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for burial grounds in the town of Chittagong, in villages Mooradpore and Butullee, pergunnah Islamabad, zillah Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the following two pieces of land are required within the aforesaid town of Chittagong:—

(1) A piece of land measuring, more or less, 96. 15c. 15d. of standard measurement, in village Mooradpore, bounded on the north by Hasun Ali and Yesir's homestead and Uzir Ali's shop; east by Ranghur Road; south by Colonel's Hill and Buromusia Sura; west by Khiyrate Meah and Dabidin Mooktear's land and Buromusia Sura.

(2) A piece of land measuring, more or less, 86. 11c. 10d. of standard measurement, in village Butullee, bounded on the north by the hills; east and west by nullahs; and south by homesteads of Korbani Khansama, Abdool Hamid, John Bux Jemadar, and Noorkhan.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 5th May 1875.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for disposal of municipal refuse of the town of Chittagong, in villages Moradpore, Pahartulli, and Madarbari, pergunnah Islamabad, zillah Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the following three pieces of land are required within the aforesaid town of Chittagong :—

1. A piece of land measuring, more or less, 8 beeghas 13 cottahs 2 dhoors of standard measurement, in village Moradpore—bounded on the north by Baromasia Surra; east, by burial-ground land; south, by Colonel Hill's and Nazir Ali's ryoti land; west, by Hamidulla Khan's old homestead.

2. A piece of land measuring, more or less, 10 beeghas 3 cottahs 2 dhoors of standard measurement, in village Pahartulli,—bounded on the east by Tagir Pass; north, by Buttali Hills; south and west, by Ramjan Ali and Arban Ali's talooki land.

3. A piece of land measuring, more or less, 6 beeghas 7 cottahs 12 dhoors of standard measurement in village Madar Bari, bounded on the north by a tank belonging to Mahomed Roffee Sowdagur and khila land; east, by homestead of Moulvie Karee Muddin and Mirja Ali's ryoti lands; south, by homestead of Esuff Ali Sowdagur and a tank belonging to Kanti Ram; and west, by the Government road from Buttuli to Sudder Ghât.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 19th May 1875.

No. 189.—*Transfers*—Serjeant J. Wilson, Overseer, First Grade, from the Dinagepore Special Division to the Dacca Division.

No. 190.—Serjeant J. J. Young, Overseer, First Grade, from the First Calcutta to the Darjeeling Division.

No. 191.—*Notification*—Baboo Haran Chunder Bannerjee, Probationary Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, joined the Second Calcutta Division on the 27th April 1875, before noon.

No. 192.—*Transfers*.—Messrs. R. C. Campbell and F. J. McLaughlin, Apprentice Engineers, from the Rungpore Special Division to the Dinagepore Division, which they joined on the 1st May 1875, afternoon.

No. 193.—Baboo Shiva Doyal, Apprentice Engineer, from the North Bhagulpore Special Division to the Bhagulpore Division, which he joined on the 3rd May 1875, afternoon.

No. 194.—*Notification*—The services of Baboo Madhoo Ram, Sub-Engineer, First Grade, attached to the North Bhagulpore Special Division, who was deputed to Bengal for relief works, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Works Branch, with effect from the 5th May 1875, afternoon.

No. 195.—The services of Serjeant R. Dunlop, Overseer, First Grade, attached to the Purneah Special Division, who was deputed to Bengal for relief works, are replaced at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, with effect from the 5th May 1875, afternoon.

No. 196.—The services of Shaikh Abdool Majed, Overseer, Third Grade, attached to the Purneah Special Division, who was deputed to Bengal for relief works, are replaced at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner in the Public Works Department, Rajpootana, with effect from the 8th May 1875, afternoon.

No. 197.—Baboo Kedarnath Doss, Overseer, First Grade attached to the Dinagepore Special Division, rejoined the Third Calcutta Division on the 1st May 1875, before noon.

The 20th May 1875.

No. 198.—Baboo Surruth Chunder Ghose, Sub-Engineer, First Grade, attached to the East Tirhoot Special Division, rejoined the Third Calcutta Division on the 8th May 1875, before noon.

No. 199.—Serjeant A. Freeman, Supervisor, Second Grade, attached to the East Tirhoot Special Division, rejoined the First Calcutta Division on the 8th May 1875, before noon.

No. 200.—*Leave of absence*—Baboo Dwarkanath Bannerjee, Accountant, Third Grade, attached to the Third Calcutta Division, is allowed privilege leave for three months, under Section 12, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 5th May 1875.

No. 201.—*Transfer*.—Baboo Bhugobutty Churn Mookerjee, Overseer, First Grade, from the Moorshedabad to the Chittagong Division.

No. 202.—*Erratum*.—In Notification No. 145, dated 24th April 1875, for "First Grade," read "Second Grade."

LOCAL COMMUNICATIONS.

No. 203.—*Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 of the Government of India.*—

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a road, to be known as the Mahanga Road, starting from mouza Noonbar, in pergunnah Soongrah, and passing through mouza Chandradeepur, pergunnah Saraswatee, mouza Bodamoondye, pergunnah Padampur, mouza Chamarigole, pergunnah Mateutnugger, mouza Chassakhand, pergunnah Soongrah, mouza Pikole, pergunnah Saraswatee, mouza Hassangunge, pergunnah Padampur, mouzas Bannahara and Syegarah, pergunnah Mateutnugger, mouza Manaharpur, pergunnah Saraswatee, mouza Mantir, pergunnah Soongrah, mouza Dhoowashee, pergunnah Mateutnugger, mouzas Raisingra and Murhgan, pergunnah Soongrah, mouza Rasilabad, pergunnah Mateutnugger, mouzas Saljung, Mirzapur and Dharmagatpur, pergunnah Soongrah, mouza Khandole, pergunnah Mateutnugger, mouzas Dhoro and Syamsoonderpur, pergunnah Soongrah, mouza Chahaparah, pergunnah Mateutnugger, mouzas Orrah and Bhawuraj, pergunnah Soongrah, and mouzas Koocondaspur and Bhodhookoonia, pergunnah Mateutnugger, and terminating at mouza Rughunathnugger in pergunnah Mateutnugger in the district of Cuttack, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land 8 miles in length and 30 feet in breadth, measuring, more or less, 30 acres 2 roods and 10 poles, is required within the aforesaid villages of Noonbar, Chandradeepur, Bodamoondye, Chamarigole, Chassakhand, Pikole, Hassangunge, Bannahara, Syegarah, Manaharpur, Mantir, Dhoowashee, Raisingra, Murhgan, Rasilabad, Saljung, Mirzapur, Dharmagatpur, Khandole, Dhoro, Syamsoonderpur, Chahaparah, Orrah, Bhawuraj, Koocondaspur, Bhodhookoonia, and Rughunathnugger.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

By Order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

G. F. E. S. NEILL, *Captain, M.S.C.*

Offg. Asst. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

IRRIGATION.

ESTABLISHMENT—NOTIFICATION.

The 21st May 1875.

No. 184.—*Leave.*—Mr. E. DeGroussilliers, Executive Engineer, Third Grade (temporary Executive Engineer, Second Grade), is granted furlough to Europe for twelve months, and subsidiary leave for fifteen days from such date as he may avail himself of it, under Sections 7 and 10, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code.

The 25th May 1875.

No. 185.—*Notifications.*—Mr. J. St. Clair Glasson, Temporary Overseer, First Grade, Brahmin Division, has been permitted, at his own request, to resign the service of Government from the forenoon of the 15th instant.

No. 186.—Babu Rudro Prussono Singh, Overseer, First Grade, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division, returned on the forenoon of the 5th instant from the leave granted him in the orders marginally noted.

Notification No. 176, dated 10th May 1875.

No. 187.—*Leave.*—Mr. C. W. Odling, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade (temporary Third Grade), Byturnee Division, is granted furlough for nine months, under Section 10, Chapter III, and fifteen days' subsidiary leave under Section 18, Chapter V, of the Civil Leave Code, from such date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 188.—*Declarations.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for enlarging the compound of Bungalow No. 8, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 1 rood and 39 poles, more or less, lying 410 feet on the west of the centre line of the Patna Branch Canal, in mile No. 41, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzabs Mulkeypur Anant, Sumunpura and Abdulpur, pergunnah Urwal, district Gya, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 189.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for road approaches and second class chauki at Lock No. 5, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 1 acre and 21 poles, more or less, lying 75 feet on the west of the centre line of the Patna Branch Canal, in mile No. 30, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzah Belsar, pergunnah Urwal, district Gya, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 190.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for road diversion at Lock No. 3, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 18 acres 1 rood and 36 poles, more or less, lying 265 feet on the east of the centre line of the Patna Branch Canal, in miles 21 and 22, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzabs Sipah and Mohawar, pergunnah Uncha, district Gya, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 191.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for road approaches to Bridge No. 4, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 5 acres 3 roods and 21 poles, more or less, lying 700 feet on the east and 355 feet on the west of the centre line of the Patna Branch Canal, in mile No. 24, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzah Shamsiernagar, pergunnah Uncha, district Gya, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 192.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for road approaches to Bridge No. 10, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 3 acres 2 roods and 33 poles, more or less, lying 312 feet on the east and 304 feet on the west of, and 55 miles and 45½ chains along the centre line of the Patna Branch Canal, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzabs Latarkab and Mirabad Guna, pergunnah Mussoora, district Patna, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 193.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for road approaches to Bridge No. 9, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 4 acres and 24 poles, more or less, lying 410 feet on both the east and west of the centre line of the Patna Branch Canal, in mile No. 46, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzah English Dola Chuk, pergunnah Urwal, district Gya, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 194.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for road approaches to Bridge No. 8, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 7 acres and 29 poles, more or less, lying 470 feet on the east and 450 feet on the west of the centre line of the Patna Branch Canal, in mile No. 42, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzah Seepah, pergunnah Urwal, district Gya, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 195.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for road approaches to Bridge No. 7, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 3 acres 2 roods and 30 poles, more or less, lying 161 on the east and 245 feet on the west of the centre line of Patna Branch Canal, in mile No. 40, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzah Badrabad, pergunnah Urwal, district Gya, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 196.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for road approaches to Bridge No. 6, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 1 acre 3 roods and 20 poles, more or less, lying 280 feet on the east and 190 on the west of the centre line of the Patna Branch Canal, in mile No. 33, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzah Mendia, pergunnah Urwal, district Gya, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 197.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for road approaches to Bridge No. 5, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 2 acres and 25½ poles, more or less, lying 201 feet on the east and 186 feet on the west of the centre line of the Patna Branch Canal, in mile No. 27, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzah Kullair, pergunnah Urwal, district Gya, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 198.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for diverting the portion of the Baroon and Bihra road, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 3 roods and 30 poles, more or less, lying 180 feet on the east of the centre line of the Patna Branch Canal, in mile No. 14, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzah Badula Lobadua, pergunnah Uncha, district Gya, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 199.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for road approaches to Bridge No. 3, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 2 acres 2 roods and 16 poles, more or less, lying 630 feet on both the east and west of, and 19 miles 47 chains along, the centre of the Patna Branch Canal, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzah Daudnagar, pergunnah Uncha, district Gya, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 200.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for diverting the portion of the Baroon and Bihra road over Bridge No. 2, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 14 acres 1 rood and 6 poles, more or less, lying 222 feet on the east of the centre line of the Patna Branch Canal, in miles 16 and 17, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzahs Bhoea, Uncha, and Chowraue, pergunnah Uncha, district Gya, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 201.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for road approaches to Bridge No. 12, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 1 acre 3 roods and 30 poles, more or less, lying 258 feet on the east and 234 feet

on the west of the centre line of the Patna Branch Canal, in mile No. 67, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzahs Fureedpore and Duriarpore, pergunnah Mussoura, district Patna, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 202.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for road approaches to Bridge No. 13, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 7 acres 3 roods and 35 poles, more or less, lying 675 feet on the east and 625 feet on the west of the centre line of the Patna Branch Canal, in mile No. 72, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzah Chirora, pergunnah Mussoura, district Patna, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 203.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for road approaches to Bridge No. 1, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 6 acres and 5 poles, more or less, lying 518 feet on both the east and west of, and 6 miles and 47 chains along, the centre line of the Patna Branch Canal, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzah Dunauti, pergunnah Seris, district Gya, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 204.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for road approaches to Bridge No. 14, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring 8 acres 3 roods and 1 pole, more or less, lying 520 feet on the east and 430 feet on the west of, and 76 miles and 15 chains along, the centre line of the Patna Branch Canal, and already marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzah Bhusala Dinapur, pergunnah Pooelwari, district Patna, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the Office of the Special Deputy Collector, Patna and Gya districts, at Bankipore, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. W. GULLIVER, *Col., B.E.*,
Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P.W.D., Irrigation Branch.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified, under the provisions of section 3, Act XI of 1859, that from the 1st April 1876 until further notice, the following changes will be made in the dates fixed as the latest days for the payment, in the Lower Provinces, of arrears of revenue and demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue:—

	Estates paying an annual revenue not exceeding Rs. 10.		Estates paying an annual revenue exceeding Rs. 10, but not exceeding Rs. 50.	
	Present date.	Proposed date.	Present date.	Proposed date.
In districts where the Bengali or Amhar era prevails, except the division of Orissa and the district of Chittagong.	28th June	28th March	{ 28th June 12th January	{ 12th January. 28th March.
In districts where the Fashi era prevails.	7th June	28th March	{ 7th June 12th January	{ 12th January. 28th March.

The fixed latest days for payment for all classes of estates in all districts will then be those shown in the following table :—

	Estates paying an annual revenue not exceeding Rs. 10.	Estates paying an annual revenue exceeding Rs. 10, but not exceeding Rs. 50.	Estates paying an annual revenue exceeding Rs. 50, but not exceeding Rs. 100.	Estates paying an annual revenue exceeding Rs. 100.
In districts where the Bengali or Amli era prevails, except the division of Orissa and the district of Chittagong	28th March	{ 12th January 28th March	28th June { 12th January 28th March	28th June. { 28th September. 12th January. 28th March.
In districts where the Fashi era prevails	28th March	{ 12th January 28th March	7th June 12th January 28th March	7th June. 28th September. 12th January. 28th March.
In the division of Orissa	{ 25th April 8th November	28th April 8th November	28th April 8th November	26th April. 8th November.
In the district of Chittagong	25th May	25th May 25th February	{ 25th May 26th December 25th February	{ 25th May. 25th September. 26th December. 25th February.

When the latest day of payment falls on a Sunday or holiday, being a day on which the Collector's office is authorized to be closed, the first open day after such Sunday or holiday is to be taken as the latest day.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P.,
FORT WILLIAM,
The 7th May 1875.

J. GEOGHEGAN,
Officiating Secretary,
Board of Revenue, L.P.

CALCUTTA PORT TRUST.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th May 1875.—Under the provisions of Section 65 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870, the Lieutenant Governor is pleased to sanction the following additions and alterations to the schedule of landing and shipping charges over the jetties :—

IMPORT SCHEDULE.

Names of Articles.	Landing charges.	Removal charges.	Wharf rent.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Asphalte, per cwt.	0 1 6	0 0 0	0 4 0
Drainage pipes, per cwt.	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 4 0
Sulphate of copper, per cwt.	0 1 6	0 0 0	0 4 0

EXPORT SCHEDULE.

PRESENT RATE			PROPOSED RATE.		
Names of Articles.	Shipping charges.	Wharf rent per month.	Names of Articles.	Shipping charges.	Wharf rent per month.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Tobacco-leaf and prepared, per cwt.	0 1 0	0 10 0	Tobacco-leaf and prepared, in bales.	0 1 6	0 10 0

D. SCOTT, *Offg. Vice-Chairman.*

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 4025, dated the 20th May 1875.—Captain E. G. Lillingston received charge of the Jail at Hazareebagh from Captain L. Blathwayt in the afternoon of the 8th May.

G. M. BOWIE, Major,
Offg. Inspector-General of Jails, L.P.

HIGH COURT,—Original Side.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated 18th May 1875.

Mr. A. S. Gasper, the Assistant Registrar of the Court, having obtained five months leave of absence, with effect from the 24th of April last, the Honorable the Officiating Chief Justice has, with the approval of His Excellency the Governor-General of India in Council, appointed Mr. E. Warde-Jones to officiate for Mr. Gasper so long as may be necessary during his absence on leave.

By order,
R. BELCHAMBERS, Registrar.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st May 1875.—Mr. C. T. Davis, the Chief Clerk of the Court, having obtained one month and 23 days' privilege leave of absence from the 3rd instant, the Honorable the Officiating Chief Justice has, with the approval of His Excellency the Governor-General of India in Council, made the following appointments:—

Mr. W. R. Fink, Clerk to the Chief Justice, to officiate for Mr. Davis.

Mr. Shirley Tremearne, Head Assistant in the English Department, Appellate Side, to officiate for Mr. Fink.

R. BELCHAMBERS, Registrar.

Sheriff's Office, the 12th May 1875.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifth Criminal Sessions of the year 1875, of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-house, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the seventh day of June next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

DEGUMBER MITTER, Sheriff.

সরকারি আদালত সন ১৮৭৫ সাল ১২ মে।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে যবে বাঙ্গালার ফোর্ট উইলিয়াম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য অগামি সন ১৮৭৫ সালের ৭ই জুন সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এতৎ যে পয্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭৫ সালের ৭ই জুন ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এতৎ প্রত্যাহার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিল করিবেক তাহার উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

DEGUMBER MITTER, Sheriff.

TREASURY NOTICES.

BABOO KALI NATH DEY, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Tipperah treasury and authorized to draw Bills on other treasuries.

E. E. Lewis, Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG, the 19th May 1875

UNCOVENANTED Deputy Collector Baboo Anand Mohun Mozoomdar has been placed in charge of the Jessore treasury from the 7th instant, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

W. J. HERSCHEL, Offg. Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, PRESIDENCY DIVISION, CALCUTTA, the 18th May 1875.

UNCOVENANTED Deputy Collector Baboo Taraprosaud Chatterjee has been placed in temporary charge of the Moorshedabad treasury from the 6th instant, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries. W. J. HERSCHEL, *Commissioner*.
COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, PRESIDENCY DIVISION, CALCUTTA, the 12th May 1875.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICE.

UNDER paragraph 8 of the Junior Scholarship Rules, it is hereby notified that the 18 Junior Scholarships allotted to the Patna division, for the year 1875-76, have been distributed among the several districts comprising it as follows:—

Patna	...	...	...	...	7
Gya	...	...	...	...	2
Shahabad	...	...	...	...	3
Mozufferpore	...	...	...	...	2
Durbhanga	...	...	...	...	0
Sarun	...	...	...	...	3
Chumparun	...	...	...	...	1
Total					18

The grade of these Scholarships will be determined by the number of marks which the successful candidates get at the Entrance Examination, to be held in December 1875.

DURGA GATI BONERJEA, *Personal Asst. to Commr., for Commr.*

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 469B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1875-74, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Friday, the 4th June 1875, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,750 chests, viz.—

		Chests.
Behar Opium	...	2,150
Benares „	...	1,600
Total		3,750

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 16th November 1874, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 19th June 1875 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Wednesday, the 9th June 1875, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Saturday, the 19th June 1875.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

DATES.	Behar, about		Total, about
	Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	
On or about Wednesday, 7th July 1875	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 5th August „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 6th September „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 1st October „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th November „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 3rd December „	2,150	1,600	3,750
Total	12,900	9,600	22,500

By order of the Member in charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary*.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 26th April 1875.

NOTICE.

No. 501B.

With reference to paragraph 18 of the general notification published on the 16th November 1874, it is hereby notified that the Agents of the French Government applied for the reservation of 300 chests of opium from the quantity advertised for sale on the 5th April, but did not pay for them within the prescribed period, and that the Government will cause the opium so reserved to be sold at a sale held expressly for the purpose, of the date of which due notice will be given hereafter.

By order of the Member in charge,
BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., FORT WILLIAM, the 3rd May 1875. W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secy.*

Statement showing the quantity of Salt in store available for Exportation on Private Trade at each of the several Ports of Export on the 1st April 1875.

District.	Port.	Quantity.	REMARKS.
		Indian Mds.	
Ganjam	Bavanapadu, at the Nowpada Salt Pans	50,000	
Godavery	Coconada		
Kistna	Nursapur	40,000	
	Nizamapatam		
Chingleput	Madras		
	Ennore		
	Covelong		
Tanjore	Negapatam		
	Kattinavady		
Tinnevely	Vypaur	48,840*	
	Arasady	45,000*	
	Tuticorin	4,222½	
	Total	1,88,62½	

* These quantities have been assigned to certain merchants.

REVENUE BOARD OFFICE,
Madras, 16th April 1875.

C. A. GALTON, *Acting Sub-Secretary*

Published for general information.

By order of the Member in charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*
BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the May 1875.

Statement showing the importation of Salt (private property) in bond and afloat on the River Hooghly, subject to Customs duty, on 16th May 1875.

	Government Golias.	Private Golias.	Afloat.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Punga	10,05,603	...	1,00,910	11,06,513
French Kurkutch	8,194	...	...	8,194
Italian Punga	39,230	...	...	39,230
Italian Kurkutch	1,22,105	...	...	1,22,105
Malabar Kurkutch	37,202	...	...	37,202
Bombay Kurkutch	2,32,349	...	8,873	2,41,222
Madras Kurkutch	58,040	...	...	58,040
Coconada Kurkutch	53,222	...	5,193	58,412
Arabian and Persian Gulfs Kurkutch and Muscat Rock	1,15,880	...	25,151	1,41,031
Total	16,71,825	...	1,40,124	18,11,949

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 21st May 1875.

J. D. MACLEAN, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1875.

PART II.

Advertisements.

(N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette cannot be received after Noon on Monday.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the Condition of Sale below, to the under-mentioned estate, situated in the district of Purneah, will be put up to sale at the Purneah Collectorate on Saturday, the 5th June 1875, corresponding with 23rd Jaisto 1282 B.S. and 16th Jaisto 1282 F.S.

The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

1st.—The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estate will be transferred to him, the only right reserved by Government being the right of revising the jumma at the conclusion of the term of the present settlement, and on the expiration of all future settlements. If on resettlement he should refuse to engage, he will be entitled to malikana.

The estate will be sold, subject, up to the expiry of the existing settlement in the year ending 31st March 1902 A.D., to the Government revenue against it, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force; the purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon on the 15th (fifteenth) day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

Khas Mehal Register No.	Number in the District Roll	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Government Revenue.		Report price.	REMARKS.
			A. R. P.	Rs.	A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	
	190	Kishenpore Behary-zillah Gondwarrah, pergunnah Dhurumapore.	89 1 38	61	8 6	616 0 0	

PURNEAH, the 19th April 1875.

W. KEMBLE, Collector.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force: and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators, who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estates to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchasers after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

5th.—The purchasers will be bound to perform the duties of patwarries, as set forth in Section 33, Regulation XII of 1817.

No. in statement of Government estate.	No. on the district roll.	gunnah.	Approximate	Revenue assessed.		REMARKS.
			A. R. P. Y.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
646	1859	Government purchased mahal taluk Ram Keshab Das, pergunnah Bangorata.	0 2 22 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	To be settled with the purchaser from April 1873 to March 1907 A.D.
263	3681	Ditto Mohamud Molaem, pergunnah Sreerampore.	8 2 5 0	1 8 0	1 8 0	Ditto from April 1873 to March 1907.
849	3291	Ditto taluk Ramshankar Ghose, pergunnah Shagadpore.	2 3 14 0	8 0 0	16 0 0	Ditto from April 1874 to March 1907 A.D.
689	411	Ditto Darichar Raghu- nathpore, pergunnah Bojor- ganadpore.	12 2 13 0	136 0 0	312 0 0	Ditto ditto.

E. J. BARTON, *Offg. Collector.*

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, DISTRICT BACKERGUNGE, the 15th April 1875.

জিলা বাকরগঞ্জ ।

নীলামি এস্তাহারনামা কাছারি কালেক্টরী জেলা বাকরগঞ্জ ।

এতদ্বারা সংবাদ দেওয়া যাউতেছে যে বাকরগঞ্জ জেলার অন্তর্গত পঞ্চাংশলিখিত খাস মহাল বিক্রয়ের নিম্নলিখিত নিয়মপত্রের গবর্ণমেন্টের যে মালিকান স্বত্ত্ব নির্দিষ্ট হইয়াছে তাহা সন ১৮৭৫ সনের ১ জুন মোতাবেক বাঙ্গলা ১৯৮২ সনের ১৯ টৈজষ্ঠ মঙ্গলবার এই জেলার কালেক্টরী কাছারিতে নীলাম হইবেক ইতি সন ১৮৭১ । ১৭ আগ্রিল মোঃ ১২৮২ সনের ৩ টৈশ্বাখ ।

বিক্রয়ের নিম্নলিখিত নিয়ম খরিদারের মানিতে হইবেক ।

বিক্রয়ের নিয়ম ।

১ম: এই সকল মহালের খরিদারগণ মহালের ভূমাদিকারি বলিয়া জ্ঞান হইবে আর বর্তমান বন্দোবস্তের মিয়াদ ফুরাইলেও ইহার পর অন্য যে বন্দোবস্ত কর যার তাহার মিয়াদ ফুরাইলে গবর্ণমেন্টের জমা বাড়িয়া দেওয়ার এক অধিকার রাখিয়া এই সকল মহালে গবর্ণমেন্টের যে অধিকারিত থাকে তাহা সম্পূর্ণরূপে খরিদারগণকে হস্তান্তর করিয়া দেওয়া যাইবে পুনঃবন্দোবস্ত হইবার সময় তাহারা করারনামা করিতে সম্মত না হইলে তাহাদের মালিকানা পাইবার অধিকার থাকিবে প্রথম যত টাকা ডাক হয় তাহার উপর যে ব্যক্তি অধিক ডাকে ঐ মহালের উপর গবর্ণমেন্টের যে জমা রাখা হইল প্রত্যেক মহালের লিখিত মিয়াদপত্র অর্থাৎ ইং ১৯৭৭ সালপত্র সেই জমা দিবার নিয়মে সেই ব্যক্তিকে মহাল বিক্রয় করা যাইবে ।

২য়: বর্তমান পাট্টা এবং বন্দোবস্তের কায্যাক প্রচলিত আদমহাতে উপর স্বত্ত্ব সকল বিক্রয়ের পরেও মহাল থাকিবেক রাজস্বের কায্যাকারকদিগের কৃত জমান্দাতে যে খোদকস্তা রাখিত থাকর করিয়াছে ক্রেতারা তাহাদিগের স্বত্ত্ব মানিতে বাধ্য হইবে ।

৩য়: এক শত টাকার অনধিক পণ হইলে সেই সমুদয় টাকা তৎক্ষণাত্ দিতে হইবে ।

৪র্থ: এক শত টাকার অধিক হইলে ডাক পণের চারি অংশের এতদংশ তৎক্ষণাত্ দাখিল করিতে হইবে বিক্রয়ের দ্বিঃস এক দিন বলিয়া গণনা করিয়া বিক্রয়ান্তের পর দশ দিনের মধ্যাকালে কিম্বা সেই দিবস বন্ধের দিন হইলে তৎপরে প্রথম যে দিন কাছারি খোলা যায় সেই দিনের মধ্যাকালে যদি অবশিষ্ট টাকা দাখিল না হয় তবে বিক্রয় রহিত ও গচ্ছিত টাকা গবর্ণমেন্টে জমা হইবে ও প্রথম স্থানীয় বিক্রয়ের ন্যায় পুনর্বার বিজ্ঞাপন প্রকাশ করণ পূর্বক ঐ ক্রটিকারি ক্রেতার ইচ্ছিতে সেই মহাল পুনর্বার বিক্রয় হইবে ।

৫ম: ১৮১৭ সনের ১২ আইনের ৩০ দফামতে পাটওয়ারির কাঁধা খরিদারগণ করিতে বাধ্য হইবে।

সাক্ষী মহালের রেজিষ্টার নম্বর খায মহালের রেজি- ষ্টার নম্বর	জেনারেল বহির নম্বর জেনারেল নম্বর	মহাল ও পরগনার নাম	জমির পরিমাণ হ্যা- টিক হাত একর	সর্বস্বমুদ্রিত রাজস্ব	নীলামের প্রথম তারিখ	মন্তব্য।
৮৪৬	১৬৫৭	সরকারের নীলাম খরিদা ডালুক রামকেশব দাস পং বাঙ্গুরোড়া	০১২।২২।০ ৮।১২।৫।০	২	১	মাদই ১৮৭৩ সনের আগ্রিল নাং ১২০৭ সনের মাঠ।
২৫০	৩৬৮১	সরকারের নীলাম খরিদা ডালুক মহাম্মদ মুলাএম পং জিরামপুর	০১২।২২।০ ৮।১২।৫।০	১।১০	১৪০	মাদই ১৮৭৩ সনের আ- গ্রিল নাং ১২০৭ সনের মাঠ।
৮৪২	৩২২১	সরকারের নীলাম খরিদা ডালুক রামকেশব ঘোষ পং সাংহাজাদপুর	২।৩।১৪।০	৮	১৬	মাদই ১৮৭৪ সনের আ- গ্রিল নাং ১২০৭ সনের মাঠ।
৫৮৮	১৪৪৭ নং অন্তর্গত ৬৫ নং	সরকারের নীলাম খরিদা কির রমুমাখপুরের দরিচর পং খোজবগ ওমেদপুর	১২।২।১৩।০	১৫২	৩১২	এ এ

E. J. BARTON, *Officiating Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary rights of Government, as specified in the condition of sale below, in the undermentioned estates situated in the district of Purneah, will be put up to sale at the Purneah Collectorate on Saturday, the 24th July 1875, corresponding with 9th Shaban 1282 B. S. and 6th Shaban 1282 F. S.

The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

1st.—The purchasers of these estates will be considered as the proprietors of the estates and the entire proprietary rights of Government in such estates will be transferred to them, the only right reserved by Government being the right of revising the jumma at the conclusion of the term of the present settlement, and on the expiration of all future settlements. If on re-settlement they should refuse to engage, they will be entitled to malikana. The estates will be sold, subject, up to the expiry of the existing settlement with year ending 31st March 1902 A.D., to the Government revenue against them, to the highest bidders above the upset price.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings, and by the laws in force: the purchasers to be bound to respect the right of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Khasra mehal Register No.	No. on the district roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres	GOVERNMENT REVENUE	Upset price.
				Revenue assessed.	
			A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
114	105	Semiriah, Khon Chand, zillah Bhowanipur, pergunnah Dhur- rampur.	112 3 1	20 0 0	200 0 0
116	475	Mahthna, zillah Bhowanipur, per- gunnah Dhurrampur.	61 0 37	5 0 0	50 0 0
117	496	Kwari Bhandar-ar, zillah Bhowan- ipur, pergunnah Dhurrampur	75 1 5	5 0 0	50 0 0
119	557	Bousce Purnan Dana, zillah Bhowa- nipur, pergunnah Dhurrampur.	21 2 21	2 0 0	20 0 0
138	27	Lowkahi, zillah Burnagur, per- gunnah Dhurrampur.	179 1 19	10 0 0	100 0 0

PURNEAH COLLECTORATE, the 7th April 1875.

W. KEMBLE, *Collector.*

জিলা বর্জমান

নীলামী ইস্তার নামা কাছারী কালেক্টরী জিলা বর্জমান।

এতদ্বারা সংবাদ দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে বর্জমান জিলার বধ্যবর্তী নিম্নলিখিত C চিহ্নিত জমি (যাহা বর্জমান জিলার অন্তর্গত শেরগড় পরগনার পুনাবাদ গ্রামে অর্থাৎ রানীগঞ্জ লাইনের ১১০ ও ১১১ মাইলের মধ্যস্থিত) ইস্ট ইণ্ডিয়া রেলওয়ে কোম্পানীর আর আবশ্যিক না থাকা প্রযুক্ত সরকারি খাস হাল গণ্য হইয়া সন ১৮৭৫ সালের ১১ জুন মোতাবেক সন ১২৮২ সালের ২৯ তৈজাৎ শুক্রবার তারিখে অত্র বর্জমানের কালেক্টরী কাছারীতে নিম্নরূপে নীলাম বিক্রয় হইবেক ইতি সন ১৮৭৫ সাল তারিখ ১৪ আপ্রিল।

২। এই ভূমির খরিদার নিম্নলিখিত নিয়মাবলী হইবেক।

১। এক শত টাকার অনধিক পণ হইলে সেই সমুদয় টাকা তৎক্ষণাৎ দিতে হইবেক ইতি।

২। এক শত টাকার অধিক হইলে ডাকপণের চারি অংশের একাংশ তৎক্ষণাৎ দিতে হইবেক বিক্রয়ের দিবস এক দিন ধরিয়া গণনা করিলে বিক্রয়ান্তর পঞ্চদশ দিনের মধ্যরাত্রে কিস্তি সেই দিবস বন্ধের দিন হইলে তৎপরে প্রথমে যে দিবস কাছারী খোলা যায় সেই দিবস মধ্যরাত্রে যদি অবশিষ্ট দাখীল না হয় তবে বিক্রয় রহিত ও গচ্ছিত টাকা গণনাঘোটে জব্দ হইবেক ও প্রথম স্থানীয় বিক্রয়ের মার্য পুনর্বার বিজ্ঞাপন প্রকাশ করণ পূর্বক ঐ ক্রটীকারি ক্রেতার ইচ্ছিতে সেই মহাল পুনর্বার বিক্রয় হইবেক ইতি।

৩। ঐ জমি সর্ব উচ্চ ডাককারিকে নিম্ন বিক্রয় করা যাইবেক ইতি।

রাজকীয় মহালের তৈকিয়তে নম্বর	ডোজী নম্বর	মহালের ও পরগনার নাম	একর হিসাবে জমির আমূল্য পরিমাণ	নিলামের প্রথম ডাক	মহাল
নম্বর ...	১৫ নম্বর ...	পুনাবাদ পং শেরগড়	১২	১	১৬

একর বোড পোলা

E. W. WHINFIELD, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given that under the sanction of the Judge of Shahabad, the rights and interests in the 4 annas share of the lunatic ward Baboo Kisho Pershad Singh, of Goondu, pergunnah Arrah, zillah Shahabad, in the undermentioned villages, will, subject to the conditions specified at foot, be sold by a public auction in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 7th June 1875, corresponding with the 18th Jaith 1282 Fushl, in satisfaction of debts due to Kapilmoon Singh and others.

2. The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions:—

(1) The purchasers of these villages will be considered as the proprietors thereof, and the entire proprietary right of the aforementioned lunatic ward in such villages will be transferred to them, subject only to payment of Government revenue. The villages will be sold (subject to Government revenue due from them to the date of sale) to the highest bidders above the upset price.

(2) If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

(3) If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited), and the villages to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number.	Names of villages to be sold.	REMARKS.
1	Agursund, pergunnah Arrah	The villages appertain to the estate Kesharpore, which bears No. 184 on the rent-roll of the district. The Government revenue of the lunatic ward's share in the estate, for which share separate accounts have been opened under Act XI of 1859, is Rs. 731-3-10.
2	Bahera, ditto ditto.	
3	Pepra Rampore, ditto ditto.	
4	Rampore Khas, ditto ditto.	
5	Baghkali, ditto ditto.	
6	Burjah, ditto ditto.	
7	Teksemur, ditto ditto.	
8	Kewantia, ditto ditto.	
9	Peeperpantee, ditto ditto.	
10	Toolseepore, ditto ditto.	

ARRAH COLLECTORATE, the 22nd April 1875.

W. ALEXANDER, Collector.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Patna will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 31st day of May 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 29th day of March 1875.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. of Toujee.	Name of mehal and pergunnah.	Subber number.	Name of Proprietor.	REMARKS.
Rs. A. P.				
746	Arazeetoufeer, Jahangeerpore, Mugurpal, resumed Mehal, Pergunnah Shalipore, Munair.	7,828 2 0	Nund Kishore Malik	The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.

HERBERT MOSLEY, *Officiating Collector.*

PATNA COLLECTORATE, the 20th April 1875.

صاحب کلکٹور نے درج ذیل زمین کے حکم سے
اشتراک بیلاں مطابق دفعہ ۶ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ عیسوی

سب کو جاننا چاہئے کہ یہ محال جو ٹیکس لکھا ہے اس کے مالک داری سرکار دوسری دعویٰ جو مطابق
آئین و قانون جاری کے نافذ مالک داری سرکار کے غرض وصول ہونا چاہئے و جو بقاریخ ۲۹ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۵
تو بنے دہی تاریخ ۳۱ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع مطابق ۱۱ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۲ عیسوی روز دو شدہ کو اس ضلع کے
صاحب کلکٹر کے کچھری میں ناظرین کے سامنے بیلاں ہوگا

اسم اول محال بدوہست دہلی

نمبر	نام محال و زمین	جمع عدد	نام مالکوں کا	تفصیل
۷۴۶	رامی توفیر جہانگیر پور مکمل محال عیسوی پرکاش شاہ پور	۷۸۲۸۰	نند کیشور مالک مالکدار	عزت نامی مالک داری کے بیلاں ہوگا
تقریباً بقاریخ ۲۰ مارچ اپریل سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع				

HERBERT MOSLEY, *Officiating Collector.*

صاحب کلکٹر بھارتور جیلے پटना کے اذکرم سے

درج ذیل بیلاں متناہک دفاتر ۶ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹

سب کو جاننا چاہئے کہ یہ محال جو نیچے لکھا ہے باقی مالک داری سرکار کی دوسری دعویٰ
جو متناہک چاہئے کی کامن جاتی کے باقی مالک داری سرکار کی طرف منتقل ہونے چاہئے جو اس
۱۲ مئی ۱۸۷۵ ع کو پانے والی تاریخ ۲۱ مئی ۱۸۷۵ ع: متناہک تا: ۲۱ مئی ۱۸۷۵ ع: متناہک
۲۱ مئی ۱۸۷۵ ع: متناہک ۲۱ مئی ۱۸۷۵ ع: متناہک ۲۱ مئی ۱۸۷۵ ع: متناہک ۲۱ مئی ۱۸۷۵ ع: متناہک
۲۱ مئی ۱۸۷۵ ع: متناہک ۲۱ مئی ۱۸۷۵ ع: متناہک ۲۱ مئی ۱۸۷۵ ع: متناہک ۲۱ مئی ۱۸۷۵ ع: متناہک

نمبر	نام محال اور پرنام	قسم کما	نام مالکوں کا	تفصیل
۷۴۶	رامی توفیر جہانگیر پور مگرपाल मन्हाल जयन्ती परमने ग्राह पुर मनेर	७८२८०	नन्दकिशोर मालिक माल गुजार	मन्हाल राजा मुसलम नीलाम होगा बईलन बाकी माल गुजारी

ता: १० स: अपरैल सन १८७५ ई:

HERBERT MOSLEY, *Officiating Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Hooghly will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 8th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1875.

Number of Mehal.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Name of defaulting proprietor.	Sudder jumma.	Amount of arrears due.	REMARKS.
<i>1st Class Permanently-settled Estate</i>			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
10	Radhakanto Bari, pergunnah Pandooah	Jadub Chunder Nundy and Behary Churn Nundy, of Jangram, pergunnah Pandooah, zillah Hooghly; Ejadbaux Chowdhury and Meer Nassar Ali Chowdhury, of Koshah, Pandooah, pergunnah Pandooah; Syed Hamdeollah, Rojnah Bibee, Molah Abdul Hakim, Syed Ahamed, Syed Golam Hoydur, and Syed Noorun Nobee, of Chowghoriah, pergunnah Rambhati, zillah Burdwan; Sokenah Bibee, of Koshah, Pandooah, pergunnah Pandooah; Motejeon Nissa Bibee, of Pandooah, Naksi Moholah, pergunnah Pandooah, zillah Hooghly.	624 11 11	6 12 1	
26	Ditto, Malikapore, pergunnah Baligory.	Rama Nundo Bundopadhyaya and others	10,595 3 8		
2151	Chakran, ditto, pergunnah ditto	Ditto ditto	114 0 2		
			10,709 3 11		
			Rs. A. P.		
Deduct 2 as. 10 gals. share, belonging to Nobonee, Moonjary Debee, of Sooray, Chack Digeo, pergunnah Hayah, zillah Bardwan, Sabot of Idels: Sree Sree Moodhoooodun, Sreechur, Bisto, Mohessur, and Mritoonjey Shih Thakeor. The sudder jumma of the share, including the Chakran, 1,673 5 1			1,673 5 1		
Deduct 2 as. 10 gals. share, belonging to Kahluss Roy, father and guardian of Sorut Chunder Roy, and to Tilatomah Dabee, mother and guardian of Ganendromath, Opendromath, Soodangoo, Shookhur, and Kishory Mohun Roy. The sudder jumma of the share			3,316 10 2		
Separate accounts of the shares having been opened under Act XI of 1859, Remarks—					
11 as. share of Rama Nundo Bundopadhyaya and Poornu Chunder Bundopadhyaya, to himself, and as guardian and executor to the estate of his minor nephews, Premdromath and Hromath Bundopadhyaya. The sudder jumma of the share			7,362 9 9	2,522 6 6	
51	Ditto, Thevornah, pergunnah Pandooah.	Mollah Abdul Hakim, Syed Ahamed, Syed Golam Hoydur, Syed Noorun Nobee, of Chowghoriah, pergunnah Rambhati, zillah Burdwan; Sokenah Bibee, of Koshah, Pandooah, pergunnah Pandooah, zillah Hooghly.	1,963 1 0	213 8 9	
126	Ditto, Silampore, pergunnah Silampore.	Tarinee Churn Chuttopadhyaya and others	2,108 8 9		
Deduct 1 anna 15 p 2 k. share of Dene Nath Chuttopadhyaya, of Kamalpoore, pergunnah Silampore, zillah Hooghly. The sudder jumma of the share is			234 15 0		
A separate account of this share has been opened under Section IV, Act XI of 1859.					
The remaining share, belonging to Tarinee Churn Chuttopadhyaya, of Nitannulopore, pergunnah Silampore, to Krishto Gopal Chuttopadhyaya, Joymonee Dabee, mother of the minor Brojo Nath Roy, Rangur Dabee of Kamalpoore, and to Issur Chunder Roy, Rashmangary Dabee, guardian of Krishto Dhane Roy, Pitamber Roy, Debnarain Roy, Russick Lal Roy, Juggut Chunder Roy, Taramonsee Dabee, Dhramonoye Dabee, Ranga Chand Dabee, and Prem Chand Dabee. The sudder jumma of the share			1,873 9 9	1 14 8	Since realized.

HOOGHLY, the 23rd April 1875.

A. WEEKES, Offg. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of 24-Pergunnahs will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 10th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1875.

FOR ARREARS OF RENT

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 6.—Pergunnah Magoora, kismut Roynugur, &c.; recorded proprietor Sheetaram Roy, &c.; sudder jumma Rs. 7,158-14-3½.

No. 266.—Kismut pergunnah Medun Mollo Dehee, Medun Mollo; recorded proprietor Hajee Golam Hossen; sudder jumma Rs. 1,414-3-10.

No. 974.—Kismut pergunnah Myhate, &c., mouza Gojufurpore, &c.; recorded proprietor Netohar Muhmed, &c.; sudder jumma Rs. 1,540-0-5; road cess Rs. 15-6-9.

FOR ARREARS OF RENT.

Class II.—Temporarily settled Estates.

No. 2624.—One-seventh part of lot No. 166; recorded proprietor Poornoo Chunder Ghose, &c.; present sudder jumma Rs. 523, rising to Rs. 2,691 in 12-9 B.S.

W. S. WELLS, *Offg. Collector.*

24-PERGUNNAHS COLLECTORATE, the 29th April 1875.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Moziufferpore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on Monday, the 31st May 1875, corresponding with 11th day of Jyesth 1282 Fushlee, for arrears of revenue due on 29th March 1875.

Serial No.	Township No.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Name of Proprietor.	Jumma of estate			Jumma of the est			Arrears of		
				Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1	35	Jownapur Ruder pergunnah Balagurich	Barmoni Sahai, &c.	2821	5	7	209	3	10	12	0	2
2		Ditto ditto	Sarkar Singh, &c.				8	12	7	21	8	2
3		Ditto ditto	Ghaur Sahai Singh, &c.				216	15	10	17	8	1
4	39	Jownapur khass, ditto	Mussumat Joki Khar, notee and guardian of Wazir Ali.	845	8	8	828	14	5	16	12	5
5	212	Chhatami Chadwar, pergunnah Blahia	Bharwan Singh, &c.	584	8	0	584	8	0	87	9	5
6	362	Muro-Ha, ditto Bhawara	Harwar, &c.	1,404	8	0	1,404	8	0	78	7	6
7	421	Chuk Meshi Masunagur, pergunnah Barah	Sadai Chubika, &c.	882	3	0	882	3	0	69	0	9
8	522	Budhya, pergunnah Basotra	Bika Misra, &c.	1,212	3	0	678	11	2	67	8	4
9	587	Senag, ditto, pergunnah Dharow	Musum, Bhagantia	1,111	7	3	349	9	9	109	3	11
10	588	Baryet, ditto ditto	Nohi Singh, &c.	84	6	1	742	7	1	215	5	2
11	700	Ba-lurpur, Chhowrah, pergunnah Bessurh	Nagarawan, &c.	1,031	14	0	213	11	3	16	12	10
12	715	Bitmah, pergunnah Bissarah	Ketaji Rai, &c.	1,201	12	10	1,201	10	10	45	10	1
13	727	Chandrah, Uskumpur, pergunnah Bissarah	B. Kishorji Upadhyaya, &c.	2,092	9	1	1,135	13	1	44	12	7
14	772	Bachumathour, pergunnah Bissarah	Matig, &c.	2,145	4	3	2,145	4	3	18	3	4
15	780	Saharapur, Dhenya, pergunnah Bissarah	Guram Kaur, &c.	1,183	13	7	1,151	1	1	311	5	7
16	1196	Shewahatun, pergunnah Gudi Chawd	Sing, &c.	1,044	3	1	69	7	0	21	11	6
		Basantide, Murwa, pergunnah Gudi Chawd	Sand Abdul Azeed				66	3	2	3	2	6
18		Gopalpur, pergunnah Gudi Chawd	Sand				70	3	6	24	12	0
19	1207	Jurapur, Bulid, pergunnah Bissarah	Phar, &c.	1,745	10		584	13	1	18	8	8
20	1209	Jurapur, ditto ditto	S. G. K. &c.	1,212	1		415	0	1	82	4	6
		Jurapur, Ghanspur, ditto					11	8				
	1212	Gobindpur, ditto ditto	N. G. &c.	1,000	0	0	32	0	6	4	10	3
24	1230	Nawanagar, ditto ditto	Phar, &c.	791	0	0	148	5	0			
25		Ditto ditto ditto	Phar, &c.				148	5	0			
26		Ditto ditto ditto	Phar, &c.				148	5	0			
27	1692	T. Biquah, ditto, Kanchi	B. K. &c.	1,182	1	4	378	15	1	14		
28	1702	Nawanagar, ditto ditto	S. G. &c.	2,000	0	2	180	19	6	60		
29		Mamandabad, ditto ditto	Phar, &c.	5	3	6	105	8	11	39		
30	2026	Kharan, ditto ditto	Phar, &c.	80	8	0	212	11	0			
31	2112	Kashim, pergunnah Bissarah	Phar, &c.	673	2	2	417	2				
32	2142	Mankow, pergunnah ditto	Phar, &c.	673	2	2	102	9	0			
33	2142	Bidadi, pergunnah ditto	Phar, &c.	673	2	2	57	7				
34	2345	Jurapur, pergunnah Nawan	Phar, &c.	1,100	2	4	1,100	2	4	116	7	2
35	2604	Ranpur, Chandanpatti, pergunnah Bissarah	Phar, &c.	777	1	3	69	14	0	36	12	1
36	3001	Hussaini, Paganbepore, pergunnah Bissarah	Phar, &c.	545	1	1	184	14	7	23	8	7
37	3121	Harpur, Lohar, Jirnapur, Bhukpur, pergunnah Surgesh	Phar, &c.	682	11	10	601	7	10	149	0	4
38	3560	Jurapur, pergunnah Bissarah	Phar, &c.	507	1	0	187	5	0	11	1	2
39	3553	Arongpur, Jurawapur, pergunnah Bissarah	Sheng, &c.	1,532	5	0	1,532	5	0	480	4	7
40	3587	Sakwepur, pergunnah Hajepur	Phar, &c.	1,221	1	6	792	14	5	141	0	7
41	3634	Arongpur, pergunnah Bissarah	Phar, &c.	592	3	7	592	3	7	8	2	7
42	7296	Arongpur, pergunnah Bissarah	Phar, &c.	712	8	1	712	8	1	79	5	6
43	8071	Pachakudi, Jurapur, pergunnah Bissarah	Phar, &c.	1,114	1	3	1,114	1	3	6	7	9
44	10664	Arongpur, Jurawapur, Deande Jurawapur, pergunnah Hajepur	Phar, &c.	555	2	0	555	2	0	349	16	6

MOZIFFERPORE COLLECTORATE, the 26th April 1875.

C. F. WORSELEY, *Offg. Collector.*

اس تحریر کے رو سے خاص و عام کو دفعہ ۶ ٹیکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ء کے مطابق اطلاع دی جاتی ہے کہ علاقجات موسومہ موقعہ ضلع تروٹ بعلت زر باقی وغیرہ مطالبہ چنکو قوانین اور یکتوں متمشہ کے رو سے وصول کرنا جائز ہے اور اس زر باقی اور مطالبہ کو قریب ۲۹ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۵ء غایت ادائے مال گذری سرکار ادائے کرنا واجب تھا بالضرور بقاریخ ۳۱ مئی سنہ ۱۸۷۵ء مطابق ۱۱ جیتھ سنہ ۱۲۸۲ فصالی روز دو شنبہ چھری کلکٹری ضلع مظفر پور میں بیلان ہوگا

وہیستی اسمہاری

نمبر نمبر شمار توزیع	نام محال و برگند	نام مالک	مدر جمع محال مسلم	مدر جمع اوس حصہ کا جو بیلان نہ جائیگا	باقی جسکے لئے بیلان ہوگا	کیفیت
۳۵	جونابو رودر برگند نالانچ	بابو بھونگی مہاے دابو بھیروسہاے وجوسہاے سنگہ والابھوجیکر لہل ورم بھس رامہ وچھمی نراین رامہ ویت لہل رامہ و موہاما سائلن ازدوسہ تفریق رول	۵	۱۰۲۸۹۱	۳	یہ محال بعلت باقی مال گذری سرکار بیلان ہوگا
۳۵	ایضا	دبہ دیوانا سنگہ سائل تفریق رول	۷	۱۲	۲۱	ایضا
۳۵	ایضا	بھیرو مہاے سنگہ و کرجا رامہ و اندیب چونھوی بابو بھجند مہاے و دابو اولبھاری سنگہ سائلن از روی تفریق رول	۱۰	۲۱۶	۸	ایضا
۳۹	جونابو رودر برگند ایضا	مسماہ چانکی کور مہادر والیہ وزیر لہل پسر داناخ و مٹوگ سنگہ و گوپال سنگہ و کالہب سنگہ و نالسو سنگہ و مہکی سنگہ و جھمی پوتن سنگہ و کارو سنگہ و شیخ اشرف علی و وانو سنگہ و ندو سنگہ رام لوچن سنگہ و جھوسنگہ وید سنگہ دت مرجب سنگہ و درابن سنگہ و جین سنگہ و چھمن دھڑی سنگہ و جھوسنگہ و ناندیہ سنگہ پندت دابو نرسنگہ سرکار مظفر و گیش لہل و رام نراین سنگہ ورم پتو سنگہ مدعا علیہم تفریق رول	۸	۸۴۳	۱۴	ایضا
۲۱۲	چندوی چندو رودر بہلا	بگوان دت سنگہ و چیت نرسن سنگہ	۹	۵۸۳	۹	ایضا
۳۰۲	مو تھیا پرگند مہرواد پوتاد	رام سہای ٹھاکر ندو بہاری پوتاد	۸	۱۴۰۴	۶	ایضا
۴۲۱	چک مہشی مرموم بگر پرگند پوتل	شیخ چھوگا و مہرمان و ونظر علی و میر علی	۳	۸۸۲	۳	ایضا

نمبر نمبر	نمبر نمبر	نام محال و برگه	نام مالک	صدر جمع محال مسلم	صدر جمع اوس حصه کا جو نظام کیا جائیگا	باقی جسکے لئے نظام ہوگا	کیفیت
			تراب علی				
			ورقن لاله و جگو دیبی و سینا سنگھ تھاکر و نوابین چمار و نئی جان و ایکٹ جان و کارو جان و سیونہ موازی و نوابین ساحو و شیو دیال سنگھ و کنیا لعل و فرزند علی و چاندنی بی و نور الدین حسین و شیخ غلام حسین و رابندیب تھاکر و جیون لعل شیو سہای تھاکر و چندت موازی و غیرہ				
۵۲۲	۸	ہردیا برگہ بسونرا	بیکو مصر و ادم تھاکر	۱۲۰۲۳۰	۲	۶۷۹	۶۸
۵۸۷	۹	دنگوانپور برگہ دھورو	مسماۃ بدایتی مہیش کور سائل قنبرق رول	۱۴۱۱۷۳	۹	۱۱۳۴۹	۱۰۹۳
۵۸۸	۱۰	مونت برگہ ایضا	نہال سنگھ چودھری و جگموہن چودھری وغیرہ	۸۳۰۶۱	۷	۷۳۲	۲۱۵۵۲
۷۰۹	۱۱	نہلیپور سوراہی چکلا کرجو برگہ سارہ	نگ نوابین سائل قنبرق رول	۱۴۱۰۳۲	۱۱	۲۱۳	۱۶۱۲۱۰
۷۱۰	۱۲	بیدلواں چکلا توجول برگہ سارہ	گوری زئی و اسمان زئی و غیرہ	۱۲۰۱۲۰	۱۲	۱۲۰	۴۵۱۰
۷۲۷	۱۳	چنرولہ استرپیور چکلا کرجول برگہ سارہ	اندردھوج اوندھیا و جمد اوندھیا وغیرہ	۲۹۰۲۹	۱۳	۱۱۶۵	۴۳۱۲۷
۷۷۲	۱۴	رگہ و نڈھہ بور چکلا کرجول برگہ سارہ	مولی زام و دینی زام و غیرہ	۳۲۱۴۵	۴	۲۱۴۵	۱۹۳۴
۷۸۶	۱۵	سلمہ بور کرجول برگہ ایضا	رقن کدو و رام کشن مصر و غیرہ	۱۳۱۱۸۵	۱۱	۱۱۵۱	۳۱۱۵۷
۱۱۰۶	۱۶	سیوداسپور برگہ کدچول	سندرسہای سائل زیر بقوارہ حصہ ۴ آٹہ	۱۰۳۴۳	۰	۶۹	۲۱۱۱
۱۱۷	۱۷	ایضا بست دیوہورما برگہ ایضا	سید عبد تعزیز سائل زیر بقوارہ	۱۰۳۴۳	۲	۵۶	۳۲۶
۱۱۸	۱۸	ایضا گوبالپور برگہ ایضا	سندرسہای سائل زیر بقوارہ حصہ ۹ آٹہ	۱۰۳۴۳	۶	۷۹	۲۴۱۲۰
۱۲۰۷	۱۹	حسرجپور تلیا پور برگہ جریور برگہ حاجی پور	امید زئی و جیت نوابین و غیرہ	۱۰۱۱۷۳۵	۱۳	۵۸۴	۱۸۹۸
۱۲۰۹	۲۰	جرونہ برگہ حاجی پور	شیخ کفایت علی و شیخ خوشید علی وغیرہ	۱۲۱۲۱۵	۱	۳۴۵	۸۲۳۶
۱۲۲۸	۲۱	شادپور غوث پور برگہ ایضا	کاور سنگھ و بہکوت سنگھ و غیرہ	۱۰۸۵۰۶	۱۰	۵۰۶	۱۷۱۰۷
۱۲۴۲	۲۲	گوند پور برگہ ایضا	مسماۃ اچھمی کاور زوجہ رام رتن سنگھ	۱۲۹۳۹	۶	۳۲	۴۱۰۳
۱۲۴۳	۲۳	ایضا	اجیت نوابین سنگھ و جگدیوتا نوابین سنگھ وغیرہ	۱۲۹۳۹	۳	۵۷۷	۱۳۵۱۲
۱۲۵۹	۲۴	نوا نگر برگہ ایضا	بجرنی سہای و بیرو سہای سائلان قنبرق رول	۷۹۱۰۰	۵	۱۰۱۳۸	۱۴۳
۱۲۶۰	۲۵	ایضا	دوارکا ناتھ سائل قنبرق رول	۷۹۱۰۰	۵	۱۳۸	۹۴۹

نمبر توزیع	نام محال و برگه	نام مالک	صدر جمع محال مسلم	صدر جمع اوس حصہ کا جو نیلام کیا جائیگا	باقی جسکے لیے نیلام ہوگا	کیفیت
۲۶	۱۲۵۹	پروگرامت سنگھ سائل	۷۹۱ ۰ ۰	۱۴۸ ۵ ۰	۹ ۳ ۹	پروگرامت سنگھ سائل
۲۷	۱۶۹۲	تعلقہ ساری برگندہ	۱۳۸۲ ۱۰ ۴	۱۷۸ ۱۵ ۱۰	۳۰ ۱۵ ۱۰	تعلقہ ساری برگندہ
۲۸	۱۷۰۲	ہرزنا نگر برگندہ ایضا	۶۲۰ ۱۶ ۶۲	۱۸۰ ۱ ۱	۵۶ ۰ ۸	ہرزنا نگر برگندہ ایضا
۲۹	۱۷۰۲	محمد آباد برگندہ	۱۲۰ ۱۶ ۶	۱۰۵ ۸ ۱	۳۲ ۱۵ ۰	محمد آباد برگندہ
۳۰	۲۰۲۶	خورسند رگہائی برگندہ	۸۵۱ ۸ ۰	۲۱۲ ۱۴ ۰	۱۱ ۸ ۲	خورسند رگہائی برگندہ
۳۱	۲۱۴۲	دہلی چکلا مہاش برگندہ ایضا	۶۳۳ ۷ ۲	۳۳۷ ۱۲ ۲	۸۳ ۱۴ ۶	دہلی چکلا مہاش برگندہ ایضا
۳۲	۲۱۰۲	مہکواہی برگندہ ایضا	۶۳۳ ۷ ۲	۱۰۲ ۹ ۰	۹ ۷ ۵	مہکواہی برگندہ ایضا
۳۳	۲۱۴۲	لیلیا چکلا مہاش برگندہ ایضا	۶۳۳ ۷ ۲	۵۲ ۷ ۲	۳ ۱۴ ۱۰	لیلیا چکلا مہاش برگندہ ایضا
۳۴	۲۳۴۵	جانی پور برگندہ	۱۴۰۰ ۲ ۴	۱۴۰۰ ۲ ۴	۱۱۵ ۷ ۲	جانی پور برگندہ
۳۵	۲۹۰۴	رام پور چندن پٹی برگندہ سنوہ	۷۵۷ ۱ ۳	۱۰۹ ۱۴ ۰	۳۹ ۱۲ ۰	رام پور چندن پٹی برگندہ سنوہ
۳۶	۲۰۰۴	حسینی پور بیچمہر پور برگندہ سرن	۵۴۵ ۱ ۱	۱۸۴ ۱۴ ۷	۲۲ ۸ ۷	حسینی پور بیچمہر پور برگندہ سرن
۳۷	۳۱۲۱	ہری پور اودوا جھمار پور برگندہ	۱۰۶۸۳ ۱۰ ۱۰	۶۳۷ ۱۰ ۴	۱۴۵ ۰ ۴	ہری پور اودوا جھمار پور برگندہ
۳۸	۵۰۵۰۶۳۸	جوامی پورنگہ سنوہ	۵۶۱ ۱۵ ۰	۱۸۷ ۵ ۰	۱۱ ۱۳ ۲	جوامی پورنگہ سنوہ
۳۹	۵۳۴۳	شیو راج سنگھ وگہی سنوہ	۱۵۳۲ ۵ ۰	۱۵۳۲ ۵ ۰	۴۸۹ ۴ ۷	شیو راج سنگھ وگہی سنوہ
۴۰	۵۳۸۷	سکوار پور برگندہ	۱۲۲۱ ۱ ۳	۷۹۲ ۱۴ ۵	۱۴۱ ۰ ۷	سکوار پور برگندہ
۴۱	۵۶۳۴	مسواہی برگندہ ساروا سینا اچھن	۵۹۲ ۳ ۷	۵۹۲ ۳ ۷	۸ ۱۲ ۱	مسواہی برگندہ ساروا سینا اچھن
۴۲	۷۱۹۶	دیودھا اوسراہی	۳۱ ۸ ۱	۷۱۳ ۸ ۱	۱۶ ۵ ۶	دیودھا اوسراہی
۴۳	۸۹۷۱	اوج گہی	۷۱۵ ۸ ۱	۷۱۵ ۸ ۱	۰ ۷ ۹	اوج گہی
۴۴	۱۰۶۸۴	امی پٹھی وڑھرا	۵۱۸ ۲ ۰	۵۱۸ ۲ ۰	۳۰۰ ۱۲ ۶	امی پٹھی وڑھرا

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Jessore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 8th day of June 1875, corresponding with the 26th day of Joisto 1282 (B. S.), for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1875.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 4597.—Mouzah Silimpore, pergunnah Issubpore; recorded proprietors Shurush Sutti and Agur Money Dassia; sudder jumma Rs. 770-11-3; will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 20-14-1.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 58.—Abadkari right of Chaudkhali, in Soonderbuns; recorded proprietors Wooma Nath Roy Chowdhury; farming lease to 1311 (B. S.); present sudder jumma Rs. 1,960; rising, in 1288 (B. S.), to full jumma of Rs. 1,191; will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 1,060.

A. SMITH, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Sarun will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Monday, the 31st May 1875, corresponding with 11th Jait 1282 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 29th, in lieu of the 28th March 1875.

Saral number.	Towji No.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Name of proprietor.	Government revenue of the entire estate.	Government revenue of the share which will be sold for arrears of revenue.	Arrears of revenue due from the estate.
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. K.	Rs. A. P.
<i>CLASS I.—Permanently-settled Estates</i>						
1	240	Eksar, pergunnah Bal	Harper-shad Narain, Rampershad Narain, and others.	812 11 0	355 5 6 0	26 4 3½
2	340	Pilhowri, pergunnah Bal	Satrahon Sahi, Kund Kumar Sahi, and others.	639 12 9½	155 7 3½	45 11 8½
3	484	Sumchota, pergunnah Bal	Kandhara Lall, Behari Khan, and others.	2,133 5 4	1,549 0 0 0	4 2 9½
4	1166	Rampoor Chand, pergunnah Bara.	Ram San Singh, Sungam Lall Sahi, and others.	671 6 10	581 6 10 0	9 3 6½
5	1751	Telpa Buzurg, pergunnah Chirand.	Mirza Tasaddiq Hussain, Durga Singh, and others.	1,346 10 8	491 15 5½	10 14 11½
6	1751	Ditto, share of Bhugwan Dass	Bhugwan Dass	1,346 10 8	79 2 8 0	3 7 2
7	1755	Chirand, pergunnah Chirand	Gunga Pershad Deo, Cumar Singh, and others.	8,495 10 0	1,617 11 4½	25 1 2½
8	1755	Ditto, share of Ather Husain	Ather Husain	8,495 10 0	939 12 4 0	8 11 10
9	1909	Rampoor Am, pergunnah Kusmer.	Kewar Singh, Kandhara Singh, and others.	637 5 4	637 5 4 0	1 2 2
10	2009	Rapatti, pergunnah Kusmer	Bhugwan Dass, Chanelli Kaen, and others.	7,202 10 11	349 14 4 0	217 9 6
11	2027	Salehpoor, pergunnah Kusmer	Raghupat Lall	648 0 0	648 0 0 0	191 1 0½
12	2028	Salehpoor, pergunnah Kusmer	Raghupat Lall	650 0 0	650 0 0 0	163 1 1½
13	2268	Ishrowli, pergunnah Goah	Raj Cumar Singh, Nekuam Singh, and others.	1,660 6 9	798 15 9 0	12 2 5½
14	2329	Basambherpoor, pergunnah Goah	Kowbut Lall, Banarasi Lall, and others.	531 12 5	478 11 10 0	0 6 5
15	2450	Dharanraj, pergunnah Goah	Meharban Singh, Gan Sahai Singh, and others.	663 7 5	250 1 0 0	13 7 0
16	2450	Ditto, share of Nika Ojha and others.	Nika Ojha and others	663 7 5	15 4 0 0	0 9 3
17	2520	Dhowri, pergunnah Goah	Gloham Husain Khan and others.	517 5 4	6 5 4 0	1 12 7
18	2525	Sumraha Moharupore, pergunnah Goah.	Sukh Lall Singh, Bissheser Singh, Musamat Bechun Kuer, and others.	853 6 4	3 3 2 1½	4 10 5½
19	2592	Shekhpur Rowza, pergunnah Goah.	Jagopal Sah, Ramnugra Singh, and others.	602 13 9½	199 2 7½	39 2 7
20	2640	Khurati, pergunnah Goah	Shu Lall Rai and others	1,015 4 10½	8 13 4 11	1 3 2½
21	2662	Muzapuri, pergunnah Goah	Harper-shad Singh and others	1,536 12 11½	763 1 11 0	4 0 5
22	2813	Annour Maudei, pergunnah Makair.	Jobrai Singh, Jamaiut Lall, and others.	12,480 1 3½	2,033 1 3 12½	232 8 11½
23	2813	Ditto, share of Hira Lall	Hira Lall	12,485 1 3½	456 19 4 10	16 13 5½
24	2816	Annour Maudei, pergunnah Makair.	Salanut Ally, Basharat Ally, Magu Singh, and others.	7,391 11 0½	753 4 7½	176 9 5½
25	2816	Ditto, share of Hargobind Sahai	Hargobind Sahai	7,391 11 0½	85 5 3 10	0 4 11
26	2816	Ditto, share of Shri Nandan Rai	Shri Nandan Rai, Rajin Rai, and others.	648 9 6	277 1 8½	7 14 1½
<i>CLASS II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.</i>						
27	4393	Diarah Godna, pergunnah Manjhi	Baboo Sridhar Sahi and others	671 0 0	671 0 0 0	4 11 0

SARUN COLLECTORATE, the 30th April 1875.

G. E. PORTER, Offg. Collector.

اشنہار نیلام بابت بقیہ مالگذاری سرکار
 واضح ہو کہ حسب دفعہ ۶ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع کے یہ محلات مرقومہ الذیل ضلع سارن میں بابت بقیہ
 مالگذاری سرکار و دیگر دعوی جو از روے دستورات قوانین مجاریہ موافق باقی مالگذاری سرکار کے بقایہ ۲۹
 مارچ معہی ۲۸ ماہ مذکور سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع واجب الوصول ہی بروز دوشنبہ تاریخ ۳۱ ماہ می سنہ ۱۸۷۵ مطابق
 ۱۱ جیتہ ۱۲۸۲ فصلی کچاری میں صاحب کلکٹر اس ضلع کے بلاغذ عام نیلام میں رکھا جائیگا
 قسم اول
 محلات ہندوستانی استعماری

نمبر نمای توزیع	نام محال و برگندہ	نام مالک مندرجہ سرحدہ	صدر جمع محال مسلم	مدرجع اوس حصہ کاجو نیلام کیا جاگا	باقی جسکی نیلام ہوگا	کینٹ
۱	۲۴۰۰	ایکسپار برگندہ بال	ہر پرشاد نوابی رام پرشاد نواب وغیرہ	۸۱۲ ۱۱ ۰	۳۵۵ ۵ ۶	۲۶ ۳ ۳ ۱/۲
۲	۳۴۰۰	پشروی برگندہ بال	سکھن ساہی اندکمار ساہی ۹ ۱/۲	۱۳۹ ۱۲ ۰	۱۵۵ ۷ ۳ ۱/۲	۴۵ ۱۱ ۸ ۱/۲
۳	۴۸۱۴	مسوونا برگندہ بال	گندھیا لال بیہاری خان وغیرہ	۵ ۰ ۲۱۳۳	۰ ۰ ۱۱۴۰	۴ ۲ ۹ ۱/۲
۴	۱۱۹۵	رام پور چاند برگندہ دارہ	م سپاہی سنگھ سیدم لال	۱۰ ۶ ۶ ۱/۲	۱۰ ۶ ۶ ۱/۲	۹ ۳ ۶ ۱/۲
۵	۱۷۵۱	ولہار سنگ برگندہ چراند	مرا تصدق حسین درو	۱۰ ۰ ۱۳۴۰	۱۵ ۵ ۵ ۱/۲	۱۹ ۱۴ ۱۱ ۱/۲
۶	۱۷۵۱	ایضا	بھگونداس	۱۰ ۰ ۱۳۴۶	۲۸ ۴ ۲ ۱/۲	۳ ۷ ۲ ۱/۲
۷	۱۷۵۵	چراند برگندہ چراند	گاما پرشاد دیوکار سنگھ	۱۰ ۰ ۱۳۹۵	۱۲ ۱۱ ۱۲ ۱/۲	۵ ۱ ۲ ۱/۲
۸	۱۷۵۵	ایضا کہتہ شہر حسین	ایضا حسین	۱۰ ۰ ۱۳۹۵	۱۲ ۱۱ ۱۲ ۱/۲	۸ ۱۱ ۱۰ ۵ ۳/۴
۹	۱۹۹۹	راہو آہی برگندہ کسمر	کول سنگھ کھنڈ سنگھ وغیرہ	۵ ۰ ۲۳۷	۵ ۰ ۲۳۷	۱ ۲ ۹ ۳/۴
۱۰	۲۰۰۹	راہو آہی برگندہ کسمر	سنگھ داس چندی کنور	۱۰ ۰ ۷۲۶۱	۱۰ ۰ ۷۲۶۱	۲۱۷ ۹ ۶ ۳/۴
۱۱	۲۰۲۷	مالح پور برگندہ کسمر	کھنڈ سنگھ	۰ ۰ ۶۴۹	۰ ۰ ۶۴۹	۱۹۱ ۱ ۹ ۳/۴
۱۲	۲۰۲۷	ایضا	کھنڈ سنگھ	۰ ۰ ۶۴۹	۰ ۰ ۶۴۹	۱۹۱ ۱ ۹ ۳/۴
۱۳	۲۲۶۸	پشروی برگندہ گوہر	راجہ سنگھ سنگھ سنگھ	۱۰ ۰ ۱۳۹۵	۱۲ ۱۱ ۱۲ ۱/۲	۵ ۱ ۲ ۱/۲
۱۴	۲۳۲۹	چمپرا پور برگندہ گوہر	نوت لال نارسی لال وغیرہ	۱۰ ۰ ۱۳۹۵	۱۲ ۱۱ ۱۲ ۱/۲	۵ ۱ ۲ ۱/۲
۱۵	۲۳۵۵	دھو چراغ برگندہ گوہر	میران سنگھ رام ہپاسے	۱۰ ۰ ۱۳۹۵	۱۲ ۱۱ ۱۲ ۱/۲	۵ ۱ ۲ ۱/۲
۱۶	۲۴۵۹	ایضا	حصہ دیگا اورچھا وغیرہ	۱۰ ۰ ۱۳۹۵	۱۲ ۱۱ ۱۲ ۱/۲	۵ ۱ ۲ ۱/۲
۱۷	۲۵۲۰	وٹوی برگندہ گوہر	نوت لال نارسی لال وغیرہ	۱۰ ۰ ۱۳۹۵	۱۲ ۱۱ ۱۲ ۱/۲	۵ ۱ ۲ ۱/۲
۱۸	۲۵۲۵	میرا پور برگندہ گوہر	سنگھ سنگھ سنگھ	۱۰ ۰ ۱۳۹۵	۱۲ ۱۱ ۱۲ ۱/۲	۵ ۱ ۲ ۱/۲
۱۹	۲۵۹۲	سنگھ پور برگندہ گوہر	سنگھ سنگھ سنگھ	۱۰ ۰ ۱۳۹۵	۱۲ ۱۱ ۱۲ ۱/۲	۵ ۱ ۲ ۱/۲
۲۰	۲۶۴۰	کھنڈ سنگھ برگندہ ایضا	شیران پور وغیرہ	۱۰ ۰ ۱۳۹۵	۱۲ ۱۱ ۱۲ ۱/۲	۵ ۱ ۲ ۱/۲
۲۱	۲۶۶۲	میرا پور برگندہ ایضا	میرا پور سنگھ وغیرہ	۱۰ ۰ ۱۳۹۵	۱۲ ۱۱ ۱۲ ۱/۲	۵ ۱ ۲ ۱/۲
۲۲	۲۸۱۳	میرا پور برگندہ گوہر	چوڑا سنگھ جمعب لال	۱۰ ۰ ۱۳۹۵	۱۲ ۱۱ ۱۲ ۱/۲	۵ ۱ ۲ ۱/۲
۲۳	۲۸۱۳	ایضا کہتہ میرا لال	میرا لال	۱۰ ۰ ۱۳۹۵	۱۲ ۱۱ ۱۲ ۱/۲	۵ ۱ ۲ ۱/۲
۲۴	۲۸۱۶	میرا پور برگندہ گوہر	صلابت علی شہاب علی	۱۰ ۰ ۱۳۹۵	۱۲ ۱۱ ۱۲ ۱/۲	۵ ۱ ۲ ۱/۲

نمبر شمار	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و برگنه	نام مالک مندرجہ سرشتہ	صدر جمع محال مسلم	اصد جمع اس کا جو نظام کما حدنگا	باقی جسے لئے نیلام ہوگا	کیفیت
۲۵	۲۸۱۶	برگنه مدو، ماند، مگیر کمانڈہر گوبند سہاے	هر گوبند سہاے	۱۱ ۱۱ ۳۷۳۰۱-۳۷۳۰۱	۸۵ کھاتہ ۱۱	۰ ۴ ۱۱	بعلت باقی نمالگداری سورکار نیلام ہوگا ایضا
۲۶	۲۹۸۴	بجلی پور برگنه مہدئل	شیو نرین رائے بدجوری وغیرہ	۶۴۸ ۹ ۶	۲۷۷ ۱ ۸ ۱/۲	۷ ۱۴ ۱ ۱/۲	و
۲۷	۴۳۹۳	قسم دوم دیبی بارہ گودان برگنه عالیچانی	بابو سریدھر ساهي وغیرہ	۶۷۱	۶۷۱	۰ ۱۱ ۴	ایضا

لکھنؤ فی التاریخ ۲۶ اپریل سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع

G. E. PORTER, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Tipperah will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 15th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of March 1875.

Permanently-settled Estate, to be sold for arrears of revenue.

No. 510.—Half anna hissa of mouza Chapitah, in the 10ax, 13gds. 1c. 14l. hissa of pergunnah Baradakhia; Government revenue Rs. 1,693-12-0; road cess Rs. 17; is to be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 16-6-0. The recorded proprietor of the half anna share is Bhuban Mohan Rikhit, and the jumma of it is Rs. 52-14-11, and road cess Rs. 0-8-6.

The entire estate is under partition, and the allotment of the above half anna share is being made, and it is therefore now advertised for sale.

TIPPERAH COLLECTORATE, the 29th April 1875.

N. S. ALEXANDER,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI, Act XI of 1859, that the under-mentioned estates in the district of Shahabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 7th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 29th day of March 1875.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 388.—Mehal Chanchur, pergunnah Behar; sudder jumma of the entire estate Rs. 571-3-2; recorded proprietor Ajudhea Doobey and others. The share of Ajudhea Doobey, applicant, alone will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 67, with the exception of shares of non-applicants, with whom separate accounts have been opened under Section 10 Act XI of 1859.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estates.

No. 723.—Mehal Banarpore, pergunnah Chousah; sudder jumma of the entire estate Rs. 2,826; recorded proprietor Lala Thakoor Pershad, Behari Tewari, and others. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 66-11-8.

No. 810.—Mehal Chouda, pergunnah Chousah; sudder jumma Rs. 1,565; recorded proprietors Maharaj Coomar Singh, Mussamut Peari, and others. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 3,519-0-0.

No. 854.—Mehal Ratulpore, Bandhupore, Chakia Kurailah, pergunnah Chousa; sudder jumma Rs. 583; recorded proprietors Mahadeo Pershad and Rampershad. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 9-12-0.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 1182.—Mehal Bhurahi, pergunnah Chynpore; sudder jumma Rs. 1,500; recorded proprietor Mussamut Ducep Kooner. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 658.

No. 1738.—Mehal Hata, pergunnah Chynpore; sudder jumma of the entire estate Rs. 2,240-6-6½; recorded proprietors Seogoolam Sing, Oodwunt Sing, and others. The share of Oodwunt Sing, applicant, alone will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 7-14-0, excepting the shares of other proprietors, with whom separate account has been opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859.

No. 2513.—Mehal Sobgee, pergunnah Sassaram; sudder jumma Rs. 677-5-4; recorded proprietors Dewan Ramjeawun Sing and Baboo Ramkoomar Sing. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 230-4-7.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 3679.—Mehal Surenja, pergunnah Chousa; sudder jumma Rs. 856-4-0; recorded proprietors Madho Roy, Isur Roy, and others. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 1,387-8-9.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE, the 19th April 1875.

N. ALEXANDER, *Collector.*

साहीब कलकटन बहादुर जीसे साहाबाद के ऊकुम से

इशतहान नीलाम मुतावीक दफा ६ प्रकट ११ सन १८५४।

सब को जानना याहीसे के ग्रह महाल जो नीये लीपा है वावत बाकी मासगुजानी सनकान और हुसने दावे जो मुतावीक आर्डन और कानन जानी के बाकी मासगुजानी सनकान की तरह बसुल होने याहीसे और जो तानीष २४ महीना मानीय सन १८७५ को पाने थे तानीष ७ महीना जुन सन १८७५ मुतावीक ताः १८ महीना जेठ सन १८८२ फसली हीन शोमान को इस जीसे के साहेब कलकटन की कयहनी मे वीला डिजुन के सब के सामने नीलाम होगा।

तौजो नम्वन	नाम महाल और पनगना	सदन जमा	नाम मालिकोंफ ।	कैफियत बाकी
قسم اول مردودست دوام	७८८	मांयन प्रः ५७१ ॥ १२ वोहीआ ।	सीजायैआ डवे शापेल तफनीफनोल	महाल हाजा दयाम है वइलतबाकी प्याश वइशतशनापे होशे गैतशापेलानतफनी- फ नोल जोश का जमा अजनपे दफा १० प्रकट ११ सन १८५४ प्रेलहदे लीआ जाता है होशे शापे- ल तफनीफ नोल वजमा २१४ ॥ १२ पाइ वकनात नीला- महोगा ६७।
قسم دوم مردودست	७२३	बनानपुन प्रः २८८६) यडिशा ।	लाखे ठाकुरप्रशाद वीहानी तेवानी मोहवत तेवानी शत मेआदी हाल है नामदहल तेवानी गर्नथ तेवानी शिवगुलम तेवानी छफडिनो तेवानी अडिअ लवोशेशन तेवानी शंकर तेवानी नामयननतेवानी शालीज तेवानी बाबुनाम तेवानी वेजु तेवानी मानी- फ तेवानी मोशमात इशी मला मासुम जवजे शीघानी तेवानी जेफनन तेवानी नववत तेवानी छफडिनो तेवानी शानीशंकर तेवानी	महालहाजा वंदेव- शत मेआदी हाल है वइलतबाकी प्याश नीलाम होगा ६६ ॥ १८

तौली नम्बर	नाम महाल और पनगना	सदन जमा	नाम मालिकोंका	कैफियत बाकी
قسم دوم میدادی	८९० युंही प्रः य- डिश।	१५६५)	महानाजकमान शीघ मोशमातवीज्जानी गोवी दप्रशाद जुगलकेशवन गोपाललालनामनाराये- न शीघ हजानीलाल शीघशनन शारु शुभ- गलाल शीघनारायेन शीघ हाल	महाल हाज्जा- वंदे वशत मेज्जादी हाल है वइलतबाकी प्पाश नीलाम होगा ३३१८॥५) वकाफ्फा ३०८८॥०) हाल २३०॥५)
۸۵	८५४ नतन पुन नामयनपुन यकीज्जाफन इला प्रः यडि शा।	५८३	महादेवपन शाद नामप्र- शाद	महाल हाज्जा वंदे- वशत मेज्जादी हालहै वइलत बाकी प्पाश नीलाम होगा ४॥०)
قسم اول درواسی	११८२ मनानी प्रः येनपुन।	१५००)	मोशमात हलीवर्कफन।	महाल हाज्जा हवाम है वइलतबाकी प्पाश नीलाम होगा ६५८
۸۶	११३८ हार्ता प्रः येन- पुन।	२२४०॥५) ६॥॥	उद्दीत शीघ शापेल तफनोफनोल।	महाल हाज्जा हवाम है वइलतबाकी प्पाश हीशे शापेल तफनो- फनोलवइलतशनाराये हीशे शापेलान वजैन शापेलान तफनोफ नोल जोशफा जमा फजनुये हफा १० प्रेकह ११ शन १८५४ प्रेकहदे लोफ्फा जादा है हीशे शापेल तफ- नोफनोल वजमा ४३०॥५) १ नीलाम होगा १॥५)
قسم اول دوم	२५१३ शाहेगी प्रः शहशनाम।	६१११॥५)	दीवान नामजीज्जावन शीघ बावु नामकुमान शीघ	महाल हाज्जा हवाम है वइलतबाकी प्पाश नीलाम होगा २३०॥१)
قسم دوم سیوای	३६१४ शनजो प्रः यडिशा।	८५६१०)	मायो नाये इशन नाये जगेशन नाये नघु नंदन नाये नमनदानान नाम- शहाये नाये ननोशी नाये वोहानी नाये नामवनन नाये शिखवनन नाये डमनो नाये शनोफदानान शीफ- मीहशत फाने।	महाल हाज्जा वंदेव- शत मेज्जादी हाल है वइलतबाकी प्पाश नीलाम होगा १३८१॥०) ४ वफफा १२००) ६ हाल १८१॥५) ३ ۱-۲۱ | ۹ | ۸۷ | ۷ | ۲

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Purneah will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Monday, the 28th June 1875, corresponding with 15th Assar 1282 B.S., for arrears of revenue, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1875.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 181.—Mehal Gangee, pergunnah Soorjapore; recorded proprietors Golam Ashghur, Khajah Trab Ali, Moniruddin Khoram Ali, Sahulut Ali, Hamid Ali, Indad Ali, Mussamut Bhutton, Mussamut Bhiku, Bibi Saiman, Mussamut Monjar, Mussamut Shahman, Toosooduck Hossen, Indad Hossen, Ozeer Ali, Belawat, Hossen, Golam Mohamed, Syud Ennet Hossen, Mahomed Jannab, Amanut Ullah, Aghari Baksh, Reza Ullah, Meazan Meer Meghoo, and Golap Chand Ram; sunder jumma, Rs. 791-3-5.

No. 200.—Mehal Danguon, pergunnah Futtchpore, Singha; recorded proprietors Mossamut Meharjan, Sheikh Haurut Ali, Shere Mohamed, Sheikh Dest Mohamed, and Mohunt Omrow Bharuthi; sunder jumma, Rs. 825-0-4.

PERNEAH COLLECTORATE, the 22nd April 1875.

W. KEMBLE, *Collector of Purneah*.

اشتراک نامہ واسطے فروخت زمینداروں

سنہ ۱۸۵۹ سال کے قانون ۱۱ دفعہ ۶ کے مضمون مطابق زمینداروں کے سب لوگوں کو وقف کیا جاتا ہے کہ
 صلح ہوئیہ کے شامل محالات صدارتہ ذیل صلح مذکور کے صاحب کنکٹوں کے آفس میں باقی مالکداری اور جو
 سب دعویٰ سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع ۲۴ مارچ تاریخ میں دیئے ہوئے ہیں باقی مالکداری کے طور پر مجبوریہ آئین کے مطابق
 ادا ہونے کا ضابطہ ہے اس کے ادا کے واسطے روز سومبار سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع ۲۸ جون مطابق سنہ ۱۲۸۲ لنگہ ۱۵
 حوالہ تاریخ میں ملک عالم کے خسر پکار میں فروخت ہوگا سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع تاریخ ۹ اپریل

تفصیل

نمبر ذرائع	نام محال	نام مالک سابق	جمع عدد
۱۸۱	موضع گانگی برکند سورج پور	عالم صغر و خواجه ذوالعلی و منیر الدین و حور علی و سعادت علی و حامد علی و احمد علی و مصطفیٰ بن و محمد نبکی و بی بی سیدن و بی بی عود خان و بی بی سیدن و نسیدک حسین و احمد حسین و وزیر علی و وایت حسین و عالم محمد و سید عابد حسین و محمد بہمن و محالت اللہ و انکوری و نس بھالہ میانجان و غیر مذکور و گلابچند رام	۴۹۱-۳-۵
۲۰۰	موضع دہ گون پرنیہ محلوہ کا	محمد امیر جان و شیخ نثار و شیخ شیر محمد و شیخ دوست محمد دہا قرار دینہ بھوٹا	۴۹۱-۳-۵

W. KEMBLE, *Collector of Purneah*.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, and Section 3 of Act VII of 1868 B.C., that the undermentioned estates in the district of Rangpoor will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Saturday, the 26th June 1875, corresponding with 15th Assar 1282 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1875.

Class I.—PERMANENTLY-SETTLED ESTATES.

To be sold for Arrears of Revenue.

No. 57.—Mouzah Parahon and others, pergunnah Kazirhat; recorded proprietors Janhobi Dasi, mother of Reemai Coomar and Govind Coomar, minor, and Parbatty Dasi, mother of Mooran Mohon and Taron Mohon, minors, and Pannima Dasi, mother of Her Mohon, minor, and Shama Coomar Dasi; sunder jumma Rs. 545-11-0.

To be sold for Arrears of Revenue.

No. 269.—Mouzah Shekarpore and others, pergunnah Rokumpore; the Santa share of the recorded proprietors Nosseruddin Mahamood and Joharuddin Mahamood, Abouali Choudhary, and Sabara Bibi Choudhary; sunder jumma Rs. 639-1-0.

E. G. GLAZIER, *Offg. Collector*.

RANGPOOR COLLECTORATE, the 7th May 1875.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, and Section 5 of Act VII of 1868, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Moorsheadabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 4th day of June 1875, corresponding with 22nd Jyest 1282 B.S., for arrears of revenue, due on the 10th day of April 1875.

	Name of Mohal and Pergumna.	Names of Proprietors	Sudder panna.	REMARKS
			Rs. A. P.	
1st class.	0 Khasat - pergumna Kishapat, pergumna nath Kadipore	Shama Churn Baetto, Chundro Mookhee Dossya, Koman Chander Roy, Ganesh Lall Roy, Shara Saandery, Dossya Radha Gnanu Sen, Khettio Nath Gund- padhyay, Nitto Kally Debroya, and Jagannath Berhopaddaya, father and grandfather of Sotasa Chander Gundpad- hyay, son-in-law.	8674 3 0	The share of Gungesh Lall Roy in this mohal, viz. 1 Annas 9 gundas 1 kaz and 1 lach, sudder panna Rs. 2250-6-1, will be sold.
2nd class.	258 Tardul - Tangapora pergumna - Noyah nagar	Mahesa Mahan, Mohopaddaya, Shama Chandera, and Sri Mahadevdaya, Moha- tap Sen, Por Chury Debroya, and Pra- bhakur Mahopadhyay,	1227 11 0	The entire share of Mushon Churn Mookhe- padhyay, Shama Saan- dery, Shari Mookhi De- broya, Mahant Sen, and Tangaray Poddai in this mohal, viz. 11 Annas, sud- der panna Rs. 844-1-1, will be sold.
3rd class.	511 Madadi - Anantapur pergumna - Talva nagar	Jagannath Chantharaya	841 1 1	The entire mohal will be sold.
4th class.	541 Gadadi - pergumna	Mackerrun Bacher, Ashoddy Bacher, Anus Ashodya Bacher, w/o of Anusashoddy, Lakshmi Hosang, w/o of Babu Karasoda, w/o of Lakshmi B- cher, Churn brother Bhar Neerajacharya, and Atchut Saraboti.	1700 7 0	The shares of Mackerrun Bacher and Ashoddy Bacher in this mohal, viz. 1 Annas 6 gundas 20 gewies 3 k 2 sudder panna Rs. 520-2-3, will be sold.

1511

W. WARELL, *Collector.*

MOORSHEADABAD COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 24th April 1875.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Muzaffargarh will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 14th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, when, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 29th day of March 1875.

Number of toug.	Names of defaulters and amount due.	Sudder number.	Arrears revenue due to Government.	Names of defaulters.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
326	East Razm, pergunah East Puzari.	618 3 11 0	1,175 15 3	1. Ganga Bahadur, son of K. N. Nageswaram M. S. and L. J. J. K. N. Nageswaram 1. Ganga Bahadur, son of K. N. Nageswaram M. S. and L. J. J. K. N. Nageswaram

N. B.—This is a permanent fund. The rentals of the 51 dakhili mohals of the parent estate have been levitated under Act II of 1859, Sections 10 and 11, and a sudden jumma of Rs. 51,257.14 0. The remaining great portion of the mohal, the sudden jumma of which is Rs. 7,274.15 0, will be put up to sale for arrears of revenue due to Government.

Number of tons.	Name of metal and pougunnah.	Small volume.	Amount received Government.	Names of officials.
		A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
	Sabawan, pougunnah Mudhu.	1,250 0 0	1 8 0	Pan m. Sing, Khedan Lall, Sri Persad.

A B.—The share of defaulters in the mofal, excepting *Box, 6 pds. 7½ lbs.*, which has been separated from the roll on a sudder jumma of Rs. 583-10-0, will be put up to sale on account of arrear revenue due to Government. The sudder jumma of the defaulter's share is Rs. 536-12-6.

Monoxyn, the 1st May 1875.

E. LOCKWOOD, *Offg. Collector.*

محل هذا بند
دائمی

تعداد بامی

نام

جمع
بست هزاره
پرگنه بست
هزاره
نمبر
توزیع

حسین و شیخ عطا محمد و مسماة
قبولا سوکنوری و داسوکنوری و بوات
علی خان و سیانت گر و ریگ لعل
سنگه و جبت سنگه و مسماة نولکھو
کنوری و سنکوکنوری و مسماة فخر
النسا بیگم و مسماة ظہورالنسا بیگم
و شیخ ولایت حسین و مسماة وحید
النسا و مالک علی بخش و چمن سنگه
و داسوکنوری و صکھر کنوری و کنکر
کنوری و دھرمو کنوری و معروف
کنوری و اجناسو کنوری و تند کنوری
و اودھو کنوری و مندیسی کنوری و
نوک دھاری سنگه چنر دھاری سنگه
و مسماة گل بیگم و گوھر دین لعل
و صاحب رام دیبی سنگه و سوهای
سنگه و کموناتپہ پورشاد سنگه و سوکو
کنوری و شیخ ابرار بخش و مسماة
جیمسو و مسماة د. النسا و مالک دعا
النسا و مہاراج کنور پورشاد نورین
سنگه و کنور اشرفی پورشاد نورین سنگه
و مسماة شہوکنوری و شیخ محمد
جلیل عرف جوان و رانی سنگه و سید
محمد بدین اللہ و محمد ولی اللہ و
خواجہ محمد گوھر علی خان و عمل
سنگه پدر رانی خواجہ محمد یوسف
علی خان عرف مہدی نواب و خواجہ
محمد رحمت اللہ خان عرف رانی
نواب و خواجہ محمد اقبال علی خان
علی نواب پسران و مسماة عصمت
النسا بیگم عرف بہار بیگم و مسماة
نظم النسا بیگم عرف امیر بیگم
بختران سالکان و مسماة سعیدین و
فیض اللہ خان و محمد عظیم خان
و شیخ امید علی و شیخ و انت حسین
و شیخ معز بخش و شیخ ابرار بخش
و شیخ احیم بخش و شیخ عبدالوہاب
و شیخ مہدی حسین و شیخ عبدالرحیم
و مسماة بی بی نورو خواجہ محمد
علی مردان خان و نوزی لعل عرف
سایقہ صہای و جدی لعل و ندو لعل
و دیگھیر پورشاد و مسماة جان بیگم و
کرن سنگه و پانسی سنگه و نام سنگه
و مسماة دیوا کنوری و مسماة دھرمو
کنوری و جیمو بی سنگه و جدرام سنگه عرف
سام لعل سنگه و کدیش سنگه و ندو سنگه
و ناون سنگه و بیبی سنگه و لیچندتپہ
سنگه کوادر سنگه و نواب سنگه و
جنواک سنگه جونل سنگه و

قسط سند کنوری اصلی
ناسقند سند مواری
۳ آٹھ ۶ گادہ ۲۴
نورنی حصہ اگلوسنگه

۸۱۵ سیدنواب نورال ۱۱۲۰ ۶
۸ برام سنگه و کدین لعل و رنت لعل
کنوری پورشاد و دیوا دت و بہابی لعل
و رانی پورشاد و کچچاد پورشاد و دیگھیر
سنگه و مورل سنگه و کدیش دت سنگه

نمبر توزیع	نام پرگنہ و موضع	جمع صدر	نام	نقد و باقی	مجال هند و سند دائمی
			دیوی لعل عرف نواب سنگہ دیو پرشاد سنگہ و جودیا پرشاد و مسماۃ گوری عرف لاکو و اگلو سنگہ و پیالو سنگہ و نول بھاری سنگہ بوجھائے سنگہ و پرشاد و سوگن سنگہ و جواي سنگہ جولیا سنگہ و گردھاری سنگہ نواہو سنگہ و برجھا سنگہ و مدگل سنگہ و اشري پرشاد عم و والي ہر پرشاد نابالغ و بھاری سنگہ و صورت سنگہ و سمرن سنگہ و سون سنگہ دیوت سنگہ و جیرو سنگہ ونراد سنگہ مدگل سنگہ پیمون سنگہ وگ گردھاری سنگہ خود اصل بدفسہ برادر والي نگنی سنگہ نابالغ و ہمیش سنگہ و تیلاک دھاری سنگہ و دوکھہ سنگہ و جیکندی سنگہ و کاشی سنگہ	و پیالو سنگہ و بھاری سنگہ و غیرہ و حصہ خیر و سنگہ و مراد سنگہ و برجل سنگہ و نیمو سنگہ حصہ کالی پرشاد و بھاری لعل جو جمع ۱۰ ۵۸۳ سہ قلم ح-ب منشائے دفعہ ۱۰ ایکٹ ۱۱ سند ۱۸۵۹ ع تقریق لاٹ ہی او مجال اجمالی تجمع ۵۳۶-۱۳ حصہ پریم سنگہ و کھدن لعل و اگری پرشاد و غیرہ کا بیالم ہوگا	

E. Lockwood, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Burdwan will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 23rd day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1875.

No. in the rent roll.	Class.	Names of mohals and pergunnahs.	Proprietors.	Government revenue. Rs. A. P.	REMARKS.
30	1st class per- manently settled.	4 annas share of Bhadra, pergun- nah Menohas- hee and Ranihat- tee	Hira Lal Baboo, Khadiza Bibee, herself and as guar- dian of minor Abdul Adool, Sham Churn Bandopadhyay, Kedar Nath Mookerjee, Brojo Mohan Ghose.	2,676 0 6	The following shares, in respect of which separate accounts have been opened under the provisions of Section 10 of Act XI of 1859, will be excluded from the sale, viz.— Rs. A. P. Brojo Mohan Ghose, 17 gundas share .. 143 9 1 Kedar Nath Moo- kerjee, 2 annas share .. 367 0 11 Khadiza Bibee, her- self and guardian of Abdul Adool, namely, 5 annas 10 gundas .. 926 0 4 Only the share of Hira Lal Baboo and Sham Churn Ban- dopadhyay, amounting to a sud- der panna of Rs. 1,399-6-1, will be sold. The estate to be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
124	Dist.	Chottiporebagwan, pergunnah Chot- tipore.	Gouras Prasad Mookhopadhyay, Sour Das Das, Sutta Butty Das, mother and guardian of minor Bissambher Bissone, Bannu Das Mookhopadhyay, Kasi Gaty, Baranah Gaty, Radhachon, Moostafee, Nobokist Bora, Lakhay Dass Moostafee, Lakhymony Dass, Sundardharan, Moostafee, Prakraser Mitter Mozoom- der, Rakkhai Das Mitter Mozoomder, Bama Sundry Dass, mother and guardian of minor Tino Gaty Dass, Gara Sundry Dass, Karamo Dass, Mohondro Gatte, Moostafee, Madhubgaty Moostafee, Binola Dass, mother and guardian of minors, Bhogabatygaty Moostafee, Parikagaty Moos- tafee, and guardian and grand- mother of Dharadass Gatt Moostafee.	2,044 5 6	The estate to be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Gya will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 3rd day of June 1875, or 14th day of Jeth 1282 F. S., for arrears of revenue due on 29th March 1875.

Pawise No.	Name of mahal and pergunnah.	Sudder jumma.	Arrears.	Name of the proprietor.	REMARKS
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
2257	Puttra, pergunnah Puchrookhee.	5-0 12 0	214 1 0	Sheik Fazal Imam, Sheikh Reusat Hossein.	The mahal is a permanently settled one.
			on account of revenue. Rs. 12-12-0		
			on account of road cess.		
4081	Hathara, pergunnah Uawal.	960 0 0	18 12 0	Takoor Pershad	In this estate the accounts of revenue of a share of Rs. 960 is usual, and the revenue has been paid up. Of the share of Rs. 60, of Takoor Pershad, which has been separated under Section 33 of Act XIX of 1814, Rs. 18-12-0 is due, and this share will therefore be put up to sale.

GYA COLLECTORATE, the 5th May 1875.

P. M. HALLIDAY, Collector.

نچہری ملکٹری ضلع گیا

اشہار نامہ نیلام مطابق دفعہ ۶ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع

وضوح ہو کہ محال مندرجہ ذیل بابت باقی مالگاری سرکار و دوسرا دعویٰ جو مطابق آئین و قانون مجاریہ کے باقی مالگاری سرکار کے طوع و موول ہونا چاہئے اور جو تاریخ ۲۹ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع نوٹا نہا تاریخ ۳ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۵ ع مطابق ۱۴ مارچ جیتھ سنہ ۱۲۸۲ فصلی روز پنجشنبہ کو اس ضلع کے صاحب ملکٹو کے کچہری میں نا مدر سب کے سامنے نیلام ہوگا

قسم محال	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و پرگنہ	جمع صدر	نام مالکان باقیدار	کیفیت
دائمی ۲۲۵۷	بہارا پرگنہ	۵۸۰ ۱۲	شیخ فضل امام و شیخ ریاست حسین قاضی	محال ہدم میں عاید حصہ دیگر مالکان اربعہ احمال ہی وہ بیدار ہی اور حصہ ٹھانر برشاد تہ جسکا جمع صدر ۶۰ ہی اور وہ از روئے دفعہ ۳ قانون ۱۹ سنہ ۱۸۱۴ ع علیحدہ تحصیل ہوتا ہی اسمین ۱۸ ۱۲ باقی چاہئے یہ حصہ نیلام ہوگا	
دائمی ۴۰۸۱	منہیا واپرگنہ ارول	۹۶۰	۵۷۵	۵ ۱۲	

تعمیر تاریخ ۲۸ اپریل ۱۸۷۵ ع

DONESH CHUNDER ROY, Dy. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6 of Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Rajshahye will be put up to public and an unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 31st day of May 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 29th day of March 1875.

Number on the towjee.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Names of proprietors.	Sudder jumma.	Amount of arrears.	REMARKS.
				Rs. A. P.	
256	1st class permanently settled estate Dahi Satal, pergunnah Govind-	Oswan Khatun, mother of Surayotodan and Kuzonlex Chowdhury, Satal Khatun Chowdhury, Jahan Nath Shakma Lahuri, Bahum Mayi Dahi, Shabaret of Mudun Mahan Thakur, Mo Khar Keshi Dahi, Goutamodan Satal, Bakta Sundhy Deber, Khenakar Ozerdeen, Sharoada Prosad Shukul, Moharun Shamesary Dahi, Leopi Bibor, alias Koozessa Chowdhury, Satal Khatun Chowdhury, Dukkina Kumary Das, Shyama Choron Shukder, minor, Roshun Chowdhury, Govindprosad, alias Gya Prosad, minor.	Sudder jumma of the entire estate, including police cess, Rs. 58,844-0; of which separate accounts have been opened (1) for Rs. 743-11-0, including police, on account of the 3 annas of rakom 13 annas, considered as the whole 16 annas belonging to Moharun Shabary Deber, under Section 10 of Act XI of 1859; (2) for Rs. 6503-0 including police, on account shares of Rapi Bibor, alias Koozessa Chowdhury, Satal Khatun Chowdhury, Dukkina Kumary Das, Shyama Choron Shukder, minor, and Roshun Chowdhury, under Section 11 of the Act; and (3) for Rs. 107-0 including police, on	Revenue ... 2 8 0 Police ... 2 7 0 Total ... 4 15 0	The estate, excepted from the share for which separate accounts have been opened to be put up to sale.
257	1st class permanently settled estate Kismet, pergunnah Hooghly.	Shabaret of Roshun Govind Thakur.	minor Arrears Police Total ... Rs. 2011-3-0 opened for Rs. 2011-3-0, which being deducted, the net jumma of the portion of the estate ... is Rs. 2794-11-0, including police, Rs. 279-0.	Revenue ... 8 1 7 0 Police ... 8 1 0 Total ... 16 2 7 0	The estate, excepted from the share for which separate accounts have been opened to be put up to sale.

W. H. D'OYLE, *Collector*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6 of Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate in the district of Palna will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Friday, the 28th May 1875, corresponding with the 12th B.S., for arrears of revenue, Rs. 520-11-10, and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as revenue due on the 29th March.

No. on the towjee.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Names of proprietors.	Amount of arrears.	REMARKS.
1	1st class permanently settled estate Kismet, pergunnah Hooghly.	Shabaret of Roshun Govind Thakur.	Revenue ... 8 1 7 0 Police ... 8 1 0 Total ... 16 2 7 0	The estate, excepted from the share for which separate accounts have been opened to be put up to sale.

FOR THE COLLECTOR, the 17th April 1875.

F. REES, *Offg. Collector*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Nuddea will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 17th day of June 1875, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 29th day of March 1875.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 17.—Dehi Alpha, pergunnah Bagwan; recorded proprietors Shantiram Rai and others; sudder jumma of the entire estate, Rs. 8,670-5-3, and police, Rs. 96-3-7. The share of Shantiram Rai and others in the estate, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 4,016-2-2½, and police, Rs. 44-14-8, will be sold for recovery of Rs. 237-15-11, on account of arrears of Government revenue. The shares of Rama Soondery Bugmania and others, the total sudder jumma of which is Rs. 4,624-3-0½, and police, Rs. 51-4-11, will be exempted from sale, as separate accounts have been opened, and a portion of the Government revenue due from them has been paid.

No. 117.—Dehi Chandi, pergunnah Pajmour; recorded proprietors Mr. John Cockrane, Official Assignee, and others; sudder jumma of the entire estate, Rs. 10,246-2-8, and police, Rs. 129-2-4. The share of Mr. John Cockrane and others in the estate, bearing a sudder jumma of Rs. 4,422-6-10, and police, Rs. 55-12-2, will be sold for recovery of arrears, Rs. 239-15-10, on account of Government revenue. The share of the other proprietors, Soorendronath Paul Chowdhuri and others, the total sudder jumma of which is Rs. 5,823-11-10, and police, Rs. 73-6-2, will be exempted from sale, as they have opened a separate account, and the Government revenue due from them has been paid.

No. 399.—Pergunnah Ukra, pergunnah Ukra; recorded proprietors Brindaban Chandra Sirkar Chowdhuri and others; sudder jumma of the entire estate, Rs. 61,546-4-2, and police, Rs. 326-4-8. The share of Brindaban Chandra and Srish Chandra Sirkar Chowdhuri in the estate, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 7,697-10-4, and police, Rs. 40-12-7, on account of which separate account has been opened in No. 399-3, will be sold for recovery of Rs. 1,016-5-3, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 423.—Dehi Peerpore, pergunnah Moonsibpore; recorded proprietors Moonshi Fuzzulali Korim and others; sudder jumma of the entire estate, Rs. 4,463-9-5, and police, Rs. 48-13-1. The share of Moonshi Fuzzulali Korim and others, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 3,032-9-5½, and police, Rs. 33-1-11½, will be sold for recovery of Rs. 128-4-3, due on account of Government revenue. The share of other proprietors, Doya Mohi Debia and others, sudder jumma Rs. 1,430-15-11½, and police, Rs. 15-11-1¾, will be exempted from sale, as they have separate accounts, and have paid the Government revenue due.

No. 433.—Kismut Rai Balli, pergunnah Bagwan; recorded proprietors Khudiram Rai and others; sudder jumma, Rs. 747-11-9, and police, Rs. 17-1-1. The share of Khudiram Rai and others, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 75-10-7½, and police, annas 15-5¾, will be sold for recovery of Rs. 14-11-3½, on account of Government revenue. The share of other proprietors, Dwarkanath Biswas and others, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 672-1-1½, and police, Rs. 16-1-7½, will be exempted from sale, as they have separate accounts, and have paid the Government revenue.

No. 438.—Taraf Ranaghat, taraf Ranaghat; recorded proprietors Issur Chandra Pal Chowdhuri and others; sudder jumma of the entire estate Rs. 1,359-14-3, and police, Rs. 15-16-5. The share of Issur Chandra Pal Chowdhuri and others in the estate, bearing a sudder jumma of Rs. 364-14-10, and police, Rs. 3-15-1, will be sold for recovery of Rs. 43-2-10, on account of arrears of Government revenue. The share of the other proprietors, Radamoya Dey Chowdhuri and others, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 994-15-5, and police, Rs. 11-11-2, will be exempted from sale, as they have opened separate accounts, and have paid the Government revenue.

No. 491.—Dehi Shadipore, pergunnah Rajpore; recorded proprietors Madhub Gati Mitra Moostafi and others; sudder jumma of the entire estate, Rs. 18,263-14-9. The share belonging to Shibnarain Chetlangee (sole purchaser), bearing sudder jumma Rs. 968-2-0½, will be sold for recovery of arrears, Rs. 89, on account of Government revenue. The share of other proprietors, Bhubanjaya Acharji and others, the total sudder jumma of which is Rs. 18,095-12-8½, will be exempted from sale, as they have opened a separate account.

C. C. STEVENS, Collector.

NUDDEA COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 12th May 1875.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates, in the district of Pubna, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Friday, the 11th June 1875, corresponding with 29th Joysto 1282 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th March 1875.

No. of mehal.	Name of mehal.	Name of Proprietor.	Gudder jumma.	Arrear for which the mehal is to be sold.	REMARKS.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1120	New accretion Kismat Bharrat, Pergunnah Paparash Narzipore.	Mohorn Nassa Bibi, Segirun Nassa Bibi, Tarabody Khan, Azimunn Nassa, Shoma Jan Bibi, Tanabally Khan, as per will executed by Azimunn Nassa and Shomajun Bibi, Sinto Money Debi, mother of Gacool and Mookundo Mozoomdar, minors, Mothoora Nath, Jadoo Nath Mozoomdars, Sharada Sundary Debi, mother of Roseek Lal Mozoomdar, minor, Harry Mohan Paul, Her Nath Paul, Krishna Nath Paul, Ramchin Saha, Sinto Money Debi, and Jehun Nassa, herself and mother and guardian of Noron Nassa Bibi, Aldabur Khan, and guardian of Kheda Dat Khan and Noron Nassa Bibi.	Revenue 755 14 11 Road fund 7 9 0	Revenue 155 14 11 Road fund 3 8 0	The whole mehal will be put up to sale.
1366	12 annas share of Kismat Amdah Bakhori, Pergunnah Barabagoo.	Bilau Bibi and others	Revenue 85 6 0	Revenue 0 14 4	Ditto ditto.

PUBNA COLLECTORATE, the 17th May 1875.

F. REES, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estates situate in the district of Fuzeshpore, will be put up to sale at the Fuzeshpore Collectorate on Saturday, the 26th June 1875, corresponding with 12th Ashar 1282 B. S.

The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

1st.—The purchaser of these estates will be considered as the proprietor of the estates, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estates will be transferred to him, the only right reserved by Government being the right of revising the jumma at the conclusion of the term of the present settlement, and on the expiration of all future settlements. If on settlement he should refuse to engage, he will be entitled to malikana. The estates will be sold subject, up to the expiry of the existing settlement in the year 1297 A.D., to the Government revenue against them, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force; and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one; or, if that be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estates to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number of Government Settlement.	Number in the district.	Name of estates and proprietors.	Approximate area in acres.	GOVERNMENT REVENUE. Revenue assessed.	Upset price.	REMARKS.
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
		Taluk Fuzeshpore Shome, per gachhka Khatipore Sugand.	10 acres.	10 0 0	25 0 0	Sale will have effect from the 1st April 1873.
		Taluk Bannath Shome	"	10 0 0		

FUZESHPORE COLLECTORATE, the 14th May 1875.

F. WYER, *Offg. Collector.*

মিলায়ের ইন্ডিফর।

জিলা ফরিদপুর।

ইন্ডিফরনামা কাছারি কালেক্টরি জেলা ফরিদপুর।

ইহার দ্বারায় সংবাদ দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে অত্র জেলার মহাবস্তী নিম্নের ইন্টেণ্ট মেণ্টের লিখিত থাম মজালাত বিক্রয়ের নিম্নলিখিত নিয়ম পত্রমতে গবর্ণমেণ্টের যে মালিকী কর্তৃ নিশ্চিষ্ট হইয়াছে তাহা ১৮৭২ সনের ১১ জুন মোঃ দাজলা ১৮৮০ সনের ১৩ আশাঢ় রোজ শনিবার অত্র জেলার কালেক্টরী বাছারিতে বিক্রয় হইবেক।

১। বিক্রয়ের নিম্নলিখিত নিয়ম খরিদারের মানিতে হইবেক।

৩। এই মজালার খরিদার মহাশয়ের ভূম্যধিকারী বলিয়া জ্ঞান হইবেক। আর বর্তমান বন্দোবস্তের মাদ ফরাইলে ও ইহার পর অন্য যে বন্দোবস্ত করা যায় তাহার মাদ ফরাইলে গবর্ণমেণ্টের জমা বাড়িয়া দিবার এক অধিকার রাখিয়া ঐ মজালে গবর্ণমেণ্টের যে অধিকারিত্ব স্বত্ত্ব থাকে তাহা সম্পূর্ণরূপে খরিদারকে হস্তান্তর করিয়া দেওয়া যাইবে নূতন বন্দোবস্ত হইবার সময় তিনি করারনামা দিতে সম্মত না হইলে তাহার মালিকানা পাইবার অধিকার থাকিবে। প্রথমত গত টাক ডাক হয় তাহার উপর যে দাক্তি অধিক ডাক, ঐ মজালের উপর গবর্ণমেণ্টের যে জমা পার্শ্ব হইল সেই জমা দিবার নিয়মে বর্তমান বন্দোবস্তের মাদ শেষ অর্থাৎ ইঃ ১৯০৭ পর্য্যন্ত সেই দাক্তিকে মজাল বিক্রয় করা যাইবে।

৪। বর্তমান পাট্টা এবং বন্দোবস্তের কার্য্য কি প্রবল আইন হইতে উৎপন্ন হইত সকল বিক্রয়ের পরেও বহল থাকিবে রাজস্বের বাধ্যকারকদিগের কৃত জমাবন্দিতে যেহেতু খোদবস্তা রাইয়ত স্বাক্ষর করিয়াছে ক্রেতার তাহারদিগের স্বত্ত্ব মানিতে বাধ্য হইবেক।

৫। একশত টাকার অনধিক পণ্য হইলে সেই সমুদয় টাকা তৎক্ষণাৎ দিতে হইবেক।

৬। একশত টাকার অধিক হইলে ডাকপণের চারি অংশের একাংশ তৎক্ষণাৎ দাখিল করিতে হইবে। বিক্রয়ের দিবস এক দিন পরিয়া গণনা করিলে বিক্রয়ান্তর পঞ্চদশ দিনের মধ্যেই দাখিল করা যাইবে। সেই দিবস বন্ধের দিন হইলে তৎপরে প্রথম যে দিন কাছারী খোলা যায় সেই দিনের মধ্যেই দাখিল করা যাইবে। অধিক টাকা দাখিল না হয় তবে বিক্রয় রহিত ও গচ্ছিত টাকা গবর্ণমেণ্টে জমা হইবে ও প্রথম স্থলীয় বিক্রয়ের ন্যায় পুনর্বার বিক্রয়পত্র প্রকাশ করণ পূর্ব্বক ঐ টাকার ক্রেতার ঙ্গিকিতে সেই মহান পুনর্বার বিক্রয় হইবে।

নং	নং	পাণ্ডা ও	এবং অধিকার করার পত্র নামাধিক	পাণ্ডা হওয়া পূর্ব্বক জমা	নং	মন্তব্য
১৩৫ নং	১৩৭১ নং	পা. কালিকণের অধিকার	১০ একর	১০০	২৪০	ইঃ ১৮৭২ সালের ১ অপ্রিল হইতে এই মজালার কাল গণনা হইবে অর্থাৎ জরি হইবে।
১৩৬ নং	১৩৭২ নং	ডাঃ বালেশ্বর শেখ	১০ একর	১০০	২৪০	

F. WYER, *Cyfr. Collector.*

Notice.

THE quit-rent of the undermentioned leases in the district of Darjeeling being in arrears, notice is hereby given that if the amount due from the location be not paid within two months from this date, the leases remaining unpaid will be resumed by Government under Supplementary Rule No. 1, for grant of locations at Darjeeling.

No. of lease	Name of lessee	Amount.
		R. A. P.
172	Colonel G. B. Mainwaring	50 0 0
94	Ditto	50 0 0
104	Ditto	50 0 0

A. W. PAUL, *Asst. Commr., in charge*

DEPT. COMM'R'S OFFICE, DARJEELING, 13th May 1875.

NOTICE is hereby given that leases of the undermentioned lime-quarries, situate in the Khasi and Jynteah Hills, will be put up to auction on 1st October 1875, at the upset price mentioned opposite the mehals, for a period of two and a half years.

The rent payable half-yearly in advance.

No.	Names of Quarries.	Where situate.	Upset price per annum.
<i>In Jaintia Hills.</i>			Rs. A. I
1	Choon Cherra, Letting Cherra.	North—By high hills ... South—By northern boundary of Sylhet district ... East—By Teehang and Borgong rivers ... West—By Ooloo Cherra, <i>alias</i> Nowgong stream ...	14,510 0
	Rowai Cherra	North—By high hills of Lakadong, or the south boundary of Lamaposhree lime-quarry ... South—By northern boundary of Sylhet district ... East—By Looba or Looka river ... West—By Teehang and Borgong streams ...	
2	Uthma Cherra	North—By as far as limestone beds extend within the boundary of Uthma Poonjee ... South—By southern bank of the Pakhee Cherra stream ... East—By Pecha Cherra stream ... West—By Bhooban Cherra stream ...	6,075 0 0
3	Roop Nath	North—By as far as limestone exists in this direction in lands pertaining to the village ... South—By boundary of Sylhet district ... East—By Oolocherra river ... West—By old road leading to Amwie Poonjee from the plains ...	1,516 0 0
4	Nongtholong Poonjee.	North—By Padoo and Pamladang Poonjee ... South—By boundary of Sylhet district ... East—By old road leading from the plains to Amwie Poonjee ... West—By Mungat river and Borseel ...	1,016 0 0
5	Lama Poshree	North—By Lakadong ... South—By boundary of Rowai lime-stone quarry ... East—By western boundary of the lands appertaining to Mooralce Poonjee ... West—By Mungat river and Borseel ...	815 0 0
6	Mooralce Cherra	North—By Sootang Poonjee ... South—By northern boundary of Rowai lime-quarry ... East—By Looba or Looka river ... West—By western limit of lands appertaining to Mooralh Poonjee ...	206 0 0
<i>In Bhowal State, Khasi Hills.</i>			
7	Patharia Cherra	North—By Ichadora ... South—By right bank of Patharia Cherra from Ichadora ... East—By to Nowgong ... West—By Joyram Jhoora ...	6,025 0 0
<i>In Maharam State, Khasi Hills.</i>			
8	Ram Semdem Raske.	North—By Chapagor ... South—By Pock Cherra ... East—By Kalaram Rai Cherra ... West—By Hurria Tilla Lohul ...	2,010 0 0
<i>In Malai Cherrat State, Khasi Hills.</i>			
9	Nokria Cherra	North—By south bank of Majdoora ... South—By Pandendish jungle ... East—By Mashim Khasin's garden ... West—By Shu Sing Khasin's garden ...	500 0 0
<i>In Khasi Hills.</i>			
	Bor Poonjee	North—By lands pertaining to Cherra State ... South—By lands of mouzah Kalairag and of mouzah Bejoy Panduah in Sylhet ... East—By the west bank of Bhooban Cherra ... West—By Doorga Seel ...	420 0 0

H. S. BIVAR, *Deputy Commissioner, Khasi and Jynteah Hills.*

SUBLEUNG DEPUTY COMM'R.'S OFFICE, the 20th April 1875.

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CALCUTTA, the 22nd September 1875.

Publications for Sale at the Bengal Secretariat Press.

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The Bengal Administration Report for 1872-73.	"	...	"	7	8	0
Map of Bengal, 1873, price, if taken with the Report	"	1	0	0
Ditto, separately	"	2	0	0
Report on the Census of Bengal, 1872. By H. Beverley, Esq., c.s., Registrar General of Bengal	Rs.	10	0	0
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Report on the Cultivation of, and Trade in, Jute in Bengal, and on Indian Fibres available for the Manufacture of Paper, with map. By H.M. CHUNDER KEER, Deputy Magistrate on special duty.	Price	...	Rs.	8	0	0
A Report on the District of Jessore: its Antiquities, its History, and its Commerce. (Second Edition, Revised and Corrected). By J. WESTLAND, Esq., c.s., late Magistrate and Collector of Jessore	Price	...	Rs.	3	0	0
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Selections from the Supplement to the <i>Calcutta Gazette</i> , 1871 to 1874.	Price	...	Rs.	2	8	0
Report on the Effects of Artificial Respiration, Intravenous Injection of Ammonia, and Administration of various Drugs, &c., in Indian and Australian Snake-poisoning; and the Physiological, Chemical, and Microscopical Nature of Snake-Poisons. By the Commission appointed to investigate the subject.	Price	...	Rs.	3	0	0
A Manual of Family Medicine for India. By W. J. Moore, Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh; Member of the Royal College of Surgeons of England; Fellow of the University of Bombay; Surgeon-Major H. M. Indian Medical Service, Bombay Establishment; Surgeon to the Rajpootana Political Agency; and Superintendent-General of Dispensaries and Vaccination for Rajpootana.	Price:					
To Government Officers (except those mentioned below), and to the Public at large.	Rs.	1	0	0
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The Quarterly Civil List for Bengal, corrected up to the 1st of April 1875.	Price Rs. 3, postage 8 annas.					

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Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following Packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act:—

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships
1875.			
May 19th ...	2 ¹ Pieces Pig Iron, no mark ...	Nicol Fleming & Co.	S. S. City of Mecca.
" 21st ...	8 Cases, C C & H ...	Order	S. S. John Tennant.
" 21st ...	1 Case, C N ...	"	Ditto.
" 21st ...	1 Keg Red Lead, F. H. & Co. ...	F. Harley & Co.	Ditto.
" 21st ...	1 Column, H C ...	E. & Oesterley & Co.	Ditto.
" 21st ...	46 Loose Sheets, no mark or D N ...	Stewart, Mackenzie & Co.	Ditto.
" 21st ...	1 Bundle Sheet Iron, no mark or D N ...		
" 21st ...	12 Bundles Sheet Iron, D D W ...		
" 21st ...	17 Bundles Round and Square Iron, no mark ...	Order	Ditto.
21st ...	A quantity of loose square and round Nail Iron, no mark ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	2 Bars Square, no mark ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	8 Pieces Square Bars, no mark ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	50 Half Round Bars, no mark ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	1 Round Rod, no mark ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	8 Bbles. Round Iron, no mark ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	40 Bbles. Hoop Iron, no mark ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	2 Flat Bars, no mark ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	5 Cases, [J P G] G & Co. ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	10 Cases, [K & T & Co.] ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	10 Kegs Sulphate of Copper, K. T. & Co. or no mark ...	Kerr, Tarruck & Co.	Ditto.
21st ...	1 Keg White Lead, K. T. & Co., or no mark ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	2 Cases, J. Kennedy ...	Addressed	Ditto.
21st ...	2 Cases, [M T C] ...	Order	Ditto.
21st ...	3 Casks, [M H & Co.] ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	1 Shovel, no mark or J. C. G. ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	2 Kegs White Paint, no mark ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	A quantity of galvanized Sheets, no mark ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	1 Basket Rivets, no mark ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	1 Basket Copper Nails, no mark ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	2 Cogwheels, no mark ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	1 Keg red Lead, no mark ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	5 Kegs Sulphate of Copper, no mark ...	Kerr, Tarruck & Co.	Ditto.
21st ...	2 Kegs White Paint, no mark ...	Order	Ditto.
21st ...	4 Iron Tubes, on mark or M. B. & Co.	McIntosh Burn & Co.	Ditto.
21st ...	2 Cases, R. S. Staunton ...	Addressed	Ditto.
21st ...	2 Casks, [533] S M S T ...	S. Kilburn & Co.	Ditto.
21st ...	2 Cases, [V S & Co.] L B C ...	Order	Ditto.
21st ...	2 Cases, [W C M] ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	1 Sample Parcel, W. Bras. & Co.	Addressed	Ditto.
20th ...	10 Flat Bars, X 1 in white or yellow ...	Choonee Lall Coondoe & Co.	St. Marnock.
20th ...	7 Broken Pieces X 1 in white or yellow ...	Order	Ditto.
20th ...	1 Case, B B C ...	"	S. S. City of Baltimore.
20th ...	1 Bale, [B I S N C] R R W ...	"	Ditto.
20th ...	1 Case, A. D. Brandis ...	Addressed	Ditto.
20th ...	1 Case, E & O ...	E. & Oesterley & Co.	Ditto.
20th ...	220 Sheets Iron, B D B ...	Petumber Pyne & Co.	Ditto.
20th ...	1 Case, Peel Jacob & Co. ...	Addressed	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1875.			
May 20th ...	6 Bales, [K. T. C. & Co.] ...	Kerr, Tarruck & Co.	S. S. City of Bal- timore.
.. 20th ...	1 Bale, [N N F] ...	Nicol, Fleming & Co.	Ditto.
.. 20th ...	5 Cases, [S K C] ...	Order	Ditto.
.. 20th ...	4 Cases, [V. S. & Co.] L R C ...	"	Ditto.
.. 20th ...	1 Truss, Horren Schröder Smidt & Co. ...	Addressed	Ditto.
20th ...	1 Parcel, H B, F. W. Heilgers & Co.	"	Ditto.
20th ...	1 Truss, [H] P J ...	Order	Ditto.
15th ...	1 Case, G. Arbuthnot & Co. ...	Addressed	Ditto.
15th ...	1 Case, Agri-Horticultural Society, Lucknow ...	M. Lyell & Co.	Ditto.
15th ...	49 Packages, [B I S N C] ...	M. Mackenzie & Co.	Ditto.
5th ...	2 Cases, [B & R D] W C S R ...	Order	Ditto.
5th ...	1 Case, [D] G S ...	"	Ditto.
5th ...	1 Case, [D] N E. M. & Co., C F. Muir & Co.	"	Ditto.
5th ...	3 Cases, [E N] N F S M P W C	Order	Ditto.
5th ...	1 Case, M. Fox, Esq., E. I. Rail- way, Smahabad ...	Addressed	Ditto.
15th ...	2 Cases, H M & S ...	Order	Ditto.
15th ...	21 Kegs, K & L ...	"	Ditto.
15th ...	1 Case, [K N C] ...	"	Ditto.
15th ...	4 Cases, [M P W, K. A. & Co.] S C ...	"	Ditto.
15th ...	10 Cases, [L M S L] W C S K ...	"	Ditto.
15th ...	2 Cases, [L N R D] W C S K ...	"	Ditto.
15th ...	1 Case, [M K R] N E, Agra ...	"	Ditto.
15th ...	18 Kegs, no mark ...	"	Ditto.
15th ...	4 Packages, [B & Co.] S C M P W ...	"	Ditto.
15th ...	20 Cases, [R D] & Co. ...	"	Ditto.
15th ...	8 Cases, [S B & S] N E, Agra ...	"	Ditto.
15th ...	1 Case, [W E] ...	"	Ditto.
15th ...	27 Cases Spelter, [] ...	"	Ditto.
15th ...	21 Cases Spelter, [] ...	"	Ditto.
15th ...	2 Broken Pieces Spelter, [] ...	"	Ditto.
15th ...	6 Cases, [S K C] ...	"	Ditto.
15th ...	1 Case, [S Sate] ...	F. Muir & Co.	Ditto.
15th ...	4 Cases, [V S & Co.] L R C ...	Order	Ditto.
15th ...	1 Sample Case, A S or G. Arbuth- not & Co. ...	Addressed	Ditto.
15th ...	1 Sample Parcel, M C or ...	M. Mackenzie & Co.	Ditto.
15th ...	1 Sample Parcel ...	Kerr, Tarruck & Co.	Ditto.
15th ...	1 Case, [P. B. B. L. & Co.] ...	Order	Ditto.
15th ...	5 Broken Pieces of Pipes [U] or no mark ...	T. E. Thomson & Co.	Ditto.
15th ...	1 Case, M. Fox ...	Addressed	Ditto.
15th ...	361 Bundle Rod Iron, X m r d ...	Order	Ditto.
15th ...	1 Pipe, R M A ...	"	Ditto.
15th ...	1 Piece, U L ...	"	Ditto.
21st ...	1 Gas Tap, A K L or no mark	King and Lockhart.	Ditto.
21st ...	110 Bars, H A H A or H A M A	Order	S. S. Sea
19th ...	8 Cases, R. R. & Co. ...	B. da N. Rockart	Peter Smart
19th ...	11 Pieces, G B R ...	Order	Ditto.
19th ...	4 Bales, Sheet Iron, P P or no mark ...	"	Ditto.
19th ...	2 Loose Sheets, P. P. or no mark.	"	Ditto.
19th ...	57 Square Bars, no mark or K L D	"	Ditto.
19th ...	52 Flat Bars, no mark or K L D	"	Ditto.
19th ...	5 Bales, Square Iron, no mark	"	Ditto.
19th ...	9 Half-round Bars, no mark or B M ...	"	Ditto.
19th ...	59 Flat Bars, no mark or P C G ...	"	Ditto.
19th ...	152 Round Bolts, no mark or K L D	"	Ditto.
19th ...	1 Flat Bar, X X white or no mark	Order	Ditto.
19th ...	17 Bolts, Round Bolts, no mark or K L ...	"	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse 1875.	No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
May 19th ...	30 Bars Oval Iron, no mark ... Order	...	Peter Stuart.
" 19th ...	50 Bbles. Oval & Half-round, no mark	...	Ditto.
" 19th ...	3 Casks, L S & G S	...	Ditto.
" 19th ...	1 Case, N K M	...	Ditto.
" 19th ...	1 Case, R R M N K M	...	Ditto.
" 19th ...	A quantity of Fire-bricks, Ramsay, or no mark	...	Ditto.
" 19th ...	3033 Cakes Spelter [H]	...	Ditto.
" 19th ...	20 Broken Pieces of Spelter [H]	...	Ditto.
" 19th ...	3 Cakes Spelter, L	...	Ditto.
" 19th ...	8 Broken Pieces of Spelter, L	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	5 Packages, [225] A. B. & Co.	...	City of Paris.
" 18th ...	2 Packages, = "416" =	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	2 Cases, = "279" =	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	1 Case, = "235" =	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	2 Cases, [258 C] A. B. & Co.	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	4 Cases, [B M G 1] A. P. & Co.	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	20 Cases, [H & E] C & B	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	1 Case, H A & M A	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	2 Casks, K. L. D. & Co.	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	3 Casks, [P C]	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	6 Casks Cement, [R. & Co.]	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	50 Casks Cement, [194] B M G, W. H. & Co.	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	32 Packages, [W. & Co.] Y M	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	3 Cases, [W & Co.] J I.	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	1 Case, [W. & Co.] J P	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	15 Cases, [W. & Co.] G S	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	26 Bales, [W. & Co.] G & S	...	Ditto.
" 18th ...	30 Cases, [W & Co.]	...	Ditto.
	1 Case, Wyman and Co.	Addressed	Ditto.

CALCUTTA, the 22nd May 1875.

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D. SCOTT, *Offg. Vice-Chairman*

Notice.

List of Unclaimed Packages on the Custom House Wharf.

	Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
1 Box, Samples of Gunpowder, at Mayapore Magazine, [Z]	...	Ellen Stuart.
1004 Boxes, Gunpowder, } ditto ditto, R B R 1-100		Ditto.
1 Box, Samples Gunpowder, } ditto		
80 Quarter boxes, Gunpowder, } ditto ditto, Z D 337-416		Ditto.
1 Box, Samples, Gunpowder, } ditto		
1 Box, Samples, Gunpowder, } ditto ditto, K C B		Ditto.
1 Parcel, Miss Walker, care of Major Walker, 32nd Punjab Pioneers, Balmor, Lawrie, & Co.	...	China.
1 Parcel, H. H. Parry	...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, George Henderson & Co., Agents, Burrangore Jute Factory Company, Limited	...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, William Moran & Co.	...	Cassandra.
1 Bag, G. H.	...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, William Moran & Co.	...	Thames
2 Cases, Window Glasses, no mark	...	Indian Merchant
4 Casks, Cement, no mark	...	Ditto.
1 Case, Saws, no mark	...	Ditto.
1 Case, Locks, no mark	...	Ditto.
2 Cases, Wines, no mark	...	Ditto.
1 Bag, Knives and Forks, no mark	...	Ditto.
1 Basket, Ink, no mark	...	Ditto.
1 Case, Varnish, no mark	...	Ditto.
12 Blocks, no mark	...	Ditto.
1 Case, Flat-d hair, no mark	...	Ditto.
22 Barrils, no marks	...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, Captain Lewis, R. N. R., Stmr. Arabia, Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Calcutta	...	Malda.
1 Parcel, [4 B & G] G	...	Malwa.
3 Bunnies, Rattan, no mark	...	China.

N.B.—The above will be sold if not cleared within the 12th June 1875.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, the 22nd May 1875.

J. D. MACLEAN, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

The following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Serial No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
9	L 85376	5	The Offg. Post-Master-General, Bengal:
	" 85375	5	
	" 38610	5	
	" 11178	10	
10	L 65127	100	Balmokund Khettry.
11	L 02185	20	Mutty Ram Shaw.
13	L 70623	100	Hurry Mohun Dey.
14	L 30095	1,000	Mahomed Seedek and Karreem Ellahie.
15	L 55485	5	Masood Hossain Khan.
16	L 94380	100	W. Ferris, Esq., Inspector, for Mr. T. Mitchell.
	" 04422	100	
	" 00586	100	
	" 74876	100	
	" 61727	50	
	" 45364	50	
	" 46659	50	
	" 22218	50	
17	L 26337	20	
18	L 19199	50	Messrs. Francis, Ramsay & Co.
	" 34137	10	Nobo Kissen Ghose.
19	L 52392	100	
20	L 18134	10	Kooloda Prasad Sen.
21	L 58749	100	The Offg. Post-Master General, Bengal.
	" 54052	100	H. Cosman.
	" 25952	100	
	" 09373	100	
	" 56470	100	
22	L 92158	100	Hakeem Doorga Prasad.
23	L 00662	100	G. Groves.
24	L 28332	50	Messrs. King, Hamilton and Co.
25	L 78796	100	John Driscoll, Inspector.
	" 42349	100	
26	L 77636	100	Sakni Chund.
	" 71260	100	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

	L 16930	10	Suffer Khan.
	" 16930		
	" 69501	20	Mohendro Nath Ghose.
	L 59256		
	L 57935	10	Messrs. King, King & Co.
	" 57934		
10	L 94565	10	Brudjo Nath Pa
	" 91575		
1	L 70828	5	Chunder Mohun Mozeondar.
	" 70829		
	L 69121	10	A. Dassier.
	" 69122		
	L 98733	5	R. C. Perry.
	" 98734		
14	L 20938		Major J. M. Greame.
	" 20939		
15	L 83367	5	Jedo Nath Pan.
	" 83364		
16	L 90492	5	Brojo Lall Baj Pie.
	" 90401		
17	L 74746	10	Nobin Chunder Ghose.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Ra.	
18	... A 70567	20	... W. F. Graham.
19	... L 11486	5	... Mohesh Chunder Sarosatty.
20	... A 52690	20	... Mohendro Nath Ghose.
21	... L 04684	100	... Shaik Soruapo Bapari.
22	... L 53490	50	... Nawab Mahomed Ally Khan.
23	... A 26692	50	... } Messrs. Ahmuty & Co.
	... L 76187	10	
	... L 32851	20	
	... L 48088	20	
	... L 91195	100	
24	... L 18767	50	... Jogo Mohun Sing.
25	... L 26541	10	... Moonshee Showkut Ally
26	... L 57029	5	... } H. H. Davis.
	... L 57036	5	
	... L 57038	5	
	... L 57039	5	
27	... L 18235	20	... } Bhola Nath Dey.
	... L 85262	20	
28	... L 56285	10	... } Brojodall Das.
	... L 56273	10	
	... L 56278	10	
	... L 56282	10	
	... L 56262	10	
29	... L 63482	50	... Mrs. Schoeniman.
17	... L 99386	10	... The Treasury Office, Dharmasala
	... L 67807		
18	... A 97282	10	... Madhub Lal Shaw
	... L 97283		
19	... L 51649	5	... A. F. Gahinda.
	... L 51749	5	
20	... L 25192	5	... Savial D. Razario.
	... L 25191		
21	... L 81128	20	... } Kissore Mohun Pyno
	... L 27242		
	... L 24088	10	
	... L 19563		
	... L 37749	5	
	... L 23165	100	... } Petamber Banerjee.
30	... L 70103		
	... L 74223		
	... L 71741		
	... L 74222	100	
31	... L 61919	5	... Raghoo Nath Das.
32	... L 28222	10	... } James Auger.
	... L 53915	20	
33	... L 45291	20	... T. Curtis.
34	... L 67594	10	... Jankee Pershad.
35	... L 22600	20	... } William Thomas.
	... L 26913	10	
36	... L 50199	10	... Sree Nath Chuckerbatty.
37	... L 16294	100	... } Lake Nath Podder.
	... L 23575	50	
	... L 39958	50	
	... L 11260	50	
	... L 11268	50	
	... L 53245	50	
	... L 99394	50	
38	... L 99484	10	... Naro Kanto Boroob.
39	... L 90154	10	... Syed Kasim Ali.
40	... L 03435	10	... } J. C. Dandor.
	... L 84514	10	

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,
The 25th May 1875.

D. A. STEENDAER
Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.

Bhagirutty River.

Weekly Water Report showing the Least Depth of Water in the Bhagirutty River for the week ending Friday, the 21st May 1875.

Names of Places, &c.	Least depth of water	REMARKS.
	Ft. In.	
Entrance below Choura-in	4 0	
Thence to Nodapore junction, 6 miles	3 3	
" to Jungipore, 4 miles	3 6	
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles	3 6	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles	2 6	
From Cutwa to Nudda, 46 miles	3 3	

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 24th May 1875, above zero, 2 feet 14 inches.

T. H. WICKES, C.E., *Exc. Engr., Nudda Rivers Division.*

BERHAMPORE, the 24th May 1875.

Notice.

REQUIRED for the Rajshahye District, from the 1st October next, a District Engineer on a salary not exceeding Rs. 500 per mensem having professional education, and qualifications equal to those of an Executive Engineer, Public Works Department. No applications will be considered unless they are accompanied by certificates of qualification.

W. H. D'OYLY, *Chairman, District Road Cess Committee.*

RAJSHAHYE, DISTRICT ROAD CESS COMMITTEE'S OFFICE, the 27th April 1875.

Notice.

WANTED for the Rajshahye District, from 1st October 1875, a District Engineer on a salary of Rs. 500 per mensem. All candidates must possess qualifications equal to those of an Executive Engineer, Public Works Department. Applications must be received by the 1st August 1875.

N. ALLEN, Secy.

COMMISSIONER, TIRUPATI, the 14th May 1875.

Notice.

THE Zemindars, Talukdars of the District of 24 Pargannas for the year 1875-76 at the rate of seven annas and one pie per acre. Tax that is not paid should be paid into the Treasury before the 1st of July 1875, and that the rate should be paid one year before the January 1875.

W. S. WATTS, *C. S. B. Secy. to the 24 Pargannas.*

REQUIRED for the Moorsshedabad District, from the 1st July 1875, a District Engineer, on a salary of Rs. 400 rising to Rs. 500 per mensem. All candidates must possess qualifications equal to those of an Executive Engineer, Public Works Department.

An Overseer is also required on Rs. 20 per mensem with Rs. 25 horse allowance. No application will be received after the 15th June 1875.

W. WATSON, *Chairman of the District Road Cess Committee.*

BERHAMPORE, the 22nd May 1875.

Notice.

WANTED a Tax Collector and Road Overseer for the Jungipore Town, District Moorsshedabad. Salary Rs. 20 per month. Applications, with copies of testimonials, will be received by the undersigned till the 11th proximo. None need apply who has no knowledge of surveying, and cannot give security in the sum of Rs. 500. A. C. TUTE, *Asst. Magistrate.*

JUNGIPORE, the 11th May 1875.

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Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 18th May 1875.

LIABILITIES.			Rs.	A.	P.	ASSETS.			Rs.	A.	P.
Proprietors' capital, paid-up	...	...	3,30,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	...	...	1,41,00,207	8	9
Reserve Fund	...	...	16,05,235	13	1	Loans on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	...	...	70,42,400	13	2
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	...	Rs. 2,31,82,491	13	3		Accounts of credit on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	...	...	82,10,077	13	3
General Treasury Balance at Branches	...	1,55,94,619	7	7½		Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches	...	...	2,33,92,289	6	1
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	...	1,86,88,517	1	4	Dead Stock	...	...	10,70,198	5	0
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	...	2,28,300	9	11	Stamps	...	...	11,746	14	5
Sundries	...	...	9,22,416	10	11	Balances with other banks	...	...	7,84,863	1	0
						Sundries	...	...	27,637	11	9
						Bullion	...	...	51,526	14	0
									5,60,09,638	7	5
						Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	...	Rs. 1,13,54,472-7-0	2,65,31,833	0	5
						Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	...	1,51,77,400-9-8			
Total	...		8,23,01,571	8	1	Total	...		8,22,01,571	8	1

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 20th May 1875.

J. GORDON,
Chief Accountant & Deputy Secretary.

R. HARDIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.
(217—1)

No. 1.—ANNUAL STATEMENT.

Abstract of Operations of the Government Savings' Bank from 1st April 1874 to 31st March 1875.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Balance due to Depositors in 1873-74	35,41,722	1	6
Deposits in 1874-75	11,93,428	12	4	
Interest allowed to Depositors in 1874-75	1,18,133	0	3	
				13,11,561	12	7
				48,53,284	1	1
Deduct—						
Withdrawals in 1874-75	16,80,919	10	9	
Investment in Government loans	62,168	14	7	
				17,43,088	9	4
Balance	31,10,195	7	9
LIABILITIES.						
Balance due to Depositors in 1874-75	31,10,195	7	9
ASSETS.						
Due by general books	29,92,062	7	5	
Interest allowed to Depositors in 1874-75	1,18,133	0	3	
				31,10,195	7	9

R. HARDIE, Secretary & Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL, GOVT. SAVINGS' BANK, Calcutta, 19th March 1875. (215—1)

Notification

UNDER REGULATION V OF 1799

CERTAIN effects belonging to Lieutenant C. F. Cooke, R.E., who died of cholera at Nowgong, in Rajshahye, on the 10th April 1875, are in charge of the Executive Engineer, Bogra Special Division, on behalf of this Court, and will be delivered to any person who may be duly authorized to receive the same.

J. B. WORGAN, Offg. District Judge.

RAJSHAHYE DISTRICT JUDGE'S COURT, the 3rd May 1875.

(191—3)

div, and outstanding

interest in
of Bengal

5/

EST. DEDUCTIONS	
1863-60.	5 1/2 per cent. loan of
1860-67.	5 per cent. loan of
1867-77.	15 years.
1877.	Repayable June 1882

1863-60.	5 1/2 per cent. loan of
1860-67.	5 per cent. loan of
1867-77.	15 years.
1877.	Repayable June 1882

5/

1863-60.	5 1/2 per cent. loan of
1860-67.	5 per cent. loan of
1867-77.	15 years.
1877.	Repayable June 1882

PART

Balance of 30th April 187

And—

Amount enclosed at
May 1875
Amount enclosed at B
May 1875
Amount enclosed at C
May 1875

Deduct—

Amount written off incl
Balance on 15th May 18

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE
Calcutta, the 1
1875

RULE,
TREASURER

Notice.

CALCUTTA MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the valuation and measurement of the portion of the town noted in the margin have been completed, and that the books containing the said valuations and the rates assessed can be inspected on any day (Sundays and holidays excepted) at the office of the Justices between the hours of 11 A.M. and 4 P.M. free of charge.

North—by Simtollah Ghat Street and Nontoll Ghat.
South—by Cotton Street and Meer-
bahu Ghat.
East—by Chitpore Road.
West—by River Hooghly.

It is further notified that the Justices will, on the 17th June 1875, at noon, hear any appeals against the said valuations, measurements, and assessments, and any person desirous of appealing against the said valuations, measurements, and assessments, must do so by a written application, which must be left at the office of the Justices three clear days before the date fixed for hearing of said appeals. No appeals will be heard unless the amount of the rate has been deposited with the Justices, and unless such appeals be preferred by the person who, at the time the appeal is made, shall be recorded in the assessment register as the owner or occupier of the premises to which such appeal refers.

(219—1)

ROBERT TURNBULL, *Secy. to the Justices of the Peace.*

Budge-Budge Jute Mills Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that the Second Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 4, Clive Row, on Saturday, 29th current, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving the Accounts and the Directors' Report for the year ending 30th April last, and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

CALCUTTA, 14th May 1875.

(213—1)

ANDREW YULE & Co., *Agents.*

The Bengal Coal Company, "Limited."

THE Half-yearly General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 27, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, at 11 o'clock A.M., on Saturday, the 12th June 1875.

(208—4)

By order of the Directors,

T. M. ROBINSON, *Managing Director.*

Eastern Cachar Tea Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Eastern Cachar Tea Company, Limited, will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 14, Old Court House Street, on Saturday, the 29th current, at half-past 12 P.M., for the following purposes:—

1st.—To confirm the arrangements now in progress for the formation of the new Mithamora Garden.

2nd.—To sanction an increase of the capital of the Company by Rs. 1,40,000, to meet cost of extension and formation of the new garden.

CALCUTTA, the 13th May 1875. S. G. McINTOSH AND Co., *Agents and Secretaries.*

(207—2)

Eastern Cachar Tea Company, "Limited."

SEASON 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Eastern Cachar Tea Company, "Limited," will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 14, Old Court House Street, on Saturday, the 29th May, at noon, to receive the Directors' Report and Accounts for the year ending 31st January 1875, to declare a further Dividend, and to transact such other business as may be brought forward.

CALCUTTA, the 14th May 1875. (206—2) S. G. McINTOSH & Co., *Agents and Secretaries.*

Great Eastern Hotel, Wine and General Purveying Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that the Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Nos. 1, 2, and 3, Old Court House Street, on Saturday, the 29th May 1875, at 3 o'clock P.M., to receive the Directors' Report, to pass the Accounts for the year ended 28th February last, to declare a Dividend, and to transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting.

CALCUTTA, the 27th April 1875.

(190—5)

By order of the Directors,

A. CUMMING, *Secretary.*

Great Eastern Hotel Wine and General Purveying Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that the Transfer Register of this Company will be closed from Saturday, the 22nd instant, to Saturday, the 29th idem, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,

CALCUTTA, the 18th May 1875.

(214—2)

A. CUMMING, *Secretary.*

Howrah Mills Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the office of the Company, No. 8, New China Bazar Street, on Saturday, the 12th June 1875, at 3 o'clock P.M., for the purpose of confirming the special Resolution passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on the 22nd May 1875, whereby certain alterations, additions, and amendments in the Company's Articles of Association were adopted.

By order of the Directors,

ERNSTHAUSEN AND ORSTERLEY, *Managing Agents and Secretaries.*
CALCUTTA, the 25th May 1875. (220-3)

Notice.**ODDH AND ROHILKUND RAILWAY COMPANY.**

A CONSIDERABLE sum in Currency Notes was lately found on the O. and R. Railway. The owner can have them on furnishing full particulars and paying expenses.

LUCKNOW, the 16th April 1875. (203-3)

Notice.

THE letting of the Zemindaries belonging to the estate of the late Kistonundo Biswas, which was advertised for Friday next, the 14th day of May instant, has been postponed to Friday, the 28th idem, at one o'clock in the afternoon, when the Receiver of the High Court will put up the same for lease at his office, in the High Court premises.

HIGH COURT RECEIVER'S OFFICE, the 11th May 1875. (202-2)

Notice.

THE interest and responsibility of the late Baboo Bhogobutty Churn Law in our firm ceased on the 30th April last. (184-4) PRAWNKISSEN LAW AND CO.

Notice.

MR. ALEXANDER ANDERSON is authorized to sign our firm per procuration.
(186-f.n.)

MACKINSON, MACKENZIE & CO.

Notice.

INTEREST draft for Rs. 90, No. 008827, dated 12th February 1875, in favor of Meghlol Dhur, has been lost. Any one restoring the same to the undersigned will be rewarded if required. (194-3) MUDGOOSODEN DUTT.

Stolen.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 019889, of the 4 per cent. of 1842-43, for Rs. 5,400, and Nos. 008612 and 011382, of the 4 per cent. of 1835-36, for Rs. 2,000, each being Rs. 1,000, originally standing in the name of Kadumbine Dabie, the proprietress, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is to be made for the issue of duplicates in favor of the proprietress.

(196-3) KADUMBINE DABIE, *Scrapore, Zillah Hooghly.*

Lost.

THE following Government Promissory Notes—

No. 008612, for Rs. 1,000, of 4 per cent., dated the 31st March 1835-36.

No. 011382, for Rs. 1,000, of 4 per cent., dated the 31st March 1835-36.

No. 019889, for Rs. 5,400, dated the 1st February 1842-43.

(190-3) W. D. PRATT, *District Superintendent of Police, Hooghly.*

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

IN the matter of KISSENCHUND MITTER, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 12th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Mohendronauth Holdar, *Attorney.*

IN the matter of MONMOHUN MITTER, an Insolvent

On Monday, the 10th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 18th day of May 1875.

IN the matter of KHYITPHAWKHEE, residing at No. 25, Hurrinbarea Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, lately carrying on business as an Arrawutdar, an Insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI. was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Monday, the 17th day of May instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

G. Gregory, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of KHYITPHAWKHEE, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 17th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

G. Gregory, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of RAMLOLL BOSE, of Hogulkooriah, in the Town of Calcutta, an Assistant in the Bank of Bengal, an Insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI., was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Wednesday, the 19th day of May instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

G. C. Chunder, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of RAMLOLL BOSE, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 19th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Gonesh Chunder Chunder, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of PAUL CARAPIET, at present a prisoner in the Presidency Jail of Calcutta, an Insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI., was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Friday, the 21st day of May instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

G. C. Chunder, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of PAUL CARAPIET, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 21st day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

G. C. Chunder, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of COONJOBEHARY NUNDY, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 4th day of May instant, it was ordered that the order of adjudication made in this matter on the 8th day of September 1873 be, and the same is hereby rescinded and annulled, and the vesting order be discharged, provided always that all acts or things done by the Official Assignee of this Court, or other person acting under his authority prior to this order, shall be good and valid, and shall not be annulled or in anywise affected thereby.

Swinhoe, Law & Co., *Attorneys*.

IN the matter of RAMLOLL BOSE, an Insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad-interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 1st day of June next, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

“Any creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.”

G. C. Chunder, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of JOHN LINDLEY, an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 20th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

A. S. John Carruthers, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of PAUL CARAPIET, an Insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad-interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 1st day of June next, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

“ Any creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.”

G. C. Chunder, Attorney.

IN the matter of GEORGE TEIL, an Insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad-interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 1st day of June next, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

“ Any creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.”

J. T. Hume, Attorney.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 25th day of May 1875.

Post Office Notification.

Mails for France, Foreign Europe *via* France, the Intermediate Ports, Mauritius, and China, for transmission per French mail steamer *Meinam*, will be closed at the General Post Office on Saturday, the 5th June 1875.

M. PERCY, Post-Master.

GENERAL POST OFFICE, CALCUTTA, the 25th May 1875.

List of Unclaimed Letters lying in the Calcutta Post Office on the 24th May 1875.

Baines, J.
Battve, D.
Berrington, E.
Brame, A.
Bright, A.
Browne, Col. H. A.
Butler, M. L.
Clarke, Hon'ble Sir A.
Clarke, Lady.
Daniel, H. F.
Drury, Miss.
Fardy, W.
Fitzgerald, Lieut. C. M.

Floriken, A.
Gibbs, Col. J. J.
Goodfellow, A. F.
Harrison, J. H. C.
Henly, J. C.
Holland, H.
Hill, H. H.
Joseph, t.
King, J. W.
Kingsley, T.
Lucas & Co., A.
Magill, H.

Pickford, C. E.
Pugh, H. E.
Padday, Capt. A. C.
Sebille, S. and Co.
Smyth, G. R. C.
St. Clair, Miss A.
Taeger, W. F.
Thacker, J. A. G.
Warren, Thomas.
Warne, J. C.
Willoughby and Co.
Wiseman, Lieut. N. C.

“ Letters marked Care of Post Office, to be kept till called for.”

Alexander, Hon. C.
Anderson, Mrs.
Avallore, L.
Bainbridge, F. C.
Barbace, W. C.
Beck, R. A.
Benier, Emilien.
Rodrigues, Miss A. C.
Bills, Captain J. W.
Bowhay, Mr.
Brewster, J.
Brown, W. T.
Burton, H. J.
Chisam, W.
Connolly, N.
Croghan, W.
DeBono, L. L. D.
DeQueechy, R. H.
Elworthy, H.
Fergus, F. W. W.
Fernandez, J. F.
Graham, C.
Greig, J.

Grinshaw, N.
Greenwood, H.
Giennie, P.
Hazard, W.
Hazell, Lieut. (B. N.)
Hogendorp, Baron.
Hobbleouse.
Holl, C.
Holmes, Miss E.
Jones, C. A.
Jones, J. J.
Joseph, W. P.
Latham, C.
Levie, D.
Luigi, G.
Macauland, N. C. S.
“ Madeline.”
MacIntyre, A.
McCall, John.
McLean, W.
Mellis, Col. G.
Oates, Mrs.
Palmer, A. H.

Parnham, J. L.
Pearson, G.
Teppin, Mrs. F.
Perra, T. R.
Phipps, C. E.
Pinckney, R. R.
Ratlin, F. J.
Ralphs, H. J.
Ramsden, H.
Reid, R.
Roberts, Mrs. W.
Rodrigues, Miss L. C.
Rossitto, Mrs. E.
Shearman, J., Driver.
Shearman, Mrs. S.
Schwartz, Miss O.
Swanson, C. J.
Tasserand, Monsr. T.
Verner, W. H.
Wade, A. R.
Watts, F.
Williams, W.
Young, F. W.

M. PERCY, Offg. Post-Master.

Postal Notices.

SEA OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer.
Ceylon and the Australian Colonies ...	7 P.M.	26th May 1875...	From Bombay.
Madras, Ceylon, and the intermediate ports	7 „	26th „ „ ...	Mecca.
Ceylon, Straits, Hong-Kong, United States of America, and the Colonies of Queensland and Victoria, <i>via</i> Torres' Straits. (Letters, &c., for the latter Colony must be specially superscribed.)	7 „	28th „ „ ...	From Bombay
Rangoon, Moulmein, and Straits ...	7 „	28th „ „ ...	Satara
Chittagong, Akyab, and Kyauk Phyoo ...	7 „	30th „ „ ...	Arabia.
Madras and Ceylon ...	7 „	31st „ „ ...	Mongolia.
Persian Gulf ...	7 „	6th June „ ...	From Bombay

The next Overland Mail, *via* Bombay, will close at the General Post Office on Friday, the 28th instant.

2. Book-post and pattern packets must be posted on the 27th instant.

The next Overland Mail, *via* Bombay, will close at the General Post Office on Tuesday, the 1st June 1875, by which mails for Mauritius, St. Denis, Reunion, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Delagoa Bay, Natal, Cape of Good Hope, the Comoro Islands, and Madagascar can be forwarded.

2. Book-post and pattern packets must be posted on the 31st instant.

N.B.—The Letter-Box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters, fully prepaid and bearing extra postage stamp of two (2) annas on each cover, will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or bearing an extra postage stamp of four (4) annas on each cover up to 8 P.M.

CALCUTTA, the 25th May 1875.

M. PERCY, *Post-Master*.

Mackenzie, Lyall and Company

Will sell by Public Auction, at 3 P.M. on Thursday next, the 27th May current, in the Exchange Hall, under instructions from Captain Lovell, Agent of the Peninsular and Oriental Company, the undernoted packages of piece-goods, on account of whom it may concern, landed damaged by sea water *ex* S. S. *Thibet*.

২৭ মে রহস্যভিহার অপরাহ্নে বেলা ৩ টার সময় মোঃ এঞ্জেলো হালে থিবেট জাহাজের আয়দানী কএক পেকেজ লোনাঙ্গল দাগি বিলাতি কাপড় পিননশুলার ও ওরিয়েণ্টেল কোং এজেন্ট জীয়ুত কাপ্তেন লবেল সাহেবের উপদেশানুসারে শংস্রবি ব্যক্তিদের হিঃ, নিলাম হইয়া বিক্রয় হইবেক।

Cases.	Nos.	Mark	Pcs.	Goods.
4	7309-12	H C	480	pcs. White Nainsooks.
1	7313	„	118	„ Ditto.
3	7314-16	„	900	prs. White Scarfs.
1	7317	„	298½	„ Ditto.
5	7322-26	„	900	„ White Striped Centre Diocetics.
1	7327	„	174	„ Ditto.
3	7328-30	„	300	pcs. White Cambrics.
1	7331	„	99	„ Ditto.
1	7332	„	150	„ White Mulls.
1	7334	„	150	„ Ditto.
1	7336	„	135	„ White Sacharillas.
1	125	N S C	299	prs. White Scarfs.
1	43	S S C	132	pcs. White Cord Checks.
1	44	„	131	„ Ditto.
5	2004-8	[T B]	1500	prs. White Scarfs.
1	2009	„	278½	„ Ditto.
1	2010	„	290	„ Ditto.
1	2011	„	280½	„ Ditto.
1	1996	„	100	pcs. White Mulls.
4	1998-2002	„	400	„ Ditto.
1	2003	„	99	„ Ditto.

Bales	Nos.	Mark.	Pcs.	Goods.	in	yds.	lbs.	os.	No.
15	31320	P. T. & Co.	1,500	T. Cloths	—	—	5	—	—
	31323				—	—	"	—	—
	31318				—	—	"	—	—
	31312				—	—	"	—	—
	31315				—	—	"	—	—
	31316				—	—	"	—	—
	31322				—	—	"	—	—
	31338				—	—	"	—	—
	31339				—	—	"	—	—
	31342				—	—	"	—	—
	31359				—	—	"	—	—
	31321				—	—	5	—	—
	31340				—	—	4	—	—
	31341				—	—	"	—	—
	31317				—	—	5	—	—
2	31351	P. T. & Co.	400	Madapollams.					
	31348								

Cases.

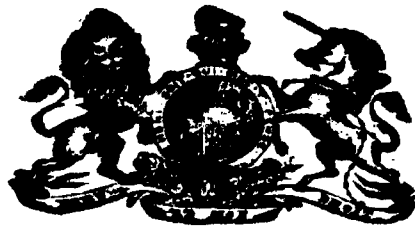
4	31328	P. T. & Co.	400	White Jaconets.					
	31330								
	31333-34								

Bales.

21	1047	C [DH]	50	Grey Shirtings	39	39	7	—	—
	1048								
	1051-52								
	1055-57								
	1062-64								
	1066-69								
	1071								
	1073								
	1075								
	1077								
	1079								
	1080-81								
12	2449	C [FH]	50	Ditto	39	38	8	—	—
	2450								
	2452-59								
	2445								
	2416								
	23	[ZZ]	50	Ditto	39	39	8	—	—
	3349	6 Star [D] [C]	400 prs.	Grey Jaco- net Dhooties	38	—	—	—	64

Cases.	Nos.	Mark.	Goods.	Cases.	Nos.	Mark.	Goods.
10	695-706	75 [W B]	White Mulls.	3	2667	[L]	White Shirtings.
					2673		
10	707-716	75 [W B]	Ditto Doriahs (striped.)		2665		Ditto Jaconets.
				1	2663		Ditto Mulls.
1	719		Ditto (checked.)	1	2698		Ditto Shirtings.
				1	2604		
Bales.		75	Mule Twist	5	2632		
10	786-795	[W B] C	No. 50S each 500 lbs.		2630		
					2626		Dyed ditto.
					2629		
6	6647	Elephant. W B	Grey Shirtings.		2628	[L]	White ditto.
	6654			1	2610		
	6656-7			3	2624-5		Dyed ditto.
	6664				2627		
	6666			8	2621	[L]	White ditto.
		C			2614		
2	2577-78	75 [W B]	Grey Shirtings, waxed.		2618		
					2622		
2	2590	[R B] D	Dhooties.		2615		
	2599				2608-9		
					2612		
1	2583		Ditto.	2	2586-7		Ditto Mulls.
1	2656		Ditto.				
1	2408		Grey T. Cloth.				

Cases. Nos.	Goods.	Cases. Nos.	Mark.	Goods.
2 2592 } 2597 } 4 2606 } 2605 } 2606-7 }	White Jaconets.	1 2585 } 2 2591 } 2594 } 1 2620 } 1 31355 }		Mulls. Jaconets. Shirtings. P T & Co. Grey Drill.
1 2696 } 1 2613 } 1 2593 } 2 2640 } 2708 }	Ditto Mulls. Ditto Shirtings. Ditto Jaconets.	3 31252 } 31263 } J P 1458 }		Grey Shirtings.
1 2623 } 2 2678 } 2670 } 5 2589-90 } 2711 } 2709 }	Ditto Mulls. Dyed Shirtings. White ditto.	20 2664 } 2666-9 } 2671-72 } 2674-6 } 2678 }	[L]	White Shirtings.
2603 } 2611 } 2619 } 2679 }	Ditto Mulls.	2680-88 } 9 2641-49 }		Ditto Mulls.
4 2603 } 2611 } 2619 } 2679 }	[L] Ditto Shirtings.	12 2689-95 } 2697 } 2699-702 }		Ditto.
4 2617 } 2595 } 2596 } 2599 }	Ditto.	7 2703-7 } 2710 } 2712 }		Ditto.
		10 2269-78 }		White Jaconets.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1875.

PART IV. Bill of the Bengal Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[First Publication.]

The following report of the Select Committee on the Bill to provide for the survey and demarcation of land, with the amended Bill, is, by order of the President, published for general information:—

WE, the Select Committee appointed to consider the Bill to provide for the survey of land and for the establishment and maintenance of boundary marks, have the honor to submit the following preliminary report:—

From Honorary Secretary, British India Association, dated 19th April 1875.

From Officiating Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, dated 5th February 1875.

From Superintendent of Revenue Survey, Upper Circle, dated 14th April 1875.

From Settlement Officer, Midnapore, dated 19th April 1875.

Demi-official letter from Officiating Senior Superintendent of Survey, Midnapore, dated 21st March 1875.

From Commissioner of Bardhaman, dated 22nd April 1875.

From Collector of Midnapore, dated 25th April 1875.

From Officiating Collector of Hooghly, dated 6th May 1875.

From Officiating Senior Superintendent of Survey, dated 30th April 1875.

We have considered the papers noted in the margin which were laid before us.

We have struck out the definitions of the words "Lieutenant-Governor" and "Board" as unnecessary (Section 1).

We have defined the word "Survey" (Section 1).

We have made considerable changes in the form of the Bill.

We have recognized the appointment of a Superintendent and Assistant Superintendents of Survey (Section 4).

We have provided that, when the parties do not accept the Collector's offer of compensation for damage done to crops, fences, and trees, by entry upon lands for the purposes of the Act, they may recover compensation in the Civil Court (Section 7).

In Part III we have provided that the Collector shall in all cases cause boundary marks to be put up by his own *chupras*, instead of requiring occupants to put them up.

We have simplified the procedure of Part IV for the apportionment of expenses on estates and tenures.

In Part V we have clearly defined the powers of the Collector in respect to determining disputed boundaries which have never been authoritatively laid down, and also in respect to relaying boundaries which have been demarcated and mapped on previous occasions by Revenue Officers or other competent authority. We have omitted the reference to the powers exercised under Regulation VII of 1822.

We have provided for the imposition and levy of a daily fine in the case of persons delaying the proceedings by failing to comply with requisitions made under the Act (Section 37).

We have clearly defined the powers of control and the appellate jurisdiction of the different Revenue Officers (Sections 42 and 43).

We have provided that no suit shall be brought to set aside any order of a Collector in a boundary dispute, unless an appeal has been presented against the order to the Commissioner (Section 45).

We have omitted the proviso of Section 32 of the Bill as first published, to the effect that suits to set aside the orders of Commissioners and Collectors must be instituted within six months of the date of the orders. The effect of this omission is to allow twelve months as the period within which such suits must be instituted, as they will now come under the Indian Limitation Act, being suits to set aside "any act of an officer of Government in his official capacity, not herein otherwise expressly provided for," as defined in Schedule II (16) of that Act.

We have made other alterations in form and words.

H. L. DAMPIER.
V. H. SCHAUCH.
KRISTODAS PAL.

The 18th May 1875.

AMENDED BILL.

A Bill to provide for the Survey and Demarcation of land.

WHEREAS it is expedient, with a view to the definition and identification of lands, the better security of landed property, and the prevention of encroachments and disputes, to provide for the survey of lands and for the establishment and maintenance of marks to distinguish the boundaries thereof; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act shall come into force at once.

Commencement.

2. In this Act—unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

Interpretation clauses.

“Collector” includes every Collector of a district, and every officer either generally or specially vested with the powers of a Collector for the purposes of this Act.

“Deputy Collector” includes any Deputy Collector to whom the Collector or Superintendent of Survey may delegate any of his functions under this Act.

Estate” includes—

any land which is entered on the revenue-roll as separately assessed with the public revenue;

any land acquired from the Government under one title, which is liable to pay land revenue at any future time;

any land which is entered on the Collector's Registers as a separate holding, free in perpetuity from liability to pay land revenue.

“Mouzah” includes every village, hamlet, tolah, and similar sub-division of an estate by whatever name such sub-division may be known.

“Occupant” includes every zemindar, tenure-holder, farmer, and other person entitled to receive rents in respect of land, and every ryot in occupation of land.

“Section” means a section of this Act.

“Survey” includes identification of boundaries and all other operations antecedent to, and connected with, survey.

“Tenure” includes all permanent interests in land, with the exception of estates as above defined, and with the exception of those of ryots having a right of occupancy only.

“Tenure-holder” means all or any of the holders of a tenure.

“Zemindar” means all or any of the holders of an estate.

PART II.

OF THE SURVEY.

3. The Lieutenant-Governor may, whenever he shall deem fit, order that

Lieutenant-Governor may appoint Superintendent of Survey.

a survey shall be made of the lands situated in any

district, or in any part of a district, or in any specified tract of country; and that the boundaries of estates, tenures, mouzabs, or fields be demarcated on the lands so to be surveyed:

Provided that in any district, of which a survey may have been completed and approved by the

Government, it shall not be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to order a new survey of lands on the banks of rivers or on the sea-shore to be made for the purposes described in Act IX of 1847 (*an Act regarding the assessment of land gained from the sea or from rivers by alluvion or dereliction within the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, and Orissa*), until ten years shall have expired from the completion and approval of any such survey.

4. For the purpose of carrying out any survey directed to be made under the last preceding section, and all other purposes of this Act,

Lieutenant-Governor may appoint Superintendent of Survey.

the Lieutenant-Governor may appoint a Superintendent of Survey, who may exercise all or any of the powers of a Collector under this Act; and may appoint one or more Assistant Superintendents and Deputy Collectors, who shall exercise all the powers of a Collector in respect to such matters under this Act as may be delegated to such Assistant Superintendents or Deputy Collectors respectively by the Collector or Superintendent of Survey, and not otherwise:

Provided that, notwithstanding the appointment of a Superintendent of Survey for any tract of country, it shall be competent to the Board of Revenue to direct that the Collector shall perform any duties under the Act within the said tract.

5. In pursuance of any direction made under section three, the Collector and any persons acting under his authority, may enter upon such lands, and do all things necessary for effecting the survey and demarcation of the boundaries thereof.

Collector may enter upon land.

6. Before entering on such lands, the Collector shall cause to be published a proclamation addressed to the occupants of the lands which are about to be surveyed, and of the contiguous lands, and to all persons employed on, or connected with the management of, or otherwise interested in, such lands, calling upon them to attend, either personally or by agent, at such places and at such times as shall be stated in such notice during the demarcation and survey of the land for the purpose of pointing out the boundaries and of rendering such aid as may be necessary in setting up or repairing such boundary marks as may be required, and of affording such assistance and information as may be required for the purposes of this Act.

Such proclamation shall be published by posting a copy thereof at

the Court of the Judge and at the office of the Collector of every district within which any portion of the lands about to be surveyed may be situated; at

every sub-divisional office, police station, moon-siff's court, and sub-registrar's office within the jurisdiction of which any portion of the land about to be surveyed may be situated; at

one or more māl entcherries on each estate; and at

such other place or places as to the Collector may seem fit.

The Collector may also, by a special notice, require any such person to attend at any places,

and at such times as shall be stated in such notice, for any of the purposes aforesaid.

7. The Collector may, by a special notice, require any occupant of land to clear any boundary or other line which it may be necessary to clear for the purposes of the survey, by cutting down and removing any trees, jungle, fences, or standing crops.

The Collector shall ascertain the nature and estimated value of such trees, jungle, fences, or standing crops, and shall offer adequate compensation to the owners thereof. If such offer be not accepted, such value may be recovered by civil suit.

PART III.

OF BOUNDARY MARKS.

8. The Collector may cause to be erected temporary boundary marks of such materials, and in such numbers and manner as he may direct, on any lands to be surveyed under this Act;

and may require any occupant of land to maintain and keep in repair such marks, or any boundary marks,

until any survey operations shall be concluded, and a final award given as to any disputed boundary, or

until permanent boundary marks may be erected in lieu thereof as hereinafter provided.

9. The Collector may at any time cause to be erected, on any land which is to be or which has been surveyed under this Act, permanent boundary marks of such materials, and in such number and manner, as he may determine to be sufficient to distinguish the limits of the estates, tenures, mouzahs, or fields for which the same are to be erected.

Every zemindar is bound to maintain and keep in repair such of the permanent boundary marks lawfully erected on his estate, or on the boundary between his estate and that of any other zemindar, as may be assigned to him by the Collector under the provisions of section nineteen, and to restore such marks if removed or destroyed; and in default the Collector may at any time require him to do so.

10. If any occupant or zemindar fails to maintain, keep in repair, or restore any boundary mark when required to do so under sections eight and nine, the Collector may maintain, keep in repair, or restore any such boundary mark, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be recovered as provided in section forty-one from the person failing to maintain, keep in repair, or restore any such boundary mark after being required to do so.

11. All expenses incurred by the Collector in erecting temporary or permanent boundary marks under this Act shall be apportioned among and levied from the zemindars of the estates and the holders of the tenures in respect of which such marks are erected, in manner hereinafter provided.

PART IV.

OF THE APPORTIONMENT AND RECOVERY OF EXPENSES.

12. Upon the completion of the erection of boundary marks on any tract of land of which the survey may have been ordered, or any convenient portion thereof, the Collector shall forthwith prepare a statement of all expenses incurred in respect of such boundary marks.

13. Such statement shall show the total number of marks of each description which have been erected on such tract, or portion of such tract, the aggregate cost of erecting all the marks of each description, the names of the estates and mouzahs within, or on the boundaries of which any marks have been erected, and the total number of marks of each description erected within or on the boundary of each estate.

14. Upon the completion of such statement, the Collector shall provisionally apportion the aggregate cost of erecting the marks among the estates specified, with reference to the number of boundary marks of each description which have been erected within or on the boundary of each estate.

15. So soon as the provisional apportionment shall have been made as required by the last preceding section, the Collector shall cause a notice to be served on the zemindar of every estate on which the expenses have been apportioned,

- (a) specifying the sum which has been apportioned as payable by his estate;
- (b) informing him that the said statement is open to inspection in the office of the Collector;
- (c) calling on him to appear in person, or by agent properly authorized, at the office of the Collector on a date to be specified in the notice (not being less than two months after the issue of the notice), on which date the Collector will proceed to consider any objections which may be made to the provisional apportionment of expenses, and to add to the share of the expenses apportioned in respect of the erection of boundary marks a proportionate share of the expenses incurred in the service of notices under this section;
- (d) warning him that if he does not appear on the date fixed in pursuance of the notice he will be deemed to have waived all objections to the share of the expenses apportioned to his estate;
- (e) informing him that under this Act he is entitled to recover a portion of the amount which shall be finally apportioned on his estate under section sixteen, from the tenure holders on his estate; and that in order to enable the Collector to apportion the said amount among the tenure-holders, he may give in a list of all tenures as defined in this Act, held directly from him (including all lands held without payment of rent

which may under section twenty-two be deemed to be tenures forming part of his estate) of which any portion is situate within fifteen hundred feet of any boundary mark erected under this Act, with a specification of the number of boundary marks of each description which are erected within or on the boundary of each tenure; and

(f) warning him that if he fails to give in a list of tenures as aforesaid on or before the said date, he will be deemed to have given up all claim to recover from the tenure-holders any part of the amount for which he may be held liable under section sixteen of this Act.

16. On the date fixed in such notice, the Collector shall proceed to consider all objections which may be made to the apportionment, and to make such final apportionment of the expenses as shall seem to him fit; in making such final apportionment, the costs of serving all notices under section fifteen shall be distributed rateably among the estates concerned, in proportion to the share of the expenses of erecting boundary marks which may be apportioned to each estate; and the amount so finally apportioned to each estate, together with the costs of serving notices rateably distributed as aforesaid, shall be due to the Collector from the zemindars of such estates.

17. Notwithstanding anything contained in the last preceding section, the Collector may postpone the making of the final apportionment if it shall appear to him that a notice under section fifteen has not been served on the zemindar of any estate which should be made liable for a portion of the expenses, or for any other sufficient reason.

18. Any zemindar failing to appear on the date fixed in the notice served on him under section fifteen, will be deemed to have waived all objections to the payment of the amount apportioned to his estate, and will not be entitled to advance any objections thereto on any subsequent date; and any zemindar failing to give in a list of tenures when called upon under section fifteen to give in such list, on or before such date will be deemed to have given up all claim to recover from the tenure-holders any part of the amount for which he may be made liable under section sixteen.

19. So soon as the expenses shall have been finally apportioned under section sixteen among the estates concerned as hereinbefore provided, the Collector shall issue a notice in respect of every estate, specifying the amount finally apportioned to the estate, and requiring the zemindar to pay such amount to the Collector, together with the costs of serving such notice, within one month of the issue of the notice. If such amount be not paid to the Collector within such period, the same, with interest, may be levied as provided in section forty-one.

The notice issued under this section shall further specify the boundary marks which are

assigned to the zemindar for maintenance and repair as required by section nine.

20. If the zemindar of any estate shall give in a list of tenures, as referred to in section fifteen, with an application to the Collector to apportion between his estate and the tenures the amount for which his estate has been made liable as aforesaid, the Collector shall proceed to make a provisional apportionment of the amount between the zemindar and the tenure-holders, to serve notices on the said tenure-holders in the manner provided in section fifteen, and to make a final apportionment among the said zemindar and tenure-holders as provided in sections sixteen and seventeen; and the provisions of section eighteen shall be applicable to such tenure-holders.

21. In so apportioning the amount among the zemindar and the tenure-holders, the Collector shall first deduct such sum as he shall consider to be fairly payable by the zemindar in respect of lands not included in any tenure, and in respect of his interest in lands which are included in tenures; and in apportioning the remainder among the tenures, he shall take into consideration the numbers of pillars erected within or on the boundary of each tenure, the extent of each tenure, and the distance at which it is situated from the boundary marks; but no tenure shall be made liable for any portion of the sum so apportioned, unless some part of it be situated within fifteen hundred feet from some boundary mark.

22. All lands held without payment of rent, not being entered on the Collector's registers as a separate holding free in perpetuity from liability to pay land revenue and not forming part of such separate holding, shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be tenures forming part of the estates within the local boundaries of which they are included; and if they are not included within the local boundaries of any estate, then to be tenures forming part of such conterminous estate as the Collector, in whose district such conterminous estate is situated, shall by an order under his seal and signature declare.

23. So soon as the final apportionment among tenure-holders under section twenty shall be completed, the Collector shall cause to be issued a notice to the said tenure-holders, stating the amount due in respect of each of their tenures, with interest (if any) calculated at the annual rate of six per centum from the date on which the zemindar paid to the Collector the sum which was apportioned on his estate under section sixteen, and that the same is payable to the zemindar of the estate of which the tenure is a part, within one month of the date of the notice.

Every such sum shall be payable to the zemindar by the tenure-holders named in such notice respectively.

24. The provisions of sections fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, and twenty-three shall be

applicable, as far as possible, to every case in which any tenure-holder, who has been made liable for the payment of any share of expenses under this Act, may apply to the Collector to apportion the amount for which he has been made liable, between himself and the holders of subordinate tenures direct from himself;

provided always that no such apportionment shall be made in respect of ryots who have a right of occupancy only, and whose rent is not fixed in perpetuity.

25. Every zemindar or tenure-holder, to whom

Recovery of sums payable to zemindar.

any sum is payable under the preceding sections, may recover the same with interest as aforesaid in the manner provided by any law for the time being in force for the recovery of arrears of rent in respect of putnee or any other permanent tenures;

Provided that the right or interest of any person holding from such zemindar or tenure-holder shall not be affected by any sale held in pursuance of this section.

Provided that the right or interest of any person holding from such zemindar or tenure-holder shall not be affected by any sale held in pursuance of this section.

26. Interest shall be charged on the unpaid portion of the sums due to the Collector from the date of the same becoming due until payment thereof, at such rate, not exceeding six per cent. per annum, as the Lieutenant-Governor shall from time to time determine.

PART V.

BOUNDARY DISPUTES.

27. If it shall come to the notice of the Collector, in the course of a survey under this Act, that a dispute exists as to any boundary which should be surveyed, the Collector, after holding such enquiry as he may deem necessary, may determine such boundary as hereinafter provided.

Procedure in case of dispute as to any boundary.

28. If the said boundary

Powers of a Collector when boundary determined by Court or by Revenue Survey.

shall at any previous time have been determined by any Court of competent jurisdiction; or

shall have been laid down and shown on a map in the course of any previous Revenue Survey or Settlement, and no objection to the boundary as then laid down and mapped shall have been preferred before any authority competent to decide on such objection

the Collector shall relay the boundary as previously determined or laid down and shown on the map, and shall cause it to be secured by boundary marks.

Provided that the determination and relaying of a boundary by the Collector under this section shall not affect the possession of any land by any party.

Nothing in this section contained shall be understood to prohibit the Collector from deviating from a boundary as laid down in a previous map, and laying down a new boundary, if all the parties concerned agree to such new boundary, on the ground that the boundary as shown in the former map was incorrect, and if it appears to the Collector that there is no objection to the adoption of such new boundary.

The reason for every such deviation shall be recorded in the Collector's proceedings.

29. If the boundary in dispute shall not at any previous time have been determined by competent authority, nor have been laid down and shown on a map as aforesaid, the Collector shall determine the boundary according to actual possession, and cause it to be secured by boundary marks; and the order of the Collector under this section shall, until it be reversed or modified by competent authority, have the force of an order of the Civil Court declaring the parties to be in possession of the land in accordance with the boundary as determined by the Collector;

Powers of Collector when boundary not determined by Court or laid down by Revenue Survey.

and if, after holding the necessary enquiry, the Collector is unable to discover which party was in possession of the disputed land when he instituted the enquiry under this section, the Collector may take possession of the land in dispute, and retain possession thereof until some party shall have established his right to the said land.

30. When the Collector is called on to decide a dispute as to any boundary under the last preceding section, he may, with the consent of the parties concerned, refer the same to arbitration.

The procedure laid down in Chapter VI of Act VIII of 1859 (*the Code of Civil Procedure*), shall, so far as may be practicable, be applicable to disputes so referred to arbitration.

31. If it shall come to the notice of the Collector at any time or in any manner that a doubt or dispute exists in respect to any boundary

(a) which has at any time been determined by a competent Court; or

(b) which has been laid down in the course of a previous Revenue Survey or Settlement, and shown in a map, and against which no objection has been preferred to any authority competent to decide upon such objection; or

(c) which has been laid down by a Survey under this Act,

the Collector may, if he think fit, proceed to relay the boundary as prescribed in section twenty-eight of this Act, subject to the proviso therein contained.

32. Whenever the Collector shall have determined a boundary which was in dispute, and the order shall have become final,

and whenever a boundary which has been supplied by the survey officers, or has been determined under this Act, has been altered by a decree of the Civil Court,

and whenever it shall come to the notice of the Collector that any boundary has been determined by a competent Court or authority,

he may require any occupant of the contentious lands to erect such marks as he may think fit in order to secure the boundary permanently, and the provisions of Parts III and IV shall, so far as may be practicable, be applicable to boundary marks which are required to be erected under this section, and to the apportionment of the cost thereof, which shall be refunded to the occupant who has the first expense of erection.

In certain cases Collector may require occupant of contentious lands to erect marks.

and whenever a boundary which has been supplied by the survey officers, or has been determined under this Act, has been altered by a decree of the Civil Court,

and whenever it shall come to the notice of the Collector that any boundary has been determined by a competent Court or authority,

he may require any occupant of the contentious lands to erect such marks as he may think fit in order to secure the boundary permanently, and the provisions of Parts III and IV shall, so far as may be practicable, be applicable to boundary marks which are required to be erected under this section, and to the apportionment of the cost thereof, which shall be refunded to the occupant who has the first expense of erection.

and whenever a boundary which has been supplied by the survey officers, or has been determined under this Act, has been altered by a decree of the Civil Court,

PART VI.

MISCELLANEOUS.

33. Whenever any estate or tenure is held jointly by two or more zemindars or tenure-holders, every such zemindar and tenure-holder shall be jointly and severally liable in respect of every liability imposed on zemindars or tenure-holders respectively by this Act;

And any shareholder in any estate or tenure who may have paid the amount finally apportioned to such estate or tenure, may recover from his co-sharers such sums as may be payable in respect of their shares as arrears of rent, or may take credit for such sums in any adjustment of accounts between himself and his co-sharers.

34. Every notice in and by this Act required to be served, may be served—

- (1) by delivering the same to the person to whom it is directed, or on failure of such service, by posting the same on some conspicuous part of the house in which the said person resides, or by delivering the said notice to any agent authorized to appear generally for the person to whom such notice is directed; or

such notice directed to the said person at his usual place of abode, or to the place where he may be known to reside; or

- (3) by posting a copy of the notice at any māl cutcherry of the estate or tenure of the person to whom the notice is directed; or if no such māl cutcherry be found, on some conspicuous place on the said estate or tenure to which such notice relates, and by delivering, in the case of estates paying their annual revenue by four instalments, another copy thereof to any agent who shall have paid an instalment of revenue next after the preparation of such notice. In all cases where two or more persons are holders of an estate or tenure, service of notice under this clause shall be deemed to be good and sufficient service on each and all of such persons.

35. No proceedings under this Act shall be affected by reason of any mistake in the name of any person thereby rendered liable to pay any sum of money, or in the description of any estate or tenure or land in respect of which he is rendered liable to pay, or by any other informality, provided the directions of this Act be in substance and effect complied with; and no proceedings under this Act shall be affected by reason of the omission to serve any notice on any zemindar whose name is not recorded on the Collector's registers as owner of the estate in respect of which the notice is required to be served.

36. For the purpose of any enquiry under this Act, the Collector shall, in addition to every power conferred specially by this Act, have power to summon and enforce the

attendance of witnesses and compel the production of documents by the same means (as far as may be), and in the same manner, as is provided in the case of a Court under the Code of Civil Procedure.

37. If any person shall fail to comply with a requisition contained in any special notice served under section six of this Act, or in any notice served for the purpose of any inquiry under Part V of this Act, within the time specified in such notice, the Collector may impose upon him such daily fine as he may think fit, not exceeding the daily fine of fifty rupees and such fine shall be payable daily until the requisition is complied with; and the Collector may proceed from time to time to levy any amount which has become due in respect of any such fine, notwithstanding that an appeal against the order imposing such fine may be pending:

Provided that whenever the amount levied under any such order shall have exceeded five hundred rupees, the Collector shall report the case specially to the Commissioner of the Division, and no further levy in respect of such fine shall be made otherwise than by authority of the said Commissioner.

38. Any person convicted before a Collector of wilfully erasing, removing, or damaging any boundary mark (not being a landmark fixed by the authority of a public servant within the meaning of section four hundred and thirty-four of the Indian Penal Code) which has been lawfully erected, may be ordered by the convicting officer to pay such sum, not exceeding twenty rupees, for each mark so erased, removed, or damaged, as the said officer may think fit in addition to such sum as may be necessary to defray the expense of restoring the boundary mark so erased, removed, or damaged, and of rewarding the informer through whom the conviction was obtained.

39. A fine under either of the two sections last preceding may be levied as far as possible in the manner provided in section three hundred and seven of the Code of Criminal procedure, but if no movable property belonging to the person from whom the fine is due is found in the district within which the order was passed, then such fine may be levied as if it were an arrear of revenue.

40. Whenever the person erasing, removing, or damaging any boundary mark cannot be discovered, or if for any other reason it is found impracticable to recover from him the sum which he has been so ordered to pay, the boundary mark shall be restored or repaired by the Collector, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the occupants of such of the contiguous lands as to the Collector may seem fit.

41. Every amount which may become due to the Collector under the provisions of this Act in respect of any expenses incurred, or of any notices served, shall be deemed to be a demand under section 2 of Bengal Act VII of 1868.

provision for the recovery of arrears of Land Revenue and Public Demands recoverable as arrears of Land Revenue) and shall be leviable as such.

42. Except as hereinafter provided in section forty-three, no appeal shall lie, as of right, against any order passed under this Act by any officer; but except as otherwise specially provided in this Act, the proceedings and orders of Assistant Superintendents and of Deputy Collectors under this Act shall be subject to the supervision and control of the Superintendent of Survey or Collector; the proceedings and orders of the Superintendent of Survey, and of the Collector, to the supervision and control of the Commissioner of the Division; and the proceedings and orders of all officers to the supervision and control of the Board of Revenue.

43. An appeal shall lie to the Commissioner of the Division against every order of a Superintendent of Survey, Collector, Assistant Superintendent, or Deputy Collector,

Appeal to lie to the Commissioner against order of Superintendent of Survey, Collector, Assistant Superintendent, or Deputy Collector.

- (a) deciding a boundary dispute,
- (b) imposing a fine under section thirty-seven; or

- (c) imposing a fine under section thirty-eight, if the appeal be presented within thirty days from the date of the passing of such order.

44. The Commissioner may pass such orders as he shall think fit in respect of the payment by any other party or parties of the costs incurred by any party in an appeal.

Commissioner to pass orders as to costs.

45. No suit shall be brought to set aside an order of a Superintendent of Survey, Collector, Assistant Superintendent, or Deputy Collector deciding a boundary dispute, unless an appeal shall have been first preferred to the Commissioner under section forty-three, or unless the person suing was at the time when such order was passed a minor, or insane, or an idiot.

No suit to be brought unless appeal first preferred to the Commissioner.

46. The provisions of Part IV of this Act shall apply to all sums expended by the Government since the first day of November one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four in erecting boundary marks.

Recovery of sums expended by Government since 1st November 1874.

F. CLARKE,

*Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.
Legislative Department.*

In the first section a new provision was introduced ; he meant one which was not in the Bill passed by this Council in 1872. It would be inconvenient that it should be necessary for the Lieutenant-Governor, the moment this Bill became law, again to notify all the municipalities ; and therefore the first section provided that this Act should at once be in force in every municipality which was now under the District Municipal Improvement Act of 1864, and in every town which was under the District Towns' Act of 1868. The Bill would at once take the place of those two Acts in the towns in which they were now in force, and the mode of taxation which was in force in each town under those Acts would continue to be in force under the new Act until any special alteration was made. Then clause (b) gave the Lieutenant-Governor power to extend the Act to other towns and places.

The second section, with the schedule to which it referred, repealed eleven Acts, and got rid altogether of them from the Statute Book.

Passing on to the 2nd chapter, the 5th and following sections were of importance. The provisions of the old Bill had been adhered to as regards the tracts of country which might be made first class municipalities ; there must be a minimum of 15,000 inhabitants, and the average number of inhabitants must be not less than 2,000 to the square mile ; for first class municipalities those limits had been adhered to.

The old Bill provided for second and third class municipalities,—rural communes, as the late Lieutenant-Governor called them. The third class had been thrown out altogether in this Bill, and other limiting conditions had been imposed as to the tracts which might be declared second class municipalities. It was provided that such tracts must contain at least 1,000 inhabitants, and the average number of at least 500 to the square mile, of half the density of the population of a first class municipality. It was provided that the majority of the adults must be employed in non-agricultural occupations ; and when the nucleus for these municipalities had been obtained under this provision, section 8 provided that other places, not being more than half a mile distant from one another, might be joined so as to form a union. This was to meet the case of places which might be called suburbs of the towns which were created municipalities. It would be seen that, as a consequence of not adopting the third class municipalities of the old Bill, all the provisions of Part XII of that Bill, as to village chowkeedars and chakran lands, which were objected to, fell out of the new Bill, which left the existing law intact upon those subjects.

The third chapter treated of municipal authorities and the constitution of municipalities, of which he would notice the chief points. The Lieutenant-Governor might direct the election of not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners by votes of the rate-payers. He might remove a Commissioner for certain reasons which were specified in section 14, for corruption or continued neglect to attend the meetings of the Commissioners, or otherwise to discharge his duty as a Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee. The Magistrate of the district or division of a district in which a municipality was situated, as the case might be, was *ex officio* to be Chairman. The Lieutenant-Governor might also appoint other persons, holders of appointments under Government, to be *ex officio* Commissioners, but under the proviso that not more than one-third of the whole number of Commissioners should be persons holding in the Judicial, Police, or Revenue departments of the Government service salaried offices, of which the functions were exercised within the district in which the municipality was situated, unless such persons were elected Commissioners otherwise than by appointment by the Lieutenant-Governor. The 17th and following sections provided for the retirement of the Commissioners by rotation. It was desirable to have new blood among the Commissioners ; but it was provided that any retiring Commissioner might be re-appointed, so that the services of any one who was particularly valuable amongst the Commissioners could be retained. The time of service of the Commissioners was limited to three years ordinarily ; but it would evidently be very inconvenient to have all the Commissioners retiring simultaneously at the expiration of the third year from the first appointment of the Commissioners, and therefore a mechanism was provided in section 18 by which one-third of the Commissioners should

retire in each year up to the end of the third year, so that the Commissioners would only lose one-third of its members in any one year. Section 23 provided that the Commissioners should elect their own Vice-Chairman, subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, and that such Vice-Chairman might be removed by a resolution of the Commissioners in favour of which not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners should have voted.

The second part of the chapter provided that the Commissioners under the Act should succeed to the rights and liabilities of the Commissioners, Committees, and Panchayets appointed under the old Acts, of which it took the place.

In part 3 of the same chapter, of the mode of transacting the business of the Municipality, it would be noticed that the quorum in a first class municipality was five, and in a second class municipality three. Section 37 defined that the Chairman should, for the transaction of the business of the Commissioners, exercise all the powers of the Commissioners, provided that the Chairman should not act in opposition to, or in contravention of, any order of the Commissioners at a meeting, or exercise any powers which were directed to be exercised by the Commissioners at a meeting.

Part 4 of the same chapter provided for Ward Committees—off-shoots of the municipal body, whom they might cause to be elected or might appoint to perform any duties which the municipal body might delegate to them in any specific parts of the Municipality; such Committees would elect their own Chairman.

Part 5 related to the liabilities of the Commissioners and Ward Committees. It was provided as usual that no Commissioner or officer or servant of the Commissioners should be interested in any contract made with the Commissioners, and so on.

Chapter 4 was in regard to the municipal fund and its application. By section 48, the first charge on that fund was the payment of police, such police as, under the power laid down in this Act, should have been fixed by the Government as sufficient for each municipality. This was one of the compulsory charges which the Commissioners must meet. There was also one other compulsory charge, which would be found in the last section of the Bill; it was that entailed by the duty of keeping up such portions of district roads (the lines of road which outside the municipalities were kept up by the Road Cess Committee,) as fell within the municipal limits. The last section of the Bill provided means by which the Government could enforce the performance of these two duties. If the Commissioners did not themselves pay the amount which was due for police, and if they failed to keep up those portions of the main arteries of communication which lay within their own municipality, then the Lieutenant-Governor might take the matter out of their hands, might supersede them *pro hac vice*, and authorize the Magistrate to levy the money and perform the duties himself. With these two exceptions, it was left optional with Municipal Commissioners to spend money on the objects specified in section 49, viz. the construction, repair, and maintenance of roads, wharves, embankments, channels, drains, bridges, and tanks; the supply of water and lighting of roads, and other works of public utility calculated to promote the health, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants; the diffusion of education, and with this view the construction and repair of school-houses, and the establishment and maintenance of schools either wholly or by means of grants-in-aid; the establishment and maintenance of hospitals and dispensaries; the promotion of vaccination; and for carrying out the purposes of the Act generally. When he said it was left optional with them, he meant that no special procedure was provided in this Act by which these things could be done, or by which the Municipal Commissioners could be forced to do them.

One main difference between this Bill and that of 1872 was that section 168 of the old Bill made it compulsory upon the Municipality to contribute towards vernacular education. That was one of the clauses to which the Governor-General objected, and others also. The clause had been omitted, and it had been left optional with the Municipal Commissioners to contribute to this object of education, whether vernacular or higher.

Another very important item which appeared in the old Bill had been omitted. In the old Bill, one of the objects for which Municipal Commissioners

might expend their funds was the support or relief of the poor in times of exceptional distress. That was not considered to be a legitimate object of expenditure of the municipal funds, and therefore it had been omitted from the present Bill.

Then followed the provisions as to the accounts and preparation of estimates. The Commissioners were to send their estimates to the Magistrate, who would pass them on to the Commissioner of the division with his remarks. The Commissioner might return them with any objection which he might have to make, and these would be considered by the Municipal Commissioners at a special meeting called for the purpose, and the decision of the majority of the Commissioners attending at such meeting would, subject to the provisions of section 56, be final. In other words, there was no power reserved either to the Magistrate or the Commissioner of the division to over-rule the decision to which the majority of the Municipal Commissioners at a meeting might adhere. MR. DAMPIER hoped this fulfilled to the satisfaction of hon'ble members the intention of making the Municipal Commissioners free of control.

The municipal accounts would be audited by such person as the Lieutenant-Governor would direct; and section 59 provided that the municipalities should be bound to contribute towards the cost of such establishment as might be necessary in the offices of the Magistrate and the Commissioner of the division for municipal duties. The work thrown upon them was occasionally very heavy, in such districts especially as the 24-Pergunnahs, where there was a very large number of municipalities.

Chapter 5 was the most important of all, and differed materially from the provisions of the old Bill. He said, in asking leave to introduce the Bill, that it would not be the object to increase taxation, and that they should retain only those taxes which were familiar. Accordingly they had thrown out the following taxes, which appeared as alternative taxes in the old Bill: the tax upon trades and callings, the tax upon processions, the octroi duties, the duties upon boats moored within the limits of municipalities. These four taxes they had thrown out, and the scheme of the present Bill was this. There were two main taxes alternative to one another, either of which the Commissioners might adopt for their municipality. The first was a tax upon persons occupying holdings within the municipality, according to their circumstances and their property within the municipality. This was nothing but the old and most familiar mode of municipal taxation in Bengal,—the mode under the Chowkidaree Act of 1856 and the District Towns' Act. It was a rough method of taxation, but there was to be said for it that it was well understood, and that several of the municipalities which were now under the District Municipal Improvement Act,—the more advanced municipalities—in which the more strictly accurate mode of taxation, by a percentage on the annual value of all holdings situated within the Municipality, was in force; several of these municipalities which had this more perfect mode of taxation had cried out that it was not suitable to their circumstances, and had asked for a law which would enable them to impose the more primitive mode, which was called in this Bill a tax upon persons occupying holdings according to their circumstances and property within the municipality.

For those municipalities which preferred the more perfect and more advanced form of taxation, it was allowed, as an alternative, to impose a tax on the annual value of holdings. That was also a well-known mode of taxation now. In the case of both these taxes the Bill adhered to the maximum imposed on each by the existing law; so there was no increase of taxation in respect of them.

Besides these two main taxes, were three minor taxes, one or all of which might be imposed in any municipality,—the tax upon carriages, horses, and other animals, the fees on the registration of carts, the tolls on ferries and roads. Wherever there was a ferry, there must be tolls charged; the Municipal Commissioners could scarcely be expected to incur the cost of maintaining a ferry for nothing. A toll upon roads was optional, and might be imposed or not according to the discretion of the Commissioners. Then as to the fee on the registration of carts: this was in force in some municipalities now, and would certainly not be adopted by any municipality except those which were towns of some importance, and in which carts were generally employed for purposes of trade. As to the tax upon carriages, horses, and other animals, it was obvious

that this was a tax on luxuries, which it was quite right to impose wherever there were enough of carriages and animals to make the imposition of the tax remunerative.

Part 3 of this chapter contained provisions as to the mode of assessing and levying taxes; these provisions had been rearranged, but it was not necessary to notice them now.

As to Part 5, regarding the tax upon carriages and animals, he would only notice that in the old Bill the schedule imposed a tax upon bullocks. He had omitted that as undesirable; and even where a town was of such extent that carts were extensively employed within it for other than agricultural purposes, he thought the fee on the registration of carts was the better way of levying the tax. As it stood in the old Bill, there was no limit whatever as to the class of bullocks to be taxed, and no exception made as to bullocks employed in agriculture or any other.

Chapter VII related to municipal police. The provisions of Parts 7 and 8 of the old Bill had been objected to by the Governor-General, who did not approve of the relations between the Government and the municipality in regard to police being altered so summarily, so that the sections of the present Bill maintained the relations between the Government and the municipality as to the police, and the status of the municipal police, as they stood under existing laws.

The chapter relating to the registration of births and deaths had been omitted. It was a reproduction of the Act which existed upon that subject. The Act could not properly be struck out of the statute book, because it might be made applicable to places other than municipalities. As they could not get rid of the Act altogether, he saw no advantage in reproducing its provisions here; so that in the place of the chapter which appeared in the last Bill, this Bill merely provided in one section that every first class municipality should, and every second municipality might, provide for the registration of births and deaths within the limits of their jurisdiction in accordance with the provisions of Bengal Act IV of 1873 (for registering births and deaths).

Similarly, he had omitted chapter 6 of Part XI of the old Bill, which was a reproduction of the Act relating to the prohibition of inoculation in certain tracts of Bengal. That Act might also be applied, and he believed had been applied, to places other than municipal towns, and therefore could not be wiped off the statute book. As it must remain there, he thought it might as well remain under its own number and year than be imported bodily into this Bill. The Bill provided that vaccination was one of the objects for which the Commissioners might contribute, and left it to the Lieutenant-Governor to exercise the powers, under the special Act, of prohibiting inoculation in any municipality in which he should think that sufficient arrangements had been made to provide means for vaccination.

Chapter 9, relating to municipal regulations, need not be noticed in detail. He would only call attention to section 155, which was introduced in reference to a case which arose at Serampore, where the Magistrate declared a certain thing to be an illegal obstruction, and the Commissioners proceeded to remove the obstruction, for which they were sued, and it was held that the Magistrate's order did not protect them while carrying it out. Section 155 ran thus:—

“An order made by the Magistrate under either of the two last preceding sections shall be deemed to be an order made by him in the discharge of his judicial duty, and the Commissioners shall be deemed to be persons bound to execute lawful orders of a Magistrate within the meaning of Act No. XVIII of 1850 (for the protection of judicial officers).”

Chapter 11 provided that the Commissioners might make bye-laws, with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, and sections 186, 187, and 188 provided penalties for infringements of such provisions of the Act as would not be ordinarily punishable under the Penal Code. He had already noticed the effect of the last section of the Bill, which was to enable the Lieutenant-Governor to direct the Magistrate to do certain things if the Municipal Commissioners should fail to do them.

With these remarks he would move that the Bill be read in Council.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said, phoenix-like, this Bill had risen from the ashes of the old Bill, which was vetoed by His Excellency the

Viceroy for reasons well known to this Council. It appeared from the lucid statement which the hon'ble member had made that he had taken great care in revising it. The old Bill was open to diverse grave objections, and although the hon'ble member in charge of the Bill had removed many of those objections, BABOO KRISTODAS PAL was not prepared to say that he had been completely successful. He had cursorily compared the new Bill with the old one, and pointed out some of the provisions which he had eliminated from the present Bill. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL would venture to call the attention of the Council to some of the salient points in the present Bill which he thought required modification and amendment. First, as to the creation of municipalities. The hon'ble mover had explained that he had retained the provision of the old Bill defining first class municipalities. That provision was that first class municipalities should comprise a tract of country containing at least 15,000 inhabitants, and the average of the population to the square mile should not be less than 2,000. Now hon'ble members of this Council, who were conversant with the constitution of mofussil municipalities, were doubtless aware that the formation of municipal unions was productive of great hardship and heartburning in the mofussil. A town was taken as the centre of a municipal union, and all outlying villages were added to it as component parts of that union. Now the municipal fund was generally not so rich as to enable the Commissioners to do equal justice to different parts of the municipal union, and the result practically would seem to be that the poorer rate-payers generally paid for the benefit of the rich. Not to go to a distance, BABOO KRISTODAS PAL would invite attention to the constitution of the suburban municipality. Now, that municipality comprised some of the outlying villages about the Salt Water lakes, fishermen's hamlets, which, from their position, could receive, and did practically receive, very little attention; and yet the inhabitants of those villages were made to pay in equal proportion with the inhabitants of the more favoured parts of the municipality. The same observation applied to the Howrah municipality. Whilst the town of Howrah was lighted with gas, the village of Satguchia, for instance, which was about four miles off, had no great attention paid to its wants. He believed the inhabitants of Bally not many months ago petitioned the Lieutenant-Governor for separation from the Howrah municipality, because that village did not receive adequate attention. Many other cases might be cited in which it was seen that the inhabitants of the outlying villages comprising the municipal union had, compared with their means, paid more and received less than the residents of the more favoured portions of the municipality. On this ground he would suggest that no village or place should be added to a municipal union which had not at least in the case of first class municipalities, 500 houses, and in the case of second class municipalities which had not 300 houses in it. It was observable that in some cases some villages might not be fit to be associated with a first class municipality, but might well form the centre or part of a second class municipality. But as the section was worded, it left a wide door for the extension of municipal taxation to these comparatively poor villages. It was also worthy of remark that the definition of the word 'place' gave the Government power to include not only a town or suburb, but any village or hamlet in which the majority of the adult male population was chiefly employed in pursuits other than agriculture, however small the size and sparse the population of such village.

Then he came to the constitution of Municipal Boards or Commissions. He observed that this Bill gave power to the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the elective system to second class municipalities, but not to first class municipalities. It was not for him to discuss here whether the elective system should be indiscriminately introduced into the mofussil, but it struck him that if it was to be introduced at all, it ought to be introduced first into first class municipalities, and then into second class municipalities, if it worked satisfactorily enough in first class municipalities. But section 12 of the Bill said that the Lieutenant-Governor might at any time direct the whole or any number, not being less than two-thirds, of the Commissioners, to be appointed under the last preceding section. Now the last preceding section referred to second class municipalities only. [The Hon'ble Mr. DAMPIER: That was an

oversight.] Well, then, considering it was an oversight, he would not proceed further upon that point.

Then he found that the term of office of Municipal Commissioners was limited to three years. He agreed with the hon'ble mover that it was very desirable to infuse new blood into municipalities, but at the same time he might observe that, as an experienced officer, his honorable friend must be well aware that men capable of intelligently exercising the duties enjoined under the Bill were not very plentiful in the mofussil; and that it was therefore not desirable that Municipal Commissioners who had just begun to learn their business, as it were, and to prove themselves useful, should be turned out just when their usefulness would be valued. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL would not certainly recommend that they should hold office for life, but he thought it would be advantageous to the Municipality if the term of office were extended to a longer period. He was aware that the Bill gave power to the Lieutenant-Governor to reappoint those Commissioners who might prove themselves useful; but on this point he was not quite sure whether the Bill would work to the advantage of the municipality. He need not trouble hon'ble members with any remarks as to how the choice of Government in these matters was or would be practically regulated. He believed they were well aware that practically the nomination of Municipal Commissioners rested with the Magistrates, who selected the members and recommended them to the Government for appointment. Now, by this Bill the Magistrate was appointed *ex officio* Chairman of the municipality; and if any member of the municipality should, by his independence, prove obnoxious to the Magistrate as Chairman, he believed it might be taken as morally certain that that Commissioner was not likely to be recommended for reappointment: so this clause would work to the positive detriment of the Municipal Board and the tax-payers. In fact, the provisions limiting the appointment of Municipal Commissioners to three years, and giving the power to the Government of reappointment, would together have a tendency to the suppression of independence in the municipal board. He would therefore recommend that where the elective system would be introduced, it should be left as a matter of course to the electors to re-elect any member they liked. But where the Commissioners would be nominated by the Government, he was of opinion that the elective principle might be conceded in so far that the Municipal Commissioners should have the power of re-electing any retiring member they might think fit. In that case the independence of the members would be secured.

Then he observed that whether the Municipal Commissioners were elected by the ratepayers or nominated by the Government, the Magistrate must be *ex officio* Chairman. He thought it would be hardly consistent that where the power of election should be given to the ratepayers, the elected Commissioners should have the right of electing their own Chairman. He must confess that at present the minor Municipalities' Act, which was prepared, he believed, by the hon'ble mover—he meant Act VI of 1868—relating to second class municipalities, was more liberal on this point; for it allowed the Commissioners to elect their own Chairman. Section 36 of Act VI of 1868 said that, subject to the provisions thereafter contained, every Committee should elect one of its members to be Chairman and another to be Vice-Chairman. Now, if this hon'ble Council thought it proper, and intended to give power to the Commissioners of second class municipalities under Act VI of 1868 to elect their own Chairman and Vice-Chairman, he thought that it would be consistent if they conceded this power also to the first class and second class municipalities under the Bill. He observed that the Vice-Chairman might be elected by the Commissioners; but it was also provided that the Lieutenant-Governor might sanction the election permanently, or for a term of years, of a salaried Vice-Chairman, and he did not perceive the consistency of that provision. If any unsalaried Vice-Chairman might be elected by the Commissioners, why should not the salaried Vice-Chairman be similarly elected or appointed without reference to the Lieutenant-Governor. This provision was scarcely consistent with the theory of independence, which he believed this Bill contemplated to secure to the Municipal Commissioners.

Then, again, with regard to the removal of the Commissioners, the power given by section 14 appeared most arbitrary. He admitted that this power existed under the present law; but as the present opportunity was taken to amend the law where it was defective, grave defects of this kind ought to be corrected. It provided that the Lieutenant-Governor might from time to time accept the resignation of any Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee appointed or elected under this Act, and might remove any such Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee for corruption or continued neglect to attend the meetings of the Commissioners—it was not mentioned for what period—or *otherwise to discharge his duty as Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee*. He thought that the word 'otherwise' was very indefinite, and the defect under notice should be remedied.

He would now turn to the chapter relating to the application of the municipal fund. Now, the first charge on the fund was the maintenance of the municipal police. He believed hon'ble members were aware that a considerable proportion of the municipal income in the mofussil, particularly in the case of second class municipalities, was appropriated to the payment of the police. This was a standing subject of complaint, and he wished some provision was made to limit the percentage of expenditure for municipal police. If a comparison were made between the sums paid for police and the expenditure for legitimate municipal purposes, he believed it would be found that the bulk of the municipal income in second class municipalities went towards the support of the police. Then he found in section 49 that the Municipal Commissioners, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, might apply the municipal fund to the construction, repair, and maintenance of roads, wharves, embankments, channels, drains, bridges, and tanks. He did not believe it was intended that that provision of the Bill would be carried out to the letter. But it struck him that, by inserting that clause, some of the obligations which now rested on the provincial and local funds of the Government might be transferred to the municipal fund. Now, as to the construction of embankments, wharves, bridges, or channels, he did not think those were legitimate subjects of expenditure for a local municipal fund. Then clause 3 of the same section was also very comprehensive: it provided for the construction of "other works of public utility calculated to promote the health, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants." The word 'comfort' might be construed in any way the Municipal Commissioners might like, and thus divert the municipal fund to purposes which were not contemplated by this Bill. Music, for instance, might be considered a subject which came within the meaning of this provision.

Then he noticed that a system of municipal federation was contemplated by section 50, under which a municipality might be allowed to contribute to works executed by a neighbouring municipality on the principle that it would benefit the contributing municipality. Now, if this principle were recognized in the case of the Suburban municipality, all the funds of that municipality might be claimed by the Calcutta municipality. The drainage and water-supply of Calcutta had greatly and sensibly contributed to the sanitary improvement of the suburbs. On the same principle the Port Commissioners might ask the Calcutta municipality to contribute to their fund, because the works executed by the Port Commissioners had greatly tended to the comfort of the inhabitants of the town. He thought a municipality should be considered as a distinct unit, and that all works executed by it should be constructed and maintained from its own fund. In these days of decentralization, he did not understand on what principle such a scheme of municipal federation was justified.

Whilst referring to this chapter, he might refer to section 28, which provided that the Government might make over to a municipality hospitals, dispensaries, schools, rest-houses, markets, tanks, and wells which might be found within the municipality. That meant that the obligation of maintaining such institutions might be thrown upon the municipality. Of course it would be discretionary with the Government and the Commissioners to enter into such an arrangement, but he thought that the provision might be worked to the detriment of municipalities; for it was notorious that the funds of mofussil

municipalities were very limited, and it was not therefore just to multiply their obligations. Then he observed that not only were the Commissioners required to maintain their own establishment, but also to maintain the separate establishments for municipal purposes entertained in the offices of the Magistrate and the Commissioner of the division. On that principle the Government of Bengal might as well call upon municipal bodies throughout the country to contribute to the maintenance of the establishment now employed in the Bengal Secretariat for supervising municipal work. The superintendence of municipal administration being a part of the duties of the Magistrate and the Commissioner, it ought to be done by the general establishment of their respective offices, and BABOO KRISTODAS PAL did not think a separate contribution should be made from the municipal funds. So far as he could judge from the Bill, it appeared that the establishment and police would absorb a considerable portion of municipal income.

Then he came to municipal taxation. The hon'ble member had explained that the Bill did not contemplate an increase of municipal taxation. The tax upon carriages and animals was one to which, on principle, he did not object, as it was a tax upon luxury, and was intended to be imposed upon that class of tax-payers who would be best able to bear it. He thought, however, that it would be but proper and just that this tax should be confined to first class municipalities. It would, he believed, be conceded that there was no room for raising such a tax in second class municipalities. The same remarks would apply to the fee upon the registration of carts. He did not think the hon'ble mover intended that carts in rural towns should be taxed; they were so few and far between. He had a decided objection to the levy of tolls on roads. It would be perfectly proper to levy tolls on ferries, because they could not be otherwise maintained. It was true that this tax might be imposed at the discretion of the Municipal Commissioners, but he did not think it desirable that such discretion should be given to the Commissioners. As a rule, tolls were not levied now by municipalities, except where ferry funds were applied to the construction of roads. He had received many complaints from persons who had been victims of this system of taxation. He knew a case which had been carried up to the High Court from Howrah. When the Road Cess Bill was before the Council, Mr. Leonard, who was then Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Public Works Department, wrote an able minute pointing out the objection to tolls on roads, and that was assigned as one of the reasons for the imposition of the road cess. He hoped the hon'ble member would see the propriety of omitting the provisions regarding tolls upon roads. The collection of these tolls caused great annoyance, oppression, and hardship, particularly to the poorer classes, who had no means of getting proper redress.

Then, with regard to municipal regulations, he observed that the hon'ble member had made no distinction between first and second class municipalities. If he would kindly refer to his own Act VI of 1868, he would find that he had therein made considerable distinction with regard to conservancy regulations which ought to apply to second class municipalities covered by that Act.

Then he observed that the Bill authorized the Municipal Commissioners to establish municipal markets. Now, considering that the funds of mofussil municipalities were very limited, he thought a municipal market ought to be the last object to which those funds should be applied. The law gave ample power for the regulation and improvement of existing markets; and if the sanitary improvement of private markets could be secured by means of the proper enforcement of the conservancy regulations laid down in the Bill, he did not think it would be desirable to authorize Municipal Commissioners to apply any portion of their funds to the establishment of markets as a speculation, and for competition with private enterprise. He must say, with all deference, that some of the mofussil Magistrates had very queer notions about markets. He heard the other day that a Magistrate wanted to establish a free market out of the municipal funds, and that the private proprietor of a market would suffer a loss of Rs. 500 a year because the Magistrate insisted upon opening a rival free market. With the extensive powers which this Bill would give to Magistrates, he did not know to what extent municipal funds would be diverted to the injury

of proprietors of private markets. He would therefore simply confine the provisions of the Bill in this respect to the regulation and sanitary improvement of private markets.

Then it would appear that under section 204 all the proceedings other than judicial proceedings of the Commissioner or of the Magistrate of the district, except as therein specially provided, should be subject to the control of the Commissioner of the division. Now this provision was not consistent with the theory upon which the Bill had been framed, viz. the propriety of giving the people a full control over the administration of their local affairs by the appointment of Municipal Commissioners. He readily allowed that there ought to be some restriction imposed upon the discretion of the Municipal Commissioners in laying out large sums of money upon works of permanent utility, but as a rule he thought the Municipal Commissioners ought not to be fettered by the supervising control of the Divisional Commissioners. In the case of the Calcutta Municipality, works involving sums of more than Rs. 50,000 had to be sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor; in the same way a money limit should be prescribed in matters of that kind for mofussil municipalities. But he thought the Commissioner of the division should not be allowed to exercise control over all proceedings of municipal corporations.

With regard to the last section to which the hon'ble member had referred, which rendered it compulsory upon the Commissioners to maintain roads constructed by the Road Cess Committee so far as they were within municipal limits, he had simply to observe that the Municipal Commissioners ought to be allowed a voice in the construction of these roads. He admitted that when a district road passed through a municipality, the Commissioners should maintain the line of road passing through it, but at the same time they ought to be consulted before that line of road was laid down.

Lastly, he came to the bye-laws. The power given to the Commissioners to frame bye-laws was really very great. In fact, it comprised no less than fifteen subjects, and some of these referred to police matters which did not properly come within the cognizance of the Commissioners; and the powers given were so wide and comprehensive, that practically if these powers were exercised, the Commissioners would be vested with the functions of this Council in very many matters. He would not, however, dwell upon these provisions in detail, which might be fitly considered in Select Committee.

THE HON'BLE BABOO JUGADANUND MOOKERJEE said he had but a few words to say, and would be very short. He thought there were many points in regard to which the Select Committee would form their own opinion, but there were one or two particular matters which deserved the consideration of the Council. In the first place, he thought that where the Bill provided for a minimum number of Commissioners, it ought to provide also for a maximum number. This suggestion he made for the following reason. At present there were a number of Commissioners who seldom took interest in the general affairs of the municipality to which they belonged; and yet when there was some question in which the interest of some particular officer or officers of the municipality was concerned, then, and then only, did we see the faces of those Commissioners. For this and other reasons he thought that a maximum number of Commissioners should be fixed.

Then, again, he found in section 30 that the Chairman had absolute power in all matters except those which were left to be settled by the Commissioners at a meeting. He should like to see provision made for the appointment of sub-committees for assisting the Chairman in the deliberation of all matters, except those of general importance, which should be discussed at general meetings.

He also objected to that part of the Bill which provided for the retirement of Commissioners at the end of every three years. The new law, under which the Commissioners were to retain their appointment for three years only, was passed in 1873, and we had already seen the result of it in the suburban municipality. There were some most useful Commissioners who had gone out, and some Commissioners who very seldom took an interest in

municipal matters had been retained. It therefore appeared to him that the provision relating to the appointment of Commissioners for a period of three years was a subject deserving the attention of the Select Committee. He thought that the term of office ought to be extended to seven years, and not less.

There were other important matters, which would no doubt be considered in Select Committee. He did not therefore wish to take up the time of the Council, but he generally agreed with the hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal) in the opinions which he had expressed.

The HON'BLE THE ACTING ADVOCATE-GENERAL had a word or two to say in this matter, with reference to the appointment of Commissioners for three years. He was of opinion that the appointment of Commissioners for three years was in case of the gentlemen who might be appointed. A man might be perfectly willing to accept an appointment and give up a portion of his time for the space of three years, but he might not be willing to undertake the duties of such an office for a longer period. If any gentleman should take a particular liking to the office, and should make himself useful in that department, there was a power of reappointment given under the Bill. Objection to the comparatively short period of appointment was made on the ground that, in case a Commissioner should render himself obnoxious to the Magistrate, he would not be likely to be reappointed. With regard to that, the ADVOCATE GENERAL would remark, as he had on a former occasion pointed out, that in the work of legislation we should not look to extreme cases, but should provide for those which occurred in the ordinary course of things.

He had heard a great many objections made by the hon'ble gentleman opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal), some of which were certainly deserving of consideration. He entirely agreed with the hon'ble member as to the question of imposing tolls upon roads; he thought that that provision should be expunged from the Bill. The provision would probably lead to the oppression of the poor, and he thought it would be a great pity to retain in the Bill a provision which was really objectionable, and which would go but a very little way in augmenting the funds of municipalities.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said that he had very little to say in the way of opposition in answer to the remarks of the hon'ble members who had commented upon the Bill. On many points, which the hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal) had mentioned, MR. DAMPIER much inclined to go with him. But as he had told the Council, he had taken up the Bill which this Council had already passed in 1872 as the model of this one; and the various points on which the hon'ble members had commented were points which had been accepted by the Council in the former Bill, of which no disapproval had been expressed by the Governor-General in refusing his assent to the Bill, and against which he was not aware that any general outcry had been raised. He had therefore accepted them in this Bill, not as originating from himself, but as having been adopted by the Council on the former occasion, and which were at any rate such as should not be departed from without full consideration of the Council. On one of the points to which the hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal) had commented, MR. DAMPIER would however express his strong dissent. As long as the administration of these provinces was on the present system, and the Commissioners of divisions were responsible for the administration of their division in every respect—as long as the office of a Bengal Commissioner was such that his division sometimes included a population exceeding that of entire whole administrations outside Bengal—so long, he said, it would not be right to exclude a certain portion of his division from the Commissioner's supervision and control to create *imperia in imperiis*; and therefore upon that point he must differ entirely from his hon'ble friend. He thought the Commissioner's control over municipalities should be reserved, as much as his control over other officials and official bodies working under him.

As to the grievance which was felt regarding the inclusion of outlying villages in municipalities, he was personally aware that this had been felt, and he should be very glad to suggest that the Select Committee should consider such modifications and restrictions as the hon'ble member had proposed.

Then as to the matter of the three years' tenure of office by Commissioners, he felt the force of the hon'ble gentleman's opposition that it strengthened the hands of the official Magistrate as against the non-official Commissioners. This was a sort of point upon which he should be very glad if hon'ble members should take this opportunity of expressing their opinions as a guide to the Select Committee afterwards.

Then as to the bulk of the income of second class municipalities going to the support of the police, he was quite willing to impose a reasonable limit to the amount or proportion of its income which a second class municipality should pay for police. We had found a limit provided by the former Bill; but from the figures which had been supplied to him in respect of existing municipalities and towns, it appeared that the limit imposed by the Bill was so high as to be practically useless.

Then as to section 50, the objection was taken that one municipality should not contribute towards the works of another. It seemed to him a useful provision. He would take as an illustration the suburbs of Calcutta, which were one municipality, and of the adjoining tracts, which had been formed into another municipality or town under Act VI of 1868. Suppose they were to start a scheme of water-supply, and it was desired to make the head of the water-supply in the suburban municipality. He thought the suburban municipality might well say to the adjoining town—"As soon as we have made our head works, you have only to lay your pipes and take water into your streets: therefore we call upon you to contribute a fair share towards the cost of the head-works, of which you will get the benefit." It seemed to him that to meet such a case the section was a good one, because it might come to this, that if there were no section empowering the two municipalities to share expenses in such cases, both would have to go without some benefit which both desired to have. Then as to the establishment of the Magistrate and Commissioner's offices being paid for out of the municipal funds. Municipal administration, as they hoped, was an improved form of administration, and more to the advantage of the people than the ordinary system, which was sufficient for the rural parts of the country in general. Now, to give to a town this improved administration, a more expensive machinery was required. The immediate effect of creating a number of municipalities was that the Magistrate came up for an establishment for the extra work thrown on his office, and so did the Commissioner of the division, who might require one or two clerks in addition to his establishment. He did not think in any case more than this had been asked for.

The necessity of the additional establishment arose out of the arrangements made for giving improved administration to the municipalities or urban populations; and it appeared to him, under these circumstances, that they should expect to pay for these establishments, and not expect payment of these establishments from the general revenues, which was in effect to throw a portion of the charge on the rural population, which did not benefit by the more advanced form of administration.

As to the tax upon horses and carts being limited to first class municipalities, he was inclined to agree with the hon'ble member.

As to the matter of tolls on roads, the question was one which had been widely discussed. He supposed they all agreed, as a general principle, that turnpike gates should be wiped off the face of the earth. Under certain circumstances, however, it might be that want of money would entail on municipalities, in the earlier stages of their existence, evils even worse than turnpike gates. He should be inclined, therefore, to leave it to the option of the Commissioners, who could not raise money enough in other ways, to adopt this plan.

As to bazars and markets, the provisions were taken word for word from the Bill of 1872, and that was another point upon which he thought hon'ble members might take this opportunity of giving the Select Committee the advantage of their individual views.

Again, as to municipal regulations. The hon'ble member opposite had suggested that a distinction should be made between first and second class municipalities. In this also he agreed with the hon'ble member: rather he

should say that it should be declared that such and such sections were applicable to each municipality, as had been done in the law of 1868, to which the hon'ble member had referred. It had appeared to MR. DAMPIER that there were certain provisions in the municipal regulations which were rather matters of police, but they were provisions which had been adopted by the Council in the last Bill. It was more easy for the Council now to throw them out than for an individual member to do so.

As to the maximum number of Commissioners, he thought there was something in the objections of the hon'ble member to the right; not that he (MR. DAMPIER) feared that there would be any likelihood of having too many Commissioners in mofussil municipalities. Still he should be willing to fix some limit, such as perhaps a number of Commissioners in proportion to the population of the municipality. He did not think that the Chairman should be assisted by sub-committees, as he did not think that this would work in most mofussil municipalities, though it might do so in the suburbs and other places where there were large numbers of Commissioners. He did not see that the Act would bar the Chairman from calling in the advice of sub-committees, but an express provision might perhaps be introduced making the system of sub-committees optional with the Commissioners in large first class municipalities.

He would repeat that he would be glad if any other members would favour the Council now with an expression of opinion for the guidance and assistance of the Select Committee as regards the general questions of markets, tolls on roads, &c.

The motion was put and agreed to.

The HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved that the Select Committee should contain two gentlemen, who had much experience in municipal affairs, and whose services had not been made as much use of in Select Committees of the Council as those of some other gentlemen. He would propose that the Select Committee be composed of the hon'ble Mr. Hogg, the hon'ble Baboo Juggadanund Mookerjee, and the mover.

The motion was agreed to.

The Council was adjourned to a day of which notice would be given.

COMPLETION OF THE DAM ACROSS THE DAMOODUR RIVER.

No. 836—S.R., dated Calcutta, the 1st May 1875.

From—H. J. REYNOLDS, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal,
To—The Commissioner of Burdwan.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 15 of 13th instant, to the Secretary in the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department of this Government, submitting a report from Mr. Weekes, the Officiating Collector of Hooghly, on the completion of the dam across the river Damoodur, and on the flow of the Damoodur water into the Hooghly district through the Kana Nuddee.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor has perused this report with much satisfaction, and is glad to observe that a great portion of the cost of the construction of the dam has been met by voluntary subscriptions. His Honor desires that you will be good enough to convey his congratulations to Mr. Whitfield, C.E., on the success which has attended the measures adopted by him for giving a supply of water to the Hooghly district.

3. This correspondence will be published in the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette*.

No. 15, dated Burdwan, the 13th April 1875.

From—C. T. BUCKLAND, Esq., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch.

With reference to the orders of Government, in the Statistical Department, No. 292B, dated 25th January 1874, and the connected correspondence, I have

the honor to submit, for the information of Government, copy of a letter No. 29, dated 6th instant, from the Collector of Hooghly, reporting on the completion of the dam across the river Damoodur and on the flow of the Damoodur water into the Hooghly district through the Kana Nuddee.

2. The estimated cost of the construction of the dam is reported to be Rs. 6,439, and the voluntary subscriptions promised for the work amounted to Rs. 5,595. The sum still wanted to make up the cost is therefore Rs. 844.

3. Of the total amount of subscription, Rs. 4,685 were collected up to the 8th instant, leaving a balance of Rs. 910, which are in the course of collection.

4. I beg to suggest that the Collector's report may be published in the supplement to the *Gazette*. The engineering part of the work has been excellently done by Mr. Whitfield, C.E.

No. 29, dated Hooghly, the 6th April 1875.

From—A. WEEKES, Esq., Offg. Collector of Hooghly,
To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I HAVE the honor to draw your attention to the great scarcity of water that exists in this district. I cannot go anywhere without being asked to assist the people to obtain a supply for themselves and cattle. Even in Hooghly itself, water is so scarce that the roads cannot properly be watered. Most of the tanks are dry, and generally in the district only water-holes with a little filthy water are to be met with. Yesterday two applications for assistance were presented by ryots from the north of the district. I have determined to request the zemindars of their villages to assist them. The scantiness and badness of the water probably, in some way or other, aids the development of the cholera poison that has for some time been making itself felt, and perhaps of small-pox and cattle disease, of which there have been several cases.

2. In connection with the same subject, I have the honor to report that the dam across the Damoodur was completed and the water entered the Kana Nuddee on the 9th ultimo, and after a course of 30 miles reached Gopalnuggur on the morning of the 17th, entered the new canal there on the 18th, and through it the Saraswati river bed on the 19th, from whence it began to flow both north and south from Purusotumpore along the dry bed. From this it has taken a long time to come north, as the people were so anxious to dam it up and to turn it into their fields, ponds, and empty watercourses, and the country slopes to the southward; but I have, in communication with Mr. Whitfield, now brought the water in a fine stream to opposite Hooghly by raising the weir leading to the Kunttee river and also checking the flow southwards. The water this morning reached a place within six miles of Tribany, where I saw it flowing along in a strong clear stream. The southern part of the Saraswati was more readily filled. The water for drinking purposes alone is a great boon to the people along the course of the Kana Nuddee and Saraswati. It is beautifully clear and fresh, a great contrast to the old filthy water-holes. The people were really very hard-up for water before, both for themselves and their cattle; and the very winding channel of the latter distributes the water through a considerable range. It is also very generally being used for irrigation, and the ryots declare themselves willing to pay for the water at so much per beegha: as 1 rupee for onions and potatoes, 1 rupee 8 annas for sugarcane, and 8 annas for other crops. Mr. Whitfield is endeavouring to give the people all facilities for irrigation, and pipes are being let into the banks of the canal at certain distances for the purpose. This dry year the whole of the Damoodur water could be made use of in this part of the district, but it has been found necessary to let some pass by the escape channel below the dam at Selimabad. Altogether, I think the measures taken this year have been most successful and beneficial.

This morning heavy rain fell for nearly an hour, which will enable the ryots to prepare their land and give them moisture to sow on. Nearly the whole cost of the operations for bringing the Damoodur water into the district has been met by voluntary subscriptions.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 3rd May 1875.

District and date of		Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date
BENGAL.			
<i>Western Districts.</i>			
BURDWAN	1 Burdwan, 3rd* May 1875	6.9	Rainfall at Cutwa 1.53; Culna 3.21; Jehanabad 1.2; Rancegunge .50; weather very stormy. Cotton, and <i>teel</i> oilseed doing well. Cholera and small-pox prevalent; fever decreasing.
	2 Bankoora, 1st .. ..	.77	Rainfall almost all over the district on different dates. Sugarcane is being planted; other crops doing well.
	3 Beerbhoom, 1st .. ..	.08	Weather cool, and overcast with clouds; a little rain has fallen. There are no crops now on the ground.
	4 Midnapore, 1st	2.55	A very good shower of rain fell on Tuesday, which appears to be general over the whole district. Indigo sowings and first ploughings have been practicable owing to the ample fall of rain.
	5 Hooghly, 1st	1.42	Weather rainy and cold on the 25th, 26th, and 27th April; then hot and stormy, with north wind; 30th April and 1st May high wind, and very hot. Rain has fallen in Chinsurah, Bansberah, Panduah, Serampore, Phoneakhally, Bailagore, Huripal, Chunditola, and Sudder. The rain will suffice to sow on, but the ponds are empty. Cholera and small-pox less.
	Howrah, 1st	2.04	There was rain for two days during the week throughout the district. Weather warm and cloudy, and strong wind from the south. Reaping of the <i>boro</i> , or spring rice, commenced, and ploughing for the early and late rice crops going on. The young sugarcane much benefited by the rain, but more wanted.
<i>Central Districts.</i>			
PRESIDENCY DIV.	6 24-Pergunnahs, 3rd† May 1875.	4.43	Whether hot and evenings cloudy. Rain has fallen throughout the district. The early rice sowings have commenced. Cholera has abated everywhere. Fever increasing at Barrpore.
	7 Nuddea, 1st May 1875	1.04	Sufficient rain in some parts. Strong winds. As a rule, so far as the district officer has heard, there has not been rain enough for the sowings either of rice or indigo. In Koosteah and Bongong the cultivators have been more fortunate than elsewhere.
	8 Jessore, 1st .. ..	.71	The weather has been variable; rain in all the sub-divisions; prevailing wind from the south. The spring crop is being rapidly sown. The rain has done good both to rice and indigo.
	9 Moorsheadabad, 1st May 1875.	.23	Weather very hot; small rain-fall at Sudder station—none in sub-divisions. Rain wanted for both growing rice and other crops, and also for enabling ryots to prepare the ground for late crops. Price of common rice has risen a good deal in the interior. Cholera still bad at Gowa station circle. Sixteen deaths during the week. Mild form of small-pox at Soojangmge and Berhampore.
	10 Dungepore, 1st May 1875.	.11	Rain in most parts of the district. Cool wind from east. Ploughing being pushed forward energetically in <i>polya</i> or alluvial land. <i>Karna</i> millet and bhadoi, or early rice, and jute being sown, and much already above ground.
	11 Maldah, 1st May 1875	.22	Weather close and cloudy, with high winds. Rain on 25th, 28th, and 30th April. Rain is much wanted for the spring and autumn rice crops.
	12 Rajshahye, 1st .. ..	.19	There has been moderate rain in many parts of the district during the week sufficient to affect agricultural prospects. The rice and <i>teel</i> oilseed crops are looking well, and have been assisted by the late rain. More rain is looked for. Cholera is prevalent, principally in the north-east of the district.
	13 Rungpore, 30th April ..	.3	Weather very hot and oppressive. Rice sowings nearly finished. Rain wanted for growing crops.
	14 Bogra, 1st May ..	.65	Weather fair. There was a fall of rain on the afternoon of the 30th April. Early rice, <i>teel</i> oilseed, and jute, promise well.
	15 Puhna, 1st .. ..	.42	Weather cloudy; threatening rain; high south-easterly winds. Harvesting of <i>cheena</i> millet finished. State of <i>boro</i> and <i>julya</i> rice good and promising, but rain is much wanted in many parts of the district to facilitate the sowing of the early and late rice. A good fall of rain at Dulye, on the 26th and 27th April, has benefited the crops there. Cholera continues. No report from Serajgunge.

* Telegram of the 3rd May, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Report of the 3rd May, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(Contd.)			
Central Districts.—			
(Con'd)			
COOCH BEHAR & DIV.	16 Barisal, 29th April 1875.	·92	Alternate mist and sunshine, with occasional showers of rain : all favorable to the crops. All the crops are doing well.
	17 ulpigoree, 1st May 1875	4·75	Storms and heavy showers. Weather cool and agreeable. All that could be desired for <i>bhadoi</i> , or early rice sowings, which is now going on.
	18 Cooch Behar, 29th April 1875.	1·49	Heavy rains and cold winds. Early rice crop progressing fairly.
Eastern Districts.			
A. D.	18 Dacca, 3rd* May 1875	1·44	Rainfall not equally distributed. State of crops good ; the rain has done much good.
	19 Fureedpore, 1st " "	1·55	Weather seasonable, with very high south winds. Prospects of crops excellent. Several cases of cholera at head-quarters.
	20 Backergunge, 29th April 1875.	9·96	Rain has fallen, and ploughing has begun. There is nothing to complain of seriously. Cattle-disease still present, but not bad.
1001	21 Memensingh, 30th April 1875.	·68	Showers have been heavy but local ; 1½ to 2 inches of rain in many places in the district have fallen. A fine crop of <i>boro</i> rice, of which about half is cut. Prospects of <i>amra</i> , or early rice, favorable ; jute sprouting in many localities.
	22 Chittagong, 29th April 1875	6·17	Very wet weather. About 3 inches of rain fell on the 28th April ; heavy rain all over the district ; the rain has fallen just when needed. People were looking out for it in order that they might get to work in their fields. Tea has benefited by it. State of crops good.
	23 Sonkholly, 29th April 1875.	3·99	Weather cloudy, with stiff breeze blowing from south and south-east, and sometimes from the north-east, and latterly rainy. There was slight rain on 23rd and 24th April, and rather heavy rain on the 27th and 28th idem. The sowing of the early rice is going on. The present rainy weather has improved both cultivation and health. Cholera abating.
1002	24 Tipperah, 30th April 1875	·11	A few slight showers of rain fell. High easterly and south-easterly gales ; weather slightly cooler. At Brahmunberiah 66 inches of rain fell. The spring rice is still being harvested. The early and late rice have been sown under favorable circumstances.
	25 Chittagong Hill Tracts, 27th April 1875	·53	Weather excessively hot during the first part of the week ; cloudy during the latter part ; some rain has fallen. <i>Jowar</i> -burning has nearly been finished ; tobacco has been gathered ; melons being sold in small quantities.
	Hill Tipperah, 1st May 1875.	1·73	Unsettled weather. No change to report. Prices stationary.
BEHAR			
1003	26 Patna, 3rd* May 1875	·59	Half inch of rain fell on the night of the 2nd May ; weather cool since. No crops on ground except <i>cheena</i> millet, sugarcane, water-melon and <i>takri</i> melon. Cholera still prevalent, but nowhere in an epidemic form.
	27 Gya, 1st May " "	Nil	Weather dry and seasonable ; highest reading of dry maximum thermometer during the week was 110 degrees. No crops on the ground ; <i>rubber</i> thrashed and being carried. Cholera reported as slightly prevalent in some parts of the district.
	28 Shahabad 1st " "	Nil	Weather clear and hot ; prevailing wind east. Cold weather crops are almost harvested, and being brought to the markets. <i>Cheena</i> millet, sugarcane, and mango crops promise well. Cholera in parts of the district.
1004	29 Darbhanga, 1st " "	·01	Weather cool, with east winds. Heavy rain—in one place six inches, in others from two to three inches—has fallen in the Mudeebounce sub-division, benefiting the indigo crop and facilitating preparation of the soil for next crop. Slighter falls of rain in the Tappore and head-quarters sub-division. Cholera cases still reported, but in fewer numbers than before.
	30 Mouafferpore 1st " "	1·1	Weather hot ; some rain has fallen. The fields are being prepared for <i>bhadoi</i> , or early crops, and <i>cheena</i> and <i>basma</i> millets are being sown rapidly. The late rain has been beneficial to the crops already sown, and to indigo. In Jallab and Kotrah thanas cholera has broken out, and is spreading rather rapidly.
	31 Sarun, 1st " "	·50	Weather hot and dry ; east wind prevailed during the early part of the week ; west winds have recommenced. Rain fell on the night of the 28th April, preceded by strong wind and dust-storms. <i>Cheena</i> millet, sugarcane, and indigo, promise well ; the early rice and <i>maung</i> pulse are being sown. The late rain has benefited the crops. General health good.
1005	32 Champaran, 30th April 1875.	·20	Rain has been threatening throughout the district, and east wind prevailing. Heavy rain fell on the night of the 28th April, which has done a great deal of good. The wind has been steadily from the east. The prospects of indigo, which is the only important growing crop at present, are most excellent.

* Telegrams of the 3rd May, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEHAR—(Contd.)			
G. P. O. {	33 Monghyr, 1st May 1875	Nil	Fair weather; no change since last week. Harvest is gathered in. Rain is now wanted.
	34 Bhagulpore, 3rd* „ „	71	The rain which has fallen in the sudder sub-division should have good effect. Good fall of rain in Soopool and Mudehpore sub-divisions. <i>Moong</i> pulse and bhadoi, or early rice, in Soopool much benefited by rain. General health good.
	35 Purneah, 1st May 1875	51	East wind, up to the last two days of the week; weather cloudy and stormy. Rain fell on Wednesday, in Kishengunge more heavily than in the south and west of the district; more is wanted both for indigo and rice. Cholera decreasing.
	36 Sonthal Pergunnahs, 1st May 1875.	Nil	Extraordinary weather for the end of April; the air has been as cool and as close as in October, with clouds about. Two days hot winds, and afterwards moist cool weather, or again with clear distances. Sub-divisions something of the same sort. Ploughing going on where possible. Cholera appearing on the borders; small-pox heard of occasionally; cattle-disease bad in places.
ORISSA.			
Orissa Div {	37 Cuttack, 24th April 1875	47	Weather very hot, with occasional thunder-storms; some rain has fallen. No crops on the ground. More rain wanted for ploughings, and it is likely to fall.
	38 Pooree, 29th „ „	38	There was a slight rainfall on the evenings of the 27th and 28th April. The sky was cloudy at the time of report, and more rain expected as well as required for tillage. Tillage will now commence, but requires more rain to proceed. The <i>dalia</i> , or spring rice crop, is being reaped with a good outturn; white <i>moong</i> pulse and castor-seed are being harvested with a fair outturn. The new sugarcane crop is being watered and manured. Cotton plants are being earthed up, and irrigated mangoes beginning to ripen, but the crop has been very poor.
	39 Balasore, 30th „ „	143	Heavy thunder-storms, with some rain, but scarcely enough. Rainfall at Bhudruck 11. Ploughing is progressing. Miscellaneous crops are good. Cholera in the north is steadily declining.
CHOTA NAGPORE.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
	40 Hazareenaga, 30th April 1875.	Nil	Weather very warm, but seasonable. No alteration in the state of crops.
	41 Lohurounga, 1st May 1875.	90	Weather changeable, with easterly winds. Heavy storm on the 27th April. No crops on the ground. The <i>mohua</i> flower has been damaged by the east wind, and the opium outturn is very short. Small-pox still prevalent, and a few cases of cholera have been reported from Palamow.
	42 Singbhoon, 30th April 1875.	04	Seasonable weather. No crops.
	43 Maunbhoon, 1st May 1875.	11	There was a slight fall of rain on the 29th April; weather cooler at commencement of week, but again hot. The only crop on the ground in regard to which fear is expressed is sugarcane, and its prospects, unless heavy rain falls, are bad. Other crops are <i>khar</i> rice, cotton, and vegetables. They are doubtless to some extent injured, and are apparently doing well.

* Telegram of the 3rd May, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 4th May 1875.

R. KNIGHT,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Div	DISTRICT.	STATION.	Rain from 11th to 17th April 1875.	Rain from 18th to 24th April 1875.	RAIN FROM 1ST JANUARY 1875.		REMARKS.
			Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Up to date	
BENGAL.							
	WESTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	1875.		
Burdwan	Burdwan	Burdwan	Nil	0.33	5.82	24th April	
		Cutwa	Nil	0.33	4.85	ditto	
		Culna	Nil	0.16	3.21	ditto	
		Bood-bood	Nil	0.25	4.27	ditto	
		Banceegunge	Nil	0.56	3.55	ditto	
		Jehanabad	Nil	Nil	3.37	ditto	
	Bankoora	Bankoora	Nil	0.28	1.45	ditto	
	Beerbhoom	Sooree	Nil	0.77	4.42	ditto	
		Hetampore	Nil	Not rec.	3.82	17th April	
		Midnapore	Nil	0.04	0.90	24th April	
Midnapore	Tumlook	Not rec.	Nil	0.27	ditto	Not rec. 11th to 17th April.	
	Gurbeta	Nil	0.10	1.67	ditto		
	Contai	{ Dy. Collr.'s Office	Not rec.	Not rec.	0.20	16th April	
		{ Exe. Engr.'s Office	Nil	1.15	1.33	24th April	
Hooghly	Hooghly	Nil	Nil	2.87	ditto		
	Serampore	Nil	Nil	3.81	ditto		
Howrah	Howrah	Nil	0.13	3.15	ditto		
CENTRAL DISTRICTS.							
24-Pergunnahs	Sanger Island	Nil	0.70	1.20	ditto		
	Calcutta	Nil	0.01	2.31	ditto		
	Alipore	{ Dispensary	Nil	Nil	2.44	ditto	
		{ Jail	Nil	Nil	1.93	ditto	
	Busseerhat	Nil	Nil	3.59	ditto		
	Baraset	Nil	Nil	4.46	ditto		
	Diamond Harbour	Nil	Nil	1.37	ditto		
	Barrapore	Nil	Nil	1.15	ditto		
	Satkhira	Nil	Nil	6.33	ditto		
	Barrackpore	Nil	Nil	3.28	ditto		
	Dum-Dum	Nil	Nil	3.67	ditto		
Nuddea	Kylnaghar	Nil	0.26	5.19	ditto		
	Bongong	Nil	Nil	5.65	ditto		
	Meherpore	Nil	0.18	5.70	ditto		
	Choodangah	Nil	0.15	3.80	ditto		
	Kooshtea	Nil	1.48	6.24	ditto		
	Ranaghat	Nil	Nil	3.98	ditto		
Jessore	Jessore	Nil	Nil	5.44	ditto		
	Narail	Nil	Nil	5.26	ditto		
	Khoolna	Nil	Nil	3.59	ditto		
	Jhenida	Nil	0.47	3.59	ditto		
	Bagirhat	Nil	Nil	4.16	ditto		
	Magoorah	Nil	0.11	7.43	ditto		
Moorshedabad	Berhampore	Nil	0.07	4.39	ditto		
	Ranpore Haut	Nil	0.12	4.21	ditto		
	Lalbagh	Nil	Nil	2.75	ditto		
	Jungypore	Nil	Nil	2.39	ditto		
	Azingunge	Nil	Nil	2.93	ditto		
	Lalgolla	Nil	Nil	3.80	ditto		
Dimapore	Kandee	Nil	0.10	1.90	ditto		
	Dimapore	Nil	2.78	3.90	ditto	From 14th March 1875	
Maldah	Maldah	Nil	0.30	1.43	ditto		
	Chanchal	Nil	0.05	1.21	ditto		
Rajshahye	Bauleah	Nil	Nil	3.85	ditto		
	Natore	Nil	2.30	8.07	ditto		
Rungpore	Rungpore	Nil	0.61	2.45	ditto		
	Bhowanigunge	Nil	Nil	4.15	ditto		
Bogra	Bogra	Nil	0.67	4.54	ditto		
Pubna	Pubna	Nil	0.41	5.29	ditto		
	Serajgunj	Nil	0.20	3.13	ditto		
Darjeeling	Darjeeling	{ Telegraph Office	Not rec.	Not rec.	4.97	31st Mar.	
		{ Hospital	0.63	0.39	5.81	24th April	
Julpigoree	Julpigoree	0.56	0.10	5.46	ditto		
	Boda	Nil	Nil	1.26	ditto		
	Buxa	{ Commissioner's Office	0.47	0.20	13.67	ditto	
		{ Civil Surgeon's Office	6.85	Not rec.	17.73	17th April	
Cooch Behar Tributary States	Titalya	0.70	1.56	5.24	17th April		
	Cooch Behar	0.38	Nil	3.61	ditto		

DISTRICT.	STATION,	Rain from 1st to 17th April 1875.	Rain from 18th to 24th April 1875.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1875.		REMARKS.
				Inches.	Up to date.	
BENGAL—(Continued.)						
EASTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	1875.		
Dacca ...	Dacca... { Telegraph Office	Nil	0.26	5.07	24th April	Not rec. 21st to 27th Mar.
	{ Hospital	Nil	0.28	4.61	ditto	
		Moonsheegunge	Nil	0.70	4.62	ditto	Ditto
Ferozepore ...	Manickgunge	Nil	0.70	2.92	ditto	ditto.
	Ferozepore	Nil	Nil	4.28	ditto	
	Goalundo	Nil	Nil	6.06	ditto	
Backergunge ...	Madaripore	Nil	Nil	8.07	ditto	
	Burrisal	Not rec.	Not rec.	4.04	3rd April	
	Perozepore	ditto	ditto	3.92	ditto	
	Patoankhally	ditto	ditto	4.14	ditto	
Mymensingh ...	Dowlatkhan	ditto	ditto	3.08	ditto	
	Mymensingh	Nil	2.00	9.42	24th April	
	Jamalpore	Nil	1.00	7.48	ditto	
	Atia	Nil	0.70	5.26	ditto	
Chittagong ...	Kishoregunge	Nil	0.60	13.22	ditto	
	Chittagong { Telegraph Office	Nil	0.10	6.00	ditto	
	{ Jail	Nil	0.11	7.09	ditto	
Noakholly...	Cox's Bazar	Nil	0.10	2.67	ditto	
	Noakholly	Nil	0.12	3.24	ditto	
Tipperah ...	Comillah	Nil	0.49	11.10	ditto	
	Brahmunberiah	Nil	0.60	15.00	ditto	
Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hi	Nil	0.11	5.16	ditto	
Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah	Nil	1.86	13.32	ditto	
BEHAR.						
Patna ...	Patna	Nil	Nil	1.59	ditto	
	Behar	Nil	0.10	1.32	ditto	
	Barh	Nil	Nil	0.53	ditto	
	Dinapore ... { Jail	Nil	Nil	1.40	ditto	
		{ Cantonment	Nil	Nil	1.12	ditto
Shahabad ...	Gya	Nil	Nil	1.69	ditto	
	Nowadah	Nil	0.32	1.24	ditto	
	Arungabad	Nil	Nil	2.12	ditto	
	Jehanabad	Nil	Nil	1.29	ditto	
	Arrah	Nil	Nil	1.69	ditto	
Muzafferpore ...	Sasaram	Nil	Nil	1.41	ditto	
	Buxar	Nil	Nil	0.72	ditto	
	Bhubonah	Nil	Nil	0.90	ditto	
	Muzafferpore	Not rec.	Not rec.	1.27	10th April	
Durbhanga ...	Hajepore	ditto	ditto	1.36	ditto	
	Sectanurhee	ditto	ditto	0.90	ditto	
	Durbhanga	Nil	0.11	0.67	24th April	
	Mudhoobunnee	Nil	0.46	2.17	ditto	
Chumpran ...	Tajpore	Nil	Nil	0.90	ditto	
	Chupra	Nil	Nil	0.93	ditto	
	Sewan	Nil	Nil	1.30	ditto	
Monghyr ...	Motiharee	Nil	0.50	1.23	ditto	Not rec. 4th to 10th April.
	Bettiah	Nil	Nil	0.90	ditto	
Bhagulpore ...	Monghyr	Nil	Nil	1.72	ditto	
	Begoo Serai	Nil	0.66	1.21	ditto	Not rec. 21st to 27th Mar.
	Jamsoore	Nil	Nil	1.00	ditto	
Purneah ...	Bhagulpore	Nil	0.16	1.35	ditto	
	Sonepool	Nil	Nil	0.31	ditto	
	Muddulpooora	Nil	0.70	1.66	ditto	
	Banka	Nil	Nil	1.66	ditto	
Sonthal Pargunnahs...	Soubursa	Nil	0.26	0.95	ditto	
	Purneah	Nil	Nil	0.68	ditto	
	Kissengunge	Nil	Nil	1.10	ditto	
	Arrareah	Nil	0.03	1.30	ditto	
Sonthal Pargunnahs...	Nya Doomka	Nil	0.57	4.65	ditto	
	Rajmehal	Not rec.	Not rec.	0.50	10th April	
	Deoghur	Nil	ditto	1.32	17th April	Not rec. 28th Mar. to 10th April.
Sonthal Pargunnahs...	Jamtara	Not rec.	ditto	1.30	19th April	Not rec. 28th Mar. to 3rd April.
	Godd	Nil	Nil	0.94	24th April	ditto.

No.	DISTRICT.	STATION.	Rain from 1st JANUARY 1875.		REMARKS.
			in feet to 17th 1875.	in from 18th to 24th Apr 1875.	
			Inches.	Inches.	1875.
	ORISSA.				
		Cuttack ... { Telegraph Office	Nil	0.20	1.70 24th April
		... { Hospital	Nil	0.47	2.05 ditto
		Jajpore	Nil	3.20	6.20 ditto
		Kendraparah	Nil	Nil	2.20 ditto
		Jugatsingapore	Nil	0.30	0.60 ditto
		False Point	Nil	0.10	2.95 ditto
		Pooree	Nil	0.02	2.17 ditto
		Khoordah	Nil	0.04	1.70 ditto
		Balasore	Nil	Nil	3.90 ditto
		Blaindruck	Nil	Nil	0.67 ditto
		Jeliasore	Nil	Nil	0.21 ditto
		Soron	Nil	0.38	3.11 ditto
		Chandbally	Nil	Nil	1.02 ditto
		Cuttack Tributary Melms Sumbulpore	Nil	0.24	1.18 ditto
	CHOTA NAGPORE.				
	SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.				
		Hazareebagh ... { Jail	Nil	6.03	3.65 ditto
		... { Dispensary	Nil	0.01	3.54 ditto
		Pachumbha	Nil	0.21	2.22 ditto
		Lohardugga	Nil	0.11	2.39 ditto
		Palamow	Nil	Nil	1.62 ditto
		Singbhoom	Nil	0.73	4.45 ditto
		Maubhoom	Nil	0.18	2.28 ditto
		Guvindpore	Nil	0.39	3.11 ditto
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.				
		Sylhet	3.05	Not rec.	21.51 17th April
		Sibsanga	10.18	ditto	26.91 ditto
		Golaghat	0.61	ditto	14.35 ditto
		Jorehaut	3.79	ditto	17.49 ditto
		Nazimabad	6.36	ditto	25.13 ditto
		Deoghar	2.21	ditto	22.53 ditto
		Hatibpota	1.24	ditto	22.21 ditto
		Mazgaon	4.29	ditto	21.57 ditto
		Sunam	1.62	ditto	23.85 ditto
		Cherapunji	7.40	ditto	27.47 ditto
		Bengal	Not rec.	ditto	1.45 19th April
		Alay	Nil	1.58	2.16 24th April

CALCUTTA.

The 1st May 1875.

W. G. WILLSON.

Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 25th April to 1st May 1875.

Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	THERMOMETER.		WIND.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.										
				Dry.	Wet.														
S. 2.	Apl. 25th	10	29.631	29.649	90	80.2	63	S by E	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.648	29.666	92	80	57	S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	26th	10	29.641	29.659	89	81.3	70	S E	...	...	0.24	K	...	...	...	...	...	Seeds from S. S. E.	
	16	29.530	29.554	80.5	80.5	66	S S E	...	...	...	0.05	K	...	...	...	...	...	...
	27th	10	29.684	29.702	82.5	79	87	S S E	...	...	...	2.48	K	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.599	29.617	85	81.4	85	S	...	...	...	0.22	K	...	...	...	...	...	...
	28th	10	29.696	29.714	80	76.5	84	E	...	...	...	0.16	K	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.580	29.598	88	80	60	S	...	...	...	...	K	...	...	...	...	...	...
	29th	10	29.683	29.701	88.7	83	77	S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Seeds from S. S. W.	
	16	29.578	29.596	89.5	82.7	73	S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Seeds from S. S. W.	
S. 2.	30th	10	29.719	29.737	89	81.5	71	S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Seeds from S. S. W.
	16	29.601	29.619	89.7	82.5	73	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Seeds from S. S. W.	
	May 1st	10	29.727	29.745	89.3	81.5	70	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Seeds from S. S. W.	
	16	29.671	29.689	90.5	82.7	70	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Seeds from S. S. W.	
	Apl. 25th	10	29.638	29.644	87	82	79	S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.525	29.531	87	82	79	S S E	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	26th	10	29.654	29.660	87	82	79	S S E	...	...	...	0.01	N	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.555	29.561	84	82	76	S S E	...	...	...	...	N	...	...	...	...	...	...
	27th	10	29.681	29.690	87	81	76	S S E	...	...	...	...	0.59	CK	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.587	29.593	86	82	83	S S E	...	...	...	...	N	...	...	...	...	...	...
S. 2.	28th	10	29.695	29.701	83	78	78	S S W	...	...	...	1.19	KS	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.586	29.592	86	80	75	S S E	...	...	...	...	N	...	...	...	...	...	...
	29th	10	29.715	29.721	87	82	79	S S W	...	...	...	...	C	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.601	29.610	87	82	79	S S W	...	...	...	...	K	...	...	...	...	...	...
	30th	10	29.754	29.760	87	81	76	S S W	...	...	...	...	N	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.629	29.635	88	82	76	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	May 1st	10	29.754	29.760	88	82	76	S S W	...	...	...	...	K	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.610	29.616	88	83	80	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Apl. 25th	10	29.636	29.729	79	74	77	E S E	...	...	1.50	K	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.519	29.611	85	77	64	S S E	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
S. 2.	26th	10	29.683	29.776	80	75	75	E	...	...	0.30	KS	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.581	29.673	85	77	68	S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	27th	10	29.606	29.789	79	75	78	S E	...	...	...	0.29	K, KS	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.576	29.669	79	78	82	S S E	...	...	...	...	CK, KS	...	...	...	...	...	...
	28th	10	29.693	29.786	82	75	78	E S E	...	...	...	0.10	KS, N	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.579	29.671	85	84	95	S E	...	...	...	...	N	...	...	...	...	...	...
	29th	10	29.681	29.775	73	75	95	E	...	...	...	2.70	N	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.611	29.734	81	77	82	E S E	...	...	...	...	KS	...	...	...	...	...	...
	30th	10	29.782	29.874	85	79	75	E S E	...	...	...	...	K	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.680	29.772	84	80	83	E S E	...	...	...	...	K, KS	...	...	...	...	...	...
S. 2.	May 1st	10	29.737	29.854	84	79	79	S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.607	29.759	85	79	75	S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Apl. 24th	10	29.768	29.798	92	79	54	S by E	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.606	29.646	91	81	63	S S E	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	25th	10	29.724	29.754	96	78	42	S W by W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.580	29.610	91	78	44	S E by S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	26th	10	29.712	29.772	96	76	36	S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	27th	10	29.584	29.678	94	79	49	S S E	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.740	29.770	97	77	37	S W by W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
S. 2.	28th	10	29.619	29.640	93	76	43	S E by S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.770	29.800	97	77	37	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	29th	10	29.657	29.687	90	80	63	S E by S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.833	29.863	94	74	46	S E by E	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	30th	10	29.694	29.724	89	80	66	S E by S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.524	29.605	93	77	45	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Apl. 25th	10	29.681	29.692	97	82	50	S S W	...	...	...	...	K	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.511	29.592	95	79	47	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	27th	10	29.300	29.477	94	82	58	E	...	...	...	...	CK	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.527	29.694	91	91	100	S S W	...	...	...	...	CN	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
S. 2.	28th	10	29.419	29.500	94	81	55	S S W	...	...	...	...	CK	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.581	29.636	92	83	60	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	29th	10	29.459	29.544	93	83	61	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.631	29.713	89	80	66	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	30th	10	29.514	29.595	91	81	63	S S W	...	...	...	...	C	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.658	29.739	96	81	66	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	May 1st	10	29.538	29.619	92	81	60	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.675	29.754	91	81	63	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Apl. 25th	10	29.527	29.608	94	82	44	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.750	29.812	79	76	86	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
S. 2.	26th	10	29.667	29.738	84	74	78	E	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.787	29.809	79	75	82	S E	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	27th	10	29.685	29.709	83	78	75	S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.771	29.793	77	76	95	E	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	28th	10	29.725	29.747	80	76	82	S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.798	29.819	86	82	83	S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	29th	10	29.729	29.750	84	86	83	S E	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.791	29.812	81	80	83	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	30th	10	29.785	29.807	74	73	100	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.888	29.909	85	81	83	S S W	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
S. 2.	May 1st	10	29.798	29.819	83	80	79	S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16	29.898	29.917	87	80	72	S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
S. 2.	10	29.768	29.780	86	80	75	S	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA,
The 1st May 1875.W. G. WILSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

No. 161.

The 4th May 1875.

Notification.—The following Extract from the Proceedings of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, relative to the accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the District Road Fund for the fourth quarter of the cess year 1873-74, is published for general information :—

No. 2221.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in the Public Works Department (Local—Accounts), under date the 20th April 1875.

Recd memorandum from the Controller of Public Works Accounts in Bengal, No. 4328 of 29th March last, submitting an abstract of the receipts and expenditure of the several District Road Committees for the quarter ending 30th September 1874.

RESOLUTION.—The Lieutenant-Governor directs that the accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the District Road Fund for the fourth quarter of the past cess year (1873-74), as submitted by the Controller of Public Works Accounts in Bengal, be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and circulated to the officers concerned.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of the above Resolution, together with a copy of the abstract of receipts and expenditure, be published in the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Ordered also, that a copy of the above Resolution, as well as of the abstract referred to, be forwarded to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Financial Department for information. Also, that copies of each be forwarded to all Commissioners of Divisions, to all Superintending Engineers of Circles in Bengal, to the Accountant-General of Bengal, and to the Controller of Public Works Accounts in Bengal, for information.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

G. F. E. S. NEILL, *Captain, M. S. C.,*
Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal
in the P. W. Dept.

DISTRICT

*Quarterly Abstract of Receipts and Expenditure of the several
ending 30th*

RECE

NAMES OF DISTRICTS.	REVENUE UNDER ROAD CESS ACT OF 1871.										RECEIPTS FROM			
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.		
	on miles of railway.	es.	al.	ad cess leviable thereon under the District Road Cess Act.	ad Tolls.									
Burdwan	1,26,650	5	1	2,180	11	6	.....	.....	.....	2,180	11	6
Midnapore	51,917	6	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hooghly	20,430	6	0	1,801	0	10	.....	.....	.....	1,801	0	10
24-Pergunnahs	69,118	1	11	20,806	2	1	4,291	4	0	25,209	14	1		
Nudda	Cr. 3,959	12	9	20,210	10	11	3,928	0	0	23,838	10	11		
Jessore	4,324	7	2	24,484	10	9	2,310	12	0	26,795	6	9		
Moorshedabad	41,511	2	11	11,257	5	6	904	5	6	12,161	11	2		
Dumapore	63,912	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maidah	22,260	7	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rajshahye	1,17,706	12	7	2,975	13	11	831	11	2	3,806	9	2		
Rungpore	2,86,950	12	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bogra	Cr. 59,258	12	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pubna	11,578	13	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca	19,961	11	7	11,102	3	11	3,029	4	0	14,131	7	11		
Fureedpore	21,689	0	5	5,588	7	9	414	13	0	215	13	0		
Tipperah	7,161	15	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mouglhyr	20,864	10	2	11,057	2	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bhagulpore	13,718	12	7	7,556	7	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Purneah	47,373	14	7	11,543	9	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cuttack	31,411	12	6	240	3	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pooree	14,631	3	5	4,475	0	2	218	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Balasore	9,824	3	11	1,818	0	1	111	9	0	1,929	0	1		
Hazareebagh	19,128	6	0	5,243	13	1	415	13	02	5,833	13	11		
Total	9,03,916	14	11	12,726	8	5	16,631	7	32	9	10	632	11	0
Bankoora	59,545	8	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Beerbhoom	2,968	15	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Darjeeling	5,118	11	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jalpigoree	11,809	2	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Backergunge	8,102	4	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mymen-singh	1,669	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chittagong	38,737	2	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Noakholly	4,015	2	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chittagong Hill Tracts	16,908	11	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Patna	9,116	7	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gya	74,291	19	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shahabad	10,381	0	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tirhoot	Cr. 4,93,734	15	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sarun	Cr. 4,19,029	13	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chumpanun	3,65,689	5	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sonthal Pergunnahs	1,20,528	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lohardugga	11,901	6	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Singbhoon	10,758	4	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manbhoon	4,985	15	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	Cr. 13,391	14	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grand total	*8,59,655	0	8	14,272	8	5	16,631	7	32	9	10	784	11	0

Of the total outlay on Works and Repairs, of Rs. 28,09,546 the portion
 * This excludes the balance of the District Road Funds, Sylhet, not brought

ROAD FUND.

*District Road Committees of the 4th Quarter of the Cess Year 1873-74.
September 1874.*

PTS.

[illegible]

ided by Public Works Department, was Rs. 1,71,072.
and in this return as the district has been transferred to Assam

DISTRICT

*Quarterly Abstract of Receipts and Expenditure of the several
ending 30th*

EXPEN

REPAIRS

NAMES OF DISTRICTS.	COLLECTION OF REVENUE AND COMMITTEE'S CONTROL.			ORIGINAL WORKS.			REPAIRS		
	Estab-lish-ment.	Contingencies.	Total.	Roads and Bridges.	River and Canal Works.	Ferries.	Total.	Roads and Bridges.	River and Canal Works.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Burdwan	1,582 0 0	81 8 9	1,663 8 9	17,920 13 11			17,920 13 11	77,745 3 0	
Midnapore				36,565 8 8			36,565 8 8	21,294 11 0	
Hoochly	1,241 1 5	138 14 6	1,380 15 11	11,771 2 0			11,784 5 0	35,669 1 1	
24 Pargunnahs	6,100 7 4	620 4 7	6,720 11 11	16,282 14 3			16,282 14 3	39,515 0 3	
Nuddea	—622 10 2	243 3 0	379 7 2	5,302 4 6	1,356 10 0		6,658 14 6	16,340 3 0	
Jessore	2,121 15 3	153 10 0	2,277 9 3	6,228 8 9			6,228 8 9	21,341 7 9	
Moorsheadabad	12 5 6 4	37 15 6	1,213 4 1	38,031 3 6			38,031 3 6	14,012 12 1	
Dinapore	45 0 0		45 0 0	72,764 13 7			72,764 13 7	3,873 11 7	
Maldah	108 0 0	2 5 0	110 5 0					13,193 15 7	
Rajshahye	1,579 1 9	62 0 6	1,641 2 3	5,740 11 8	636 5 10		6,383 1 0	7,231 3 10	63 4 3
Rungpore	45 0 0		45 0 0	2,509 5 10			2,509 5 10	4,422 3 7	
Bogra		0 1 0	0 1 0	2,118 10 7			23,118 10 7	6,907 8 0	
Patna	45 0 0	11 9 0	56 9 0	1,188 1 3			1,188 1 3	1,991 0 3	
Dacca	1,476 11 7	418 7 8	1,895 3 2	2,166 11 10	3,538 0 0		5,704 11 10	13,733 10 7	
Furzedpore	2,514 13 5	1,630 10 6	4,175 7 11	12 92 3 4	—12 0 0		12,281 3 4	1,118 15 2	
Tipperrah	1,418 9 11	2 7 2 0	1,765 11 11	11 2 4	—13 11 2		324 13 6	471 5 7	
Monghyr	743 2 0	2 4 2 0	1,026 4 0	11,821 4 0			14,821 4 0	4,500 0 8	
Bhagulpore	932 14 0	182 1 0	1,134 15 0	4 24 2 8			45,624 2 8	39,944 14 1	
Purneah	467 5 0	60 0 3	527 5 3	83,960 4 2			83,960 4 2	12,261 1 1	
Cuttack	877 13 8	64 5 9	932 3 6	6,091 14 8	—279 7 7		5,813 7 1	5,877 1 9	2 7 15 7
Pooree	559 7 11	82 8 2	633 1 1	3,168 15 1			3,148 15 1	11,550 14 8	
Balasore	892 1 2	434 4 9	1,326 6 11	277 0 4			277 0 4	8,104 5 8	
Ilazareebagh	2,578 4 6	26 13 6	2,615 2 0	42,816 11 8			42,816 11 8	305 7 0	
Total	4,253 8 5	4,891 15 5	9,145 3 0	1,18,579 9 0	5,271 6 1		4,53,841 15 11	7,93,614 13 7	360 3 10
Bankoora	7 8 11 9	35 0 6	753 12 3	38,258 6 0			38,258 6 0	3,360 2 0	
Beerbhoom	1,741 0 0	23 6 9	1,764 6 3	17,805 1 7			17,806 1 7	4,314 9 0	
Darjeeling	140 0 0	19 1 6	159 1 6	1,315 11 0			1,315 11 0	801 5 6	
Jalpigoree				7,800 0 3			7,801 0 3	6,763 4 6	
Backergunge	60 0 0	3 0 0	63 0 0	1,137 2 5	808 13 5		1,943 15 10	3,719 5 0	
Mymensingh	2,014 14 5	690 9 6	2,709 7 11	2,231 4 3			2,224 4 3	1,781 11 9	
Chittagong	105 0 0	58 3 0	163 3 0	6,667 8 4	162 5 8		6,810 14 0	1,333 10 3	
Noakholly	90 0 0	0 1 0	90 1 0	170 10 0			170 10 0	1,603 3 0	
Chittagong Hill Tracts		0 3 0	0 3 0	829 9 0			829 9 0	40 0 0	
Patna	1,873 4 0		1,873 4 0	9 8 0			9 8 0	7,489 13 11	
Gya	50 0 0	14 10 0	94 10 0	5 4 8			5 4 8 5 2	812 13 5	
Shahabad				37,629 12 10			37,630 12 10	15,108 11 0	
Tirhoot	435 0 0	1,015 3 4	1,480 3 4	5,566,449 10	5,25,394 1 3		5,81,934 11 8	23,877 14 9	6,019 2 8
Sarun	180 0 0	133 5 0	313 5 0	1,33,744 14 2	2,294 3 6		1,26,749 1 0	3,531,994 8 2	331 4 9
Chumpran	57 0 0		57 0 0	59,479 1 0			59,479 1 0	1,08,876 9 0	
Sonthal Pargunnahs	684 15 1	301 19 6	985 9 10	62,923 15 5			62,923 15 5	4,378 11 8	
Lohardugga	109 5 4	4 0 0	113 5 4	35 12 3	3,312 2 0		3,317 14 3	2,706 11 9	3,776 14 0
Singhbhoom				3,727 7 6			3,727 7 6	882 10 3	
Manbhoom	477 3 8	60 6 2	537 9 10	60,216 10 0			60,216 10 0		2,222 10 2
Total	8,839 7 6	2,358 12 3	11,198 3 3	9,81,987 5 7	32,709 9 10		10,11,636 15 5	5,41,958 10 1	62,129 15 7
GRAND TOTAL	31,492 15 1	7,169 11 8	38,663 10 0	14,30,567 14 7	37,981 0 9		14,38,638 15 4	13,35,583 8 4	62,430 3 5

Of the total outlay on Works and Repairs, or Rs. 28,63,810, the portion
This excludes the balance of the District Road Fund, Sylhet, not brought

FORT WILLIAM,
The 29th March 1875.

ROAD FUND.—(Continued.)

District Road Committees of the 4th Quarter of the Cess Year 1873-74.

September 1874.

DITURE.

		ESTABLISHMENT.						Tools and plant.	Refunds.	Total outlay of the quarter.	REMARKS.
Ferries.	Total.	Total Original Works and Repairs.	Public Works Establishment.	Other Establishments.	Total.						
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
457 5 3	21,752 0 3	18,347 8 11	.....	282 6 0	5 2 6 0	5,431 7 8	6,921 19 2	1,10,123 2 4	.....	58,417 6 11	
.....	35,959 1 11	46,847 7 6	.....	.....	.....	69 14 0	.....	40,397 8 4	.....	.....
.....	39,515 0 3	55,797 14 0	200 0 0	.....	200 0 0	.....	5,306 1 8	67,924 12 1	.....	.....
.....	16,740 3 0	22,000 2 0	.....	7,826 4 4	7,826 4 4	5 0 0 0	1 5 14 2	39,751 13 4	.....	.....
.....	21,244 7 9	20,473 0 0	.....	.....	.....	27 7 4 0	136 0 0	31,6 3 13 9	.....	.....
16 1 1	10,257 13 10	48,419 1 4	1,111 4 1	.....	1,141 4 1	35 15 3	7,279 5 6	67,339 15 0	.....	.....
.....	9,873 11 7	82,638 0 2	8 0 3 7	7,705 10 7	7,394 14 0	6 6 8	.....	90,704 15 3	.....	.....
.....	18,495 15 7	18,495 15 7	1,816 10 0	357 6 9	2,174 0 0	113 6 6	31 0 0	29,925 11 1	.....	.....
.....	7,01 8 1	13,684 9 7	1,242 0 0	1 1 7 9	1,353 7 9	4 5 0	59 9 0	16,741 1 7	.....	.....
.....	4,12,387 3 7	141,706 9 5	771 6 4	.....	771 6 4	4 1 0	.....	4,15,917 3 9	.....	.....
.....	6,907 8 0	10,021 3 1	12,614 5 9	19 2 2	12,624 7 11	232 2 2	.....	43,182 14 2	.....	.....
.....	1,191 0 3	2,079 1 6	.....	726 14 9	726 14 9	57 12 6	4 0 0	3,324 5 9	.....	.....
.....	13,733 10 7	10,438 6 5	30 0 0	.....	30 0 0	584 8 0	.....	21,918 1 8	.....	.....
17 8 6	1,098 5 2	13,978 8 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,051 6 11	29,5 7 5	.....	.....
.....	174 5 7	799 3 1	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,558 9 3	6,043 8 3	.....	.....
.....	4,500 0 8	19,320 4 8	4,843 6 0	.....	4,843 6 0	12 5 0	44 0 0	25,217 3 8	.....	.....
.....	18,304 13 1	81,019 15 9	1,877 15 8	5,237 0 8	8,115 0 1	54 14 5	.....	93,323 14 6	.....	.....
.....	11,291 1 1	96,221 5 8	7,017 10 10	.....	.....	10 154 15 0	.....	1,01,501 4 9	.....	.....
993 8 6	7,158 9 10	12,082 0 17	.....	63 0 0	63 0 0	.....	.....	14,581 12 4	.....	.....
.....	1,059 14 8	4,558 13 9	.....	12 0 0	120 0 0	.....	.....	5,901 13 10	.....	.....
331 1 0	8,435 6 8	8,712 7 0	.....	755 0 0	755 0 0	190 0 0	.....	9,883 12 11	.....	.....
.....	305 7 0	44,122 2 8	.....	1,514 14 14	1,865 14 14	8 1 0	.....	47,601 4 6	.....	.....
2,002 7 9	7,95,987 0 2	12,49,829 0 1	1,33,13 14 1	25,234 3 1	58,718 1 5	12,167 1 8	26,329 10 8	13,76,399 14 0	.....	.....
.....	3,300 2 0	41,618 8 6	624 11 3	.....	626 11 3	1,658 8 3	.....	41,677 8 3	.....	.....
.....	4,348 9 0	22,153 10 7	2,656 14 8	137 0 0	2,742 14 8	3 8 0	.....	26,644 8 6	.....	.....
.....	804 5 6	2,320 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,329 2 0	.....	.....
567 14 1	7,571 2 7	15,772 2 10	.....	316 10 1	3 6 10 11	.....	.....	15,388 13 9	.....	.....
.....	3,719 5 0	5,713 4 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,770 4 19	.....	.....
.....	1,781 11 9	4,640 0 0	.....	.....	19 6 8	.....	.....	6,737 11 7	.....	.....
.....	1,933 10 3	8,753 8 3	.....	47 15	47 15 0	.....	12 1 8	8,910 13 11	.....	.....
.....	1,863 3 0	1,973 13 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,63 14 0	.....	.....
.....	40 0 0	869 9 0	.....	170 0 0	170 0 0	.....	.....	1,639 12 0	.....	.....
.....	7,489 13 11	7,420 5 1	1,398 12 2	4,391 0 0	4,32 3 10	124 15 3	.....	9,2 6 5	.....	.....
.....	812 13 5	0,221 2 7	.....	1,975 3 9	1,075 3 9	10 0 0	.....	7,001 0 4	.....	.....
611 0 8	16,020 1 8	53,710 14 6	.....	34 10 2	63 10 2	196 1 7	.....	54,812 4 3	.....	.....
.....	79,897 1 6	6,01,831 13 0	.....	17,855 1 8	17,852 1 8	61 9 1 10	.....	68,273 3 11	.....	.....
.....	3,53,127 13 0	4,86,167 14 8	37,934 11 11	.....	7,933 1 11	1,385 1 5	.....	5,12,991 0 10	.....	.....
87 10 3	1,08,04 3 3	1,65,143 4 3	877 2 4	1,454 7 3	2,331 9 5	194 14 0	.....	1,68,926 11 8	.....	.....
.....	4,318 11 8	5,242 11 1	8,297 3 10	33 7 4	8,330 11 5	1,997 2 9	.....	68,553 2 14	.....	.....
.....	6,283 9 0	9,651 7 3	.....	97 10 9	971 10 9	20 12 0	.....	10,747 3 4	.....	.....
.....	882 10 3	4,610 1 9	.....	382 8 0	382 8 0	45 6 0	.....	5,037 15 3	.....	.....
.....	2,202 10 2	71,419 4 2	1,10 6 14 3	2,259 10 2	3,557 8 5	1,304 7 11	184 0 0	76,832 14 3	.....	.....
266 15 0	6,66,355 9 4	16,20,052 8 9	5,547 0 5	23,088 13 0	76,536 3 11	13,150 8 1	196 1 8	17,23,163	.....	.....
.....	14,03,343 2	6,28,69,882 1 1	1,86,331 4 0	48,923 0	71,35,264 5 1	24,617 10	6,26,625 12 4	9,97,661 8 0	.....	.....

pended by Public Works Department was Rs. 16,73,003
ward in this Return as the District has been transferred to Assam.

F. R. BOYCE,
Controller of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.

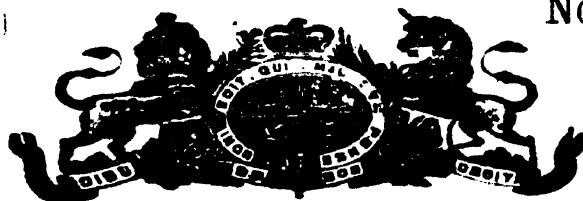
NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th April 1875, on 27½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.				MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.				Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.				
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.		Mds. Srs	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Total traffic for the week	1,476	1,033 0 0	103 6 0	7,088 0	540 0 0	54 0 0	157 6 0		
Or per mile of railway	54	38 0 0	3 16 0	280 0	19 8 0	1 19 0	5 15 0		
For previous 16 weeks of half-year...	26,372	19,160 0 0	1,910 0 0	1,01,824 0	8,367 0 0	835 14 0	2,745 14 0		
Total for 17 weeks	27,848	20,193 0 0	2,013 6 0	1,08,910 0	8,897 0 0	889 14 0	2,903 0 0		
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,446	1,100 7 10	110 1 0	10,389 10	577 13 6	57 15 8	167 16 8		
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	53	40 6 1	4 0 9	379 17	21 3 3	2 2 5	6 3 2		
Total to corresponding date of previous year	25,169	19,279 5 3	1,927 18 6	1,38,662 0	9,742 5 9	974 4 5	2,902 2 11		

[REGISTERED NO. 29.]

No. 20 of 1875.



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1875

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY

		WHEAT				BARLEY.				RICE, BEST SORT.				RICE, COMMON.				BULBUSH MILLET— CUMBOO, RAJRA.				
DISTRICTS	NUMBER	Next preceding return.		Corresponding return of last year.		Present return.		Next preceding return.		Corresponding return of last year.		Present return.		Next preceding return.		Corresponding return of last year.		Present return.		Next preceding return.		
		Seers.	to	Seers.	to	Seers.	to	Seers.	to	Seers.	to	Seers.	to	Seers.	to	Seers.	to	Seers.	to	Seers.	to	
BENGAL																						
Western Districts																						
Burdwan	...	17	8	20	0	12	8	24	0	25	0	19	8	15	8	17	8	13	8	17	0	
Bankoora	...	19	0	19	0	13	4	26	0	26	0	21	0	17	0	17	0	11	4	17	8	
Beerbhoom	...	21	0	22	8	13	8	25	0	30	0	15	0	17	0	10	0	18	0	21	0	
Midnapore	...	12	0	12	0	12	0	...	...	...	...	14	0	15	0	15	0	17	0	17	0
Honghy	...	18	0	18	0	13	0	24	0	24	0	17	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	15	0	
Howrah	...	17	8	18	0	12	0	...	...	...	...	13	0	13	0	11	0	16	0	18	0
Central Districts.																						
Calcutta	...	17	0	18	0	12	4	26	0	22	0	14	12	11	0	11	0	9	0	15	8	
24-Pargunnahs	...	14	12	14	0	10	8	26	8	...	...	20	0	16	0	8	0	8	4	16	0
Nudda	...	18	12	18	14	11	1	32	0	...	...	26	5	22	8	13	5	10	0	13	15
Jessore	...	18	8	20	8	13	0	...	...	...	...	15	0	16	0	12	0	18	4	18	4
Moorshedabad	...	22	0	25	0	13	12	35	0	...	...	35	0	19	0	12	0	12	8	9	4
Dinapore	...	17	0	16	8	9	8	17	0	16	0	10	0	22	0	22	0	7	12	28	0	
Maldah	...	25	0	26	8	12	8	50	0	45	0	16	0	20	0	21	0	8	12	22	0	
Rajshahye	...	20	0	20	10	12	0	37	8	37	8	24	6	18	0	18	12	8	0	19	8	
Rungpore	...	25	10	25	4	13	0	...	...	...	...	9	0	9	0	6	6	19	16	22	8
Bogra	...	18	0	20	8	12	0	12	0	10	0	...	12	0	12	0	6	0	24	0	26	4
Pubna	...	22	0	22	8	15	0	...	...	...	...	10	0	10	0	8	0	18	0	18	0
Darjeeling	...	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	4	0	4	0	6	0	12	0	12	0	
Julpigoree	...	12	0	13	3	6	6	...	...	...	...	16	0	16	0	7	0	23	0	23	0
Eastern Districts																						
Dacca	...	16	0	15	4	12	8	35	0	42	8	20	0	16	0	18	0	10	0	19	0	
Fuereepore	...	23	0	23	0	16	0	30	0	30	0	20	0	8	0	8	0	6	0	18	0	
Backergunge	17	0	16	0	12	0	21	0	20	0	
Mymensingh	...	13	0	12	8	12	8	...	...	...	...	17	8	17	8	12	8	22	8	22	0

A In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 16 to 23 seers, barley 32 to 40 seers, best rice 13 to 19-8 seers, common rice 14 to 21 seers, and gram 17-4 to 26 seers per rupee.
B In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 18 to 22 seers, barley 39 to 40 seers, best rice 15 to 20 seers, common rice 17 to 21 seers, maize 20 to 34 seers, and gram 17 to 19 seers per rupee.
C In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 16-8 to 25-6 seers, barley 25 seers, best rice 13 to 21-4 seers, common rice 18 to 22-8 seers, and gram 21 to 25-0 seers per rupee.
D In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 18 to 21 seers, best rice 9 to 9-8 seers, common rice 12 to 19 seers, and gram 10 to 25 seers per rupee.
E In the interior only.
F In the interior prices range as follow :—Best rice at 7-4 to 8 seers, common rice 12-8 to 20 seers, and gram 18-12 to 21 seers per rupee.
G In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 12 to 26 seers, best rice 13 to 19 seers, common rice 14-4 to 22 seers, and gram 11 to 29 seers per rupee.

PRICES-CURRENT' of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

DISTRICTS.		QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY																												
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST.			RICE, COMMON.			GRASS MILLET—CHOLU, JOWAR.																
		N.	Corresponding of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding of last year.															
Eastern Districts—(Contd.)		S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.			
22	Chittagong*																													
23	Noakhally*																													
24	Tippurai																													
25	Chittagong Hill Tracts*																													
Hill Tipperah*																														
BEHAR.																														
26	Patna ...	...	24	0	20	0	15	8	33	0	30	0	18	0	10	0	10	8	11	4	22	0	21	0	13	0	...	18	0
27	Gya ...	...	24	8	23	12	11	8	36	0	37	8	15	0	11	0	11	8	8	0	22	0	22	0	9	0	...	...	...
28	Shahabad	18	8	18	0	14	0	30	0	28	0	18	0	15	0	15	0	12	0	18	0	18	0	12	0	21	0	22	0
29	Muzafferpore ...	...	20	0	19	0	10	0	32	0	32	0	13	0	9	0	9	0	6	0	17	0	16	0	8	0	...	...	...
30	Sarus ...	...	20	0	19	0	14	8	31	8	28	0	16	12	9	0	9	0	7	0	23	0	23	0	12	0	...	...	...
31	Chumparun ...	...	25	0	23	0	10	0	40	0	37	0	14	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	18	8	19	0	8	8	...	...	...
32	Monghyr ...	...	21	0	21	0	17	8	31	5	31	5	10	9	12	6	12	6	8	4	16	8	15	7	10	5	...	...	...
33	Bhagulpore ...	...	21	7	21	7	13	14	37	14	37	14	18	15	17	11	17	11	9	7	20	3	18	15	10	1	...	...	...
34	Purneah ...	...	30	0	28	0	12	0	...	...	...	...	...	21	0	20	0	10	0	22	0	23	0	10	8	...	...	...
35	Sonhai Pergunnahs ...	...	17	8	18	0	11	0	36	0	...	...	...	17	8	18	0	10	0	20	0	22	0	11	0	E to to to 45 0 45 0 23 0	...	...	...
ORISSA.																														
36	Cuttack*																													
37	Pooree*																													
38	Balasore ...	...	20	0	20	0	11	0	...	...	...	...	16	0	16	0	16	0	24	0	24	0	24	0	...	...	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPORE.																														
South-Western Frontier Agency																														
39	Hazareebagh ...	...	20	8	21	0	11	0	27	0	32	0	13	8	12	0	12	0	8	0	19	6	21	0	12	0	...	...	...
40	Lohardugga ...	...	19	0	20	0	10	0	32	0	32	0	20	0	18	0	18	0	13	0	22	...	22	0	14	0	...	...	...
41	Singbhoom ...	...	18	0	18	0	12	0	...	...	...	...	14	0	14	0	12	0	24	0	24	0	24	0	16	0	...	...	...
42	Manbhoom	17	0	17	0	12	0	38	0	38	0	20	0	14	0	14	0	10	0	22	0	22	0	14	0	E 16 0 16 0 40

• Return not received.

0 In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 26-12 seers, barley 38 seers, beat rice 19-12 seers, common rice 21-12 seers, and gram 33 seers per rupee.

P In the interior prices range as follow.—Wheat 19 seers, barley 27 seers, beat rice 8-8 seers, common rice 20 seers, great millet 24 seers, maize 28 seers, and gram 33 seers per rupee.

Q In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat **21 to 25-8** seers, barley 32 to 50 seers, best rice 10-12 to 18-12 seers, common rice 17 to 22 seers, lower millet 15 to 40 seers, maize 29 to 35 seers, and gram 16 to 30 seers per rupee.

CALCUTTA.

The 18th May 1875.

Districts of Bengal for the fortnight ending 15th May 1875.—(Continued.)

THE SEER OF 80 TOLAS.

BULBUSH MILLET— CUMBOO, BAJRA.			LESSER MILLETS— RAGI OR MURWA, AND CHENNA.			MAIZE OR INDIAN—			GRAM.			FINE-WOOD.			SALT.			DISTRICTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	Eastern Districts—(Contd.)
																		Chittagong.*
																		Nonkholly †
																		Tipperah.
																		Chittagong Hill Tracts.
																		Hill Tipperah.
																		BEHAR.
27 0	26 0	18 0				30 0	30 0	17 0	30 0	29 0	18 0	160 0	160 0	140 0	8 0	8 0	7 4	Patna.
																		Gya.
30 0	30 0	18 0				25 0	24 0	19 0	29 8	29 0	19 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Shahabad.
																		Muzafferpore.
																		Sarun.
																		Chumpran.
																		Monghyr.
																		Bingulpore.
																		Purneah.
																		Sonthal Pergun- naba.
																		ORISSA.
																		Cuttack.*
																		Pooree.
																		Balasore.
																		CHOTA NAGPORE.
																		South-Western Frontier Agency.
																		Hazareebagh.
																		Lohardugga.
																		Singbhoom.
																		Maubhoom.

- R In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 24 to 30 seers, barley 26 to 32 seers, best rice 18 to 20 seers, common rice 20 to 22 seers, and gram 17 to 24 seers per rupee.
- S In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 12 to 24 seers, barley 12-4 to 45 seers, best rice 16 to 24 seers, common rice 20 to 26 seers, maize 30 to 45 seers, and gram 18 to 35 seers per rupee.
- T In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 21 seers, barley, 25 to 31 seers, best rice 12 seers, common rice 21 to 24-8 seers, lesser millet 35 seers, maize 29 to 30 seers, and gram 21 to 30 seers per rupee.
- U In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 16 to 29 seers, barley 16 to 33 seers, best rice 16 to 24 seers, common rice 18 to 25 seers, and gram 14 to 20 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

R. KNIGHT,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 17th May 1875.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.			
<i>Western Districts.</i>			
1	Burdwan, 17th* May 1875	1.14	Rain at Bood-Bood .76, Cutwa 2.40, Jehanabad .88. Sowing of paddy begun in low lands. Fever decreasing.
	Bankoora, 15th	1.35	There has been rain all over the district. <i>Boro</i> , or spring rice-crop, arriving maturity. The paddy-fields are being ploughed.
3	Beerbhoom, 15th	.24	Weather cool; rain fell on Tuesday. The fields are being ploughed for the early rice.
	Midnapore, 15th	.44	Wind-storms occur very frequently, sometimes accompanied by rain, sometimes not; the weather is more seasonable than during the two preceding weeks. Thus far the season would be considered good. Quite sufficient rain has fallen for the present; enough to damage some of the <i>boro</i> rice, which was ripening. A week's sunshine would now be looked upon as a boon. Prices, which have been rising since the middle of March, shew a slight tendency to decline.
5	Hooghly, 15th " "	.68	Weather hot, with occasional showers. <i>Aous</i> , or early rice, looking well. Weather very favorable for preparing lands, sowing, and for young crops. Sickness decreased.
	Howrah, 15th " "	.82	There was rain throughout the district during the week. Weather was warm and sky cloudy; strong wind, generally from the south. Reaping of the <i>boro</i> rice nearly completed. The recent rain has done good.
<i>Central Districts.</i>			
6	24-Pergunnahs, 17th† May 1875	1.42	Warm and close, with occasional clouds. Moderate showers of rain have fallen during the week. Sowings of early rice and jute progressing fairly. Cholera decreasing, but cases of fever reported from Baripore and Busserhat.
7	Nuddea, 15th May 1875	3.27	Weather damp and not very hot. The prospects of rice and indigo are very good. Food is still dear.
8	Jessore, 15th	.41	Somewhat variable weather; a little rain; wind mostly from the south. The spring rice has been gathered. The early rice, where sown, is doing well. Sowing of paddy, indigo, and other crops continues. Prospects generally good.
9	Moorshedabad, 15th May 1875	1.83	Hot, with occasional storms and heavy rain, cooling the atmosphere for a short time. Rainfall has greatly expedited preparation of ground for future operations; also beneficial to rearing of silk-worms and to sugarcane, which is in excellent condition. Indigo and mulberry good; <i>boro</i> rice harvest not completed; average outturn expected. Cholera present in one village in Gous. Small-pox present in Soojagunge.
10	Dinapore, 14th May 1875	2.44	Plenty of rain, and some thunderstorms, wind generally east or south-east. Progress most satisfactory; <i>bhudo</i> , or early rice, and jute looking very good. The district officer has received no report about <i>boro</i> paddy, but thinks that much must have been reaped before this. An unusual extent of land is under <i>boro</i> rice this year.
11	Maldah, 15th May 1875	Nil.	Weather fair in the morning, and cloudy in the afternoon. The late rainfall has done good, and the prospects of rice, indigo, and mulberry crops are, in general, favorable.
12	Rajahmhye, 15th "	1.76	There has been very beneficial rain all over the district during the week. The state of the crops is generally favorable, except that the mango crop has failed altogether. Cholera has almost disappeared, and the public health is good.
13	Rungpore, 14th " "	1.93	Stormy weather. Rice sprouting well.
14	Bogra, 15th	.89	Weather fair, with occasional clouds and rains. State and prospects of crops good. <i>Aous</i> , or early crop rice, being sown.
15	Pubna, 15th	1.78	Weather cloudy and rainy; south-easterly wind prevailing. State and prospects of crops good.

* Telegram of the 17th May, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Report of the 17th May, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(Contd.)			
<i>Central Districts.—(Contd.)</i>			
BAM DIV.	16 Darjeeling, 14th May 1875.	2.36	Rain fell during every day of the week. On Wednesday it came down heavily, and was accompanied with very high wind. Sowing is progressing favorably, both in the plains and in the hills. The young Indian-corn, <i>murwa</i> , and <i>kawoni</i> millets in the hills are looking very healthy.
	17 Jangiporee, 15th May 1875.	3.05	Cloudy and cool weather at the sudder station, but reported very hot in the interior. <i>Bhadai</i> rice promising well; <i>kawoni</i> millet good. Jute promises well, but late rain has promoted growth of weeds. Cholera is still prevalent.
	Booch Behar, 13th May 1875	4.56	The weather for some days of the week was cloudy and hot; there were also some heavy showers of rain. The rain has done much good to the crops. Cholera continues to rage in all parts of the Raj.
<i>Eastern Districts.</i>			
A	18 Dacca, 17th* May 1875	2.09	Rain almost every day. State and prospects of crops favorable.
	19 Ferozepore, 15th May 1875.	2.67	Weather extremely unsettled, but quite seasonable. The prospects of the crops are favorable everywhere. At Madaripore a violent storm occurred on Wednesday night, which did much injury to huts and thatched public buildings. General health good.
	20 Backergunge, 13th May 1875.	.49	Seasonable weather. In general all is well. Sporadic cases of cholera, and also cattle disease, still continue.
	21 Memensingh, 14th May 1875.	2.62	Frequent showers, except in the west of the district, where the air continues dry. The <i>aus</i> rice is likely to suffer from weeds if the rainfall continues.
	22 Chittagong, 13th May 1875.	1.56	Weather cloudy. Heavy rain fell on the morning of the 13th instant. The crops continue to do well, and there is no change to report from last week.
	23 Noakholly, 13th May 1875.	2.58	Weather generally clear during the week. There was some heat and closeness, followed by a good fall of rain on the night of the 12th instant. Wind generally south and south-east, and occasionally blowing hard. In the lowland the early rice crop is progressing favorably, and in the highland sowing is going on. More rain now may injure the lowland crops. The khads are beginning to fill. <i>Khunda</i> boats are now going from Noakholly to Commillah.
	24 Tipperah, 14th May 1875	.66	Weather cloudy and oppressive; a few heavy showers of rain. The spring rice has been nearly all harvested in most parts; it has been a fair average crop. The autumn and winter rice have been sown under favorable circumstances.
GOI	25 Chittagong Hill Tracts, 11th May 1875.	1.62	Weather generally cloudy; some rain fell during the first part of the week. Sowing still going on in the <i>jooms</i> .
	Hill Tipperah, 12th May 1875.	.86	Weather unsettled, with occasional squalls. No crop in the ground. Sowing of early rice progressing.
BEHAR.			
A	26 Patna, 17th* May 1875	.74	Wind, hail, and rain-storm between 2 and 3 P.M. of the 16th instant. Much injury to mango crop. Cholera still prevalent throughout the district.
	27 Gya, 15th May 1875	Nil.	West winds prevalent during part of the week. East winds and very hot. Dry maximum thermometer rose to 109.5. Only crops in the ground are <i>cheena</i> millet and sugarcane. Cholera has increased in the Aurangabad sub-division and south of Gya sub-division. Measures taken.
	28 Shahabad, 15th May 1875	Nil.	Strong east wind, and moderately hot. The prospects of crops are good. No change since last report. Cholera still prevalent in parts of the sub-divisions, to the same extent as previously noticed.
	29 Durbhunga		Return not received.
	30 Mozufferpore, 15th „ „	Nil.	Hot weather. The prospects of <i>cheena</i> and <i>kawoni</i> millets are excellent, and those of mango crop are very poor. Cholera continues in many parts of the district.
	31 Sarun, 15th May 1875.	Nil.	Weather hot and clear; east wind prevailing. The prospects of <i>cheena</i> millet, sugarcane, and indigo, continue favorable. Early <i>cheena</i> is being harvested. The <i>bhadai</i> rice and <i>kawoni</i> millet are being sown. The early sowings are doing well. General health good.
	32 Chunarparun, 14th May 1875.	.20	There has been little change in the weather since last report. East winds and slight showers still continue at Motiharee, but in many parts of the district the rainfall has been much heavier than at the Sudder station. The crops promise exceedingly well, and the weather is well suited for the preparation of the rice field for the coming crop.

* Telegrams of the 17th May, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall [at Sudder] Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEHAR—(Contd.)			
33	Monghyr, 15th May 1875	Nil.	Weather unusually cool; east winds prevailing. The rain which fell last week has done much good. Prospects generally favorable.
34	Bhagulpore, 17th ^a May 1875.	·89	Rain fell throughout the district, which has benefited the land required for rice cultivation. <i>Marwa</i> millet and early rice sowing began in Soopool. General health good.
35	Furneah, 15th May 1875	1·08	Weather cool and cloudy, with east wind and showers. The early <i>boro</i> rice is fit to cut. The <i>bhadoi</i> , or early rice, is looking excellent. The <i>Patsa</i> (hemp) in the north looks very healthy.
36	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 15th May 1875.	·55	In Dumka, weather much hotter than last week; clouds, with rain, wind, and thunder, come up in the afternoon. In Godda, rain is wanted for ploughing; everywhere else ploughing is going on actively. Sugarcane-planting going on in Deoghur and Jamtara. Nothing else to report on.
ORISSA.			
37	Cuttack, 8th May 1875	1·44	Thunder-storms, accompanied with heavy rain, but of short duration, occur nearly every evening. Ploughing is going on well in consequence, but it may be checked if, as there is reason to fear too much rain falls at this season, which closely resembles that of 1871. Public health good. Cholera has disappeared.
Orissa Div	Pooree, 13th May 1875	1·59	There has been good rain in the interior generally. The sky is still cloudy, and more rain is expected. The air is hot. Tillage is proceeding rapidly. The <i>dalsa</i> , or spring, rice crop, is being reaped with a good outturn. Castor-seeds are being harvested with a fair outturn. The new sugarcane is being earthed up. Cotton is in flower and pod. The mangoes are ripening, but the crop is very poor.
	39 Balasore, 14th	1·27	Storms have been pretty frequent. The rain has been very useful. Ploughing is general, and sowing has commenced. The cholera in the north is still on the decline, but it has broken out sporadically elsewhere.
CHOTA NAGPORE.			
<i>South-West Frontier Agency.</i>			
40	Hazareebagh, 14th May 1875.	·18	Seasonable weather; slight rain has fallen. No alteration to report. A good fall of rain would be very beneficial.
41	Lohardugga, 15th May 1875.	·02	Wind still variable, and weather unsettled. No crops now on the ground. Small-pox still prevalent, and cases of cholera continue to be reported from Palamow.
42	Singbhoom, 14th May 1875.	1·58	Heavy storms, with rain, on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, from which many trees have been uprooted, and much damage caused to mangoes and other fruits. No crops. District healthy.
	Naunbhoom, 15th May 1875.	2·06	Several severe storms of short duration in the early part. The weather is at present close, but seasonable. The small crops, such as sugarcane, cotton <i>kochora</i> , are reported good. The land is being in places prepared for rice, but not to the extent the district officer should have supposed from the recent showers. From Gobindpore the report is that heavy enough rain has not yet fallen.

^a Telegram of the 17th May, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 18th May 1875.

R. KNIGHT,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

	STATION.	Rain from 26th April to 1st May 1875.	Rain from 2nd May to 8th May 1875.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1875.		REMARKS.
				Inches.	Up to date.	
WAL.		Inches.	Inches.		1875.	
WESTERN DISTRICT						
	Burdwan	5.46	1.21	12.49	8th May	
	Cutwa	1.54	3.97	10.36	ditto	
	Culina	3.21	1.30	7.62	ditto	
	Bood-boo	1.18	0.76	6.21	ditto	
	Raneegunn	0.75	0.65	4.95	ditto	
	Jehanul	1.02	1.05	5.44	ditto	
Bankoora	Ban	0.77	1.16	3.38	ditto	
	Rooree	0.08	0.88	5.30	ditto	
	Hetamp	0.70	1.08	7.19	ditto	
	Midnam	1.99	5.47	8.36	ditto	Not rec. 11th to 17th April.
	Tumlook	3.95	2.15	6.37	ditto	
	Gurbeta	2.23	3.71	7.61	ditto	
	Contai { Dy. Collr.'s Office	2.23	1.45	3.77	ditto	Not rec. 18th to 24th April.
	Contai { Exe. Engr.'s Office	2.12	2.12	5.57	ditto	
	Hoochlw	1.38	4.42	8.67	ditto	
	Serai	2.40	2.39	8.60	ditto	
Howrah		2.04	1.34	6.53	ditto	
	Sangor Island	1.61	1.30	4.11	ditto	
	Calcutta	3.14	1.49	6.94	ditto	
	Alipore { Dispens	3.15	1.84	7.43	ditto	
	Alipore { Jail	3.24	1.84	7.01	ditto	
	Buaseerhat	2.76	1.97	8.32	ditto	
	Baraset	1.78	4.08	10.33	ditto	
	Diamond Harbour	2.05	1.75	5.17	ditto	
	Barriore	1.35	1.36	3.66	ditto	
	Satkhiru	5.63	2.93	14.79	ditto	
	Rattacknora	3.20	2.45	8.93	ditto	
	Dum-Dum	3.04	1.19	7.30	ditto	
	Kishnaghu	1.04	1.89	8.12	ditto	
	Rongong	2.25	2.39	10.39	ditto	
	Meherpore	0.10	3.29	9.09	ditto	
	Chooadang	0.40	3.51	7.71	ditto	
	Koochtea	2.62	2.98	11.84	ditto	
	Ranaghat	4.75	1.30	10.01	ditto	
	Jessore	0.71	3.29	9.44	ditto	
	Narail	0.65	2.00	8.00	ditto	
	Khoolina	1.80	1.30	6.60	ditto	
	Jhenida	1.80	2.18	7.67	ditto	
	Bagirhat	2.26	1.83	8.25	ditto	
	Magoorah	0.37	3.04	10.64	ditto	
	Berhampor	0.23	1.29	5.61	ditto	
	Rampore	Nil	1.67	5.88	ditto	
	Lalbagh	0.64	1.93	5.32	ditto	
	Jungvora	0.05	0.28	3.30	ditto	
	Azum	0.51	0.93	4.37	ditto	
	Lalg	0.21	1.55	5.59	ditto	
	Kau	0.20	2.43	4.62	ditto	From 14th March 1875.
	Dins	0.11	1.40	6.31	ditto	
	Mak	0.22	0.80	2.45	ditto	
	Chai	0.10	0.69	2.00	ditto	
	Barail	0.20	1.30	5.38	ditto	
	Nattore	0.71	1.20	9.98	ditto	
	Rungpor	2.13	1.36	5.94	ditto	
	Bhowanij	Nil	0.69	4.84	ditto	
	Bogra	0.68	0.94	6.16	ditto	
	Pubna	1.22	0.75	7.26	ditto	
	Serajgunj	0.98	1.30	5.61	ditto	
	(Telegraph Office)	Not rec.	Not rec.	4.97	31st Mar.	
		0.97	2.49	9.27	8th May	
	Jainporee	4.75	3.81	14.02	ditto	
	Boda	0.11	3.61	4.88	ditto	
	Buxa { Commissioner's Office	0.07	Not rec.	19.74	1st May	
	Buxa { Civil Surgeon's Office	0.45	0.49	24.97	8th May	
	Ita	1.01	1.11	7.36	ditto	
		4.87	1.85	10.33	ditto	

DISTRICT.	STATION.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1875.		REMARKS.		
		26th April 1875	1st May 1875			
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches. Up to date.		
BENGAL—(Continued.)						
EASTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	1875.		
Dacca.	Dacca... { Telegraph Office ...	1.11	1.10	7.28 8th May	Not rec. 21st to 27th Mar.	
	Dacca... { Hospital ...	0.83	1.29	6.73 ditto		
	Moonsheegunge ...	0.48	1.40	6.50 ditto	Ditto ditto.	
	Manickgunge ...	3.51	1.90	7.73 ditto	Ditto ditto.	
	Furzedpore ... {	Furzedpore ...	2.40	0.55	7.23 ditto	
		Goniundo ...	1.42	1.51	8.98 ditto	
		Madaripore ...	1.20	0.73	9.99 ditto	
	Backergunge	Burriedi ...	2.53	Not rec.	6.57 1st May	Not rec. 4th to 24th April
		Perozepore ...	2.25	ditto	6.17 ditto	Ditto ditto.
		Patoakhally ...	Not rec.	2.33	6.47 2nd Aug	Not rec. 25th April to 1st May
Dowlathkhan ...		1.14	Not rec.	4.23 1st May	Not rec. 4th to 24th April.	
Mymensingh ... {	Mymensingh ...	1.84	0.97	12.33 8th May.		
	Jamulpore ...	0.53	1.88	9.91 ditto		
	Atia ...	0.40	0.75	6.41 ditto		
	Kishoregunge ...	2.17	1.34	16.73 ditto		
Chittagong ... {	Chittagong { Telegraph Office	5.70	1.20	12.90 ditto		
	Chittagong { Jail ...	6.86	0.36	14.31 ditto		
	Cox's Bazar ...	8.63	0.40	11.70 ditto		
Noakholly...	Noakholly ...	5.71	1.07	10.02 ditto		
Tipperah ... {	Comillah ...	1.40	0.60	13.16 ditto		
	Brahmunberiah ...	1.91	0.52	16.91 ditto		
Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamtee Hill ...	3.10	2.23	10.79 ditto		
Hill Tipperah ...	Hill Tipperah ...	5.07	Nil	18.39 ditto		
BEHAR.						
Patna ... {	Patna ...	Nil	0.92	2.51 ditto		
	Behar ...	Nil	1.00	2.92 ditto		
	Barh ...	Nil	2.77	3.39 ditto		
	Dinapore ... { Jail ...	Nil	0.80	2.20 ditto		
		Nil	1.10	2.22 ditto		
Gya ... {	Gya ...	Nil	0.21	1.81 ditto	Not rec. 25th April to 1st May.	
	Nowadah ...	Not rec	0.18	1.42 ditto		
	Arangabad ...	Nil	Nil	2.12 ditto		
	Jehanabad ...	Nil	0.10	1.39 ditto		
Shahabad ... {	Arrah ...	Nil	1.28	2.94 ditto		
	Sasseram ...	Nil	0.40	1.81 ditto		
	Buxar ...	Nil	0.01	0.73 ditto		
	Bhuboah ...	Nil	0.08	1.07 ditto		
Tirhoot ... {	Mozufferpore ...	1.01	1.45	3.73 ditto		
	Hajeeopore ...	Nil	2.17	3.53 ditto		
	Hajeeopore, Seetamurhee ...	1.40	0.64	2.84 ditto		
	Mudhoobunnee, Durbhunga...	0.01	0.11	0.79 ditto		
	Seetamurhee, Mudhoobunnee ...	3.19	0.93	6.29 ditto		
	Tajpore ...	0.30	1.26	2.45 ditto		
Sarun ...	Chupra ...	0.50	0.43	1.86 ditto		
	Sewan ...	0.28	0.59	2.17 ditto		
Chumparua ...	Motibaree ...	0.85	0.60	2.68 ditto	Not rec. 4th to 10th April.	
	Bettiah ...	4.30	1.75	6.95 ditto		
Monghyr ... {	Monghyr ...	Nil	2.70	4.23 ditto	Not rec. 21st to 27th Mar.	
	Begoo Serai ...	0.25	2.66	4.12 ditto		
	Jamooee ...	Nil	0.10	1.10 ditto		
Bhagulpore ... {	Bhagulpore ...	0.42	0.85	2.62 ditto		
	Sooool ...	0.27	0.94	1.55 ditto		
	Muddehpooora ...	0.90	1.20	4.06 ditto		
	Banka ...	0.51	Nil	2.17 ditto		
	Sonburna ...	1.10	1.65	3.19 ditto		
Purneah ... {	Purneah ...	0.51	1.79	2.98 ditto		
	Kiseengunge ...	1.31	1.81	4.22 ditto		
	Arrareah ...	0.90	1.04	3.84 ditto		
Sonthal Pergunnahs...	Nya Doomka ...	Nil	0.69	5.34 ditto		
	Rajmehal ...	Not rec.	Not rec	0.50 10th April	Not rec. 28th Mar. to 10th April and 16th to 24th April.	
	Deoghur ...	0.08	0.31	1.71 8th May		
	Jamtara ...	Not rec.	Nil	1.30 ditto	Not rec. 28th Mar. to 3rd April and 25th April to 1st May.	
Godda ...	0.25	Nil	1.19 ditto	Not rec. 28th Mar. to 3rd April.		

DISTRICT.	STATION.	Rain from 25th April to 1st May 1875.		Rain from 2nd to 8th May 1875.		RAIN FROM 1ST JANUARY 1875.		REMARKS.
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Up to date.	
ORISSA.								
		Inches.	Inches.	1875.				
Cuttack	Cuttack ... { Telegraph Office	1.20	1.00	3.90	8th May			
	... { Hospital	1.52	1.44	5.01	ditto			
	Jajpore	0.70	Not rec.	5.80	1st May			
	Kendraparah	0.20	ditto	2.40	ditto			
	Jugutsingpore	0.80	ditto	1.50	ditto			
	False Point	0.70	ditto	3.65	ditto			
Pooree	Pooree	0.38	1.00	4.15	8th May			
	Khoordah	0.27	0.41	2.38	ditto			
Balasore	Balasore	1.71	0.48	6.09	ditto			
	Bhuddruck	0.37	0.98	2.00	ditto			
	Jellawore	2.80	1.40	4.41	ditto			
	Koroh	0.89	1.68	5.78	ditto			
	Chandbally	0.60	2.08	3.70	ditto			
Cuttack Tributary Mahals	Sumbulpore	Nil	Nil	1.18	ditto			
CHOTA NAGPORE.								
SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.								
Hazareebagh	Hazareebagh ... { Jakh	Nil	0.07	3.72	ditto			
	... { Dispensary	Nil	0.03	3.57	ditto			
	Pachumba	Nil	0.34	2.56	ditto			
Lohardugga	Ranchee	0.90	0.64	4.93	ditto			
	Palamow	Nil	Nil	1.62	ditto			
Singbhoom	Chybassa	0.04	1.38	5.87	ditto			
Maubhoom	Purulia	0.14	2.06	4.48	ditto			
	Govindpore	Not rec.	0.30	3.41	ditto			Not rec. 25th April to 1st May.
ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.								
Sylhet	Sylhet	19.86	0.47	41.84	ditto			
	Seebaugor	2.29	Not rec.	30.01	1st May			
	Golaghat	0.73	ditto	16.13	ditto			
	Jorhaut	3.07	ditto	20.97	ditto			
	Nazeerab	1.72	ditto	27.82	ditto			
	Deopanie	1.32	ditto	24.00	ditto			
	Hattiepootie	1.40	ditto	24.58	ditto			
	Masengah	1.06	ditto	23.56	ditto			
	Suntock	1.08	ditto	25.71	ditto			
	Cherideo	5.21	ditto	33.17	ditto			
	Benares	Nil	ditto	1.40	ditto			
	Akyab	6.80	1.00	9.96	8th May			

CALCUTTA,
The 15th May 1875.

W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 9th to 15th May 1875.

STATIONS	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	THERMOMETER.		Humidity Sat. = 100.	WIND.		Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
					Dry.	Wet.		Direction.	Velocity.			
CALCUTTA.	May 9th	10	29.671	29.689	88.2	82.0	76	S	...	...	K	
		16	29.629	29.647	91.3	82.5	68	S by E	...	...	K	
	10th	10	29.608	29.626	87.0	82.5	81	S E	...	0.00	K	
		16	29.538	29.556	93.5	83.8	65	S by W	...	...	K	
	11th	10	29.608	29.626	90.1	83.5	74	S by W	...	...	K	
		16	29.555	29.573	93.2	82.0	60	S S W	...	...	...	b
	12th	10	29.712	29.730	90.2	82.6	70	S W	...	...	K	
		16	29.679	29.697	92.5	82.4	63	S	...	...	K	
	13th	10	29.780	29.798	88.4	81.0	71	S E	...	0.03	K	
		16	29.681	29.699	91.4	83.0	67	S S W	...	...	...	b
	14th	10	29.819	29.837	89.5	82.0	71	S S W	...	...	K	
		16	29.005	29.713	99.3	89.3	63	S	...	...	CS	
SANDWICH ISLAND.	15th	10	29.742	29.760	90.5	83.3	73	S S W	...	...	...	b
		16	29.611	29.629	92.9	84.0	67	S	...	...	...	b
	9th	10	29.677	29.683	83	82	76	S S W	11.4	...	N	d
		16	29.545	29.571	88	81	72	S	11.1	...	KS	b, m
	10th	10	29.684	29.690	88	83	80	S S W	9.6	...	N	b, m
		16	29.573	29.579	90	83	73	S	9.7	...	N	b, m
	11th	10	29.683	29.689	88	84	83	S S W	11.5	...	N	b, m
		16	29.593	29.599	89	83	79	S	12.9	...	KS	b, m
	12th	10	29.733	29.739	84	82	76	S S W	16.7	0.40	N	b, m, scuds
		16	29.630	29.636	89	83	78	S S E	18.1	...	K3	b, m, scuds
	13th	10	29.774	29.780	88	83	80	S S E	13.7	1.40	N	b, m, scuds
		16	29.700	29.716	88	83	80	S S E	16.9	...	N	b, m, scuds
CHITABORO.	14th	10	29.837	29.843	89	83	76	S	15.9	...	N	b, m, scuds
		16	29.721	29.727	89	82	73	S S E	18.5	...	...	b, m
	15th	10	29.772	29.778	88	82	76	S	21.1	...	...	b, m, scuds
		16	29.639	29.645	89	83	76	S S E	21.1	...	...	b, m, scuds
	8th	10	29.929	29.921	87	80	72	E	4.7	...	K	b, e
		16	29.636	29.628	87	81	76	S W	12.5	...	C	b, e
	9th	10	29.651	29.743	87	80	72	S E	5.4	...	K	b, e
		16	29.618	29.607	88	82	78	W S W	11.9	...	K	b, e
	10th	10	29.655	29.746	88	82	78	S W	5.2	...	K	b, m, m
		16	29.675	29.607	87	82	79	S	15.7	...	K	b, m, m
	11th	10	29.723	29.815	85	79	75	E S E	4.8	...	K	b, m
		16	29.628	29.720	86	79	73	W	15.1	...	K, CK	b, m
MADRAS.	12th	10	29.770	29.863	81	76	78	S W	7.8	1.80	KS	g
		16	29.706	29.798	85	79	75	S S E	9.2	...	K	b, e
	13th	10	?	?	79	75	86	N N W	2.6	0.10	C, KS	e
		16	?	?	86	81	72	S	8.9	...	...	b, e
	14th	10	29.778	29.868	87	81	78	S W	3.0	...	K	b, e
		16	29.652	29.743	88	81	72	S W	1.2	...	K	b, e
	8th	10	29.716	29.746	96	76	36	W by S	16	...	...	e
		16	29.596	29.696	93	78	49	S E	12	...	...	b, e
	9th	10	29.682	29.712	98	77	35	W by S	15	...	...	b, e
		16	29.650	29.690	94	79	40	S S E	15	...	...	b, e
	10th	10	29.674	29.704	90	78	38	W by N	14	...	...	b
		16	29.565	29.595	94	78	46	S E by S	13	...	...	b
CUTTACK.	11th	10	29.677	29.707	98	77	35	W by S	11	...	...	b
		16	29.593	29.593	92	78	61	S E by S	16	...	...	b
	12th	10	29.728	29.758	93	76	43	S S E	11	...	...	c
		16	29.640	29.670	89	77	56	S E	13	...	...	Hazy.
	13th	10	29.813	29.843	69	80	69	S E	15	...	...	c
		16	29.603	29.728	87	80	72	S E	15	...	...	b
	14th	10	29.920	29.950	85	76	61	N N W	3	0.03	...	Cloudy.
		16	29.802	29.832	86	74	61	S S E	9	...	...	Cloudy.
	9th	10	29.558	29.639	90	82	69	S E	2.7	...	KS, C	
		16	29.471	29.552	93	83	60	S E	4.1	...	KS, N	
	10th	10	29.576	29.657	91	81	63	S W	2.5	...	CK, C	
		16	29.466	29.547	95	82	65	S	5.6	...	K, CK, C	
CHAND.	11th	10	29.593	29.674	92	81	60	S S W	3.9	...	K, CK, C	
		16	29.470	29.557	95	81	62	S	8.6	...	C	a
	12th	10	29.653	29.734	92	81	60	S S W	5.2	...	K, CK, C	
		16	29.528	29.607	94	80	62	S	1.1	...	K	b
	13th	10	29.695	29.776	90	78	66	S	5.1	0.60	CK	
		16	29.588	29.669	93	79	61	S	1.3	...	...	b
	14th	10	29.743	29.824	92	77	48	S W	5.6	...	...	b
		16	29.610	29.691	90	80	47	S S W	8.8	...	K	b
	15th	10	29.693	29.774	92	80	67	S S W	9.2	...	...	b
		16	29.610	29.621	95	80	40	S S W	7.0	...	K, NC	
	9th	10	29.782	29.804	60	77	80	S E	4.7	0.10	...	a
		16	29.640	29.662	80	78	91	S	5.8	0.20	...	b, g
	10th	10	29.722	29.743	85	80	79	S S E	3.8	...	...	b
		16	29.613	29.634	84	79	79	S	6.3	...	...	b
	11th	10	29.765	29.787	80	77	86	S E	4.2	1.40	...	p
		16	29.695	29.706	83	78	78	S	4.1	...	...	b
	12th	10	29.812	29.864	76	75	95	S	3.8	2.50	...	b
		16	29.750	29.771	83	78	71	E	4.5	...	...	b
	13th	10	29.845	29.907	74	74	100	E	3.0	3.30	...	b
		16	29.784	29.806	80	75	78	N E	4.8	...	...	b
	14th	10	29.801	29.925	88	78	68	E	2.1	...	...	g
		16	29.776	29.797	88	82	76	W	4.3	...	...	b
	15th	10	29.856	29.877	88	80	69	W	2.3	...	...	b
		16	29.794	29.725	87	80	72	W	9.1	...	...	b

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour

CALCUTTA,
The 15th May 1875.W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal

**Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office,
Calcutta, from 8th to 14th May 1875.**

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	THERMOMETER.			Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	WIND.			Rain.	Moon's phases.	GENERAL REMARKS.
			Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radiation.					Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.			
May	8th	Inches. 29.033	92.2	78.0	141.0	84.4	78.7	74.7	0.74	S S E & S by E	30.3	57.7	...	...	Clear and cumuli. Sheet lightning on north from 7½ to 10 P.M.
	9th	29.609	92.8	75.0	143.0	84.2	79.2	75.7	70	S S E & S	31.0	125.5	0.00	...	Clear, cumuli and strati. Strong wind from 7½ to 8½ P.M. Lightning on north-west at 10 P.M. Slight rain between 7 and 8 P.M.
	10th	29.613	94.0	76.5	142.8	84.3	78.7	74.8	74	E & S S W	...	100.7	...	...	Strati and cumuli. Sheet lightning from 8 to 11 P.M.
	11th	29.617	91.4	77.0	144.5	85.4	79.3	75.0	72	S & S S W	2.7	115.3	...	...	Overcast, strati, cumuli, and clear. Drizzled at 8½ P.M.
	12th	29.653	93.5	76.5	141.2	84.6	77.9	73.2	70	S & S W	14.0	175.0	0.63	...	Overcast and cumuli. High wind from 3½ to 8 P.M. Thunder and lightning between 7 and 8 P.M. Rain from 7½ to 8 P.M.
	13th	29.719	92.0	75.5	144.5	84.3	79.4	76.0	77	S E & S S W	...	174.1	...	...	Cirrocumuli, cumuli, and clear.
	14th	29.755	92.8	81.4	140.0	86.1	81.1	77.4	75	S & S S W	1.2	223.0	...	...	Chiefly cumuli. Brisk wind from 7½ A.M. to 2 P.M. Sheet lightning on west at 7½ P.M.

The mean barometer as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days	...	19.4
The maximum temperature during the past seven days	...	94.4
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	98.8
The mean humidity during the past seven days	...	0.74
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0.73
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 8th to 14th	... { by lower rain gauge	0.72
	... { by anemometer gauge	0.61
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty-one previous years	...	1.09
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 14th May	...	7.66
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty-one previous years	...	7.60

GOPENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 17th May 1875.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EASETRN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for Week ended 24th April 1875, on 158½ miles.

	Number of passengers.	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Total receipts.
		Coaching receipts.		Weight carried		Receipts.	
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	42,425	20,645 8 6	2,442 10 2	207,114 17	36,405 0 1	3,337 2 6	5,779 12 8
Or per mile of railway	268	108 6 0	15 8 8	1,308 31	230 0 0	21 1 9	30 10 5
For previous 16 weeks of half-year	545,129	3,37,760 0 1	36,461 17 9	20,45,483 6	4,66,819 3 1*	42,792 4 10	79,254 2 7
Total for 17 weeks	587,545	4,24,411 8 7	38,904 7 11	22,52,607 23	5,03,224 3 2	46,120 7 4	85,033 15 3
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding of previous year	40,8054	21,977 5 8	2,014 11 9	3,67,474 0	75,079 5 3	6,882 5 5	8,806 17 2
Per mile of railway, corresponding of previous year	258	138 14 0	12 14 7	2,322 0	474 7 0	43 0 10	56 4 5
Total to corresponding date of previous year	537,358	3,81,619 10 7	34,981 15 10	43,50,421 0	9,32,196 7 6	85,451 6 10	1,29,433 2 8

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 1st May 1875, on 158½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	33,342	22,744 6 9	2,048 4 9	1,34,896 35	32,995 11 5	3,024 12 1	5,072 16 10
Or per mile of railway	210	141 3 2	12 18 11	852 17	208 8 1	19 2 3	32 1 2
For previous 17 weeks of half-year	587,545	4,24,411 8 7	38,904 7 11	22,52,607 23	5,03,224 3 2	46,120 7 4	85,033 15 3
Total for 18 weeks	620,787	4,46,755 15 4	40,952 12 8	23,87,504 18	5,36,219 14 7	49,153 19 5	90,106 12 8
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	36,0204	22,266 6 2	2,041 1 8	2,06,130 7	32,843 14 8	3,010 13 10	5,051 15 6
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	228	140 11 3	12 17 11	1,362 22	207 8 9	19 0 6	31 18 5
Total to corresponding date of previous year	573,3784	4,93,886 0 9	37,022 17 6	43,56,551 13	9,65,040 6 2	88,462 0 8	1,23,484 18 5

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th May 1875, on 28 miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	7,708	1,158 0 0	113 12 0	14,392 0	479 0 0	47 18 0	161 10 0
Or per mile of railway	275	46 8 0	4 1 0	514 0	17 0 0	1 14 0	5 15 0
For previous 18 weeks of half-year	161,263	22,153 0 0	2,215 6 0	3,37,539 0	11,419 0 0	1,141 18 0	3,357 4 0
Total for 19 weeks	168,971	23,289 0 0	2,328 18 0	3,51,931 0	11,898 0 0	1,189 16 0	3,518 14 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	6,985	1,059 4 5	105 18 7	10,229 39	379 1 2	37 18 2	163 16 9
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	249	37 13 4	3 15 8	579 25	20 19 11	2 1 4	5 17 0
Total to corresponding date of previous year	160,926	22,736 14 0	2,276 15 9	3,61,790 39	12,620 9 9	1,262 15 2	3,330 6 11

NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th May 1875, on 27½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	1,295	1,025 0 0	102 10 0	7,085 0	679 0 0	67 6 0	159 16 0
Or per mile of railway	48	37 8 0	3 15 0	282 0	24 0 0	2 2 0	5 17 0
For previous 18 weeks of half-year	29,369	21,233 0 0	2,123 6 0	1,14,169 0	9,315 0 0	931 16 0	3,054 16 0
Total for 19 weeks	30,664	22,258 0 0	2,225 16 0	1,21,882 0	9,988 0 0	988 16 0	3,214 12 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,428	1,062 10 5	106 5 5	10,489 20	775 3 3	77 10 5	183 15 5
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	52	39 0 0	3 15 0	384 24	28 7 2	2 16 11	6 14 11
Total to corresponding date of previous year	28,625	21,404 8 1	2,140 9 0	1,59,613 0	11,292 10 3	1,129 8 3	3,369 14 3

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th May 1875, on 1,270½ miles open.

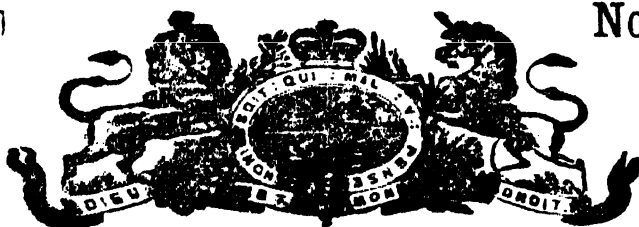
	COACHING TRAFFIC.				MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.				Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.			Weight carried.	Receipts.			
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.		Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Total traffic for the week	127,721	1,57,734 5 0	14,456 19 7		9,37,425 30	93,87,096 5 9	35,475 11 8	49,354 11 3	
Or per mile of railway	123 4 1	123 4 1	11 0 0		...	302 6 6	27 14 6	39 0 5	
For previous 17 weeks of half-year	2,161,946	33,35,663 5 5	305,749 2 9		1,62,30,561 0	66,74,791 13 9	611,855 18 5	917,625 1 2	
Total for 18 weeks	2,289,667	34,93,397 10 5	320,224 2 4		1,71,87,956 30	70,61,798 5 6	647,331 10 1	967,359 12 5	
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	139,486	1,64,898 10 0	15,116 14 2		17,25,474 0	7,98,563 6 3	72,284 19 7	87,460 13 9	
Or per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ... ..	...	124 13 8	11 16 3		...	616 2 11	55 9 8	68 5 11	
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,062,944	30,44,664 1 10	279,694 4 2		2,61,84,969 10	1,21,11,156 7 8	1,119,187 10 3	13,89,281 14 5	

* Deducted Rs. 10,000, amount of Hooghly Bridge tolls payable to Government, on account of previous week.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th May 1875, on 223½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.		Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Total traffic for the week	4,799	13,169 14 3	1,291 14 9		73,711 20	22,199 15 0	20,25 18 5	8,227 15 2	
Or per mile of railway ... ..	...	58 9 5	5 7 5		...	98 12 5	9 1 1	14 8 6	
For previous 17 weeks of half-year	83,662	5,49,660 0 6	32,652 3 5		15,94,274 30	4,57,132 1 6	41,904 8 4	73,956 13 0	
Total for 18 weeks	87,791	5,62,769 14 9	33,253 15 2		16,67,990 10	4,79,240 6 6	43,289 6 9	77,184 4 1	
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	5,250	13,845 5 5	1,269 3 6		1,64,462 0	46,616 10 0	4,273 3 9	5,542 7 5	
Or per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ... ..	...	61 14 1	5 13 5		...	205 5 6	19 2 0	24 15 5	
Total to corresponding date of previous year	94,178	3,20,692 6 6	29,396 16 1		25,85,788 10	6,80,260 3 0	...	...



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1875.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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ESTABLISHMENTS IN GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS.

Minute by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, dated 1st May 1875.

THE Director of Public Instruction, Mr. Atkinson (now about to take leave), and the officer about to assume charge of the Directorship, Mr. Sutcliffe, have both asked me to consider the existing rules regarding Government schools on the following points:—

- (1.) The position of the District Committees.
- (2.) The powers, as regards the fixing of salaries and establishments, which are at present reserved to Government.
- (3.) The allotting to Masters a portion of the surplus income in certain classes of schools.
- (4.) The powers respecting the appointment of persons to fill offices in the several grades of schools.

2. I proceed to state my views on each of the above points. As regards the "District Committees," that is the Committee for each district or zillah established by my predecessor (for the general management and control of the Government schools in the district), by Resolution dated 30th September 1872, I wish to maintain their position fully, inasmuch as their operation tends to cause the natives to take an interest in educational matters. It is the business of the Commissioner and the Collector to do all in their power to induce the Native members to attend regularly at the meetings of this Committee, and to bear an active share in the work. I hope that the Commissioner and the Collector will always make it a point of attending occasionally themselves: so that they may be satisfied that there is reality and vitality in the proceedings of the Committee. But the Commissioner and the Collector

need not attend invariably; it may be well to let the Native members sometimes sit alone, without the presence of the Collector, so that they may gradually become accustomed to move without guidance and of their own motion. I desire that the Committee should meet at least once a month, and that a minute book be carefully kept up in which the names of the members present and the several proceedings are recorded; indeed, I trust that this is generally done already. The orders of September 1872 contemplate that the Collector should name some member of the Committee to preside over the meetings in the absence of himself (the Collector) and of the Commissioner. If the Collector would endeavour to select a really earnest and capable native gentleman for this position, that would be well. The Committee will select its own Secretary, and if they choose the Head-master of the zillah school for such secretaryship, there can be no objection. But I must request that the Deputy Inspector of the district, who will ordinarily be a member of the Committee, may *not* be chosen for such secretaryship, as he is required to be constantly on the move, inspecting schools in the interior of the district.

3. The second point relates to the powers respecting the determination of salaries and the making of appointments in the Government schools which are at present reserved to Government. The existing rule may be thus summed up. The schools under the control of the District Committees are departmentally described as "schools receiving net grants." By a "net grant" is meant a certain contribution by Government allotted in a "lump" sum, which, together with the fees or other private resources, constitutes the income of the school. It is according to this income that the salaries and establishment of the school are regulated. This plan resembles the principle of grants-in-aid, the difference being that the amount of the "grant-in-aid" is regulated according to the amount of the private resources, whereas the net grant is not. The schools receiving net grants include the "zillah schools," and the Government vernacular schools, comprising the Hardinge schools, model schools, &c. But in this category there are *not* included the "aided" or grant-in-aid schools, the salaries and establishment of which are settled by the private managers of these institutions with the concurrence and sanction of the educational authorities; nor the normal schools, the establishments of which are sanctioned throughout by Government, nor the collegiate schools, nor the "primary" schools including the old circle schools, the Bhudey schools, and the patshakas aided by Sir George Campbell's orders, which latter are for the present entirely under the Magistrate and Collector.

4. Now, in the schools receiving net grants, all salaries up to Rs. 50 a month each, and the number of such appointments, are settled by the District Committees, and everything above that has to be referred to Government. It is found, however, that this causes many references to Government with which the Director of Public Instruction is fully competent to deal, and with which the Government indeed can only deal, for obtaining his recommendation. From the limit of Rs. 50, then, as above stated, I agree that all such matters, up to Rs. 150, be dealt with by the Director of Public Instruction, subject always to the interposition of Government, should it see fit to interpose. This ruling will strengthen the position of the Director as departmental head, and follows the analogous practice in the "aided" schools, which these "net grant" schools have been shown in some degree to resemble. And as regards the matters below Rs. 50 a month, which remain with the District Committee, I desire that it be understood that they must obtain the concurrence of the "Circle Inspector," who may be regarded as their professional adviser. It is to be remembered that the Circle Inspector has the duty of supervising Government education in a circle of districts, and holds an office next in importance to that of the Director of Public Instruction.

5. In collegiate schools which are adjuncts of colleges, and in branch schools connected directly with the colleges, which are not under District Committees at all, the Director of Public Instruction can fix all establishments from the bottom up to appointments of Rs. 150.

6. In the exercise of the powers above described, the Director of Public Instruction and the District Committees must understand that there is the financial limitation, and the condition that for whatever they sanction there

shall be the funds forthcoming from the aggregate of the "net grants" and the private resources.

7. The next point—the allotting to Schoolmasters a portion of the surplus income in certain classes of schools—is really a corollary to the preceding point. In schools "receiving net grants" within the money limits above described, and with the condition of funds being available, the Director of Public Instruction and the District Committee may certainly allot any surplus income, from fees or otherwise, to the Schoolmasters. The effect of this upon the Masters must be beneficial, as it makes them feel that their income depends on their efficiency and on the attractiveness of their teaching. This is in accordance with the well understood principle of "paying by results." I would also, with the same limitations and conditions, extend this power to the Director of Public Instruction as regards the collegiate schools and branch schools directly connected with colleges.

8. The fourth point relates to the powers of appointing persons to fill offices in the several classes of Government schools. The existing rule may be thus summed up.

9. All Masters in these schools receiving Rs. 200 salary and upwards are appointed by Government on the nomination of the Director of Public Instruction, and gazetted. This rule will be fully maintained. For all other masterships with salaries below Rs. 200, the "Circle Inspectors" nominate the persons for the consideration of the District Committees, who make the appointments according to existing rule.

10. Although the concession of this power to District Committees has many advantages, it has one particular disadvantage, which has been represented to me by natives as well as by educational authorities, and which is this. The appointments are apt to become too much localized; in one part of the country a comparatively inferior man obtains a good appointment because no better man happens to be available on the spot. In another part of the country a superior man fails to obtain a good appointment because there happens to be a good or better man on the spot, and because his qualifications are not known elsewhere. Now, in the present condition of affairs, it is desirable that the better sorts of appointments should be bestowed on something like an uniform principle throughout the country; that a certain degree of qualification should obtain about the same sort of appointments everywhere; that the holding of a certain appointment should indicate everywhere the possession of about the same degree of qualification. On the other hand, it is desirable that some considerable degree of patronage should be left in the hands of the District Committees, in order to maintain their position, which carries so much responsibility with it, and to keep alive the interest of the inhabitants in their local schools.

11. After bearing in mind the balance of the above considerations, and after carefully consulting the Director of Public Instruction, I propose that for offices with salaries from Rs. 100 to Rs. 200, the appointments should be made by the Director of Public Instruction from a general list of native gentlemen possessing certain qualifications. For offices with salaries below Rs. 100, I would leave the appointments with the District Committees, as at present, on the nomination of the Circle Inspector as far as Rs. 50 (that is, the Inspector will nominate and the District Committee appoint to all masterships with salaries of Rs. 50 and less than Rs. 100); and for masterships below Rs. 50, the Committee will appoint absolutely, that is, without any nomination of the Circle Inspector, though of course the Committee can, if they choose, consult the Circle Inspector, who will always afford them the best advice he can.

12. As regards the collegiate schools and the branch schools connected directly with colleges, the Director of Public Instruction will make all appointments to offices with salaries below Rs. 200 per mensem.

RICHARD TEMPLE.

SCHOLARSHIPS FOR VERNACULAR EDUCATION AND ENCOURAGEMENT OF ELEMENTARY PRACTICAL SCIENCE.

and is madhese, as well as in the vernacular and anglo-vernacular schools. My predecessor made some modifications in this standard with a view to leading the native mind in the direction of practical science; that is, those parts of science the knowledge of which may be the means of earning a livelihood. Entirely concurring in this view, I think that the time has come when we may with advantage take some moderate steps further in the same direction. I entirely share the belief that even elementary instruction in natural and physical science is one of the best means possible of raising the mind of the poorer classes from the depth of superstition, and of leading it forth from darkness to light.

2. Having caused the subject to be examined by our educational officers, I would sanction the following standard for the vernacular scholarships, the instruction being in the vernacular, Bengalee, throughout:—

Vernacular Scholarships.						Marks.
Subject.						
I.	Bengalee Language	...	...	...	...	75
II.	History and Geography	...	...	...	...	150
III.	Arithmetic	...	...	...	...	100
IV.	Geometry and Mensuration	...	...	...	...	75
V.	Natural Philosophy and Physical Science	...	...	...	...	100
Total						500

3. In the standard for the "Minor Scholarships" in subject I, a corresponding degree of English is substituted for Bengalee, with the same number of marks. In subjects II, III, IV, and V, the examination will be in the vernacular, the same as in the standard for the vernacular scholarships; thus:—

Minor Scholarships.						Marks.
Subject.						
BENGALLEE	I.	English	...	...	...	75
	II.	History and Geography	...	...	...	150
	III.	Arithmetic	...	...	...	100
	IV.	Geometry and Mensuration	...	...	...	75
	V.	Natural Philosophy and Physical Science	...	...	...	100
Total						500

Inasmuch as the degree of attention that will be bestowed by the scholars upon any subject must depend on the number of marks assigned to it in proportion to the total number, I have set down for "Natural Philosophy and Physical Science" 100 marks out of 500; believing that we ought to assign the proportion of one-fifth to these subjects, and that we cannot at present assign more with due regard to the other subjects.

4. Another point on which the efficacy of the standard largely depends is the style of text-book prescribed for each subject. In the first subject, "Bengalee language," composition forms part of the examination. The character of the examination here must rest entirely with the examiners, but we may have every confidence that they will enforce sufficient strictness. The masters who teach Bengalee in these schools will be expected to know enough Sanskrit to enable them to explain the etymology of the important words in Bengalee. (See paragraph 4 of my Minute of the 26th January 1875.) In the next subject, "History and Geography," the text-books are—C. B. Clarke's History of the World and Lethbridge's History and Geography of Bengal. These authors are eminent members of our educational department. The books were written in English, and have been translated into Bengalee. In the subject of "Geography," the text-book is to be "Physical Geography,"

by Rajendra Lal Mitra and Radhika Prasanna Mukhurjee. And the examination is to include Map-drawing. In Arithmetic there are to be two papers, the second of which is to comprise the higher parts of the subject. In Geometry and Mensuration, the qualifications of the scholar will be tested by actual drawing. So far, then, I should regard the text-books and tests as satisfactory for subjects I, II, III, and IV.

5. But for subject V, Natural Philosophy and Physical Science, I consider that the tests and text-books should receive further consideration. I would select the following branches:—

1. Chemistry.
2. Botany.
3. Elements of Natural Philosophy and Physical Science.

The scholar might choose two out of these three subjects; but he must take up at least two. As regards the Elements of Natural Philosophy and of Physical Science, we have very fair text-books by Bhudev Mukhurjee and Akhya Kumar Datta respecting Natural Philosophy, and by Mohendra Nath Bhatta-charjee respecting Physical Science. As regards Chemistry and Botany, we have text-books by Jodu Nath Mukhurjee and Kanheya Lal Dey, both very competent authors. But I believe that these books are too rudimentary in their character; and I desire that the preparation of somewhat more advanced books be immediately considered. Doubtless either the above-named authors or other native authors will be found ready to undertake this task. Further, if the examination is to be sufficiently strict and the instruction adequate, the masters must have themselves undergone some practical training in both Chemistry and Botany; that is to say, they must be instructed in Chemistry by means of experiments in a laboratory, and in Botany by the scientific dissection and microscopic examination of living plants. The training of the masters by these means is quite practicable. On visiting the normal school at Calcutta in company with Mr. Atkinson and Mr. Woodrow, I found the masters undergoing instruction in Chemistry and Botany by these very means. I do not know exactly how far the same mode of instruction prevails in the other normal schools of the same class in Bengal, or whether the other normal schools possess laboratories and chemical apparatus. But what is done for the middle class school-masters in Calcutta, can be done for the same class at other places. Some additional expense may have to be incurred in the other normal schools for laboratories and apparatus, but that can be afforded.

6. These scholarships will, under present orders, be held in what are termed the "higher" and zillah schools, which teach up to the examination for entrance to the Calcutta University. A portion of them, however, may hereafter be declared tenable in any institutions we may be able to establish for technical instruction of a superior kind. The science subject in the standard above explained will be a fitting preparation for such institutions.

7. By these means, that is, by these standards for the Vernacular and Minor Scholarships, I should hope that some competent knowledge of natural and physical science, especially Chemistry and Botany, may be diffused, in the vernacular of Bengal, by our middle class schools. It is always to be remembered that the instruction in the school will be guided by the scholarship standard; that this standard affects not only the few who win scholarships, but also the many who do not; not only the few who, having won scholarships, proceed to higher schools, but also the many who never go beyond the middle class schools. The winners of these scholarships will be generally boys between 14 and 15 years of age; but among the other boys there will be many who are somewhat older. Having regard, then, to the industry and intelligence of the Bengalee youths, I believe that they will often stand the tests above described, and that the best of the middle class schools will work up to the standard.

8. The standard of these scholarships affects, then, the middle class schools, which have now about 77,000 scholars in all,—a total which is important numerically, and still more important in respect to the *calibre* of the scholars.

But outside this number there are the scholars of the lower vernacular schools, the number of which is very much greater, and comprises upwards of 340,000 scholars. And I have to review scholarship arrangements relating to them, inasmuch as the scholarship standards will dominate the course of their instruction.

9. These might, if they chose, compete for the middle class scholarships, but they would have no chance of success. And the middle class standard, especially if slightly raised, as I should wish in respect to practical science, will be too high for them. On the other hand, if that standard be really attainable by the middle class schools, then it could not with propriety be lowered in order to suit the lower vernacular schools. Hence it follows that a somewhat lower standard is needed for the lower vernacular schools; and their large aggregate number renders it just and necessary that some scholarship arrangements should be devised for their benefit.

10. But this great division of lower vernacular schools comprises two sub-divisions, namely—firstly, the old lower vernacular, comprising about 100,000 scholars, and secondly, the new primary or lowest (set on foot by my predecessor), and now comprising about 240,000 scholars.

The rapid accession of numbers, in the second category especially, and the general development of vernacular education, must cause our scholarship arrangements to expand.

11. For the second category or primary schools, I have recently, on the recommendation of the Director of Public Instruction, sanctioned an easy scholarship standard for reading, writing, and arithmetic, and one elementary book, to be selected by the Director. This standard is meant for boys between nine and eleven years of age—say ten years on the average. Though suitable for these lowest schools, it is too low for the lower vernacular schools of the first category. These latter are superior to the primary schools, and would carry off all the primary scholarships if allowed to compete for them. Moreover, their best scholars are able to reach considerably beyond the primary standard, as above described.

12. Hence it appears to me to follow that an intermediate scholarship standard ought to be devised between the middle class standard and the primary standard, as above described; and I shall be obliged if the Director of Public Instruction will take this into early consideration. It would be in the vernacular, and might be arranged according to five subjects, nearly corresponding with those of the middle class standard, but with slightly different proportions of marks. But for each subject the tests would be easier, and the text-books simpler or shorter. Thus—

Lower Vernacular Scholarship.

Subject.	Marks
I. Bengalee language	100
II. History and Geography of Bengal only	100
III. Arithmetic	150
IV. Geometry, 1st book Euclid only	50
V. Elements of Natural Philosophy and Physical Science	100
Total	500

For subject V there might be four elementary books prescribed, namely, Bhudev Mukhurjee's work on Natural Philosophy, Muhendral Lal's on Physical Science, Judoo Nath's on Botany, and Kunheya Lal Dey's on Chemistry, and it would suffice that the scholar should select one out of these books. These details might, however, be further considered by the Director.

This standard would be suitable for boys of twelve years of age; that is, intermediate between the primary scholarships for boys of ten, and the middle class scholarships for boys of fourteen.

13. The question would then arise as to whether a lower *Anglo*-vernacular scholarship standard should be devised or not. Following the analogy of the middle class standard, it might be possible to devise a standard to include English. The English could hardly be substituted for Bengalee, but the geometry subject might be omitted, and the standard might be arranged thus:—

Lower Anglo-Vernacular Scholarship.

	Marks.
I. Bengalee language	75
II. English (Primer, &c.)	75
III. History and Geography of Bengal	100
IV. Arithmetic	150
V. Natural Philosophy and Physical Science	100
Total	500

14. The including of English in this standard, however, involves a difficult question. If this were done, Bengalee boys of the humbler classes might begin learning English at ten years of age. There is very possibly a desire for learning English even among the humbler classes. On the one hand it may be said that if a boy is to learn English, the earlier in age he begins the better: that if an English boy begins Latin at ten, a Bengalee boy may begin English at that age. I gather that some authorities believe that the English language is likely to spread rapidly among the people of Bengal. On the other hand, it may be urged that a Bengalee boy ought to acquire some little proficiency in his own language, and in other learning, before he begins English. And it is to be remembered that the lower the school, the more difficult does it become to obtain competent instruction in English. On the whole, if the mass of the natives be found really to desire some elementary English instruction, I hardly see that we can well avoid giving them the chance. And if the allowing of a lower Anglo-vernacular standard, as above described, were to be largely recommended, I should be prepared to consider the matter. Meanwhile I desire that the Director of Public Instruction will be good enough to collate the opinions of his officers, both European and Native, upon the subject.

15. But if a new set of lower vernacular scholarships be added to the existing scheme, it will be necessary to reconsider the value of the several classes of scholarships. The vernacular and minor or Anglo-vernacular scholarships, as above described, are each worth Rs. 4 per mensem for four years, and Rs. 5 per mensem for two years respectively. This I would maintain. The primary scholarships are each worth Rs. 3 per mensem for two years. These might, I think, be reduced to Rs. 2 each, if a lower vernacular standard be added, for which I would propose Rs. 3 for two years. Two rupees per mensem will suffice to sustain a young boy of the poorer classes. It is essential that the lower vernacular scholarship (if established) should be more valuable than the primary, so as to induce the boys to prefer the task of the lower vernacular standard, which is much harder than that of the primary.

The scale, then, would be thus—

				Monthly value.	Period for which tenable.
				Rs.	Years.
MIDDLE	(Minor or Anglo-vernacular ...	...	...	5	2
	(Vernacular ...	...	...	4	4
LOWER	(Vernacular ...	...	...	3	2
	(Anglo-Vernacular ...	...	...	3	2
PRIMARY	Vernacular ...	...	...	2	2

16. The lower vernacular or Anglo-vernacular scholarships would be tenable in the middle class schools. The primary scholarships would be tenable in the lower vernacular schools, or in the middle class schools, at the option of the holder. It is an object to encourage boys to proceed straight to the better kind of school.

17. It would then be necessary to revise the allotment of the number of scholarships to each of the three categories, middle, lower vernacular, and primary. In the year 1873-74, about 316 scholarships were actually won in the middle class and 386 in the primary; or 702 in all. The total number of scholarships available was larger, amounting to nearly 900. There would be no difficulty in distributing the total between the three categories as above stated—say 300 to each. The Director of Public Instruction would, however, be best able to decide the details of this distribution.

RICHARD TEMPLE.

No. 1499.

Copy forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction for information and guidance, and with the request that he will be good enough to submit his report on paragraphs 12, 14, 15, and 17 of the minute.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Government of Bengal.

ABKAREE SYSTEM IN BENGAL.

No. 56B., dated Fort William, the 28th January 1875.

From—W. H. GRIMLEY, Esq., Offg. Secretary to the Board of Revenue, L. P.,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

I AM directed to submit herewith a minute recorded by the Member in charge, with reference to Government order No. 2192 of the 28th October last, on the abkaree administration of Bengal.

2. The petitions received with the Government order are returned herewith.

MINUTE.

THE letter from the Government of Bengal, No. 2192 of the 28th October last, desires me to report on the abkaree administration of Bengal in connection with certain petitions presented to both the Supreme and Local Governments on that subject.

2. It will be convenient first to enumerate the statements, allegations, and charges contained in those petitions. They are as follows:—

1st.—That drinking has of late years greatly increased, more particularly among the upper classes.

2nd.—That the revenue authorities have promoted the spread of intemperance by multiplying liquor shops and by giving praise and promotion to officers who have been led to increase the excise revenue.

3rd.—That the adoption of the habit of drinking has been facilitated by the importation of low-priced spirits, and, as regards Calcutta, by the extension of time in the evening during which shops may be kept open.

4th.—That the consumption of opium and of ganja has also increased of late years.

5th.—That the increased habit of drinking has been a prolific source of crime and immorality.

6th.—That in Calcutta facilities are afforded for drinking at night by a practice prevalent in certain dispensaries of supplying liquor under the guise of medicine.

7th.—That retail shops generally possess back doors, through which liquor is clandestinely sold at prohibited hours.

3. The remedies proposed are:—

1st.—To impose a higher rate of duty.

2nd.—To raise the license fee of shops.

3rd.—To open no new shop in any locality except on the application of two-thirds of the rate-payers of the locality (some of the petitioners would substitute residents for rate-payers).

4th.—To close any existing shop if two-thirds of the rate-payers of the locality petition for such closing (according to some of the petitioners, for rate-payers *read* residents).

5th.—To transfer from Collectors to Municipalities the power of granting licenses.

6th.—To reduce the number of shops generally throughout the country.

7th.—To prohibit any drinking on the premises.

8th.—To provide that no liquor shop should have either door or window except in front on the road side.

9th.—To insist on all liquor shops being closed at sunset.

10th.—To close all liquor shops in the vicinity of educational institutions or places of public worship.

11th.—To discontinue the practice of praising revenue officers in charge of the Excise Department under whose administration the revenue has increased.

12th.—To regulate the sale of liquor from dispensaries.

13th.—Similarly from hotels and other places of public entertainment.

14th.—To refuse renewal of licenses to shopkeepers convicted of offences under the abkaree laws.

15th.—To employ a special staff of officers to act as excise police.

4. The petitions are signed by representatives of the best educated and most influential natives in and near Calcutta, also by some European gentlemen whose opinions are entitled to great weight. They represent a widespread belief that a great social evil is in the increase, that it is within the power of Government to check its development, and that Government has failed in this duty.

5. I entirely agree with the petitioners in their statement as to the increase of the habit of drinking during late years, especially in towns and among the higher classes. I differ with them as to the extent to which Government action can check this tendency. I deny that Government has ever willfully preferred considerations of revenue to the welfare of the people; but I must admit that ignorance of the subject in former times has introduced and fostered systems directly conducive to the multiplication of liquor shops, and therefore to the promotion of drinking. There is also no doubt that mistaken zeal on the part of the local officers has often led to the same results.

6. On the first point I have asked for the opinions of local officers. The answers shew a great diversity of opinion. The increase of the habit of drinking is admitted by some officers; denied by others. The denials, however, refer more to the agricultural classes, and generally apply only to the last six or eight years. So limited, there is undoubtedly truth in these denials as regards some districts. I believe the facts to be this:—All over Bengal there is more drinking now than there was twenty years ago, and there was more twenty years ago than forty years ago. But in some districts there has been no increase in the villages during the last six or eight years (in Backergunge, Ferozepore, Patna, Tirhoot, Maldah, and Bogra it is positively stated that there has been a decrease); while the increase in towns and among the higher classes has been general. There is also no doubt that intemperance among the habit is most prevalent in the districts nearest the metropolis. It is very sad to see how prevalent is the opinion that intemperance naturally follows upon the receipt of English education. Three of the Commissioners express themselves thus:—

Orissa.—"Local native opinion very frequently connects the increased partiality for liquor with spread of English education; and as soon as caste prejudice succumbs to knowledge, or a smattering of knowledge, there is believed to be an opening afforded for more free use of intoxicating liquor than rigid observance of caste rules would have warranted."

Bhagulpore.—"Among the higher classes of people there are two sorts of persons who are liable to acquire habits of intemperance:—

(1)—Persons of the old school, who are viciously inclined or feeble-minded, and at the same time rich.

(2)—Young men speaking English with deficient education.

"Of the first class we have very few persons indeed, and I have nothing particular to say regarding them.

"It is with the men belonging to the second class that a disposition towards intemperance has, in some places, become a growing evil."

Dacca.—"The taste for strong liquor must, in most of these cases, I think, be regarded as a natural instinct, which is repressed and kept down by the stringency of caste rules or moral culture; and that consequently if drunkenness, or the habit of drinking, has increased of late years amongst certain sections of the people, it is because the restraints of caste and the dictates of the *Shastras* and the *Koran* have lost something of their hold over the feelings and consciences of their votaries. In short, if our administration is in any way responsible for such deterioration in the character of the people for sobriety, I should fear that, the result would have to be debited to the indirect agency of the school-master, rather than the abkari darogah."

7. The following are quotations from Magistrates' reports:—

Mouglhyr.—"An intelligent shopkeeper (vender of brandy) at Jamalpore tells me that native gentlemen who can talk English appear to acquire a taste for brandy with the language."

Meershedabad.—"As education and civilisation of the European type increase, it may, I think, be expected that intemperance will increase; but the evil will probably wear itself out in time."

8. An English medical officer of many years' experience in the mofussil writes:—"But it is not the occasional and formal indulgence in intoxication that has caused the present outcry, but the much more democratising habit of private drinking indulged in by nearly nine-tenths of the Bengalis instructed at our English colleges and schools."

"It is sad to think that this has been the effect of education, but it is too true to be overlooked. No Hindu can become acquainted with European science without disbelieving his own religion. Without any religious convictions and without moral training, he leaves the college a slave to his own passions, and blindly follows the example of the rich and influential around him.

"Having no fixed ideas to guide him, he yields to his own inclinations, and adopts habits which are foreign to his race; caste observances are broken through, and all that a Hindu regards as obligatory is neglected and often ridiculed.

"Social intercourse is more unrestrained than formerly, but friends never meet now-a-days without spirits being consumed.

"The quantity of intoxicating liquor drunk on holidays is incredible. In the course of practice I have met patients who have astonished me by describing their powers of drinking. One, a Mahomedan moonshee, asserted that he had finished a bottle of brandy and three bottles of beer at an evening sitting; another, a Kayasth wakil, that he had swallowed a bottle of brandy almost at a draught.

"Among Mahomedans, again, both Sunnis and Shiaks, and not excluding the Ferazis, intemperance is much more common than formerly. Even the moonshee and hafiz indulge freely, and among the degenerate representatives of the old families intoxication is regarded as a very venial offence."

9. Another medical officer, a native, says,—"The vice has now crept among the half-educated men of respectable families, who have taken to European liquors, and the cause of this increase is more of a moral and social nature than political and economical. Bengalis educated in English now go away from their homes in the service either of Government or

Railway Companies, and in their unsettled position cannot always have their families with them; consequently after the day's work, having no family to go to, congregate together and seek pleasure from the glass."

10. "In Behar, and hence in Monghyr," a native medical officer* states, "the higher classes are comparatively abstemious in their habits; the reason is that education has not yet made so much progress among them as to relax their religious prejudices."

11. The excise of liquor has in Bengal been conducted under three general systems—the farming, the daily or monthly tax, also called the outstill, and the sudder distillery. The general distinguishing features of the three systems are as follows:—

Farming.—Under this system the excise revenue, sometimes of a district, sometimes of part of a district, was farmed out on tenders invited and selected. The farmer worked outstills by his own servants, or under-farmed the right as regarded each outstill. Generally the second was the mode adopted.

Daily Tax or Outstill.—The Collector decides where shops for the retail sale of country liquor are required. He then puts up to auction for the ensuing year the right to set up a still at the place indicated, and to open a shop in connection with such still. The bidder of the highest amount of daily or monthly tax gets the right.

Sudder Distillery.—Certain central distillery buildings are erected by Government, and at these any number of distillers the building can accommodate are allowed to set up stills. The liquor distilled is tested by a hydrometer before leaving the distillery, and pays duty according to its strength. The duty varies from a maximum of three rupees per gallon, London proof, to a minimum of one rupee per gallon, London proof, according to the average means of the consuming classes in the district. In the Patna and Monghyr distilleries the duty has been levied lately on the raw material (mowah) from which the liquor is distilled, not on the liquor. The liquor is sold by the distiller to shopkeepers, who pay a license fee for leave to keep open a retail shop.

12. The daily tax was the system first in force. In 1790 certain rules were passed, afterwards re-enacted, with modifications, in Regulation XXXIV of 1793. All persons were prohibited from manufacturing or vending spirituous liquors and intoxicating drugs without licenses from the Collectors. The manufacture and sale of liquors were confined to towns and villages to be selected by the Collectors, and divided into classes according to their size and population. A daily tax at rates varying with reference to the importance of the localities was imposed on each still (and the sale of all drugs was subjected to a tax to be fixed annually by the Board of Revenue with the sanction of Government). Further, a tax was ordered to be levied on unfermented tari at the rate of 25 per cent. on the amount of rent payable by the passees,—i.e., the persons whose trade is to collect and sell the juice to the proprietors of tar trees. Persons convicted of illicit manufacture or vend of any excisable articles were made liable to pay a fine or suffer imprisonment in default.

13. In 1813 the farming system and the sudder distillery system were both partially introduced.

14. In 1824 the farming system was greatly extended. The annual excise revenue having declined from 19 lakhs in 1829-30 to less than 15 lakhs in 1837-38, the falling off was ascribed to the defective and inefficient system of raising the excise revenue which had hitherto

* 1. 24-Pergunnahs.	6. Backergunge.
2. Jessore.	7. Baraset.
3. Nuddea.	8. Calcutta (i.e. Panchuan-nogram).
4. Burdwan.	Bankura.
Hooghly.	
† 1. Dinapore.	Mymenam.
2. Maldah.	Pabna.
3. Rajshabye.	8. Dacca.
4. Bogra.	9. Ferozpoore.
5. Bhangpore.	10. Backergunge.
‡ 1. 24-Pergunnahs.	Beahoon.
2. Panchuanogram.	Manbhoom.
3. Hooghly.	9. Jessore.
4. Burdwan.	10. Nuddea.
5. Bankura.	11. Midnapore.
6. Moorsshedabad.	12. Midghel.
§ 1. Sylhet.	4. Tipperah.
2. Cachar.	5. Bulloah (Nakhail).
3. Chittagong.	

prevailed. To remedy this the Government, in 1840, as a partial experiment, entrusted the superintendence of this branch of public revenue, in the 18th or Calcutta division, to a separate officer designated Commissioner of Abkaree, the districts marginally* named being comprised within his jurisdiction. In 1844 another Commissioner of Abkaree was appointed, and the districts marginally† specified were placed under him, the jurisdiction of the first being then further made to include the districts noted in the margin‡. In 1848 five other districts§ were added to the second Commissioner-ship.

15. These two Commissioners had under them Abkaree Superintendents and other subordinates; and the excise revenue of the 27 districts thus managed was raised generally by the daily tax or outstill system, opium and country rum being, however, subject to fixed duty, and farming was wholly proscribed.

16. In 1847-48 the direct system of management was introduced in the three Orissa districts (Cuttack, Pooree, and Balasore) under the Revenue Commissioner's own supervision, and farming was abolished.

17. The system administered by the Abkaree Commissioners was the daily tax system.

18. In 1852 and 1853 the two Abkaree Commissionerships were abolished, and their duties transferred to Revenue Commissioners in their respective divisions.

19. It will be observed that the Behar districts were never included in either of the Abkaree Commissionerships. The farming system continued in them for a long time. It

gradually gave way to the daily tax system, but the last vestige of it did not disappear till 1863.*

20. Under the farming system, which was in force during the larger portion of the first half of this century, every encouragement was given to drinking. The farmer had but one object, private gain, and the more shops he opened and the greater the consumption of liquor, the better was this object attained.

21. When later the management of the excise fell into the hands of Abkaree Commissioners, sufficient care was not taken to limit the number of outstills and shops by the requirements of the people. As long as the excise was a separate department, the officers of this department were actuated by that departmental zeal which is so often productive of both good and bad results. The financial test was the real test of merit.

22. The same defects of management constantly occurred when the outstill system was under the direct supervision of the regular revenue authorities. It is only of very late years that the principles which should regulate the excise have been at all understood or appreciated. The abkaree was, to Collectors, the most distasteful part of their duties, and, as a rule, was made over to uncovenanted Deputy Collectors, who, so long as the revenue did not fall off, were allowed pretty much their own way. There was no regularly organized or sufficient check over the multiplication of shops, and the result was too often the simultaneous increase of facilities for drinking and of the excise revenue.

23. In 1859 the Government determined to extend the sudder distillery system as the best mode of maintaining a proper equilibrium between the real demand for liquor and the means for its supply. The theory of this system is perfect. Every ounce of liquor consumed pays duty before it is offered to the public. The rise or fall of the demand is as correct in its indication as are the changes in a barometer, and according to such should the duty be regulated. The rate of duty becomes the best and the proper check against undue facilities for drinking. It logically follows that no necessity exists for imposing any limit on the number of shops. The rate of duty provides the necessary check.

24. Under this system and this theory the number of shops increased greatly in towns, though it diminished somewhat in the interior. The difference is explained by the facility or the difficulty to the retail shopkeeper of obtaining liquor from the sudder distillery. As the Board reported to Government in June 1871—"Up to 1867 licenses were freely given to all applicants who were not suspected characters. Complete freedom of trade was the theory and the rule." The first check imposed was the consulting of Magistrates and Superintendents of Police in granting licenses for shops. This dates from 1867.

25. The sudder distillery system is the one in force now in most parts of Bengal. It has not fulfilled the hopes of those who insisted on its extension throughout the presidency. Perfect in theory, it has two weak points in practice—the facilities it affords for fraud, and the temptations and comparative immunity it holds out to illicit distillation. The men who enter into the ranks of the excise staff are not of the best class, and no means have yet been devised to successfully prevent combination between them and the distillers and shopkeepers. It is so easy and so simple to let out of the distillery 50 gallons of spirit, taking duty on only 40, and entering only 40 in the books, the profit on the odd 10 being divided between the distillery darogah and the shopkeeper, or to enter the whole 50 in the register, but at a strength much below the real strength, levying the duty on the registered strength, and dividing the profit on the strength which has escaped taxation.

26. For the detection of illicit distillation, the revenue authorities have almost entirely to trust to the police, and experience has proved that the police are of very little use as abkaree detectives. Nor is this to be wondered at. Illicit distillation is carried on inside the house, and the sale of the liquor in most cases proves nothing, as the distiller is the shopkeeper licensed

* A statement of the number of gallons cleared out from each public distillery during March 1868, the duty paid, and the number of shops supplied by the distillery (marked D). A glance at these figures shows that in March 1868, after the sudder distillery system had been some years in force, many shops were, as regards the distillery returns, carried on at an undoubted loss, that is to say, that the amount of duty-paying liquor sold by them would not have given a profit to cover the license fees and other expenses. Thus, in Cuttack there were 3 such shops, in Balasore 6, Backergunge 18, Dacca 6, Ferozshah 28 (whole number in the district), Mymensingh 13, Sylhet 13, Noakhally 27, Chumprun 19, Tirohot 11, Moorshedabad 31, Pubna 27, Rangpur 19, Singbhoom 5, Purneah 11, Jessore 13, Nuddea 7, 24-Pergunnahs 22 (the whole number in the district), Bankoora 2, Burdwan 21, Hooghly 10, Midnapore 18."

by Government. As Commissioner of Bhagulpore, I had a statement prepared of all licensed shopkeepers in the division, showing what amount of liquor each one had taken during a specified time from the distillery. In 1868, shortly after I joined the Board, I had similar statements prepared for all Bengal. The result, as reported to the Government in 1870, is given in the marginal extract.

27. Now what is proved by the fact that an abkaree shopkeeper is carrying on his business without profit, according to the distillery books, is that he is making an illicit profit, either by

getting liquor out of the distillery free of duty, or by selling under cover of his license liquor distilled surreptitiously on his own premises.

28. The extent to which these practices are carried on will, of course, depend on the watchfulness of the local authorities, on the pressure put upon the police, and on attention to the subject by the Revenue Board and Commissioners. But it is only a question of degree. When Board, Commissioner, and Collector have done all they can do, there will still remain a great deal of liquor going into consumption which pays no duty, and over the manufacture and sale of which no control can be exercised.

29. It is on this point that the Sudder Distillery system contrasts unfavorably with the monthly tax or outstill system. Under this latter system, illicit distillation was almost

impossible. The man who paid a monthly fee for the right to distil was the best preventive the Government could get. Within the radius supplied by him no illicit still could be opened unknown to him; and as the knowledge was certain, and denouncement equally so, it followed that the attempt was not made.

30. All the petitions presented to Government display a remarkable ignorance on this point. The whole argument is based on the supposition that it is the duty-paying liquor, and that only, against which precautions have to be taken.

31. The matter is not so easy as petitioners think. Government and the Board have honestly for some years been doing their best to counteract the effects of former ignorance, of bad systems, and of a growing taste for liquor. It is not true of the present time that abkaree officers are praised and receive promotion for increasing the revenue by increasing the facilities for drinking. The only petition which backs up a general statement to this effect relies upon a quotation of 1852-53, and even that quotation does not prove the position. What abkaree officers are praised for, and brought to the notice of Government for, is when their efforts increase the revenue without multiplying shops or even simultaneously with a decreased number; and this is right, for the increase of revenue under such circumstances is a certain proof of a careful and efficient discharge of duties, resulting in a check on illicit distillation and on removal from the distillery of liquor paying no duty.

32. Petitioners are apparently persuaded that Government has but to raise the duty, to place obstructions in the way of people who want liquor, to forbid sales at night, &c., and sobriety and morality must follow. They are unaware to what extent illicit distillation and fraudulent practices are fostered by every movement in a repressive direction, and how careful those who administer this branch of administration have to be not to fall into Scylla when avoiding Charybdis.

33. Not only do difficulties placed in the way of licit sales give an impetus to illicit ones, but they tend to substitute, for a comparatively harmless stimulant, stimulants of a noxious kind, such as ganja and opium. Of this I have seen many proofs. It may be urged against this last objection that it could be met by raising a prohibitory duty on those two drugs; but this argument would also be a mistake for the result would be an immense stimulus given to the smuggling of opium from the cultivators, and would lead to the substitution of wild ganja for the cultivated plant of Rajshahye.

34. Again, none of these remedies are applicable to the evil which the petitioners more especially call attention to—the increase of drinking among the upper classes. These classes do not resort to the open spirit shop, nor indeed is it the native spirit which they consume. Undoubtedly, as I have already stated, the educated classes do drink much more than they used to drink, but they drink in the privacy of their own homes and in their own rooms, and the liquor is the imported spirit from England. Against this evil no action of the Government is of much avail. The check of enhanced duty—a check I have more than once recommended—is the only one possible, but it is a feeble one, which will not produce any marked effect; for it is clear that, with regard to the large number of Europeans in the country, the duty on imported spirits cannot be made sufficiently high to be prohibitory. The only real checks are to be found in a sound practical education and in a healthy public opinion, which the signers of these petitions are the persons most capable of forming.

35. While I entirely go with petitioners in their regret that sobriety is not a characteristic of the Bengali to the same extent as formerly, I cannot but think they have painted in exaggerated colors the evils of increased consumption of liquor. One petition, Baboo Keshub Chunder Sen's, thus describes them:—"Crime and immorality are also, in a large measure, attributable to this cause. The instances of petty crimes and heinous offences committed under the influence of drink are of frequent occurrence, as may be proved by the criminal records of the country." * * * "It is indeed harrowing and painful to contemplate the extent to which sensuality, profligacy, and brutal revels on the one hand, and irreligion, blasphemy, and practical atheism on the other, are making ravages among all classes of the native community in consequence of the spread of drunkenness, and undermining the religious and moral life of the nation." * * * "In short the use of intoxicating liquor has done more than anything else to degrade the physical, moral, and social condition of my countrymen, and has proved a stupendous obstacle in the path of reformation. Patriots and philanthropists of all classes, who are engaged in diverse ways in ameliorating the condition of the people, always complain that this great evil seriously counteracts and frustrates their efforts."

36. This kind of sensational writing only misleads. In one of the reports I have received on this subject, written by a clever native medical officer, I am informed that "Young Bengal signifies an incarnation of brandy and immorality." My own observation and the hard test of figures do not bear out these statements. Excluding imported spirits and liquors, the consumption of licit drink in Bengal is equal to the revenue value of just over 7 pie per head yearly,* *i.e.*, 3½ farthings, or about Rs. 25,80,604 in the gross. Including them, the consumption is just 10 pie per head yearly, or about Rs. 38,16,847 in the gross. But these latter figures include the consumption of the European community, who certainly are the chief consumers of imported wines and spirits.

37. There is no real comparison between this state of things and the extent to which drinking has become a national curse in England. The capital there employed in the liquor trade was calculated two or three years ago by Professor Levi at £114,000,000, or one-third

* These figures include the duty on country spirits, country rum, and the license fees of tari, patchwai, and outatills. In the three last hotels, the distinction between duty and the shop licence cannot be drawn.

more than the whole capital employed in the cotton trade, and the revenue derived by the consumption of drink is, in round numbers, about £1 or Rs. 10 per head of the population. But there are other differences. The country spirit in Bengal is generally a weak spirit, so that drunkenness is an exceptional effect, and the tendency of the people is not towards crimes of violence. Drink develops this tendency where it exists, but it does not create it; and as regards dispositions to other offences, these are but slightly acted upon by drink. The criminal records of the country do not, as far as my experience goes, substantiate the statements in the petitions.

38. Mr. Lyall, the able Magistrate of Dacca, thus writes last month:—"I have very seldom, I may say almost never, been able to trace any connection between drunkenness and crime in this country." The evidence of the most experienced and shrewdest police officer in Bengal was to the same effect. In 1872 Mr. Wauchope wrote to the Government as follows:—

"I can adduce no facts to show that the existence of liquor shops has any bearing on crime in their neighbourhood. The police section in which the largest number of cases is reported is Colootollah, where there are only seven liquor shops; while there are thirty-one in Burra Bazar, where there is less crime. Jora Bagan, where nearly every dacoit who commits robberies in the mofussil lives, has only twenty-three shops of all sorts; while Burra Bazar has forty-nine. There are many dacoits and burglars in Burtola, which has only nine liquor and other shops.

"With regard to the criminal classes, dacoits all drink, but not to excess. Before committing a dacoity they perform worship to Kalee, in which Brahmins, though they do not drink as a rule, dip the tip of their fingers into the liquor, and touch their foreheads with it. I had charge at one time of a good many dacoit approvers, and found that, though they consumed a considerable quantity of liquor, they were seldom actually drunk, and did not destroy their constitution with churrus and muddut. On the other hand, there can be no doubt that common burglars and petty thieves are in a constant state of half stupefaction from the use of intoxicating drugs, by which their health is completely destroyed.

"It is generally said that crime is the result of drink, and very probably it is so with regard to offences attended with violence to the person, which are of comparatively rare occurrence in Calcutta; but I cannot discover the connection between drink and offences requiring skill. The most celebrated dacoit I ever knew, who gave me an account of more than a hundred dacoities, in most of which he had been the leader, never tasted liquor; and a New York burglar, perhaps the most expert in his profession who ever visited India, was described to me by the Captain of the ship in which he came to this country as the most sober man who had ever sailed with him.

"In England it is said that drinking promotes intemperance, intemperance undermines morality, immorality is the immediate cause of crime; also that intemperance is supported by extravagance, which leads to poverty, and poverty to crime.

"These theories may apply to England, but not to Bengal; for here intemperance is generally the result, and not the cause, of immorality; and living is so cheap that poverty is not starvation, as it is often in England, so as to lead to crime. Dacoits and thieves do not rob because they are poor or starving, but because they can earn their daily bread easier by crime than by labour. Neither has it been shown that men who take to crime from starvation during famine, &c., in this country are addicted to liquor.

"Whether there are liquor shops or not, there will be immorality and crime; and so long as liquor shops are properly supervised by the police, so as to prevent the meeting of bad characters and the concoction of robberies, &c., I do not think that they cause much difference one way or the other in crime."

39. The last year for which I have been able to get comparative figures for all India is 1872-73.

The following statement gives the results bearing on the subject under report:—

Presidency.	Population.	Abkaree revenue.	Amount per head.	REMARKS.
		Rs.	Rs. A. P.	
Oudh	11,198,095	6,44,430	0 0 11	
Central Provinces	7,985,411	10,24,100	0 2 0	
British Burmah	2,463,484	11,23,440	0 7 0	
Bengal	66,866,869	69,66,530	0 1 8	
North-Western Provinces	30,014,921	30,30,900	0 1 1	
Punjab	17,611,498	8,76,330	0 0 9	
Madras	96,539,136	61,68,440	0 3 8	
Bombay	12,407,579	41,87,470	0 5 4	
Total	176,076,983	2,30,21,940		

40. It will be seen that Bengal contrasts favorably with British Burmah, Bombay, Madras, and Central Provinces.

41. During the last few years the subject of excise has received a good deal of attention in Bengal. My object since I have had this department under me has been to obtain for Government as much as can be got of the profit which arises from the sale of drink, while

reducing the temptations which lead astray the weak, the ignorant, and those who have a natural inclination for stimulants. In this view the number of liquor shops where the sudder distillery system is in force has been regulated and reduced; a strong repression has been placed on the tendency to license an unnecessary number of outstills in districts, or parts of districts, in which the monthly tax system prevails. No outstill, as a rule, is allowed within four miles of another, and sometimes the minimum distance is greater, and increased duties have been levied on opium and on ganja. The number of shops and outstills which it is proposed to license during the following year in a district is now reported to the Board; and not only is supervision from head-quarters thus rendered more direct, but the attention of Collectors and Commissioners is forcibly drawn to the subject.

42. Two years ago, on my recommendation, Sir G. Campbell introduced two Acts into the Bengal Council, which allowed of shops being put up to auction in places under the sudder distillery system. This plan was borrowed from the North-Western Provinces. Formerly, monthly fees ranging from one to twenty rupees per shop were levied. Now 32 shops in Calcutta pay a monthly license fee of over Rs. 200, and 28 shops a fee of between Rs. 100 and 200. The auction system enables Government to obtain a share of the larger profit made at the shop where the sales are greatest. The result of this new plan of granting licences has been to reduce in Calcutta the number of retail shops as follows:—

	1872-73.	1873-74.	1874-75.
Retail liquor shops	280	188	193
Ganja retail shops	133	114	103
Opium ditto	212	126	112

The revenue, on the other hand, has increased from Re. 1,95,019 in 1872-73 to Rs. 3,55,874 in 1873-74. The present year's revenue is of course not yet known.

43. The same system was introduced in the districts shown in the following statement, which also gives the result on the number of licenses issued:—

DISTRICTS.	1871-72.	1873-74.
Burdwan	148	148
Hankooa	100	44
Midnapore	132	147
		The increase is owing to the establishment of outstills in 1873-74.
Honghly	321	151
24-Pergunnahs	135	157
		The increase is owing to the exhibition of rum licenses separately from country spirit in 1873-74.
Dacca	159	152
Fureedpore	70	53
Backergunge	89	66
Mymensingh	119	103
Sylhet	59	45
Cachar	247	155
Patna	515	328
Gya	424	239
Shahabad	399	265
Tirhoot	313	243
Sarun	362	284
Chumparun	260	172
Monghyr	461	315
Bhagulpore	310	211
Purneah	252	189

44. These figures show the number of licenses issued. The number of shops would be much smaller, especially in the 1873-74 column, for a fresh license is issued every time the old license is given up, and under the auction system, licenses fall in much oftener than under the uniform fee system, one shop sometimes being licensed two or three times over during the year.

45. Although the abkaree revenue of some districts fell off in the last quarter of the last financial year, 1873-74, it is owing partly to this auction mode of licensing and partly to the introduction of the outstill system in tracts of country quite unsuited to the sudder distillery system, that, notwithstanding the scarcity in Behar and high prices of food generally, the collections of excise revenue for the last year in the whole presidency are higher instead of lower than those of the previous year.

46. The increase of duty in late years on ganja and opium has been as follows:—

PERIOD.	GANJA.		
	Flat.	Round.	Char.
1853-54 to 1858-59	Rs. 1 per seer on all sorts.		
1859-60 to 1863-64	Rs. 2 ditto ditto.		
1864-65 to 1871-72	Rs. 2 per seer.	Rs. 3 per seer	Rs. 4 per seer.
1872-73 to date	Rs. 2-8 ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
PERIOD.	Opium.		
1851-52	Rs. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16 per seer in the several districts.		
1864-65	" 16, 18, 20, and 22 per seer in the several districts.		

1871-72	...	...	A. 16, 18, 20, and 22 per seer in the several districts.
1872-73	...	...	A. 16, 18, 20, 22, 23, 24, and 25 per seer in the several districts.
1873-74	...	...	A.—These rates are leviable in the producing districts.

47. The consumption in maunds during the last seven years has been as follows:—

YEAR.	Ganja. Mds.	Opium. Mds.
1867-68	9,247	3,829
1868-69	9,172	3,665
1869-70	9,400	3,451
1870-71	10,433	3,462
1871-72	10,750	3,643
1872-73	9,335	3,674
1873-74	8,862	3,607

48. The revenue during the same period obtained from these two articles has been —

YEAR.	Ganja. Rs.	Opium. Rs.
1867-68	9,73,176	21,26,933
1868-69	9,08,010	20,81,117
1869-70	9,08,128	20,29,207
1870-71	11,06,818	20,35,913
1871-72	11,40,329	20,82,864
1872-73	11,89,706	21,99,180
1873-74	11,76,884	23,29,827

49. The results may be thus briefly stated. Ganja, diminished consumption, and an increased revenue of Rs. 2,03,708. Opium, consumption stationary, and an increased revenue of Rs. 2,02,894.

50. Both articles are probably susceptible of still higher rates of duty. As regards ganja, it is under consideration whether it would not be preferable to make the wholesale purchaser pay the duty when he buys the article in Rajshahye, freeing him from all restrictions afterwards. At present, the wholesale purchaser merely pays the cultivator for the plant; he then carries it to his own district and gola, where it is placed under the joint custody of himself and an abkaree darogah, and the duty is paid by the retail seller on each lot as he buys it from the goladar.

51. I now come to the remedies proposed by the petitioners to check the increase of drunkenness.

52. Nos. 1 and 2 have been and are attended to.

53. Nos. 3 and 4 are exactly the same checks as proposed in the Permissive Bill which the temperance party have tried to introduce in England. They are not, in my opinion, practicable. There would be great difficulty in obtaining the opinions of residents or rate-payers, and it is questionable how far it would be right to set up such a tyranny of majorities. The fact that 600 men in a village prefer to drink water is no sufficient reason for debarring the remaining 200 from obtaining some other drink, if they wish it. At the same time I quite admit that the establishment of a liquor shop in a quiet and respectable locality may be a nuisance to the residents which would form a fair ground of complaint, and from which, like from any other nuisance, they would have a claim to be freed. This is a question of police administration rather than of excise; and as the police can prevent the opening of any shop or the renewal of any license, the evil, where it exists, has already a remedy. I may add that I have myself forbidden the opening of a shop where I found there was a strong feeling against it among the residents.

54. An objection of the same kind exists against the adoption of remedy No. 5. Municipalities in India are not representative. This rule would often be the establishment of the tyranny, not of the majority, but of a small minority.

55. I am not myself in favour of an alteration of the present system for granting licenses, but if a change were made, I would rather see it in the direction of Local Licensing Boards. The idea was mooted as regards England by Mr. Arthur Arnold in the April number of the *Fortnightly Review*, 1872. Such a Board might consist of Collector, Superintendent of Police, and four or five influential men in the district, especially natives.

56. No. 6 has been carried out, and is the subject of constant care.

57. No. 7 would be to force a man who wanted a glass of liquor to buy a bottle, and would deprive a traveller or workman of the refreshment he required.

58. No. 8 would turn every liquor shop into a sort of Black Hole, where, in the hot weather, the unfortunate abkar and his customers would run the risk of death from heat apoplexy.

59. There seems no good reason for adopting No. 9. Government has no right to insist upon every man getting through his drink before sunset any more than through his food. As a matter of police, liquor shops should be shut when quiet and respectable people want to go to sleep, and that is now the rule.

60. No. 10 I agree with, as far as it can be carried out with due regard to the wants of the inhabitants of such quarters.

61. No. 11 is directed against an evil which does not exist.

62. No. 12 touches a real evil which I have long been aware of; but I wish the petitioners, while pointing it out, had given their views as to the best mode of meeting it. The only remedy I can suggest is the passing of a law similar to one which, in 1867, was pressed

upon the attention of the Legislature of Massachusetts in the United States. Whether this proposed Act was ever enacted or not in Massachusetts, I have no means of knowing. It is copied in the Appendix to this Minute.

63. No. 13 I do not understand.

64. No. 14 is attended to as far as is necessary. Each case must be decided on its merits. A universal rule like that suggested would often be productive of injustice and hardship.

65. I am not in favour of No. 15. It is true the police do not help the Excise Department much, but a special abkaree staff would consist of men generally of a lower class than the men in the police, and would probably be of very little more use. They would be bribed to blindness even more easily than the Police, and would not repay by their additional service their cost to the State.

66. The fact is that in excise, as in most matters of administration, there is no short and royal road to what is best. Everything must depend on care and on thoughtful adaptation of varying means to ever-changing evils and dangers.

67. The alterations in the existing laws which I would recommend are few. They are embodied in the Appendix to this Minute, and have already been urged (most of them) upon the consideration of Government.

68. My own idea of the best form of excise generally for Bengal is the sudder distillery system in towns and the outstill system in the interior, with strict precautions against the tendency of the latter to multiply outstills in the interior, and against the tendency of the former to increase shops in towns. I would raise the duty on imported spirits, and keep on raising it gradually, but by small increases, on ganja and opium.

69. It is, however, mere foolishness to expect that a certain proportion of the people of this country will not continue to use stimulants, or that the excise revenue will not increase. As the upper classes adopt more and more European habits, we must expect to see them take the bad with the good, and probably, at first, even more of the bad than of the good; while as the position of the lower classes improves, as agricultural produce yields a better price to the cultivator, and yearly the number increases of men, women, and children, who earn a livelihood such as they never dreamt of, in mills and factories, there will be a larger consumption of everything the mass of the people care for. They will wear more clothes, they will eat more food, and they will drink more liquor. Any attempt to enforce sobriety in a country where illicit distillation is so easy and so difficult of detection would be a failure. All we can do is to limit ourselves to supplying the demand, and not to create it; to open no new shops except on proof that they are required to meet an existing want, and to act on an honest recognition of the truth that the excise revenue is a very small matter in comparison with the comfort and well-being of the people.

70. I believe that generally throughout the country revenue officers more or less are actuated now by these motives, and it is on this principle that the Board attempt to conduct the abkaree administration.

A. MONEY.

The 25th January 1875.

APPENDIX No. I.

An Act to authorize Druggists and Apothecaries to sell Spirituous Liquors.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Section 1.—Druggists and Apothecaries may sell alcohol, spirits and wines for medicinal purposes only, *provided* that they shall keep a book in which they shall enter the date and quantity of every sale, the name and residence of the purchaser, and, if exported, the place to which exported and the name of the consignee; which book shall at all times be open to the inspection of the Mayor and Aldermen and selectmen, or of any State constable.

If a Druggist or Apothecary, or any Clerk or Agent of a Druggist or Apothecary, is convicted of an illegal sale, he shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in section thirty of chapter eighty-six of the General Statutes.

Section 2.—Section twenty-six of chapter eighty-six of the General Statutes is hereby repealed.

Section 3.—This Act shall take effect upon its passage.

No. II.

Proposed Alterations and Amendments of the Excise Laws, Act XI of 1849. Act XXI of 1856, Act XXIII of 1860, Act IV of 1866 (B.C.)

1. To introduce a provision into Act XI of 1849, requiring wholesale dealers in spirituous wines and liquors in Calcutta to take out licenses, and so to place them in the same position as similar wholesale dealers in the mofussil.

Board to Government, No. 120B., dated 16th March 1872.

2. To amend section 20 of Act XI of 1849 in such a manner as to allow of search being made at night under certain conditions as would guarantee against abuse, as, for instance, that a police officer, not under the grade of a sub-inspector, should accompany the searching party.

Board to Government, No. 860B., dated 29th December 1874.

3. To provide a penalty for the illicit manufacture in Calcutta of any spirituous or fermented liquor or intoxicating drug, and also to provide for search, by abkaree officers, of premises in which illicit manufacture may be reasonably suspected to be taking place.

Board to Government, No. 120B., dated 16th March 1872.

4. To substitute the following for the opening words of section 40, Act IV of 1866, (B.C.)—"Any person committing a breach of any of the conditions upon which a license is granted under the terms of Section 36 or Section 39 of this Act shall be summarily convicted," &c., &c.

The necessity for this alteration is stated in the Advocate-General's opinion, which accompanies the Board's letter No. 773B., dated 23rd November 1874, to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

5. To amend Sections 33 and 50 of Act XXI of 1856, so as to enable the Board of Revenue to exercise a more effectual supervision over the cultivation, preparation, and storage of intoxicating drugs by subjecting the cultivators to more restrictive rules than formerly, a penalty being imposed for any breach of such rules, and by forbidding the storage or possession of such drugs, except under a license; the special object of the proposed amendment being to discourage the private growth of ganja in certain districts, and to check smuggling and surreptitious sales in the Rajshahye division.

No. 606B., dated 27th November 1871.
No. 16H., dated 8th January 1872.
No. 120B., dated 16th March 1872.

6. To make the rules in Act XXI of 1856, which relate to Pachwyee, applicable to any fermented liquor other than those referred to in the Act, with the special object of regulating the manufacture of a fermented liquor called "Sharbat-bahar," and said to be made from molasses, and of a wine made from the fruit of the jamun tree.

No. 120B., dated 16th March 1872.
No. 204B., dated 13th May 1872.

7. To extend the provisions, of the several criminal laws relating to the enforced realization of fines imposed on offenders to breaches of the excise laws.

No. 120B., dated 16th March 1872.
No. 61B., dated 21st February 1872.

8. To give the Magistrate a discretion to order an offender to be confined in either the civil or the common jail, and with rigorous or simple imprisonment, as from the circumstances of the case may seem best.

9. To import into Act XI of 1849 a similar provision to that contained in Section 59 of Act XXI of 1856, as regards the exercise by the Police of powers of seizure, search, and arrest. It is not proposed to confer such powers indiscriminately upon all Police Officers, but only upon certain officers who may be specially selected by the Commissioner of Police. Should this proposal be adopted, it will be necessary also to amend Section 20 of Act XI of 1849, by the addition of the words "Magistrate of Police" after the word "Collector;" and Section 22 would also require to be altered so as to allow of the person arrested being conveyed to the Magistrate, instead of to the Collector, in cases of arrests by the Police, a report in such cases being immediately made to the Collector showing the action taken.

Minute by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, dated 18th February 1875.

For some time past the memorials marginally noted, regarding the operation of the excise system of Bengal, have been under the consideration of the Government. The subject was referred to Mr. Alonzo Money, C.B., who, as Member of the Board of Revenue for the provinces under the Government of Bengal has the general charge

From the Rev. J. D. Don and 26 others.

Ditto Bengal Temperance Society.
Ditto Rajah Rom-nath Encere and 51 others.
Ditto Rajah Kaikishen Banadker and others.
Ditto Baboo Keshub Chunder Sen.

and supervision of the Excise Department, relating to liquors, spirits, and drugs; who possesses great experience of the whole department; and who may be regarded as the first local authority on the subject. He has now reviewed the case with much care and thought, collated the most noteworthy opinions bearing thereon, and expressed his own conclusions in a lucid and interesting manner. After much discussion with various authorities, I have to declare my general concurrence in Mr. Money's valuable report, for which indeed the Government is much indebted. Nevertheless, I deem it right to state briefly my own opinion on the main points at issue.

2. The memorialists, chiefly native gentlemen of position and education, partly also European gentlemen whose benevolence entitles them to respectful attention, appear to believe that the consumption of liquors, spirits, and drugs, is increasing to a harmful extent among the people of these provinces, and that repressive action is not sufficiently exerted by Government upon this dangerous tendency.

3. On the one hand, it is matter for regret that so many estimable persons should feel themselves obliged to entertain such apprehensions; on the other hand, it is matter for satisfaction that so many of the leaders of native society, and so many European gentlemen, whose good disposition must give them influence with the natives, are manifesting a lively interest in these questions. Whatever may be the action of Government, there can be no doubt that the moral force of opinion will be effective and beneficial; and the memorials now under consideration supply an earnest that this force will be duly brought into play. If, therefore, I am unable to follow the memorialists in all their statements, and have to differ with some portions of their opinions, I should still desire to evince every respect towards their views.

4. They may be sure that the Government entirely agrees with them in thinking that any general excess in the consumption of liquors, spirits, or drugs, is really a national evil;

that, so far from encouraging its existence or its growth for the sake of the revenue, the Government already does, and will willingly do, everything in its power to impose a check, or to exercise repression upon any excess; and that the efforts of Government in this direction are only limited by considerations of the practicability or otherwise of attaining actual success in such repression. Whether or not in former periods, separated by many years from the present time, the excise laws, or the administration of them, may have indirectly led to expansion of the consumption, it has been shown that no such effect has been produced during recent years, and that on the contrary every endeavour is made to prevent any such effect arising. The result of the fiscal regulations of Government now is to render liquors, spirits, and drugs dearer than they would otherwise be; to place some artificial restrictions on the production and sale of these articles; and *pro tanto* to impose a check on consumption. It is impossible to doubt that but for these fiscal regulations the consumption would be greater than it is; and that if the present system of taxation upon these articles, and the consequent interference on the part of the State, were to be abandoned, there would be an increase in the consumption. If it be an object morally, as I quite admit it to be, to do all we properly can to prevent the consumption exceeding reasonable limits, then that object is in some degree effected by the fiscal interference, without which indeed even this degree would not be attained. In making its arrangements, the Government is not influenced by the desire of fiscal advantage nor by the fear of fiscal loss. If any measure or proceeding of this nature could be demonstrated to be capable of checking excessive consumption, the Government would not be deterred from introducing it by the prospect of diminution in the revenue. If such measure or proceeding should promise an enhancement of revenue, the Government would refrain from adopting it if there were reason to fear that an excessive increase of consumption would be a concomitant result.

5. But it must not be forgotten that, in making its arrangements, the Government is never free from the question as to how far it is possible to check the consumption. It is not possible to stop the consumption altogether, nor even to attempt to check it in any very great degree without introducing a fresh class of evils. Nothing would be easier, in the first instance, than to do all that is recommended in the memorials, to shut up public distilleries, to close shops, to withhold licenses for production and vend, to pass prohibitory regulations. But all this would utterly fail to stop or even check manufacture. One main result would be that the manufacture, which is now licensed and controlled, would continue, though illicit, and would be without any really practical control. While, on the other hand, new evils, namely, inquisitorial proceedings on the part of Government officials, and persistent evasion on the part of the people—both circumstances directly conducing to demoralization—would be introduced.

6. It is to be remembered that the materials from which liquors and spirits are manufactured, namely, molasses, rice, and the flowers and juice of certain trees are articles produced in the greatest abundance in the country, are most easily obtained, and yield liquor or spirits by the cheapest and simplest processes within reach of the poorest persons. If, therefore, any section or sections of a vast population desire (as they certainly do desire) to make liquor or spirits, it is not in the power of the most highly organized Government to altogether prevent them, without at least resorting to measures more injurious even than excessive consumption.

7. The problem, therefore, is how to impose adequate restrictions without offering a clear premium on smuggling and other illicit practices; how to frame the fiscal laws and rules in such manner that there shall not arise any undue temptation to infringe them. The practical solution of this problem has long occupied, and will continue to occupy, the attention of the ablest fiscal officers in Bengal. I did not venture to say that a perfect solution has been yet arrived at; but without repeating the description given by Mr. Money of the several methods now in force, I will say that much progress has been made, and that if any ways can be seen for further progress, they will be followed.

8. Similar remarks may be made regarding the drugs opium and ganja. The opium though not universally produced, is yet grown over a very extensive area. If there were to be anything like prohibition of the local consumption (and the memorialists seem to desire something like prohibition), the temptation to illicit practices would be so great that they would spring up to a degree beyond our power of prevention. Already these practices do exist, even in the absence of any special inducement, and frequently give rise to some anxiety. From this we can imagine what they would become if such inducement were virtually afforded by prohibition of local consumption. The production of the particular sorts of ganja now in use is, no doubt, much more limited. It has been considerably restricted of late years. Whether any further restriction will be practicable, is a question under consideration.

9. I have dwelt somewhat on the foregoing considerations, because it seems doubtful whether they have been sufficiently present to the minds of the memorialists.

10. Next, I observe that there is some difference of opinion on the question as to whether the consumption of spirits and drugs has increased of late years absolutely or relatively. It appears that the question is answered affirmatively or negatively, according as a longer or a shorter period is taken for the purpose of comparison. On the whole, I believe that there has been no material increase whatever within the last five years, and that there is no tendency whatever towards excessive increase among the population as a whole.

11. I have said no 'excessive increase,' because it cannot be affirmed that there will be no increase either absolutely or relatively. It is an obvious fact that the population is growing in numbers: it is almost certain that they will not diminish their average rate of consumption per head: it is, on the contrary, probable that they will slightly augment the rate, as their

resources and prosperity increase. We may suppose that some of the agricultural and labouring classes will, while erecting better cottages, using better household utensils, wearing better clothes, and eating a better ration, slightly add to their consumption of liquor. If they do, they will not be acting differently from other nations; nor could such a consequence be deemed unreasonable.

12. But I cannot discover, either from the evidence in the possession of Government, or from the inquiries I have been able to make while travelling about the country, that excessive consumption of drugs or spirits is prevalent among the people as a whole. The best calculation that I can obtain seems to shew that the people of these provinces do not drink more than a wine-glassful of spirits per head in a year. It is difficult to imagine how, as a people, they could drink a smaller quantity unless they abstained altogether. Any supposition that they are becoming at all addicted to intemperance would be unjust to them. Taken in the mass, they must be regarded as a sober, quiet, and abstemious people. Neither has it been shewn that crime is in any part of these provinces attributable to intemperance. A similar calculation as regards opium shews that the consumption does not exceed one ounce per annum for fourteen persons, which may be considered an extremely low average rate.

13. It is probable that a great part of the people never see spirits at all. Among the lower classes, the only class who enhance their consumption are the labourers who are congregated upon large works and industries belonging either to the State or to individuals or to corporations. With these particular classes there is not as yet any reason to apprehend excess, especially when the severity of their toil is borne in mind.

14. But I fear that to this generally favorable description there is one notable exception to be made, and that relates to several sections of the educated classes among the natives at the Presidency town (Calcutta) and at other large centres of national life. With these sections (which I trust are limited sections), intemperance appears to be on the increase. This fact is derived not at all from foreign or hostile evidence, but from the testimony of the best informed among the natives themselves. Such a circumstance cannot but cause sorrow or concern to the Government, inasmuch as these are the very classes who are bound to us by many ties of common subjects of study, a common vehicle of thought and expression, and common examples of knowledge for imitation. Some measures in detail have been proposed for counteracting this most sad and unfortunate tendency; but I cannot hope that any such will prove efficacious unless the moral sense of these classes themselves shall restrain them from intemperance, unless the weight of public opinion shall help to enforce the necessary abstinence. I know that among the best educated sections of the native community many classes are still proof against this miserable temptation. Having regard to the intellectual industry which distinguishes the whole of these sections of the people, to the desire to excel in mental pursuits, and to win their way in life which animates them all, I cannot but hope that those who have yielded, or are inclined to yield to this temptation, will eschew their dreadful error before it is too late, and will return to the principles of that sobriety which is honorably characteristic of their nation generally.

15. I apprehend that it is the contemplation of this intemperance among a limited section of the people under their immediate observation which has induced the memorialists to generalize (as I think) too much, and to fear that the extent of the evil is much wider than it really is.

16. I append to this Minute copies of the instructions given to the Board of Revenue on the receipt of Mr. Money's report, and a draft of the Bill which he has prepared for submission to the Legislature in accordance with his several suggestions which have been approved by the Government of Bengal.

RICHARD TEMPLE.

No. 438, dated Calcutta, the 22nd February 1875.

From—H. J. REYNOLDS, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal,

To—The Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Miscellaneous Revenue Department.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 56B. of the 28th January, submitting a Minute by the Member in charge (Mr. Alonzo Money, c.b.), upon the abkaree administration of Bengal, with special reference to certain memorials and petitions presented to the Supreme and Local Governments upon the subject.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor has read the Minute with much interest. It gives a clear and complete review of the existing system of administration, and while it points out that the evils of which complaint has been made are partly exaggerated and partly such as cannot be checked by Government interference, it does not hesitate to admit that the vice of intemperance has increased in large towns and among the upper classes of native society; and it suggests measures, both executive and legislative, for restraining, as far as possible, the tendency to excess in the consumption of intoxicating liquors. The Lieutenant-Governor deems it right to say that in his opinion the Minute furnishes a complete answer to the charge which has been brought against Government, of encouraging the growth of intemperance by praising and promoting those Revenue Officers who increase the facilities for drinking in the districts under their charge. Whatever may have been the case in former times, it is clearly shown that of late years it has been the object of Government and of the Board to limit the traffic while increasing the revenue. I am directed to convey the thanks of the Lieutenant-Governor to Mr. Money for his lucid and able paper on the abkaree administration.

3. The views of the Lieutenant-Governor upon the general question of the reality and magnitude of the evils complained of, and of the policy which should be adopted by Government to counteract them, have been embodied in a separate Minute, which will be submitted for the consideration of the Governor-General in Council as an expression of His Honor's opinion upon the matters in issue. A copy of this Minute is forwarded herewith. A Bill (the draft of which Mr. Money has been good enough to prepare at the Lieutenant-Governor's request) will also be introduced, with the assent of the Supreme Government, into the Bengal Legislative Council, for the propose of supplying some defects which experience has brought to light in the law as it at present exists.

4. With regard to the measures which the several memorialists desire to see introduced, and which are enumerated in the 3rd paragraph of Mr. Money's Minute, I am directed to communicate the following instructions and remarks.

5. The imposition of higher rates of duty and license fees is already receiving due attention. The duties on both ganja and opium have been considerably increased, as is shown by the figures given in paragraph 46 of the Minute. A fee has lately been levied upon licenses for selling opium. The fees for the sale of both country spirits and imported liquors have been largely increased by the introduction of the auction system. The policy which has dictated the introduction of these measures is still being steadily pursued. The Lieutenant-Governor in his recent Resolution on the Excise Report for 1873-74, has expressed his willingness to assent to the imposition of a higher duty on ganja, and he has lately recommended to the Government of India an increase of the duty upon imported brandy. In paragraph 68 of the Minute the Member in charge has stated that it will be his wish to keep on gradually raising the duties on both ganja and opium.

6. The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Member in charge in thinking that it would be impracticable to introduce into Bengal any measure which should make the existence of a shop in a given locality dependent upon the votes of a certain proportion of the residents or rate-payers. The question has for some years been much discussed in England, and those who advocate such interference have failed to show it to be either beneficial or justifiable. And independently of this consideration, the Lieutenant-Governor feels that it would be extremely difficult to obtain a real expression of the opinion of residents or rate-payers on the subject. The same objections apply to the proposal to transfer the power of granting licenses from Collectors to Municipalities. The power must, His Honor thinks, for the present at least, remain with the Revenue authorities; and he feels confident that those authorities will exercise a judicious discretion in the matter.

7. The limitation of the number of shops generally throughout the country is already the subject of continual and watchful care. The imposition of higher rates of license fees is in itself calculated to diminish the number of shops, and it is now the practice to fix at the beginning of each year a maximum number of shops for each district, which is not under any circumstances to be exceeded. In districts in which the monthly tax system prevails, no outstall is allowed within four miles of another. It is clear that restrictions of this kind cannot be carried beyond certain limits. A demand exists which will be met by the opening of illicit sources of supply if the establishment of licensed shops is prohibited. In determining the number of shops as in the regulation of the amount of duty and license fees, it must be our object to do nothing which will stimulate the demand, and to contract the supply in such a manner as to check consumption without affording an irresistible temptation to evasion or violation of the law. The Lieutenant-Governor observes with satisfaction that the returns of the past year show a considerable decrease in the number of shops in the majority of districts, and especially in Calcutta, and he trusts to the vigilance of the Member in charge to maintain these necessary restrictions.

8. The Lieutenant-Governor is not prepared to enforce a rule prohibiting all consumption of liquor on the shopkeeper's premises, nor to provide that no shop shall have either door or window except in front on the road side. The former of these proposals would not, he thinks, promote the cause of temperance, for the effect of it would be that the man who wanted a glass of liquor would be compelled to buy a bottle. In some of the memorials which have been presented to Government, it has been urged that backdoors and windows afford facilities for smuggling out liquor at prohibited hours. This, however, is a matter of police administration rather than of excise, as the existing rule would be sufficient if it were properly enforced. And though the suggestion of the memorialists, if it were adopted, would make the enforcement of the rule more easy, it would do so at the cost of an amount of public inconvenience altogether disproportionate to the benefit derived from it, and it would bear with equal harshness upon those shopkeepers who now observe the law, and upon those who now violate it. It is not asserted that these irregular practices are universal, it is not probable that they are even general; but the regulation which the memorialists desire to enforce would apply to all shopkeepers alike, and the Lieutenant-Governor is therefore unable to assent to it.

9. With regard to the other remedies proposed by the memorialists, and noticed in the 3rd paragraph of the Minute, I am directed to express the concurrence of the Lieutenant-Governor in the remarks of the Member in charge. There appear satisfactory reasons against the promulgation of a rule requiring all shops to be closed at sunset, and the Lieutenant-Governor is of opinion that the employment of a special staff of excise police would serve no useful end which could not equally be attained by the employment of the existing police force. It is however important, His Honor thinks, that the police should be encouraged to co-operate to the utmost in the enforcement of the excise laws and regulations, and any

police officer who shows marked activity and success in this department of his duties, should be noticed for promotion and reward.

10. The Lieutenant-Governor has taken note of the remark of the Member in charge that the sale at dispensaries of alcoholic liquor under the guise of medicine is an evil which requires to be checked by stringent regulations. Sir Richard Temple fears that there is good ground for the complaints made regarding the existence of this abuse, and that the facilities for obtaining intoxicating drinks in this manner serve to throw temptations in the way of many who would be restrained by a feeling of self-respect from resorting to shops which are avowedly open for the sale of liquors. The repression of this traffic is a matter of considerable difficulty; but the most effectual means appears to be the enactment of a provision for keeping a register of all such sales, in which the names and addresses of the purchasers shall be entered. Sections providing for this have accordingly been introduced in the draft Bill submitted to the Government of India.

11. In conclusion, I am to say that the Lieutenant-Governor desires that the earnest and unremitting vigilance of the Member in charge and of all revenue officers of Government may be exercised in the supervision of this department of the administration. The Minute which the Member in charge has submitted indicates, in His Honor's opinion, the true principles upon which our policy in this matter should be founded, and it is only necessary to maintain a careful attention to these principles in all the details of excise management.

No. 469, dated Simla, the 29th April 1875.

From—R. B. CHAPMAN, Esq., Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department.

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Is continuation of the letter* addressed to you in the Legislative Department, by which

* No. 253, dated 18th April 1875.

the sanction of His Excellency the Governor-General was given for the introduction into the Bengal Legislative Council of a Bill to amend the law relating to the Excise Department in Bengal, I am directed by the Governor-General in Council to communicate the following observations upon the important matters to which your letter No. 439, dated 22nd February 1875, refers.

2. His Excellency in Council has read with attention the memorials and other papers submitted with your letter, and cordially recognizes the public spirit of those gentlemen who have addressed the Government on the excise administration of Bengal. The desire manifested for the discouragement of intemperance by every legitimate means has the cordial sympathy of the Governor-General in Council. The danger, however, of attempting, by measures of undue stringency, to suppress the use of stimulants is clearly brought out by Mr. Money in his able minute. They would without doubt lead to an increase of smuggling and illicit distillation, and thus to the greater evil of an unregulated traffic in drugs and spirits, which under the present system is at any rate subject to some measure of control. At the same time nothing should be done to place temptations in the way of the people that can possibly be avoided. The number of liquor shops should therefore be reduced to the utmost degree compatible with the reasonable requirements of the neighborhood, and no new shops should anywhere be opened without strong evidence that on the above understanding they are really needed. These are the general principles which the Government of India desire everywhere to inculcate.

3. His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor may rest assured of receiving the support of the Government of India in any measure that he may adopt for limiting the consumption of ganja; and indeed if the use of the drug could be altogether suppressed without the fear of leading to its contraband use, such a course would be justified by its deleterious effects.

4. In conclusion, I am to request that, with the permission of the Lieutenant-Governor, you will convey the thanks of the Government of India to Mr. Alonzo Money, C.B., for the very complete and excellent minute which he has submitted on the subject, in the arguments and conclusions of which His Excellency in Council desires to express general concurrence.

5. The correspondence will be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

INCREASED SCALE OF PERMANENT ADVANCES.

RESOLUTION.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.—FINANCE.

Calcutta, the 22nd May 1875.

READ—

Letters Nos. 5STM and 9STM, dated respectively, the 19th and 28th April 1875, from the Accountant-General, recommending an increased scale of permanent advances for Government officers.

It has been represented that much inconvenience is at present felt by

	1st Class District.	2nd Class District
	Rs.	Rs.
To Collectors	50	25
„ Magistrates... ..	100	50
Officers in charge of Jails	100	50
And under subsequent orders—		
To Judges	30	...
„ Commissioners	50	...
District Superintendents of Police	100	50
Revenue Surveyors ... ..	...	200
Sub-divisional Officers ... ..	...	30
Deputy Inspector-General of Police ... ..	...	100
Special Registrars ... ..	...	50

Government officers, consequent upon the small amount of permanent advance allowed them on the scale noted on the margin, which was sanctioned by the Government of India in their Financial Department Resolution No. 4082, dated 21st December 1864.

2. As the Government of Bengal has been declared competent to sanction any necessary increase to the existing scale, without reference to the Supreme Government, the Lieutenant-Governor, with a view to obviate the inconvenience arising from the insufficiency of the present provision, is pleased to direct that these advances shall in future be regulated for the undermentioned officers throughout these provinces by the scale specified below :—

	Rs.	
For Collectors	100	without distinction of districts, but at the discretion of the Accountant-General.
„ Magistrates	200	ditto ditto.
„ Jails, Central and District	200	ditto ditto.
„ Judges	100	ditto ditto.
„ Commissioners	200	ditto ditto.
„ District School Committee	100	ditto ditto.
„ District Superintendents of Police within the maximum of Rs. 200, as set forth in Police Circular J, dated 1st September 1874.		

3. His Honor also vests Magistrates with authority to raise, where necessary, the permanent advance of their sub-divisional officers to a maximum of Rs. 150, on the understanding that the Magistrate will be responsible for the advance, and that all contingencies, including those of lock-ups and sub-registry offices at the sub-divisional head-quarters, shall be met out of this sum. No separate advance will be made on account of these latter items. In consideration of the special requirements of the sub-divisional stations of Rancegunge, Rajmehal, and Goalundo, the Lieutenant-Governor authorizes the maximum of advance at these stations being raised from Rs. 150 to Rs. 250.

4. In the Registration Department the Lieutenant-Governor desires that the three sets of advances now held by District Registrars on account of (a) contingencies, (b) service postage, and (c) refund of registration fees, shall be discontinued, and that in place of them a consolidated amount, not exceeding Rs. 200 for each District Registrar, shall be given to meet the contingent expenses of both the sudder and rural registration offices. In cases of the dismissal or death of rural Sub-Registrars, the District Registrar will be held responsible for the amount of the advances made by him.

ORDERED that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to all Commissioners, Collector, Magistrates, Judges, the Inspector-General of Jails, the Inspector-General of Police, the Inspector-General of Registration, the Director of Public Instruction, and the Board of Revenue for information.

That a copy be also forwarded to the Accountant-General, and to the Revenue, General, Judicial, Political, General (Section B) Departments of this office for information.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 24th May 1875.

District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadler Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.			
Western Districts.			
1	Burdwan, 24th* May 1875	1.87	Rain at Cutwa .62, Culna .36, Jehanabad 1.02, Bood-Bood .97, Raneeungee 1.62 inches. Cultivation progressing and sickness decreasing.
2	Bankoora, 22nd	2.66	Weather generally cloudy. Rain fell during the first part of the week. <i>Aous</i> , or the early rice crop, is being sown; other crops doing well.
3	Beerbhoom, 22nd .. ..	.61	Weather cool; rain fell on Monday and Friday. The fields are under cultivation for the early rice.
4	Midnapore, 22nd	1.26	Heavy rain fell on two occasions; windstorms more frequent. The low lands still have water standing on them, and sowing cannot take place till it drains off; hence over the east of the district the general desire is for 10 days' absence of rain. In the jungle tracts and west generally, sowings have been completed, and prospects are very good. The prospects of indigo and <i>aous</i> rice are generally good.
5	Hoozhly, 22nd .. ..	.47	Weather hot, with occasional slight showers; average rainfall of the district 1.13 inches. State and prospects of the crops are very good at present, but rain wanted.
	Howrah, 22nd	1.54	There was rain for three days during the week throughout the district. Weather warm and cloudy. Reaping of the <i>bora</i> , or spring rice, completed. Sowing of the jute has commenced in some parts. The rain has done good.
Central Districts.			
6	24. Lergourahs, 24th† May 1875	.47	Weather very hot, and occasionally cloudy. Cultivation of <i>aous</i> , or early rice, and jute fast progressing. Cholera decreasing everywhere, but fever increasing at Barpore.
7	Nuddon, 22nd May 1875	.14	Occasional slight showers of rain. The prospects of rice and indigo continue to be good.
8	Jessore, 22nd .. ..	.32	Weather generally, but not uniformly, clear; wind mostly from south. Sowing continues. Prospects good, but rain is wanted in some places.
9	Masch-ednood, 22nd May 1875	.50	Hot and oppressive weather, with occasional rainfall. Ploughing operations, interrupted by rainfall, being actively carried on. Mulberry and sugarcane in capital condition. Early rice plants in lowlands healthy. Sowings on high lands progressing. Price of common rice a shade lower. General health good, though small-pox continues in Sonjagunge, and still cases of cholera in Gous.
10	Dumapore, 21st May 1875	1.95	Several severe storms from west, with thunder and lightning, and much rain. No damage, but rather benefit to crops. The <i>bora</i> rice, which is being reaped, is reported good. Jute and <i>khata</i> , or early rice, doing well, except for weeds growing on account of excessive rain. Cholera still continuing, but deaths fewer in number. Great damage done to buildings.
11	Mandab, 22nd May 1875	1.14	Weather for the most part cloudy. A severe storm passed over the station on the afternoon of the 16th instant, causing much damage to houses and trees. The <i>bora</i> rice is being harvested, and a good crop is expected. The <i>khata</i> is being sown, and tillage for the <i>aman</i> rice has commenced. The prospects of indigo are fair. Mangroes are bad.
12	Resubhye, 22nd	1	Frequent storms with good deal of rain in all quarters in the early part of the week. There was a violent storm in most parts of the district on the 16th instant, causing some destruction of huts and trees, but without damage to crops. The growing crops of <i>aous</i> , or early, and <i>aman</i> , or late, rice, <i>teel</i> , oil-seed, and jute are thriving. Much of the <i>bora</i> rice, especially in the <i>Bhurind</i> tract, has been reaped with good results. There has been a general disappearance of cholera and small-pox.
13	Rungpore, 21st	5.34	A severe storm on the evening of the 16th instant, and storms during nights of 17th, 18th, and 19th idem. Weather cool. Crops in good condition.
14	Ragta .. ..	.....	Return not received.
15	Pubna, 22nd .. ..	.85	Weather reasonable; some rain has fallen; south-easterly wind prevailing. State and prospects of the crops good.

* Telegram of the 24th May, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Report of the 24th May, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(Contd.)			
Central Districts.—(Con'd)			
COCH BEHAR	16 Darceeling, 21st May 1875.	1.68	Frequent showers of rain during the week. On Thursday, the 20th, it fell heavily. Planting is now going on famously in the plains. The recent rain has been very favorable. The young crops in the hills are progressing satisfactorily.
	17 Julpigoree, 22nd May 1875.	.86	Except the last two days, when it has been bright and rather hot, the weather has been remarkably cool and pleasant. All growing crops—rice, jute, &c.—are doing well. Cholera still prevalent, but it seems latterly to have been of less fatal character than at first.
	Cooch Behar, 20th May 1875.	1.90	The district was visited with high wind and rain on Sunday evening. The weather during the week was sometimes hot and sometimes cold and cloudy, according as there was wind and rain or not, during the remaining days of the week. The prospects of the early rice and jute crops continue favorable. Cholera still prevalent, but in some parts it is reported to have partly disappeared.
Eastern Districts			
A LUTTI	18 Dacca, 24th* May 1875.	.65	Weather very hot in the beginning of the week. Some rain has fallen. Crops very good, and look most flourishing everywhere.
	19 Farceedpore, 22nd May 1875.	1.16	Weather unsettled, but quite seasonable. Crops everywhere getting on well. General health of the district good.
	20 Backergunge, 20th May 1875.	.74	Weather seasonable. All is well, save a little cattle-disease here and there.
JONG	21 Mymensingh, 21st May 1875.	6.16	Heavy showers and storms. The rain has been too heavy for the new jute crop. <i>Aom</i> rice not reported to be injured at present.
	22 Chittagong, 20th May 1875.	.51	Very hot, and comparatively close weather. Crops favorably reported on. Cholera still hangs about the north of the district.
	23 Noakhali, 20th May 1875.	1.22	Monday and Tuesday fair, the rest of the week more or less cloudy. Light fall of rain on Thursday and Friday. Wind generally south and south-east. Hail on the 16th instant. In the lowland the early rice crop is progressing favorably, and in the highland sowing is going on.
PATNA DIV.	24 Tipperah, 21st May 1875.	.64	Some sharp storms, with a little rain; weather more still and oppressive and threatening more rain. The rain has been good for the autumn and winter rice crops; the latter is still being sown. The spring rice crop has yielded a good outturn.
	25 Chittagong Hill Tracts, 18th May 1875.	.92	A heavy gale on the night of the 17th instant. Excessively hot during the last part of the week. Sowing still going on in the <i>joams</i> . Young paddy doing well.
	Hill Tipperah, 19th May 1875.	4.56	Weather still unsettled. The days are usually fair, but the nights seldom pass without a squall of wind and rain. Weather favorable for ploughing and sowing, which is all that is being done in the fields at present.
BEHAR.			
PATNA DIV.	26 Patna, 24th* May 1875.	.41	Weather sultry towards evening; some rain has fallen. No crops on the ground, except <i>cheena</i> millet and <i>ma</i> . Sporadic cases of cholera throughout the district, except in the interior of Behar sub-division, where it is said to have assumed an epidemic form. Measures taken.
	27 Gaya, 22nd May 1875.	.46	East wind prevalent, weather still warm. Dry maximum thermometer rose to 110.5 degrees. <i>Cheena</i> millet and sugarcane only are on the ground. Cholera has abated a little in Aurangabad and south of Gaya.
	28 Sherabad, 22nd May 1875.	.11	Weather generally cloudy and stormy in the evening; slight rain fell on Sunday, and on the evening of the 21st instant, accompanied with strong gale. A storm occurred at Bhubbanoah, which blew down some trees.
PATNA DIV.	29 Durbhunga, 22nd „ „	.68	Weather cloudy; east wind prevalent. State and prospects of crops quite satisfactory.
	30 Mozufferpore, 22nd „ „	.94	Weather hot, with east winds. Some rain has fallen. Prospects of crops are good. The late rain has been beneficial to indigo. Cholera still continues.
	31 Sarun, 22nd May 1875.	.71	Weather hot, with occasional storms, cooling the atmosphere for a short time. East wind prevailing. Rain on the 16th instant, preceded by strong wind and dust-storms. The prospects of <i>cheena</i> millet, sugarcane, and indigo continue favorable. <i>Cheena</i> is being harvested. Fields are being prepared for the <i>khadar</i> crops. The rain has been very useful. General health good.
PATNA DIV.	32 Chutpara, 21st May 1875.	1.27	The weather continues much the same as that of last week. The rainfall at the sudder station is greater, but it has been partial. However, at one time or another every part of the district has received an ample supply of rain. The crops are all promising. The indigo, <i>cheena</i> , early rice, and sugarcane crops have greatly benefited by the rain.

* Telegrams of the 25th May, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEHAR—(Contd.)			
BHAG [FORB] VR	33 Monghyr, 22nd May 1875	1.39	Weather unusually cool, with occasional storms. State and prospects of crops are favorable. <i>Bhadai</i> sowings are going on.
	34 Bhagulpore	.....	Return not received.
	35 Purneah, 22nd May 1875	1.23	Weather stormy for the first part of the week; latterly hot sun and clear sky. Some rain has fallen. The late storms have done much good to the growing crops, but no more rain is wanted.
	36 Sonthal Pergunnahs, 22nd May 1875.	.99	Rainfall at Godda 1.02, Jamtara 2.25. Weather stormy and cloudy everywhere. Sugarcane planting nearly finished in the west. Ploughing going on everywhere. Nothing else on the ground.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA Div	37 Cuttack, 15th May 1875	.61	Sultry, with occasional storms. Ploughing is going on very successfully owing to the abundant rain. There are no crops on the ground. The <i>rubber</i> crop was a partial failure, as also the mango crop, but the price of main staples continues low. Public health good.
	38 Pooree, 20th May 1875	Nil.	There was a good shower of rain on the night of the 19th instant. Tillage is proceeding fast, and sowing is beginning. The <i>dahua</i> , or spring rice crop, has been mostly reaped with a good outturn. The harvest of castor-seed has been completed with a fair outturn. The new sugarcane crop is being cultivated. Cotton is in flower and pod. Mangoes are ripe, but the crop is poor.
	39 Balasore, 21st	1.82	Weather hot, with not unfrequent storms. Taking advantage of the rain, the people have accomplished much of their ploughing. <i>Aus</i> or <i>aus</i> rice is being sown. Cholera has not yet disappeared.
CHOTA NAGPORE.			
<i>South-West Frontier Agency.</i>			
	40 Hazareebagh, 21st May 1875.	.79	Seasonable weather. The rain which has fallen very generally over the district will be most beneficial in enabling the ryots to break the ground for the <i>bhadai</i> crops, which will now be sown. Heavy hail in Kharakdiha is said to have killed a few cattle, but no other damage has been done.
	41 Lohardugga, 22nd May 1875.	1.43	Two or three storms during the week; weather cool and pleasant. Some rain has fallen. No crops on the ground; ploughing going on. Small-pox still prevalent, and a few cases of cholera are still reported from Palamow.
	42 Singhbhoom, 21st May 1875.	1.14	Seasonable weather. Some rain has fallen. Seed being sown for the crops of the year. District healthy.
	43 Maunbhoom, 22nd May 1875.	.71	Several storms during the week, accompanied with rain. Cotton and sugarcane reported good. <i>Challa dhan</i> , a small food crop reaped in this month, reported ripening. Sowing for great rice crop commenced.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 25th May 1875.R. KNIGHT.
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, MAY 26, 1875.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Weekly Report of Rainfall.						RAIN FROM 1ST JANUARY 1875.		REMARKS.		
DISTRICT.		STATION.		Rain from 1st Jan to 31st Mar.	Rain to 18th.	Inches.	Up to date.			
BENGAL.										
WESTERN DISTRICTS.										
Burdwan	Burdwan	...	...	1.21	0.61	13.10	15th M		
	Cutwa	...	...	3.97	1.93	12.29	ditto		
	Culina	...	...	1.20	2.45	10.07	ditto		
	Boal-boal	...	...	0.76	0.61	6.82	ditto		
	Panchegunge	...	...	0.65	0.08	5.63	ditto		
	Jehanabad	...	...	1.05	0.38	6.32	ditto		
	Bankoora	...	...	1.16	1.35	4.73	ditto		
	Beerbhoom	...	...	0.88	0.24	5.54	ditto		
	Hetampore	...	...	1.08	0.50	7.69	ditto		
	Midnapore	...	...	5.17	0.54	8.99	ditto		
Hooghly	Tumlook	...	...	2.15	3.93	10.39	ditto	Not rec. 11th to 17th April.	
	Gurbeta	...	...	3.71	1.57	9.18	ditto		
	Contai	...	...	1.45	1.79	5.56	ditto	Not rec. 18th to 24th April.	
	Hooghly	...	...	2.12	2.15	7.72	ditto		
	Serampore	...	...	4.12	0.68	9.55	ditto		
	Howrah	...	...	2.39	0.52	9.12	ditto		
	Howrah	...	...	1.34	0.82	7.35	ditto		
	CENTRAL DISTRICTS.									
	24-Pergunnahs	Saugor Island	1.30	1.80	5.91	ditto		
		Calcutta	1.49	0.72	7.66	ditto		
Alipore		...	...	1.84	1.40	8.83	ditto		
Busseerhat		...	...	1.84	1.33	8.34	ditto		
Barrackpore		...	...	1.97	0.74	9.66	ditto		
Diamond Harbour		...	...	4.09	0.93	11.26	ditto		
Satkhwa		...	...	1.75	0.95	6.12	ditto		
Barrackpore		...	...	1.38	1.19	4.96	ditto		
Dum-Dum		...	...	2.93	0.52	15.31	ditto		
Nuddea		...	...	2.45	0.40	9.33	ditto		
Jessore	Ranghat	...	...	1.19	0.95	8.25	ditto		
	Kishanagur	...	...	1.89	3.27	11.30	ditto		
	Bongou	...	...	2.29	0.72	11.01	ditto		
	Mahepore	...	...	3.29	3.33	12.12	ditto		
	Choudanganah	...	...	3.51	0.35	8.6	ditto		
	Kooshtea	...	...	2.98	1.21	13.65	ditto		
	Ranghat	...	...	1.10	0.82	19.83	ditto		
	Jessore	...	...	3.29	0.41	9.85	ditto		
	Narail	...	...	2.00	0.47	8.47	ditto		
	Khondia	...	...	1.30	1.60	8.29	ditto		
Bagerhat	...	...	2.18	0.39	7.7	ditto			
Moorshedabad	Magorail	...	...	1.83	1.32	9.57	ditto		
	Berhampore	...	...	3.04	1.18	12.02	ditto		
	Rampur Haut	...	...	1.29	1.79	7.70	ditto		
	Ladbagh	...	...	1.67	1.99	7.87	ditto		
	Jangypore	...	...	1.93	1.87	7.19	ditto		
	Azimnagar	...	...	0.26	2.4	7.75	ditto		
	Ladolia	...	...	0.26	1.96	8.14	ditto		
	Kandee	...	...	1.55	2.55	5.59	ditto	From 14th March 1875.	
	Dumungapore	...	...	2.43	0.94	5.59	ditto		
	Maddah	...	...	1.10	3.44	7.75	ditto		
Rangpur	Chanchal	...	...	0.89	Nd	2.45	ditto		
	Banesh	...	...	0.69	0.69	2.99	ditto		
	Natore	...	...	1.29	Nd	5.98	ditto	See May	
	Rangpur	...	...	1.29	Nd	5.98	ditto		
	Bogra	...	...	1.56	2.37	8.26	ditto	15th May	
	Bogra	...	...	0.69	2.27	7.11	ditto		
	Pubna	...	...	0.91	1.56	7.72	ditto		
	Pubna	...	...	0.75	1.78	9.04	ditto		
	Seraguni	...	...	1.30	2.10	7.74	ditto		
	Darjeeling	...	...	Not rec.	Not rec.	1.56	ditto	31st Mar. 15th May	
Jalpagoree	Jalpagoree	...	...	2.40	2.12	11.59	ditto		
	Buxa	...	...	3.31	3.05	17.67	ditto		
	Buxa	...	...	3.1	6.69	11.18	ditto		
	Buxa	...	...	0.29	3.45	2.49	ditto		
	Buxa	...	...	0.19	2.34	28.53	ditto		
Cooch Behar Tributary States	Titalya	...	...	1.41	0.94	8.30	ditto		
	Cooch Behar	...	...	1.85	4.11	14.44	ditto		

DISTRICT.	STATION.	from 2nd to 5th May	from 9th to 12th May	RAIN FROM 1ST JANUARY 1875.		REMARKS.
				Inches.	Up to date.	
BENGAL.—(Continued.)						
EASTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.		1875.	
Dacca	Dacca... { Telegraph Office	1.19	2.49	9.77	15th May	Not rec. 21st to 27th Mar.
	{ Hospita]	1.29	2.09	8.82	ditto	
		Moonsheegunge	1.40	1.65	7.55	ditto	Not rec. 21st to 27th Mar.
	Manickgunge	1.30	4.59	12.23	ditto	ditto.
Fureedpore	Fureedpore	0.55	2.07	9.90	ditto	
	Goalundo	1.51	2.58	11.56	ditto	
	Madaripore	0.72	1.56	11.58	ditto	
Backergunge	Burrisal	2.17	6.90	9.72	ditto	
	Percepsore	0.78	Not rec.	6.95	8th May	Not rec. 25th April to 1st May.
	Patoakbally	2.33	1.17	7.64	15th May	
	Dowlatkhan	2.65	2.00	9.92	ditto	
Mymensingh	Mymensingh	1.88	2.77	15.00	ditto	
	Jamulpore	0.75	1.69	11.09	ditto	
	Atia	1.34	1.41	7.82	ditto	
	Kishoregunge	1.34	2.28	10.91	ditto	
Chittagong	Chittagong { Telegraph Office	1.20	1.30	15.80	ditto	
	{ Jail	0.38	1.98	16.20	ditto	
	Cox's Bazar	0.40	2.03	13.73	ditto	
Noakholly	Noakholly	1.97	3.17	13.59	ditto	
Tipperah	Comillah	0.66	1.16	11.25	ditto	
	Brahmunberah	0.52	1.14	18.05	ditto	
Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	2.23	0.97	11.76	ditto	
Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah	Nil	4.12	22.51	ditto	
BEHAR.						
	Patna	0.92	Nil	2.51	ditto	
	Delhar	1.00	0.05	2.97	ditto	
	Barh	2.77	Nil	3.30	ditto	
	Onapora { Jail	0.80	Nil	2.20	ditto	
	Onapora { Cantonment	1.10	Nil		ditto	
	Gya	0.21	Nil	1.81	ditto	Not rec. 25th April to 1st May
	Nowadah	0.18	Nil	1.42	ditto	
	Arrungabad	Nil	Nil	2.12	ditto	
	Jehanabad	0.19	Nil	1.79	ditto	
Bahabad	Arrah	1.28	Nil	2.91	ditto	
	Sasseram	0.40	Nil	1.81	ditto	
	Buxar	0.01	Nil	0.73	ditto	
	Bhuboah	0.08	Nil	1.07	ditto	
Mozafferpore	Mozafferpore	1.45	Not rec.	3.73	8th May	
	Hajee-pore	2.17	ditto	3.53	ditto	
	Sectanourlee	0.54	ditto	2.81	ditto	
Durbhanga	Durbhanga	0.11	1.13	1.92	15th May	
	Mu. Goodunn	0.93	0.01	6.90	ditto	
	Tapore	1.25	Nil	2.15	ditto	
Sarun	Chapra	0.43	Nil	1.86	ditto	
	Sewan	0.50	Nil	2.17	ditto	
Champarn	Matpharee	0.60	0.19	2.78	ditto	Not rec. 4th to 10th April.
	Botnah	1.75	1.11	8.06	ditto	
Monghyr	Monghyr	2.70	Nil	4.22	ditto	
	Pego Serai	2.06	Nil	4.12	ditto	Not rec. 21st to
	Jaimeore	0.10	Nil	1.10	ditto	
Bhagulpore	Bhagulpore	0.85	Not rec.	2.02	8th May	
	Sonepore	0.94	ditto	1.55	ditto	
	Mudichpoor	1.20	ditto	4.06	ditto	
	Banka	Nil	ditto	2.17	ditto	
	Sombarsa	1.85	ditto	3.90	ditto	
Purneah	Purneah	1.79	1.08	4.06	15th May	
	Kesengunge	1.81	4.71	8.96	ditto	
	Arrareah	1.01	1.78	8.02	ditto	
Sonthal Pergunnahs.	Nya Doonka	0.69	0.55	5.80	ditto	
	Ramchal	Not rec.	0.90	1.10	8th May	Not rec. 10th April to 8th May.
	Deoghur	0.31	Not rec.	1.71	15th May	Not rec. 28th Mar. to 19th April and 18th to 24th April.
	Jamtata	Nil	1.64	2.94	15th May	Not rec. 28th Mar. to 3rd April, and 25th April to 1st May.
	Golda	Nil		1.51	ditto	Not rec. 28th Mar. to 3rd April.

DISTRICT.	STATION.	Rain from 2nd to 5th May 1875.	Rain from 9th to 15th May 1875.	RAIN FROM 1ST JANUARY 1875		REMARKS.	
				Inches.	Up to date.		
ORISSA.							
ORISSA	Cuttack ...	{	Cuttack ... { Telegraph Office	1.00	0.50	4.40	15th May
			Cuttack ... { Hospital	1.44	0.61	5.62	ditto
			Jajpore ...	0.10	Not rec.	0.00	8th May
			Kendraparah	2.20	ditto	4.60	ditto
			Jagatsingapore	1.30	ditto	2.80	ditto
			False Point	2.00	ditto	5.65	ditto
	Pooree ...	{	Pooree	1.00	Nil	4.15	15th May
			Khoordah	0.41	Nil	2.38	ditto
	Balasore ...	{	Balasore	0.18	Not rec.	6.00	8th May
			Blakdruck	0.96	ditto	2.00	ditto
			Jellasore	1.40	ditto	4.41	ditto
			Sorah	1.68	ditto	5.76	ditto
	Chandbally	{	Chandbally	2.08	ditto	3.70	ditto
			Chandbally	Nil	ditto	1.18	
CHOTA NAGPORE.							
SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.							
Hazarceebagh ...	{	{	Hazarceebagh ... { Jail	0.67	0.05	3.77	15th May
			Hazarceebagh ... { Dispensary	0.03	0.19	3.75	ditto
			Pachumba	0.34	0.64	2.60	
Lohardugga ...	{	{	Bancee	0.64	0.02	4.95	ditto
			Palamow	Nil	Nil	1.62	ditto
Singhbhoom ...	{	{	Chybassa	1.38	1.58	7.45	ditto
Manbhoom ...	{	{	Parulia	2.06	1.07	5.55	ditto
			Govindpore	0.30	0.53	3.94	ditto
ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.							
Sylhet ...	{	{	Sylhet	0.47	6.85	48.09	ditto
			Seebhaugor	0.17	Not rec.	30.18	8th May
			Golaghat	0.39	ditto	15.44	ditto
			Jorehaut	0.12	ditto	21.09	ditto
			Nazcerah	0.33	ditto	28.15	ditto
			Deopanie	1.27	ditto	26.17	ditto
			Hatnupoolie	0.71	ditto	25.27	ditto
			Mazengau	0.26	ditto	24.82	ditto
			Suntack	0.60	ditto	26.31	ditto
			Cherisco	0.71	ditto	33.28	ditto
Benares	{	{	Benares	Not rec.	ditto	1.18	1st May
			Akyab	1.00	7.50	17.46	15th May

CALCUTTA,
The 22nd May 1875.

W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 16th to 22nd May 1875.

Date.	Hour	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea- level.	THERMOMETER.		Humidity Sat=100.	WIND		Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
				Dry.	Wet.		Direction.	Velocity.			
May 16th	10	29.727	29.715	90.5	82.8	70	S S W	...	...	C	Scuds.
	16	29.589	29.607	93.2	82.0	60	S	...	...	CK	
17th	10	29.781	29.799	89.6	81.6	69	S	...	0.01	CK	K
	16	29.678	29.696	91.5	82.0	65	S	...	...	K	
18th	10	29.806	29.874	81.0	78.4	84	S by W	...	0.17	KS, CS	K
	16	29.771	29.771	89.0	82.5	73	E by S	...	...	K	
19th	10	29.867	29.885	86.5	78.0	60	S S E	...	0.19	CK	K
	16	29.745	29.763	86.7	77.5	64	S S E	...	...	K	
20th	10	29.815	29.833	89.2	81.0	69	S S E	...	...	K, N	K
	16	29.687	29.705	89.0	78.0	59	S S E	...	...	K, N	
21st	10	29.835	29.833	86.5	81.0	67	S by W	...	0.22	...	K
	16	29.606	29.711	91.2	79.9	58	S E	...	...	K	
22nd	10	29.852	29.870	91.8	81.1	61	S	...	0.95	K, N	K, N
	16	29.723	29.746	83.0	77.3	76	S	...	...	K, N	
16th	10	29.741	29.717	89	83	76	S	15.9	...	KS	b, m, scuds
	16	29.623	29.624	88	81	80	S S E	15.6	...	N	
17th	10	29.801	29.847	88	82	76	S S E	20.7	...	KS	b, m, sea is
	16	29.712	29.738	83	81	76	S	17.4	...	KS	
18th	10	29.871	29.878	87	82	79	S E	8.8	0.31	N	b, m, sea is
	16	29.796	29.792	84	82	76	S	13.4	...	N	
19th	10	29.894	29.870	88	81	69	S	9.6	...	KS	b, m, sea is
	16	29.767	29.773	89	81	69	S S E	11.8	...	KS	
24th	10	29.826	29.832	88	79	65	W S W	12.6	...	KS	b, v
	16	29.717	29.723	86	80	66	S S E	11.8	...	K	
10th	10	29.812	29.818	88	81	72	S S E	13.3	...	K	b, v
	16	29.735	29.741	96	82	69	S S E	12.8	...	N	
11th	10	29.854	29.870	88	81	71	S	8.6	...	KS	b, v, scuds.
	16	29.732	29.738	89	81	69	S	12.0	...	N	
12th	10	29.727	29.839	87	...	...	E S E	4.7	...	K	b, m
	16	29.820	29.711	89	...	...	S	6.6	...	...
13th	10	29.757	29.828	91	...	...	S	6.1	...	...	b, v
	16	29.682	29.771	89	...	...	S W	11.5	...	...
14th	10	29.816	29.808	87	...	...	S W	2.8	...	...	b, m
	16	29.712	29.813	89	...	...	S W	19.1	...	...
15th	10	29.826	29.818	86	...	...	N N E	3.1	0.10	C K	b, v
	16	29.717	29.808	89	...	...	S W	4.7	...	...
16th	10	29.839	29.901	85	...	...	W S W	1.6	...	KS	b, v
	16	29.671	29.764	87	...	...	W S W	2.9	...	CK, K	
17th	10	29.811	29.806	89	...	...	W S W	1.5	...	K	b
	16	29.700	29.761	90	...	...	W N W	...	...	...
18th	10	29.890	29.899	91	75	47	S S E	16	...	...	b, c
	16	29.747	29.757	87	75	35	S E	15	...	...
19th	10	29.830	29.864	94	74	35	S W by W	12	...	...	b, c
	16	29.701	29.733	86	...	...	S E by E	1	...	...
20th	10	29.837	29.857	95	76	38	S by E	9	...	...	b, c
	16	29.718	29.744	93	...	...	S E	13	...	...
21st	10	29.863	29.893	91	...	...	S by E	12	...	...	b, c
	16	29.734	29.784	88	...	...	S E by S	13	...	...
22nd	10	29.865	29.885	91	...	...	S by S	13	...	...	b, c
	16	29.751	29.801	88	...	...	S E by S	17	...	...
23rd	10	29.883	29.903	90	...	...	S S E	1	...	...	b, c
	16	29.747	29.777	89	...	...	S E by E	2	...	...
24th	10	29.663	29.744	94	...	52	S S E	5.4	...	CK	b, c
	16	29.536	29.587	100	...	30	S S W	13	...	CK	
25th	10	29.665	29.736	96	...	69	S S W	5.0	...	N	p
	16	29.578	29.669	93	...	57	S S W	9.1	...	CK	
26th	10	29.782	29.803	92	...	57	S S W	4.1	...	K, CK, C	K, CK, C
	16	29.645	29.726	94	...	...	S S E	9.1	...	K, CK, C	
27th	10	29.742	29.843	91	...	51	S S E	6.3	...	K, CK, C	K, CK, C
	16	29.617	29.723	93	...	51	S S W	8.0	0.80	CK	
28th	10	29.726	29.808	86	...	62	S S W	4.8	...	K	K, N
	16	29.600	29.718	89	...	61	S E	2.3	...	K, N	
29th	10	29.764	29.816	87	...	46	S	2.7	...	...	b
	16	29.637	29.718	94	...	...	...	...	...	...
30th	10	29.821	29.842	87	80	74	E	3.3	...	...	b
	16	29.694	29.715	88	80	69	W S W	6.8	...	...
31st	10	29.826	29.847	83	81	...	W	5.6	0.10	...	b
	16	29.753	29.774	88	81	69	E	2.2	...	...
1st	10	29.888	29.899	88	46	69	W S W	4.6	0.80	...	b
	16	29.790	29.831	89	41	79	E S E	1.8	...	...
2nd	10	29.901	29.922	87	82	79	W S W	7.0	...	...	b
	16	29.763	29.784	87	79	68	W S W	2.0	...	...
3rd	10	29.871	29.892	85	80	79	W S W	8.6	...	...	b
	16	29.730	29.752	88	81	66	N S W	3.3	...	...
4th	10	29.873	29.894	83	82	73	W	8.0	...	...	b
	16	29.740	29.751	89	81	76	S S E	2.3	...	...
5th	10	29.888	29.889	88	81	76	W	5.6	...	...	b
	16	29.751	29.752	88	82	76	W	5.6	...	...

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

W. G. WILLSON,

CALCUTTA,
The 22nd May 1875.

Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

[illegible]

*Mean Pressures and Temperatures of the preceding Table reduced to Sea-level, with Anemometric Result
and Observations of Sky Serenity.*

WIND.														
STATIONS.	Barom.	Therm.	Direction.										Resultant.	
			Force.											
			N.	N.E.	E.	S.E.	S.	S.W.	W.	N.W.	By	Force.		
Port Blair	29.900	82.7	2	29	6	18	...	...	...	7	...	60 N, 67 E	893	858
Nancowry	?	81.3	5	34	15	3	1	1	...	3	...	79 N, 54 E	131.6	548
Madras	29.929	82.8	1	3	11	28	15	3	...	1	...	72 S, 42 E	2505	...
Vizagapatam	29.890	82.3	...	...	1	14	22	11	74	2	...	66 S, 62 W	679	778
Akyab	29.940	78.3	5	5	15	8	17	12	35	27	...	31 S, 65 W	391	759
Parsee Point	29.876	80.4	1	...	...	4	15	99	2	2	1	89 S, 39 W	...	...
Cuttack	29.848	81.1	2	4	3	5	53	41	6	5	6	69 S, 21 W	1165	891
Saugor Island	29.844	82.0	...	...	...	6	68	47	1	2	...	85 S, 17 W	3023	624
Chittagong	29.908	78.5	4	4	12	21	18	39	11	14	...	24 S, 24 W	1667	670
Calcutta	29.849	82.1	1	...	2	15	65	29	13	1	...	77 S, 12 W	1165	...
Burdwan	29.826	82.4	2	1	4	11	12	7	19	3	3	49 S, 36 W	917	927
Jessore	29.826	?	...	...	1	6	24	12	8	3	...	69 S, 21 W	1034	787
Dacca	29.852	80.0	2	2	4	11	65	29	5	1	7	71 S, 7 W	1454	679
Silchar	29.964	75.0	6	5	18	7	1	5	4	4	12	26 N, 89 E	682	595
Hazareebagh	29.820	81.8	...	1	1	5	3	4	24	24	1	62 N, 78 W	1165	887
Berhampore	29.835	82.3	4	3	3	9	6	16	12	9	...	34 S, 58 W	...	556
Gya	29.789	81.7	3	1	3	9	4	3	19	8	2	17 N, 68 W	761	892
Patna	29.822	79.8	1	5	12	8	3	12	16	5	...	18 S, 37 W	911	929
Munghyr	29.816	80.8	19	11	6	2	...	6	11	9	4	34 N, 12 W	469	931
Purneah	29.851	71.5	1	13	17	3	1	7	13	4	3	16 N, 57 E	...	824
Darjeeling	...	...	3	7	26	11	14	39	21	6	3	27 S, 10 W	...	493
Seelampur	29.926	67.7	4	24	19	3	3	1	1	4	...	6 N, 67 E	497	194
Goalpohar	29.868	75.1	2	9	32	4	1	2	7	4	1	49 N, 79 E	1732	673
Imphal	29.845	79.1	...	5	5	3	9	5	22	13	...	39 S, 85 W	1216	839
Kooken	29.820	76.9	...	...	2	18	2	3	9	6	22	29 S, 3 W	811	815

NOTE.

Barometric Pressure.—The pressures in column 2 of the above table for all stations below 500 feet, are reduced from those given in column 3 of the table on the previous page, by adding the weight of a column of air of the temperatures given in column 17. For stations above 500 feet elevation the reduction is made by Deppé's tables, as given in Guyot's "Meteorological and Physical Tables." The temperatures at the sea-level are taken from column 3 of the above table.

Temperature.—The temperatures in column 3 are reduced from those in column 17 on the preceding page by adding 1° Fahr. for every 450 feet.

Wind Resultant.—The resultant wind direction and its comparative predominance are calculated from the whole number of wind observations recorded during the month. The relative predominance in the direction of the resultant is given as a percentage of the whole number of observations. The direction is computed in the usual way by Lambert's formula.

Serenity.—This column gives the average proportion of unclouded sky; a cloudless sky being indicated by 10, and one completely overcast by 0.

The above, being all comparable, afford the data for constructing a meteorological chart for the month, which shall show the isobaric and isothermal lines, and the resultant wind directions, which last may be represented by arrows of varying length, proportioned to the prevalence of the wind. To these may be added the rainfall from the previous tables.

CALCUTTA.

W. G. WILSON,

The 22nd May 1875.

Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 15th to 21st May 1875.

Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	THERMOMETER.			Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	WIND.			Rain.	Moon's phases.	GENERAL REMARKS.
		Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radiation.					Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.			
	Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°			B	Miles.	In.		
May 15th	29.685	93.5	82.5	141.0	87.4	82.2	79.1	0.77	S S W & S	3.2	267.0	...	...	Clear and cirrostrati. Breezy wind from 7½ to 10½ A.M.
16th	663	94.3	75.5	142.0	86.7	80.8	77.3	.74	S & S S W	7.2	79.4	0.04	...	Cirro-cumuli, and clear. High wind from 9½ to 11½ P.M. Lightning from 8 to 11 P.M.; thunder between 10 and 11 P.M. Light rain between 9 and 10 P.M.
17th	739	92.6	75.8	144.0	83.7	77.1	72.5	.70	S S W & S	13.0	70.0	0.13	...	Cirri and cirro-cumuli. High wind. Thunder, lightning, and slight rain from 8 to 10 P.M.
18th	792	92.5	74.8	140.0	82.8	76.8	72.6	.72	S & S by W	3.8	249.0	0.14	...	Overcast, cumuli, and clear. Thunder and lightning at midnight, 4 A.M. and 11 P.M. Slight rain at midnight, 8½ A.M. and 11 P.M.
19th	811	91.5	75.0	139.8	81.4	75.5	71.4	.73	S E & S S E	2.0	132.8	...	...	Cirro-cumuli and strato-cumuli. Lightning from midnight to 2 A.M.; thunder at 1, 2 A.M., 3 and 4 P.M. Drizzled at 2 A.M. and 4 P.M.
20th	771	93.7	78.5	145.0	83.5	78.3	74.7	.76	S & S S E	2.0	99.8	0.22	○	Cirri and cumuli. Breezy wind; thunder and rain between 4 and 5 P.M.
21st	780	94.5	78.5	142.5	85.1	78.6	74.0	.70	S	0.8	99.0	...	...	Cirri and cumuli. Thunder at 6 P.M.

The mean barometer as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days				...	19.7	
The maximum temperature during the past seven days				...	94.5	
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year				...	101.5	
The mean humidity during the past seven days				...	0.73	
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year				...	0.72	
Inches.						
The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st				{ by lower rain gauge	...	0.53
				{ by anemometer gauge	...	0.38
					...	0.96
Ditto	ditto	ditto,	average of twenty-one previous years		...	8.19
Ditto	ditto	between the 1st January and the 21st May			...	8.56
Ditto	ditto	ditto,	average of twenty-one previous years		...	

GOPENAATH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 25th May 1875.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,--B'NGAL

GENERAL. ESTABLISHMENT.—No. 204.—The 20th May 1875.

Statement showing heights over mean sea level and low water on Kinters Gars, Bhagirathi, during the month of April

[illegible]

G. F. E. S. NEILL, Captain, M. I. C.
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal P. W. Det. 'men.

Ofg

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, — IRRIGATION BRANCH.

RUBBEE SEASON, 1874-75, COMMENCING ON THE 1st DECEMBER 1874.

Irrigation Operations of Lower Bengal during the month of April 1875.

[illegible]

G. A. SEARLE, Lieut.-Col., s.c.,
Offg. Asst. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th May 1875, on 158½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£. s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	33,000½	20,573 7 6	1,885 18 0	1,23,090 5	32,535 13 2	2,982 8 11	4,868 6 11
Or per mile of railway		130 0 1	11 18 4	815 2	205 9 7	18 16 11	30 15 3
For previous 18 weeks of half-year...	620,787	4,46,755 15 4	40,952 12 8	23,87,504 18	5,36,219 14	49,153 19 5	90,106 12 1
Total for 19 weeks	653,850½	4,67,329 6 10	42,838 10 8	25,16,454 23	5,68,755 11 9	52,130 8 4	94,994 19 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year.	33,002	20,745 4 7	1,901 13 0		31,321 2 3	2,871 2 1	4,772 15 1
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year.	209	131 1 6	12 0 4	1,700 26	197 14 9	18 2 10	30 3 2
Total to corresponding date of previous year.	669,398½	4,24,631 5 4	38,924 10 6	48,27,110 22	9,96,361 8 5	91,333 2 9	1,30,257 13 3

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th May 1875, on 28 miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	7,782	1,167 0 0	110 14 0	147 84 0	628 0 0	82 6 0	163 0 0
Or per mile of railway	278	39 8 0	3 11 0	528 0	18 8 0	1 17 0	5 16 0
For previous 19 weeks of half-year ...	168,971	23,289 0 0	2,538 18 0	3,51,981 0	11,898 0 0	1,189 16 0	3,518 14 0
Total for 20 weeks	176,753	24,396 0 0	2,649 12 0	3,66,765 0	12,421 0 0	1,292 2 0	3,681 14 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	6,730	1,063 5 9	109 6 9	15,172 0	548 2 3	54 16 3	155 3 0
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	240	38 13 4	3 11 8	512 0	19 9 2	1 19 2	5 10 10
Total to corresponding date of previous year	167,066	23,749 5 9	2,371 0 6	3,76,988 9	13,174 12 0	1,317 9 5	3,691 9 11

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th May 1875, on 1,279½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	123,719½	1,47,137 6 9	13,487 11 14	8,63,323 10	73,32,943 2	31,430 11 8	44,924 8 6
Or per mile of railway		114 5 7	10 10 9	528 0	57 14 8	24 11 4	33 2 1
For previous 18 weeks of half-year	2,288,557	31,93,597 19 5	3,26,238 2 4	17,167,986 30	70,61,738 8 6	641 11 10	2,67,559 12 5
Total for 19 weeks	2,412,356½	32,40,555 0 5	3,35,715 14 2	18,63,310 0	74,94,742 12 3	675 7 8	2,68,148 15 11
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	120,253	1,43,399 4 6	13,199 18 8	13,26,143 30	7,10,892 15 10	6,105 3 10	78,365 2 6
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year		112 8 4	10 6 3		555 7 11	50 18 5	61 4 5
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,162,177	31,88,965 6 4	3,22,234 2 10	2,97,80,151 0	1,28,22,029 7 6	1,175,352 14 9	1,467,643 16 11

* Deducted Rs. 12,686-6-3, amount of Hooghly Bridge tolls payable to Government on account of previous week.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBILPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th May 1875, on 222½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	6,561	14,781 10 3	1,354 19 8	67,529 20	17,839 3 6	1,640 15 3	2,995 14 11
Or per mile of railway		66 1 0	6 1 1	305 15 10	79 15 10	7 6 8	13 7 9
For previous 18 weeks of half-year	97,708½	3,62,709 14 9	33,255 18 2	16,67,396 10	4,79,230 0 6	43,339 6 9	77,184 4 11
Total for 19 weeks	104,169½	3,77,551 0 0	34,615 17 10	17,34,910 30	4,79,111 4 0	45,571 2 0	80,179 19 10
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	4,610	10,623 14 9	973 17 2	1,62,306 20	48,705 11 0	4,461 10 1	5,438 7 3
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year		47 7 8	4 7 0		217 10 9	19 19 1	24 6 3
Total to corresponding date of previous year	98,784	3,31,316 5 3	30,370 13 3	25,48,089 30	7,29,204 8 0	66,843 14 10	97,214 8 1

NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th May 1875, on 27½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Total receipts.
	Number of passengers	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	
Total traffic for the week	1,546	990 0 0	98 0 0	4,333 0	371 0 0	37 2 0	155 2 0
Or per mile of railway	43	36 0 0	3 12 0	159 0	13 8 0	1 7 0	4 19 0
For previous 19 weeks of half-year...	30,664	22,258 0 0	2,225 16 0	1,21,882 0	9,988 0 0	988 16 0	3,214 12 0
Total for 20 weeks	32,010	23,238 0 0	2,323 16 0	1,26,215 0	10,250 0 0	1,025 18 0	3,349 14 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,516	1,446 5 4	144 12 8	9,930 0	660 1 0	60 0 2	204 12 10
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	56	53 1 3	5 6 2	360 29	22 0 3	2 4 0	7 10 2
Total to corresponding date of previous year	20,541	22,850 13 5	2,285 1 8	1,69,443 0	11,892 11 3	1,180 5 5	3,474 7 1